| | CHAPTER - 3 | |

PRODUCTION OF ENERGY RESOURCES





CHAPTER 3

Production of Energy Resources

Production

Energy production and consequently its' availability directly affects future production, imports, exports and investment, all of which have a significant impact on a country's economy. Detailed and high-quality energy statistics provide policy makers with the information needed to make informed decisions and evaluate possible trade-offs including planning for global price shocks in energy commodities.

Data on production of energy commodities, and stock changes are also required for monitoring national energy security. In a rapidly changing energy scenario of the world in terms of trade, consumption and stock levels, problems with national energy supply often are perceived threatening to national independence, especially if national energy resources do not meet energy demands.

In Energy Statistics, production is defined as the capture, extraction or manufacture of fuels or energy informs that are ready for general use. Two types of production are distinguished, primary and secondary.

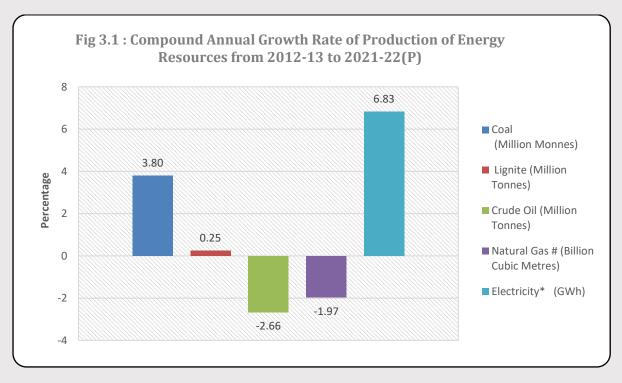
Primary production is the capture or extraction of fuels or energy from natural energy flows, the biosphere and natural reserves of fossil fuels within the national territory in a form suitable for use. Inert matter removed from the extracted fuels and quantities reinjected, flared or vented are not included.

Secondary production is the manufacture of energy products through the process of transformation of other fuels or energy, whether primary or secondary. The quantities of secondary fuels reported as production include quantities lost through venting and flaring during and after production.

This chapter presents the production of different energy resources and electricity.

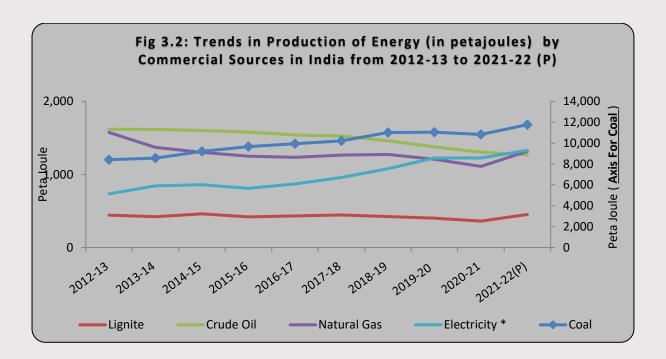
Highlights

- Coal production in the country during the year 2021-22(P) was 778.19 million tonnes as compared to 716.08 million tonnes during 2020-21. There is an increase of 8.67%. The overall trend of production in the last ten years i.e. 2012-13 to 2021-22(P) has shown a steady increase, except 2020-21, with a CAGR of 3.80% (Table 3.1).
- The Lignite production during 2021-22(P) has been increased to 47.49 million tonnes from the figure of 37.90 million tonnes in 2020-21; an increase of 25.32% over 2020-21(Table 3.1).
- However, the production of crude oil for 2021-22 (P) came out to be 29.69 MT as compared to 30.49 MT during FY: 2020-21 which is a decline of 2.63% (Table 3.1).
- The CAGRs for Crude Oil and Natural Gas, w.r.t FY: 2012-13, are having negative CAGR of -2.66% and -1.97% respectively. Electricity (generated from Hydro, Nuclear and other Renewable energy sources) is having the highest CAGR of 6.83%, showing the remarkable growth of Renewable Energy in India (Table 3.1).

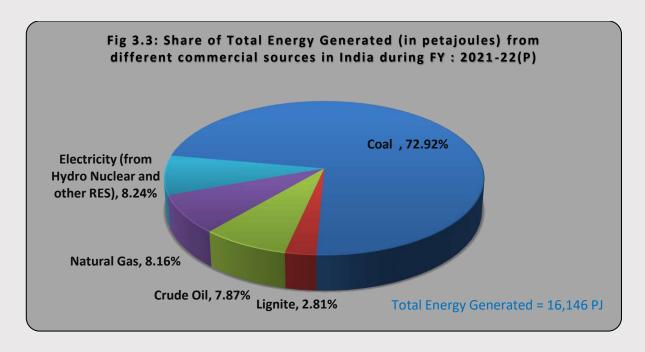


• To allow comparison among and aggregation of production by different sources of energy, production has been converted in terms of energy units, Petajoules. It may be seen that the total production of energy resources has increased from 14,837.60 petajoules during 2020-21 to 16,146.44 petajoules during 2021-22(P), an increase of 8.82% (Table 3.2).

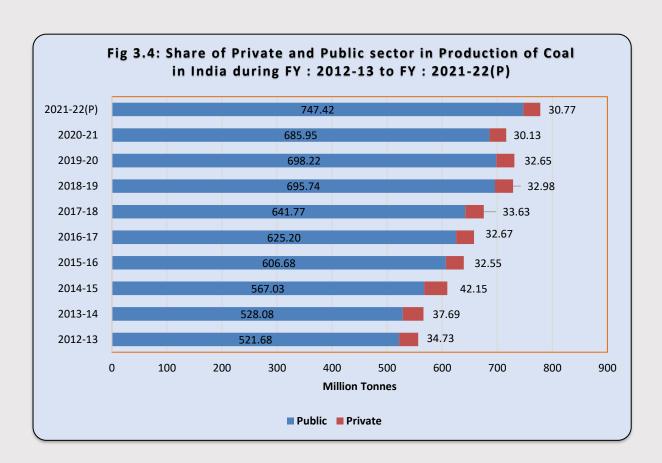
Chapter 3: Production of Energy Resources



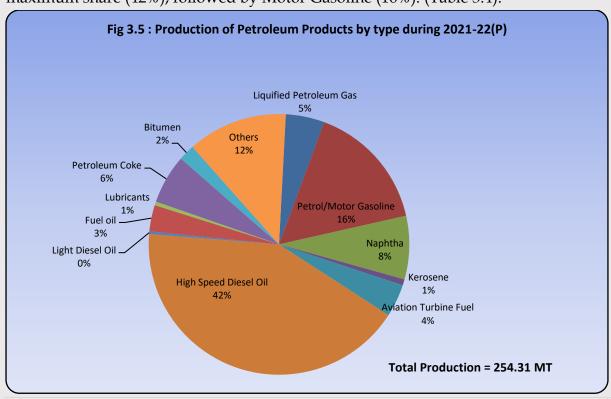
• India still depends heavily on Coal as the major source of energy. During the FY:2021-22(P) energy generated from Coal accounted for about 72.92% of the total generation of energy followed by Electricity (from Hydro, Nuclear and other Renewable energy sources) (8.24%) and Natural Gas (8.16%).



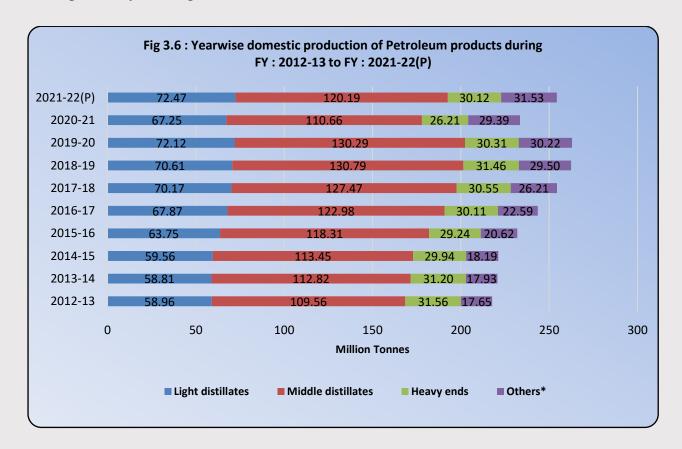
Within Coal, Public sector has the dominating share in production. During FY: 2021-22
 (P) almost 96% of total production has come from public sector. A scenario of performance made by Public and Private sector during past 10 years has been given below,



• In the year 2020-21, the production of Petroleum Products in the country was 233.51 MT as against 254.31 MT during 2021-22(P), an increase of 8.90%. In the total production of Petroleum Products during 2021-22 (P), High Speed Diesel Oil accounted for the maximum share (42%), followed by Motor Gasoline (16%). (Table 3.4).

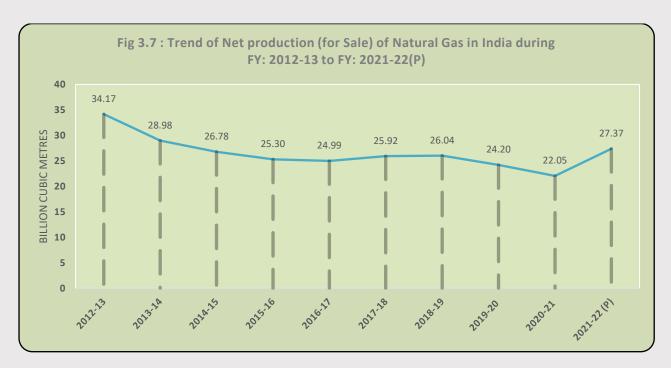


• Again, within the three (3) major categories of Petroleum Products, the *Middle Distillates* (which is having the dominant share of 47.3%, contains items like ATF, Diesel, Kerosene etc.) has experienced a growth of 8.6% during 2021-22, over past year. The Heavy Ends sector also has witnessed the highest growth of 15% over last year. A sectorial-overview during last 10 years is given below,



Net production of Natural Gas for consumption increased from to 27.78 Billion Cubic Meters (BCM) in 2020-21 to 33.13 BCM in 2021-22(P) registering an increase of 19.25%. The Net-Production for sale has also experienced a growth of over 24% in comparison to the last FY. After having a steady decline from the FY: 2012-13, the Net-Production for sale of Natural Gas has increased to 27.37 BCM during FY: 2021-22(P) as compared to 22.05 BCM during FY: 2020-21.

Chapter 3: Production of Energy Resources



- India has experienced a steady growth in terms of gross electricity generation (from Utility) over time except 2020-21. The CAGR grew at a rate of 4.41% in the last ten years from 2012-13 to 2021-22 (P).
- The generation of electricity in India still depends heavily on Coal. During FY:2021-22(P) close to 73% of the electricity has been generated from Steam. However, the RES (Renewable Energy Resources other than Hydro) has shown some good signs as it has registered a growth of 16.07% during FY: 2021-22(P), as compared to 2020-21.

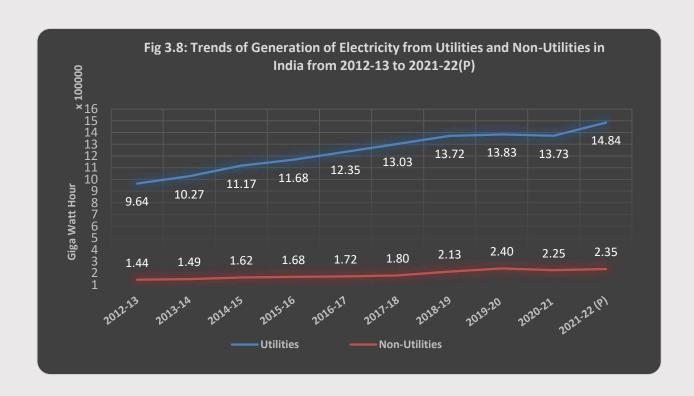


Table 3.1: Yearwise Production of Energy Resources in Physical Units

\$ 7	C	T''4 . (NCII'	C 1 01	N.41 C #	TN 4 4
Year	Coal	Lignite (Million	Crude Oil	Natural Gas #	Electricity*
	(Million	Tonnes)	(Million	(Billion Cubic	(GWh)
	Monnes)		Tonnes)	Metres)	
1	2	3	4	5	6
2012-13	556.40	46.45	37.86	40.68	204,035
2013-14	565.77	44.27	37.79	35.41	234,595
2014-15	609.18	48.27	37.46	33.66	238,908
2015-16	639.23	43.84	36.94	32.25	224,571
2016-17	657.87	45.23	36.01	31.90	241,842
2017-18	675.40	46.64	35.68	32.65	266,308
2018-19	728.72	44.28	34.20	32.87	299,465
2019-20	730.87	42.10	32.17	31.18	340,579
2020-21	716.08	37.90	30.49	28.67	340,576
2021-22(P)	778.19	47.49	29.69	34.02	369,652
Growth rate of 2021- 22 over 2020-21 (%)	8.67	25.32	-2.63	18.66	8.54
CAGR 2012-13 to 2021-22(%)	3.80	0.25	-2.66	-1.97	6.83

(P): provisional

#For Natural Gas Gross Production is reported

Sources:

- 1. Ministry of Coal
- 2. Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas
- 3. Central Electricity Authority

^{*} Electricity from Hydro, Nuclear and other Renewable energy sources.

Table 3.2 : Yearwise Production of Energy Resources in Energy Units

(in Petajoules) @

						(in Petajoules) @
Year	Coal	Lignite	Crude Oil	Natural	Electricity *	Total
				Gas		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7= 2 to 6
2012-13	8,418.36	443.44	1,619.99	1,575.74	734.53	12,792.06
2013-14	8,560.02	422.61	1,616.93	1,371.49	844.54	12,815.59
2014-15	9,216.88	460.79	1,602.92	1,303.72	860.07	13,444.37
2015-16	9,671.55	418.52	1,580.70	1,249.17	808.46	13,728.40
2016-17	9,953.54	431.77	1,540.78	1,235.52	870.63	14,032.24
2017-18	10,218.80	445.26	1,526.90	1,264.67	958.71	14,414.34
2018-19	11,025.50	422.73	1,463.52	1,273.35	1,078.07	14,090.50
2019-20	11,058.12	401.85	1,376.51	1,207.92	1,226.08	15,270.49
2020-21	10,834.34	361.75	1,304.81	1,110.63	1,226.07	14,837.60
2021-22(P)	11,774.01	453.34	1,270.44	1,317.90	1,330.75	16,146.44
Growth rate of						
2021-22 over	8.67	25.32	-2.63	18.66	8.54	8.82
2020-21 (%)						
CAGR 2012-13	3.80	0.25	-2.66	-1.97	6.83	2.62
to 2021-22(%)	2.30	0.25	2.00	1.77	0.00	2.02

⁽P): provisional

Sources:

- 1. Office of Coal Controller, Ministry of Coal
- 2. Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas
- 3. Central Electricity Authority

Table 3.3: Yearwise Production of Coal - Typewise and Sectorwise

(Million Tonnes)

Year		Coal		Public	Private	Total	
Tear	Coking	Non-coking	Total	rubiic	Frivate	Total	
1	2	3	4=(2)+(3)	5	6	7=(5)+(6)	
2011-12	51.66	488.29	539.95	503.84	36.11	539.95	
2012-13	51.58	504.82	556.40	521.68	34.73	556.40	
2013-14	56.82	508.95	565.77	528.08	37.69	565.77	
2014-15	57.45	551.73	609.18	567.03	42.15	609.18	
2015-16	60.89	578.34	639.23	606.68	32.55	639.23	
2016-17	61.66	596.21	657.87	625.20	32.67	657.87	
2017-18	40.15	635.25	675.40	641.77	33.63	675.40	
2018-19	41.13	687.59	728.72	695.74	32.98	728.72	
2019-20	52.94	677.94	730.87	698.22	32.65	730.87	
2020-21	44.79	671.30	716.08	685.95	30.13	716.08	
2021-22(P)	51.70	726.49	778.19	747.42	30.77	778.19	
Growth rate of 2021-							
22 over 2020-21	15.44	8.22	8.67	8.96	2.12	8.67	
(%)							
CAGR 2012-13 to 2021-22(%)	0.03	4.13	3.80	4.08	-1.33	3.80	

(P): Provisional

Source: Office of Coal Controller of India

^{*} Electricity from hydro, Nuclear and other Renwable energy sources.

[@] Conversion factors have been applied to convert production of primary sources of energy into petajoules

Table 3.3 A: Grade Wise Production of Coking Coal by Companies in 2020-21 & 2021-22 (P)

(Million Tonnes)

Grade of		Public	Pr	ivate	All	India	Percentage
Coaking Coal	2020-21	2021-22(P)	2020-21	2021-22(P)	2020-21	2021-22(P)	Change
Steel-I	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.001	0.00	-100.00
Steel-II	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.008	0.00	-100.00
SC-1	0.22	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.219	0.23	2.74
Wash-I	0.20	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.202	0.23	15.84
Wash-II	1.72	1.90	0.65	0.60	2.365	2.50	5.71
Wash-III	1.43	1.27	0.39	0.27	1.820	1.54	-15.44
Wash-IV	22.13	21.93	4.82	3.81	26.943	25.74	-4.46
Wash-V	12.80	20.17	0.00	0.00	12.798	20.17	57.61
SLV1	0.43	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.431	1.29	199.77
All India Total	38.93	47.02	5.85	4.68	44.79	51.70	15.44
Met.Coal	26.42	32.23	5.85	4.68	32.28	36.91	14.35
Non Met	12.51	14.80	0.00	0.00	12.51	14.80	18.26
All India Total	38.93	47.02	5.85	4.68	44.79	51.70	15.44

Source: Office of Coal Controller of India

Table 3.3 B: Grade Wise Production of Non-Coking Coal by Companies in 2020-21 & 2021-22 (P)

(Million Tonnes)

Grade of Non-]	Public	Pr	ivate	All	India	Percentage
Coaking Coal	2020-21	2021-22(P)	2020-21	2021-22(P)	2020-21	2021-22(P)	Change
G1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.003	0.00	-100.00%
G2	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.027	0.01	-66.67%
G3	2.68	2.14	0.00	0.00	2.681	2.14	-20.18%
G4	14.22	12.95	0.00	0.00	14.221	12.95	-8.96%
G5	9.71	8.70	0.00	0.00	9.707	8.70	-10.40%
G6	4.21	5.15	0.05	0.37	4.252	5.51	29.61%
G7	37.45	40.24	0.00	0.33	37.446	40.57	8.33%
G8	47.26	46.26	0.44	0.37	47.702	46.64	-2.24%
G9	36.72	44.78	0.00	0.00	36.723	44.78	21.94%
G10	59.56	52.36	10.33	9.27	69.883	61.63	-11.81%
G11	181.52	208.43	13.18	12.20	194.693	220.63	13.32%
G12	73.17	76.94	0.18	2.45	73.346	79.39	8.24%
G13	80.82	99.70	0.11	0.24	80.935	99.94	23.48%
G14	66.30	81.05	0.00	0.50	66.297	81.55	23.01%
G15	26.20	14.10	0.00	0.00	26.201	14.10	-46.20%
G16	6.79	7.59	0.00	0.00	6.790	7.59	11.81%
G17	0.24	0.01	0.00	0.36	0.236	0.38	58.90%
UNG	0.15		0.00		0.153	0.00	-100.00%
Total Non- Coaking Coal	647.02	700.40	24.28	26.09	671.30	726.49	8.22%

Source: Office of Coal Controller of India

	\																
(Million Tonnes)		Lota	14 (sum of 2 to 13)	203.21	217.73	220.76	221.14	231.92	243.55	254.40	262.36	262.94	233.51	254.31	8.90	1.74	
		Others*	13	14.43	17.65	17.93	18.19	20.62	22.59	26.21	29.50	30.22	29.39	31.53	7.26	99'9	
		Bitumen	12	4.61	4.67	4.79	4.63	5.16	5.19	5.28	5.80	5.24	5.25	5.11	-2.56	1.01	m Coke
ducts	nds	Pet. Coke	11	7.84	10.94	12.07	12.45	13.32	13.94	14.75	14.68	15.53	12.66	15.51	22.54	3.95	ke= Petroleu
oleum Pro	Heavy ends	Lubes	10	1.03	06:0	0.94	0.95	1.04	1.03	1.04	0.95	0.93	1.07	1.17	9.73	3.04	Lubes= Lubricant, Pet.Coke= Petroleum Coke
.4: Yearwise Domestic Production of Petroleum Products		Fuel oil	6	18.43	15.05	13.41	11.92	9.73	96.6	9.49	10.03	8.61	7.24	8.33	14.99	-6.37	Lubes= Lub
c Producti		1DO	∞	0.50	0.40	0.42	0.36	0.43	0.63	0.56	0.70	0.62	0.73	0.81	10.49	8.08	ie Fuel)7
Domesti	stillates	HSD	7	82.88	91.10	93.76	94.43	98.59	102.48	107.90	110.53	111.22	100.44	107.17	6.70	1.82	iation Turbin from 2006-0
Yearwise	Middle distillates	ATF	9	10.06	10.09	11.22	11.10	11.79	13.83	14.59	15.48	15.24	7.09	10.29	45.14	0.22	IG= Motor Gasoline, ATF= Aviation Turbine \$: Includes other Light distillates from 2006-07
Table 3.4:		Kerosene	w	7.86	7.97	7.42	7.56	7.50	6.04	4.41	4.07	3.21	2.39	1.92	-19.93	-14.65	lotor Gasolin ıdes other Li
Tal	Š	Naphtha	4	18.83	19.02	18.51	17.39	17.86	19.95	20.01	19.79	20.68	19.40	19.99	3.05	0.56	Gas, MG= M \$: Inch
	Light distillates	Petrol/MG	3	27.19	30.12	30.28	32.33	35.32	36.59	37.78	38.04	38.62	35.78	40.24	12.46	3.27	LPG=Liquified Petroleum Gas, MG= Motor Gasoline, ATF= Aviation Turbine Fuel \$: Includes other Light distillates from 2006-07
	ŢŢ	LPG	2	9.55	9.82	10.03	9.84	10.57	11.33	12.38	12.79	12.82	12.07	12.24	1.38	2.48	LPG=Liquifi
	÷	Year	1	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22(P)	Growth rate of 2021-22 over 2020-21(%)	CAGR 2012-13 to 2021-22 (%)	(P): Provisional

Source: Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas.

* Others include VGO, Benzene, MTO, CBFS, Sulphur, Waxes, MTBE & Reformate, etc.

Table 3.5: Yearwise Gross and Net Production of Natural Gas

(in Billion Cubic Metres)

Year	Gross Production	Internal Consumption	Flared	Losses	Net Production (For Consumption)	Net Production (For Sales)
1	2	3	4	5	6=2-4-5	7 = 6 - 3
2012-13	40.68	5.40	1.08	0.03	39.57	34.17
2013-14	35.41	5.59	0.77	0.07	34.57	28.98
2014-15	33.66	5.91	0.87	0.10	32.69	26.78
2015-16	32.25	5.83	1.01	0.12	31.12	25.30
2016-17	31.90	5.86	0.98	0.07	30.85	24.99
2017-18	32.65	5.81 0.82 0.09		0.09	31.73	25.92
2018-19	32.87	6.02	0.73	0.09	32.05	26.04
2019-20	31.18	6.05	0.86	0.07	30.26	24.20
2020-21	28.67	5.73	0.82	0.07	27.78	22.05
2021-22 (P)	34.02	5.76	0.81	0.08	33.13	27.37
Growth rate of 2021-22 over 2020-21(%)	18.66	0.48	-1.09	18.93	19.25	24.12
CAGR 2012-13 to 2021-22 (%)	-1.97	0.72	-3.08	11.46	-1.95	-2.44

Note:

P: Provisional

Total may not tally due to rounding off.

Source: Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas.

Table 3.6 (A): Yearwise Gross Generation of Electricity from Utilities

(Giga Watt hour=10^6 Kilo Watt hour)

	Utilities											
Year		The	rmal		Hydro	Nuclear	RES*	Total				
	Steam	Diesel	Gas	Total	пушо	Nuclear	KES .	Total				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9				
2012-13	6,91,341	2,448	66,664	7,60,454	1,13,720	32,866	57,449	9,64,489				
2013-14	7,45,533	1,998	44,522	7,92,054	1,34,848	34,228	65,520	10,26,649				
2014-15	8,35,291	1,576	41,075	8,77,941	1,29,244	36,102	73,563	11,16,850				
2015-16	8,95,340	551	47,122	9,43,013	1,21,377	37,414	65,781	11,67,584				
2016-17	9,44,022	401	49,094	9,93,516	1,22,378	37,916	81,548	12,35,358				
2017-18	9,86,591	348	50,208	10,37,146	1,26,123	38,346	1,01,839	13,03,455				
2018-19	10,22,265	215	49,834	10,72,314	1,34,894	37,813	1,26,759	13,71,779				
2019-20	9,94,197	199	48,443	10,42,838	1,55,769	46,472	1,38,337	13,83,417				
2020-21	9,81,443	224	50,944	10,32,611	1,50,300	43,029	1,47,248	13,73,187				
2021-22 (P)	10,78,581	193	36,016	11,14,790	1,51,627	47,112	1,70,912	14,84,442				
Growth rate of 2021-22 over 2020-21(%)	9.90	-13.59	-29.30	7.96	0.88	9.49	16.07	8.10				
CAGR 2012-13 to 2021-22(%)	4.55	-22.43	-5.97	3.90	2.92	3.67	11.52	4.41				

⁽P)-Provisional

Source: Central Electricity Authority.

Table 3.6 (B): Yearwise Gross Generation of Electricity from Non-Utilities

(Giga Watt hour= 10^6 x Kilo Watt hour)

					(8				
				Non-Utiliti	es			Grand Total	
Year		The	rmal		Uvdno	RES*	Total		
	Steam	Diesel	Gas	Total	Hydro	KES.	Total		
1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
2012-13	1,13,167	8,205	20,769	1,42,141	118	1,750	1,44,010	11,08,499	
2013-14	1,18,178	8,866	19,912	1,46,957	129	1,903	1,48,988	11,75,637	
2014-15	1,28,401	9,720	21,135	1,59,256	145	2,656	1,62,057	12,78,907	
2015-16	1,36,721	8,412	21,083	1,66,216	110	2,046	1,68,372	13,35,956	
2016-17	1,37,588	9,182	22,855	1,69,625	144	2,277	1,72,046	14,07,404	
2017-18	1,43,868	8,107	25,362	1,77,337	112	2,328	1,79,777	14,83,232	
2018-19	1,84,250	5,334	19,545	2,09,130	270	3,674	2,13,074	15,84,853	
2019-20	2,05,546	1,919	25,443	2,32,908	348	6,310	2,39,567	16,22,983	
2020-21	1,93,143	2,504	21,684	2,17,330	339	7,158	2,24,827	15,98,014	
2021-22 (P)	2,04,000	2,100	20,050	2,26,150	350	8,500	2,35,000	17,19,442	
Growth rate of									
2021-22 over	5.62	-16.14	-7.53	4.06	3.21	18.75	4.52	7.60	
2020-21(%)									
CAGR 2012-13 to 2021-22(%)	6.77	-14.05	-0.39	5.30	12.82	19.19	5.59	5.00	
W 2021-22(70)	<u> </u>	l		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			

(P)-Provisional

Source : Central Electricity Authority.

^{*} RES: Renewable Energy Sources excluding hydro

^{*} RES: Renewable Energy Sources excluding hydro