



सत्यमेव जयते

Government of India

Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

Data for Development

Data Snapshot on SDG National Indicator Framework

Baseline Report 2015-16



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1 NO POVERTY

End poverty in all its forms everywhere



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day		
1	1.1.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NITI Aayog (http://niti.gov.in/state-statistics)</i>	21.92
2	1.1.2: Poverty Gap Ratio, 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NITI Aayog (http://mospi.nic.in/sites/default/files/publication_reports/mdg_2july15_1.pdf)</i>	a) Rural – 5.05 b) Urban – 2.70
Target 1.2: By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey (NFHS)) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	28.70
2	1.3.2: Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS), 2015-16, <i>(in number)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development (www.icds-wcd.nic.in / www.icds-cas.gov.in)</i>	10,21,31,284
3	1.3.3: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) <i>Source: Ministry of Rural Development</i>	Under Compilation
4	1.3.4: Number of Self Help Groups (SHGs) formed and provided bank credit linkage, 2015-16 <i>(in lakhs)</i> <i>Source: National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)</i> <i>(https://www.nabard.org/financialreport.aspx?cid=505&id=24)</i>	18.32
5	1.3.5: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Maternity Benefit, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
6	1.3.6: Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Old Age Homes/Day Care Centers funded by the Government, 2016-17, <i>(in number)</i> <i>Source: Department of Social Justice & Empowerment, Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment</i> <i>(http://socialjustice.nic.in/writereaddata/UploadFile/Annexure-II.pdf)</i>	22,050
Target 1.4: By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance		
1	1.4.1: Proportion of population (Rural) living in households with access to safe drinking water & sanitation (Toilets) <i>Source: Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation</i>	Under Compilation
2	1.4.2: Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to safe drinking water & sanitation (Toilets) <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
3	1.4.3: Proportion of population (Urban/Rural) living in households with access to electricity <i>Source: Ministry of Power.</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
4	1.4.4: Proportion of homeless population to total population 2011, <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs</i> <i>(http://www.censusindia.gov.in/2011census/population_enumeration.html)</i>	0.15
5	1.4.5: Proportion of population having bank accounts Modified Indicator: Number of accounts (include deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population, 2015-16 <i>(in '000 population)</i> <i>Source: Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (www.dbie.rbi.org.in)</i> <i>Denominator: Registrar General of India, (RGI), Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA)</i>	1,425
6	1.4.6: Number of mobile telephones as percentage of total population Modified Indicator: Number of telephone subscriptions as percentage of total population, 2015-16, <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Numerator: TRAI or D/o Telecommunications</i> <i>(www.dot.gov.in, https://www.traigov.in/release-publication/reports/performance-indicators-reports)</i> <i>Denominator: RGI, MHA (Mid-year projected population as on 1st July)</i>	83.40
Target 1.5: By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters		
1	1.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population <i>(similar to Indicator 11.5.1)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Home Affairs</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	1.5.2: Proportion of States that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster reduction strategies (<i>similar to Indicator 11.b.2</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Home Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 1.a: Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions		
1	1.a.1: Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government (Central & State) directly to poverty reduction programmes <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation
2	1.a.2: Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection) (<i>in percentage</i>) -2015-16 <i>Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)</i>	29.83
Target 1.b: Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions		
1	1.b.1: Proportion of budget earmarked under pro-poor gender specific budgeting <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development</i>	Under Compilation

2 ZERO HUNGER

End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round		
1	2.1.1: Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: MoHFW (National Family Health Survey (NFHS)) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	35.70
2	2.1.2: Proportion of population (marginalized and vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices, 2013 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Consumer Affairs Food & Public Distribution (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	a) Rural – 75.00 b) Urban – 50.00
Target 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons		
1	2.2.1: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted 2015-16(<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	38.40



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	2.2.2: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are wasted 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	21.0
3	2.2.3: Percentage of women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI), 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	22.90
4	2.2.4: Percentage of pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anemic (<11.0g/dl) 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	50.40
5	2.2.5: Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anemic (<11.0g/dl) 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	58.50
Target 2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment		
1	2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of wheat and rice, 2015-16 <i>(in kg per hectare)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare (http://agricoop.nic.in/) / Agriculture Statistics Division, DES (DAC&FW) (https://eands.dacnet.nic.in/)</i>	a) Wheat – 3034 b) Rice – 2400



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	2.3.2: Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker, 2011-12 (<i>in Rs. per worker</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare/Agriculture Statistics Division, DES (DAC&FW)</i>	57.09
3	2.3.3: Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output, 2015-16 (<i>in ratio</i>) <i>Source: Numerator: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare; Denominator: National Accounts Division, CSO, MoSPI</i>	0.77
Target 2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality		
1	2.4.1: Proportion of degraded land to net sown area Modified Indicator: Proportion of Net Sown Area to Cultivable land, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare/Agriculture Statistics Division, DES (DAC&FW)</i> (https://eands.dacnet.nic.in/)	77.04
2	2.4.2: Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare/Agriculture Statistics Division, DES (DAC&FW)</i> (http://soilhealth.dac.gov.in/)	34.79
3	2.4.3: Percentage of net area under organic farming <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (MoA&FW)</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 2.5: By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed		
1	2.5.1: Number of accessions conserved in the base collection (-18 degree Celsius) at National Gene Bank, 2017 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare/ Department of Agricultural Research and Education (ICAR-NBPGR) (http://www.nbpgr.ernet.in:8080/PGRPortal), National Bureau of Plant Genetic resources (www.nbpgr.ernet.in)</i>	4,34,946
2	2.5.2: Conservation of germplasm, 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare/ Department of Agricultural Research and Education (ICAR-NBPGR) (http://www.nbpgr.ernet.in:8080/PGRPortal), National Bureau of Plant Genetic resources (www.nbpgr.ernet.in)</i>	75,563
3	2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare</i>	Under Compilation
Target 2.a: Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	2.a.1: Percentage share of expenditure in R&D in agriculture to GVA in agriculture Modified Indicator: Percentage share of Intellectual Property Product (Research & Development) to total GVA in Agriculture, forestry & fishing, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI)</i>	0.04
2	2.a.2: Proportion of public investment in agriculture to GVA in agriculture Modified Indicator: Percentage of Government investment (Gross Fixed Capital Formation) in agriculture to GVA in agriculture, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.gov.in/node/17651) (http://www.mospi.gov.in/sites/default/files/reports_and_publication/statistical_publication/National_Accounts/NAS18/S4.2.pdf)</i>	10.55
Target 2.b: Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 2.c: Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility		
1	2.c.1: Percentage of Agriculture Mandis enrolled in e-market <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (MoA&FW)</i>	Under Compilation

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births		
1	3.1.1: Maternal Mortality Ratio, 2014-16 (<i>per 1,00,000 live birth</i>) <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General, India (http://www.censusindia.gov.in/vital_statistics/mmr_bulletin_2011-13.pdf)</i>	130
2	3.1.2: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 5 years), 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	81.40
3	3.1.3: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 1 year), 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	84.40
4	3.1.4: Percentage of women aged 15–49 years with a live birth, for last birth, who received antenatal care, four times or more (Period 5 years/1 year), 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	51.20



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births		
1	3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate, 2016 (per 1000 live births) <i>Source: Sample Registration System (SRS), Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) (http://www.censusindia.gov.in/vital_statistics/SRS_Report_2016/8.Chap%204-Mortality%20Indicators-2016.pdf)</i>	39
2	3.2.2: Neonatal mortality rate, 2016 (<i>per 1000 live births</i>) <i>Source: Sample Registration System (SRS), Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) (http://www.censusindia.gov.in/vital_statistics/SRS_Report_2016/8.Chap%204-Mortality%20Indicators-2016.pdf)</i>	24
3	3.2.3: Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine), 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	62.00
Target 3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases		
1	3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, 2015 (<i>per 1000 population</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National AIDS Control Organization) (To be made available on http://naco.gov.in/surveillance-epidemiology-0)</i>	0.08
2	3.3.2: Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population, 2015 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (WHO's Global TB Report) (https://www.who.int/tb/publications/global_report/en/)</i>	217



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
3	3.3.3: Malaria incidence per 1,000 population, 2015 (<i>per 1000 population</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare/Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS) (http://nvbdcp.gov.in)</i>	0.92
4	3.3.4: Viral Hepatitis (including A & B) incidence per 100,000 population <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</i>	Under Compilation
5	3.3.5: Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio (CFR), 2015 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare/Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS) (http://nvbdcp.gov.in/index4.php?lang=1&level=0&linkid=431&lid=3715)</i>	0.20
6	3.3.6: Number of Chikungunya cases, 2015 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare/Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS) (http://nvbdcp.gov.in/index4.php?lang=1&level=0&linkid=431&lid=3715)</i>	27,553
7	3.3.7: Number of new cases of Kalaazar/V Leishmaniasis, 2015 (<i>in number</i>) (similar to Indicator 5.6.1 and 3.8.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare/Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS); Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</i>	8,500
8	3.3.8: Number of new cases of Lymphatic Filariasis (LF), 2015 (<i>in number</i>) (similar to Indicator 5.6.1 and 3.7.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</i>	12,21,191



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
9	3.3.9: The proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (www.nlep.nic.in)</i>	4.60
10	3.3.10: HIV Prevalence Rate, 2015 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National AIDS Control Organization) (To be made available on http://naco.gov.in/surveillance-epidemiology-0)</i>	0.23
Target 3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from noncommunicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well being		
1	3.4.1: Number of deaths due to cancer <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</i>	Under Compilation
2	3.4.2: Suicide mortality rate, 2015 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Numerator – NCRB, MHA; Denominator – RGI, MHA. Mid-year projected population as on 1st July. (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	10.60
3	3.4.3: Percentage distribution of leading cause groups of deaths, 2016 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) (http://www.censusindia.gov.in/2011-Documents/mccd_Report1/MCCD_Report-2015.pdf)</i>	19.00
Target 3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	<p>3.5.1: Percentage of adults (15+ years) who have had at least 60 milliliter or more of pure alcohol on at least one occasion weekly (approximately equivalent to standard alcoholic drinks) Modified Indicator: Percentage of population (men (15-54 years) & women (15-49 years) who drink alcohol about once a week out of total population (men (15-49 years) & women (15-49 years)) who drink alcohol, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (MoHFW)</p>	a) 40.7 (male) b) 35.0 (female)
2	<p>3.5.2: Number of persons treated in de-addiction centres, 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) Source: Department of Social Justice & Empowerment (http://socialjustice.nic.in/UserView/index?mid=76747)</p>	1,46,124
3	<p>3.5.3: Percentage of population (men (15-54 years) and women (15-49 years)) who consume alcohol, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (MoHFW)/Department of Health & Family Welfare (DoHFW) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</p>	a) Male – 29.5 b) Female – 1.2
Target 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents		
1	<p>3.6.1: Death rate due to road traffic accidents, 2015 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) Source: Numerator – NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in); Denominator – Office of Registrar General, India, MHA</p>	11.81



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes		
1	3.7.1: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> (similar to Indicator 5.6.1 and 3.8.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	47.7
2	3.7.2: Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	7.9
3	3.7.3: Percentage of Institutional Births (5 years/1 years), 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	a) 78.9 (during last 5 years) b) 82.6 (during last 1 years)
Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all		
1	3.8.1: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> (similar to Indicator 5.6.1 and 3.7.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	47.70



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	<p>3.8.2: Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i></p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program (RNTCP), NIKSHAY) (www.tbcindia.gov.in)</p>	67.0
3	<p>3.8.3: Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV <i>(in percentage)</i></p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</p>	62.0
4	<p>3.8.4: Proportion of population in age group 15–49 years who are currently taking antihypertensive medication among age group 15–49 with systolic blood pressure ≥ 140 mmHg, or with diastolic blood pressure ≥ 90 mmHg</p> <p>Modified Indicator: Prevalence of hypertension among men and women age 15–49 years, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i></p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</p>	a) 11.0 (male) b) 14.8 (female)
5	<p>3.8.5: Proportion of population in age group 15-49 years who are currently taking medication for diabetes (insulin or glycaemic control pills) among number of adults 15-49 years who are having random blood sugar level – high (>140 mg/dl)</p> <p>Modified Indicator: Percentage of Women and Men (separately and not on population) age group 15-49 with diabetes who have sought treatment (out of those percentage who reported they have diabetes), 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i></p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</p>	a) 72.5 (male) b) 81.3 (female)



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
6	<p>3.8.6: Proportion of women aged 30-49 years who report they were ever screened for cervical cancer and the proportion of women aged 30-49 years who report they were screened for cervical cancer during the last 5 years</p> <p>Proxy Indicator: Percentage of women age 15-49 who have ever undergone Cervix examinations, 2015-16 (in percentage)</p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)</p>	22.3
7	<p>3.8.7: Prevalence of current tobacco uses among men and women aged 15-49 years, 2015-16 (in percentage)</p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs) (similar to Indicator 3.a.1)</p>	a) 44.50 (male) b) 6.80 (female)
8	<p>3.8.8: Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population, 2015 (per 10,000 population)</p> <p>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW)/Dept. of Health and Family Welfare-Directorate General of Health Services</p> <p>a) Numerator:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Physicians – Medical Council of India2. AYUSH registered practitioners – M/o AYUSH3. Nurses – Nursing Council of India4. Midwives – Nursing Council of India <p>b) Denominator: Census of India, Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) (similar to Indicator 3.c.1)</p>	35.80



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 3.9: By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination		
1	3.9.1: Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning, 2015 (<i>per 100,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Numerator – NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in); Denominator – Office of Registrar General, India, MHA</i>	2.08
2	3.9.2: Proportion of men and women reporting Asthma 15-49 years (<i>in percentage</i>)-2015-16 <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	a) Male: 1.20 b) Female: 1.90
Target 3.a: Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate		
1	3.a.1: Prevalence of current tobacco uses among men and women aged 15-49 years. Modified Indicator: Percentage of women age 15-49 years and men age 15-49 years who use any kind of tobacco, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	a) 44.50 (male) b) 6.80 (female)
Target 3.b: Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	3.b.1: Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors Modified Indicator: Budgetary allocation for Department of Health Research, 2015-16 (in Rs. Crore) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</i>	1,018.17
Target 3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States		
1	3.c.1: Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population, 2015 (<i>per 10,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW)/Dept. of Health and Family Welfare-Directorate General of Health Services</i> a) Numerator: 1. Physicians – Medical Council of India 2. AYUSH registered practitioners – M/o AYUSH 3. Nurses – Nursing Council of India 4. Midwives – Nursing Council of India b) Denominator: Census of India, Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) (similar to Indicator 3.8.8)	35.80



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	<p>3.c.2: Percentage of public investment in health as proportion to GDP Modified Indicator: Percentage of public investment (total Government Expenditures which include current and capital) in health sector to GDP, 2015-16 (in percentage) Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.gov.in/node/17651)</p>	1.17
Target 3.d: Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks		
	National Indicator is under development	

4 QUALITY EDUCATION

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes		
1	4.1.1: Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	a) Primary: 87.30 b) Upper Primary: 74.70
2	4.1.2: Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	a) Primary: 91.64 b) Upper Primary: 84.36 c) Secondary: 63.37
3	4.1.3: Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	56.16



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
4	4.1.4: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades, 2017-18 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://www.ncert.nic.in/programmes/NAS/NAS.html)</i>	a) Language (Class-3/5/8): 90.29/85.55/82.82 b) Mathematics (Class-3/5/8): 88.69/79.81/60.93
5	4.1.5: Gross intake ratio to the last grade (primary, upper primary and secondary) 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: MHRD</i>	a) Primary: 99.60 b) Upper Primary: 99.64 c) Secondary: 98.16
6	4.1.6: Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/secondary levels <i>Source: MHRD</i>	Under Compilation
7	4.1.7: Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary) <i>Source: MHRD</i>	Under Compilation
8	4.1.8: Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks, 2009 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: MHRD</i>	a) 8 years (free) b) 8 years (compulsory)
Target 4.2: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	4.2.1: Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD</i>	34.08
2	4.2.2: Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio <i>Source: MHRD</i>	Under Compilation
Target 4.3: By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university		
1	4.3.1: Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months <i>Source: National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI)</i>	Under Compilation
2	4.3.2: Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education, 2015-16 (<i>in Ratio</i>) <i>Source: Department of Higher Education, MHRD (aishe.gov.in, mhrd.gov.in)</i>	a) Higher - 0.92 b) Technical: Under Compilation c) Vocational: Under Compilation
3	4.3.3: Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Department of Higher Education, MHRD (www.mhrd.gov.in) (aishe.gov.in, mhrd.gov.in)</i>	24.48



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship		
1	4.4.1: Proportion of computer literate adults <i>Source: MHRD</i>	Under Compilation
Target 4.5: By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations		
1	4.5.1: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: MHRD for Numerator O/o RGI for Denominator (aishe.gov.in)</i>	a) Primary: 1.18 b) Upper Primary: 1.13 c) Elementary: 1.16 d) Secondary: 0.56 e) Higher Secondary: 0.25
2	4.5.2: Gender Parity indices for Primary/Secondary/Higher Secondary/Tertiary education, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Department of Higher Education, MHRD</i> (http://udise.in , www.aishe.gov.in)	a) Primary: 1.03 b) Secondary: 1.02 c) Higher Secondary: 1.01 d) Tertiary education: 0.93
Target 4.6: By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	4.6.1: Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years, 2011-12 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs</i> <i>(http://www.censusindia.gov.in/2011census/C-series/C08.html)</i>	86.14
Target 4.7: By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all		
1	4.a.1: Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) computers for pedagogical purposes; (c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp and toilets; (d) basic drinking water; (e) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (f) basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions), 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	a) Electricity: 62.81 b) Computers for pedagogical purposes: 27.31 c) Adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/disabled friendly ramp and toilets: 81.99 d) Basic drinking water: 96.81



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
		e) Single-sex basic sanitation facilities (Girl's only): 97.52 f) Basic hand washing facilities: 48.94
Target 4.b: By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States		
1	4.c.1: Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (pre-primary, primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education), <i>2015-16 (in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	a) Pre-Primary: Under Compilation b) Primary: 75.49 c) Upper Primary: 78.18 d) Elementary: 79.15 e) Secondary: 78.52 f) Higher Secondary: 64.45



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	4.c.2: Pupil/trained teacher ratio by education level, 2015-16 (in percentage) <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	a) Pre-Primary: Under Compilation b) Primary: 23.0 c) Upper Primary: 27.0 d) Elementary: Under Compilation e) Secondary: 27.0 f) Higher Secondary: 37.0

5 GENDER EQUALITY

Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere		
1	5.1.1: Rate of crimes against women per every 1,00,000 female population, 2015 <i>(per 100000 female population)</i> <i>Source: Numerator – NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in); Denominator – RGI, MHA</i>	53.9
2	5.1.2: Proportion of women subjected to dowry related offences to total crime against women, 2015 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	5.3
3	5.1.3: Sex Ratio at Birth, 2014-16 <i>(per 1000 male births)</i> <i>Source: Sample Registration System (SRS), Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs (http://www.censusindia.gov.in/vital_statistics/SRS_Report_2016/7.Chap_3-Fertility_Indicators-2016.pdf)</i>	898



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
4	5.1.4: Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex, 2017 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development</i>	a) 76.9 (overarching legal frameworks and public life) b) 92.3 (violence against women) c) 87.5 (employment and economic benefits) d) 100.0 (marriage & family)
Target 5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation		
1	5.2.1: Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year, 2015 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	7.0
2	5.2.2: Proportion of sexual crimes against women to total crime against women during the calendar year, 2015 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	51.0
3	5.2.3: Proportion of cruelty/ physical violence on women by husband or his relative to total crime against women during the calendar year, 2015 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	34.58



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
4	5.2.4: Proportion of sexual crime against girl children to total crime against children during the calendar year <i>(in percentage)</i> -2015 <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	34.8
5	5.2.5: Proportion of trafficking of girl children to total children trafficked during the calendar year, 2015 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	90.29
6	5.2.6: Percentage of currently partnered girls and women aged 15-49 years who have experienced physical and / or sexual violence by their current intimate partner in the last 12 months Modified Indicator: Percentage of Ever Married Women Age 15-49 Years Who Have Ever Experienced Physical or Sexual Violence committed by their Husband, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: MoHFW (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	30.9
7	5.2.7: Child Sex Ratio (0-6 Years) 2011, <i>(per 1000 male births)</i> <i>Source: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs (http://censusindia.gov.in/pca/pcadata/pca.html)</i>	919
Target 5.3: Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	5.3.1: Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children, 2015 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	0.31
2	5.3.2: Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) Modified Indicator: Percentage of women aged 20-24 years who were married by exact age 18 years, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i>	26.8
Target 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate		
1	5.4.1: Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work. <i>Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation</i>	Under Compilation
Target 5.5: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	<p>5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government 2014-16, <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Election Commission of India (http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/Electoral_Statistics_Pocket_Book2017_18052017.pdf),</i> <i>2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj (http://www.panchayat.gov.in/documents/10198/384335/Representation%20of%20Women%20in%20PRIs.pdf)</i> <i>(similar to Indicator 10.2.2 and 16.7.1)</i></p>	<p>a) LokSabha (2014): 12.80 b) RajyaSabha (2014): 11.40 c) PRI (2016): 46.14</p>
2	<p>5.5.2: Number of women in Board of listed companies Modified Indicator: Proportion of women in managerial positions including women in Board of Director, in listed companies, 2015-16 <i>(per 1000 persons)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Corporate Affairs</i></p>	173
Target 5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences		
1	<p>5.6.1: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey) (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)</i> <i>(similar to Indicator 3.7.1 and 3.8.1)</i></p>	47.7



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	5.6.2: Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years, 2015-16 (in percentage) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey)</i> (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)	12.9
3	5.6.3: Proportion of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS Modified Indicator: Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive knowledge of HIV/AIDS, 2015-16 (in percentage) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (National Family Health Survey)</i> (http://rchiips.org/nfhs)	a) 31.50 (male) b) 21.70 (female)
Target 5.a: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws		
1	5.a.1: Operational land holdings-gender wise, 2015-16 (Area in '000' Hectare and Number in '000) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare/Department of Agriculture, cooperation & Farmer Welfare</i>	a) Male i) Number: 1,25,245 ii) Area: 1,37,430 b) Female i) Number: 20,218 ii) Area: 18,187



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	5.a.2: Proportion of female agricultural labourers <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI</i>	Under Compilation
3	5.a.3: Wages of casual labourers (gender wise), 2011-12 (in Rupees) <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	121.46 (casual labour in public works other than MGNREGA public works in rural area) a) 127.39 (male) b) 110.62 (female) 106.71 (casual labour in MGNREGA public works in rural area) a) 112.46 (male) b) 101.97 (female) 138.62 (casual labour in other type of works in rural area) a) 149.32 (male) b) 103.28 (female)



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
		170.1 (casual labour in other type of works Urban area) a) 182.04 (male) b) 110.62 (female)
4	5.a.4: Agricultural wages (gender wise) <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI</i>	149.14 (regular wage/salaried employees of age 15-59 years in rural area) a) 168.83 (male) b) 101.24 (female) 378.35 (regular wage/salaried employees of age 15-59 years in urban area) a) 438.14 (male) b) 160.35 (female) 121.35 (casual labour engaged in works other than public works of age 15-59 years in rural area) a) 131.03 (male) b) 99.9 (female)



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
		134.42 (casual labour engaged in works other than public works of age 15-59 years in rural area) a) 155.03 (male) b) 99.88 (female)
5	5.a.5: Exclusive women SHGs in Bank linked SHGs, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), RBI</i> <i>(https://www.nabard.org/financialreport.aspx?cid=505&id=24)</i>	88.92
6	5.a.6: Percentage of adult having an account at a formal financial institution <i>Source: Reserve Bank of India</i>	Under Compilation
7	5.a.7: Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution <i>Source: Reserve Bank of India</i>	Under Compilation
8	5.a.8: No. of borrowers per 1,00,000 adults (Male & Female-wise) <i>Source: Reserve Bank of India</i>	Under Compilation
Target 5.b: Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	5.b.1: Percentage of women employed in IT and ITeS industry, 2017-18 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Electronics & Information Technology (NASSCOM SR-2018)</i>	34.0
Target 5.c: Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels		
1	5.c.1: Number of Central Ministries and States having Gender Budget Cells (GBCs), 2015-16 <i>(in number)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Women & Child Development</i>	a) 57 (Ministries/Departments) b) 14 (States)

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all		
1	6.1.1: Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water within their premises. <i>Source: Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation (DWS) for rural area and Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MHUA) for urban area</i>	Under Compilation
2	6.1.2: Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural) <i>Source: Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation (DWS)</i>	94.75
Target 6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations		
1	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural), <i>2015-16 (in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation (DWS) for rural area and Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MHUA) for urban area</i>	a) 50.90 (rural) b) Under compilation (urban)



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	6.2.2: Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target <i>Source: Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation (DWS)</i>	0.72
3	6.2.3: Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls, 2015-16 (in percentage) <i>Source: Department of School Education, MHRD (http://udise.in)</i>	97.52
Target 6.3: By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally		
1	6.3.1: Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)</i>	Under Compilation
2	6.3.2: Percentage of industries (17 category of highly polluting industries/grossly polluting industry/red category of industries) complying with waste water treatment as per CPCB norms. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)</i>	a) 87.63 (Red Category) b) 86.25 (17-Category) c) 88.99 (GPI Units)
3	6.3.3: Proportion of waste water treatment capacity created vis-à-vis total generation <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)</i>	Under Compilation
Target 6.4: By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	6.4.1: Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	61.50
2	6.4.2: Per capita storage of water, 2015-16 (in m3/person) <i>Source: MoWR, RD & GR/ Central Water Commission (CWC) / State Water Resources Departments (http://cwc.gov.in/)</i> <i>Numerator - MoWR, RD & GR/CWC/ State Water Resources Departments; Denominator – RGI, MHA</i>	204.76
3	6.4.3: Per capita availability of water, 2011 (in m3/person) <i>Source: MoWR, RD & GR/ Central Water Commission (CWC) / State Water Resources Departments (http://cwc.gov.in/)</i> <i>Numerator - MoWR, RD & GR/CWC/ State Water Resources Departments; Denominator – RGI, MHA</i>	1,545
Target 6.5: By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through trans-boundary cooperation as appropriate		
1	6.5.1: Percentage area of river basins brought under integrated water resources management <i>Source: MoWR, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation
Target 6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes		
1	6.6.1: Area under over-exploited blocks Modified Indicator: Percentage of blocks/mandals/taluka over-exploited, 2010-11 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: National Water Mission, Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	16.2



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	6.6.2: Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation
3	6.6.3: Biological assessment information of surface water bodies <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation
Target 6.a: By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies		
1	6.a.1: Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation
2	6.a.2: Number of MoU/Co-operation agreements for capacity building and technology transfer <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation
Target 6.b: Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management		
1	6.b.1: Percentage of developed Irrigated Command Area brought under Water Users Association (WUAs) <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation
2	6.b.2: Proportion of villages with Village Water & Sanitation Committee (VWSC) <i>Source: Ministry of Water Resource, RD & GR</i>	Under Compilation

7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services		
1	7.1.1: Percentage of Households electrified <i>Source: Ministry of Power</i>	Under Compilation
2	7.1.2: Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas (Marketing companies of oil and gas, i.e., IOCL, BPCL, HPCL & GAIL)</i>	63.08
Target 7.2: By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix		
1	7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix <i>Source: Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (similar to Indicator 8.4.1)</i>	Under Compilation
Target 7.3: By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency		
1	7.3.1: Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP, 2015-16 (in mega joules per rupee) <i>Source: Economic Statistics Division, CSO, MoSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	0.2489



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 7.a: By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology		
1	7.a.1: Official Development Assistance on clean energy <i>Source: Ministry of Power, Ministry of New & Renewable Energy, Ministry of Coal and Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas.</i>	Under Compilation
Target 7.b: By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support		
National Indicator is under development		

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 8.1: Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries		
1	8.1.1: Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> (similar to Indicator 8.3.6 and 9.5.3) <i>Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)</i>	6.80
Target 8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors		
1	8.2.1: Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person <i>Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	<p>8.2.2: Total number of patents issued (granted), 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) (<i>similar to Indicator 8.3.6 and 9.5.3</i>)</p> <p>Source: Annual Report 2016-17, 'Office of Controller General of Patent, Design and Trademarks', Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (Controller General of Patents, Designs and Trademarks) (https://ipindiaservices.gov.in/ https://www.ipindia.nic.in/annual-reports-ipo.htm http://www.ipindia.nic.in/writereaddata/Portal/IPOAnnualReport/1_94_1_1_79_1_Annual_Report-2016-17_English.pdf)</p>	6,326
3	<p>8.2.3: Annual growth in manufacturing sector, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>)</p> <p>Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)</p>	12.08
4	<p>8.2.4: Annual growth in agriculture sector, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>)</p> <p>Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)</p>	0.60
Target 8.3: Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	8.3.1: Proportion of unorganized employment in non-agricultural sectors Modified Indicator 8.3.1: Proportion of hired workers in un-incorporated non-agricultural enterprises, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation</i>	22.24
2	8.3.2: Coverage under ESI and EPS <i>Source: Ministry of Labor and Employment</i>	Under Compilation
3	8.3.3: Coverage of NPS <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation
4	8.3.4: No. of MSME units registered under the online Udyog Aadhaar registration, 2016-17 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises</i> (https://udyogaadhaar.gov.in/UA/UAM_Registration.aspx)	23,73,564
5	8.3.5: Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India (<i>in number</i>) - 2016 <i>Source: Startup India, Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP), Ministry of Commerce and Industry</i> (https://www.startupindia.gov.in/)	516



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
6	8.3.6: Total number of patents issued (granted), 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Annual Report 2016-17, 'Office of Controller General of Patent, Design and Trademarks', Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (Controller General of Patents, Designs and Trademarks) (https://ipindiaservices.gov.in/ https://www.ipindia.nic.in/annual-reports-ipo.htm http://www.ipindia.nic.in/writereaddata/Portal/IPOAnnualReport/1_94_1_1_79_1_Annual_Report-2016-17_English.pdf) (similar to Indicator 8.2.2 and 9.5.3)</i>	6,326
7	8.3.7: Growth of Registered Micro, Small and Medium Size Enterprises, 2017-18 over 2016-17 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (https://udyogaadhaar.gov.in/UA/UAM_Registration.aspx)</i>	-36.01
8	8.3.8: Total loans outstanding to micro, small and medium enterprises (<i>in Rs. crore</i>)	Under Compilation
9	8.3.9: Outstanding Credit to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, 2015-16 (<i>in Rs. crore</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises</i>	12,16,007.11
Target 8.4: Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and Endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	8.4.1: Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix <i>Source: Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (similar to Indicator 7.2.1)</i>	Under Compilation
2	8.4.2: Per capita fossil fuel consumption <i>Source: Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas</i>	Under Compilation
3	8.4.3: Proportion of waste recycled vs. waste generated <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
4	8.4.4: Proportion of sewage recycled vs. sewage generated <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 8.5: By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value		
1	8.5.1: Unemployment rate, 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NSS Report No. 554: Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2011-12 (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	2.30
2	8.5.2: Workforce Participation Ratio (WPR), 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	38.60



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
3	8.5.3: Wages earned by male-female in regular / casual employment (<i>in rupees</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	Regular wage/salaried employees Rural: 298.96 Urban: 449.65 Casual labour engaged in public works other than MGNREG public works Rural: 121.46 Urban: Under compilation Casual labour engaged in MGNREG public works Rural: 106.71 Urban: Under compilation Casual labour engaged in works other than public works Rural: 138.62 Urban: 170.10



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
4	8.5.4: Number of employed persons with disabilities in public services. <i>Source: Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment</i>	Under Compilation
5	8.5.5: Total population with disabilities covered under social protection schemes <i>Source: Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment</i>	Under Compilation
6	8.5.6: Share of unemployed persons in population aged 15-24, 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	2.90
Target 8.6: By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training		
1	8.6.1: Unemployment Rate (15-24 years), 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, MOSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)</i>	8.10
2	8.6.2: Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET) <i>Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation</i>	Under Compilation
Target 8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms		
1	8.7.1: Total crimes relating to human trafficking, 2015 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in)</i>	6,877



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	8.7.2: Number of missing children, 2015 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) (similar to Indicator 16.2.3)</i>	60,443
Target 8.8: Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment		
1	8.8.1: Number of workers covered under Employees State Insurance (ESI) Act <i>Source: Ministry of Labour and Employment</i>	Under Compilation
2	8.8.2: Number of migrant workers <i>Source: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
3	8.8.3: Number of accidents in factories, 2013 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Labour and Employment</i> <i>(https://data.gov.in/resources/state-wise-industrial-injuries-factories-2007-2013)</i>	2,445
4	8.8.4: Employment generated under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Rural Development (http://mnregaweb4.nic.in/netnrega/state_html/employment_st.aspx?lflag=eng&fin_year=2017-2018&source=national&labels=labels&Digest=cT/J7ChEq5LOfEr0AmsuAQ) (similar to Indicator 8.b.1)</i>	7,22,59,479
Target 8.9: By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	8.9.1: Percentage change in number of tourists (domestic and foreign), 2016 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Ministry of Tourism, collecting from Tourism Departments of States/UT (http://tourism.gov.in/market-research-and-statistics)</i>	12.70
2	8.9.2: Direct contribution of Tourism to total GDP and in growth rate, 2015-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: Numerator: Ministry of Tourism, Government of India</i> <i>Denominator: National Account Division, Central Statistics Office, Ministry of Statistics & P.I. (http://tourism.gov.in/market-research-and-statistics)</i>	-3.0
Target 8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all		
1	8.10.1: Indicator on Financial Inclusion <i>Source: RBI</i>	Under Compilation
2	8.10.2: Proportion of population having Bank accounts Modified Indicator: Number of accounts (include deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population, 2015-16 <i>(per 1,000 population)</i> <i>Source: Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (www.dbie.rbi.org.in); Denominator: Registrar General of India, (RGI), Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) (similar to Indicator 1.4.5)</i>	1,425



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
3	8.10.3: Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population, 2015-16 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) <i>Source: RBI</i>	10.68
4	8.10.4: Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population, 2015-16 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Numerator: RBI; Denominator: ORGI</i>	15.69
5	8.10.5: No. of accounts with Nil/1-5/more than 5 transactions <i>Source: RBI</i>	Under Compilation
Target 8.a: Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 8.b: By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization		
1	8.b.1: Number of man days created under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Department of Rural Development (MGNREGA) (http://mnregaweb4.nic.in/netnrega/citizen_html/demregister.aspx?lflag=eng&fin_year=2015-2016&source=national&labels=labels&Digest=+WYlWwx190hhVOg6q39p/g) (similar to Indicator 8.8.4)</i>	2,35,14,19,465

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all		
1	9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road <i>Source: Ministry of Rural Development</i>	Under Compilation
2	9.1.2: Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport, 2015-16 (<i>passengers in number billion / freight in billion Tonne</i>) <i>Source: 1) Railway Board is data source for Passenger movement and freight volumes by Railways</i> <i>2) Research Wing of Ministry of Road Transport & H is data source for Passenger movement and freight volumes by Roads</i> <i>3) Ministry of Civil Aviation is data sources for Passenger movement and freight volumes by Air (https://data.gov.in/catalog/freight-and-passenger-movement-road-transport-and-railways)</i>	a) Road Transport (Passenger/ freight) - 15.415/2,026.10 b) Scheduled Indian Airlines (Passenger/ Cargos) - 0.10380/0.0009



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
	4) Railways: Annual Report http://www.indianrailways.gov.in/railwayboard/view_section.jsp?lang=0&id=0,1,304,366,554,1817,1819 (Freight Operation), (Passenger Business) 5) Air: Annual Report 2017-18 http://www.dgca.nic.in/reports/stat-ind.htm 6) Road: Road Transport Year Book http://morth.nic.in/showfile.asp?lid=3141 (Annexure – 5.1)	c) Indian Railways (Passenger/ freight) – 8107/655605
3	9.1.3: Gross Capital Formation by industry of use, 2015-16 (in Rupee crore) Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)	a) 41,73,023 (Current Price) b) 36,80,642 (Constant Price)
Target 9.2: Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries		
1	9.2.1: Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM 2.5 and PM 10) in cities (population weighted) (similar to Indicator 11.6.2) Modified Indicator 9.2.1: Percentage Share of GVA in Manufacturing to Total GVA, 2015-16 (in percentage) Source: National Accounts Statistics 2018, NAD, CSO, MoSPI (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)	16.57
2	9.2.2: Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment, 2011-12 (in percentage) Source: National Sample Survey Office, MoSPI (www.mospi.nic.in)	12.60
Target 9.3: Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	9.3.1: Share of household sector in total industry value added, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI)</i> (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)	43.50
2	9.3.2: Percentage/ Proportion of Credit flow to MSMEs (as a Percentage of Total Adjusted Net Bank Credit), 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises</i>	18.18
Target 9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities		
1	9.4.1: CO ₂ equivalent emission per unit of value added <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
2	9.4.2: Energy use intensity of manufacturing value added, 2015-16 (<i>Toe/000' rupees</i>) <i>Source: Economic Statistics Division, CSO, MoSPI</i> (http://mospi.gov.in/sites/default/files/publication_reports/Energy_Statistics_2018.pdf)	0.00940
Target 9.5: Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	<p>9.5.1: Percentage share of expenditure in Research & Development to total GDP Modified Indicator: Percentage share of government spending on intellectual properties product (Research and Development) to total GDP, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.gov.in/node/17651 http://www.mospi.gov.in/sites/default/files/reports_and_publication/statistical_publication/National_Accounts/NAS18/S4.2.pdf)</p>	3.52
2	<p>9.5.2: Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million inhabitants Source: Ministry of Science and Technology</p>	Under Compilation
3	<p>9.5.3: Total number of patents issued (granted) 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) Source: Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (Controller General of Patents, Designs and Trademarks) (https://ipindiaservices.gov.in/ https://www.ipindia.nic.in/annual-reports-ipo.htm http://www.ipindia.nic.in/writereaddata/Portal/IPOAnnualReport/1_94_1_1_79_1_Annual_Report-2016-17_English.pdf) (similar to Indicator 8.2.2 and 8.3.6)</p>	6,326
Target 9.a: Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	9.a.1: Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation
Target 9.b: Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities		
1	9.b.1: Share of Intellectual Property Products in total Gross Fixed Capital Formation, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI)</i> (http://www.mospi.nic.in)	12.38
2	9.b.2: Share of GVA of companies with research & development as main activity in total GVA from Private Corporate Sector <i>Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI)</i>	Under Compilation
3	9.b.3: Share of GVA of Information and Computer related activities in total GVA, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI)</i> (http://www.mospi.nic.in/data)	a) 4.18 (<i>Current Price</i>) b) 4.55 (<i>Constant Price</i>)



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020		
1	9.c.1: Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology Modified Indicator: Number of Internet Subscriptions as percentage of total population, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications(www.dot.gov.in https://www.trai.gov.in/release-publication/reports/performance-indicators-reports)</i>	26.98
2	9.c.2: No. of broadband subscribers per 10000 persons, 2015-16 (<i>number per 10,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Department of Telecommunications/Ministry of Communications (www.dot.gov.in https://www.trai.gov.in/release-publication/reports/performance- indicators-reports)</i>	1,178.81

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

Reduce inequality within and among countries



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average		
1	10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population, 2011-12 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, MoSPI</i>	a) 13.61 (rural) b) 13.35 (urban)
2	10.1.2: Gini Coefficient of Household Expenditure, 2011-12 (<i>in ratio</i>) <i>Source: NSSO, MoSPI</i>	a) 0.283 (rural) b) 0.363 (urban)
Target 10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	10.2.1: Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median household expenditure Modified Indicator 10.2.1: Percentage of people living below 50 per cent of median per capita household expenditure, 2011-12 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: NSSO, MoSPI</i>	a) 4.28 (rural) b) 10.89 (urban)
2	10.2.2: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government, 2014-16 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: 1) Election Commission of India (http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/Electoral_Statistics_Pocket_Book2017_18052017.pdf)</i> <i>2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj (http://www.panchayat.gov.in/documents/10198/384335/Representation%20of%20Women%20in%20PRIs.pdf)</i> <i>(similar to Indicator 5.5.1 and 16.7.1)</i>	a) Lok Sabha (2014): 12.80 b) Rajya Sabha (2014): 11.40 c) PRI (2016): 46.14
3	10.2.3: Proportion of persons from vulnerable groups in elected bodies. Modified Indicator: Proportion of SC/ST persons in elected bodies, 2014 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>(similar to Indicator 16.7.2)</i> <i>Source: Election Commission of India</i> <i>(http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/Electoral_Statistics_Pocket_Book2017_18052017.pdf)</i> <i>(http://www.panchayat.gov.in/documents/10198/384335/Representation%20of%20Women%20in%20PRIs.pdf)</i>	a) 15.50 (SCs) b) 8.70 (STs)



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality		
1	10.4.1: Proportion of budget allocated to North Eastern States <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation
Target 10.5: Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 10.6: Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 10.a: Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 10.b: Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 10.c: By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent		
1	10.c.1: Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation

11

SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums		
1	11.1.1: Percentage of Slums/Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) households covered through formal/affordable housing. <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
2	11.1.2: Percentage of Slum Area Covered with basic Services <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
3	11.1.3: Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.2: By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	11.2.1: Proportion of cities with efficient urban mobility and public transport <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.3: By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries		
1	11.3.1: Proportion of cities with integrated development plans. <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
2	11.3.2: Share of Mixed Land Use Area in overall city land use <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
3	11.3.3: Net Density <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.4: Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage		
1	11.4.1: Restoration and Reuse of Historic Buildings <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.5: By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	11.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population <i>Source: Ministry of Home Affairs (similar to Indicator 1.5.1)</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management		
1	11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
2	11.6.2: Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM 2.5 and PM 10) in cities (population weighted) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
3	11.6.3: Number of days the levels of fine particulate matter (PM 2.5 and PM 10) above mean level <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.7: By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	11.7.1: Per Capita Availability of Green Spaces <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.a: Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning		
1	11.a.1: Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban and regional development plans integrating population projections and resource needs, by size of city <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 11.b: By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels		
1	11.b.1: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 <i>Source: MHA (PM's Agenda 10) (https://mha.gov.in/)</i>	YES
2	11.b.2: Proportion of State and local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies <i>Source: MHA (https://mha.gov.in/) (similar to Indicator 1.5.2)</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 11.c: Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials		
National Indicator is under development		

12 SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 12.1: Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries		
1	12.1.1: Formulation of national SCP framework and integration of SCP with national/State planning process <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources		
1	12.2.1: Percentage variation in per capita use of natural resources <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.3: By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses		
1	12.3.1: Per capita food availability, 2015 (<i>Kg per year per person</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare/Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</i> (https://eands.dacnet.nic.in)	169.80



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	12.3.2: Post harvest storage and distribution losses of central/states pool stocks of wheat and rice, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.4: By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment		
1	12.4.1: Developing national secondary resource policy framework <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
2	12.4.2: Development of national policy for environmentally sound management of hazardous chemical and waste <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
3	12.4.3: Implementation of National Action Plan for fulfilling obligations of various Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEA) ratified. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.5: By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse		
1	12.5.1: Number of waste recycling plants installed <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
2	12.5.2: Number of municipal corporations using waste segregation techniques <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
3	12.5.3: Number of municipal corporations banning use of plastic. <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.6: Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle		
1	12.6.1: Proportion of companies publishing sustainability reports. <i>Source: Ministry of Corporate Affairs.</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.7: Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities		
1	12.7.1: Green public procurement policy developed and adopted by the Central Ministries/States/UTs (Numbers) <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.8: By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature		
1	12.8.1: Develop icon on sustainable development <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
2	12.8.2: Government to Celebrate year on Sustainable development <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 12.a: Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 12.b: Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products		
1	12.b.1: Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and action plans implemented with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools. <i>Source: Ministry of Tourism</i>	Under Compilation
Target 12.c: Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities		
1	12.c.1: Subsidy per unit of fossil fuel consumption. <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation
2	12.c.2: Tax per unit of fossil fuel consumption. <i>Source: Ministry of Finance</i>	Under Compilation

13

CLIMATE ACTION

Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts



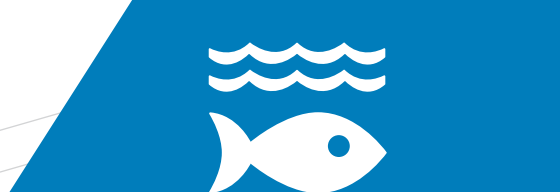
SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 13.1: Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries		
1	13.1.1: Number of States with strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather events. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 13.2: Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.		
1	13.2.1: Pre 2020 action achievements of pre 2020 Goals as per country priority <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
2	13.2.2: Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals in post 2020 period. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 13.3: Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning		
1	13.3.1: Number of States that have integrated climate mitigation and adaptation in education curricula and outreach programs <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 13.a: Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 13.b: Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities		
National Indicator is under development		

14 LIFE BELOW WATER

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 14.1: By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution		
1	<p>14.1.1: Health index of area of coastal water (percentage change) Modified Indicator: Coastal Water Quality Index <i>Source: Ministry of Earth Science</i> http://www.icmam.gov.in/comaps/comap2.htm http://www.incois.gov.in/portal/comaps/home.jsp</p>	<p>Out of 9 Coastal States, Number of States in the category of</p> <p>a) Moderate = 7 b) Good = 2</p>
2	<p>14.1.2: Number of sewage treatment plants installed along the coast and construction of toilets under Swachh Bharat Mission <i>Source: MHUA and MoDW&S</i></p>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
3	14.1.3: Percentage change in use of nitrogen fertilizers in the coastal States, 2015-16 over 2014-15 (<i>percentage change</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare/Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare (http://agricoop.nic.in)</i>	0.35
Target 14.2: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans		
1	14.2.1: Percentage change in area under mangroves, 2015 over 2013 (<i>percentage change</i>) <i>Source: Forest Survey of India, Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (http://fsi.nic.in, Report: India State of Forest Report http://fsi.nic.in/isfr2017/isfr-mangrove-cover-2017.pdf) (similar to Indicator 14.5.2)</i>	2.43
2	14.2.2: Implementation of Coastal Zone Regulation Notification of 2011. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
3	14.2.3: Percentage change in Marine Protected Areas (MPA) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 14.3: Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels		
1	14.3.1: Coral health index of Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
<p>Target 14.4: By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics</p>		
1	<p>14.4.1: Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) in fishing, 2015-17 (in Lakh Tonne/Year) <i>Source: Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying & Fisheries, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare</i></p>	3.7083
<p>Target 14.5: By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information</p>		
1	<p>14.5.1: Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i></p>	Under Compilation
2	<p>14.5.2: Percentage change in area under mangroves, 2015 over 2013 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Forest Survey of India, Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (http://fsi.nic.in, Report: India State of Forest Report http://fsi.nic.in/isfr2017/isfr-mangrove-cover-2017.pdf) (similar to Indicator 14.2.1)</i></p>	2.43
<p>Target 14.6: By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation</p>		
<p>National Indicator is under development</p>		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 14.7: By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 14.a: Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries		
1	14.a.1: Allocation of budget resources for research as per the EEZ or coastal line. <i>Source: Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES)</i>	Under Compilation
Target 14.b: Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets		
1	14.b.1: Assistance to the traditional / artisanal fishers for procurement of FRP boats and other associated fishing implements, 2016-17 (in Number & in Rs. lakh) <i>Source: Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying & Fisheries, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare</i>	a) No. of Boats = 259 b) Project Cost (in Rs. lakh) = 1,098.25
Target 14.c: Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of “The future we want”		
1	14.c.1: Percentage compliance of international laws <i>Source: Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES)</i>	Under Compilation

15 LIFE ON LAND

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and dry lands, in line with obligations under international agreement		
1	15.1.1: Forest area as a proportion of total land area Modified Indicator: Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area, 2015 (in percentage) Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (http://fsi.nic.in/isfr-2015/isfr-2015-forest-cover.pdf)	21.35
2	15.1.2: Percentage of Tree Outside Forest (TOF) in total forest cover, 2015 (in percentage) Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	27.24
Target 15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	15.2.1: Percentage change in Forest Area coverage Modified Indicator: Percentage change in Forest cover, 2015 over 2013 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: India State of Forest Report, Forest Survey of India (FSI), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (http://fsi.nic.in)</i>	0.54
2	15.2.2: Total area covered under different afforestation schemes <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
3	15.2.3: Total tree cover achieved outside forest area, 2015 (<i>in Sq. KM</i>) <i>Source: India State of Forest Report, Forest Survey of India (FSI), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (http://fsi.nic.in)</i>	93,815
4	15.2.4: Number of Nagar-vans and School Nurseries created <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world		
1	15.3.1: Percentage of degraded area restored <i>Source: Ministry of Rural Development (MoRD)</i>	Under Compilation
2	15.3.2: Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
3	15.3.3: Percentage increase in net sown area, 2013-14 over 2012-13 (<i>percentage change</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare (https://eands.dacnet.nic.in/PDF/Glance-2016.pdf)</i>	-0.92
Target 15.4: By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development		
1	15.4.1: Increase in forest / vegetative cover in mountain areas Modified Indicator: Percentage change in forest cover of hill districts, 2015 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: India State of Forest Report, Forest Survey of India (FSI), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change(http://fsi.nic.in)</i>	0.60
2	15.4.2: Restoration of water bodies / stream in mountain areas <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
3	15.4.3: Conservation of local wildlife species <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
4	15.4.4: Increase in per capita income of mountain dwellers <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 15.5: Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species		
1	15.5.1: Red List Index <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 15.6: Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed		
1	15.6.1: Number of Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS) agreements signed <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 15.7: Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products		
1	15.7.1: Percentage reduction in traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked Modified Indicator: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 2015 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change</i>	698
Target 15.8: By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species		
1	15.8.1: Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 15.9: By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts		
1	15.9.1: Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategies Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020 <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 15.a: Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems		
1	15.a.1: Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystem. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change</i>	Under Compilation
Target 15.b: Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation		
1	15.b.1: Percentage of fund utilized for environmental conservation Modified Indicator: Percentage of government spending on environmental protection to total government expenditure, 2015-16 (in percentage) <i>Source: National Accounts Division (NAD), Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) (http://www.mospi.gov.in/node/17651; http://www.mospi.gov.in/sites/default/files/reports_and_publication/statistical_publication/National_Accounts/NAS18/S4.2.pdf)</i>	0.05
Target 15.c: Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities		
1	15.c.1: Number of detection and prevention of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked Modified Indicator: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 2015 (in cases) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change</i>	698

16 PEACE AND JUSTICE STRONG INSTITUTIONS

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere		
1	16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, 2015 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Numerator: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India; Denominator: RGI</i>	2.60
2	16.1.2: Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months, 2015 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>) <i>Source: Numerator: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India; Denominator: RGI, MHA (Mid-year projected population)</i>	43.70
Target 16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	<p>16.2.1: Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation</p> <p>Modified Indicator: Number of victims rescued from human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation, 2015 (<i>per 1,00,000 population</i>)</p> <p>Source: Numerator: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India, Denominator: RGI, MHA (Mid-year projected population as on 1st July for the Non-census year)</p>	1.99
2	<p>16.2.2: Proportion of Crime Committed against Children during the year, 2015 (<i>Rate i.e. per 1,00,000 children</i>)</p> <p>Source: Numerator: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India; Denominator: RGI, MHA</p>	22.10
3	<p>16.2.3: Number of Missing Children, 2015 (<i>in number</i>)</p> <p>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India</p>	60,443
Target 16.3: Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all		
1	<p>16.3.1: Number of courts per lakh population</p> <p>Source: Ministry of Law and Justice</p>	Under Compilation
2	<p>16.3.2: Number of Judges (all levels) per lakh population</p> <p>Source: Ministry of Law and Justice</p>	Under Compilation
Target 16.4: By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime		



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
1	16.4.1: Number of cases under the Arms Act, 2015 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India</i>	53,300
2	16.4.2: Value of Property Stolen & Recovered and Percentage Recovery, 2015 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India</i>	a) Property stolen (in Rs. crore): 8,210.40 b) Property recovered (in Rs. crore): 1350.20 c) Recovery (in percent): 16.40
Target 16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms		
1	16.5.1: Persons Arrested In Total Cognizable Crime Cases under Offences under Prevention of Corruption Act and Related Sections of Indian Penal Code (IPC), 2015 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: NCRB, MHA (http://ncrb.gov.in) Publication: Crime in India</i>	6,223
Target 16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels		
1	16.6.1: Number of Government services provided online to citizens, 2015-16 (<i>in number</i>) <i>Source: Ministry of Electronics & Information Technology (http://cic.gov.in/reports/37)</i>	3,577
2	16.6.2: Percentage of RTI queries responded, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) <i>Source: Central Information Commission (http://cic.gov.in/reports/37) (similar to Indicator 16.10.1)</i>	81.76



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
3	16.6.3: Number of applications filed with institutions coming under Right To Information Act, 2015-16 <i>(in number)</i> <i>Source: Central Information Commission (http://cic.gov.in/reports/37)</i>	11,65,217
Target 16.7: Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels		
1	16.7.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government 2014-16, <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>Source: 1) Election Commission of India (http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/Electoral_Statistics_Pocket_Book2017_18052017.pdf)</i> 2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj (http://www.panchayat.gov.in/documents/10198/384335/Representation%20of%20Women%20in%20PRIs.pdf) <i>(similar to Indicator 5.5.1 and 10.2.2)</i>	a) Lok Sabha (2014): 12.80 b) Rajya Sabha (2014): 11.40 c) PRI (2016): 46.14
2	16.7.2: Proportion of SC/ST persons in the elected bodies Modified Indicator: Proportion of SC/ST persons in elected bodies, 2014 <i>(in percentage)</i> <i>(similar to indicator 10.2.3)</i> <i>Source: Election Commission of India (http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/Electoral_Statistics_Pocket_Book2017_18052017.pdf) (http://www.panchayat.gov.in/documents/10198/384335/Representation%20of%20Women%20in%20PRIs.pdf)</i>	a) SCs – 15.50 b) STs – 8.70
Target 16.8: Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance		
	National Indicator is under development	



SL	National Indicator	Base Value
Target 16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration		
1	16.9.1: Percentage of births registered, 2015 (<i>in percentage</i>) Source: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs (http://crsorgi.gov.in/web/uploads/download/crs_report%202015_23062017.pdf)	88.30
2	16.9.2: Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) Source: Unique Identification Authority of India (http://crsorgi.gov.in/web/uploads/download/crs_report%202015_23062017.pdf)	82.60
Target 16.10: Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements		
1	16.10.1: Percentage of RTI queries responded, 2015-16 (<i>in percentage</i>) Source: Central Information Commission (http://cic.gov.in/reports/37) (similar to Indicator 16.6.2)	81.76
Target 16.a: Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime		
	National Indicator is under development	
Target 16.b: Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development		
	National Indicator is under development	

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

**Strengthen the means of
implementation and revitalize the
Global Partnership for Sustainable
Development**

National indicators are under development for this goal



ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AAY	Antyodaya Anna Yojana	DES	Directorate of Economics and Statistics
ABS	Access and Benefit Sharing	DGHS	Directorate General of Health Services
AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome	DIPP	Department of Industrial Promotion and Policy
ANC	Ante-Natal Care	DoAC&FW	Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
ANER	Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio	DoF&PD	Department of Food and Public Distribution
ART	Antiretroviral Therapy	DPIIT	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade
ATR Form	Air Transport Reporting Form	DWS	Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation
Ayush	Ministry of Ayush	ESD	Economic Statistics Division
BMI	Body Mass Index	EWS	Economically Weaker Sections
BSR	Banking Statistics Returns	FSI	Forest Survey of India
CBHI	Central Bureau of Health Intelligence	GCF	Gross Capital Formation
CES	Consumer Expenditure Surveys	GDP	Gross Domestic Product
CFR	Case Fatality Ratio	GER	Gross Enrolment Ratio
CIC	Central Information Commission	GFCF	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
CIS	Change in Stocks	GPI	Gender Parity Index
COFOG	Classification of the Functions of Government	GVA	Gross Value Added
CPCB	Central Pollution Control Bureau	HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
DAC&FW	Department of Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare	HRD	Ministry of Human Resources Development
DARE	Department of Agricultural Research and Education	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAR	Indian Council of Agricultural Research
ICDS	Integrated Child Development Scheme
IPC	Indian Penal Code
IPP	Intellectual Property Products
IRCA	Integrated Rehabilitation Centre for Addicts
LPG	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
LPCD	Litres per Capita per Day
LS	Lok Sabha
LTS	Long Term Storage
MCCD	Medical Certification of Cause of Death
MDWS	Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation
MEA	Multilateral Environmental Agreements
MGNREGA	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
MHA	Ministry of Home Affairs
MHUA	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs
MNRE	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy
MoA&FW	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare
MoEF&CC	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
MoCAF&PD	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution
MoES	Ministry of Earth Sciences

MoH&FW	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
MoL&E	Ministry of Labour and Employment
MoSJ&E	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
MoSPI	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
MoWRRD&GR	Ministry of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation
MPCE	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure
MPNG	Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas
MSME	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
MSY	Maximum Sustainable Yield
NABARD	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development
NAD	National Accounts Division
NAS	National Achievement Survey
NBPGR	National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources
NCRB	National Crime Records Bureau
NER	Net Enrolment Ratio
NFHS	National Family Health Survey
NFSA	National Food Security Act
NIF	National Indicator Framework
NITI Aayog	National Institution for Transforming India

NMR	Neo-natal Mortality Rate
NRLM	National Rural Livelihoods Mission
NSO	National Statistical Office
NULM	National Urban Livelihoods Mission
ORGI	Office of the Registrar General, India
PBCRs	Population Based Cancer Registries
PF	Protected Forests
PGR	Poverty Gap Ratio
PHH	Priority Households
PNG	Piped Natural Gas
PRI	Panchayati Raj Institutions
R&D	Research and Development
RBI	Reserve Bank of India
RF	Reserved Forests
RFA	Recorded Forest Area
RGI	Registrar General of India
RNTCP	Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program
RRBs	Regional Rural Banks
RTI	Right to Information
SBLP	SHG-Bank Linkage Programme

SCs	Scheduled Castes
SCBs	Scheduled Commercial Banks
SCP	Sustainable Consumption and Production
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
SGSY	Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana
SHGs	Self Help Groups
SJSRY	Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana
SRS	Sample Registration System
STs	Scheduled Tribes
TB	Tuberculosis
TOF	Tree Outside Forest
TPDS	Targeted Public Distribution System
TRAI	Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
TRIPS	Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
UAM	Udyog Aadhar Memorandum
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Conventions on Climate Change
WCD	Ministry of Women and Child Development
WHO	World Health Organization
1 Crore	10 Million
1 Lakh	0.1 Million



**SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT
GOALS**
17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD

Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation

Government of India

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3 GOOD HEALTH
AND WELL-BEING



14 LIFE BELOW
WATER



2 ZERO
HUNGER



15 LIFE
ON LAND



16 PEACE AND JUSTICE
STRONG INSTITUTIONS



1 NO
POVERTY



4 QUALITY
EDUCATION

