Annexure-I

Ongoing Surveys of NSSO

| Name of Survey | Brief of the Survey | Objective of the Survey | Geographical Coverage/ Current Status |
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| | Considering the importance of availability of labour force data at more frequent time intervals, National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), Ministry or Statistics and Programme Implementation, launched Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) in 2017. This is a continuous survey being conducted by the NSSO and is designed to measure the employment and unemployment situation annually for both rural and urban areas, and quarterly for urban areas only. | ⇒ to estimate the key employment and unemployment indicators (viz. Worker Population Ratio, Labour Force Participation Rate, Unemployment Rate) in the short time interval of three months for the urban areas in the Current Weekly Status (CWS) ⇒ to provide the annual estimates of | covers the whole of Indian Union except the villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands and currently fieldwork for PLFS, 2023-24 is in progress. |
| | consumption expenditure in the 75th round during the period July 2017 to June 2018. The Consumer Expenditure Survey (CES) is usually conducted at quinquennial intervals andthe last survey on consumer expenditure was conducted in the 68th round (July 2011 to June 2012) | Consumption Expenditure Survey (HCES) is to collect data for preparation of weighting diagram through determination of budget shares of different commodity groups in total consumption for compilation of consumer price indices for rural and urban India. In addition, statistical indicators of level of living, social consumption and well-being and inequalities therein will also be compiled from the data collected in the survey | Indian Union except the villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands which are difficult to access Field work for the HCFS 2023- |

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| Annual Survey of Industries (ASI) | The Annual Survey of Industries (ASI) is the principal source of industrial statistics in India. The survey is statutory under the Collection of Statistics Act, 2008 (as amended in 2017) and the rules framed there under in 2011. Broadly the coverage of ASI extends to the entire Factory Sector comprising industrial units (called factories) registered under the Sections 2(m)(i) and 2(m)(ii) of the Factories Act, 1948. The collected data enables policymakers, economists, and researchers to analyze the performance of the industrial sector over time. This analysis helps in understanding trends, identifying challenges, and formulating appropriate policies for industrial development. Reference Period: The reference period (year) for ASI is the financial year (April- March). Survey Period: The actual survey period for ASI is generally from the month of November to July in the subsequent year following the reference period. | Compilation of Industrial Statistics: ASI aims to collect data on various aspects of industrial activity such as production, employment, wages, input-output, and other related parameters. It provides statistical information to assess and evaluate, objectively and realistically, the changes in the growth, composition and structure of the organized manufacturing sector comprising activities related to manufacturing processes, repair services, generation, transmission, etc. of electricity, gas and water supply and cold storage. | its coverage to the entire country. Currently field work of ASI 2022-23 is under |
| of | Sector Enterprises (ASUSE) has been conceptualized as a regular annual survey to provide data on all aspects of unincorporated non-agricultural | characteristics of unincorporated non- agricultural enterprises in manufacturing, trade and other services | covers the whole of Indian Union except the villages in |

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| | | | Field work of ASUSE 2023-24 is in progress. |
| Survey (TUS) | collect data on time dispositions of household members, is an area of survey introduced in response to demands from various stakeholders. TUS will be canvassed for the first time during the period January to December 2019.TUS provides a framework for measuring time dispositions by the population on different activities. | The survey will be an important source of information on the time spent in unpaid caregiving activities, volunteer work, unpaid domestic service producing activities of the household members. It also provides information on time spent on learning, socializing, leisure activities, self-care activities, | cover the whole of the Indian Union except the villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands Field work of the second Time Use Survey is in |
| Survey (UFS) | Operations Division since 1959 for formation and updating of UFS blocks. From phase 2017-22, UFS | conducted with the objective of formation and updating of UFS blocks for providing updated sampling frame for selection of first stage sampling units in urban sector for use in various Socio-Economic surveys of NSS. | Current phase |

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| Statistics | associated in Improvement of Crop Statistics Scheme (ICS) and helps state governments. in identifying deficiencies in their system of collection of area data and yield rate | | _ |
| Collection of price data for compilation of CPI, CPI(AL/RL), WPI | Consumer Price Index | (Rural/Urban/Combined): Consumer Price Indices measures the changes over time in general level of retail prices of goods and services for the purpose of consumption relevant to the entire urban and rural population in the country that households consume. The current base year for CPI is 2012=100. Price data collection is done in urban area for 1114 quotations per month (1078 by FOD and remaining by State DESs) from 310 towns across the country and in rural area from the markets located in 1181 villages across the country. Price Statistics Division (PSD) of NSO, MoSPI releases the CPI for Rural/Urban/Combined Sectors. each month on the basis of data collected by FOD. Market Survey for base revision of CPI (U) and CPI (R) is being undertaken at field offices. Consumer Price Index (Agricultural | Continuous |
| | (Agricultural and Rural Labourers) | _ | Continuous |

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| | | (CPI) for Agricultural and Rural Labourers. Along with the price data, the daily wage rates of 12 major agricultural and 13 major non-agricultural occupations are also being collected. On the basis of data collected by FOD, Labour Bureau, MoLE compiles the CPI (AL/RL) every month. | |
| | Wholesale Price Index (WPI) | Wholesale Price Index (WPI): WPI is an important measure of average change in the prices of commodities for bulk sale at the level of early stage of transactions. The index basket of the WPI covers commodities falling under the three Major 4 Groups namely Primary Articles, Fuel & Power and Manufactured products. The prices tracked are ex-factory price for manufactured products, agri-market (mandi) price for agricultural commodities and ex-mines prices for minerals. Weights given to each commodity covered in the WPI basket is based on the value of production adjusted for net imports. WPI basket does not cover services. Data collection/transmission activities for 6765 quotations on monthly basis covering 5905 manufacturing units/factories from organized sector is being facilitated by NSO (FOD) on behalf of the Office of the Economic Advisor in the Department of Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce & Industry. The current base year for WPI is 2011-12=100. The Office of Economic Adviser is responsible for compiling and releasing WPI data monthly. | |