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- *Utilisation of family planning :
NSS 42nd round (1986-87)
- **Particulars of dwelling units :
NSS 43rd round (1987-88)
- ***Third annual survey on consumer
expenditure and employment &
unemployment : NSS 45th round
(1989-90)



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National Sample Survey Organisation
Department of Statistics
Ministry of Planning
Government of India

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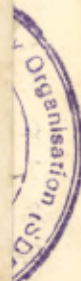
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PART I

NOTES

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HIGHLIGHTS OF NEXT ISSUE :

Selected important results of the fourth quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment for 9 states* :
NSS 43rd round (July 1987-June 1988)

*Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu and Kashmir, Karnataka and Kerala.

UTILISATION OF FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

NSS 42ND ROUND (JULY 1986--JUNE 1987)

Section One

INTRODUCTION

1.1 The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) conducted an enquiry on social consumption in its 42nd round survey operation during July 1986 to June 1987. Almost a similar enquiry was also undertaken earlier in the NSS 35th round (1980-81), but the results of this survey could not be released. The object of these surveys was essentially to make an assessment of benefits derived by various sections of the society from public expenditure incurred by the government for providing them the necessary educational facilities, health and maternity care, family planning incentives, etc. Information on the various aspects of utilisation of maternity and child care facilities, family planning action programmes, public distribution system, etc. was collected through a specially designed survey schedule. On the basis of the results obtained from the data collected through this schedule, three reports have already been released. The first¹ report was on availability of drinking water, electricity and facilities of disinfection of dwellings, the second report² was on utilisation of public distribution system while the third³ was on child and maternity care. The present report, based on central sample, provides some results on utilisation of the various facilities relating to family planning services availed by eligible couples.

1.2 Collection of information on the utilisation of family planning action programmes was initiated though in the 16th round of the National Sample Survey (NSS), the enquiry was repeated in the 22nd, 23rd and 28th rounds prior to 35th round.

1.3 The information on practice of family planning was collected by interviewing the male partner of the eligible couples. In case of non-availability of male partner, attempt was made to collect the data from the female partner. While studying the results on utilisation of family planning services one should keep in

mind the limitation of the data on 'family planning' about which many informants are sensitive and do not like to confide fully in others.

1.4 *Content of the report* : Section Two of this report briefly describes the scope, coverage and sample design of the survey. Concepts and definitions adopted for the survey are presented in Section Three while some important summary results for all-India and in certain cases for the different states and union territories are given in Section Four. Detailed tables are, however, given in Part II. It may be noted that while the tables on percentage of couples ever sterilised, sterilised during last 365 days preceding the date of survey and received family planning services are given for each state/union territory and all-India, other detailed tables presented in Part II relate to all-India only. However, some key results for each state and union territory have been presented in the section giving the summary results.

Section Two

SCOPE, COVERAGE AND SAMPLE DESIGN

2.1 *Geographical coverage of the survey* : The geographical coverage of the NSS 42nd round survey was extended over the whole of rural and urban areas of Indian union excepting Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and rural areas of Nagaland.

2.2 *Sample design* : The sample design adopted in the survey was a two-stage stratified one. The first stage units (f.s.u.) were villages in the rural sector and the urban frame survey blocks in the urban sector. The second stage units were households in both the sectors.

2.3 *Stratification* : In the rural area of each state and union territory, each district with 1981 census rural population less than 1.8 million formed a single stratum. Districts having rural population exceeding

1. A profile of households and population by economic class and social group and availability of drinking water, electricity and disinfection of dwellings, NSS 42nd round (July 1986--June 1987), Sarvekshana, Issue No. 43, Vol. XIII, No. 4 (April--June 1990).
2. Utilisation of public distribution system, NSS 42nd round (July 1986--June 1987), Sarvekshana, Issue No. 43, Vol. XIII, No. 4 (April--June 1990).
3. Child and maternity care, NSS 42nd round (July 1986--June 1987), Sarvekshana, Issue No. 47, Vol. XIV, No. 4 (April--June, 1991).

1.8 million were divided into a number of basic strata by grouping contiguous tehsils such that no basic stratum had more than 1.8 million population. In the urban area, the strata were formed according to the population size (1981 census population) of each city/town in a state/union territory.

2.4 Selection of first stage units : The sample villages were selected with probability proportional to population with replacement in the form of two independent interpenetrating sub-samples (IPNS). The sample blocks were selected by simple random sampling without replacement (SRSWOR) also in the form of two IPNS.

2.5 Selection of second stage units (households) : In general, a sample of 4 households as second stage units was selected following the procedure of circular systematic sampling from each first stage units in both rural and urban sectors. However, if there was a shortfall, in the required number of sample households for canvassing the schedule on survey of "Ex-Armed Forces Personnel" in the frame, additional households were selected for collection of data on "Utilisation of Family Planning Services" depending on the shortfall. As a result, the average number of households selected for each f.s.u. may be little over 4.

2.6 Allocation of first stage units : Considering the field strength available for survey in the various regions, a total sample of 8546 villages and 4656 blocks was selected for the survey. This was allocated to each state and union territory (U.T.) in proportion to the net investigator strength of Field Operations Division (FOD), NSSO in the state/U.T. The state/U.T. sample was further allocated to the rural and urban sectors within each state/U.T. in proportion to its rural and urban population. The state level rural/urban sample size was then allocated to the rural/urban strata in proportion to population (rural and urban as the case may be). The number of sample villages

and urban blocks allotted and the households surveyed by the NSSO is given in statement 2.1.

2.7 Estimation Procedure : The estimation procedure adopted in the 42nd round is based on weighted sum of sample values. Denoting by \hat{Y} , the unbiased estimate of Y (the state total of any variate), it is given by

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_i \frac{D_{si}}{P_{si} e_{si}} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

for rural sector

$$\text{and } \hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_i D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \dots\dots\dots(p)$$

for urban sector

Where s, i and j stand for stratum, village/block and household respectively,

P_s , N_s and n_s denote the population, number villages/blocks in the frame and number of villages/blocks in the sth stratum respectively; D_{si} , e_{si} denote the number of hamlet groups/sub-blocks formed, number of census villages contained in large revenue village and the population for the ith sample village in the sth stratum respectively;

H_{si} and h_{si} stand for total number of households listed and number of sample households for the ith village/block in the sth stratum respectively and finally y_{sij} is the observed value of the variate for the jth sample households in the village/block belonging to the sth stratum. Estimate of ratio of two characteristics is given by the ratio of the estimates of their aggregates.

STATEMENT 2.1 : NUMBER OF SAMPLE VILLAGES/BLOCKS ALLOTTED AND NUMBER OF SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS SURVEYED FOR EACH STATE/U.T. AND ALL-INDIA.

state/u.t.	rural		urban	
	number of sample villages allotted	number of sample households surveyed	number of sample blocks allotted	number of sample households surveyed
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	624	3632	344	1966
Assam	368	2148	120	700
Bihar	816	4687	216	1181
Gujarat	280	1673	232	1376
Haryana	128	595	64	333
Himachal Pradesh	208	1052	48	233
Jammu & Kashmir	328	1722	152	817
Karnataka	344	2021	240	1276
Kerala	336	1778	144	693
Madhya Pradesh	656	3797	312	1786
Maharashtra	576	3345	552	3164
Manipur	120	708	72	426
Meghalaya	128	739	48	268
Nagaland	—	—	32	192
Orissa	368	2131	120	691
Punjab	272	1237	192	955
Rajasthan	368	2088	176	1028
Sikkim	40	227	24	120
Tamil Nadu	480	2752	432	2405
Tripura	208	943	48	171
Uttar Pradesh	1064	6004	456	2613
West Bengal	520	2968	352	1964
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	80	458	32	191
Arunachal Pradesh	30*	—	20	—
Chandigarh	4	18	16	72
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	32	192	—	—
Delhi	8	35	120	634
Goa, Daman & Diu	16	95	16	89
Lakshadweep	16	86	12	66
Mizoram	112	601	48	236
Pondicherry	16	95	16	90
All-India	8546	47827	4656	25736

Section Three

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

3.1 Some of the concepts and definitions adopted during 42nd round survey on social consumption are explained below.

3.2 *Household* : A household is a group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen. A boarding house or a hotel or a hostel is treated as a cluster of households where each individual boarder (with his dependent or guests) forms a separate household by itself. Households maintained and provided food directly by government, such as those in prisons, police quarters, cantonments, hospitals, asylums, relief camps are, however, excluded from the scope of the survey.

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3.3 *Household size* : The total number of members in a household is considered to be the household size.

3.4 *Eligible couple* : An eligible couple, for the purpose of this survey, is a married couple, the female partner of which is currently and effectively married, is in the age group 15-49 years and is a member of the household on the date of survey. In case of polygamy, each wife is considered to form a separate couple. In case of polyandry, the wife forms one couple with the husband with whom she is currently having marital relationship as her male partner.

3.5 *Fractile group* : The fractile-groups used in this report are, in general, the percentile groups of 0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, 60-70, 70-80, 80-90 and 90-100. For table 1 of Part II, 12 fract-

groups are used with the first two and last two fractile-groups each accounting for 5 per cent of the households. All the households belonging to a state/U.T. are arranged in the ascending order of their monthly per capita consumer expenditure and then the corresponding estimated number of households are cumulated to arrive at the total estimated number of households (M). The percentile groups are then worked out as 10 groups each accounting for approximately 10 per cent of households (i.e. approximately M/10 households).

3.6 *Adult female education level* : Adult female education level relates to the highest education level among all adult female members of the household. The levels are—illiterate, literate but below primary, primary but below secondary and secondary & above.

Section Four

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

4.1 The survey results revealed that there were about 107.1 million eligible couples in rural India and about 29.2 million eligible couples in urban India during 1986-87. About 25 per cent of such rural couples and nearly 38 per cent of the urban couples were protected (either accepted sterilisation or currently practising any one of the family planning methods) under family planning services. The relatively higher couple protection rate (percentage of eligible couples protected from child birth due to adoption of family planning methods including sterilisation) in the urban sector might be due to the better awareness of family planning services and availability of family planning service facilities in the urban sector compared to rural sector.

STATEMENT 4.1 : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF ELIGIBLE COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR, AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES BY FRACTILE-GROUP FOR RURAL AND URBAN INDIA

fractile-group	rural				urban			
	sterilised during last year	ever sterilised	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)	sterilised during last year	ever sterilised	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
0—10	2.46	19.09 (84.13)	3.60 (15.87)	22.69 (100.00)	2.89	24.27 (82.08)	5.30 (17.92)	29.57 (100.00)
10—20	1.92	18.61 (86.76)	2.84 (13.24)	21.45 (100.00)	2.53	22.62 (81.22)	5.59 (18.78)	27.85 (100.00)
20—30	2.01	20.25 (86.06)	3.28 (13.94)	23.53 (100.00)	1.82	26.83 (79.92)	6.74 (20.08)	33.57 (100.00)
30—40	1.70	20.29 (85.61)	3.41 (14.39)	23.70 (100.00)	2.21	28.22 (77.89)	8.01 (22.11)	36.23 (100.00)
40—50	1.29	20.12 (83.73)	3.91 (16.27)	24.03 (100.00)	1.42	26.26 (70.50)	10.99 (29.50)	37.25 (100.00)
50—60	2.07	21.37 (82.26)	4.61 (17.74)	25.93 (100.00)	1.63	27.40 (70.13)	11.67 (29.87)	39.07 (100.00)
60—70	1.62	20.95 (83.27)	4.21 (16.73)	25.16 (100.00)	1.45	25.84 (63.83)	14.64 (36.17)	40.48 (100.00)
70—80	0.92	19.56 (76.86)	5.89 (23.14)	25.45 (100.00)	1.47	29.30 (68.14)	13.70 (31.86)	43.00 (100.00)
80—90	1.24	23.40 (79.97)	5.86 (20.03)	29.26 (100.00)	0.62	28.19 (61.43)	17.70 (38.57)	45.89 (100.00)
90—100	1.13	24.11 (73.53)	8.68 (26.47)	32.79 (100.00)	1.50	23.20 (54.03)	19.74 (45.97)	42.94 (100.00)
all	1.70	20.55 (82.46)	4.37 (17.54)	24.92 (100.00)	1.84	26.16 (71.13)	10.62 (28.87)	36.78 (100.00)

NOTE : 1. CPR—Couple Protection Rate.

2. The figures in parenthesis give the percentage share of CPR by the respective family planning method.

4.2 *Couple protection rate and level of living* : Household monthly per capita consumption expenditure is a good indicator of the level of living. In order to study the relationship between couple protection rate and level of living the couple protection rates for different fractile-groups (derived on the basis of household per capita consumer expenditure) are given in statement 4.1 separately for rural and urban India. It is observed that the couple protection rate increases with the increase in household per capita expenditure in both the rural and urban sectors of India. In the lowest fractile-group, however, the couple protection rate was higher than that of next fractile-group. It is

also observed that the couple protection rate through family planning services other than sterilisation increases with increasing levels of household per capita expenditure in both the sectors. During 1986-87 in rural India, this rate increased from about 3 per cent in the fractile-group 10—20 to about 9 per cent in the highest fractile group. In urban India, it increased from about 5 per cent in the lowest group to about 20 per cent in the highest group. On the other hand, the percentage of couples ever sterilised remained almost constant over the fractile-groups. The urban couple protection rate is observed to be consistently higher than the rural rate in all the fractile-groups.

STATEMENT 4.2 : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF ELIGIBLE COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR, AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES BY SOCIAL GROUP FOR RURAL AND URBAN INDIA

social group	rural				urban			
	sterilised during last year	ever sterilised	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)	sterilised during last year	ever sterilised	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
scheduled tribe	1.62	19.57 (88.55)	2.53 (11.45)	22.10 (100.00)	3.26	24.05 (80.70)	5.75 (19.30)	29.80 (100.00)
scheduled caste	1.81	18.50 (85.06)	3.22 (14.94)	21.72 (100.00)	2.41	25.25 (75.44)	8.22 (24.56)	33.47 (100.00)
neo-buddhist	1.22	26.75 (88.75)	3.39 (11.25)	30.14 (100.00)	1.72	49.89 (87.82)	6.92 (12.18)	56.81 (100.00)
others	1.69	21.24 (81.10)	4.95 (18.90)	26.19 (100.00)	1.70	26.26 (70.12)	11.19 (29.88)	37.45 (100.00)
all	1.70	20.55 (82.46)	4.37 (17.54)	24.92 (100.00)	1.84	26.16 (71.13)	10.62 (28.87)	36.78 (100.00)

Note ; 1. CPR—Couple Protection Rate.

2. The figures in parentheses give the percentage share of CPR by the respective family planning method.

4.3 *Couple protection rate and social group* : The couple protection rate by social group is presented in statement 4.2 for rural and urban India. The rate was highest among neo-Buddhists being about 30 per cent and 57 percent respectively in rural and urban sectors.

It was lowest among the scheduled tribes and scheduled castes—about 22 per cent in rural India and among the schedule tribes—about 30 per cent in urban India. It may be seen that the variation in the couple protection rate among social groups was considerably

higher in urban India compared to rural India. As for the relative popularity of different couple protection methods, the sterilisation method was found to be favoured by a much higher percentage of protected couples—about 82 per cent in the rural sector and

71 per cent in the urban sector. Among the social groups, one which favoured the sterilisation method most was the neo-Buddhists. The lowest preference for sterilisation was, however, shown by 'others'.

STATEMENT 4.3 : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF ELIGIBLE COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR, AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES BY ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION LEVEL FOR RURAL AND URBAN INDIA.

adult female education level	rural				urban			
	sterilised during last year	ever sterilised	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)	sterilised during last year	ever sterilised	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
illiterate	1.62	17.92 (84.29)	3.34 (15.71)	21.26 (100.00)	1.90	20.71 (77.19)	6.12 (22.81)	26.83 (100.00)
literate but below primary	1.86	24.81 (84.39)	4.59 (15.61)	29.40 (100.00)	1.66	28.25 (81.18)	6.55 (18.82)	34.80 (100.00)
primary but below secondary	2.07	27.44 (80.90)	6.48 (19.10)	33.92 (100.00)	2.23	31.03 (74.75)	10.48 (25.25)	41.51 (100.00)
secondary and above	1.37	24.07 (70.86)	9.90 (29.14)	33.97 (100.00)	1.30	26.65 (60.93)	17.09 (39.07)	43.74 (100.00)
all	1.70	20.55 (82.46)	4.37 (17.54)	24.92 (100.00)	1.84	26.16 (71.13)	10.62 (28.87)	36.78 (100.00)

Note : 1. CPR—Couple Protection Rate.

2. The figures in parentheses give the percentage share of CPR by the respective family planning method.

4.4 Couple protection rate and adult female education level : From the results on couple protection rate cross classified by adult female education level given in statement 4.3, it is observed that there is a positive association between the couple protection rate and adult female education level. The couple pro-

tection rate is relatively higher in higher adult female education level in both rural and urban India. The rural rate was about 34 per cent in the "secondary and above" and 21 per cent in the 'illiterate' level. The corresponding urban rates were about 44 per cent and 27 per cent respectively.

STATEMENT 4.4 : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF ELIGIBLE COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR, AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS OF EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

state/U.T.	rural			urban				
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning services	ever sterilised or received family planning services (CPR)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	32.28	2.89	0.51	32.79	39.61	2.03	3.14	42.75
Assam	11.02	0.35	22.66	33.68	11.82	0.67	24.41	36.23
Bihar	6.40	0.63	4.92	11.32	16.14	1.03	8.33	24.47
Gujarat	34.45	1.88	5.86	40.31	28.86	1.13	14.08	42.94
Haryana	26.21	1.74	7.22	33.43	28.21	4.90	15.31	43.52
Himachal Pradesh	29.68	3.22	8.48	38.16	33.58	3.35	17.74	51.32
Jammu & Kashmir	11.89	1.62	3.53	15.42	25.84	2.04	10.36	36.20
Karnataka	30.87	3.20	2.45	33.32	27.35	2.54	4.27	31.62
Kerala	36.85	2.71	6.71	43.56	37.70	3.19	10.72	48.42
Madhya Pradesh	22.29	2.00	1.50	23.79	26.50	2.05	8.80	35.30
Maharashtra	38.59	2.40	5.95	44.54	37.34	2.36	11.80	49.14
Manipur	1.45	—	3.25	4.70	3.62	—	7.25	10.87
Meghalaya	1.52	—	3.64	5.16	9.18	—	6.81	15.99
Nagaland	Rural area not surveyed				1.21	—	26.33	27.54
Orissa	1.87	1.22	0.62	2.49	23.61	1.22	4.68	28.28
Punjab	28.00	1.89	11.62	39.62	26.44	1.17	22.49	48.92
Rajasthan	17.53	1.49	3.67	21.20	23.55	1.43	7.42	30.97
Sikkim	8.25	—	8.72	16.97	16.13	2.98	18.26	34.39
Tamil Nadu	26.99	2.44	1.22	28.21	28.05	2.23	3.41	31.46
Tripura	3.95	0.66	9.90	13.85	9.04	0.32	17.77	26.81
Uttar Pradesh	8.33	0.70	3.17	11.50	12.18	0.98	9.67	21.85
West Bengal	19.10	2.32	7.98	27.08	19.52	1.50	19.98	39.50
Andaman & Nicobar Island	23.72	2.57	3.42	27.14	21.52	3.75	3.97	25.27
Chandigarh	11.88	11.88	15.29	27.17	25.08	—	22.34	47.42
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	29.34	—	6.48	35.82	—No urban area—			
Delhi	4.78	—	47.00	51.78	21.04	2.06	31.64	52.68
Goa, Daman & Diu	27.32	0.24	7.51	34.83	24.54	2.23	4.22	28.76
Lakshadweep	6.55	—	—	6.55	7.61	—	—	7.61
Mizoram	12.85	0.92	7.16	20.01	27.74	1.34	3.40	31.14
Pondicherry	31.18	3.52	3.53	34.71	29.45	—	11.07	40.52
All India	20.55	1.70	4.37	24.92	26.16	1.84	10.62	36.78

Note : CPR—Couple Protection Rate.

4.5 Regional variation of couple protection rate : With a view to studying the regional pattern of the couple protection rate, the relevant result are presented in statement 4.4. It can be seen from the statement that couple protection rate varied considerably over the states and sectors. In the rural areas, the rate was highest in Delhi (52 per cent) followed by Maharashtra (45 per cent), Kerala (44 per cent) and Gujarat (40 per cent). In urban sector, the states

with relatively higher rates were Himachal Pradesh (51 per cent), Maharashtra (49 per cent), Punjab (49 per cent) and Kerala (48 per cent). On the other hand, the lowest couple protection rate prevailed in rural Orissa (2 per cent) followed by rural Manipur (5 per cent), rural Meghalaya (5 per cent), rural Lakshadweep (7 per cent) and urban Lakshadweep (8 per cent).

TABLE 4.5R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

state /u.t.	category of service received						all
	from govt.			from others			
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Andhra Pradesh	77.54	3.98	8.01	5.30	5.17	100.00	
Assam	44.37	55.63	—	—	—	100.00	
Bihar	74.54	22.43	—	3.03	—	100.00	
Gujarat	79.56	10.27	4.25	5.92	—	100.00	
Haryana	67.96	24.53	—	7.51	—	100.00	
Himachal Pradesh	58.20	36.09	3.06	2.65	—	100.00	
Jammu & Kashmir	66.76	33.24	—	—	—	100.00	
Karnataka	76.04	14.16	1.36	5.36	3.08	100.00	
Kerala	64.03	14.14	5.56	2.70	13.57	100.00	
Madhya Pradesh	71.98	13.13	2.57	10.97	1.35	100.00	
Maharashtra	54.52	33.97	3.27	8.24	—	100.00	
Manipur	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Meghalaya	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Orissa	87.82	9.47	—	—	2.71	100.00	
Punjab	90.09	5.87	—	—	4.04	100.00	
Rajasthan	72.65	16.12	2.28	—	8.95	100.00	
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tamil Nadu	76.56	15.55	3.68	2.13	2.08	100.00	
Tripura	82.00	18.00	—	—	—	100.00	
Uttar Pradesh	63.34	23.31	1.49	9.72	2.14	100.00	
West Bengal	70.64	17.83	7.06	2.40	2.07	100.00	
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	68.87	28.12	3.01	—	—	100.00	
Chandigarh	100.00	—	—	—	—	100.00	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Delhi	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Goa, Daman & Diu	100.00	—	—	—	—	100.00	
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	
Mizoram	48.56	51.44	—	—	—	100.00	
Pondicherry	76.31	23.69	—	—	—	100.00	
All-India	71.38	16.75	3.69	5.14	3.06	100.00	

—Rural area not surveyed—

STATEMENT 4.5U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

URBAN

state/u.t.	category of service received						
	from govt.			from others		all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Andhra Pradesh	56.51	14.47	14.72	5.99	8.31	100.00	
Assam	18.63	47.16	34.21	—	—	100.00	
Bihar	17.37	27.29	31.36	23.98	—	100.00	
Gujarat	61.90	18.68	2.40	8.55	8.47	100.00	
Haryana	100.00	—	—	—	—	100.00	
Himachal Pradesh	30.68	14.16	—	—	55.16	100.00	
Jammu & Kashmir	46.72	42.77	10.51	—	—	100.00	
Karnataka	69.13	21.11	—	2.96	6.80	100.00	
Kerala	45.94	36.92	8.31	—	8.83	100.00	
Madhya Pradesh	59.74	21.01	6.23	9.75	3.27	100.00	
Maharashtra	47.01	29.19	—	16.31	7.49	100.00	
Manipur	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Meghalaya	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Orissa	53.41	36.21	—	10.38	—	100.00	
Punjab	100.00	—	—	—	—	100.00	
Rajasthan	81.50	6.32	—	12.18	—	100.00	
Sikkim	100.00	—	—	—	—	100.00	
Tamil Nadu	62.80	6.52	15.68	1.11	13.89	100.00	
Tripura	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00	
Uttar Pradesh	50.33	24.71	9.94	15.02	—	100.00	
West Bengal	32.08	27.71	40.21	—	—	100.00	
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	57.39	42.61	—	—	—	100.00	
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	No Urban area				—
Delhi	30.80	28.87	40.33	—	—	100.00	
Goa, Daman & Diu	—	40.42	—	—	59.58	100.00	
Mizoram	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00	
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	
All-India	55.91	20.32	10.71	7.12	5.94	100.00	

4.6 *Category of service received by sterilised couples*
The percentage distribution of couples who were sterilised during last 365 days preceeding the date of survey by category of service received is presented in statements 4.5R and 4.5U for rural and urban sector respectively of each state and all-India. For the purpose of classification five categories of service were used, namely, with incentive from govt., free from govt., on payment from govt., free from other agencies and on payment from other agencies. It is seen that in rural India nearly 92 per cent of the couples who were sterilised during last 365 days preceeding the date of survey received the services from 'government'

agency. The corresponding proportion in urban India was 87 per cent. Further, 71 per cent of the rural sterilised couples received the services with incentive from government as compared to the corresponding proportion of 56 per cent for urban sterilised couples. Almost similar features are also observed in the rural and urban sectors of most of the states. However, in urban Himachal Pradesh and urban Goa, Daman & Diu, the percentage of sterilised couples who received the service on payment from other agencies was very high being about 55 per cent in Himachal Pradesh and 60 per cent in Goa, Daman & Diu.

STATEMENT 4.6 : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO SOUGHT AND RECEIVED AND DID NOT RECEIVE THE DIFFERENT FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS BY ITEMS SOUGHT FOR RURAL AND URBAN INDIA.

family planning tool	rural		urban	
	received family planning service	sought but did not receive the service	received family planning service	sought but did not receive the service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1. I. U. D.	0.88	3.95	2.49	3.13
2. oral pills	1.50	3.99	2.99	3.26
3. nirodh	4.50	3.99	10.91	3.26
4. diaphragm	0.57	3.95	0.59	3.26
5. spermicide	0.51	3.95	0.56	3.27
6. M.T.P.	0.54	3.93	0.54	3.23
7. injection	0.60	3.99	0.71	3.24

4.7 *Receipt, of family planning tools* : Percentage of non-sterilised couples who sought and received various family planning tools and also those who did not receive are given in statement 4.6 separately for rural and urban sectors of India. Of the different family planning tools, 'nirodh' was observed to be the most preferred method by both rural and urban couples to control fertility followed by 'oral pills'. In urban areas, 'IUD' is also seen to be equally preferred as 'oral pills'. The percentage of non-sterilised couples who received 'nirodh' was about 5 in rural India and

about 11 in urban India. Compared to 'nirodh', only about 2-3 per cent of the non-sterilised couples sought and received 'oral pills'. Almost a similar proportion of non-sterilised couples received 'IUD' in urban India. The other family planning tools, viz. 'diaphragm', 'spermicide', 'MTP' and 'injection' were sought and received by only less than 1 per cent of the non-sterilised couples. It is also seen that about 3-4 per cent of the non-sterilised couples sought but did not receive the various services,

STATEMENT 4.7 : PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND TYPE OF FAMILY PLANNING TOOL RECEIVED FOR RURAL AND URBAN INDIA

family planning tool	category of service received					
	from govt.			from others		
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
rural						
1. I. U. D.	7.95	31.82	5.68	13.64	40.91	100.00
2. oral pills	3.33	21.33	19.33	10.67	45.34	100.00
3. nirodh	2.67	13.56	35.11	8.00	40.66	100.00
4. diaphragm	3.51	22.81	3.51	14.04	56.13	100.00
5. spermicide	3.92	21.57	1.96	13.73	58.82	100.00
6. M.T.P.	5.57	22.22	3.70	12.96	55.55	100.00
7. injection	5.00	21.67	3.33	15.00	55.00	100.00
urban						
1. I. U. D.	11.65	32.93	18.47	7.23	29.72	100.00
2. oral pills	2.34	12.37	26.76	5.02	53.51	100.00
3. nirodh	2.66	8.07	33.18	5.04	51.05	100.00
4. diaphragm	3.39	37.29	5.08	8.47	45.77	100.00
5. spermicide	3.57	30.36	10.71	10.71	44.65	100.00
6. M.T.P.	5.56	31.48	9.26	11.11	42.59	100.00
7. injection	4.23	26.76	12.68	11.27	45.06	100.00

4.8 *Category of service received by non-sterilised couples in respect of different family planning tools received* : The percentage distribution of non-sterilised couples who received different family planning tools by category of service received is given for each type of family planning tools in statement 4.7 separately for rural and urban India. It is observed that more than 50 per cent of non-sterilised couples received the requirement from non-government agencies in both rural and urban India except in the case of 'nirodh' and 'IUD'. Also, most of these couples received the services on payment from the non-government agencies. On the other hand, among the recipients of services from government agencies most of them received their requirement free except nirodh and oral pills which received mainly on payment.

3-65 Statistics/92

4.9 In statements 4.8R and 4.8U, the percentage of non-sterilised couples who sought and received and also did not receive the family planning tools are given for rural and urban sectors of states and all-India separately for each tool. In addition, the percentage distribution of non-sterilised couples who received various family planning tools by category of service received is given for each family planning tool. A considerable variation in the percentage of non-sterilised couples who sought and received the services over the states and sectors was observed for each family planning tools. Further, the distribution of non-sterilised couples who received the services over the categories if service received varied substantially over the states and sectors.

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

FP TOOL : I.U.D.

RURAL

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.29	4.40	—	13.79	—	—	86.21	100.00
Assam	5.87	8.44	3.07	6.30	2.56	4.77	83.30	100.00
Bihar	0.37	4.48	21.62	—	—	5.41	72.97	100.00
Gujarat	0.80	0.21	10.00	45.00	—	—	45.00	100.00
Haryana	0.85	0.18	—	37.65	16.47	25.88	20.00	100.00
Himachal Pradesh	1.08	32.22	11.11	—	6.48	82.41	—	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	0.59	0.15	13.56	—	11.86	38.98	35.60	100.00
Karnataka	1.16	4.38	18.10	7.76	6.90	48.28	18.96	100.00
Kerala	1.72	3.82	15.70	50.58	—	4.07	29.65	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	0.36	0.73	19.44	—	11.11	11.11	58.34	100.00
Maharashtra	2.12	4.02	10.85	33.49	13.21	16.51	25.94	100.00
Manipur	0.96	10.39	—	54.17	14.58	31.25	—	100.00
Meghalaya	1.47	2.19	—	17.01	—	64.63	18.36	100.00
Nagaland				Rural area not surveyed				
Orissa	0.44	19.64	38.64	34.09	—	—	27.27	100.00
Punjab	2.44	0.95	6.56	64.75	—	—	28.69	100.00
Rajasthan	1.23	0.37	—	10.57	4.88	16.26	68.29	100.00
Sikkim	0.46	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Tamil Nadu	0.39	1.55	10.26	25.64	28.20	—	35.90	100.00
Tripura	1.29	16.08	17.83	7.75	13.95	60.47	—	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.65	2.51	1.54	72.30	—	24.62	1.54	100.00
West Bengal	0.50	4.19	8.00	28.00	30.00	—	34.00	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	2.38	3.64	—	41.18	—	—	58.82	100.00
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7.60	—	21.71	78.29	—	—	—	100.00
Delhi	3.69	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Goa, Daman & Diu	6.98	51.66	—	60.03	—	—	39.97	100.00
Mizoram	7.47	0.94	2.54	81.26	—	16.20	—	100.00
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	1.08	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
All-India	0.88	3.95	7.95	31.82	5.68	13.64	40.91	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : ORAL PILLS

RURAL

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received						
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all	
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Andhra Pradesh	0.42	4.41	—	19.05	9.52	—	71.43	100.00	
Assam	12.66	7.03	3.95	7.27	30.88	5.61	52.29	100.00	
Bihar	0.84	4.70	—	—	19.05	—	80.95	100.00	
Gujarat	1.31	0.36	8.40	35.88	—	—	55.72	100.00	
Haryana	0.74	0.18	—	22.97	48.65	—	28.38	100.00	
Himachal Pradesh	2.94	32.05	4.08	7.14	—	79.94	8.84	100.00	
Jammu & Kashmir	1.04	0.15	—	44.23	16.35	—	39.42	100.00	
Karnataka	2.08	4.47	11.06	15.87	7.21	26.92	38.94	100.00	
Kerala	1.79	3.78	—	27.93	22.35	—	49.72	100.00	
Madhya Pradesh	0.55	0.70	5.45	12.73	23.64	10.91	47.27	100.00	
Maharashtra	2.67	3.83	—	37.45	21.35	14.61	26.59	100.00	
Manipur	0.16	10.39	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Meghalaya	1.49	2.17	—	6.04	8.72	67.12	18.12	100.00	
Nagaland				Rural area not surveyed—					
Orissa	0.24	19.80	33.33	—	—	—	66.67	100.00	
Punjab	0.54	0.69	—	14.82	61.11	—	24.07	100.00	
Rajasthan	1.53	0.40	1.96	9.15	11.11	18.95	58.83	100.00	
Sikkim	7.98	—	10.03	89.97	—	—	—	100.00	
Tamil Nadu	0.36	1.55	—	44.44	—	—	55.56	100.00	
Tripura	5.38	16.81	5.95	—	35.13	15.99	42.92	100.00	
Uttar Pradesh	0.98	2.48	4.08	59.18	5.10	14.29	17.35	100.00	
West Bengal	3.07	4.81	0.33	8.64	27.91	8.64	54.48	100.00	
Andaman & Nicobar Island	—	3.64	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7.65	—	11.50	88.50	—	—	—	100.00	
Delhi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Goa Daman & Diu	2.79	55.85	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Mizoram	6.50	0.94	—	76.31	—	23.69	—	100.00	
Pondicherry	2.84	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00	
All India	1.50	3.99	3.33	21.33	19.33	10.67	45.34	100.00	

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

FP TOOL : NIRODH

RURAL

state /u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					all
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(87)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.47	4.52	—	—	25.53	—	74.47	100.00
Assam	21.17	6.21	2.46	5.24	45.68	6.52	40.10	100.00
Bihar	4.86	4.80	2.26	4.73	36.42	3.91	52.68	100.00
Gujarat	7.81	0.47	—	—	22.27	14.60	28.30	34.83
Haryana	8.21	0.18	—	—	15.23	14.98	4.75	65.04
Himachal Pradesh	10.19	31.21	1.77	3.04	35.82	41.31	18.06	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	2.97	0.34	44.98	7.41	40.06	1.35	36.70	100.00
Karnataka	2.40	4.75	6.67	7.08	7.08	23.30	55.84	100.00
Kerala	8.32	3.78	1.08	10.46	58.89	0.72	28.85	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	1.62	0.73	9.26	11.73	23.46	—	55.55	100.00
Maharashtra	7.47	3.51	4.42	28.38	36.68	15.53	14.99	100.00
Manipur	2.31	10.26	15.58	13.42	31.18	15.58	24.24	100.00
Meghalaya	1.86	2.17	—	2.69	17.74	52.69	26.88	100.00
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	0.42	19.99	19.05	19.05	7.14	—	54.76	100.00
Punjab	13.26	0.25	1.43	6.03	48.87	0.68	42.99	100.00
Rajasthan	3.85	0.31	9.61	23.90	7.27	16.88	42.34	100.00
Sikkim	1.07	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Tamil Nadu	1.21	1.26	—	45.45	28.93	—	25.62	100.00
Tripura	4.81	17.10	3.74	2.49	32.85	14.14	46.78	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	3.02	2.49	0.66	21.85	31.79	4.30	41.40	100.00
West Bengal	7.37	4.86	2.58	6.24	49.66	3.80	37.72	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Isl.	1.78	5.04	—	39.33	—	—	60.67	100.00
Chandigarh	5.71	—	—	22.39	—	—	77.61	100.00
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7.56	—	11.64	78.70	9.66	—	—	100.00
Delhi	45.68	—	5.67	—	21.48	—	72.85	100.00
Goa, Daman & Diu	6.15	55.85	—	9.43	45.37	35.93	9.27	100.00
Mizoram	6.29	0.94	—	72.52	—	24.48	—	100.00
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	1.21	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
all-India	4.50	3.99	2.67	13.56	35.11	8.00	40.66	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : DIAPHRAGM

RURAL

state /u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					all	
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others			
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Andhra Pradesh	0.25	4.49	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Assam	5.97	8.47	—	—	9.21	5.19	85.60	100.00	
Bihar	0.30	4.54	—	20.00	—	—	80.00	100.00	
Gujarat	0.37	0.09	—	29.73	—	—	70.27	100.00	
Haryana	—	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Himachal Pradesh	0.31	32.26	—	—	45.16	54.84	—	100.00	
Jammu & Kashmir	0.42	0.15	—	33.33	16.67	—	50.00	100.00	
Karnataka	0.85	4.47	9.41	9.41	—	65.89	15.29	100.00	
Kerala	0.62	3.98	—	17.74	12.90	—	69.36	100.00	
Madhya Pradesh	0.21	0.70	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Maharashtra	0.81	4.27	28.40	3.70	—	12.35	55.55	100.00	
Manipur	0.16	10.39	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	
Meghalaya	1.05	0.40	—	—	—	74.29	25.71	100.00	
Nagaland	—	—	Rural area not surveyed					—	—
Orissa	0.30	19.57	46.67	—	—	—	53.33	100.00	
Punjab	0.13	0.69	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Rajasthan	0.65	0.39	—	—	—	9.23	90.77	100.00	
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tamil Nadu	0.19	1.55	—	31.58	—	—	68.42	100.00	
Tripura	0.68	16.82	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	
Uttar Pradesh	0.66	2.42	—	72.73	—	21.21	6.06	100.00	
West Bengal	0.18	4.09	—	—	44.44	—	55.56	100.00	
Andaman & Nicobar Island.	—	3.64	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5.98	—	14.72	85.28	—	—	—	100.00	
Delhi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Goa, Daman & Diu	2.79	55.85	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Mizoram	5.96	0.94	—	79.70	—	20.30	—	100.00	
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
All-India	0.57	3.95	3.51	22.81	3.51	14.04	56.13	100.00	

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

FP TOOL : SPERMICIDE

RURAL

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					all	
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others			
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Andhra Pradesh	0.30	4.44	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Assam	4.86	8.42	—	—	1.23	4.53	94.24	100.00	
Bihar	0.22	4.55	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Gujarat	0.26	0.09	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Haryana	—	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Himachal Pradesh	0.18	32.23	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	
Jammu & Kashmir	0.34	0.15	—	41.18	—	23.53	35.29	100.00	
Karnataka	0.77	4.55	10.39	—	—	72.73	16.88	100.00	
Kerala	0.54	3.98	—	20.37	—	—	79.63	100.00	
Madhya Pradesh	0.21	0.70	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Maharashtra	0.81	4.27	28.40	3.70	—	12.35	55.55	100.00	
Manipur	0.16	10.39	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	
Meghalaya	1.06	0.36	—	0.94	—	73.58	25.48	100.00	
Nagaland	—	—	—Rural area not surveyed—					—	—
Orissa	0.24	19.41	33.33	—	—	—	66.67	100.00	
Punjab	0.49	0.69	—	20.41	—	30.61	48.98	100.00	
Rajasthan	0.61	0.39	—	—	—	9.84	90.16	100.00	
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tamil Nadu	0.19	1.61	—	31.58	—	—	68.42	100.00	
Tripura	0.68	16.82	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	
Uttar Pradesh	0.61	2.42	—	72.13	—	21.31	6.56	100.00	
West Bengal	0.18	4.05	—	—	44.44	—	55.56	100.00	
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.32	3.64	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00	
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5.98	—	14.72	85.28	—	—	—	100.00	
Delhi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Goa, Daman & Diu	2.79	55.85	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
Mizoram	6.16	0.94	3.25	77.11	—	19.64	—	100.00	
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
All-India	0.51	3.95	3.92	21.57	1.96	13.73	58.82	100.00	

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

FP TOOL : MTP*

RURAL

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.32	4.49	9.38	—	—	—	90.62	100.00
Assam	5.18	8.48	—	2.51	2.70	5.41	89.38	100.00
Bihar	0.22	4.49	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Gujarat	0.35	0.09	25.71	—	—	—	74.29	100.00
Haryana	—	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Himachal Pradesh	0.14	32.27	—	—	100.00	—	—	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	0.12	0.15	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Karnataka	0.90	4.33	8.89	—	5.56	62.22	23.33	100.00
Kerala	0.39	3.98	—	28.21	—	—	71.79	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	0.21	0.70	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Maharashtra	1.06	4.27	21.70	2.83	23.58	9.43	42.46	100.00
Manipur	0.34	10.39	—	—	52.94	47.06	—	100.00
Meghalaya	1.05	0.15	—	—	—	74.29	25.71	100.00
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	0.29	19.35	27.59	17.24	—	—	55.17	100.00
Punjab	0.24	0.79	—	45.83	—	—	54.17	100.00
Rajasthan	0.55	0.39	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamil Nadu	0.19	1.61	—	31.58	—	—	68.42	100.00
Tripura	1.01	16.82	—	17.82	—	67.33	14.85	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.62	2.42	—	72.58	—	22.58	4.84	100.00
West Bengal	0.14	4.05	—	—	—	28.57	71.43	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	—	3.64	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5.98	—	14.72	85.28	—	—	—	100.00
Delhi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Goa, Daman & Diu	2.79	55.85	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Mizoram	5.96	0.94	—	79.70	—	20.30	—	100.00
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All-India	0.54	3.93	5.57	22.22	3.70	12.96	55.55	100.00

* Medical Termination of Pregnancy

STATEMENT 4.8R : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : INJECTION

RURAL

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.22	4.53	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Assam	6.16	8.42	—	2.11	7.95	5.68	84.26	100.00
Bihar	0.26	4.67	3.85	—	—	11.54	84.61	100.00
Gujarat	0.35	0.09	—	25.71	—	—	74.29	100.00
Haryana	—	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Himachal Pradesh	0.33	32.13	36.36	—	—	42.43	21.21	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	0.20	0.15	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Karnataka	0.89	4.38	8.99	—	—	62.92	28.09	100.00
Kerala	0.46	3.80	—	23.91	15.22	—	60.87	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	0.21	0.73	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Maharashtra	1.01	4.27	30.69	2.97	—	9.90	56.44	100.00
Manipur	0.30	10.26	46.67	—	—	53.33	—	100.00
Meghalaya	2.23	0.77	—	—	—	64.13	35.87	100.00
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	0.24	19.88	33.33	—	—	—	66.67	100.00
Punjab	0.29	0.69	37.93	17.24	—	—	44.83	100.00
Rajasthan	0.54	0.38	—	3.70	—	—	96.30	100.00
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamil Nadu	0.37	1.69	—	54.05	10.81	—	35.14	100.00
Tripura	0.83	16.82	—	—	—	81.93	18.07	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.73	2.46	—	63.01	4.11	24.66	8.22	100.00
West Bengal	0.33	4.05	—	21.21	9.09	12.12	57.58	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	—	3.64	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5.98	—	14.72	85.28	—	—	—	100.00
Delhi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Goa, Daman & Diu	2.79	55.85	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Mizoram	6.18	0.94	—	80.42	—	19.58	—	100.00
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All-India	0.60	3.99	5.00	21.67	3.33	15.00	55.00	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

FP TOOL : IUD

URBAN

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.77	3.35	—	33.77	9.09	15.58	41.56	100.00
Assam	7.86	12.50	19.47	17.30	29.64	2.16	31.43	100.00
Bihar	1.13	6.92	—	11.50	6.19	3.55	78.76	100.00
Gujarat	3.28	0.25	11.59	17.99	24.09	12.20	34.13	100.00
Haryana	1.74	—	—	38.51	16.09	—	45.40	100.00
Himachal Pradesh	6.63	22.20	—	50.53	—	—	49.47	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	2.27	0.37	11.01	30.40	11.01	—	47.58	100.00
Karnataka	1.69	4.40	11.83	20.12	26.63	22.49	18.93	100.00
Kerala	2.90	1.92	8.28	28.62	—	8.28	54.82	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	1.86	1.11	18.27	29.57	3.23	—	48.93	100.00
Maharashtra	3.95	2.63	18.99	30.63	23.29	6.08	21.01	100.00
Manipur	1.38	1.55	42.75	14.49	—	—	42.76	100.00
Meghalaya	1.53	3.84	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Nagaland	1.52	22.06	—	—	34.21	65.79	—	100.00
Orissa	4.10	22.24	11.46	15.61	14.63	19.76	38.54	100.00
Punjab	4.03	0.43	13.65	32.26	25.81	—	28.28	100.00
Rajasthan	1.70	0.43	22.35	44.71	15.29	10.59	7.06	100.00
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamil Nadu	1.96	3.30	11.73	31.63	27.56	5.10	23.98	100.00
Tripura	3.51	13.52	—	—	42.17	57.83	—	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	1.54	2.73	4.55	64.94	—	16.23	14.28	100.00
West Bengal	0.87	2.31	45.98	22.99	17.24	13.79	—	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1.45	2.32	36.55	34.48	—	28.97	—	100.00
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	11.70	0.23	1.88	39.06	21.20	—	37.86	100.00
Goa, Daman and Diu	—	34.00	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	1.48	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Pondicherry	9.16	—	—	24.45	33.62	—	41.93	100.00
All-India	2.49	3.13	11.65	32.93	18.47	7.23	29.72	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA.

URBAN

FP TOOL : ORAL PILLS

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	3.22	3.56	—	4.04	1.86	4.04	90.06	100.00
Assam	11.02	10.81	15.43	2.36	42.55	—	39.66	100.00
Bihar	2.82	6.92	—	1.42	28.01	1.42	69.15	100.00
Gujarat	1.55	0.14	—	62.58	3.22	—	34.20	100.00
Haryana	0.67	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Himachal Pradesh	7.65	23.71	—	12.81	—	36.34	50.85	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	2.31	0.18	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Karnataka	2.28	4.44	—	1.31	39.04	7.89	51.76	100.00
Kerala	2.25	1.92	—	30.22	—	—	69.78	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	1.64	1.11	—	9.76	17.69	2.44	70.11	100.00
Maharashtra	3.01	2.98	5.65	7.97	31.23	9.64	45.51	100.00
Manipur	2.56	1.55	—	—	63.28	13.67	23.05	100.00
Meghalaya	3.95	0.16	17.97	—	23.04	32.66	26.33	100.00
Nagaland	2.50	22.64	—	—	46.00	22.00	32.00	100.00
Orissa	3.75	23.65	11.47	7.47	16.00	10.93	54.13	100.00
Punjab	0.85	0.49	—	—	52.94	—	47.06	100.00
Rajasthan	1.54	0.38	3.90	9.09	24.03	21.43	41.55	100.00
Sikkim	18.63	—	—	71.82	22.87	5.31	—	100.00
Tamil Nadu	0.81	3.21	—	22.22	29.63	3.70	44.45	100.00
Tripura	15.01	14.12	25.12	—	46.44	13.52	14.92	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	2.01	3.04	—	20.40	27.36	11.94	40.30	100.00
West Bengal	8.99	2.77	1.56	2.45	41.16	2.22	52.61	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.42	3.32	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	No urban area			—	—
Delhi	7.01	—	—	45.08	1.28	—	53.64	100.00
Goa, Daman and Diu	2.82	34.00	—	—	100.00	—	—	100.00
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	2.43	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Pondicherry	1.79	—	100.00	—	—	—	—	100.00
All-India	2.99	3.26	2.34	12.37	26.76	5.02	53.51	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : NIRODH

URBAN

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	4.18	3.51	—	1.44	20.81	2.15	75.60	100.00
Assam	20.94	8.64	9.60	5.97	39.88	1.72	42.83	100.00
Bihar	8.95	6.79	—	1.12	48.38	1.45	49.05	100.00
Gujarat	16.56	0.37	3.02	14.79	24.21	10.74	47.22	100.00
Haryana	19.12	—	3.50	7.53	15.95	18.89	54.13	100.00
Himachal Pradesh	22.70	21.11	8.90	4.32	16.61	15.90	54.27	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	11.75	0.95	1.02	5.11	16.09	—	77.78	100.00
Karnataka	2.94	4.40	—	1.02	26.19	6.12	66.67	100.00
Kerala	13.73	1.92	—	5.61	54.26	13.40	26.73	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	10.13	1.03	2.96	5.33	23.69	1.28	66.74	100.00
Maharashtra	12.98	3.16	1.23	6.86	40.60	8.47	42.84	100.00
Manipur	6.77	1.55	—	28.36	42.98	10.49	18.17	100.00
Meghalaya	3.65	—	—	—	42.47	23.84	33.69	100.00
Nagaland	25.10	22.99	—	—	74.18	8.17	17.65	100.00
O.issa	4.90	23.52	18.57	5.71	14.49	8.37	52.86	100.00
Punjab	25.01	0.11	—	12.08	23.47	1.00	63.45	100.00
Rajasthan	7.85	—	11.59	6.11	25.22	11.09	45.99	100.00
Sikkim	7.40	—	—	—	76.89	—	23.11	100.00
Tamil Nadu	2.23	3.38	—	15.70	59.64	—	24.66	100.00
Tripura	5.83	13.52	—	—	23.16	34.82	42.02	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	9.05	2.89	0.89	9.95	20.55	2.87	65.74	100.00
West Bengal	17.71	3.25	0.96	2.48	57.09	0.40	39.07	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	2.28	2.74	—	—	68.42	—	31.58	100.00
Chandigarh	29.81	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	No urban area			—
Delhi	29.74	—	8.27	16.31	24.18	4.84	46.40	100.00
Goa, Daman and Diu	2.78	34.00	—	21.22	—	78.78	—	100.00
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	4.75	—	37.68	—	40.42	—	21.89	100.00
All-India	10.91	3.26	2.66	8.07	33.18	5.04	51.05	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

URBAN

FP TOOL : DIAPHRAGM

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.17	3.56	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Assam	4.59	12.61	28.10	3.92	30.94	—	37.04	100.00
Bihar	0.97	6.92	—	4.12	—	4.12	91.76	100.00
Gujarat	0.15	0.33	—	66.67	—	33.33	—	100.00
Haryana	1.00	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Himachal Pradesh	3.28	24.33	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	1.18	0.37	—	—	8.47	—	91.53	100.00
Karnataka	0.62	4.40	—	53.23	—	29.03	17.74	100.00
Kerala	0.79	1.92	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	0.96	1.11	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Maharashtra	0.45	3.15	8.89	—	24.44	—	66.67	100.00
Manipur	0.79	1.55	—	—	—	25.32	74.68	100.00
Meghalaya	0.71	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Nagaland	—	21.57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	2.18	23.76	—	12.84	—	18.81	68.35	100.00
Punjab	—	0.43	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rajasthan	0.12	0.38	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamil Nadu	0.29	3.38	—	62.07	—	—	37.93	100.00
Tripura	2.03	13.52	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.31	3.04	—	48.39	—	51.61	—	100.00
West Bengal	0.07	2.06	—	71.43	28.57	—	—	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.50	2.74	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	No urban area					
Delhi	2.99	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Goa, Daman & Diu	—	34.00	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All-India	0.59	3.26	3.39	37.29	5.08	8.47	45.77	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : SPERMICIDE

URBAN

state /u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.17	3.56	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Assam	3.97	12.69	32.49	—	14.86	—	52.65	100.00
Bihar	1.33	6.92	12.76	9.77	7.52	3.01	66.92	100.00
Gujarat	—	0.33	—	—	—	—	—	—
Haryana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Himachal Pradesh	4.30	24.33	—	—	23.72	—	76.28	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	1.64	0.37	—	—	8.54	—	91.46	100.00
Karnataka	0.29	4.40	—	—	—	62.07	37.93	100.00
Kerala	0.55	1.92	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	1.15	1.11	—	6.09	10.43	—	83.48	100.00
Maharashtra	0.16	3.25	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Manipur	0.79	1.55	—	—	—	25.32	74.68	100.00
Meghalaya	0.71	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Nagaland	2.25	21.57	—	—	15.56	—	84.44	100.00
Orissa	2.18	22.81	—	12.84	—	18.81	68.35	100.00
Punjab	0.30	0.43	—	—	86.67	—	13.33	100.00
Rajasthan	0.39	0.38	—	—	69.23	—	30.77	100.00
Sikkim	2.84	—	—	—	100.00	—	—	100.00
Tamil Nadu	0.18	3.50	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Tripura	2.03	13.52	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.36	3.04	—	41.67	—	58.33	—	100.00
West Bengal	—	2.06	—	—	—	—	—	—
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	—	2.74	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	3.40	—	—	87.69	7.62	—	4.69	100.00
Goa, Daman & Diu	—	34.00	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All-India	0.56	3.27	3.57	30.36	10.71	10.71	44.65	100.00

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (:0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : MTP*

state/u.t.	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					
	received the service	did not receive the service	from govt.			from others		all
			with intensive	free	on payment	free	on payment	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	0.29	3.43	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Assam	4.13	12.49	31.23	2.66	25.18	—	40.93	100.00
Bihar	0.99	6.92	—	4.04	2.02	4.04	89.90	100.00
Gujarat	0.05	0.33	—	—	100.00	—	—	100.00
Haryana	0.29	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Himachal Pradesh	3.90	23.71	—	—	—	15.89	84.11	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	1.08	0.37	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Karnataka	0.29	4.40	—	—	—	62.07	39.93	100.00
Kerala	0.55	1.92	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	0.82	1.11	—	—	10.98	—	89.02	100.00
Maharashtra	0.32	3.15	21.88	9.37	—	—	68.75	100.00
Manipur	0.79	1.55	—	—	—	25.32	74.68	100.00
Meghalaya	0.71	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Nagaland	—	21.57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	2.45	22.59	—	22.45	—	16.73	60.82	100.00
Punjab	0.48	0.43	—	—	100.00	—	—	100.00
Rajasthan	0.28	0.12	57.14	—	—	—	42.86	100.00
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamil Nadu	0.22	3.50	—	81.82	18.18	—	—	100.00
Tripura	2.03	13.52	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.31	3.04	—	48.39	—	51.61	—	100.00
West Bengal	0.17	2.02	—	—	100.00	—	—	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	—	2.74	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	2.99	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Goa, Daman and Diu	—	34.00	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
all-India	0.54	3.23	5.56	31.48	9.26	11.11	2.59	100.00

*Medical Termination of Pregnancy

STATEMENT 4.8U : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING (FP) SERVICE, AND WHO SOUGHT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BUT DID NOT RECEIVE AND PERCENTAGE (0.00) DISTRIBUTION OF COUPLES WHO RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE RECEIVED AND FAMILY PLANNING TOOLS RECEIVED FOR EACH STATE AND ALL-INDIA

FP TOOL : INJECTION

URBAN

(1)	p.c. of non-sterilised couples who sought family planning service and		p.c. distribution of couples who received the FP service by category of service received					(9)
	received the service (2)	did not receive the service (3)	from govt.			from others		
			with intensive (4)	free (5)	on payment (6)	free (7)	on payment (8)	
Andhra Pradesh	0.17	3.44	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Assam	3.59	12.49	35.39	—	16.71	—	47.35	100.00
Bihar	0.97	6.92	—	4.12	—	4.12	91.76	100.00
Gujarat	0.14	0.39	—	57.14	42.86	—	—	100.00
Haryana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Himachal Pradesh	3.28	23.70	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Jammu & Kashmir	1.08	0.37	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00
Karnataka	0.52	4.40	—	—	44.23	34.62	21.15	100.00
Kerala	0.55	1.92	—	—	—	—	100.0	100.00
Madhya Pradesh	0.87	1.11	16.09	—	—	—	83.91	100.00
Maharashtra	0.52	3.21	3.85	—	26.92	11.54	57.69	100.00
Manipur	0.79	2.36	—	—	—	25.32	74.68	100.00
Meghalaya	0.71	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Nagaland	—	21.57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	2.18	22.81	—	12.84	—	18.81	68.35	100.00
Punjab	0.09	0.43	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Rajasthan	0.72	0.12	—	19.44	—	29.17	51.39	100.00
Sikkim	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamil Nadu	0.62	3.38	—	46.77	6.45	—	46.78	100.00
Tripura	2.38	13.52	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.49	3.08	—	30.61	—	34.69	34.70	100.00
West Bengal	0.30	2.06	33.33	10.00	56.67	—	—	100.00
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.40	2.74	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Chandigarh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dadra & Nggar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	3.37	—	—	88.72	—	—	11.28	100.00
Goa, Daman & Diu	—	34.00	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mizoram	0.79	—	—	100.00	—	—	—	100.00
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All-India	0.71	3.24	4.23	26.76	12.68	11.27	45.06	100.00

PARTICULARS OF DWELLING UNITS NSS 43RD ROUND (JULY 1987—JUNE 1988)

SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Data on household consumer expenditure were being collected in every round of the National Sample Survey (NSS), beginning from the first round (Oct. 1950—March 1951) through the 28th round (1973-74). After the 26th round of the survey, the Governing Council of NSSO decided that the survey on Consumer Expenditure and Employment & Unemployment, be undertaken together once in five years beginning from the NSS 27th round. Thus, the first quinquennial survey on consumer expenditure was conducted in the 27th round (October '72—September '73). To meet some specific ad-hoc requirements, a survey on consumer expenditure was also conducted in the 28th round outside this quinquennial programme. The second and third quinquennial survey on consumer expenditure were, conducted during NSS 32nd round (July '77—June '78) and 38th round (January—December '83) respectively. It was decided to conduct the survey every year from the NSS 42nd round¹ (July '86—June '87) onwards, although on a relatively smaller scale than what is normally being done in the quinquennial surveys, with a view to building up a time series of consumer expenditure data. The NSS 44th round (July '88—June '89) was the second survey of the annual series.² The present report on the particulars of dwelling units is based on the data collected in the 43rd round, that is, the fourth quinquennial survey on consumer expenditure³, carried out during the period July '87—June '88. A noteworthy feature of this round is that in order to net sufficient number of households belonging to the upper income classes, in the sample, some significant changes have been made in the sample design of the 43rd round survey.

1.1 It may be mentioned here that this report is based on the data of sub-sample 1 of central sample only. (The total sample has been selected in the form of two independent and interpenetrating sub-samples of equal size in 43rd round).

1.2 *Contents of this report* : This report in section 2 gives briefly the scope, coverage and sample design of the 43rd round survey. Salient features of the conceptual framework and the definitions adopted for the survey are described in section three while important summary results are presented in section four. Detailed results for States, Union territories and also for all India are presented in Part II.

SECTION TWO

SCOPE, COVERAGE AND SAMPLE DESIGN

2.0 *Geographical coverage* : The 43rd round survey covered the whole of Indian Union excepting (i) Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and (ii) rural areas of Nagaland.

2.1 *Sample Design* : A stratified two stage sampling design was adopted for the survey with the first stage units as census villages for rural areas and the urban frame survey blocks for urban areas. Households formed the second stage units in both the rural and urban areas.

2.2 *Stratification* : Each state/union-territory (U. T.) was divided into one or more agro-economic regions by grouping contiguous districts which are similar with respect to population density and crop pattern. In Gujarat, however, some districts were sub-divided for the purpose of region formation in consideration of the location of dry areas and the distribution of the tribal population in the state. The total number of regions formed in the whole of India was 77. In the rural sector, within each region, each district with 1981 census rural population less than 1.8 million formed a single basic stratum. Districts with larger population were divided into two or more strata, depending on population, by grouping contiguous tehsils, similar as far as possible, in respect of rural population density and crop pattern. (In Gujarat, however, in the case of districts extending over more than one region, even if the rural population was less than 1.8 million, the portion of a district falling in each region constituted a separate stratum.

1. Sarvekshana, Vol. XII, No. 4, Issue No. 39, April—June, 1989.

2. Sarvekshana, Vol. XIV, No. 3, Issue No. 46, Jan—March, 1991.

3. The results of the NSS 27th, 32nd, 38th and 43rd (Sub-sample 1) rounds of survey on consumer expenditure have been published in Sarvekshana Vol. II, No. 3, Vol. IX, No. 4 and Vol. XV, No. 1 respectively.

Further, in Assam, the 'basic strata' formed for the earlier surveys on the basis of 1971 census rural population, exactly in the above manner, but with cut-off population as 1.5 million, were retained as the strata for rural sampling). In the urban sector, strata were formed, again within NSS region, on the basis of the population size class of towns. Firstly each city with population of 10 lakhs or more was taken as a self representative area. The remaining towns of each region were divided into the following four size classes on the basis of population : (1)

population less than 50,000, (2) population 50,000 to less than 2 lakhs, (3) population 2 lakhs to less than 4 lakhs and (4) population 4 lakhs to less than 10 lakhs. The towns with population 4 lakhs or more (including the cities with population 1 million or more) were further divided into two parts viz., (a) areas with concentration of the relatively affluent section of the population and (b) the remaining areas. The strata were then formed as detailed below :

stratum number	Population
(1)	(2)
1.	all towns with population less than 50,000
2.	" 50,000—199,999
3.	" 200,000—399,999
4.	" 400,000—999,999 (affluent area)
5.	" (other area)
6.	a single city with population 1 million and above (affluent area)
7.	" (other area)

It may be noted that there was no region with more than one city with population 1 million and above. The stratum numbers were retained as above even if in some regions some of the strata were non-existent. Further, all the urban areas of the union territory of Municipal Corporation of Delhi, New Delhi Municipal Corporation, Delhi cantonment area and the villages treated as urban areas in the 1981 census were considered as constituting the city of Delhi.

2.3 Allocation of samples : A total all-India sample of 12974 first stage units (8375 villages and 4599 urban blocks) were first allocated to the states/union territories in population to the central field staff available in each of them. The samples thus obtained for each state/u.t. were then reallocated to the rural and urban sectors of the respective state/u.t. considering the relative sizes of the rural and urban population. Within each state/u.t. the rural samples were again allocated to the rural strata of the state/u.t. in proportion to the rural population in them. Similarly, the urban samples of a state/u.t. were allocated to the urban strata of the state/u.t. in proportion to the urban population in them but double weight-age assigned for those strata comprised of areas inhabited by the relatively affluent sections in the towns with population 4 lakhs or more. All allocations were adjusted so that the sample size for a stratum was at least a multiple of 4 (preferably a multiple of 8) and the total sample size of a region was a multiple of 8 for the rural and urban sectors separately to have equal samples in each sub-sample and sub-round.

2.4 Selection of first stage units : In the rural sector, the sampling frame was 1981 census list of villages in most cases. However, in some areas where either 1981 census was not undertaken on the available list was highly deficient, 1971 census frames were used. In the urban sector, the sampling frames used were the list of blocks formed during the most recent NSS urban frame survey available for each town. The sample villages were selected circular systematically with probability proportional to size (population) in the form of 2 independent sub-samples. The sample blocks were selected circular systematically with equal probability, also in the form of two independent sub-samples.

2.5 Selection of second stage units (households) : In order to ensure adequate representation of households from the affluent section of the society in the sample, the following procedures were adopted for selection of sample households. In the rural sector, in each sample village the households were first grouped into 2 sub-strata. Sub-stratum 1 consisted of 8 or 10 relatively most affluent households depending on whether the sample village had less than 80 households or 80 or more households. The remaining households formed sub-stratum 2. Two sample households were selected from sub-stratum 1 circular systematically with a random start. In case of sub-stratum 2, before selection of the sample, the households were grouped into three means of livelihood classes; namely, (1) self-employed in non-agriculture, (2) rural labour and (3) others, on the basis of the income during the 365 days preceding the date of

survey. The households of the last class were again grouped into five land possessed classes, viz., households possessing (1) less than 1 acre, (2) 1 to 2.49 acres, (3) 2.5 to 4.99 acres, (4) 5 to 9.99 acres and (5) 10 acres and above. Eight households were then selected also circular systematically with a random start, after arranging the households belonging to the different groups in a continuous manner. In the urban sector also, two sub-strata of households were formed in each sample block. In all the cities with population 10 lakhs or more, households with Rs. 1000/- or more as monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) constituted sub-stratum 1 and the remaining households constituted sub-stratum 2. On the other hand, in the towns with population less than 10 lakhs, sub-stratum-1 consisted of households with MPCE Rs. 800/- or more and the rest constituted sub-stratum-2. For selection of the sample households, all the households of sub-stratum-2 were first grouped into four means of livelihood classes namely (a) self-employed, (b) regular wage/salaried, (c) casual labour and (d) others. The households of the groups (a) and (b) were again regrouped as belonging to three monthly per capita expenditure levels—(i) less than A, (ii) A to B and (iii) above B where A and B were the MPCE cut off levels obtained separately for each state and union-territory such that the population with MPCE less than A, A to B and above B respectively consisted of approximately the lowest 30 per cent, the middle 60 per cent, and the top 10 per cent. The sample households were then selected after arranging the households belonging to the different groups in a specified manner. In the blocks belonging to the strata consisting of affluent area, 4 sample households were selected from sub-stratum-1 and 6 households from sub-stratum-2. In the blocks belonging to the remaining strata, 2 households were selected from sub-stratum-1 and 8 households from sub-stratum-2. The required number of sample households were selected circular systematically with a random start separately from each sub-stratum.

2.6 Survey period and sub-rounds : The field work for the survey was started in the month of July 1987 and was completed in June 1988. The entire survey period of one year was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration coinciding approximately with the four seasons. The four sub-round periods were as follows :

- Sub-round 1 : July 87—September 87
- Sub-round 2 : October 87—December 87
- Sub-round 3 : January 88—March 88
- Sub-round 4 : April 88—June 88

The samples were distributed over the four sub-rounds in a manner so as to provide equally valid estimates for the country for each of the sub-round periods separately.

2.7 Sample size : In all, the survey covered (in sub-sample 1) about 64.3 thousands households spread over about 4184 sample villages and 2298 sample blocks. Statement 0 gives the distribution of sample villages/blocks allotted and surveyed and the number of sample households and persons surveyed for each state and union-territory.

2.8 Estimation procedure : The estimation procedure adopted in the NSS 43rd round is based on the weighted sum of the sample values. Denoting by \hat{Y} the unbiased estimate of Y (the state/region total of any variate), it is given by :

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{n_s} \frac{D_{si}}{C_{si} P_{si}} \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{H_{sik}}{h_{sik}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{sik}} s_{ij} \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

for the rural areas of states except Arunachal Pradesh,

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{n_s} \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{H_{sik}}{h_{sik}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{sik}} y_{sijk} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

for rural Arunachal Pradesh

$$\text{and } \hat{Y}_s = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{n_s} D_{si} \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{H_{sik}}{h_{sik}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{sik}} y_{sijk} \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

for the urban sector, where s, i, j and k are suffixes for stratum, village/block, household and sub-stratum respectively; P_s , N_s and n_s give the stratum values of selection population, number of village/blocks in the frame and number of sample villages/blocks respectively;

D_{si} , C_{si} , P_{si} stand for number of hamlet—groups/sub-blocks formed, number of census villages contained in a revenue village actually surveyed and the selection population of the sample village respectively;

H_{sik} and h_{sik} stand for the total number of households listed and the number of sample households respectively and y_{sijk} is the observed value of the variate of a sample household.

STATEMENT 0 : NUMBER OF VILLAGES/BLOCKS ALLOTTED AND SURVEYED AND NUMBER OF SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS SURVEYED.*

state/union territory	no. of villages		no. of blocks		no. of hhs. surveyed		no. of persons surveyed	
	allotted	surveyed	allotted	surveyed	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. Andhra Pradesh	308	299	172	172	2987	1710	13943	7808
2. Assam	180	167	60	60	1667	595	9592	2512
3. Bihar	404	395	108	106	3934	1048	22026	5639
4. Gujarat	140	140	116	115	1399	1121	7485	5593
5. Haryana	60	60	32	32	600	317	3667	1529
6. Himachal Pradesh	104	94	24	24	931	235	4774	877
7. Jammu & Kashmir	164	160	76	75	1594	743	10147	4028
8. Karnataka	164	163	116	116	1625	1148	8731	5816
9. Kerala	168	168	72	72	1679	712	8703	3610
10. Madhya Pradesh	328	317	152	147	3156	1422	17911	7344
11. Maharashtra	288	285	276	276	2849	2741	14872	13036
12. Manipur	60	59	36	36	589	360	3292	2252
13. Meghalaya	64	64	24	24	626	234	3387	1038
14. Nagaland	no survey	—	16	15	no survey	149	no survey	493
15. Orissa	184	177	60	60	1769	594	9281	2560
16. Punjab	136	134	96	96	1339	949	7639	4483
17. Rajasthan	184	184	88	88	1835	870	10252	4523
18. Sikkim	20	20	12	12	200	119	966	526
19. Tamil Nadu	232	230	212	211	2290	2092	10168	9425
20. Tripura	104	74	24	16	740	158	3708	662
21. Uttar Pradesh	532	528	228	227	5274	2245	29624	11643
22. West Bengal	260	250	176	174	2490	1721	13272	7585
23. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	40	40	16	16	400	160	2104	588
24. Arunachal Pradesh	15**	60	10	10	470	100	2581	457
25. Chandigarh	4	4	8	8	39	78	198	292
26. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	16	16	no urban area	no urban area	160	no urban area	822	no urban area
27. Delhi	4	4	60	58	40	568	296	2525
28. Goa, Daman & Diu	16	16	12	12	160	118	846	548
29. Lakshadweep	8	8	6	6	80	59	423	329
30. Mizoram	56	54	24	24	535	237	2638	1163
31. Pondicherry	16	14	12	10	140	100	684	481
32. All India	4259	4184	2324	2298	41597	22703	224032	109365

*Relates to sub-sample I only.

**Nucleus villages. The ultimate sample size was about four times this.

2.9 *Estimates of ratios* : The estimate of a ratio of the form :

$$R=Y/X$$
 is given by

$$\hat{R}=\hat{Y}/\hat{X},$$
 where

\hat{Y} & \hat{X} are obtained using the formulae already given at the level at which R is required. That is to say, if \hat{R} is required at state level, \hat{Y} and \hat{X} are first obtained at state level and then \hat{R} will be obtained by division. Examples of ratios are rates and percentages.

2.10 *Sub-sample and sub-round estimates* : The estimates of aggregates of a given sub-sample/sub-round are computed using the same formulae as given above with the only modification that the tabulation is restricted to the sample f.s.u.'s of that sub-sample/sub-round. The value of n_s to be used in this case is the number of f.s.u.'s of the sub-sample/sub-round in question available for tabulation. The combined sample estimate of aggregate is based on the whole sample and not computed as the average of the sub-sample/sub-round estimates.

SECTION THREE CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

3.0 The concepts and definitions followed in the consumer expenditure enquiries continued to remain broadly the same as in the earlier NSS rounds. Some of these concepts and definitions are described below :

3.1 *Household* : A group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen constitute a household. A boarding house, a hostel or a hotel is treated as a cluster of households, where each individual boarder (with his dependents and guests) forms a household. Households fed directly by some institutional bodies such as those in prisons, police quarters, cantonments, hospitals, asylums, relief camps are, however, excluded from the scope of the survey. Floating population having no normal place of residence and also foreign nationals' households are excluded from the coverage of the survey.

3.2 *Household members* : Any person who is normal resident of the sample household is considered to be a member of the household. Household members are grouped into three categories viz., adult male, adult female and child. One who has already attained the age of 15 (in completed years) is considered as an adult. Any person who usually lives and takes the principal meals with the household is considered a member of the household.

3.3 *Household size* : The total number of members (as defined above) in a household is considered to be the size of the household.

3.4 *Household consumer expenditure* : The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period is the household's consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure is the total value of consumption of various groups of items, namely (i) food, pan (betel leaves), tobacco, intoxicants and fuel & light, (ii) clothing and footwear and (iii) miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles.

For groups (i) and (ii), the total value of consumption is derived by aggregating the monetary value of goods *actually consumed* during the reference period. An item of clothing and footwear would be considered to have been consumed, if it is brought into maiden or first use during the reference period. The consumption may be out of (a) purchases made during the reference period or earlier; (b) home grown stock; (c) receipt in exchange of goods and services; (d) any other receipt like gift, charity, borrowing and (e) free collection. For evaluating

the consumption of the items of group (iii) i.e. items categorised as miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles, a different approach is followed. In this case, the value of *actual purchase* i.e. the expenditure made during the reference period for the purchase of goods and services is considered as consumption.

It is pertinent to mention here that the consumer expenditure of a household on food items relate to the actual consumption made by the normal resident members of the household and also by the guests whether during ceremonies or otherwise. To avoid double counting, transfer payments like charity, loan, advance etc., made by the household are not considered as consumption for items of groups (i) and (ii), since transfer receipt of these items have been taken into account. However, the item "*cooked meals*" is an exception to the rule. Meals prepared in the household kitchen and provided to the employees and/or others would automatically get included in domestic consumption of employer (payer) household. There is a practical difficulty of estimating the quantities and values of individual items used for preparing the meals served to employees or to others. Thus, to avoid double counting, cooked meals received as perquisites from employer household or as gift or charity are not recorded in the recipient household. As a general principle, cooked meals purchased from the market for the consumption of the normal resident members or for the guests and employees will also be recorded in the purchaser household. This procedure of recording cooked meals served to others in the expenditure of the serving households only leads to bias-free estimates of average per capita consumption as well as total consumer expenditure. However, as the proportions of donors and recipients of free cooked meals are likely to vary in opposite directions, over the expenditure classes, the nutritional intake derived from the consumer expenditure survey data may present a somewhat distorted picture. These derived nutrition intakes may get inflated for the rich (net donors) and somewhat understated for the poor (net recipients). This point has to be kept firmly in mind while using the NSS consumer expenditure data for any nutritional study.

3.5 *Reference period* : The reference period for collection of data on all items of consumer expenditure is last 30 days (ending on the day preceding the date of enquiry). For some non-food items data were collected also for the last 365 days; but this report is based on data collected for the last 30 days for all items.

3.6 *Monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE)* : The total consumer expenditure of a household divided by the household size is taken as the monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) of the household.

3.7 *Monthly per capita expenditure class* : The households and persons are classified according to their monthly per capita expenditure. The expenditure classes (in rupees) have been arranged in ascending order of their magnitudes. The derived MPCE levels are grouped into 12 classes. For presentation of the 43rd round results, the grouping formulated on the basis of a trial tabulation of the NSS 43rd round data have been adopted. The groups were formulated in such a way as to obtain approximately 5 per cent of the population each in the first two and the last two classes and 10 percent each in the middle eight classes. Such a formulation had led to different expenditure classes for rural and urban areas.

The MPCE classes for rural areas are :

Sl. no.	monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) class (in rupees)	Sl. no.	monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) class (in rupees)
(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
1.	less than 65	7.	140—160
2.	65—80	8.	160—180
3.	80—95	9.	180—215
4.	95—110	10.	215—280
5.	110—125	11.	280—385
6.	125—140	12.	385 & above
		13.	all classes

The MPCE classes for the urban areas are:

Srl. no.	Monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) class (in rupees)	Srl. no.	monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) class (in rupees)
(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
1.	less than 90	8.	255—310
2.	90—110	9.	310—385
3.	110—135	10.	385—520
4.	135—160	11.	520—700
5.	160—185	12.	700 & above
6.	185—215	13.	all classes
7.	215—255		

It has been decided that once in every five years, the MPCE classes will be objectively formulated on the basis of trial tabulation of the quinquennial round

data. These classes will be retained for the subsequent annual rounds with a view to studying the shift in the distribution of the population. As the classes are different for the rural and urban areas, it becomes difficult to combine the rural and urban results or compare the rural distribution with the urban distribution. It was, therefore, decided that with some adjustments, at least four comparable expenditure levels should be provided in both the rural and urban groupings. Thus, the 43rd round rural and urban results can be compared for the following expenditure classes : (i) less than Rs. 110, (ii) Rs. 110—Rs. 215, (iii) Rs. 215—Rs. 385 and (iv) Rs. 385 and above.

3.8 *Dwelling house (unit)* : Dwelling house (unit) is the existing house accommodation available to the household for residential purpose. It may be the entire building, hutment, thatched house or *jhopri* or a portion thereof used by the household either exclusively or jointly with other households. The dwellings have been classified into three types, namely, "chawl/bastee", "independent house" and "flat" as defined below.

3.8.1 *Chawl/bastee* is a collection of huts or tenements generally of katcha or semi-pucca type inhabited by a large number of households.

3.8.2 *Independent house* is a free standing structure or structures with a separate entrance. In other words, if the dwelling unit and the entire structure of the house are physically coterminous, it is considered to be an independent house.

3.8.3 *Flat* is a part of the building with one or more rooms and normal housing facilities like water supply, latrine, toilet etc., which are used exclusively by the family residing therein or jointly with other families.

3.9 *Type of structure* : The dwellings have been also classified by their "type of structure" into three categories, viz. "pucca", "semi-pucca" and "katcha". These terms are explained below.

3.9.1 *Pucca structure* is one whose walls and roof are made of pucca materials.

3.9.2 *Katcha structure* is one which has walls and roofs made of non-pucca materials.

STATEMENT 0 : NUMBER OF VILLAGES BLOCKS ALLOTTED AND SURVEYED AND NUMBER OF SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS SURVEYED*

state/union territory	no. of villages		no. of blocks		no. of households surveyed		no. of persons surveyed	
	allotted	surveyed	allotted	surveyed	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. Andhra Pradesh	308	299	172	172	2987	1710	13943	7808
2. Assam	180	167	60	60	1667	595	9592	2512
3. Bihar	404	395	108	106	3934	1048	22026	5639
4. Gujarat	140	140	116	115	1399	1121	7485	5593
5. Haryana	60	60	32	32	600	317	3667	1529
6. Himachal Pradesh	104	94	24	24	931	235	4774	877
7. Jammu & Kashmir	164	160	76	75	1594	743	10147	4028
8. Karnataka	164	163	116	116	1625	1148	8731	5816
9. Kerala	168	168	72	72	1679	712	8703	3610
10. Madhya Pradesh	328	317	152	147	3156	1422	17911	7344
11. Maharashtra	288	285	276	276	2849	2741	14872	13036
12. Manipur	60	59	36	36	589	360	3292	2252
13. Meghalaya	64	64	24	24	626	234	3387	1038
14. Nagaland	no survey	—	16	15	no survey	149	no survey	493
15. Orissa	184	177	60	60	1769	594	9281	2560
16. Punjab	136	134	96	96	1339	949	7639	4483
17. Rajasthan	184	184	88	88	1835	870	10252	4523
18. Sikkim	20	20	12	12	200	119	966	526
19. Tamil Nadu	232	230	212	211	2290	2092	10168	9425
20. Tripura	104	74	24	16	740	158	3708	662
21. Uttar Pradesh	532	528	228	227	5274	2245	29624	11643
22. West Bengal	260	250	176	174	2490	1721	13272	7585
23. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	40	40	16	16	400	160	2104	588
24. Arunachal Pradesh	15**	60	10	10	470	100	2581	457
25. Chandigarh	4	4	8	8	39	78	198	292
26. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	16	16	no urban area		160	no urban area	822	no urban area
27. Delhi	4	4	60	58	40	568	296	2525
28. Goa, Daman & Diu	16	16	12	12	160	118	846	548
29. Lakshadweep	8	8	6	6	80	59	423	329
30. Mizoram	56	54	24	24	535	237	2638	1163
31. Pondicherry	16	14	12	10	140	100	684	481
32. All-India	4259	4184	2324	2298	41597	22703	224032	109365

*Relates to sub-sample 1 only.

**Nucleus villages. The ultimate sample size was about four times this.

3.9.3 *Semi-pucca* structure is one of which either the walls or the roof (but not both) are made of pucca materials. Walls/roof made partially of pucca material are regarded as katcha walls/roof. Materials such as oven-burnt bricks, stone-blocks, cement concrete, jack board (cement plastered reed) tiles and timber are pucca materials. Corrugated iron or asbestos sheets used in the construction of roof is also treated as pucca materials.

3.10 *House category* : The dwellings have been classified into 9 house categories, each of which is a combination of a structure type and type of dwelling. They are numbered as follows :

house category number	structure type	type of dwelling
(1)	(2)	(3)
1	katcha	chawl/bastee
2	katcha	independent house
3	katcha	flat
4	all katcha structure	(1 to 3)
5	semi-pucca	chawl/bastee
6	semi-pucca	independent house
7	semi-pucca	flat
8	all semi-pucca structure	(5 to 7)
9	pucca	chawl/bastee
10	pucca	independent house
11	pucca	flat
12	all pucca structure	(9 to 11)

3.11 *Covered area* : This is the sum of floor area of all the rooms, kitchen etc., and covered and/or uncovered verandah.

3.12 *Monthly rent (actual and imputed)* : Monthly rent is the amount of money payable per month to the owner or to other party as per the contract between the occupier of the accommodation and the person who lets it out. For houses occupied otherwise than on rent, imputation of rent is done on the basis of the prevailing rate of rent for similar houses in the locality.

SECTION FOUR

SUMMARY FINDINGS

4.0 In this section findings on some aspects of housing condition including major sources of energy used for cooking and lighting based on data collected in the NSS 43rd round (July 1987-June 1988) survey are presented.

4.1 *Type of structure of dwellings* : In Statements I & II per 1000 distribution of households by type of structure are presented for states, union territories and all-India for rural and urban areas.

4.2 From Statement I it can be seen that katcha dwellings are predominant in the rural areas of the following states/u.t's :-Assam, Bihar, Manipur, Meghalaya, Orissa, Tripura and West Bengal. This type of dwellings is also found to be dominant in Andhra Pradesh, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, U.P., the Bay Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram and Pondicherry. This may be partly due to the poverty of the rural population or the cultural habits of the native tribes of these states or a combination of these two factors i.e., the poor living condition of their tribal population. Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra seem to be exceptions to this pattern. Despite poverty (especially in Madhya Pradesh) and a large percentage of tribal population, the proportion of katcha dwellings is relatively small in these two states. The proportion of katcha structures is less (as regards the rural sector) in Haryana, Punjab, Chandigarh, Delhi, Goa, Daman & Diu and Lakshadweep. On the other hand in these states as also in Kerala pucca structures dominate, which reflects the high standard of living of their inhabitants.

4.3 It is evident from Statement II that in the urban sector, in general, pucca dwellings dominate over the other two types of structure. In all the states and u.t's, there is a reduction in the proportion of katcha dwellings in the urban sector compared to that in the rural sector. The fall is very steep in most cases, the exceptions being Manipur, Tripura, Arunachal Pradesh and Pondicherry. In these states, katcha dwellings dominate even in the urban sector (except in Pondicherry where proportions of katcha and pucca dwellings are almost equal). The proportion of pucca dwellings is the highest in North-West India : Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Rajasthan, Delhi and Chandigarh. The tiny Lakshadweep also belongs to this group.

STATEMENT I : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE BY STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL INDIA : RURAL

state/union territory	katcha	semi-pucc:	pucc:	unspecified	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	476	277	246	1	1000
Assam	782	168	45	5	1000
Bihar	670	205	119	6	1000
Gujarat	372	411	214	3	1000
Haryana	153	270	572	5	1000
Himachal Pradesh	263	571	164	2	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	376	400	222	2	1000
Karnataka	283	545	168	4	1000
Kerala	274	298	420	8	1000
Madhya Pradesh	353	553	91	3	1000
Maharashtra	353	474	170	3	1000
Manipur	679	288	22	11	1000
Meghalaya	610	335	53	2	1000
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	797	153	50	—	1000
Punjab	182	299	517	2	1000
Rajasthan	476	201	318	5	1000
Sikkim	269	555	176	—	1000
Tamil Nadu	467	288	244	1	1000
Tripura	948	35	15	2	1000
Uttar Pradesh	472	333	193	2	1000
West Bengal	732	165	99	4	1000
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	505	305	187	3	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	531	317	88	64	1000
Chandigarh	56	379	565	—	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	664	190	128	18	1000
Delhi	—	145	855	—	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	87	333	580	—	1000
Lakshadweep	93	371	536	—	1000
Mizoram	526	467	—	7	1000
Pondicherry	535	236	221	8	1000
All India	485	318	194	3	1000

STATEMENT II : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE BY STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL INDIA : URBAN

state/union territory	katcha	pucca	semi-pucca	unspecified	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	220	247	532	1	1000
Assam	385	246	366	3	1000
Bihar	280	226	487	7	1000
Gujarat	96	249	45	10	1000
Haryana	139	152	702	7	1000
Himachal Pradesh	94	185	709	12	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	103	253	641	3	1000
Karnataka	143	415	439	3	1000
Kerala	134	240	624	2	1000
Madhya Pradesh	175	300	513	12	1000
Maharashtra	155	295	547	3	1000
Manipur	492	413	90	5	1000
Meghalaya	212	350	436	2	1000
Nagaland	332	407	257	4	1000
Orissa	390	221	389	—	1000
Punjab	36	238	723	3	1000
Rajasthan	119	119	759	3	1000
Sikkim	94	278	618	10	1000
Tamil Nadu	205	247	545	3	1000
Tripura	718	156	120	6	1000
Uttar Pradesh	201	184	611	4	1000
West Bengal	174	245	577	4	1000
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	90	392	518	—	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	459	213	298	30	1000
Chandigarh	9	32	959	—	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	39	47	907	7	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	155	120	665	—	1000
Lakshadweep	32	122	846	—	1000
Mizoram	161	808	27	4	1000
Pondicherry	403	150	447	—	1000
All India	177	242	577	4	1000

4.4 *Type of dwellings* : Statement III relates to the per thousand distribution of households over type of dwellings for each state, union territories and all-India separately for rural and urban areas. It is seen from the distribution of households over the type of dwelling units that both in rural and urban areas, majority of the households live in independent houses. In the rural India, for every thousand households, 778 households are reported to be living in independent houses, 178 households in chawl/bastee type accommodation while 41 households live in flats.

4.5 Majority of rural dwellings was of independent type in all the states and union territories. This type of accommodation accounts for more than 90 per cent of rural dwellings in Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Kerala, Meghalaya, Punjab, Dadra Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep, 80 to 90 per cent in Assam, Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Manipur, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh, Delhi, Goa Daman & Diu and Mizoram. The remaining states share less than 80 per cent of rural dwellings of this type of accommodation.

STATEMENT—III : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER TYPES OF DWELLINGS BY STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL-INDIA : RURAL AND URBAN.

State/union territory	RURAL					URBAN				
	independent house	chawl/bustee	flat	un-specified	all	independent house	chawl/bustee	flat	un-specified	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	654	183	162	1	1000	617	169	213	1	1000
Assam	897	97	1	5	1000	733	164	100	3	1000
Bihar	738	235	21	6	1000	641	193	159	7	1000
Gujarat	752	240	5	3	1000	518	339	133	10	1000
Haryana	931	40	24	5	1000	792	118	83	7	1000
Himachal Pradesh	923	64	11	2	1000	662	43	283	12	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	801	31	166	2	1000	616	14	367	3	1000
Karnataka	812	179	5	4	1000	796	167	34	3	1000
Kerala	943	24	25	8	1000	872	44	82	2	1000
Madhya Pradesh	780	214	3	3	1000	693	212	83	12	1000
Maharashtra	640	339	18	3	1000	324	423	250	3	1000
Manipur	878	103	8	11	1000	927	39	29	5	1000
Meghalaya	910	82	6	2	1000	642	140	216	2	1000
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	701	255	40	4	1000
Orissa	643	314	43	—	1000	572	294	134	—	1000
Punjab	940	39	19	2	1000	805	92	100	3	1000
Rajasthan	865	86	44	5	1000	755	67	175	3	1000
Sikkim	698	203	99	—	1000	202	87	701	10	1000
Tamil Nadu	811	134	54	1	1000	660	103	234	3	1000
Tripura	896	95	7	2	1000	888	44	62	6	1000
Uttar Pradesh	840	130	28	2	1000	642	173	181	4	1000
West Bengal	757	178	61	4	1000	399	282	315	4	1000
Andman & Nicobar Island	794	81	122	3	1000	665	25	310	—	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	466	408	62	64	1000	490	332	148	30	1000
Chandigarh	620	75	305	—	1000	420	—	580	—	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	902	80	—	18	1000	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	883	94	23	—	1000	462	106	425	7	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	875	112	13	—	1000	565	206	229	—	1000
Lakshadweep	955	—	45	—	1000	924	38	38	—	1000
Mizoram	882	111	—	7	1000	934	13	49	4	1000
Pondicherry	494	421	77	8	1000	512	393	95	—	1000
all India	778	178	41	3	1000	597	205	194	4	1000

4.6 Chawl/bastee type dwellings, however, formed a sizeable portion of rural dwellings in Maharashtra, Orissa, Arunachal Pradesh and Pondicherry.

4.7 A large proportion of rural dwellings was flat type in Chandigarh. Two other states in which flat type dwellings formed more than 10 per cent of rural dwellings are Jammu & Kashmir and Andhra Pradesh.

4.8 It is also observed from Statement III that housing in urban India is also dominated by independent dwellings. In urban India, for every thousand households, 597 households are reported to be living in independent houses, 205 households in chawl/bastee type accommodation while 194 households live in flat type dwellings.

4.9 Majority of urban dwellings are of independent type in most of the states and union territories. This type of dwellings constituted more than 90 per cent of the urban dwellings in Manipur, Lakshadweep and Mizoram, 70 to 90 per cent in Assam, Haryana, Karnataka, Kerala, Nagaland, Punjab, Rajasthan and Tripura. The remaining states and union territories share less than 70 per cent of this type of accommodation.

4.10 Chawl/bastee type forms the majority of urban dwellings only in Maharashtra. This type of dwellings constituted 30 to 39 per cent of urban dwellings in Gujarat, Arunachal Pradesh and Pondicherry, 20 to 29 per cent in Madhya Pradesh, Nagaland, Orissa, West Bengal and Goa, Daman & Diu.

4.11 Flat type forms 70 per cent of urban dwellings in Sikkim and 58 per cent in Chandigarh. This type accounts for more than 30 per cent of the urban dwellings also in West Bengal, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Delhi and Jammu & Kashmir, 20 to 30 per

cent in Andhra Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Tamil Nadu and Goa, Daman & Diu.

4.12 Statement IV gives per thousand distribution of households over type of structure and by sector for NSS 38th and 42nd rounds for comparison with the results of 43rd round. From the Statement it is seen that the proportion of katcha dwellings shows a decreasing trend in rural areas and an increasing trend in urban areas. As regards pucca houses, their proportion shows a rising trend in rural as well as urban areas, although the increase is less marked in the latter case.

4.13 Statement V gives per thousand distribution of households over type of dwellings and by sector for NSS 38th, 42nd and 43rd rounds. The Statement does not throw any discernible trends regarding the type of dwellings obtained through the results of the three NSS surveys.

4.14 Per thousand distribution of households by type of occupancy for states and union territories is given separately for rural and urban areas in Statement VI. In the rural sector at the all-India level, out of thousand households, 930 households are reported to have lived in their own house, 29 households are found to be tenant households and 41 as other households. Majority of the rural households live in their own house except in Chandigarh where 54 per cent of the households reside in rented houses.

4.15 In the urban sector at the all-India level, for every thousand households, 527 households are reported to be living in their own houses, 362 households are found to be tenant households and 111 as other households living in neither owned nor rented premises.

STATEMENT-IV : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER TYPE OF STRUCTURE : ALL-INDIA RURAL AND URBAN BY NSS ROUND

type of structure	NSS ROUND			
	sector	38th	42nd	43rd
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
katcha	rural	506	493	485
	urban	164	169	177
semi-pucca	rural	324	329	318
	urban	257	255	242
pucca	rural	166	171	194
	urban	572	568	577
unspecified	rural	4	7	3
	urban	7	8	4
All India	rural	1000	1000	1000
	urban	1000	1000	1000

STATEMENT V : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER TYPE OF DWELLING : ALL-INDIA RURAL AND URBAN BY NSS ROUND

type of dwelling	NSS round			
	sector	38th	42nd	43rd
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
independent house	rural	797	760	778
	urban	558	577	597
chawl/bustee	rural	147	193	178
	urban	219	218	205
flat	rural	52	40	41
	urban	217	197	194
unspecified	rural	4	7	3
	urban	6	8	4
all	rural	1000	1000	1000
	urban	1000	1000	1000

STATEMENT -VI : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF OCCUPANCY FOR EACH STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL-INDIA : RURAL AND URBAN

state/union territory	RURAL					URBAN				
	owned	rented	others	no dwelling unit	total	owned	rented	others	no dwelling unit	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	890	48	62	—	1000	505	382	113	—	1000
Assam	895	23	82	—	1000	435	296	269	—	1000
Bihar	970	6	24	—	1000	606	270	124	—	1000
Gujarat	909	48	43	—	1000	547	366	87	—	1000
Haryana	982	5	13	—	1000	641	234	125	—	1000
Himachal Pradesh	958	27	15	—	1000	373	532	95	—	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	959	29	12	—	1000	793	123	84	—	1000
Karnataka	875	59	66	—	1000	491	389	120	—	1000
Kerala	924	35	41	—	1000	794	137	69	—	1000
Madhya Pradesh	932	26	42	—	1000	512	350	138	—	1000
Maharashtra	885	59	56	—	1000	490	413	94	3	1000
Manipur	995	—	5	—	1000	950	42	8	—	1000
Meghalaya	951	35	14	—	1000	378	424	186	12	1000
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	283	600	117	—	1000
Orissa	955	15	30	—	1000	482	276	238	4	1000
Punjab	938	17	45	—	1000	598	328	72	2	1000
Rajasthan	963	17	20	—	1000	660	294	44	2	1000
Sikkim	820	68	112	—	1000	203	534	263	—	1000
Tamil Nadu	869	70	61	—	1000	426	460	114	—	1000
Tripura	916	39	39	6	1000	621	275	104	—	1000
Uttar Pradesh	979	9	12	—	1000	603	306	91	—	1000
West Bengal	927	15	56	2	1000	456	406	137	1	1000
Andman & Nicobar Island	460	121	419	—	1000	287	542	171	—	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	603	—	397	—	1000	143	229	585	43	1000
Chandigarh	385	542	73	—	1000	129	839	32	—	1000
Dadar & Nagar Haveli	892	13	95	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	911	89	—	—	1000	480	388	131	1	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	886	57	57	—	1000	539	264	197	—	1000
Lakshdweep	742	178	80	—	1000	640	50	310	—	1000
Mizoram	954	13	33	—	1000	899	86	15	—	1000
Pondicherry	813	82	105	—	1000	497	229	275	—	1000
All-India	930	29	41	—	1000	527	362	111	—	1000

4.16 *Characteristics of tenancy in urban areas* : Statement VII presents number of households living in rented houses per thousand households, average monthly rent (actual) per household and per thousand distribution of urban households residing in rented houses over nine household monthly rent classes. According to the above Statement, 361 out of thousand households live in rented houses in all-India (urban sector). More than 50 per cent of urban households are found to be residing in rented houses in Himachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Sikkim, Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Chandigarh and 40 to 50 per cent in Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal.

4.17 Average monthly rent per household (living in rented house) is estimated to be Rs. 130/- in urban India. The value is relatively high in Goa, Daman & Diu (Rs. 363), Delhi (Rs. 295), Chandigarh (Rs. 280), Meghalaya (Rs. 241) and Andaman & Nicobar Islands (Rs. 198) and comparatively low in Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra (each Rs. 96), Nagaland (Rs. 91), Tripura (Rs. 72) and Lakshadweep (Rs. 60).

4.18 The distribution of households living in rented houses by monthly rent class is highly skew, with a long right tail, for all-India as well as the individual states/u.t.'s. The mode of the distribution lies in the class Rs. 20-50 or Rs. 50-100 for most states and all-India.

4.19 Statement VIII presents the number of households living in owned house per 1000 households, average imputed monthly rent, and per thousand distribution of households living in owned house over nine household monthly rent class for each state, union territory and all-India in urban areas. It can be seen that out of thousand households, at all-India level, 527 are found to live in their own house. Their proportion is more than 50 per cent of urban households in Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Manipur, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Mizoram.

4.20 Estimated average monthly imputed rent per household for own house is Rs. 277 at all-India level in the urban areas. The rent is very much high in urban—Chandigarh and Delhi. The value is, relatively high in Gujarat, Punjab, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh and Goa, Daman and Diu. It may appear strange, but the average imputed rent for owned dwell-

ings is invariably higher than the average rent paid by households living in rented house for each state/u.t. as well as for all-India.

4.21 Statement IX gives an idea of the rate of appreciations of residential rents in the urban areas of India in a span of five years between 1983 (38th round) and 1987-88 (43rd round). At all-India level it has increased by more than 50% and in states the increase is between 40% and 100%. Of course this is the result of the general inflation in prices that has affected the whole economy.

4.22 Statement X gives (a) the proportion of households (per 1000 households) living in rented houses and (b) per capita covered area for all households for 38th and 43rd rounds for major states and u.t.'s. From the Statement it appears that the proportion of households living in rented accommodation has marginally fallen. However, in many states, the reverse trend is also observed.

4.23 As per 43rd round, the per capita covered area available for living purposes in urban areas is 9.37 square metres at all-India level. It is in the range of 8 to 10 square metres for most states. Compared to 38th round, the per capita covered area seems to have increased, although by varying degrees, in almost all states and u.t.'s. The increase reported in the case of Assam from 9.42 square metres to 16.54 square metres is the largest.

4.24 The distribution of households living in own houses by imputed rent is by far less skew than that of households living in rented houses.

4.25 *Fuel used for cooking* : Statements XI & XII give per thousand distribution of households using different types of fuels as the source of energy for cooking for each state, union territory and all-India separately for rural and urban sectors. Barring a few exceptions, in the rural sector, firewood and chips provide fuel for cooking for an overwhelming majority of households for almost all the states. For some states, dung cake is an important second source and for some other states kerosene is a second one. Thus, out of thousand households 528 households in Delhi, 477 households in Punjab, 428 households in Haryana, 378 households in Uttar Pradesh and 269 households in Bihar use dung cake as the second source of energy for cooking. In Chandigarh, kerosene is used by a majority of households.

STATEMENT : VII : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN RENTED HOUSE PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS, AVERAGE ACTUAL MONTHLY RENT AND PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN RENTED HOUSE OVER MONTHLY RENT CLASS BY STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL-INDIA : URBAN

State/Union Territory	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)		(7)		(8)		(9)		(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
				number of hhs. living in rented house per 1000 hhs.	average actual monthly rent per hhs. (Rs.)	less than 20	20—50	50—100	100—150	150—250	250—500	500—750	750—1000	1000 & above	not recorded	all classes		
Andhra Pradesh	382	152	29	148	255	190	192	159	19	3	5	—	1000					
Assam	296	122	79	70	343	201	169	73	28	—	2	35	1000					
Bihar	270	112	95	198	242	217	151	82	13	2	—	—	1000					
Gujarat	366	105	219	139	132	265	141	92	7	4	1	—	1000					
Harayana	234	113	68	225	241	166	205	75	20	—	—	—	1000					
Himachal Pradesh	532	100	94	372	234	121	87	58	27	7	—	—	1000					
Jammu & Kashmir	123	175	103	119	248	170	182	133	11	23	11	—	1000					
Karnataka	389	144	44	153	247	219	172	116	38	8	3	—	1000					
Kerala	137	131	36	129	202	165	159	223	86	—	—	—	1000					
Madhya Pradesh	350	125	117	223	234	120	155	88	46	6	1	—	1000					
Maharashtra	413	96	118	298	231	131	122	91	7	—	2	—	1000					
Manipur	42	69	526	—	368	—	—	106	—	—	—	—	1000					
Meghalaya	424	241	82	17	123	150	191	337	62	26	12	—	1000					
Nagaland	600	91	9	289	223	240	213	26	—	—	—	—	1000					
Orissa	276	109	92	200	301	148	129	105	25	—	—	—	1000					
Punjab	328	121	100	143	262	182	183	104	13	3	—	—	1000					
Rajasthan	294	133	94	114	334	156	166	104	21	5	6	—	1000					
Sikkim	533	218	29	17	184	92	327	266	85	—	—	—	1070					
Tamil Nadu	458	143	23	172	277	168	201	120	32	3	4	—	1000					
Tripura	275	72	36	313	432	111	84	24	—	—	—	—	1000					
Uttar Pradesh	376	96	248	214	229	88	130	59	22	4	6	—	1000					
West Bengal	406	112	192	343	190	82	78	76	15	6	18	—	1000					
Andman & Nicobar Islands	542	198	—	50	179	121	356	263	15	15	1	—	1000					
Arunchal Pradesh	229	124	571	—	209	—	214	—	6	—	—	—	1000					
Chandigarh	838	280	7	255	347	28	100	159	69	—	35	—	1000					
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000					
Delhi	388	295	201	114	108	70	145	212	62	7	81	—	1000					
Goa, Daman & Diu	264	363	—	22	57	163	186	404	—	39	124	—	1000					
Lakshadweep	50	60	—	342	316	342	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000					
Mizoram	86	143	198	27	—	364	194	152	65	—	—	—	1000					
Pondicherry	229	112	—	228	220	280	212	60	—	—	—	—	1000					
All-India	361	130	115	208	235	149	151	106	24	4	8	—	1500					

STATEMENT : VIII : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN OWN HOUSE PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS, AVERAGE IMPUTED MONTHLY RENT AND PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN OWN HOUSE OVER MONTHLY RENT CLASS BY STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL-INDIA : URBAN

State/Union territory	number of households living in own house per 1000 house-holds	average imputed monthly rent per house-hold (Rs.)	monthly rent class (Rs.)										all class
			(4) less than 20	(5) 20—50	(6) 50—100	(7) 100—150	(8) 150—250	(9) 250—500	(10) 500—750	(11) 750—1000	(12) 1000 & above	(13) not rented	
Andhra Pradesh	505	170	53	158	233	141	191	163	36	12	13	—	1000
Assam	435	353	66	32	77	81	119	139	80	24	40	342	1000
Bihar	606	235	249	113	170	107	121	136	57	17	30	—	1000
Gujarat	547	386	25	43	107	124	204	266	102	35	94	—	1000
Haryana	641	275	138	28	60	149	203	232	192	17	21	—	1000
Himachal Pradesh	373	238	318	61	33	173	176	157	57	11	14	—	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	793	306	40	35	100	145	249	247	105	26	53	—	1000
Karnataka	491	216	36	92	203	126	250	190	62	20	21	—	1000
Kerala	794	294	39	56	149	93	189	276	124	31	43	—	1000
Madhya Pradesh	512	207	117	123	183	141	181	154	98	9	24	—	1000
Maharashtra	490	272	33	124	276	133	173	204	58	16	53	—	1000
Manipur	950	215	309	8	71	111	191	238	43	16	13	—	1000
Meghalaya	378	354	120	6	74	44	144	188	154	32	75	163	1000
Nagaland	283	263	—	—	20	125	343	412	86	14	—	—	1000
Orissa	482	201	181	240	148	105	101	145	49	3	28	—	1000
Punjab	596	495	50	10	57	107	218	340	158	15	45	—	1000
Rajasthan	660	213	25	98	171	127	256	232	64	12	15	—	1000
Sikkim	203	447	59	—	170	155	110	355	54	—	97	—	1000
Tamil Nadu	426	184	31	189	234	123	179	148	58	14	25	—	1000
Tripura	621	198	189	65	207	143	194	135	22	11	34	—	1000
Uttar Pradesh	603	196	116	98	203	129	198	173	54	10	19	—	1000
West Bengal	456	308	53	134	163	86	133	181	108	29	68	45	1000
Andman & Nicobar Islands	287	304	50	—	—	147	240	364	199	—	—	—	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	143	700	991	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	1000
Chandigarh	129	1946	—	—	—	—	—	111	133	—	729	—	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000
Delhi	480	1039	23	5	29	44	72	211	160	108	345	5	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	537	631	15	15	28	62	210	299	147	—	224	—	1000
Lakshdweep	640	178	—	—	141	298	249	312	—	—	—	—	1000
Mizoram	899	152	336	5	6	124	194	136	18	3	7	171	1000
Pondicherry	496	190	50	154	131	168	236	157	71	15	18	—	1000
All-India	527	277	74	108	172	119	182	193	78	20	47	7	1070

-no urban area-

STATEMENT : IX : AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT PAID BY HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN RENTED HOUSES IN URBAN AREAS FOR NSS 38TH AND 43RD ROUNDS FOR SELECTED STATES AND ALL-INDIA

state/union territory	average monthly rent (Rs.) per rented households		ratio of col. (3) to col. (2)
	38th round*	43rd round	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	86	152	1.77
Assam	96	122	1.27
Bihar	62	122	1.81
Gujarat	75	105	1.40
Haryana	99	113	1.14
Himachal Pradesh	104	100	0.96
Jammu & Kashmir	118	175	1.48
Karnataka	96	144	1.50
Kerala	125	181	1.45
Madhya Pradesh	71	125	1.76
Maharashtra	66	96	1.45
Manipur	138	(a) 69	0.50
Nagaland	84	91	1.08
Orissa	62	109	1.76
Punjab	93	121	1.30
Rajasthan	80	133	1.66
Sikkim	96	218	2.27
Tamil Nadu	93	143	1.54
Uttar Pradesh	72	96	1.33
West Bengal	70	112	1.60
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	100	198	1.98
Chandigarh	140	280	2.00
Delhi	174	295	1.70
Goa, Daman & Diu	86	363	4.22
Mizoram	131	143	1.09
Pondicherry	80	112	1.40
All-India	84	130	1.55

*per household estimates are obtained as the products of per capita estimates and estimates of average household size.

(a) due to small number of reporting households in Manipur, the average monthly rent per household in 43rd round may be subject to high margin of error.

STATEMENT : X : PROPORTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN RENTED HOUSES AND AVERAGE PER CAPITA COVERED AREA FOR ALL DWELLING UNITS IN URBAN AREAS FOR EACH STATE, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL INDIA : NSS 38TH AND 43TH ROUNDS

state/union territory	proportion of households living in rented house per 1000 households		per capita covered area (square metre) for all dwelling unit	
	38th round	43rd round	38th round	43rd round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	381	382	6.85	9.51
Assam	277	296	9.42	16.54
Bihar	307	270	7.45	11.97
Gujarat	418	366	9.14	9.27
Haryana	318	234	7.76	10.99
Himachal Pradesh	473	532	10.13	12.89
Jammu & Kashmir	142	123	10.91	9.04
Karnataka	412	389	7.72	7.95
Kerala	163	137	10.03	13.61
Madhya Pradesh	336	350	10.09	11.89
Maharashtra	482	413	5.92	7.91
Manipur	41	42	13.56	9.37
Meghalaya	—	424	—	7.87
Nagaland	511	600	20.81	9.40
Orissa	265	276	7.87	8.33
Punjab	323	328	7.28	10.03
Rajasthan	248	294	7.50	8.11
Sikkim	694	533	4.10	3.57
Tamil Nadu	434	458	6.78	7.27
Tripura	—	275	—	7.04
Uttar Pradesh	298	306	8.39	8.93
West Bengal	458	406	7.29	9.57
Andman & Nicobar Islands	423	542	11.07	8.30
Arunachal Pradesh	—	229	—	53.86*
Chandigarh	774	838	11.93	9.00
Delhi	334	388	8.60	11.77
Goa Daman & Diu	404	264	11.47	14.50
Lakshdweep	—	50	—	14.92
Mizoram	280	86	5.64	9.38
Pondicherry	257	229	13.35	9.53
All-India	376	361	7.81	9.37

*due to small sample size, the per capita covered area in 43rd round of Arunachal Pradesh is subject to some margin of error.

STATEMENT : XI : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING BY STATES, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL-INDIA : URBAN

State/Union territory	primary source of energy for cooking									
	coke/ coal	firewood and chips	gas (coal oil or natu- ral)	gobar gas	dung cake	char- coal	kero- sene	elec- tricity	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	4	909	14	3	13	—	11	—	46	1000
Assam	3	989	5	—	—	—	2	—	1	1000
Bihar	38	664	2	1	269	—	2	—	24	1000
Gujarat	8	848	18	4	60	1	47	—	14	1000
Haryana	4	543	4	5	428	—	9	—	7	1000
Himachal Pradesh	5	959	4	1	6	—	21	—	4	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	6	824	25	—	83	—	45	10	7	1000
Karnataka	4	946	8	4	3	—	16	4	15	1000
Kerala	6	944	17	1	—	—	16	1	15	1000
Madhya Pradesh	15	901	5	—	68	—	7	—	4	1000
Maharashtra	4	802	22	8	46	—	46	—	72	1000
Manipur	6	963	21	2	7	—	—	—	1	1000
Meghalaya	—	984	2	—	—	—	13	—	1	1000
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Orissa	4	874	1	2	89	—	3	1	26	1000
Punjab	6	391	27	4	477	2	58	—	35	1000
Rajasthan	4	936	1	—	41	1	15	—	2	1000
Sikkim	11	898	—	—	—	—	91	—	—	1000
Tamil Nadu	3	951	10	5	1	—	18	1	11	1000
Tripura	10	975	6	—	—	—	5	—	4	1000
Uttar Pradesh	13	587	3	3	378	—	6	—	10	1000
West Bengal	118	714	1	—	70	—	3	—	94	1000
Andman & Nicobar Islands	—	775	—	—	—	—	96	—	129	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	3	993	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	1000
Chandigarh	—	60	83	—	157	—	700	—	—	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	868	33	2	—	—	36	—	61	1000
Delhi	—	132	220	34	528	—	86	—	—	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	—	768	131	3	—	—	68	—	30	1000
Lakshadweep	—	893	—	—	—	—	38	7	62	1000
Mizoram	4	975	18	—	—	—	—	—	3	1000
Pondicherry	16	924	29	2	—	—	—	—	29	1000
All-India	19	789	8	3	138	—	15	1	27	1000

STATEMENT : XII : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING BY STATES/UNION TERRITORY AND ALL-INDIA : URBAN

state/union territory	primary source of energy for cooking									
	coke/ coal	firewood and chips	gas coal oil or natu- ral)	gobar gas	dung cake	char coal	kero- sene	electri- city	others	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	9	519	194	1	6	2	197	—	72	1000
Assam	47	566	166	—	2	—	128	9	82	1000
Bihar	457	263	112	—	71	—	60	1	36	1000
Gujarat	54	247	380	—	11	16	272	—	20	1000
Haryana	46	293	295	5	140	—	206	—	15	1000
Himachal Pradesh	51	332	248	—	5	—	237	103	24	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	8	366	197	1	14	—	360	19	35	1000
Karnataka	12	553	140	2	2	—	190	41	60	1000
Kerala	19	654	179	—	2	—	71	6	69	1000
Madhya Pradesh	128	471	253	—	21	2	93	4	28	1000
Maharashtra	29	226	339	1	4	1	325	—	75	1000
Manipur	4	807	160	1	—	13	13	—	2	1000
Meghalaya	24	375	228	—	1	122	237	5	8	1000
Nagaland	9	487	83	—	—	—	201	—	220	1000
Orissa	122	593	90	1	4	13	79	4	94	1000
Gunjab	24	180	278	3	133	—	343	2	37	1000
Rajasthan	51	539	184	1	18	3	194	—	10	1000
Sikkim	16	232	27	—	—	—	725	—	—	1000
Tamil Nadu	4	508	181	2	5	2	232	1	65	1000
Tripura	1	813	9	—	—	—	88	—	7	1000
Uttar Pradesh	91	435	185	2	96	3	124	6	58	1000
West Bengal	510	112	115	1	16	1	82	2	161	1000
Andman & Nicobar Islands	—	183	21	—	—	—	671	—	125	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	62	590	57	—	—	—	225	—	66	1000
Chandigarh	—	—	578	—	—	—	422	—	—	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi	11	54	496	—	52	—	333	1	53	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	11	341	452	—	33	—	113	4	46	1000
Lakshadweep	2	762	—	—	—	—	109	18	109	1000
Mizoram	12	646	152	—	—	—	185	—	5	1000
Pondicherry	—	619	159	—	—	—	147	—	75	1000
All-India	107	374	223	1	31	3	192	5	64	1000

4.26 In the urban sector for a good number of states as shown in Statement XII, most of the households use firewood and chips as the principal fuel for cooking. In Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Sikkim and Arunachal Pradesh both firewood and kerosene are used. In Bihar and West Bengal a large proportion of households use coke/coal for cooking. Out of each thousand households, 578 households in Chandigarh, 496 households in Delhi, 452 households in Goa, Daman & Diu, 339 households in Maharashtra, 295 households in Haryana and 278 households in Punjab prefer gas, mainly liquid petroleum gas as one of the main sources of fuel for cooking.

4.27 Primary source of energy for lighting : Statement XIII presents per thousand distribution of households over primary source of energy used for lighting for each state, union territory and all-India

separately for rural and urban sectors. In a majority of states/u.t.'s kerosene is the primary source of energy for lighting in rural areas. Such states are Assam, Bihar, Orissa, Rajasthan, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. Electricity is the next important source of energy for those states. Electricity is the primary source of lighting for Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Chandigarh, Delhi, Goa, Daman & Diu and Lakshadweep in the rural sector. Other than the above two widely used sources, some significant proportion of households also report other sources of energy in Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Arunachal Pradesh.

4.28 In the urban areas, it is observed that in almost all the states, electricity is used by a major proportion of households, a large proportion of households also use kerosene for lighting in Bihar, Orissa, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal and Pondicherry.

STATEMENT: XIII : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER PRIMARY SOURCES OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING BY STATES, UNION TERRITORY AND ALL INDIA :

RURAL AND URBAN

State/union territory	primary source of energy for lighting							
	rural				urban			
	kero- sene	elec- tricity	others	total	ke- sene	elec- tricity	others	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	651	326	23	1000	283	709	8	1000
Assam	923	70	7	1000	292	691	17	1000
Bihar	968	21	11	1000	490	500	10	1000
Gujarat	462	527	11	1000	168	828	4	1000
Haryana	458	510	32	1000	155	825	20	1000
Himachal Pradesh	197	780	23	1000	36	933	31	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	225	705	70	1000	19	974	7	1000
Karnataka	602	395	3	1000	252	737	11	1000
Kerala	625	370	5	1000	264	728	8	1000
Madhya Pradesh	750	243	7	1000	220	767	13	1000
Maharashtra	577	417	6	1000	178	803	19	1000
Manipur	678	297	25	1000	250	750	—	1000
Meghalaya	755	239	6	1000	99	886	15	1000
Nagaland	—	—	—	—	170	830	—	1000
Orissa	896	95	9	1000	435	557	8	1000
Punjab	223	706	71	1000	68	902	30	1000
Rajasthan	793	171	36	1000	267	729	4	1000
Sikkim	658	334	8	1000	61	939	—	1000
Tamil Nadu	599	395	6	1000	261	721	18	1000
Tripura	779	214	7	1000	236	764	—	1000
Uttar Pradesh	935	49	16	1000	368	619	13	1000
West Bengal	949	45	6	1000	414	579	7	1000
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	287	554	159	1000	101	876	23	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	373	390	237	1000	286	629	85	1000
Chandigarh	38	925	37	1000	9	974	17	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	547	395	58	1000	—	—	—	—
Delhi	63	911	26	1000	66	907	27	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	251	739	10	1000	142	851	7	1000
Lakshadweep	—	987	13	1000	—	982	18	1000
Mizoram	777	208	15	1000	148	835	17	1000
Pondicherry	535	453	12	1000	329	671	—	1000
All India	746	238	16	1000	269	718	13	1000

4.29 Statement XIV presents per thousand distribution of households over primary of energy for lighting and by sector for NSS 28th, 38th and 43rd rounds. For comparison of the results of 28th and 38th rounds with those of 43rd round, different sources of lighting other than electricity and kerosene have been merged.

4.30 Considering the country as a whole, the major fuel for lighting is still kerosene in the rural areas while it is electricity in the urban areas. Over the rounds, there is a definite trend of progressive replacement of kerosene by electricity. This is seen in case of most of the states in both the sectors, though in varying degrees. Thus, in the following states electricity has already replaced kerosene as the major fuel over the rounds the rural sector—Gujarat, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Delhi and Goa, Daman & Diu. At the other end of the spectrum, the states least affected by rural electrification are Assam, Bihar, Orissa, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. In some of the other states—notably all the four southern states—though a high proportion of villages are known to be electrified, the benefit appa-

rently has not percolated to the mass of households. Finally there are states like Maharashtra, and to some extent Madhya Pradesh and Manipur, who, starting from a poor base, have gone far ahead in providing electricity to the rural households.

4.31 In the urban sector majority of the households use electricity for lighting purposes in all states. However, most likely due to lack of purchasing power considerable sections of the population still do not use electricity in many states. Notable among such states are :—Bihar, Orissa and West Bengal. More than 800 out of 1000 urban households use electricity in the urban areas of the following states :—Gujarat, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Maharashtra, Nagaland, Punjab, Chandigarh, Delhi and Goa, Daman & Diu. It may be noted that Jammu & Kashmir, with 974 households out of 1000 in the urban sector using electricity as major energy for lighting, ranks first in this respect.

4.32 Important results on housing condition obtained from the survey were discussed in the preceding paras of this section. Detailed tables are given in Part II. Table-1—series of

STATEMENT XIV : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING BY STATES AND NSS ROUND

State/Union territory	Primary source of energy for lighting								
	NSS* round	rural				urban			
		electricity	kerosene	others	total	electricity	kerosene	others	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	28	75	918	7	1000	438	557	5	1000
	38	166	828	6	1000	600	382	18	1000
	43	326	651	23	1000	709	283	8	1000
Assam	28	14	983	3	1000	364	631	5	1000
	28	29	954	17	1000	466	514	20	1000
	43	70	923	7	1000	691	292	17	1000
Bihar	28	19	979	2	1000	413	583	4	1000
	38	16	976	8	1000	433	552	15	1000
	43	21	968	11	1000	500	490	10	1000
Gujarat	28	158	811	31	1000	679	318	3	1000
	38	356	630	14	1000	811	181	8	1000
	43	527	462	11	1000	828	168	4	1000
Haryana	28	200	798	2	1000	722	274	4	1000
	38	386	602	12	1000	848	139	13	1000
	43	510	458	32	1000	825	155	20	1000
Himachal Pradesh	28	302	644	54	1000	846	148	6	1000
	38	652	337	11	1000	904	61	35	1000
	43	780	197	23	1000	933	36	31	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	28	184	731	85	1000	889	102	9	1000
	38	553	390	57	1000	915	48	37	1000
	43	705	225	70	1000	974	19	7	1000

*Sarvekshana Vol. XII No. 2, October—December, 1988 : Results on source of drinking water and energy used for cooking and lighting : NSS 38th round (Jan.—Dec. 1983)

STATEMENT XIV (contd.) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING BY STATES AND NSS ROUND

state/union territory	primary source of energy for lighting								
	NSS* round	rural				urban			
		electricity	kero-sene	others	total	electricity	kero-sene	others	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Karnataka	28	125	871	4	1000	571	427	2	1000
	38	230	758	12	1000	673	312	15	1000
	43	395	602	3	1000	737	252	11	1000
Kerala	28	145	854	1	1000	474	524	2	1000
	38	293	698	9	1000	608	386	6	1000
	43	370	625	5	1000	728	264	8	1000
Madhya Pradesh	28	33	949	18	1000	470	525	5	1000
	38	99	872	29	1000	580	401	19	1000
	43	143	750	7	1000	767	220	13	1000
Maharashtra	28	85	840	75	1000	649	345	6	1000
	38	238	757	5	1000	735	255	10	1000
	43	417	577	6	1000	803	178	19	1000
Manipur	28	36	943	21	1000	447	551	2	1000
	38	44	808	148	1000	400	341	259	1000
	43	297	678	25	1000	750	250	—	1000
Nagaland	28	—	—	—	—	555	445	—	1000
	38	—	—	—	—	309	652	39	1000
	43	—	—	—	—	830	160	—	1000
Orissa	28	25	934	41	1000	417	577	6	1000
	38	81	894	25	1000	505	470	25	1000
	43	95	896	9	1000	557	435	8	1000
Punjab	28	232	750	18	1000	773	216	11	1000
	38	583	387	30	1000	834	142	24	1000
	43	706	223	71	1000	902	68	30	1000
Rajasthan	28	38	915	47	1000	505	488	7	1000
	38	91	369	40	1000	633	345	22	1000
	43	171	793	36	1000	729	267	4	1000
Tamilnadu	28	121	877	2	1000	513	481	6	1000
	38	289	702	9	1000	640	348	12	1000
	43	395	599	6	1000	721	261	18	1000
Uttar Pradesh	28	17	973	10	1000	449	543	8	1000
	38	21	970	9	1000	529	453	18	1000
	43	49	935	16	1000	619	368	13	1000
West Bengal	28	15	982	3	1000	482	513	5	1000
	38	34	943	23	1000	530	455	15	1000
	43	45	949	6	1000	579	414	7	1000
Chandigarh	28	—	—	—	—	825	165	10	1000
	38	854	146	—	1000	943	55	2	1000
	43	925	38	37	1000	974	9	17	1000
Delhi	28	210	790	—	1000	663	333	4	1000
	38	527	429	44	1000	810	165	25	1000
	43	911	63	26	1000	907	66	27	1000
Goa, Daman & Diu	28	117	883	—	1000	589	411	—	1000
	38	300	700	—	1000	795	205	—	1000
	43	739	251	10	1000	851	142	7	1000
Pondicherry	28	158	837	5	1000	432	568	—	1000
	38	239	754	7	1000	550	450	—	1000
	43	453	535	12	1000	671	329	—	1000
All India	28	66	917	17	1000	535	460	5	1000
	38	149	836	15	1000	638	347	15	1000
	43	238	746	16	1000	718	269	13	1000

*Sarvekshana Vol. XII, No. 2, October—December, 1988; Results on source of drinking water and energy used for cooking and lighting : NSS 38th round (Jan.—Dec.1983).

REPORT ON THE THIRD ANNUAL SURVEY ON CONSUMER EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT-UNEMPLOYMENT NSS 45TH ROUND (JULY 1989-JUNE 1990)

SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 While household consumer expenditure was being covered in every NSS round from the first to the twentyeighth, nationwide comprehensive enquiries on employment, unemployment and labour force, first introduced in the ninth round, were regularly carried out up to the 17th round in the rural sector and 22nd round in the urban sector with different concepts and approaches tried out in different rounds. After the formation of NSSO, the Governing Council formulated a ten year cycle of subjects to be covered by NSS, according to which the two topics of consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment would be covered together once in five years. Meanwhile, the Dantwala Committee report gave a firm conceptual framework for employment-unemployment surveys. The quinquennial surveys on consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment were then taken up in 27th, 32nd, 38th and 43rd rounds of NSS in which the two survey schedules, schedule 1.0 (consumer expenditure) and schedule 10 (employment-unemployment) were canvassed in the same set of sample households.

1.2 Meanwhile a need was felt among planners and other research workers for an annual series on consumer expenditure. Thus from NSS 42nd round it was decided to canvass a slightly pruned schedule 1.0 in every round (except the quinquennial ones) with a reduced sample of only 2 households per sample village/block. From 45th round, it was decided to extend the scope of the annual survey to cover employment-unemployment as well. This was done by introducing some key questions on the current and usual activity status of the household members in the demography block of schedule 1.0.

1.3 The present report which gives the results of the annual survey on consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment, carried out in 45th round contains four sections. Section One describes some general aspects which are common to both the topics. Section Two gives, in brief, the sample design and

the estimation procedure of the survey while Section Three presents the results on consumer expenditure and Section Four discusses those on employment-unemployment. The results in detail at all-India level is given in part II. The schedule of enquiry, important concepts and definitions and the tabulation plan of the survey were finalised by a Working Group of experts appointed by the NSSO Covering Council.

1.5 The survey period of the 45th round was from July 1989 to June 1990. Geographically, it extended to the whole of the Union of India except Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and the interior villages of Nagaland.

1.6 A total of 7687 sample villages and 7320 sample blocks and 30014 households at the rate of 2 households per sample village/block were selected for survey in this round for schedule 1.0. The actual number of sample villages, blocks and households surveyed on which this report is based are 7387, 7178, and 28744* respectively. A brief description of the sample design and estimation procedure adopted is given in Section Two where state-wise sample sizes are also presented.

1.7 The survey being based on a thin sample (only 2 households per sample village/block) this report presents only summary results at state level. These are included in Section Three (consumer expenditure) and Section Four (employment-unemployment) and no state-wise table is included in Part-II. In general, state-wise results are presented for all MPCE classes (monthly per capita expenditure) period. But distributions of households and population by MPCE classes are given at state level.

1.8 Even while giving key results at the state level, they are given only for the larger states. The smaller states and Union Territories are pooled for presentation of state level estimates. The following are the states and groups of states for which estimates are presented :—

1. Andhra Pradesh
2. Assam.

*The casualties have mainly occurred in Bihar, Jammu & Kashmir and Tripura. This will affect the reliability of the estimates of Bihar state and those of North-Eastern states (of which Tripura is a part) and North-Western states (of which Jammu & Kashmir is a part). Their effect on the all-India estimates may be negligible.

3. Bihar
4. Gujarat
5. Haryana
6. Karnataka
7. Kerala
8. Madhya Pradesh
9. Maharashtra
10. Orissa
11. Punjab
12. Rajasthan
13. Tamil Nadu
14. Uttar Pradesh
15. West Bengal
16. North-Eastern States¹
17. North-Western State²
18. Southern States³
19. All India.

1 Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura

2 Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi.

3 Andaman & Nicobar Island, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

1.9 The monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) classes by which estimates are presented in this report are the same as those adopted in the last quinquennial round, viz. 43rd round. They are :—

Sl. no.	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Less than 65	less than 90
2.	65—80	90—110
3.	80—95	110—135
4.	95—110	135—160
5.	110—125	160—185
6.	125—140	185—215
7.	140—160	215—255
8.	160—180	255—310
9.	180—215	310—385
10.	215—280	385—520
11.	280—385	520—700
12.	385 & above	700 & above
13.	all classes	all classes

The above class intervals are closed to the left and open to the right.

1.10 It may be noted that the following broad classes have common end points for both the sectors :—

1. less than Rs. 110.
2. Rs. 110-125,
3. Rs. 215-385 and
4. Rs. 385 and above.

Rural-urban comparisons are made on the basis of these broad classes.

SECTION TWO

SAMPLE DESIGN AND ESTIMATION PROCEDURE.

2.1 The sample design of 45th round, as regards Schedule 1.0, was stratified two stage with villages and blocks as the first stage units in the rural and urban sectors respectively and households as the second stage units in both the sectors.

2.2 The main enquiry of 45th round was the third follow up survey of All India Economic Census 1980, whose objective was collection of data on small manufacturing and repairing enterprises in the unorganised sector. Hence the design operations such as stratification, allocation of samples and selection of first stage units were all oriented towards this enquiry. The first stage units were common for the enterprise and consumer expenditure enquiries.

2.3 The ultimate strata in the rural sector were of three types as follows :—

- (a) strata consisting of FSUs having at least one Directory Manufacturing Establishment (DME);
- (b) strata consisting of FSUs (out of the remaining FSUs) having at least one Non-directory Manufacturing Establishment (NDME);
- (c) all the remaining strata.

2.4 The selection of FSUs was done circular systematically with probability proportional to size in the case of strata of types (a) and (b), the size being the number of DME in the case of (a) and number of NDMEs in the case of (b). From strata of type (c) sample FSUs were selected circular systematically with equal probability.

2.5 In the urban sector, fresh Economic Census had been carried out by CSO in 1987 in 64 class-I cities, using NSS urban frame survey blocks. The Economic Census frames were used only for these cities. In the

rest of the urban area the UFS blocks constituted the sampling frame.

2.6 The ultimate strata in the urban sector, then, were of three types as described below:

- (a) strata consisting of blocks of the above 64 cities, having at least one DME with the number of DMEs in each block known.
- (b) strata consisting of blocks of these 64 cities having atleast one DME (though the number of DMEs is not known) and the total number of non-agricultural enterprises (NAE) known.
- (c) all the remaining strata.

2.7 In the strata of type (a) the sample blocks were selected circular systematically with random start with

probability proportional to size where size was number of DMEs. In strata of type (b), too, they were selected in the same manner, but with size as number of NAE's. In strata of type (c), sample blocks were selected with equal probability, also circular systematically.

2.8 Statement 2.1 gives, for each state and Union Territory, the number of sample villages and blocks selected and surveyed and the number of sample households and persons surveyed. The selected number of FSU's is shown separately for each method of selection. While about 76% of the sample villages have been selected by probability proportional to number of DME's/NDME's, the proportion of sample blocks selected by PPS is about 17% only.

STATEMENT 2.1 : DISTRIBUTION OF SAMPLE VILLAGES AND BLOCKS SELECTED AND SURVEYED AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS SURVEYED BY STATE/GROUPS OF STATE & UNION TERRITORY

state	rural						urban					
	no. of villages			surveyed	no. of household surveyed	no. of persons surveyed	no. of blocks			no. of household surveyed	no. of persons surveyed	
	selected						selected					
	pps.	equal probability	total				pps.	equal probability	total			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. Andhra Pradesh	424	272	696	693	1347	5907	40	344	384	384	767	3488
2. Assam	—	304	304	293	566	2855	30	210	240	235	470	2036
3. Bihar	680	112	792	759	1476	7389	46	314	360	342	682	3279
4. Gujarat	160	32	192	192	376	1878	100	284	384	384	742	3574
5. Haryana	80	16	96	96	192	1065	2	118	120	120	240	1108
6. Karnataka	216	32	248	248	474	2550	70	330	400	400	800	4106
7. Kerala	296	80	376	376	752	3627	24	136	160	160	320	1498
8. Madhya Pradesh	512	96	608	598	1174	6047	58	414	472	465	919	4627
9. Maharashtra	368	64	432	432	858	4110	284	548	832	832	1645	7504
10. Orissa	256	32	288	287	568	2756	34	222	256	255	510	2268
11. Punjab	160	24	184	180	352	1787	128	216	344	344	684	3264
12. Rajasthan	168	40	208	208	409	2089	24	384	408	408	812	4054
13. Tamilnadu	368	48	416	416	826	3371	102	490	592	592	113	4975
14. Uttar Pradesh	720	104	824	823	1610	8584	94	770	864	859	1711	8795
15. West Bengal	488	56	544	542	1082	5260	40	383	424	422	844	3418
16. North Eastern	312	383	695	659	1307	6438	42	550	592	573	1132	5096
17. North Western	532	100	632	433	832	4515	150	218	368	283	554	2496
18. Southern	116	36	152	152	300	1527	10	110	120	120	236	1132
19. ALL INDIA	5856	1831	7687	7387	14503	71755	1278	6042	7320	7178	14241	66718

1. North Eastern Includes Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.

2. North Western includes Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi.

3. Southern Includes Andaman & Nicobar Island, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

2.9 The total sample was selected in the form of two independent sub-samples. It was also divided into four equal sub-rounds, the sample of each sub-round being surveyed during its designated survey period as given below :—

sub-round	survey period
1	July—September 1989
2	October—December 1989
3	January—March 1990
4	April—June 1990

2.10 Large villages and blocks were divided into certain number (D) of parts called hamlet groups and sub-blocks, the value of D varying according to the current population/number of NAE's of the f.s.u.'s. The minimum value of D was 4. Then, the hamlet-group/sub-block having the largest proportion of manufacturing units was selected with certainty. Also, one of the remaining D-1 parts was selected at random for survey. The former was called hamlet group/sub-block 'o' and the latter, hamlet-group/sub-block '1'.

2.11 In f.s.u.'s which were divided in the above manner, one household each was selected at random from each hamlet-group/sub-block '0' and '1' from among all the households listed, for canvassing schedule 1.0 In the rest, two households were selected from each f.s.u. circular systematically with a random start.

2.12 *Estimation procedure* : Let Y donate the total of any characteristic at state or all-India level. Then its estimate is given by

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{z_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{n_s} \frac{1}{c_{si} z_{si}}$$

$$\left[\frac{H_{s10}}{h_{s10}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{s10}} y_{s10j} + (D_{s1}-1) \frac{H_{s11}}{h_{s11}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{s11}} y_{s11j} \right]$$

where

- s : subscript for the ultimate stratum;
- z : total size of stratum;
- n : number of sample villages surveyed
- i : subscript for fsu;
- j : subscript for selected household ($j \leq 2$)
- c : correction factor for revenue village selection;
- z : size used for selection of fsu;
- D : number of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks formed
- 0,1, : subscript for hamlet-group/sub-block;
- H : total number of households listed;
- h : number of sample households surveyed.

In the case of strata of type (c) (see paras 2.3 and 2.6), Z will simply be the total number of f.s.u.'s in the stratum and $z=1$. In the case of f.s.u.'s which were not partitioned, the second term in square brackets will not exist. In the urban sector c will always be 1, as also in the case of most of the sample villages in the rural sector. The summation \sum_s is over all

the constituent strata of the state/u.t./all-India.

2.13 All ratios, such as per capita expenditure of any item; are obtained by first obtaining the estimates of the aggregates appearing in the numerator and the denominator of the ratio at the desired level (e.g. state, all-India) and then by division.

2.14 In the case of sub-sample estimates, n_s will be equal to the number of f.s.u.'s belonging to the sub-sample concerned and the summation will be over these f.s.u.'s only.

SECTION THREE

CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

3.0 The main findings relating to the consumer expenditure part of the enquiry are presented in this section. Distributions of households and population by MPCE classes, quantity and value of consumption of cereals, monthly per capita expenditure on groups of items and the percentage distribution of total expenditure over these groups—these are the main results presented here. All these are given for each state, groups of states and all India. Estimates of per capita consumption, however, are given only for all MPCE classes pooled. These estimates at all India level are given in Part II by MPCE classes.

3.1 Besides the above estimates at all India level are presented by sub-samples to have an idea of the sampling variability of the estimates. Finally the estimates of the present round are compared with those of some recent past rounds.

3.2 The concept and definitions followed in the consumer expenditure enquiries continue to remain broadly the same as in earlier NSS round which are laid down in pages 30-31.

3.3 The total household expenditure is composed of expenditure of the household on broad groups of items. The groups are : (1) cereals; (2) gram; (3) cereal substitutes; (4) pulses and pulse products; (5) milk and milk products; (6) edible oil; (7) meat, egg and fish; (8) vegetables; (9) fruits and nuts; (10) sugar; (11) salt; (12) spices; (13) beverages and refreshment (14) pan; tobacco; and intoxicants; (15) fuel and light (16) clothing; (17) footwear; (18) miscellan-

eous goods and services; (19) durable goods; (20) rents and (21) taxes. The results are also presented for (a) food total; (b) non-food total and (c) total consumer expenditure.

Distribution of households, persons, average number of persons per household and average monthly per capita expenditure over MPCE classes :

3.4 Per thousand distribution of households by monthly per capita expenditure class as well as the average size of household for fifteen major states and three groups of smaller states including union territories and all-India are presented in Statements 3.1R and 3.1U for rural and urban areas respectively. The distribution of households over MPCE classes in the rural sector shows more or less similar pattern in most of the states excepting Haryana, Punjab and North Eastern states where the households concentrate heavily towards the higher MPCE classes. The upper three classes i.e. MPCE Rs. 215/- & above cover 732 households in Haryana, 546 in Punjab and 656 in North Eastern states out of thousand households distributed over 12 MPCE classes. On the other hand, among other major states, Orissa and Bihar show higher concentration of households towards the lower MPCE classes. The MPCE class (less than Rs. 95) cover 178 households in Orissa and 156 in Bihar per thousand households respectively as against 85 households at all-India level. In the urban areas, the distribution of households show considerable concentration towards higher expenditure classes. However, in Bihar and Uttar Pradesh the proportion of households is concentrated more towards the lower MPCE classes.

3.5 At the all-India level, the average size of households is 4.96 for the rural areas. The states/groups of smaller states & u.t.'s where the average household size reported more than 5.00 are Assam (5.10), Gujarat (5.09), Haryana (5.17), Karnataka (5.63), Madhya Pradesh (5.30), Punjab (5.11), Uttar Pradesh (5.45) and group of North Western (6.09) and Southern (5.44) states, whereas for the rest of the states it is less than 5.00. The states of Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu (4.22) have reported the lowest and group of smaller states of north western region (6.09) has reported the highest household size, respectively. In the urban areas, the average size of household is 4.66 at the all-India level. Among the states, the highest size is reported by Rajasthan (5.10) and the lowest by Tamil Nadu (4.17). The states having household size less than that of the all-India average are Andhra Pradesh (4.38), Assam (4.33), Orissa

(4.28), Tamil Nadu (4.17), West Bengal (4.22) and groups of states/ut's belonging to the north eastern (4.50) and north western (4.49) regions. The average household size in the rural sector is greater than that of the urban sector for all states except Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Kerala and Rajasthan.

3.6 Per thousand distribution of persons by monthly per capita expenditure class as well as average monthly per capita expenditure for fifteen major states, three groups of smaller states including union territories and all-India are presented in Statements 3.2 R and 3.2 U rural and urban areas respectively. In the rural areas, the distribution of persons over MPCE shows more or less similar pattern in most of the states excepting Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan, north eastern and north western regions. In these states/regions, the concentration of persons is more towards the higher MPCE classes. This phenomenon is particularly prominent in Haryana where the upper three classes i.e. MPCE Rs. 215/- and above cover 649 out of thousand persons distributed over 12 MPCE classes. In Bihar the concentration of persons is more in the lower MPCE classes (897 out of thousand persons having MPCE below Rs. 215/-). The average MPCEs of Assam (Rs. 187), Gujarat (Rs. 196), Maharashtra (Rs. 189), Uttar Pradesh (Rs. 190) and West Bengal (Rs. 189) are of the same order as that of the all-India rural average MPCE of Rs. 189/-. Bihar (Rs. 150) has the lowest MPCE followed by Orissa (Rs. 154) and Karnataka (Rs. 159), whereas the states reporting higher expenditure are Punjab (Rs. 285) and Haryana (Rs. 253).

3.7 The distribution of persons show moderate concentration towards upper MPCE classes in the urban sector (542 out of thousand persons having MPCE Rs. 215/- and above at the all-India level). The concentration is higher in the upper MPCE classes in respect of groups of smaller states/ut. belonging to North Eastern, North Western and Southern regions. In these regions persons concentrate heavily towards the higher MPCE classes. Among these regions, north western has the highest concentration of persons (813 out of thousand persons are having MPCE Rs. 215/- and above). At the all-India level, the average MPCE for urban India is observed to be Rs. 298/-. The states and smaller groups of states where the average MPCE has been reported to be significantly higher than that of the all-India average MPCE are Southern region (Rs. 384/-), north-eastern region (Rs. 357/-), Maharashtra (Rs. 349/-), Punjab (Rs. 332/-), Gujarat (Rs. 327/-), Kerala (Rs. 318/-), north-western region (Rs. 318/-) and Haryana (Rs. 317/-).

STATEMENT 3.1R : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER MPCE CLASSES AND AVERAGE SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD BY STATE IN RURAL AREAS

state/group of state & uts.	MPCE class (Rs.)															average no. of persons per household.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
1. Andhra Pradesh	14	27	63	84	89	98	110	84	142	154	79	56	1000	4.22		
2. Assam	—	5	10	49	90	71	167	163	171	125	118	31	1000	5.10		
3. Bihar	67	11	78	108	116	116	109	82	168	83	31	31	1000	4.87		
4. Gujarat	6	8	37	24	52	189	62	80	142	222	117	61	1000	5.09		
5. Haryana	9	4	4	9	19	18	97	59	49	351	244	137	1000	5.17		
6. Karnataka	15	80	23	118	119	65	162	79	73	172	46	48	1000	5.63		
7. Kerala	1	9	29	42	49	94	79	68	187	189	132	121	1000	4.67		
8. Madhya Pradesh	40	37	40	126	91	102	120	99	125	118	54	48	1000	5.30		
9. Maharashtra	7	30	38	101	76	51	119	97	152	193	82	54	1000	4.84		
10. Orissa	5	59	114	91	198	74	70	63	81	183	46	16	1000	4.93		
11. Punjab	2	—	13	—	3	7	19	31	379	187	156	203	1000	5.11		
12. Rajasthan	38	17	7	42	73	61	90	78	135	155	190	114	1000	4.99		
13. Tamil Nadu	14	29	41	82	87	109	121	159	91	133	70	64	1000	4.22		
14. Uttar Pradesh	6	34	45	81	70	122	116	81	92	124	151	78	1000	5.45		
15. W. Bengal	1	27	23	46	83	86	174	120	136	133	110	56	1000	4.67		
16. North Eastern	2	4	6	15	20	42	64	44	147	352	167	137	1000	4.93		
17. North Western	—	6	1	1	10	38	284	81	104	217	138	120	1000	6.09		
18. Southern	4	4	139	34	30	66	30	62	158	74	114	285	1000	5.44		
All-India	17	25	43	78	83	93	116	91	132	152	102	68	1000	4.96		

1. Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.

2. Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi.

3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

TABLE 3.1U : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER MPCE CLASSES AND AVERAGE SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD BY STATE IN URBAN AREAS

state/group of state & uts.	MPCE class (Rs.)													average number of persons per household
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)		(15)
1. Andhra Pradesh	28	46	63	105	66	2	113	157	114	84	63	59	1000	4.38
2. Assam	4	2	40	53	73	123	108	130	107	120	128	32	1000	4.33
3. Bihar	26	53	134	90	91	76	99	95	111	87	68	70	1000	4.90
4. Gujarat	4	15	31	100	69	121	143	150	154	95	57	61	1000	4.83
5. Haryana	6	23	21	47	122	111	124	122	123	159	45	97	1000	4.83
6. Karnataka	25	42	73	71	97	91	98	106	128	151	68	50	1000	4.88
7. Kerala	3	25	33	66	83	124	103	125	153	103	83	99	1000	4.72
8. Madhya Pradesh	13	24	77	102	85	97	118	114	107	123	72	68	1000	4.88
9. Maharashtra	19	22	48	53	57	121	94	127	116	137	89	117	1000	4.76
10. Orissa	22	32	72	83	70	79	134	118	132	120	80	58	1000	4.28
11. Punjab	1	10	23	45	41	89	138	159	173	155	77	89	1000	4.80
12. Rajasthan	13	16	50	72	99	101	113	101	147	128	69	91	1000	5.10
13. Tamil Nadu	26	36	82	90	100	101	108	148	107	107	39	56	1000	4.17
14. Uttar Pradesh	26	64	101	113	87	102	101	92	91	115	65	43	1000	5.05
15. West Bengal	10	14	83	62	88	108	111	129	129	159	60	47	1000	4.22
16. North Eastern 1	3	3	7	21	33	71	116	148	184	199	104	111	1000	4.50
17. North Western 2	3	11	17	17	56	50	103	163	166	122	179	123	1000	4.49
18. Southern 3	6	17	48	52	81	54	199	184	76	143	54	86	1000	4.81
All-India	18	31	66	78	79	101	110	128	122	122	73	72	1000	4.66

1. Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.

2. Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi.

3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

STATEMENT 3.2 R : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS OVER MPCE CLASSES AND AVERAGE MPCE BY STATE IN RURAL AREAS

state/group of state & uts.	MPCE class (Rs.)														average MPCE classes (Rs.0.00)
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
	00—65	65—80	80—95	95—110	110—125	125—140	140—160	160—180	180—215	215—280	280—385	385 & above	all classes	(Rs.0.00)	
1. Andhra Pradesh	16	40	67	107	96	107	136	83	132	108	68	40	1000	176.51	
2. Assam	—	8	14	62	107	83	172	187	160	92	89	26	1000	187.05	
3. Bihar	56	12	97	113	149	116	116	92	146	63	21	19	1000	150.25	
4. Gujarat	5	12	56	25	58	213	60	82	136	248	72	33	1000	196.06	
5. Haryana	18	4	4	10	29	13	136	68	64	306	229	114	1000	252.86	
6. Karnataka	18	125	24	119	153	70	140	71	75	140	29	36	1000	158.55	
7. Kerala	1	17	26	56	65	101	94	75	188	198	93	86	1000	227.42	
8. Madhya Pradesh	57	41	41	118	96	130	121	84	106	121	53	32	1000	181.35	
9. Maharashtra	8	41	37	116	98	62	137	90	143	181	52	35	1000	188.84	
10. Orissa	5	76	106	95	222	72	78	55	76	158	46	11	1000	154.12	
11. Punjab	1	—	13	—	3	7	19	31	379	187	156	203	1000	284.73	
12. Rajasthan	48	23	7	45	97	49	102	73	136	180	159	81	1000	230.70	
13. Tamil Nadu	24	34	45	115	90	126	116	158	75	96	79	42	1000	175.11	
14. Uttar Pradesh	8	36	45	95	65	130	101	112	88	112	170	38	1000	190.25	
15. West Bengal	—	35	26	58	103	93	187	127	106	111	106	48	1000	188.88	
16. North Eastern ¹	2	4	8	19	20	47	81	51	164	356	135	113	1000	251.13	
17. North Western ²	1	7	2	1	9	47	340	90	101	206	116	80	1000	231.31	
18. Southern ³	4	1	249	22	26	70	40	57	193	69	95	174	1000	213.65	
All-India	19	31	46	89	94	101	122	96	123	139	94	46	1000	189.46	

1. Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim & Tripura.

2. Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Delhi.

3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

STATEMENT 3.2U : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS OVER MPCE CLASSES AND AVERAGE MPCE BY STATE IN URBAN AREAS

state/group of state & u.t.	MPCE class (Rs.)													average MPCE (Rs.0.00)
	00—90	90—110	110—135	135—160	160—185	185—215	215—255	255—310	310—385	385—520	520—700	700 & above	all classes	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1. Andhra Pradesh	37	58	78	125	81	110	118	141	93	63	53	43	1000	278.98
2. Assam	6	3	55	78	86	163	198	141	95	81	74	20	1000	278.25
3. Bihar	34	67	169	106	85	94	88	92	112	60	38	55	1000	268.54
4. Gujarat	4	15	35	106	91	136	168	132	149	70	40	73	1000	327.33
5. Haryana	5	22	27	65	147	146	137	119	106	117	36	73	1000	316.59
6. Karnataka	33	70	99	92	103	108	98	102	112	107	46	30	1000	279.07
7. Kerala	4	42	41	89	116	143	97	134	144	86	46	58	1000	318.12
8. Madhya Pradesh	19	26	94	133	104	99	133	107	99	91	48	47	1000	285.99
9. Maharashtra	23	28	63	65	68	170	107	120	110	106	58	82	1000	348.83
10. Orissa	32	46	98	98	91	107	140	99	112	95	53	29	1000	272.35
11. Punjab	—	19	34	65	57	118	171	153	160	123	44	56	1000	332.36
12. Rajasthan	16	25	59	95	130	106	114	119	118	111	55	61	1000	302.13
13. Tamil Nadu	36	45	98	103	111	99	114	142	93	85	32	42	1000	269.09
14. Uttar Pradesh	41	90	125	140	101	102	98	86	75	78	45	19	1000	241.94
15. West Bengal	14	21	111	778	124	115	118	127	104	113	37	38	1000	285.24
16. North Eastern ¹	4	3	10	27	48	100	148	172	175	178	775	60	1000	357.12
17. North Western ²	5	3	21	28	76	54	128	180	195	127	108	75	1000	318.23
18. Southern ³	7	27	52	48	76	73	223	180	73	144	53	44	1000	383.52
All-India	24	42	83	96	96	117	118	120	111	94	49	50	1000	298.00

1. Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, & Tripura.

2. Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh & Delhi.

3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep & Pondicherry.

The average MPCE of urban Rajasthan (Rs. 302) is very close to that of all-India average (Rs. 298). All other states are reported to have an average MPCE less than that of all-India average, with Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Tamil Nadu and Orissa being at the lowest rung, reporting an average MPCE of Rs. 242, 269, 269 and 272 respectively. It may be mentioned here that the extent of dispersion as measured by the range between the highest and the lowest average MPCE is observed to be the same in both the sectors (Rs. 135 for rural and Rs. 142 for urban areas).

Quantity and Value of Cereals consumed :

3.8 Though cereals constitute the major part of the food basket, the consumption of the constituent items of cereals varies from state to state depending on the food habits prevalent in different parts of the country. In the Statements 3.3R and 3.3U the average quantity and the corresponding value of different items of cereals consumed per capita per month (MPC) are shown for rural and urban areas of fifteen major states and three groups of smaller states/u.t's. Relatively higher quantity of cereals is consumed in rural areas of

Orissa (16.52 kg.), Rajasthan (15.54 kg.), West Bengal (15.44 kg.) and Bihar (15.14 kg.). On the other hand, comparatively lower quantity of cereals is consumed in rural areas of Kerala (9.75 kg.), groups of smaller states of southern region (9.77 kg.), Maharashtra (11.89 kg.) and Karnataka (12.11 kg.). The average MPCE of cereals for rural areas of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Haryana and north eastern region is almost of the same order as that of all-India rural average MPC of 14.00 kg., but the constituent items of cereals show some variations between states. While rice is the major cereal for Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Kerala, Orissa, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and group of states belonging to north eastern region, wheat is consumed in larger proportion in rural areas of Gujarat, Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh. Although rice and wheat are the major items of cereals consumed in most of the states, other items of cereals, namely jowar, bajra and maize are important items for the states of Gujarat, Karnataka, Maharashtra and Rajasthan. In rural areas of Maharashtra more than 46% of the total cereals consumed is jowar whereas bajra claims about 33% of total cereals consumed in Gujarat.

STATEMENT 3.3R : QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY STATE IN RURAL AREAS

state/group of states & uts.	quantity (kg.) and value (Rs.) of consumption											
	rice		wheat		jowar		bajra		maize		total cereals	
	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. Andhra Pradesh	12.58	42.33	0.24	1.14	1.07	2.85	0.06	0.12	0.03	0.06	14.31	47.31
2. Assam	13.44	61.15	0.49	1.90	—	—	—	—	—	—	13.93	63.05
3. Bihar	8.58	37.76	5.68	16.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.85	1.99	15.14	56.86
4. Gujarat	2.02	8.75	4.39	12.43	0.86	2.08	3.98	9.16	0.95	1.94	12.22	34.40
5. Haryana	1.01	4.59	12.35	27.13	—	—	0.23	0.45	0.14	0.32	13.74	32.52
6. Karnataka	4.93	21.66	0.78	2.67	3.00	8.08	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.16	12.11	39.75
7. Kerala	8.98	39.98	0.77	2.67	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.75	42.66
8. Madhya Pradesh	5.90	23.58	5.88	16.77	1.04	1.93	0.00	0.01	1.41	2.96	14.60	46.01
9. Maharashtra	2.91	12.60	2.41	7.86	5.56	12.83	0.85	1.92	0.01	0.02	11.89	35.61
10. Orissa	15.60	57.60	0.53	1.95	—	—	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	16.52	60.37
11. Punjab	0.64	3.24	11.34	25.07	0.00	0.00	—	—	0.31	0.84	12.29	29.15
12. Rajasthan	0.21	1.04	9.00	22.83	0.45	0.87	4.23	8.53	1.46	2.91	15.54	36.60
13. Tamil Nadu	10.10	44.70	0.30	1.23	0.45	1.14	0.48	1.20	0.01	0.12	12.43	51.32
14. Uttar Pradesh	3.93	13.89	9.86	21.77	0.02	0.03	0.13	0.23	0.74	1.23	14.77	37.34
15. West Bengal	14.03	60.34	1.41	4.50	—	—	—	—	0.00	0.00	15.44	64.85
16. North Eastern ¹	13.61	65.73	0.26	1.39	—	—	—	—	0.24	0.72	14.26	68.33
17. North Western ²	7.86	27.17	4.89	14.53	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	2.03	4.95	14.81	46.75
18. Southern ³	7.96	34.36	1.58	5.79	0.03	0.09	0.02	0.05	—	—	9.77	41.01
All-India	6.93	28.03	4.70	12.03	0.95	2.25	0.56	1.21	0.52	1.06	14.00	45.38

1. Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim & Tripura.
2. Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh & Delhi.
3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

STATEMENT 3.3U : QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY STATE IN URBAN AREAS

state/group of states & uts.	quantity (kg.) and value (Rs.) of consumption											
	rice		wheat		jowar		bajra		maize		total cereals	
	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value	qty.	value
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. Andhra Pradesh	10.23	40.50	1.11	4.22	0.26	0.75	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	11.74	45.87
2. Assam	11.04	55.79	1.30	6.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	12.34	61.85
3. Bihar	7.31	35.90	6.05	19.37	—	—	—	—	0.13	0.34	13.50	55.64
4. Gujarat	2.14	10.96	5.73	17.83	0.18	0.51	1.39	3.31	0.04	0.10	9.48	32.72
5. Haryana	1.00	5.48	9.03	24.08	—	—	0.18	0.37	0.03	0.09	10.24	30.02
6. Karnataka	5.99	29.87	1.61	7.03	2.03	6.64	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.07	10.71	46.32
7. Kerala	8.81	39.98	1.07	4.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.88	44.20
8. Madhya Pradesh	3.79	17.65	7.47	23.30	0.21	0.49	0.00	0.01	0.16	0.39	11.63	41.85
9. Maharashtra	3.85	18.65	4.58	17.33	1.54	4.45	0.21	0.61	0.00	0.00	10.18	41.06
10. Orissa	11.77	46.75	2.45	8.98	0.01	0.02	—	—	0.00	0.00	14.39	56.10
11. Punjab	0.94	5.03	8.35	23.28	—	—	—	—	0.11	0.40	9.40	28.71
12. Rajasthan	0.56	3.72	10.03	28.35	0.03	0.07	0.94	1.93	0.17	0.38	11.76	34.52
13. Tamil Nadu	9.30	44.59	0.77	2.77	0.04	0.13	0.02	0.05	0.00	0.00	10.26	47.91
14. Uttar Pradesh	2.62	11.16	8.35	21.87	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.00	0.15	11.33	33.37
15. West Bengal	8.99	43.82	3.13	10.74	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	12.12	54.58
16. North Eastern ¹	13.41	69.39	0.76	4.63	—	—	—	—	0.09	0.23	14.26	74.26
17. North Western ²	3.45	14.27	6.33	19.81	—	—	0.03	0.10	0.08	0.23	9.89	34.41
18. Southern ³	7.62	36.57	1.63	7.14	0.12	0.40	0.02	0.04	—	—	9.41	44.21
All-India	5.45	25.23	4.84	15.03	0.42	1.25	0.19	0.44	0.05	0.12	11.04	42.33

1. Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim & Tripura.

2. Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh & Delhi.

3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

3.9 In the urban areas, the average monthly per capita quantity of consumption of cereals is 11.04 kg. at the all-India level. At the state level, it is observed that while the average monthly per capita consumption (MPC) of cereals in urban areas of Karnataka and Uttar Pradesh is very close to all-India average, the same for Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and West Bengal is about 0.5 kg. to 1.5 kg. which is higher than that of the all-India average of 11.04 kg. On the other hand, the states of Haryana, Kerala, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and group of smaller states belonging to the north western region have MPC about 0.5 to 1.5 kg. lower than that of the all-India level. Of the cereal group, rice is the major item in urban areas of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Karnataka, Kerala, Orissa, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and group of smaller states belonging to the north eastern part of India, while urban population of Gujarat, Haryana, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and group of smaller states of north western region mainly consume wheat. The other items of cereals such as jowar, bajra and maize are consumed in smaller quantities in most of the states excepting Gujarat, Karnataka and Maharashtra

where the consumption of these items is significant. Assam and Kerala do not even report consumption of jowar, Bajra and maize.

3.10 The average value of consumption on cereals in rural areas is Rs. 45.38 at the all-India level. The monthly per capita value of consumption comes to be the highest for group of smaller states belonging to the north eastern region (Rs. 68.33) followed by West Bengal (Rs. 64.85) and the lowest for Punjab (Rs. 29.15). The inter-state variation in the value of cereal consumption is due to the variation in the quantity of cereals consumed, their composition and prices of items consumed in different states. In the rice consuming states the values of cereals consumed are relatively higher. It is interesting to note that even though Kerala has the lowest consumption of cereals (quantity), the corresponding value (Rs. 42.66) is higher than those of Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh. The states of West Bengal, Assam, Orissa and Bihar are reported to have per capita value of consumption on cereals as rupees 65, 63, 60 and 57, while in Punjab, Haryana, Gujarat and Maharashtra value of consumption of cereals are rupees 29, 33, 34 and 36 respectively.

3.11 In the urban sector, the average value of consumption on cereals is Rs. 42.33 at all-India level. The monthly per capita value of consumption of cereals comes to be the highest for groups of smaller states belonging to the north eastern region (Rs. 74.26) followed by Assam (Rs. 61.85) and the lowest for Punjab (Rs. 28.71). It is generally observed that those states consuming mainly rice are having relatively higher per capita expenditure on cereal items than the states which consume mainly wheat and coarse cereals.

3.12 Statement 3.4 gives the comparison of the implicit prices (value/quantity) of cereals for the rural and urban sectors at the all-India level. The statement shows that the prices are significantly higher in urban sector. There is also significant variation in the implicit prices of individual cereals between the states (one may compute from statements 3.3R & 3.3U). For example, in case of rice in the rural sector, the implicit price varies from Rs. 3.70 or less in Andhra Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Orissa and groups of smaller states belonging to north western region to Rs. 5.06 in Punjab. *Average monthly per capita expenditure on broad groups of items*

3.13 The average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) over broad group of items for fifteen major states, three groups of smaller states including union territories and all-India are presented in Statement 3.5 R and 3.5 U for rural and urban areas respectively. It is found from the survey results that the average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) on food, non-food as well as on

total are always higher in urban areas than those in the rural areas in respect of all states and all-India. In general, both in rural and urban areas, food items constitute the major part of total consumer expenditure. In the rural areas, very high expenditure on food items is observed in Punjab (Rs. 163), Haryana (Rs. 152), group of smaller states of north eastern region (Rs. 168), north western region (Rs. 144), southern region (Rs. 144) and Rajasthan (Rs. 142). On the other hand, comparatively low expenditure is reported by Karnataka (Rs. 105) followed by Madhya Pradesh (Rs. 107), Orissa (Rs. 109), Bihar (Rs. 109), Uttar Pradesh (Rs. 116) and Maharashtra (Rs. 117). So far as non-food expenditure is concerned, Punjab (Rs. 122) reported the highest, followed by Haryana (Rs. 101), Kerala (Rs. 90) and Rajasthan (Rs. 89). The low expenditure in respect of non-food item is, however, reported by Bihar (Rs. 41), Orissa (Rs. 45) and Assam (Rs. 52) of the eastern states. Finally, the states, which reported significantly higher total MPCE over the all India average of Rs. 189 are Punjab (Rs. 285), Haryana (Rs. 253), Kerala (Rs. 228) and also groups of smaller states in the north-eastern region (Rs. 251). In addition, the rural areas of Rajasthan (Rs. 231) as well as groups of smaller states in the southern (Rs. 214) and north-western (Rs. 231) regions also reported a substantially higher MPCE than that of the all-India average. On the other hand, the average MPCE in the rural areas of Bihar (Rs. 150), Orissa (Rs. 154) and Karnataka (Rs. 160) is much below the all-India average.

STATEMENT 3.4 : QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CONSUMPTION AND IMPLICIT PRICE OF VARIOUS ITEMS OF CEREALS FOR RURAL AND URBAN AREAS

cereal item	ALL-INDIA							
	par capita consumption				price (Rs.)	quantity as percentage of total cereals		
	quantity (kg.)		value (Rs.)			rural	urban	rural	urban
	rural	urban	rural	urban				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
rice	6.93	5.45	28.03	25.23	4.04	4.63	49.50	49.37
wheat	4.70	4.84	12.03	15.03	2.56	3.11	33.57	43.84
jowar	0.95	0.42	2.25	1.25	2.37	2.98	6.79	3.80
bajra	0.56	0.19	1.21	0.44	2.16	2.32	4.00	1.72
maize	0.52	0.05	1.06	0.12	2.04	2.40	3.70	0.45
others	0.34	0.09	0.80	0.26	2.35	2.89	2.43	0.82
all cereals	14.00	11.04	45.38	42.33	3.24	3.83	100.00	100.00

STATEMENT 3.5R AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (RS.) ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL AREAS BY STATES

item	Andhra Pradesh	Arsam	Bihar	Gujarat	Haryana	Kar-nataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh	Maha-rashtra	Orissa
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1. total cereals . . .	47.31	63.05	56.80	34.41	32.52	41.47	42.78	45.99	35.61	60.37
2. gram . . .	0.01	0.18	0.44	0.36	0.41	0.60	0.53	0.33	0.31	0.04
3. cereal substitutes . . .	0.02	0.00	0.28	0.03	—	0.01	2.23	0.13	1.00	0.27
4. pulses and products . . .	7.98	6.00	7.03	8.97	7.71	8.25	4.12	8.97	11.22	6.39
5. milk and milk products . . .	10.61	10.14	10.24	34.30	58.58	10.42	11.24	12.90	12.01	3.67
6. edible oil . . .	9.59	7.15	7.06	16.23	6.66	7.04	6.28	7.75	12.61	5.62
7. meat, fish and egg . . .	8.96	19.02	5.13	1.10	4.50	5.32	16.31	3.67	6.72	6.41
8. vegetables . . .	8.47	13.19	11.23	15.07	9.76	7.01	8.11	8.91	8.58	12.44
9. fruits and nuts . . .	2.88	1.65	1.09	2.71	3.30	5.20	13.26	2.49	5.49	1.39
10. sugar . . .	3.45	4.18	3.23	11.39	12.73	5.57	5.51	6.13	8.88	3.99
11. salt . . .	0.32	0.46	0.38	0.18	0.34	0.26	0.26	0.31	0.30	0.48
12. spices . . .	6.59	2.88	2.87	5.04	4.39	5.90	6.13	4.19	5.43	3.37
13. beverage & others . . .	7.25	7.27	3.67	9.48	10.84	8.21	21.51	5.52	8.36	4.49
14. food : total . . .	113.44	135.17	109.45	139.27	151.74	105.26	138.24	107.29	116.52	108.93
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants . . .	9.71	6.78	3.50	7.02	10.47	7.08	7.24	7.06	5.04	4.72
16. fuel & light . . .	11.47	14.30	11.93	17.34	15.76	13.44	14.51	12.80	14.81	11.61
17. clothing . . .	10.36	7.11	7.38	4.91	28.02	9.18	14.59	11.52	14.25	8.21
18. foot-wear . . .	0.64	1.36	0.80	0.78	3.67	1.00	1.39	1.29	1.33	0.42
19. misc. goods & services . . .	27.17	17.08	16.55	25.81	36.62	22.18	37.42	34.36	29.11	18.22
20. rent . . .	1.10	0.08	0.09	0.31	0.83	0.27	1.73	0.49	1.30	0.13
21. taxes . . .	0.06	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.23	0.06	0.05	0.01	0.48	0.60
22. durable goods . . .	2.56	4.97	0.59	0.60	5.52	1.65	12.72	6.53	6.32	1.88
23. non-food : total . . .	63.07	51.88	40.80	56.80	101.12	54.86	89.65	74.06	72.64	45.19
24. total expenditure . . .	176.51	187.05	150.25	196.07	252.86	160.12	227.92	181.35	189.16	154.12
25. average house-hold size . . .	4.22	5.40	4.87	5.09	5.17	5.63	4.67	5.30	4.84	4.93

STATEMENT 3.5R(CONTD.): AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (RS.) ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL AREAS BY STATES

items	Punjab	Rajas- than	Tamil Nadu	Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern	North Western	Southern	All- India
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
1. total cereals	29.15	36.60	51.32	37.33	64.85	68.33	46.74	41.01	45.38
2. gram	0.93	0.33	0.21	0.71	0.09	0.09	1.14	0.02	0.40
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.28	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.20	—	0.28	0.24
4. pulses and products	12.80	6.46	7.04	10.37	4.85	5.79	11.24	7.74	8.31
5. milk and milk products	55.95	47.07	7.75	23.51	7.44	12.50	27.21	12.97	18.35
6. edible oil	14.24	10.23	7.37	8.76	8.74	8.51	11.90	9.54	9.10
7. meat, fish and egg	1.77	2.65	7.37	3.11	16.22	32.44	9.56	19.55	6.84
8. vegetables	10.27	8.86	8.23	10.13	13.77	19.85	11.37	13.61	10.25
9. fruits and nuts	2.72	3.12	3.27	2.67	1.73	2.41	3.42	9.51	3.23
10. sugar	16.69	10.76	2.68	7.10	3.06	4.19	6.41	5.82	6.34
11. salt	0.43	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.48	0.67	0.50	0.30	0.33
12. spices	6.29	6.06	7.77	4.38	3.47	4.41	5.21	6.61	4.88
13. beverage & others	11.52	9.50	13.98	7.42	5.97	8.47	9.50	17.32	8.13
14. food : total	162.76	142.20	117.30	115.78	130.71	167.86	144.20	144.46	121.78
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	4.40	8.28	5.93	6.85	6.76	15.24	6.02	13.69	6.69
16. fuel & light	25.08	15.25	11.65	15.84	15.40	19.39	17.50	12.98	14.44
17. clothing	19.90	20.16	9.97	13.98	11.96	9.25	13.81	3.62	12.15
18. foot wear	6.23	4.43	0.39	2.04	0.58	2.75	5.63	3.11	1.63
19. misc. goods & services	58.48	30.29	26.01	32.09	19.39	28.20	31.85	29.27	27.80
20. rent	0.38	0.59	1.45	0.15	0.07	1.03	0.52	4.63	0.57
21. taxes	0.11	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.07
22. durable goods	7.39	9.45	2.36	3.50	4.01	7.30	11.78	1.89	4.33
23. non-food : total	121.97	88.50	57.81	74.47	58.17	83.27	87.11	69.19	67.68
24. total expenditure	284.73	230.70	175.11	190.25	188.88	251.13	231.13	213.65	189.46
25. average hh. size	5.11	4.96	4.22	5.45	4.67	4.93	6.09	5.44	4.96

STATEMENT 3.5U : AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (Rs.) ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR URBAN AREAS BY STATES

item	Andhra Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Gujarat	Haryana	Karnataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra	Orissa
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1. total cereals	45.86	61.85	55.64	32.71	30.01	46.32	44.19	41.84	41.06	56.10
2. gram	0.05	0.53	1.89	0.79	1.45	0.44	0.91	0.41	0.39	0.21
3. cereal substitutes	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.10	—	0.00	0.99	0.31	1.04	0.03
4. pulses and products	9.23	8.53	9.88	12.68	8.11	10.26	5.53	11.96	11.79	9.45
5. milk and milk products	19.09	16.70	24.07	42.83	54.25	20.63	19.66	30.17	28.77	15.09
6. edible oil	14.03	11.42	12.82	25.60	13.65	11.17	8.89	15.85	17.69	11.18
7. meat, fish and egg	12.69	27.31	11.45	4.49	5.77	9.98	25.18	7.16	11.17	14.58
8. vegetables	11.21	18.08	16.81	18.74	13.30	9.42	9.54	14.65	14.34	19.21
9. fruits and nuts	4.91	4.08	3.54	5.99	7.76	8.30	15.55	5.55	9.56	3.65
10. sugar	4.84	5.91	5.80	11.27	11.13	6.99	7.37	10.22	8.95	5.29
11. salt	0.35	0.51	0.47	0.19	0.40	0.29	0.29	0.42	0.38	0.48
12. spices	7.06	3.77	4.07	5.77	4.78	6.62	6.96	5.38	5.68	4.74
13. beverage & others	17.06	18.90	13.64	22.41	15.71	23.48	27.77	16.80	26.41	21.99
14. food : total	146.39	177.60	160.08	183.57	166.32	153.90	172.83	160.72	177.23	162.00
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	9.99	8.21	6.00	6.01	10.12	7.54	8.58	8.93	5.96	7.81
16. fuel & light	16.32	18.47	16.29	22.44	18.90	18.95	18.34	18.56	20.62	18.48
17. clothing	23.68	15.56	20.70	22.74	16.48	19.91	24.30	17.58	27.56	14.90
18. footwear	1.86	2.51	2.25	3.25	4.44	2.07	2.69	3.10	2.00	1.87
19. misc. goods & services	51.58	41.61	45.60	55.35	82.97	46.91	64.55	52.76	69.43	46.21
20. rent	17.93	10.97	8.67	6.66	7.52	15.08	7.02	10.49	10.46	9.91
21. taxes	0.20	0.09	0.69	0.62	0.27	1.36	0.13	0.09	1.61	0.04
22. durable goods	11.03	3.23	8.26	26.69	9.57	13.35	19.68	13.76	33.96	11.13
23. non-food : total	132.59	100.65	108.46	143.76	150.27	125.17	145.29	125.27	171.60	110.35
24. total expenditure	278.98	278.25	268.54	327.33	316.59	279.07	318.12	285.99	348.83	272.35
25. average hh. size	4.38	4.33	4.90	4.83	4.83	4.88	4.72	4.88	4.76	4.28

STATEMENT 3.5U (CONTD.) : AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (Rs.) ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR URBAN AREAS BY STATES

item	Punjab	Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern	North Western	Southern	All-India
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
1. total cereals	28.70	34.52	47.91	33.37	54.59	74.27	34.40	44.20	42.34
2. gram	1.09	0.61	0.47	0.71	0.30	0.13	0.84	0.31	0.59
3. cereal substitutes	0.00	0.02	0.03	—	0.07	0.09	0.00	0.08	0.22
4. pulses and products	10.78	7.35	10.09	10.14	6.63	7.72	11.42	9.68	10.04
5. milk and milk products	55.39	52.84	17.99	29.93	19.78	19.28	51.58	22.24	29.53
6. edible oil	16.44	15.20	11.37	12.12	12.23	11.73	17.54	13.28	14.60
7. meat, fish and egg	2.80	5.73	11.38	6.96	25.73	43.06	12.02	29.25	11.42
8. vegetables	15.31	15.67	11.88	13.19	17.33	23.31	23.67	15.62	14.65
9. fruits and nuts	6.88	8.83	6.05	4.94	4.71	4.45	11.40	12.52	6.87
10. sugar	14.97	11.86	5.09	7.25	4.94	6.11	7.89	6.85	7.78
11. salt	0.43	0.42	0.28	0.33	0.54	0.77	0.53	0.39	0.38
12. spices	6.15	6.55	8.62	4.90	4.46	4.97	7.94	8.38	6.00
13. beverage & others	19.00	19.26	23.03	14.66	21.21	20.70	32.78	28.52	21.04
14. food : total	177.94	178.86	154.19	138.50	172.52	216.59	212.01	191.32	165.46
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	5.96	8.39	6.56	7.28	9.00	19.78	7.45	10.69	7.57
16. fuel & light	25.32	20.21	17.34	17.42	21.55	25.77	20.86	19.42	19.26
17. clothing	13.78	15.19	15.53	13.18	12.87	12.29	37.51	22.46	19.86
18. footwear	5.46	5.54	1.60	2.39	1.97	7.13	3.42	1.94	2.61
19. misc. goods & services	64.39	53.76	50.62	45.93	51.25	56.46	79.92	51.58	55.89
20. rent	9.84	8.69	16.40	7.22	8.34	13.02	22.58	13.98	11.40
21. taxes	0.26	1.31	0.22	0.13	0.13	0.17	0.04	0.23	0.57
22. durable goods	29.41	10.18	6.63	9.89	7.61	5.91	11.22	6.61	15.38
23. non-food : total	154.42	123.27	114.90	103.44	112.72	140.53	183.00	126.91	132.54
24. total expenditure	332.36	302.13	269.09	241.94	285.24	357.12	395.01	318.23	298.00
25. average hh. size	4.80	5.10	4.17	5.05	4.22	4.50	4.49	4.81	4.66

3.14 Significant variation is also observed among the states in respect of average MPCE on other groups of food items in the rural sector. So far as milk and milk products are concerned it is seen that while only Rs. 18 is spent on milk and milk products by rural India, (much higher MPCE is reported by Haryana (Rs. 59), Punjab (Rs. 56), Rajasthan (Rs. 47) and Gujarat (Rs. 34). On the contrary, very low MPCE on milk and milk products are reported by Orissa (Rs. 4), West Bengal (Rs. 7) and Tamil Nadu (Rs. 8). The higher expenditure on meat, fish and eggs is reported by the groups of smaller states belonging to the north eastern region (Rs. 32) followed by southern region (Rs. 20) and Assam (Rs. 19) but for all-India average it is only Rs. 7. In addition, the rural areas of West Bengal (Rs. 16) and Kerala (Rs. 16) also show a substantially higher MPCE on meat, fish and egg as compared to that of all-India average. On the other hand, the proportionate share of expenditure on meat, fish and eggs is very low in Punjab (Rs. 2), Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh (Rs. 3 each). While the all-India average MPCE on fruits & nuts in the rural sector is Rs. 3, much higher MPCE are reported by Kerala (Rs. 13) followed by groups of smaller states of southern region (Rs. 10), Maharashtra (Rs. 5) and Karnataka (Rs. 5).

3.15 Among the major states in urban areas, it is observed that the highest and the lowest average MPCE have been reported by Maharashtra (Rs. 349) and Uttar Pradesh (Rs. 242) respectively against the all-India average MPCE of Rs. 298. The groups of smaller states/ut's of north eastern, north western and southern regions have also reported substantially higher average MPCE such as Rs. 357, 395 and 318 respectively. Like rural areas, the urban areas of all the three groups of smaller states/ut's have reported higher MPCE on food items. But among the major states in urban areas, the higher expenditure on food is incurred by Gujarat (Rs. 184), Rajasthan (Rs. 179), Punjab (Rs. 178), Assam (Rs. 178) and Maharashtra (Rs. 177) which is above the all-India average of Rs. 165. Likewise, the MPCE on milk and milk products in the urban Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan, Gujarat and groups of smaller states/ut's of north-western region are also higher compared to other major states/group of states and all-India. An average MPCE on meat, fish and eggs at the all-India level in urban areas is reported to be Rs. 11. The groups of smaller states/ut's belonging to the north-eastern and southern region and among the major states Assam, Kerala and West Bengal have reported the higher MPCE

on meat, fish and eggs as Rs. 23, 29, 27, 25 and 26 respectively. On the contrary, states where the MPCE on meat, fish & eggs is low are Punjab (Rs. 3), Gujarat (Rs. 5), Haryana (Rs. 6) and Rajasthan (Rs. 6). Average MPCE on fruits & nuts is observed to be not much variant among the major states excepting Kerala (Rs. 16), Maharashtra (Rs. 10) and north-western (Rs. 11) & southern (Rs. 13) groups of smaller states/ut's, where it is higher than that of the all-India average of Rs. 7.

Percentage distribution of total MPCE over broad groups of items

3.16 Statements 3.6R and 3.6U give the percentage of value of consumption expenditure on broad groups of items per person for a period of 30 days to total consumer expenditure for major states, three groups of smaller states/uts. and all-India for rural and urban areas respectively. These statements clearly bring out the food habit prevalent in different regions of the country. In the rural areas of eastern India, viz. Assam, Bihar, Orissa and West Bengal, where rice is the staple food, the percentage of expenditure on cereals is observed to be high, while the corresponding percentage for the rural areas of the northern India, viz. Punjab, Haryana and Rajasthan is quite low. The situation for the urban areas is more or less similar, when compared with rural areas. On the other hand, proportion of expenditure spent on milk and milk products is significantly high in the rural and urban areas of Haryana, Rajasthan and Punjab. While percentage of expenditure spent on edible oil is observed to be highest in Gujarat for both the sectors, it is the lowest reported by Haryana and Kerala for rural and urban sectors respectively. The high proportion of expenditure on food in the rural areas of Bihar, Assam, Gujarat, Orissa and West Bengal is noteworthy. The proportion of expenditure spent on food in the rural areas of Punjab is lowest. So far as the non-food expenditure is concerned, the scenario is somewhat different. The rural sector of Haryana reported the highest proportion of expenditure on clothing whereas groups of smaller states/uts. belonging to the southern region is the lowest. In the urban sector, the highest and the lowest percentage of expenditure on clothing is reported by the groups of smaller states/uts. of north-western region and north-eastern region respectively. The proportion of expenditure on miscellaneous goods & services (which includes also the purchase of cooked meals) is higher in rural areas of Punjab, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh and Kerala and in the urban sector of Haryana, Kerala, Maharashtra and groups of smaller states/uts. belonging to the north-western. It is interesting to note that in the urban

STATEMENT 3.6 R (CONTD.) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL AREAS BY STATES.

Item	Punjab	Rajas- than	Tamil Nadu	Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern	North Western	Sou- thern	All- India
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
1. total cereals	10.20	15.79	29.80	20.11	34.78	27.61	20.62	19.68	34.46
2. gram	0.32	0.14	0.11	0.37	0.04	0.03	0.49	0.09	0.20
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.11	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.07	—	0.12	0.12
4. pulses and products	4.47	2.78	3.99	5.42	2.55	2.29	4.83	3.60	4.36
5. milk and milk products	19.58	20.84	4.40	12.29	3.91	4.95	11.71	6.04	9.63
6. edible oil	4.98	4.41	4.18	4.58	4.60	3.37	5.12	4.44	4.77
7. meat, fish and egg	0.61	1.14	4.18	1.62	8.54	12.86	4.11	9.10	3.58
8. vegetables	3.59	3.82	4.67	5.29	7.25	7.87	4.89	6.33	5.28
9. fruits and nuts	0.95	1.34	1.85	1.39	0.91	0.95	1.47	4.43	1.69
10. suga	5.84	4.64	1.52	3.71	1.61	1.66	2.75	2.70	3.32
11. salt	0.14	0.12	0.16	0.15	0.25	0.26	0.21	0.13	0.17
12. spices	2.20	2.61	4.41	2.29	1.82	1.74	2.24	3.08	2.56
13. beverage & others	4.03	4.10	7.93	3.88	3.14	3.36	4.09	8.07	4.26
14. food : total	56.91	61.84	67.21	61.10	69.41	67.02	62.53	67.81	64.50
15. pan, tobacco & inoxi- cants	1.53	3.57	3.36	3.58	3.55	6.04	2.59	6.37	3.51
16. fuel & light	8.77	6.58	6.61	8.28	8.11	7.69	7.53	6.04	7.58
17. clothing	6.96	8.70	5.66	7.30	6.29	3.66	5.94	1.66	6.38
18. foot wear	2.17	1.91	0.22	1.06	0.30	1.08	2.42	1.44	0.85
19. misc. goods & services	20.92	13.07	14.76	16.77	10.20	11.18	13.70	13.63	14.59
20. rent	0.13	0.25	0.82	0.08	0.03	0.40	0.22	2.15	0.29
21. cs	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.03
22. durable goods	2.58	4.07	1.33	1.82	2.11	2.89	5.07	0.88	2.27
23. non-food : total	43.09	38.16	32.79	38.90	30.59	32.98	37.47	32.19	35.50
24. total expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

sector of north-western region comprising smaller states/uts, which includes Delhi, Chandigarh, Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir, proportion of consumption is quite high on miscellaneous goods & services, clothing and foot-wear. Finally, the proportion of expenditure on durable goods is 6% in rural Kerala and 10% in urban Maharashtra.

Comparison of rural and urban estimates at the all-India level

3.17 From 43rd round onwards the fixed class intervals for monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) for the rural sector are not the same as those for the urban sector. There are however, four common points where comparison between rural and urban sectors is made by four broad groups of MPCE. Statement 3.7 presents the results of all-India rural and urban sectors in respect of per thousand distribution of households and persons, average household size and average monthly per capita expenditure by the four common broad MPCE classes. The four common points of MPCE classes are Rs. 000-110, Rs. 110-215, Rs. 215-385 and Rs. 385 & above. At the all-India level, the average number of persons per household is 4.96 and 4.66 for rural and urban areas respectively. The average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) is Rs. 189.46 and Rs. 298.00 in the rural and urban sectors respectively. The distribution of households and persons for the rural areas show very high concentration in the MPCE class of Rs. 110-215 (515 households and 537 persons out of thousand households & persons respectively), while in the urban areas the distribution is spread over upper MPCE classes.

3.18 Average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) on broad groups of items and percentage distribution of total MPCE over broad groups of item by common MPCE classes are presented in statements 3.8 and 3.9 for rural and urban India. The statements show that monthly per capita consumer expenditure on cereals in both the sectors decreases with increasing MPCE classes. However, the proportion of expenditure spent on cereals in the rural sector is more than the urban sector in the tune of 3 to 6 per cent over different broad MPCE classes. On the other side, the proportion of expenditure is relatively higher in the urban sector particularly on meat, fish & egg, fruits & nuts, beverage & others and miscellaneous goods & services, over the common MPCE classes. However, proportion of expenditure on pan, tobacco & intoxicants and clothing in the rural areas is more than the corresponding expenditure classes in the urban areas. The percentage of expenditure on food over all the broad MPCE classes in the rural areas is higher than that of the urban areas, whereas the consumption pattern is just opposite in case of non-food expenditure. Moreover, the percentage share on food items gradually decreases with the increasing level of expenditure. In particular, while about three-fourth of the total expenditure is spent on food for the household with MPCE less than Rs. 110 both in rural & urban areas, the households with MPCE Rs. 385 and above is observed to have spent even less than half of the total expenditure. Obviously, households with higher MPCE spend more on non-food items compared to food items. Conversely, households with lower MPCE spend less on non-food items compared to food items.

STATEMENT 3.7 : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AVERAGE SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD AND AVERAGE MPCE OVER BROAD MPCE CLASSES FOR ALL-INDIA RURAL AND URBAN AREAS.

broad MPCE class (Rs.)	per thousand distribution of				average number of persons per household		average MPCE (Rs.)	
	households		persons					
	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
less than 110	162	48	185	065	5.67	6.32	89.16	91.32
110—215	515	325	537	393	5.17	5.63	155.08	164.16
215—385	255	360	232	350	4.50	4.54	269.94	284.80
385 & above	68	267	46	192	3.37	3.35	585.31	665.36
all classes	1000	1000	1000	1000	4.96	4.66	189.46	298.00

STATEMENT 3.8 : AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (RS.) ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL AND URBAN AREAS BY BROAD MPCE CLASS.

item	ALL-INDIA									
	rural					urban				
	000— 110	110— 215	215— 385	385 & above	all classes	000— 110	110— 215	215— 385	385 & above	all classes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1. total cereals	35.54	45.86	49.28	59.70	45.38	30.95	40.30	43.63	48.02	42.34
2. gram	0.10	0.33	0.53	1.76	0.40	0.07	0.31	0.66	1.24	0.59
3. cereal substitutes	0.10	0.22	0.39	0.34	0.24	0.04	0.15	0.28	0.33	0.22
4. pulses & products	4.93	7.36	11.22	18.31	8.31	4.84	7.75	10.90	14.92	10.04
5. milk and milk products	3.50	12.61	35.35	59.10	18.35	4.96	14.44	33.16	62.05	29.53
6. edible oil	4.88	7.99	12.44	22.03	9.10	5.30	9.83	16.22	24.54	14.60
7. meat, egg & fish	2.32	5.87	9.99	20.27	6.84	3.42	6.86	12.49	21.52	11.42
8. vegetables	6.06	9.34	13.80	19.85	10.25	5.99	10.41	15.90	23.97	14.65
9. fruits & nuts	0.76	2.23	5.96	11.03	3.23	0.98	2.62	6.95	17.40	6.87
10. sugar	2.51	5.11	10.28	16.16	6.34	3.05	5.56	8.51	12.58	7.78
11. salt	0.27	0.32	0.37	0.51	0.33	0.24	0.31	0.40	0.53	0.38
12. spices	3.23	4.44	6.46	8.60	4.88	3.43	4.72	6.39	8.78	6.00
13. beverages & others	2.40	6.03	12.75	32.18	8.13	4.01	9.36	19.60	53.27	21.04
14. food : total	66.60	107.71	168.82	269.84	121.78	67.28	112.62	175.09	289.15	165.46
15. pan,tobacco & intoxicants	3.18	6.40	8.43	15.37	6.69	3.12	4.95	7.86	13.89	7.57
16. fuel & light	8.51	13.17	19.59	27.11	14.44	9.18	14.33	20.44	30.58	19.26
17. clothing	1.07	6.36	21.78	75.18	12.15	0.43	5.28	13.73	67.38	19.86
18. footwear	0.12	0.87	2.66	11.36	1.63	0.14	0.55	2.04	8.69	2.61
19. misc. goods & services	9.42	19.32	42.70	124.75	27.80	10.08	22.11	51.40	148.54	55.89
20. rent	0.02	0.19	0.92	5.31	0.57	0.91	3.46	11.08	31.76	11.40
21. taxes	0.01	0.03	0.20	0.19	0.07	0.04	0.11	0.27	2.20	0.57
22. durable goods	0.23	1.03	4.84	56.20	4.33	0.14	0.75	2.89	73.17	15.38
23. non food : total	22.56	47.37	101.12	315.47	67.68	24.04	51.54	109.71	376.21	132.54
24. total expenditure	89.16	155.08	269.94	585.31	189.46	91.32	164.16	284.80	665.36	298.00

Comparison of two sub-sample estimates at the all-India level

3.19 Sub-sample wise estimates provide at a glance an idea of margin of error of the combined estimate. Estimates presented for 45th round of NSS, for each of the two independent sub-samples are compared at the all-India level for both rural and urban sectors for certain selected indicators. Statement 3.10 gives the average number of persons per household and per thousand distribution of households and persons over broad MPCE classes for rural and urban sectors, for each sub-sample and combined sample. In the rural sector, the sub-sample estimates of average household size shows negligible variation in the lower MPCE classes (less than Rs. 110 and Rs. 110-215), whereas the variation is observed to be on the higher side in the upper two classes (Rs. 215-385 and Rs. 385 & above). On the other hand, the situation is just opposite for the urban areas.

3.20 The variations between the sub-sample estimates of the relative frequency of households and persons for the middle two MPCE classes (Rs. 110-215) and (Rs. 215-385) are significantly high for the rural sector. In the urban sector the variation between the sub-sample estimates in respect of house-

holds and persons is marginally high in the MPCE class Rs. 215-385.

3.21 Statement 3.11 gives the estimates of quantity and value of consumption of cereals, sub-sample wise, for rural and urban sectors at the all-India level. The difference between the sub-sample estimates for most of the items are very small, indicating high degree of reliability at all-India level.

3.22 Statement 3.12 shows the percentage distribution of per capita monthly consumer expenditure on broad groups of items by sub-sample at the all-India level for rural and urban sectors. For milk & milk products and pan, tobacco & intoxicants in the rural sector and total cereals and clothing in the urban sector some differences are observed between the sub-sample estimates. Further, the variations are also observed in miscellaneous goods & services and durable goods for both rural & urban sectors. For the other items, the sub-sample differences are low.

3.23 Statement 3.13 presents the average MPCE on cereals, food total, non-food total and total expenditure by broad expenditure classes and sub-sample for rural and urban sectors at the all-India level. The sub-sample variation in respect of cereals, food, non-food and total expenditure in the urban areas is quite small compared to that of rural areas.

STATEMENT 3.10 : AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD AND PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS OVER BROAD MPCE CLASSES BY SUB-SAMPLE FOR ALL INDIA RURAL AND URBAN AREAS.

broad MPCE class (Rs.)	sub-sample	number of sample households		average size of households		per 1000 distribution of			
		rural	urban	rural	urban	households		Person	
						rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
less than 110	1	1003	324	5.66	6.60	156	46	180	66
	2	1018	319	5.67	6.06	168	50	190	65
	comb	2021	643	5.67	6.32	162	48	185	65
110—215	1	3539	2074	5.18	5.49	550	310	583	367
	2	3473	2132	5.17	5.74	479	339	492	417
	comb	7012	4206	5.17	5.62	515	325	537	393
215—385	1	2017	2653	4.19	4.56	219	377	188	370
	2	2117	2597	4.72	4.52	291	342	273	330
	comb	4134	5250	4.50	4.54	255	360	232	350
385 & above	1	704	2083	3.16	3.41	75	267	49	197
	2	631	2054	3.62	3.29	62	268	45	188
	comb	1335	4137	3.37	3.35	68	267	46	192
all classes	1	7264	7134	4.89	4.64	1000	1000	1000	1000
	2	7239	7107	5.03	4.68	1000	1000	1000	1000
	comb	14503	14241	4.96	4.66	1000	1000	1000	1000

STATEMENT 3.13 : AVERAGE MPCE ON CEREALS, FOOD AND NON-FOOD BY BROAD MPCE CLASS AND SUB-SAMPLE FOR ALL INDIA RURAL AND URBAN

ALL-INDIA

item	sub-sample	rural MPCE (Rs.)					urban MPCE (Rs.)				
		000— 110	110— 215	215— 385	385 & above	all classes	000— 110	110— 215	215— 385	385 & above	all classes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
cereals	1	36.28	44.75	51.51	57.48	45.11	31.82	40.46	43.86	48.58	42.64
	2	34.89	46.97	47.81	62.01	45.58	30.10	40.42	43.38	47.44	42.04
	comb.	35.54	45.86	49.28	59.70	45.38	30.95	40.30	43.63	48.02	42.84
total food	1	65.75	108.33	169.70	274.18	120.26	67.16	113.53	174.69	297.14	169.23
	2	67.45	107.00	168.31	265.41	123.32	67.40	111.81	175.51	280.98	161.74
	comb.	66.60	107.71	168.82	269.84	121.78	67.28	112.62	175.09	289.15	165.46
total non-food	1	22.35	47.88	102.82	331.46	67.37	24.10	49.70	113.61	377.96	136.22
	2	22.79	47.03	100.09	298.90	68.21	23.93	53.19	105.27	374.30	128.81
	comb.	22.56	47.37	101.12	315.47	67.68	24.04	51.54	109.71	376.21	132.54
total	1	88.10	156.21	272.52	605.64	187.63	91.26	162.23	288.30	675.10	305.45
	2	90.24	154.03	268.40	564.31	191.53	91.33	165.00	280.78	655.28	290.55
	comb.	89.16	155.08	269.94	585.31	189.46	91.32	164.16	284.80	665.36	298.00

Comparison of estimates with the results of earlier surveys at the all-India level

3.24 In the following paras, the results of the present survey are compared with those of the earlier three rounds, namely the 44th, 43rd and 42nd rounds (the first and the third are the previous two annual rounds and the second one is the 4th quinquennial round). Statement 3.14 presents the results on average size of households, average MPCE, percentiles (MPCE) of population and average MPC quantity of consumption of cereals of 42nd to 45th rounds for rural and urban sectors (43rd round estimates are based on sub-sample I). It is a point to be noted that the average size of the household has come down during 45th round for both rural and urban sectors. The average monthly per capita expenditure and the percentiles (MPCE) of population over NSS rounds are also comparable taking into account the price hike and consumption expenditure over survey period. The quantity of consumption of cereals is also found to be consistent over NSS rounds.

3.25 Quantity and value of consumption of cereal items as reported in 42nd, 43rd, 44th and 45th round survey results are presented in Statement 3.15 for both rural and urban sectors at the all-India level. It is observed from the statement that the monthly per capita quantity of consumption of different items of cereals and also total cereals are quite close over the different rounds while the value of consumption shows an increasing trend. The reason for such high value of consumption may be due to price rise over the period.

3.26 Statement 3.16 shows the percentage distribution of MPCE over broad groups of items and NSS rounds for rural and urban areas at the all-India level. Proportion of expenditure spent on cereals in the 45th round is found to be marginally low as compared to the earlier rounds for both the sectors. Percentage of MPCE on food total is increased a little in the rural areas, while the same is significantly decreased in the urban areas. The small variations in other broad groups of items may be due to the differential price movements rather than changes in the consumption basket.

STATEMENT 3.14 : AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD, AVERAGE MPCE: 20TH, 50TH AND 80TH PERCENTILES (MPCE) WITH RESPECT TO POPULATION: AND AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA QUANTITY OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS OVER DIFFERENT NSS ROUNDS FOR ALL INDIA RURAL AND URBAN AREAS.

characteristic	rural				urban			
	42nd round	43rd* round	44th round	45th round	42nd round	43rd* round	44th round	45th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. average size of household	5.26	5.08	5.17	4.96	4.79	4.71	4.87	4.66
2. average MPCE (Rs.)	140.93	158.10	175.10	189.46	222.65	250.63	266.35	298.00
3. percentile value of MPCE (Rs.)								
(i) 20th	78.52	91.13	101.07	112.39	110.79	124.41	135.66	148.28
(ii) 50th	117.47	130.27	144.68	159.67	176.75	191.68	208.34	229.24
(iii) 80th	186.92	200.58	223.08	251.94	297.58	325.76	353.18	380.27
4. monthly per capita quantity (kg.) of consumption of cereals	14.28	14.54	14.66	14.00	10.94	11.33	11.06	11.04

*based on sub-sample 1.

STATEMENT 3.15 : AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS FOR ALL INDIA RURAL AND URBAN AREAS OVER DIFFERENT NSS ROUNDS

cereal item	sector	average monthly per capita consumption							
		quantity (kg.)				value (Rs.)			
		42nd round	43rd* round	44th round	45th round	42nd round	43rd* round	44th round	45th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1. rice	rural	7.11	7.04	7.07	6.93	23.06	24.89	27.31	28.03
	urban	5.33	5.50	5.35	5.45	19.84	22.13	23.99	25.23
2. wheat	rural	4.77	5.00	4.73	4.70	10.17	11.58	12.26	12.03
	urban	4.83	4.98	4.81	4.84	12.12	13.66	14.99	15.03
3. jowar	rural	1.02	1.19	1.16	0.95	1.89	2.24	2.66	2.25
	urban	0.46	0.56	0.49	0.42	1.03	1.22	1.33	1.25
4. bajra	rural	0.53	0.51	0.70	0.56	1.07	1.14	1.34	1.21
	urban	0.17	0.14	0.21	0.19	0.36	0.35	0.46	0.44
5. maize	rural	0.41	0.37	0.49	0.52	0.78	0.80	1.07	1.06
	urban	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.19	0.12
6. total cereals	rural	14.28	14.54	14.56	14.00	37.47	41.47	45.54	45.38
	urban	10.94	11.33	11.06	11.04	33.64	37.68	41.25	42.33

*based on sub-sample 1

STATEMENT 3.16 : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS AND DIFFERENT NSS ROUNDS FOR ALL INDIA RURAL AND URBAN AREAS

item group	percentage of MPCE							
	rural				urban			
	42nd round	43rd* round	44th round	45th round	42nd round	43rd* round	44th round	45th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. cereals	26.79	26.14	26.01	24.46	15.11	15.03	15.47	14.15
2. gram	0.38	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.23	0.16	0.21	0.19
3. cereal substitutes	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
4. pulses & products	3.92	3.97	4.08	4.36	3.20	3.37	3.48	3.35
5. milk & products	9.57	8.62	8.94	9.63	10.47	9.51	10.01	9.87
6. edible oil	4.89	4.98	4.32	4.77	5.37	5.28	4.73	4.88
7. meat, egg & fish	3.73	3.23	3.50	3.58	4.15	3.53	3.97	3.81
8. vegetables	5.31	5.21	5.32	5.38	5.23	5.23	5.15	4.89
9. fruits & nuts	1.61	1.63	1.62	1.69	2.45	2.50	2.43	2.29
10. sugar	3.05	2.85	2.97	3.32	2.63	2.34	2.42	2.60
11. salt	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.13	0.12	0.14	0.12
12. spices	2.60	2.69	2.84	2.56	2.16	2.19	2.29	2.00
13. beverages & others	3.51	3.91	3.70	4.26	6.73	6.71	6.77	7.03
14. food total (1—13)	65.67	63.77	63.85	64.50	57.93	56.04	57.14	55.25
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	3.46	3.18	3.40	3.51	2.77	2.61	2.65	2.53
16. fuel & light	7.62	7.44	7.26	7.58	6.85	6.67	6.59	6.44
17. clothing	7.53	6.65	7.50	6.38	6.62	5.98	6.22	6.64
18. foot wear	1.09	0.98	0.97	0.85	1.14	1.07	0.94	0.87
19. misc. goods & services	11.11	14.41	13.60	14.59	16.09	23.40	19.50	19.14
20. rent	0.19	—	0.22	0.29	4.37	—	3.85	3.81
21. taxes	0.17	—	0.05	0.03	0.27	—	0.19	0.18
22. durable goods	3.16	3.57	3.15	2.27	3.96	4.23	2.82	5.14
23. non-food total (15—20)	34.33	36.23	36.15	35.50	42.07	43.96	42.86	44.75
24. total expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

*based on sub-sample I.

Comparison of sub-sample differences between two NSS rounds

3.27 A comparison of the sub-sample differences of NSS 44th and 45th rounds is given in Statement 3.17. Now, the sample design in 45th round is oriented towards the enterprise enquiry. Stratification and selection of first stage units were carried out using the information contained in the economic census frames so as to obtain efficient estimates from the enterprise survey. This may or may not be appropriate for the consumer expenditure survey. A comparison of the sub-sample differences of 44th and 45th rounds will indicate how far the design of 45th round has affected the precision of the estimates obtained from the consumer expenditure enquiry.

3.28 For this purpose the values of the relative standard error of the average of the sub-sample estimate, (this is not necessarily the combined sample

estimate) have been calculated using the formula,

$$r. s. e. = \frac{|Y_1 - Y_2|}{Y_1 + Y_2} \times 100$$

where Y_1 and Y_2 are the sub-sample estimates of any item, and are presented in statement 3.17 alongside the sub-sample estimates.

3.29 From this table it can be seen that in the rural sector, while for most of the food item groups 44th round estimates have smaller r.s.e., for the important non-food item groups of fuel and light, clothing and footwear as well as for non-food total and total expenditure the 45th round estimates have smaller r.s.e. than the corresponding estimates of 44th round. On the other hand, in the urban sector the estimates of 44th round are slightly better than the corresponding estimates of 45th round, except for some minor items. However, these differences do not lead clearly to any inference that they are due to change in sampling design.

STATEMENT 3.17 : COMPARISON OF SUB-SAMPLE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN 44TH AND 45TH GROUNDS

ALL-INDIA

item	rural						urban						
	44th			45th			44th			45th			
	s1	s2	r.s.e.	s1	s2	r.s.e.	s1	s2	r.s.e.	s1	s2	r.s.e.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	45.42	46.10	0.74	0.74	45.71	45.58	0.52	41.06	41.46	0.48	42.64	42.04	0.71
2. gram	0.41	0.46	5.75	5.75	0.45	0.35	12.50	0.55	0.56	0.90	0.62	0.57	4.20
3. cereal substitutes	0.23	0.21	4.55	4.55	0.20	0.28	16.67	0.19	0.18	2.70	0.23	0.22	2.22
4. pulses and products	7.06	7.22	1.12	1.12	8.24	8.40	0.96	9.12	9.44	1.72	10.20	9.88	1.59
5. milk and milk products	15.08	15.74	2.14	2.14	17.43	19.25	4.96	26.19	27.26	2.00	30.27	28.80	1.48
6. edible oil	7.55	7.60	0.33	0.33	8.97	9.24	1.48	12.37	12.84	1.86	14.96	14.25	2.43
7. meat fish and egg	6.20	6.18	0.15	0.15	7.11	6.59	3.80	10.55	10.62	0.33	11.45	11.39	2.63
8. vegetables	9.24	9.36	0.65	0.65	10.16	10.32	0.78	13.55	13.94	1.42	15.19	14.11	3.69
9. fruits and nuts	2.91	2.83	1.39	1.39	3.15	3.32	2.63	6.03	6.92	6.87	7.16	6.58	4.22
10. sugar	5.10	5.26	1.54	1.54	6.23	6.47	1.89	6.38	6.56	1.39	7.93	7.63	1.93
11. salt	0.29	0.29	0.	0.	0.34	0.33	1.49	0.40	0.34	8.11	0.38	0.37	1.33
12. spices	4.92	5.06	1.40	1.40	4.93	4.84	0.92	6.02	6.18	1.31	6.23	5.78	3.75
13. beverage & others	6.55	6.51	0.31	0.31	7.94	8.35	2.52	18.37	17.77	1.66	21.97	20.12	4.39
14. food : total	110.96	112.82	0.83	0.83	120.26	123.32	1.26	150.78	154.09	1.08	169.23	161.74	2.26
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	5.88	5.90	0.17	0.17	7.14	6.28	6.41	7.97	7.19	1.55	7.42	7.71	1.92
16. fuel & light	12.62	12.85	0.90	0.90	14.47	14.44	0.10	17.27	17.98	1.76	19.77	18.75	2.65
17. clothing	12.94	13.70	2.85	2.85	11.89	12.49	2.46	17.20	16.06	3.43	18.88	20.79	4.81
18. foot wear	1.83	1.62	6.09	6.09	1.65	1.60	1.54	2.50	2.53	0.60	2.92	2.30	11.88
19. misc. goods & services	23.93	24.12	0.40	0.40	20.03	29.54	6.32	52.78	51.18	1.54	56.79	54.98	1.62
20. remis	0.39	0.39	0.	0.	0.60	0.54	5.26	10.23	10.32	0.44	11.12	11.68	2.46
21. taxes	0.04	0.16	60.00	60.00	0.09	0.06	20.00	0.43	0.61	17.31	0.58	0.55	2.65
22. durable goods	5.03	6.11	9.69	9.69	5.50	3.26	25.57	7.69	7.88	1.22	18.74	12.05	21.73
23. non-food total	62.66	64.85	1.71	1.71	67.37	68.21	0.62	115.07	113.66	0.62	136.22	128.81	2.80
24. total expenditure	173.62	177.67	1.15	1.15	187.63	191.53	1.03	265.85	267.73	0.35	305.45	290.55	2.50
25. average hb, size	5.16	5.19	0.29	0.29	4.89	5.03	1.41	4.87	4.87	0	4.64	4.68	0.43
26. estd. hhs (00)	1124151	1122970	0.07	0.07	1187988	1234146	1.91	351759	363342	1.62	377975	378589	0.08
27. estd. population	5796511	5822351	0.22	0.22	580403	6202279	3.32	1714003	1770005	1.61	1753161	1771828	0.53

s1—sub-sample 1, s2—sub-sample 2, rse—relative standard error.

Section Four

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

4.0 As indicated in section one, collection of data to generate key indicators of 'employment' and 'unemployment' to build up an annual series of them, began with the 45th round survey operations. The collection of relevant data has been integrated with the annual survey on consumer expenditure. For the purpose, required provision has been made in the 'demographic' block of the schedule to be used for collection of data on 'consumer expenditure'.

4.1 CONCEPTUAL FRAME ADOPTED FOR THE SURVEY

4.11 The main objective being to generate annual indicators of employment and unemployment, the information collected is aimed to classify the population as belonging to different activity categories on the basis of the activities pursued by them during specified reference periods adopting two different approaches. The two approaches are :

- (i) usual status approach with a reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey.
- (ii) current weekly status approach with a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey.

The various activity categories along with the corresponding codes used in the 45th round survey were as under.

Code**	Description
	<i>Working (or employed)</i>
11	worked (self-employed) in household enterprises
21	worked as helper in household enterprises
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works
51	worked as casual wage labour in other types of work
61	did not work due to sickness though there was work in household enterprise
62	did not work due to other reasons though there was work in household enterprise

**Codes 61, 62 were applicable only in the case of current weekly status approach.

Code**	Description
71	did not work due to sickness but had regular salaried/wage employment
72	did not work due to other reasons but had regular salaried/wage employment <i>not working but available for work (or unemployed)</i>
81	sought work
82	did not seek but was available for work <i>neither working nor available for work (or not in labour-force)</i>
91	attended educational institutions
92	attended domestic duties only
93	attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, fire-wood, cattle feed, etc.), tailoring, weaving, etc., for household use
94	rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
95	not able to work due to disability
96	beggars, prostitutes, etc.
97	others
98	did not work due to sickness (for casual workers only)
99	infants of age 0—4 years

**Codes 71, 72, 82 and 98 were applicable only in the case of current weekly status approach.

Persons reported to be engaged in any one or more of the activities listed under the category codes 11 to 72 (11 to 51 for usual status) during the specified reference period were considered 'working' (or employed). A person assigned the activity category code 81 or 82 (81 for usual status) was considered 'seeking and/or available for work' (or unemployed). The employed and unemployed together constituted the 'labour force'. Any person reported to be engaged in or as belonging to one or more of the activities (inactivities) under the category codes 91 to 99 (91 to 97 and 99 for usual status) was classified as 'not in labour force'.

4.12 *Classification according to usual status approach* : In the 45th round survey, the status of activity on which a person spent relatively longer time of the preceding 365 days prior to the date of survey was considered the principal usual activity status of the person. Accordingly, a person's principal usual status was considered 'working' or 'em-

ployed', if he/she was engaged relatively for a longer time during the reference period of 365 days in any one or more work activities (activities coded 11 to 51), 'seeking or available for work' or 'unemployed', if he/she was not working but was either seeking or was available for work (activity code 81) for a relatively longer time of the specified reference period and 'not in labour force', if he/she was engaged for a relatively longer period in any one or more of the non-gainful activities (activities coded 91 to 97 and 99). Within the two broad activity categories, 'working' and 'not in labour force', the detailed activity category was determined on the basis of time spent criterion. A person categorised as a 'worker' on the basis of his/her principal status is hereafter referred to as 'principal status worker'. A 'non-worker' (on the basis of principal usual activity status) who pursued some gainful activity in a subsidiary capacity was considered to be usually working in a subsidiary capacity and is hereafter referred to as 'subsidiary status worker'. These two groups viz., 'principal status workers' and 'subsidiary status workers' together constituted 'all workers' according to the usual status classification. The same concept was adopted for the NSS quinquennial surveys also for classification of population according to usual status.

4.13 *Classification according to current weekly status approach* : For classification of persons according to current weekly status, they had to be initially assigned a unique activity status with reference to a period of 7 days preceding the date of survey. This posed no problem in the case of persons having only one status during the reference week. But, a unique status was assigned to persons, pursuing more than one activity during the week by adopting a priority-cum-major time rule. Under the priority rule, the status of 'working' got priority over the status of 'not working but seeking/available for work' and the status of 'seeking/available for work' got priority over the status of 'not working and not seeking/not available for work'. But within the broad category of 'working' or 'not working', the detailed activity category was assigned by major time criterion, i.e., the activity category in which major part of time was spent was considered the current-weekly status. Thus, a person was considered 'working' (or employed) if he was engaged in any one or more of the gainful activities (11 to 72) for at least one hour on any one day of the reference week. Further, he was assigned that gainful activity category (11 to 72) on which he spent major part of the working time during the reference week. A person who had not worked for even one hour on any one day of the week, but had been seeking work or had been available for work

(although not seeking) at any time during the week was considered 'seeking/available for work' (or unemployed). Others were considered 'not available for work' (or not in labour force). Each member of the sample household was, thus, assigned a unique activity status for the week. Aggregates of persons under the different activity status thus assigned provided the distribution of persons by activity during an average week of the survey period of one year.

4.2 DEFINITIONS

(a) *Gainful activity* : Gainful activity (or work) is the activity pursued for pay, profit or family gain or in other words, the activity which adds value to the 'national product'. Normally, it is an activity which results in production of 'goods and services' for exchange. However, the activities in 'agriculture' (i.e., all activities relating to industry section 0) in which a part or whole of the agricultural production is used for own consumption and does not go for sale, are also considered 'gainful'. Execution of household chores or social commitments, etc., however, are not considered 'gainful' activities. The activities, such as prostitution, begging, etc., which may result in earnings, are, by convention, not considered 'gainful'.

(b) *Workers (or employed)* : Persons engaged in any gainful activity are considered 'workers' (or employed). They are the persons assigned any one or more of the nine activity categories under the first broad activity category, i.e., 'working or employed' in para 4.11.

(c) *Seeking or available for work (or unemployed)* : Persons who, owing to lack of work, had not worked or either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing conditions of work and remuneration are considered unemployed.

(d) *Labour force* : Persons categorised as 'working' (or employed) and as 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed) together constitute the labour force.

(e) *Not in labour force* : Persons categorised as neither 'working' nor 'seeking or available for work' are considered to be engaged in non-gainful activities or 'not in labour force'. The persons falling in this category are students, those engaged in domestic chores, rentiers, pensioners, those living on alms, recipients of remittance, infirm and disabled persons, prostitutes, infants of age 0—4 years etc.

(f) *Worked (self-employed) in household enterprise—usual and current status code 11* : Persons who

are engaged in their own farm or non-farm enterprise are defined as 'self-employed'—the term used to designate their activity status. There are different kinds of self-employed. Some may operate their enterprise without hiring any labour. Some others may occasionally hire a few labourers. There is also a third category who, by and large, regularly run their enterprises by hiring labour. The first two groups of self-employed are called own-account workers and the third, employers.

(g) *Worked as helper in household enterprise—usual and current status Code 21* : The helpers are a category of working persons who work full or part time in household enterprise and do not receive any cash payment or any share of the family earnings in return for the work performed for the enterprise. They are household members, a large number of them being related to the household head and dependent on the household head and work for the family enterprise. They get food and shelter as members of the household. One may also come across persons in a household who do not receive any cash remuneration for their work in the household enterprise but have a share in the family earnings out of such enterprise. Such persons are not 'helpers' but 'self-employed'. On the other hand, if any member of the household works in the household enterprise for which he is paid wage salary, he should be treated as an employee.

(h) *Worked as regular salaried/wage employees—usual and current status code 31* : Persons working in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting, in return, salary or wages on a regular basis (and not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract) are treated as regular salaried/wage employees. The category, salaried/wage employees will include not only salary and wage earners getting time wage but also earners getting piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part time.

(i) *Worked as casual wage labour—usual and current status codes 41 & 51* : Persons engaged in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting in return wages according to the terms of a daily or periodic work contract are treated as *casual wage labour*. In the rural areas and also in the Government project sites, a type of casual labourers can be seen who normally engage themselves in public works activities which include works taken up by the Government or local bodies for construction of roads, bunds, digging of ponds, etc., as test relief measures/employment generation schemes, etc. The casual labourers doing only such public work activities are casual labour in public

works. The rest are casual wage labourers in other types of work.

(j) *Had work in household enterprises but did not work due to sickness/other reasons—current status code 61/62 and had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to sickness/other reasons—current status code 71/72* : Persons engaged in household farm or non-farm enterprises or working in others' farm or non-farm enterprises as salaried/wage employees but absenting from work temporarily due to sickness/for enjoying leave or holiday or for other reasons belong to these two categories 61/62 and 71/72 respectively depending on whether they are self-employed in household farm/non-farm enterprises or employed in others' farm/non-farm enterprises as wage/salaried employees.

(k) *Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods, sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc., for household use—usual and current status code 93* : In rural areas in general and particularly in the tribal areas, domestic work usually includes among others, a lot of work for free collection of vegetables, roots, firewood, etc., and also spinning and weaving of cloth for household use. Persons found to be spending regularly some of their time in performing the above mentioned activities along with household chores, belong to this category.

4.3 SUMMARY RESULTS

4.31 Important key indicators of employment and unemployment through adoption of the two different approaches as mentioned in para 4.11 based on the results obtained from the annual Labour force survey data collected in the NSS 45th round (July 1989–June 1990) are presented in the subsequent paragraphs. All-India results have been compared with the corresponding results of the earlier quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment. The key results for all the major states are presented separately, whereas, for the minor states and union territories, the results have been presented for the three groups of states—(i) North-Eastern states (ii) North-Western states and (iii) Southern states—as indicated in the introductory character.

4.4 EMPLOYED

4.41 The National Sample Survey Organisation had generated two different estimates of 'employed' from the data collected in the 45th round (July 1989–June 1990) annual survey on consumer expenditure and employment and unemployment. They are :

- (i) number of persons usually employed (i.e., those who worked for a relatively longer

period of a reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey); and

- (ii) average number of persons employed in a week (i.e., those worked at any time during a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey).

Of the two estimates mentioned above, the first one gives the magnitude of the usually 'employed' (i.e., persons with more or less stable employment). It is provided in two categories—'usually employed' or 'usually working' in the principal status (p.s) and 'usually employed' or 'usually working' only in a subsidiary status(es). The two categori-

es together constitute the total usually employed (or all workers).

4.42 The 'usual status' approach adopted for classification of the population, obviously does not take into consideration the changes in the activity pattern cause by seasonal fluctuation. The latter one (i.e., current weekly status approach) reflects the overall effect caused by the intermittent changes in the activity pattern during a year. Statement 4.1 gives the proportion of persons 'employed' according to usual status and current weekly status alongwith the corresponding comparable estimates based on the earlier quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment for all-India by sex and rural-urban residence status.

STATEMENT 4.1 : NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED PER 1000 PERSONS ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS AND CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS BY SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS

round	male		current weekly status	f. male		All-India current Weekly status
	usual status			usual status		
	ps	all	ps	all		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
RURAL						
45 (1989-90)	537	548	528	252	319	230
43 (1987-88)	517	539	504	245	323	220
38 (1983)	528	547	511	248	340	227
32 (1977-78)	537	552	519	248	331	232
27 (1972-73)	—	545	530	—	318	277
URBAN						
45 (1989-90)	501	512	503	124	146	121
43 (1987-88)	496	506	492	118	152	119
38 (1983)	500	512	492	120	151	118
32 (1977-78)	497	508	490	123	156	125
27 (1972-73)	—	501	491	—	134	123

It is observed that during 1989-90, at the all-India level, the proportion of usually employed (principal status) among rural males was almost 54 per cent—about 2 percentage points higher than the corresponding 1987-88 rate. On the other hand, in the case of rural females and urban males as well as urban females, the percentage of employed remained almost stable over the past 12 years period, the rates being about 25 per cent for rural females, 50 per cent for urban males and 12 per cent for urban females. In the rural sector, as observed from the results of the earlier surveys, the 1989-90 survey had also thrown up a lower weekly status employment rates compared to the usual status

rates for both males and females indicating their voluntary or involuntary withdrawal from the work force due to non-availability of work throughout the year. It is also observed that the magnitude of the difference between these two rates was almost similar over the years. But in the case of urban population, both the rates are of similar magnitude clearly revealing the differential in the employment pattern of the two sectors of the country.

4.43 *Distribution of usually employed by status employment* : Persons classified as employed are

categorised into three broad groups according to their status of employment. The groups are (i) self-employed, (ii) regular employees, and (iii) casual labour. The per 1000 distribution of usually employed by the three statuses of employment is presented for all-India in statement 4.2. The statement gives also the results of the corresponding distribution obtained from all the four quinquennial surveys. The comparative results show that, in general, there had been an increase in the proportion of 'casual labourers' among the usually employed (principal and subsidiary together) compared to 1972-73. Over 1987-90 period, this proportion had remained almost constant in the

case of rural males and females. But while in the case of urban males it had slightly increased, a reverse pattern is observed in the case of urban females. The proportion of 'self employed' among the usually employed in the principal status had shown a two percentage points increase during 1989-90 compared to 1987-88 for both the males and females of rural India. While for urban females it had registered a four percentage point increase, it had remained at the same level for urban males. Most of the increase had come from the casual labour category except in the case of rural males. A slight fall in the proportion of 'regular employees' is also observed.

STATEMENT 4.2 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY EMPLOYED BY STATUS OF EMPLOYMENT

All-India

round and year	usually employed					
	principal status			all		
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	self employed	regular employees	casual labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
RURAL MALES						
45 (1989-90)	591	100	309	597	98	305
43 (1987-88)	575	104	321	586	100	314
38 (1983)	595	106	299	605	103	292
32 (1977-78)	622	108	270	628	106	266
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	659	121	220
RURAL FEMALES						
45 (1989-90)	565	36	399	609	28	363
43 (1987-88)	549	49	402	608	37	355
38 (1983)	541	37	422	619	28	353
32 (1977-78)	563	37	400	621	28	351
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	645	41	314
URBAN MALES						
45 (1989-90)	413	421	166	423	413	164
43 (1987-88)	410	444	146	417	437	146
38 (1983)	402	445	153	409	437	154
32 (1977-78)	399	472	129	404	464	132
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	392	507	101
URBAN FEMALES						
45 (1989-90)	435	331	234	486	292	222
43 (1987-88)	393	342	265	471	275	254
38 (1983)	373	318	309	458	258	284
32 (1977-78)	422	308	270	495	249	256
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	484	279	237

4.5 UNEMPLOYED

4.51 As in the case of 'employed', for 'unemployed' also, two different estimates are obtained from the Annual survey data namely.

- (i) number of persons usually unemployed based on the 'usual status' classification; and
- (ii) number of persons unemployed on an average in a week based on the 'weekly status' classification.

The first estimate indicates the magnitude of persons unemployed for a relatively longer period during a reference period of 365 days, (say, according to the principal status) and approximates to an indicator relating to the 'chronically' unemployed. Some of the 'unemployed' obtained on the basis of this time criterion, might be working in a subsidiary capacity. Two estimates of usually unemployed, therefore, are presented—usually unemployed in the principal status (p.s.) and usually

unemployed excluding the subsidiary status workers (usual adjusted). The second estimate (current weekly status) gives the average weekly picture of 'unemployment' during the survey year and includes both chronic unemployment and also the intermittent unemployment caused by seasonal fluctuations in employment of those categorised as usually employed.

4.52 *Unemployment rates (UR)*: Number of persons unemployed per thousand persons in the labour force (employed and unemployed together) is defined as unemployment rate (UR). Statement 4.3 gives, the unemployment rates based on the usual as well as the current weekly status classification of the population as worked out from the results of the 45th round survey alongwith the corresponding comparable unemployment rates of all the four quinquennial survey—27th, 32nd, 38th and 43rd rounds. It may be noted that the 27th round usual status rates are comparable only with the rates based on the usually unemployed excluding the subsidiary status workers as obtained from the other rounds.

STATEMENT 4.3 : UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NUMBER OF PERSONS UNEMPLOYED PER 1000 PERSONS IN THE LABOUR-FORCE) BY SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS.

all-India

round	male			female		
	usual status	usual adjusted	current weekly status	usual status	usual adjusted	current weekly status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
RURAL						
45 (1989-90)	16 (9)	13 (7)	26 (13)	8 (2)	6 (2)	21 (5)
43 (1987-88)	28 (15)	18 (10)	42 (22)	35 (9)	24 (8)	44 (10)
38 (1983)	21 (12)	14 (8)	37 (20)	14 (4)	7 (2)	43 (10)
32 (1977-78)	22 (12)	13 (7)	36 (19)	55 (14)	20 (7)	41 (10)
27 (1972-73)	—	12	30	—	5	55
URBAN						
45 (1989-90)	44 (23)	39 (21)	45 (24)	39 (5)	27 (4)	40 (5)
43 (1987-88)	61 (32)	52 (28)	66 (35)	85 (11)	62 (10)	92 (12)
38 (1983)	59 (31)	51 (27)	67 (35)	69 (9)	49 (8)	75 (10)
32 (1977-78)	65 (34)	54 (29)	71 (37)	178 (27)	124 (22)	109 (15)
27 (1972-73)	—	48	60	—	60	92

The figures in parenthesis are the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons.

It is seen from the results presented in the statement that during 1989-90, there has been a fall in the 'unemployment' compared to 1987-88 and also earlier years. This fall is observed to be more sharp for the females—both rural and urban compared to their male counterparts. For males, during 1989-90, the chronic unemployment rate was less than 2 per cent in rural India and of the order of 4 per cent in urban India as against the corresponding rates of about 3 per cent and 6 per cent respectively during 1987-88. Similarly for females, the rates was less than 1 per cent in rural areas and about 4 per cent in urban areas, whereas, the corresponding 1987-88 rates were over 3 per cent and 8 per cent respectively. While studying this observed pattern, one has to of course, keep in mind the relatively smaller sample size covered in the 45th round annual survey as also the enterprise oriented sample design adopted for the survey.

4.6 UNDERUTILISATION OF LABOUR TIME (UNDER EMPLOYMENT) OF THE USUALLY EMPLOYED.

4.61 Agricultural activities and the activities relating to agricultural based industries are the mainstay of the Indian people. Persons engaged in these activities, particularly in self-employed capacity, though employed for the major part of the year, may not find enough work during the lean seasons. Some of them may find alternate work and other either remain unemployed or even withdraw from the labour force. Thus, a section of the population categorised as usually employed may not be working during some weeks of the year and in that sense is underemployed (or their time is underutilised). This dimension is revealed through the results giving the distribution of the usually employed by their weekly status. Statement 4.4 gives the relevant all-India results for 'all' usually employed persons (i.e., usually employed in both the principal and subsidiary status) for 1989-90. Corresponding results based on the NSS 43rd and 38th round data are also presented in the statement.

STATEMENT 4.4 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY EMPLOYED (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY STATUS) BY THEIR BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS.

current weekly status	all-India					
	male			female		
	1989-90	1987-88	1983	1989-90	1987-88	1983
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
RURAL						
employed	961	931	929	708	675	657
unemployed	11	23	23	9	8	24
not in labour force	28	46	48	283	317	319
URBAN						
employed	977	967	958	826	768	767
unemployed	7	17	17	8	17	15
not in labour force	16	16	26	166	215	218

The results reveal that there has been an overall improvement in the 'underemployment' situation during 1989-90 compared to the earlier years. In fact, during 1989-90 compared to 1987-88, there has been a reduction by almost 3 percentage points in the proportion of usually employed males as well as females withdrawing voluntarily or involuntarily from work force according to current weekly status in rural India. In urban India, while the reduction is only by about 1 percentage point for males, it is as high as about 6 points for females. The percentage of usually employed recording 'unemployment' according to week status has also gone down considerably during 1989-90 compared to 1987-88 in the case of both the rural and urban males and urban females. It, however, remained at the same level for rural females.

4.7 SUB-SAMPLE ESTIMATES

4.71 As mentioned earlier, the first stage sample units were drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples of equal sizes. This has helped in generating two sets of results based on the two sub-samples as also the results based on the combined sample. Closeness of the estimates based on the two sets of samples, obviously indicates the consistency of the results. Statement 4.5 gives the estimates of key indicators of employment and unemployment based on the results generated from the survey data based on the two sub-samples and also the pooled sample. The results reveal fairly good closeness of the sub-sample estimates of all indicators.

STATEMENT 4.5 : SUB-SAMPLE ESTIMATES OF KEY INDICATORS OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

items	all-India						
	rural			urban			
	SS 1	SS 2	combined	SS 1	SS 2	combined	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
percentage of employed :							
usual status (ps)	male	56.9	51.0	53.7	49.9	50.1	50.1
	female	26.0	24.4	25.2	12.9	12.0	12.4
	person	41.5	38.7	40.1	32.7	31.7	32.3
usual status (ps & ps)	male	58.0	51.9	54.8	50.6	51.4	51.2
	female	34.1	29.5	31.9	15.1	13.7	14.6
	person	46.1	41.6	43.7	34.1	33.2	33.7
current weekly status (cws)	male	56.2	50.1	52.8	49.7	50.4	50.3
	female	23.6	22.2	23.0	12.6	11.6	12.1
	person	39.9	37.0	38.5	32.4	31.6	32.3
percentage of unemployed :							
usual status (ps)	male	0.9	0.8	0.9	2.1	2.4	2.3
	female	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5
	person	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.5	1.4
current weekly status (cws)	male	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.3	2.5	2.4
	female	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5
	person	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.6	1.5
percentage of usually employed (all) working according to (cws)	male	96.3	95.9	96.1	97.6	97.7	97.7
	female	68.3	73.6	70.8	82.0	83.5	82.6
	person	86.0	88.5	87.2	94.3	94.8	94.6

4.8 REGIONAL ESTIMATES

4.8.1 In view of the smallness of the sample size for the annual surveys on consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment, the detailed

statewise tables are not presented in Part II of the report. Key results, however, are presented for the major states and groups of minor states and union territories* in Statements 4.6—4.10. The descriptions of the Statements are :

- Statement 4.6 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad current weekly activity, sex and residence status.
- Statement 4.7 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad usual activity (principal), sex and residence status for each state/union territory.
- Statement 4.8 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad usual activity (principal and subsidiary), sex and residence status for each state/union territory.
- Statement 4.9 : Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons by broad groups of industry, sex and residence status for each state/union territory.
- Statement 4.10 : Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status) persons by broad current weekly activity, sex and residence status for each state/union territory.

The first three statements give the distribution of population by broad activity according to usual status (principal), usual status (principal & subsidiary) and current weekly status respectively. Broad activity status used for the purpose are :

- (i) self employed, (ii) regular employees, (iii) casual labour, (iv) unemployed, (v) students, (vi) domestic duties, and (vii) others not in labour force.

*The groups of minor states/union territories are :

- (i) North Eastern : Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim & Tripura.

The distribution of usually working the principal status and also in the principal as well as subsidiary statuses by the three broad groups of industry sections—primary, secondary and tertiary is presented in Statement 4.9. The broad current weekly activity ('working', 'unemployed' and 'not in labour force') distribution of the usually employed in the principal and subsidiary statuses is given in Statement 4.10.

- (ii) North Western : Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh & Delhi.
- (iii) Southern : Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry.

STATEMENT 4.6 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	RURAL					MALE				all
	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force			total	
	self- employed	regular employcd	casual labour	total		students	engaged in domestic duties	others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	317	42	212	571	16	157	14	243	414	1000
Assam	338	79	64	481	5	352	18	144	514	1000
Bihar	316	45	174	535	5	168	29	263	460	1000
Gujarat	336	25	264	625	8	188	9	170	367	1000
Haryana	309	45	93	447	2	257	3	291	551	1000
Karnataka	432	37	151	620	13	160	7	200	367	1000
Kerala	221	62	221	504	67	234	17	179	430	1000
Madhya Pradesh	270	63	135	468	22	197	33	281	511	1000
Maharashtra	246	83	234	563	9	246	02	181	429	1000
Orissa	411	24	142	577	8	163	11	241	415	1000
Punjab	290	68	159	517	7	333	15	127	475	1000
Rajasthan	437	42	27	506	24	245	18	207	470	1000
Tamil Nadu	293	57	266	616	19	181	5	179	365	1000
Uttar Pradesh	339	57	65	461	06	269	12	252	533	1000
West Bengal	293	71	182	546	16	210	6	222	438	1000
North Eastern	291	75	75	441	4	299	48	208	555	1000
North Western	280	68	194	542	23	224	9	202	435	1000
Southern	214	121	206	541	17	327	23	92	442	1000
All-India	320	55	153	528	13	221	14	223	458	1000

STATEMENT 4.6 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	RURAL					FEMALE				all
	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force			total	
	self- emplo- yed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in domestic duties	others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	197	9	192	398	9	97	279	217	593	1000
Assam	39	15	23	77	1	253	491	177	921	1000
Bihar	57	6	37	100	1	74	507	319	900	1000
Gujarat	148	4	117	269	0	154	391	185	730	1000
Haryana	141	8	60	209	0	248	386	158	792	1000
Karnataka	191	6	150	347	2	156	273	222	651	1000
Kerala	100	25	74	199	27	192	447	135	774	1000
Madhya Pradesh	161	8	121	290	4	84	342	280	706	1000
Maharashtra	141	9	186	336	1	164	257	241	662	1000
O,issa	144	1	64	209	2	98	429	262	789	1000
Punjab	16	6	43	65	4	166	419	346	931	1000
Rajasthan	250	8	10	268	0	84	363	285	732	1000
Tamil Nadu	219	28	177	424	24	100	289	163	552	1000
Uttar Pradesh	87	3	24	114	1	177	464	244	885	1000
West Bengal	116	9	35	160	6	141	440	254	835	1000
North Eastern	165	20	25	210	0	250	324	216	790	1000
North Western	152	6	1	159	0	197	454	190	841	1000
Southern	114	13	99	226	1	333	313	127	773	1000
All-India	135	8	86	229	4	139	386	240	765	1000

STATEMENT 4.6 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	RURAL				unemp- loyed	PERSONS				all
	working					not in labour force				
	self- employ- ed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in dom- estic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	257	25	202	484	12	127	147	230	504	1000
Assam	205	51	46	302	3	308	228	159	695	1000
Bihar	191	26	108	325	3	122	260	290	672	1000
Gujarat	246	15	194	455	4	172	192	177	541	1000
Haryana	235	29	78	342	1	253	170	233	656	1000
Karnataka	312	21	151	484	7	158	140	211	509	1000
Kerala	161	44	148	353	47	213	230	157	600	1000
Madhya Pradesh	218	36	128	382	13	143	181	280	604	1000
Maharashtra	192	45	209	446	5	204	132	212	548	1000
Orissa	277	13	102	392	5	130	221	252	603	1000
Punjab	172	41	108	321	6	261	190	222	673	1000
Rajasthan	343	25	18	386	12	164	192	246	602	1000
Tamil Nadu	258	44	224	526	21	143	140	171	454	1000
Uttar Pradesh	224	33	46	303	3	227	218	249	694	1000
West Bengal	209	41	112	362	11	177	211	237	625	1000
North Eastern	230	47	51	328	2	277	182	211	670	1000
North Western	220	39	104	363	12	212	216	197	625	1000
Southern	156	59	144	359	8	329	191	113	633	1000
All-India	231	33	121	385	9	182	193	231	606	1000

STATEMENT 4.6 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	URBAN				unemp- loyed	MALE				all
	working					not in labour force				
	self- employ- ed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in dom- estic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	199	208	87	494	33	271	16	186	473	1000
Assam	193	235	54	482	25	359	14	120	493	1000
Bihar	177	203	71	451	14	298	15	223	536	1000
Gujarat	237	211	90	538	17	227	11	207	445	1000
Haryana	188	226	61	475	22	293	06	203	502	1000
Karnataka	213	188	107	508	24	262	15	191	468	1000
Kerala	226	145	129	500	72	261	14	153	428	1000
Madhya Pradesh	179	201	61	441	20	337	15	187	539	1000
Maharashtra	211	249	61	521	20	265	8	186	459	1000
Orissa	163	184	106	453	39	326	15	168	509	1000
Punjab	253	210	53	516	6	268	22	189	479	1000
Rajasthan	224	170	63	457	11	260	11	261	532	1000
Tamil Nadu	189	221	159	569	38	197	15	182	394	1000
Uttar Pradesh	262	161	65	488	17	229	20	245	494	1000
West Bengal	193	256	76	525	39	241	7	188	436	1000
North Eastern	160	235	44	439	10	377	14	160	551	1000
North Western	215	253	20	488	16	334	5	157	496	1000
Southern	135	182	135	452	36	252	33	227	512	1000
All-India	211	211	80	502	24	263	13	198	474	1000

STATEMENT 4.6 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	URBAN				unem- ployed	FEMALE				all
	working			total		not in labour force				
	self- emplo- yed	regular employee	casual labour			students	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	92	33	47	172	6	209	428	185	822	1000
Assam	11	32	6	49	6	345	487	112	944	1000
Bihar	31	33	29	93	2	207	480	218	905	1000
Gujarat	48	26	40	114	3	208	469	205	882	1000
Haryana	28	32	5	65	9	259	459	209	927	1000
Karnataka	69	29	43	141	6	218	436	198	852	1000
Kerala	61	60	25	146	28	230	460	136	826	1000
Madhya Pradesh	42	37	37	116	3	266	438	177	881	1000
Maharashtra	37	44	25	106	2	229	405	257	891	1000
Orissa	40	31	41	112	7	241	447	193	881	1000
Punjab	46	32	2	80	5	256	480	179	915	1000
Rajasthan	85	47	11	143	2	186	448	222	856	1000
Tamil Nadu	100	70	42	212	11	199	421	156	776	1000
Uttar Pradesh	44	18	7	69	2	188	489	253	930	1000
West Bengal	21	42	22	85	5	200	526	183	909	1000
North Eastern	76	61	15	152	8	370	332	138	840	1000
North Western	26	85	5	116	1	284	474	125	883	1000
Southern	48	58	29	135	0	229	454	182	865	1000
All-India	54	41	27	122	5	220	451	203	874	1000

STATEMENT 4.6 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	URBAN				unem- ployed	PERSONS				all
	working			total		not in labour force				
	self- emplo- yed	regular employee	casual labour			students	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	148	124	68	340	20	241	214	186	641	1000
Assam	110	142	32	284	16	352	230	116	698	1000
Bihar	113	129	53	295	9	258	218	221	697	1000
Gujarat	144	120	66	330	10	218	237	206	661	1000
Haryana	113	136	35	284	16	277	217	206	700	1000
Karnataka	143	110	76	329	15	241	221	195	657	1000
Kerala	142	102	76	320	50	245	240	145	630	1000
Madhya Pradesh	115	124	50	289	12	302	214	183	699	1000
Maharashtra	125	148	44	317	11	247	205	221	673	1000
Orissa	107	115	76	298	24	287	211	179	677	1000
Punjab	157	127	29	313	6	263	233	184	680	1000
Rajasthan	160	113	39	312	7	226	213	243	682	1000
Tamil Nadu	143	144	99	386	24	198	223	169	590	1000
Uttar Pradesh	161	94	38	293	10	210	237	249	696	1000
West Bengal	118	163	52	333	24	223	234	186	643	1000
North Eastern	120	151	30	301	10	372	168	149	689	1000
North Western	131	180	13	324	10	312	212	142	666	1000
Southern	90	117	80	286	17	242	250	204	696	1000
All-India	136	130	55	321	15	242	221	200	663	1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL				MALE				all	
	working			total	unem- ployed	not in labour force				total
	self- em- ployed	regular employee	casual labour			students	engaged in domestic duties	others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	306	39	226	571	18	167	10	235	412	1000
Assam	349	77	54	480	09	350	20	141	511	1000
Bihar	325	43	168	536	04	169	29	262	460	1000
Gujarat	287	22	318	627	04	194	07	167	368	1000
Haryana	290	50	102	442	02	245	00	311	556	1000
Karnataka	424	35	145	604	14	177	08	196	381	1000
Kerala	211	59	271	541	38	241	16	163	420	1000
Madhya Pradesh	290	61	169	520	01	196	14	270	480	1000
Maharashtra	249	82	233	564	06	254	03	173	430	1000
Orissa	383	24	186	593	05	153	14	235	402	1000
Punjab	283	64	164	511	10	337	10	132	479	1000
Rajasthan	460	46	38	544	11	250	14	181	445	1000
Tamil Nadu	285	60	283	628	15	185	05	167	357	1000
Uttar Pradesh	344	50	70	464	03	269	11	251	531	1000
West Bengal	271	79	211	561	10	214	06	210	430	1000
North Eastern	291	77	76	444	5	303	50	198	551	1000
North Western	307	69	165	541	22	233	7	197	437	1000
Southern	217	119	206	542	13	331	22	92	445	1000
All-India	318	54	166	538	09	225	12	217	454	1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL				FEMALE				all	
	working			total	unem- ployed	not in labour force				total
	self- em- ployed	regular employee	casual labour			students	engaged in domestic duties	others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	195	09	223	427	06	96	256	215	567	1000
Assam	38	15	23	76	01	258	488	177	923	1000
Bihar	62	06	35	103	00	74	503	319	896	1000
Gujarat	102	04	178	284	00	162	369	184	715	1000
Haryana	106	07	23	136	00	200	462	202	864	1000
Karnataka	232	08	137	377	00	162	247	214	623	1000
Kerala	102	25	89	216	27	198	436	123	757	1000
Madhya Pradesh	183	11	154	348	00	90	282	281	653	1000
Maharashtra	178	10	210	398	0	165	206	231	602	1000
Orissa	121	1	107	229	1	91	423	256	770	1000
Punjab	12	5	29	46	4	165	441	344	950	1000
Rajasthan	326	8	10	344	0	85	295	277	657	1000
Tamil Nadu	223	22	228	473	8	108	254	156	518	1000
Uttar Pradesh	91	3	26	120	1	174	462	243	879	1000
West Bengal	93	9	47	149	1	132	467	252	851	1000
North Eastern	167	20	25	212	1	253	320	214	787	1000
North Western	160	6	1	167	0	197	444	192	833	1000
Southern	121	13	100	234	1	332	306	127	765	1000
All-India	143	9	101	253	2	139	369	238	746	1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL PERSONS									
	working				unemp-loyed	not in labour force				all
	self-employed	regular employee	casual labour	total		stu-dents	engaged in domes-tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	250	24	224	498	12	132	134	225	491	1000
Assam	211	50	41	302	05	309	227	157	693	1000
Bihar	198	25	104	327	02	123	258	289	670	1000
Gujarat	199	14	251	464	02	179	180	175	534	1000
Haryana	209	31	68	308	01	225	202	264	691	1000
Karnataka	328	22	141	491	7	170	127	205	502	1000
Kerala	157	42	180	379	33	220	225	143	588	1000
Madhya Pradesh	238	37	162	437	0	145	142	275	562	1000
Maharashtra	213	45	221	479	3	209	107	203	519	1000
Orissa	251	12	147	410	3	122	219	245	586	1000
Punjab	165	39	105	309	7	263	197	224	684	1000
Rajasthan	392	27	24	443	5	166	156	230	552	1000
Tamil Nadu	256	42	257	555	12	148	123	162	433	1000
Uttar Pradesh	229	29	50	308	2	226	217	247	690	1000
West Bengal	187	46	133	366	6	175	224	230	629	1000
North Eastern	231	49	50	330	3	280	181	206	667	1000
North Western	237	40	88	365	12	218	210	195	623	1000
Southern	161	58	144	363	6	332	186	113	631	1000
All-India	234	32	135	401	6	183	183	227	593	1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN MALE									
	working				unemp-loyed	not in labour force				all
	self-employed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in domes-tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	207	213	92	512	27	279	10	172	461	1000
Assam	198	233	51	482	24	361	13	120	494	1000
Bihar	174	204	74	452	13	300	14	221	535	1000
Gujarat	238	211	90	539	16	230	12	202	444	1000
Haryana	189	228	62	479	18	293	6	204	503	1000
Karnataka	210	187	109	506	26	272	14	182	468	1000
Kerala	234	147	139	520	58	270	10	142	422	1000
Madhya Pradesh	174	202	64	440	21	348	12	178	538	1000
Maharashtra	186	251	63	500	19	297	7	176	480	1000
Orissa	162	181	113	456	39	319	14	171	504	1000
Punjab	251	209	54	514	9	269	21	187	477	1000
Rajasthan	221	168	64	453	9	289	17	233	539	1000
Tamil Nadu	186	222	165	573	39	204	12	172	388	1000
Uttar Pradesh	261	161	69	491	14	234	20	241	495	1000
West Bengal	195	245	89	529	36	235	13	188	436	1000
North Eastern	162	237	42	441	9	377	15	158	550	1000
North Western	214	253	24	491	13	333	5	158	496	1000
Southern	140	180	135	455	36	259	33	217	509	1000
All-India	207	211	83	501	23	272	13	191	476	1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN					FEMALE				all
	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				
	self- employed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	100	33	55	188	3	226	415	167	808	1000
Assam	11	33	5	49	9	350	482	110	942	1000
Bihar	21	33	29	83	2	209	488	218	915	1000
Gujarat	47	28	42	117	4	211	464	204	879	1000
Haryana	27	36	4	67	3	265	460	204	929	1000
Karnataka	74	30	53	157	3	231	421	187	839	1000
Kerala	69	62	27	158	42	235	432	133	800	1000
Madhya Pradesh	41	37	37	115	2	274	436	172	882	1000
Maharashtra	39	44	26	109	3	238	398	251	887	1000
Orissa	37	30	47	114	8	236	433	208	877	1000
Punjab	28	32	3	63	6	258	481	191	930	1000
Rajasthan	85	46	13	144	0	192	445	219	856	1000
Tamil Nadu	97	69	50	216	11	206	414	153	773	1000
Uttar Pradesh	48	18	9	75	0	191	482	252	925	1000
West Bengal	23	42	18	83	4	197	529	187	913	1000
North Eastern	74	61	15	150	8	371	335	136	842	1000
North Western	26	85	5	116	1	284	468	131	883	1000
Southern	60	58	29	147	0	230	442	181	853	1000
All-India	54	41	29	124	5	226	445	199	870	1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN					PERSONS				all
	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				
	self- employed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	156	126	74	356	15	254	205	170	629	1000
Assam	113	142	30	285	17	356	227	115	698	1000
Bihar	107	129	54	290	8	260	221	220	701	1000
Gujarat	144	121	67	332	10	221	235	203	659	1000
Haryana	114	139	35	288	11	280	217	204	701	1000
Karnataka	143	110	82	335	15	252	213	185	650	1000
Kerala	150	104	82	336	50	253	224	137	614	1000
Madhya Pradesh	112	125	52	289	12	314	210	175	699	1000
Maharashtra	113	148	45	306	11	268	201	214	683	1000
Orissa	105	113	83	301	25	282	204	188	674	1000
Punjab	148	127	31	306	8	264	233	189	686	1000
Rajasthan	158	112	40	310	5	245	214	227	686	1000
Tamil Nadu	140	143	106	389	25	205	219	162	586	1000
Uttar Pradesh	162	95	41	298	8	214	234	246	694	1000
West Bengal	120	156	58	334	22	218	238	187	643	1000
North Eastern	120	152	28	300	9	373	170	148	691	1000
North Western	131	180	15	326	8	313	208	145	666	1000
Southern	107	117	80	297	17	244	244	198	686	1000
All-India	135	130	58	323	14	250	218	195	663	1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL					MALE				all
	working				unemp-loyed	not in labour force				
	self-emp-loyed	regular employee	casual labour	total		stu-dents	engaged in domes-tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	320	39	227	586	10	160	10	235	405	1000
Assam	371	77	55	503	6	331	19	141	491	1000
Bihar	331	43	168	542	4	164	28	261	453	1000
Gujarat	300	22	321	643	1	181	7	167	355	1000
Haryana	296	50	104	450	0	240	0	309	549	1000
Karnataka	425	35	147	607	13	177	8	195	380	1000
Kerala	220	59	272	551	35	239	16	159	414	1000
Madhya Pradesh	292	61	169	522	1	193	14	270	477	1000
Maharashtra	255	82	236	573	6	247	1	172	420	1000
Orissa	384	24	187	595	4	153	13	234	400	1000
Punjab	295	64	164	523	7	329	10	132	471	1000
Rajasthan	464	46	38	548	11	246	14	181	441	1000
Tamil Nadu	290	60	285	635	12	182	3	167	352	1000
Uttar Pradesh	354	50	71	475	3	261	10	251	522	1000
West Bengal	286	79	211	576	9	202	6	208	416	1000
North Eastern	297	77	76	450	5	302	48	195	445	1000
North Western	332	69	165	566	21	211	5	197	413	1000
Southern	217	119	206	542	13	331	22	92	445	1000
All-India	327	54	167	548	7	218	11	216	445	1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY.

state/union territory	RURAL					FEMALE				all
	working				unemp-loyed	not in labour force				
	self-emp-loyed	regular employee	casual labour	total		stu-dents	engaged in domes-tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	224	9	241	474	3	95	215	214	524	1000
Assam	94	15	24	133	1	251	438	177	866	1000
Bihar	107	6	50	163	0	74	452	311	837	1000
Gujarat	134	4	201	339	0	161	316	184	661	1000
Haryana	221	7	165	393	0	200	205	202	607	1000
Karnataka	246	8	141	395	0	162	230	214	606	1000
Kerala	161	25	93	279	25	198	375	122	695	1000
Madhya Pradesh	196	11	177	384	0	89	254	274	617	1000
Maharashtra	190	10	218	418	0	164	188	231	583	1000
Orissa	151	1	111	263	1	91	390	256	737	1000
Punjab	374	5	29	408	4	165	279	144	588	1000
Rajasthan	369	8	10	387	0	84	256	273	613	1000
Tamil Nadu	244	23	237	504	6	98	236	156	490	1000
Uttar Pradesh	170	3	42	215	1	150	392	242	784	1000
West Bengal	162	12	60	234	1	117	396	251	764	1000
North Eastern	171	20	27	218	1	252	315	214	781	1000
North Western	292	6	1	299	0	195	316	190	701	1000
Southern	127	13	100	240	1	332	300	127	759	1000
All-India	195	9	116	320	2	132	316	231	679	1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL					PERSONS				all
	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				
	self-emp- loyed	regular employee	casual labour	total		students	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	272	24	234	530	7	127	112	224	463	1000
Assam	248	50	41	339	3	296	205	157	658	1000
Bihar	223	26	111	360	2	120	233	285	638	1000
Gujarat	220	14	264	498	0	172	155	175	502	1000
Haryana	263	31	131	425	0	223	90	262	575	1000
Karnataka	336	22	144	502	6	169	118	205	492	1000
Kerala	191	42	183	416	30	218	194	141	553	1000
Madhya Pradesh	246	37	173	456	0	143	129	272	544	1000
Maharashtra	222	45	227	494	3	205	97	202	504	1000
Orissa	267	12	149	428	3	122	202	245	569	1000
Punjab	329	39	105	473	6	258	126	137	521	1000
Rajasthan	416	27	24	467	5	164	136	228	528	1000
Tamil Nadu	268	42	263	573	9	142	114	162	418	1000
Uttar Pradesh	270	29	58	357	2	210	184	247	641	1000
West Bengal	227	47	140	414	5	162	191	228	581	1000
North Eastern	236	49	52	337	3	277	179	204	660	1000
North Western	312	40	88	440	12	204	150	194	548	1000
Southern	167	58	144	369	6	329	183	113	625	1000
All-India	263	32	142	437	5	177	157	223	557	1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN					MALE				all
	working				unemp- loyed	not in labour force				
	self-emp- loyed	regular employee	casual labour	total		stu- dents	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	210	214	92	516	25	278	10	171	459	1000
Assam	200	234	51	485	24	358	13	120	491	1000
Bihar	185	204	74	463	13	291	14	220	525	1000
Gujarat	243	211	90	544	15	228	10	202	440	1000
Haryana	194	228	64	486	17	290	6	202	498	1000
Karnataka	219	188	109	516	23	266	14	181	461	1000
Kerala	248	147	142	537	51	269	9	134	412	1000
Madhya Pradesh	180	203	65	448	20	341	12	178	531	1000
Maharashtra	210	252	64	526	19	272	67	176	455	1000
Orissa	170	181	115	466	33	318	12	170	500	1000
Punjab	254	209	54	517	9	266	21	187	474	1000
Rajasthan	226	168	64	458	8	285	17	233	535	1000
Tamil Nadu	192	223	166	581	36	199	12	172	383	1000
Uttar Pradesh	269	161	70	500	12	230	18	241	489	1000
West Bengal	202	245	89	536	34	232	13	184	429	1000
North Eastern	164	237	43	444	9	374	15	158	547	1000
North Western	214	253	24	491	13	333	5	158	496	1000
Southern	141	180	135	456	35	259	33	217	509	1000
All-India	216	211	84	511	21	265	12	190	467	1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN				unem- ployed	FEMALE				all
	working			total		not in labour force				
	self-emp- loyed	regular employee	casual labour			stu- dents	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	118	34	58	210	3	214	406	167	787	1000
Assam	26	33	6	65	6	350	469	110	929	1000
Bihar	38	33	38	109	2	206	465	218	889	1000
Gujarat	59	28	45	132	4	211	450	204	865	1000
Haryana	41	36	11	88	3	265	440	204	909	1000
Karnataka	92	30	56	178	3	227	404	187	818	1000
Kerala	113	62	32	207	40	233	389	132	754	1000
Madhya Pradesh	49	37	44	130	1	274	424	171	869	1000
Maharashtra	45	44	28	117	2	237	392	251	880	1000
Orissa	48	30	51	129	7	236	420	208	864	1000
Punjab	58	32	3	93	6	256	452	191	899	1000
Rajasthan	105	46	14	165	0	190	425	219	834	1000
Tamil Nadu	116	71	54	241	10	203	393	153	749	1000
Uttar Pradesh	63	19	12	94	0	189	466	251	906	1000
West Bengal	44	42	19	105	4	194	510	187	891	1000
North Eastern	77	61	15	153	8	371	332	136	839	1000
North Western	51	85	5	141	1	282	445	131	858	1000
Southern	71	58	29	158	0	230	431	181	842	1000
All-India	70	42	32	144	4	223	429	199	851	1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY), SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN				unemp- loyed	PERSONS				all
	working			total		not in labour force				
	self-emp- loyed	regular employee	casual labour			students	engaged in domes- tic duties	others	total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	166	127	75	368	15	247	201	169	617	1000
Assam	120	142	30	292	16	354	221	115	690	1000
Bihar	121	129	58	308	8	254	211	219	684	1000
Gujarat	152	121	68	341	10	219	227	203	649	1000
Haryana	122	139	39	300	10	278	208	203	689	1000
Karnataka	157	111	83	351	13	247	205	184	636	1000
Kerala	179	104	86	369	46	251	201	133	585	1000
Madhya Pradesh	119	126	55	300	11	310	204	175	689	1000
Maharashtra	128	149	67	323	11	255	198	213	666	1000
Orissa	115	113	86	314	21	281	197	187	665	1000
Punjab	164	127	31	322	8	261	220	189	670	1000
Rajasthan	170	112	41	323	4	242	205	226	673	1000
Tamil Nadu	153	145	109	407	23	201	208	162	571	1000
Uttar Pradesh	173	95	43	311	6	211	226	246	683	1000
West Bengal	133	156	58	347	21	215	230	185	630	1000
North Eastern	122	152	28	302	9	372	169	148	689	1000
North Western	142	180	15	337	8	312	198	145	655	1000
Southern	106	117	80	303	17	244	238	198	680	1000
All-India	147	131	60	338	13	245	210	195	650	1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL				MALE			
	primary (0)		secondary (1—5)		tertiary (6—9)		total	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	733	727	103	113	164	160	1000	1000
Assam	744	755	62	59	195	186	1000	1000
Bihar	740	743	97	96	163	161	1000	1000
Gujarat	721	723	202	199	77	78	1000	1000
Haryana	615	619	189	186	196	195	1000	1000
Karnataka	845	845	35	35	120	119	1000	1000
Kerala	564	572	167	165	268	263	1000	1000
Madhya Pradesh	885	885	56	56	59	58	1000	1000
Maharashtra	691	694	187	186	122	120	1000	1000
Orissa	653	653	96	95	252	251	1000	1000
Punjab	736	734	97	99	167	166	1000	1000
Rajasthan	675	678	136	135	189	187	1000	1000
Tamil Nadu	678	680	185	184	137	136	1000	1000
Uttar Pradesh	740	741	64	66	196	192	1000	1000
West Bengal	644	641	162	169	194	189	1000	1000
North Eastern	622	627	46	47	332	326	1000	1000
North Western	477	500	313	300	210	200	1000	1000
Southern	524	524	94	94	382	382	1000	1000
All-India	716	717	120	121	164	162	1000	1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL				FEMALE			
	primary (0)		secondary (1—5)		tertiary (6—9)		total	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	797	797	117	123	86	80	1000	1000
Assam	659	724	91	132	249	144	1000	1000
Bihar	726	815	167	110	108	75	1000	1000
Gujarat	802	824	173	155	25	21	1000	1000
Haryana	677	835	29	64	294	102	1000	1000
Karnataka	757	766	166	161	77	73	1000	1000
Kerala	492	539	277	274	231	187	1000	1000
Madhya Pradesh	948	943	40	46	12	11	1000	1000
Maharashtra	897	900	65	62	38	38	1000	1000
Orissa	663	611	225	219	113	170	1000	1000
Punjab	551	937	64	19	385	44	1000	1000
Rajasthan	955	958	27	26	18	16	1000	1000
Tamil Nadu	766	755	178	189	56	56	1000	1000
Uttar Pradesh	819	870	85	69	97	61	1000	1000
West Bengal	379	439	536	482	85	79	1000	1000
North Eastern	760	764	86	87	154	149	1000	1000
North Western	927	953	51	35	22	12	1000	1000
Southern	925	924	22	22	53	54	1000	1000
All-India	800	814	130	124	70	61	1000	1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL						PERSONS	
	primary (0)		secondary (1—5)		tertiary (6—9)		total	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	760	759	109	117	130	124	1000	1000
Assam	734	750	65	72	201	179	1000	1000
Bihar	738	758	108	99	155	143	1000	1000
Gujarat	744	756	194	185	62	59	1000	1000
Haryana	627	706	158	136	215	157	1000	1000
Karnataka	811	814	85	85	103	101	1000	1000
Kerala	544	561	198	201	258	238	1000	1000
Madhya Pradesh	909	909	50	52	41	39	1000	1000
Maharashtra	778	783	135	133	87	85	1000	1000
Orissa	655	640	132	133	213	226	1000	1000
Punjab	724	810	95	69	181	120	1000	1000
Rajasthan	785	795	93	89	122	116	1000	1000
Tamil Nadu	714	711	182	186	104	102	1000	1000
Uttar Pradesh	754	777	67	67	179	156	1000	1000
West Bengal	593	587	234	253	173	160	1000	1000
North Eastern	665	669	58	60	277	271	1000	1000
North Western	574	644	257	215	169	141	1000	1000
Southern	672	676	68	67	260	257	1000	1000
All-India	741	751	123	122	136	127	1000	1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN						MALE	
	Primary (0)		secondary (1—5)		tertiary (6—9)		total	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	70	72	269	267	662	662	1000	1000
Assam	50	51	156	155	794	793	1000	1000
Bihar	128	134	286	281	586	585	1000	1000
Gujarat	95	96	313	312	591	592	1000	1000
Haryana	60	67	405	403	535	530	1000	1000
Karnataka	140	150	315	312	545	538	1000	1000
Kerala	183	204	246	241	571	555	1000	1000
Madhya Pradesh	129	134	286	283	584	582	1000	1000
Maharashtra	71	71	344	329	585	600	1000	1000
Orissa	177	190	275	271	548	539	1000	1000
Punjab	91	93	338	338	571	569	1000	1000
Rajasthan	76	83	362	360	562	558	1000	1000
Tamil Nadu	91	91	366	363	544	546	1000	1000
Uttar Pradesh	130	136	285	286	585	579	1000	1000
West Bengal	52	60	412	406	536	534	1000	1000
North Eastern	139	142	96	96	765	762	1000	1000
North Western	40	41	316	316	644	643	1000	1000
Southern	216	216	286	286	498	498	1000	1000
All-India	95	100	323	319	582	582	1000	1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN				FEMALE			
	primary (0)		secondary (1—5)		tertiary (6—9)		total	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	203	212	339	359	458	430	1000	1000
Assam	53	146	126	201	822	653	1000	1000
Bihar	307	316	145	187	548	497	1000	1000
Gujarat	415	440	99	103	486	456	1000	1000
Haryana	194	208	116	205	609	586	1000	1000
Karnataka	276	278	361	360	363	362	1000	1000
Kerala	223	369	213	196	563	436	1000	1000
Madhya Pradesh	231	237	263	262	506	502	1000	1000
Maharashtra	180	175	272	277	548	548	1000	1000
Orissa	235	272	404	404	361	324	1000	1000
Punjab	218	328	134	91	648	581	1000	1000
Rajasthan**	299	351	274	270	427	380	1000	1000
**Tamil Nadu	172	198	446	442	382	360	1000	1000
Uttar Pradesh	268	301	314	320	418	379	1000	1000
West Bengal	35	51	221	296	744	653	1000	1000
North Eastern	176	186	110	113	714	701	1000	1000
North Western	27	153	178	187	795	660	1000	1000
Southern	439	419	143	133	418	448	1000	1000
All-India	214	241	297	303	489	456	1000	1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN				PERSONS			
	primary (0)		secondary (1—4)		tertiary (6—9)		total	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	104	110	287	292	610	598	1000	1000
Assam	50	61	154	160	797	779	1000	1000
Bihar	150	162	269	266	581	572	1000	1000
Gujarat	151	162	276	272	573	566	1000	1000
Haryana	75	86	373	376	552	538	1000	1000
Karnataka	171	182	326	324	503	494	1000	1000
Kerala	193	251	238	228	569	521	1000	1000
Madhya Pradesh	148	155	282	279	570	566	1000	1000
Maharashtra	90	90	331	319	579	591	1000	1000
Orissa	187	206	297	296	516	499	1000	1000
Punjab	103	125	319	305	578	570	1000	1000
Rajasthan	124	146	343	338	533	516	1000	1000
Tamil Nadu	114	124	389	387	498	489	1000	1000
Uttar Pradesh	146	159	288	290	566	551	1000	1000
West Bengal	50	59	391	391	559	550	1000	1000
North Eastern	148	153	99	100	753	747	1000	1000
North Western	38	61	294	293	668	646	1000	1000
Southern	274	272	248	243	478	485	1000	1000
All-India	117	128	318	315	565	556	1000	1000

STATEMENT 4.10 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY EMPLOYED (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY STATUS) PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	RURAL								
	male			female			persons		
	working	unem- ployed	not in labour force	working	unem- ployed	not in labour force	working	unem- ployed	not in labour force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	972	10	18	839	12	149	913	11	76
Assam	954	—	46	562	3	435	886	—	114
Bihar	980	2	18	599	7	394	897	3	100
Gujarat	967	12	21	787	1	212	909	8	83
Haryana	964	4	32	511	—	489	781	2	217
Karnataka	992	0	8	880	3	117	948	1	51
Kerala	910	59	31	701	26	273	840	48	112
Madhya Pradesh	894	39	67	729	9	262	828	27	145
Maharashtra	981	3	16	799	2	199	902	3	95
Orissa	969	6	25	741	5	254	899	5	96
Punjab	983	1	16	142	0	858	668	0	332
Rajasthan	923	24	53	679	0	321	820	14	166
Tamil Nadu	969	11	20	828	45	127	910	25	65
Uttar Pradesh	970	6	24	523	0	477	846	5	149
West Bengal	945	14	41	647	21	332	864	16	120
North Eastern	975	0	25	952	0	48	967	0	33
North Western	951	3	46	526	0	474	816	2	182
Southern	993	6	1	944	—	56	975	3	27
All-India	961	11	28	708	9	283	872	11	117

STATEMENT 4.10 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY EMPLOYED (PRINCIPAL AND SUBSIDIARY STATUS) PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY, SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS FOR EACH STATE/UNION TERRITORY

state/union territory	URBAN								
	male			female			persons		
	working	unem- ployed	not in labour force	working	unem- ployed	not in labour force	working	unem- ployed	not in labour force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	959	13	28	810	8	182	918	12	70
Assam	991	1	8	740	—	260	966	1	33
Bihar	973	4	23	803	12	185	946	5	49
Gujarat	988	4	8	837	—	163	959	3	38
Haryana	975	12	13	732	45	223	941	17	42
Karnataka	975	6	19	791	14	195	929	8	63
Kerala	929	33	38	695	29	276	862	32	106
Madhya Pradesh	974	4	22	868	12	120	952	6	42
Maharashtra	986	4	10	907	0	93	973	3	24
Orissa	960	11	29	854	6	140	941	10	49
Punjab	986	2	12	770	—	230	957	1	42
Rajasthan	978	6	16	854	9	137	949	7	44
Tamil Nadu	974	10	16	874	3	123	943	8	49
Uttar Pradesh	974	9	17	723	17	260	940	10	50
West Bengal	979	8	13	775	—	225	952	7	41
North Eastern	990	1	9	978	—	22	987	1	12
North Western	994	3	3	816	—	184	961	3	36
Southern	977	—	23	851	—	149	943	—	57
All-India	977	7	16	826	8	166	946	7	47

PART II

SURVEY RESULTS

1. Results on Utilisation of Family Planning Services :
NSS 42nd Round (July 1986-June 1987)
2. Result on Particulars of Dwelling Units :
NSS 43rd Round (July 1987-June 1988)
3. Result on the Third Annual Survey on Consumer Ex-
penditure and Employment-Unemployment :
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Results on Utilisation of Family Planning

NSS 42nd Round (July 1986-June 1987)

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TABLE (1.0) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP SOCIAL GROUP, AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

ALL-INDIA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0-5	19.97	2.66	3.97	24.86	2.39	6.13
5-10	18.22	2.26	3.24	23.74	3.34	4.57
10-20	18.61	1.92	2.84	22.26	2.53	5.59
20-30	20.25	2.01	3.28	26.83	1.82	6.74
30-40	20.29	1.70	3.41	28.22	2.21	8.01
40-50	20.12	1.29	3.91	26.26	1.42	10.99
50-60	21.37	2.07	4.61	27.40	1.63	11.67
60-70	20.95	1.62	4.21	25.84	1.45	14.64
70-80	19.56	0.91	5.89	29.30	1.47	13.70
80-90	23.40	1.24	5.86	28.19	0.62	17.70
90-95	24.47	1.42	8.30	25.72	2.17	18.99
95-100	23.72	0.82	9.08	20.18	0.70	20.65
social group						
Sch. tribe	19.57	1.62	2.53	24.05	3.26	5.75
Sch. caste	18.50	1.81	3.22	25.25	2.41	8.11
neo-buddhist	26.75	1.22	3.39	49.89	1.72	5.92
others	21.24	1.69	4.95	26.26	1.70	11.19
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	17.92	1.62	3.34	20.71	1.90	6.12
Literate but below primary	24.81	1.86	4.59	28.25	1.66	6.55
primary but below secondary	27.44	2.07	6.48	31.03	2.23	10.48
secondary & above	24.07	1.37	9.90	26.65	1.30	17.09
all	20.55	1.70	4.37	26.16	1.84	10.62

TABLE (1.1) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

ANDHRA PRADESH

classification	rural			urban		
	ever-sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever-sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	31.78	4.13	0.94	35.76	4.92	—
5—10	25.71	2.85	0.37	26.99	3.32	—
10—20	28.78	4.40	0.17	30.76	1.82	1.03
20—30	29.16	4.03	0.49	34.98	0.77	0.91
30—40	28.27	1.68	0.45	36.61	1.03	0.79
40—50	33.90	4.01	0.99	37.40	0.14	3.10
50—60	32.31	1.91	0.38	33.64	2.23	18.48
60—70	34.36	2.51	0.20	53.94	6.85	1.13
70—80	36.34	2.82	0.40	46.21	0.95	1.90
80—90	32.80	2.19	0.69	53.70	0.68	3.02
90—95	42.37	0.74	0.81	42.93	—	3.36
95—100	46.44	0.87	0.92	35.54	3.38	5.08
social group						
Sch. tribe	22.25	3.33	—	28.53	5.32	3.18
Sch. caste	20.86	1.62	0.37	33.43	3.52	0.81
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	35.75	3.12	0.60	40.44	1.70	3.36
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	28.84	2.69	0.26	31.15	2.10	0.77
Literate but below primary	42.31	2.66	0.69	43.19	1.60	—
primary but below secondary	45.83	4.52	0.98	45.49	2.71	6.88
secondary & above	36.38	2.53	4.39	45.04	0.68	2.88
all	32.28	2.89	0.51	39.61	2.03	3.14

TABLE (1.2) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

ASSAM

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	steri- lised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	steri- lised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0-5	18.26	2.34	19.08	13.18	—	23.47
5-10	13.03	0.61	23.27	5.13	0.69	5.24
10-20	10.62	0.41	22.36	10.40	0.72	25.24
20-30	7.85	0.54	17.80	22.50	—	16.20
30-40	13.88	—	22.32	11.28	—	25.59
40-50	10.82	0.41	20.48	9.92	4.91	29.91
50-60	13.67	—	23.40	16.41	—	39.36
60-70	13.70	—	33.70	2.46	—	17.60
70-80	10.25	—	23.29	22.62	—	37.21
80-90	6.44	—	25.23	1.10	—	23.05
90-95	4.49	—	14.58	—	—	—
95-100	6.75	0.58	22.41	—	—	7.77
social group						
sch. tribe	12.91	0.90	19.52	22.86	—	14.67
sch. caste	8.71	—	19.63	10.28	—	30.08
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	10.99	0.29	23.43	11.52	0.75	24.36
adult female education class						
illiterate	8.01	0.10	21.75	9.19	0.29	16.75
Literate but below primary	10.17	0.87	24.35	6.53	—	8.94
primary but below secondary	13.03	0.60	23.67	13.96	0.29	23.60
secondary & above	21.18	—	22.19	11.68	1.45	31.93
all	11.02	0.35	22.66	11.82	0.67	24.41

TABLE (1.3) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

BIHAR

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	5.59	0.12	3.60	3.89	—	4.95
5—10	5.02	1.26	6.90	4.70	0.73	4.46
10—20	4.20	0.80	4.27	13.58	2.10	3.75
20—30	4.66	0.17	3.39	9.82	1.12	6.19
30—40	4.95	1.09	3.24	11.77	2.24	6.22
40—50	7.08	0.64	4.83	11.61	—	11.04
50—60	7.76	0.39	6.99	12.81	1.46	9.76
60—70	8.92	0.02	4.89	18.49	—	7.90
70—80	6.39	0.35	3.41	36.33	2.37	13.85
80—90	4.70	0.39	6.19	36.94	—	10.98
90—95	12.59	0.31	8.63	38.10	—	20.56
95—100	12.56	1.22	8.63	17.46	—	11.50
social group						
sch. tribe	4.98	0.37	0.23	11.76	—	0.79
sch caste	5.15	0.86	3.00	14.37	1.14	6.14
neo-buddhist	19.22	—	—	—	—	—
others	6.96	0.61	5.86	17.00	1.12	9.44
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	5.38	0.62	4.27	8.15	0.43	5.94
Literate but below primary	8.27	—	4.65	7.12	—	11.42
primary but below secondary	10.54	1.10	8.75	24.33	0.92	10.99
secondary & above	14.46	0.62	7.90	28.86	2.20	10.72
all	6.40	0.63	4.92	16.14	1.03	8.33

TABLE (1.4) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

GUJARAT

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	24.11	5.53	3.87	26.67	2.27	13.34
5—10	33.72	0.91	—	30.09	4.06	13.58
10—20	37.22	2.87	6.18	15.69	2.62	8.88
20—30	36.55	1.12	5.30	35.24	1.72	11.58
30—40	38.33	1.87	2.12	32.99	1.43	12.10
40—50	32.00	2.89	5.52	24.21	—	15.95
50—60	28.29	0.37	6.02	23.27	—	16.48
60—70	35.14	1.38	6.27	26.47	—	13.05
70—80	38.96	2.89	4.99	31.36	0.51	14.75
80—90	33.81	1.33	12.04	38.79	1.17	18.43
90—95	41.34	—	11.00	39.43	—	19.20
95—100	30.67	—	12.08	34.20	—	19.57
social group						
sch. tribe	39.63	2.12	4.15	20.29	—	21.54
sch. caste	38.73	2.28	5.25	20.40	4.35	10.04
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	32.27	1.74	6.43	30.27	0.78	14.31
adult female education class						
illiterate	32.58	1.73	4.17	22.98	1.70	8.92
Literate but below primary	31.27	—	5.10	32.93	1.86	12.22
primary but below secondary	38.85	2.77	8.89	29.10	1.22	15.41
secondary & above	36.70	1.62	7.24	32.18	0.52	16.98
all	34.45	1.88	5.86	28.86	1.13	14.08

TABLE (1.5) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

HARYANA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	30.97	4.37	4.66	24.14	10.16	1.58
5—10	30.91	3.27	4.58	38.02	18.54	9.89
10—20	19.75	1.83	12.57	32.23	—	8.08
20—30	25.37	4.43	5.98	32.04	6.07	5.54
30—40	28.51	—	6.08	46.27	—	17.73
40—50	24.79	2.82	6.60	11.85	3.15	16.61
50—60	27.97	1.53	3.43	3.00	3.00	21.21
60—70	17.65	—	17.09	48.07	5.49	4.13
70—80	27.89	—	7.25	12.70	—	46.85
80—90	34.81	—	3.17	17.38	11.20	24.53
90—95	19.58	—	3.43	47.07	—	—
95—100	33.89	—	—	44.07	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	—	—	15.81	—	—	—
sch. caste	23.18	2.16	4.38	27.35	16.96	9.02
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	27.60	1.64	7.94	28.60	2.66	16.36
adult female education class						
illiterate	26.36	1.95	5.74	26.31	9.88	7.00
Literate but below primary	22.58	—	—	31.03	—	27.40
primary but below secondary	31.28	2.00	13.90	30.99	2.53	10.89
secondary & above	10.56	—	2.87	27.30	3.35	23.18
all	26.21	1.74	7.22	28.21	4.90	15.31

TABLE (1.6) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

HIMACHAL PRADESH

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	18.07	4.55	14.83	23.65	—	14.21
5—10	38.28	11.05	15.47	24.56	—	26.98
10—20	27.97	4.25	9.52	49.54	—	16.63
20—30	32.90	2.30	5.53	61.67	5.84	6.96
30—40	35.17	5.20	7.26	42.05	14.34	25.05
40—50	27.06	0.69	7.11	17.87	4.16	31.17
50—60	34.09	1.43	9.24	3.21	—	24.68
60—70	24.55	4.34	4.51	45.32	—	20.89
70—80	30.35	0.96	9.08	8.95	—	8.27
80—90	25.97	—	9.25	—	—	—
90—95	26.98	—	—	—	—	—
95—100	26.38	—	—	—	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	49.19	—	17.65	—	—	—
sch. caste	27.94	2.95	9.56	81.73	—	12.25
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	29.57	3.40	7.88	28.22	3.75	18.48
adult female education class						
illiterate	28.87	2.78	9.37	28.00	1.24	—
Literate but below Primary	28.12	1.60	—	100.00	—	—
primary but below secondary	32.01	4.14	7.69	55.29	2.96	9.42
secondary & above	25.17	1.66	10.75	22.14	4.17	26.96
all	29.68	3.22	8.48	33.58	3.35	17.74

TABLE (1.7) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

JAMMU & KASHMIR

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family Planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	11.67	2.49	1.34	15.91	4.48	21.44
5—10	13.40	2.10	2.22	25.44	10.25	2.97
10—20	7.83	0.99	3.98	17.40	1.21	3.21
20—30	13.31	3.08	0.42	18.02	2.26	13.58
30—40	9.97	1.60	3.73	24.75	—	6.77
40—50	10.72	2.05	1.23	29.12	1.39	6.49
50—60	6.83	0.95	4.45	26.63	1.19	12.17
60—70	14.21	1.47	3.37	26.92	2.38	5.55
70—80	12.60	0.81	3.37	42.22	1.46	14.50
80—90	18.65	1.62	5.62	35.79	1.80	12.84
90—95	13.78	—	9.03	22.18	—	32.20
95—100	16.63	1.65	14.20	34.68	—	14.91
social group						
sch. tribe	—	—	—	74.68	—	—
sch. caste	16.89	1.52	4.24	30.27	9.74	18.19
neo-buddhist	100.00	—	—	—	—	—
others	11.31	1.64	3.46	25.36	1.51	9.86
adult female education class						
illiterate	10.66	1.40	2.86	19.83	3.19	12.19
Literate but below primary	10.93	2.99	—	44.63	—	97.52
primary but below secondary	14.83	2.20	3.25	37.78	1.11	4.58
secondary & above	16.67	2.70	16.01	27.17	0.82	11.15
all	11.89	1.62	3.53	25.84	2.04	10.36

TABLE (1.8) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

KARNATAKA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	steri- lised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	steri- lised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	27.62	4.16	1.81	34.53	5.02	3.61
5—10	34.57	4.73	1.76	27.50	0.11	4.22
10—20	28.22	4.65	1.73	26.37	2.88	4.18
20—30	31.33	1.41	2.48	19.70	1.97	1.20
30—40	32.33	2.68	0.70	28.01	3.03	0.60
40—50	30.74	3.84	2.41	28.81	2.54	3.23
50—60	33.34	1.25	4.76	34.72	—	4.41
60—70	29.26	1.99	1.01	28.20	2.27	8.23
70—80	28.97	4.38	3.29	28.96	5.60	4.38
80—90	30.46	3.83	2.07	20.62	2.18	5.33
90—95	37.95	4.82	3.30	19.67	1.35	6.30
95—100	28.40	1.77	9.88	36.18	5.26	12.43
social group						
sch. tribe	27.24	—	3.10	34.52	2.75	6.05
sch. caste	28.88	4.74	1.40	23.83	2.19	0.56
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	31.35	3.02	2.70	27.58	2.60	4.82
adults female education class						
illiterate	28.94	3.20	2.00	25.73	1.99	1.48
Literate but below primary	35.19	4.11	4.28	28.81	3.90	3.11
primary but below secondary	37.85	3.40	3.18	27.42	2.50	5.85
secondary & above	22.52	2.44	4.68	29.36	2.48	6.01
all	30.87	3.20	2.45	27.35	2.54	4.27

TABLE (1.9) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

KERALA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	19.20	1.83	8.55	47.71	3.18	1.19
5—10	29.07	1.82	8.26	31.74	5.40	1.36
10—20	37.30	3.48	4.20	37.92	4.32	13.29
20—30	43.67	3.90	4.29	48.74	3.62	2.05
30—40	43.21	2.72	10.58	32.52	0.93	9.92
40—50	35.29	3.95	5.92	46.91	—	9.99
50—60	40.96	3.40	5.54	37.11	3.92	8.69
60—70	29.89	1.01	4.37	31.54	3.36	14.52
70—80	41.59	1.74	10.11	34.08	1.85	21.60
80—90	34.84	1.87	11.68	22.93	3.18	17.01
90—95	47.52	—	2.51	49.96	5.75	16.09
95—100	29.59	6.86	4.09	27.79	7.99	23.82
social group						
sch. tribe	38.98	2.88	2.21	50.09	—	—
sch. caste	33.73	3.44	5.84	51.06	5.37	6.94
non-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	37.36	2.66	6.99	36.08	3.06	11.21
adult female education class						
illiterate	30.02	2.83	3.18	34.61	—	12.12
Literate but below primary	43.00	2.28	5.23	42.92	5.36	9.43
primary but below secondary	38.35	2.34	6.01	42.53	3.74	6.15
secondary & above	31.97	4.15	11.41	30.11	2.41	17.56
all	36.85	2.71	6.71	37.70	3.19	10.72

TABLE (1.10): PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

MADHYA PRADESH

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	21.02	2.86	1.22	25.02	0.31	4.02
5—10	26.67	4.32	1.08	24.01	4.86	2.65
10—20	21.91	1.79	1.71	24.76	2.22	5.22
20—30	21.69	3.33	0.51	22.28	1.80	4.77
30—40	17.74	2.09	1.10	25.30	1.48	9.38
40—50	24.09	1.48	1.64	34.66	3.16	5.59
50—60	23.57	2.38	0.68	24.21	1.54	4.16
60—70	22.78	0.75	2.25	23.86	2.37	12.48
70—80	22.17	1.16	1.18	24.40	2.47	19.26
80—90	23.29	1.07	1.98	32.85	0.61	12.51
90—95	24.60	1.03	1.33	29.33	—	14.59
95—100	15.40	2.28	6.46	36.22	4.39	22.38
social group						
sch. tribe	20.95	2.39	0.68	24.52	0.85	7.23
sch. caste	21.26	1.91	1.68	28.44	2.47	4.23
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	15.08	—	16.15
others	23.45	1.81	1.94	26.28	2.04	9.84
adult female education class						
illiterate	21.19	2.07	1.06	21.51	1.84	4.42
literate but below primary	26.87	1.87	3.87	28.36	2.04	9.39
primary but below secondary	26.45	1.16	2.48	29.84	2.59	9.07
secondary & above	21.30	4.05	5.55	29.37	1.86	14.55
all	22.29	2.00	1.50	26.50	2.05	8.80

TABLE (1.11): PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

MAHARASHTRA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	33.94	3.28	9.70	32.91	0.32	4.44
5—10	32.64	0.93	1.99	32.19	10.98	3.94
10—20	38.15	2.24	2.87	44.61	2.18	6.65
20—30	39.84	2.57	5.89	47.57	3.78	8.89
30—40	38.93	3.11	3.80	38.89	0.65	9.05
40—50	41.03	3.32	2.63	33.52	1.38	13.26
50—60	47.03	3.98	6.83	36.99	0.89	14.04
60—70	43.91	1.62	4.57	38.86	5.34	16.21
70—80	38.16	0.92	7.98	41.04	1.10	15.57
80—90	35.66	2.48	4.97	30.50	1.48	16.64
90—95	35.88	2.55	14.33	17.13	—	21.90
95—100	18.52	—	24.16	23.10	—	21.55
social group						
sch. tribe	37.06	1.91	3.79	41.68	13.69	3.97
sch. caste	41.46	1.42	7.05	37.15	1.63	4.86
neo-buddhist	32.60	1.58	4.36	54.92	1.96	6.70
others	38.76	2.67	6.27	36.75	1.96	13.12
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	39.79	2.02	5.03	37.77	3.92	5.43
literate but below primary	39.95	3.69	3.81	48.13	0.70	6.25
primary but below secondary	37.59	3.28	6.38	37.89	2.88	10.30
secondary & above	35.34	0.52	12.69	35.29	0.90	18.78
all	38.59	2.40	5.95	37.34	2.36	11.80

TABLE (1.12) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

MANIPUR

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	2.54	—	10.68	—	—	—
5—10	—	—	—	5.34	—	10.39
10—20	4.17	—	—	—	—	—
20—30	—	—	3.26	1.89	—	3.74
30—40	—	—	07	—	—	6.51
40—50	—	—	3.14	—	—	8.54
50—60	1.66	—	5.31	—	—	6.76
60—70	3.74	—	3.49	15.29	—	5.56
70—80	—	—	3.78	16.34	—	1.47
80—90	3.45	—	1.72	—	—	29.82
90—95	—	—	4.91	—	—	37.51
95—100	—	—	5.63	—	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	.78	—	.74	—	—	3.01
sch. caste	—	—	—	—	—	—
neo-buddhisht	—	—	—	—	—	23.08
others	1.97	—	5.16	4.36	—	8.10
adult female education class						
illiterate	1.62	—	2.53	1.58	—	2.46
literate but below primary	2.79	—	2.50	19.65	—	39.30
primary but below secondary	1.49	—	3.14	4.85	—	3.47
secondary & above	—	—	7.13	—	—	7.67
all	1.45	—	3.25	3.62	—	7.25

TABLE (1.13): PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-5	—	—	4.26	3.09	—	—
5-10	—	—	1.83	—	—	—
10-20	—	—	.08	15.19	—	2.15
20-30	1.54	—	3.22	6.36	—	6.96
30-40	3.66	—	1.37	12.53	—	1.71
40-50	0.10	—	5.97	—	—	3.72
50-60	3.17	—	5.27	7.71	—	14.28
60-70	3.47	—	3.95	—	—	15.38
70-80	1.51	—	2.62	21.64	—	8.22
80-90	—	—	8.68	—	—	4.58
90-95	3.98	—	6.83	33.10	—	31.95
95-100	—	—	—	68.81	—	16.27
social group						
sch. tribe	1.27	—	3.78	5.17	—	3.92
sch. caste	—	—	—	10.71	—	4.44
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	6.17	—	—	14.69	—	11.42
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	.26	—	2.01	3.30	—	5.81
literate but below primary	2.28	—	—	—	—	—
primary but below secondary	2.93	—	6.45	12.30	—	7.87
secondary & above	4.94	—	10.10	8.89	—	7.47
all	1.52	—	3.64	9.18	—	6.81

TABLE (1.14) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR URBAN SECTORS.

NAGALAND

classification	URBAN		
	ever steri- lised	steri- lised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
fractile group			
0—5	—	—	40.46
5—10	12.48	—	8.10
10—20	—	—	—
20—30	—	—	6.45
30—40	—	—	15.03
40—50	—	—	42.25
50—60	—	—	39.54
60—70	—	—	60.20
70—80	—	—	39.22
80—90	—	—	8.44
90—95	—	—	86.51
95—100	—	—	35.71
social group			
sch. tribe	—	—	30.91
sch. caste	—	—	—
neo-buddhist	—	—	—
others	3.17	—	21.19
adult female edu. class			
illiterate	—	—	—
literate but below primary	—	—	19.50
primary but below secondary	2.03	—	22.96
secondary & above	—	—	33.20
all	1.21	—	26.33

TABLE (1.15) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE, BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

ORISSA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	24.98	1.20	0.85	20.08	3.21	3.55
5—10	15.08	1.92	1.21	40.67	—	—
10—20	19.78	0.44	—	20.97	—	5.41
20—30	20.67	2.26	0.91	23.46	3.42	3.16
30—40	18.98	2.27	1.11	21.22	—	—
40—50	19.06	1.34	0.77	33.47	4.06	6.68
50—50	20.34	1.04	—	8.81	—	10.52
60—70	17.09	—	—	21.97	—	5.19
70—80	20.14	1.08	1.05	22.93	2.30	3.49
80—90	16.58	1.75	0.46	38.86	—	1.37
90—95	11.88	—	1.35	25.71	—	3.91
95—100	17.81	0.07	—	18.01	—	21.81
social group						
sch. tribe	17.26	0.59	0.64	17.20	—	7.44
sch. caste	20.24	0.77	0.56	31.46	3.96	0.68
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	19.24	1.72	0.64	23.16	0.89	4.99
adult female edu-class						
illiterate	17.87	0.96	0.52	20.97	1.47	3.64
literate but below primary	19.99	1.51	1.55	10.78	1.08	0.95
primary but below secondary	21.22	1.66	0.33	29.89	1.24	3.47
secondary & above	21.50	3.21	1.84	22.91	0.71	11.04
all	18.87	1.22	0.62	23.63	1.22	4.67

TABLE (F.16) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

PUNJAB

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0-5	28.98	4.07	9.80	34.05	1.10	15.96
5-10	34.62	1.44	9.41	33.75	2.55	23.61
10-20	30.42	4.01	12.32	32.23	2.96	20.40
20-30	25.92	3.28	5.72	24.48	2.00	28.11
30-40	28.31	1.72	13.79	37.40	—	16.05
40-50	30.92	1.10	17.15	25.86	0.79	18.16
50-60	29.59	1.36	10.96	18.92	—	22.73
60-70	33.62	2.28	11.71	7.97	—	34.27
70-80	22.59	1.04	6.75	36.98	3.39	12.57
80-90	23.70	0.58	13.27	22.21	—	28.67
90-95	11.98	—	22.37	16.69	—	26.44
95-100	26.89	—	9.70	25.46	—	26.43
social group						
sch. tribes	100.00	—	—	—	—	—
sch. caste	26.59	1.81	7.52	28.75	1.16	19.50
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	100.00	—	—
others	28.89	1.96	14.01	25.68	1.18	23.42
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	30.61	2.54	10.15	27.51	2.77	19.37
literate but below primary	33.53	1.69	6.19	29.23	1.09	18.69
primary but below secondary	27.39	1.44	11.32	32.30	0.56	14.66
secondary & above	17.44	0.59	19.72	20.79	0.65	31.33
all	28.00	1.89	11.62	26.44	1.17	22.48

TABLE (1.17) - PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

RAJASTHAN

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	18.95	3.80	2.91	19.35	5.55	2.61
5—10	15.32	1.71	3.15	9.48	2.01	—
10—20	15.76	1.48	2.51	19.07	1.56	4.13
20—30	15.76	1.41	2.70	25.86	2.93	4.61
30—40	12.26	.42	4.52	27.41	1.18	2.69
40—50	20.60	1.67	4.64	24.97	1.27	10.04
50—60	17.00	1.13	2.66	18.99	.91	8.41
60—70	16.73	—	6.63	27.31	.75	9.79
70—80	17.65	1.76	3.95	40.62	—	12.94
80—90	22.14	2.12	2.21	21.53	—	16.16
90—95	26.27	3.57	5.06	19.28	—	7.20
95—100	15.52	—	3.32	22.65	—	17.41
social group						
sch. tribe	11.13	1.52	3.61	30.68	1.35	—
sch. caste	16.99	2.00	2.98	24.76	2.74	4.51
neo-buddhist	26.16	—	—	—	—	—
others	19.40	1.33	3.91	23.06	1.21	8.20
adult female edu, class						
illiterate	16.20	1.41	2.98	20.87	1.47	2.34
literate but below primary	18.86	1.06	5.73	23.76	4.94	6.67
primary but below secondary	29.61	2.86	8.27	26.64	1.56	11.51
secondary & above	31.76	—	11.41	25.99	.34	15.03
all	17.53	1.49	3.67	23.55	1.43	7.42

TABLE (1.18) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

SIKKIM

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	9.03	—	—	56.99	—	5.02
5—10	—	—	11.51	—	—	50.57
10—20	17.88	—	13.19	18.30	—	11.25
20—30	26.84	—	21.00	8.73	—	54.66
30—40	—	—	17.39	21.25	—	13.69
40—50	3.43	—	6.62	13.46	—	7.10
50—60	—	—	4.42	14.21	14.21	—
60—70	8.42	—	3.80	—	—	24.10
70—80	6.48	—	—	23.71	23.71	—
80—90	—	—	—	—	—	15.09
90—95	—	—	—	—	—	43.69
95—100	—	—	—	—	—	100.00
social group						
sch. tribe	4.64	—	9.64	—	—	19.33
sch. caste	15.48	—	—	14.53	—	23.61
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	9.22	—	8.79	18.49	3.76	17.45
adult female education class						
illiterate	7.64	—	6.18	20.91	—	6.32
literate but below primary	8.25	—	13.61	9.65	—	9.03
primary but below secondary	8.45	—	13.83	17.35	10.06	22.46
secondary & above	27.71	—	—	9.11	—	47.35
all	8.25	—	8.72	16.13	2.98	18.26

TABLE (1.19) : PERCENTAGE (1.00) OF COUPLES EVER STRILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

TAMIL NADU

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	34.02	3.71	1.98	31.28	3.01	3.87
5—10	33.54	3.34	0.69	24.96	3.98	3.14
10—20	31.16	3.53	0.69	30.80	4.93	2.35
20—30	26.33	1.04	1.18	28.04	3.19	1.93
30—40	26.86	3.34	1.71	32.92	1.23	2.21
40—50	26.46	2.45	0.32	37.10	2.57	2.41
50—60	23.96	2.20	1.24	24.89	2.10	3.55
60—70	24.96	1.28	0.34	25.26	2.02	4.08
70—80	26.36	3.13	0.92	26.63	0.89	8.16
80—90	21.64	2.56	1.14	22.26	0.65	2.69
90—95	27.32	0.77	5.95	21.00	—	3.05
95—100	20.35	—	2.60	23.69	—	3.84
social group						
sch. tribe	15.05	2.37	—	7.32	—	—
sch. caste	25.86	2.29	0.56	25.58	2.30	3.74
non-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	27.89	2.52	1.41	28.47	2.24	3.41
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	26.64	2.89	0.80	26.54	2.50	2.13
literate but below primary	27.97	2.58	1.17	29.76	1.00	2.18
primary but below secondary	26.50	1.78	1.16	30.58	2.70	2.64
secondary & above	32.04	0.99	5.85	24.91	1.84	6.25
all	26.99	2.44	1.22	28.05	2.23	3.41

TABLE (1.20) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

TRIPURA

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0-5	7.28	2.41	9.49	22.55	—	6.96
5-10	—	—	42.08	3.04	—	6.81
10-20	—	—	23.61	4.44	—	—
20-30	3.45	—	4.05	11.28	—	12.61
30-40	6.71	2.54	4.72	—	—	21.78
40-50	3.28	—	3.92	19.10	—	41.03
50-60	5.46	0.88	6.95	6.13	—	18.36
60-70	2.83	—	3.98	—	—	19.03
70-80	5.89	—	7.66	16.59	—	24.90
80-90	2.83	1.69	8.78	4.36	4.36	21.64
90-95	7.62	—	9.81	—	—	17.98
95-100	—	—	18.54	24.19	—	13.35
social group						
sch. tribe	0.35	—	12.56	—	—	—
sch. caste	1.30	—	10.24	24.02	—	21.38
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	7.02	1.29	8.36	7.44	0.40	18.60
adult female education class						
illiterate	3.55	1.11	1.94	19.17	—	—
literate but below primary	3.43	1.15	19.27	—	—	28.12
primary but below secondary	4.47	—	14.76	10.70	0.73	7.47
secondary & above	3.21	—	13.19	7.85	—	24.45
all	3.95	0.66	9.90	9.04	0.32	17.77

TABLE (I.21) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

UTTAR PRADESH

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	5.86	1.47	6.09	7.71	1.62	10.65
5—10	8.46	0.73	3.50	15.60	2.25	1.58
10—20	7.73	0.93	3.04	8.38	0.42	5.56
20—30	7.95	1.04	1.34	9.66	0.44	8.32
30—40	9.14	0.23	2.86	11.46	1.38	4.34
40—50	7.80	0.43	1.59	8.09	1.46	7.54
50—60	9.15	0.89	3.06	14.09	2.32	9.79
60—70	9.71	1.06	3.38	10.78	0.44	18.31
70—80	6.39	0.36	3.36	15.06	0.30	14.48
80—90	8.03	—	4.88	22.15	—	14.97
90—95	19.72	2.18	0.69	15.17	—	22.79
95—100	11.55	—	—	31.23	—	16.99
social group :						
sch. tribe	14.96	0.88	0.95	39.47	—	7.44
sch. caste	8.62	0.92	2.36	13.02	1.15	5.15
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	8.07	0.63	3.50	11.73	0.96	10.48
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	7.10	0.77	2.64	7.21	1.04	4.98
literate but below primary	7.98	0.88	5.70	9.54	2.56	5.10
primary but below secondary	13.18	0.50	4.50	16.52	1.01	11.96
secondary & above	16.37	—	6.91	19.70	0.50	18.51
all	8.33	0.70	3.17	12.18	0.98	9.67

TABLE (1.22) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

WEST BENGAL

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	16.70	1.59	9.17	32.50	0.56	15.99
5—10	20.50	5.67	6.51	20.35	4.41	16.69
10—20	18.77	3.20	6.10	15.00	1.49	12.15
20—30	23.47	2.78	5.82	25.19	3.06	13.27
30—40	24.73	1.90	4.05	25.99	—	16.21
40—50	18.83	3.18	12.14	18.02	1.58	19.67
50—60	18.03	4.34	11.29	21.65	0.42	23.18
60—70	14.29	0.99	6.84	20.31	5	18.00
70—80	17.87	0.68	7.73	14.31	0.61	32.85
80—90	17.25	0.64	9.03	8.98	—	25.39
90—95	18.52	—	9.32	17.11	9.52	39.57
95—100	17.07	2.19	10.59	14.90	—	22.79
social group						
sch. tribe	10.20	1.88	5.01	4.20	—	7.72
sch. caste	24.27	3.51	6.11	24.75	1.69	15.63
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	1.50	21.07
others	17.80	1.82	9.27	18.87	1.50	21.07
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	17.77	2.55	7.11	19.64	1.60	13.38
literate but below primary	20.52	2.43	5.09	23.67	5	9.30
primary but below secondary	22.17	1.92	9.72	24.13	1.42	20.55
secondary & above	16.82	0.92	19.28	12.78	1.87	28.01
all	19.10	2.28	7.98	19.52	1.50	19.98

TABLE (1.23) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	28.61	10.45	—	33.55	—	—
5—10	30.47	0.82	—	21.54	—	—
10—20	21.51	3.55	—	20.20	15.22	10.90
20—30	27.99	—	—	22.37	—	9.34
30—40	19.13	3.25	2.17	20.77	12.28	—
40—50	33.53	4.88	3.19	25.68	—	—
50—60	21.09	—	2.30	12.09	—	—
60—70	18.54	2.96	11.97	7.98	—	3.68
70—80	17.21	—	4.41	43.37	6.02	5.27
80—90	20.03	—	12.93	4.47	—	6.52
90—95	25.63	—	15.32	11.30	—	—
95—100	—	—	—	45.14	—	14.58
social group						
sch. tribe	17.90	0.84	0.82	54.95	—	—
sch. caste	21.76	—	—	51.85	—	—
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	27.14	3.69	5.07	20.14	3.91	4.14
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	18.15	1.38	—	29.86	9.13	1.21
literate but below primary	27.09	2.18	1.48	31.89	9.60	—
primary but below secondary	24.50	4.07	6.87	14.84	—	8.44
secondary & above	32.58	2.47	6.69	17.78	1.08	3.47
all	23.72	2.57	3.42	21.52	3.75	3.97

TABLE (1 24) : PERCENTAGE (0 60) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT, FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

CHANDIGARH

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	—	—	100.00	19.41	—	—
5—10	—	—	100.00	—	—	—
10—20	—	—	—	33.16	—	—
20—30	43.44	43.44	—	20.34	—	60.48
30—40	—	—	100.00	63.09	—	—
40—50	—	—	—	43.08	—	12.37
50—60	—	—	100.00	37.50	—	—
60—70	—	—	—	—	—	100.00
70—80	—	—	—	—	—	33.47
80—90	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—95	—	—	—	—	—	35.85
95—100	—	—	—	—	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	—	—	—	100.00	—	—
sch. caste	—	—	16.09	36.11	—	26.34
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	17.62	17.62	66.82	14.71	—	20.90
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	26.71	26.71	11.79	24.59	—	27.97
literate but below primary	—	—	—	—	—	—
primary but below secondary	—	—	86.61	72.10	—	—
secondary & above	—	—	68.22	3.75	—	26.72
all	11.88	11.88	50.29	25.08	—	22.34

TABLE (1.25) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL SECTOR.

DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI		RURAL	
classification	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
fractile group			
0—5	26.33	—	—
5—10	49.44	—	15.62
10—20	39.60	—	—
20—30	43.39	—	9.51
30—40	34.81	—	—
40—50	19.01	—	—
50—60	25.92	—	16.41
60—70	24.90	—	—
70—80	11.70	—	—
80—90	25.30	—	7.90
90—95	—	—	27.44
95—100	37.86	—	62.14
social group			
sch. tribe	29.13	—	4.05
sch. caste	66.81	—	33.19
neo-buddhist	—	—	—
others	24.47	—	28.01
adult female education class			
illiterate	37.99	—	1.32
literate but below primary	21.68	—	—
primary but below secondary	20.32	—	13.08
secondary & above	60.65	—	19.32
all	29.34	—	6.48

TABLE (1.26) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

DELHI

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	—	—	100.00	22.67	5.81	2.01
5—10	—	—	—	25.45	—	34.99
10—20	—	—	53.26	19.78	2.34	16.86
20—30	—	—	12.81	24.47	8.19	40.20
30—40	—	—	—	28.77	1.93	35.37
40—50	—	—	67.36	27.27	—	41.82
50—60	—	—	66.53	24.98	2.58	36.83
60—70	44.90	—	—	19.47	—	44.96
70—80	—	—	49.51	16.86	—	23.07
80—90	—	—	75.31	11.78	—	29.51
90—95	39.13	—	—	13.17	—	41.66
95—100	—	—	—	13.98	—	31.97
social group						
sch. tribe	—	—	—	—	—	—
sch. caste	34.93	—	—	23.51	0.84	24.98
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	100.00	—	—
others	2.16	—	52.92	20.64	2.46	33.79
adult female education class						
illiterate	11.30	—	46.81	19.63	1.00	26.17
literate but below primary	—	—	—	49.29	6.60	15.51
primary but below secondary	—	—	46.00	26.39	6.95	33.76
secondary & above	—	—	53.35	17.36	0.33	36.74
all	4.78	—	47.00	21.04	2.06	31.64

TABLE (1.27) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	37.65	—	—	100.00	25.01	—
5—10	33.30	—	2.25	54.99	—	—
10—20	20.32	—	—	9.47	—	—
20—30	2.90	—	—	13.13	—	—
30—40	20.85	—	1.75	—	—	3.58
40—50	49.96	—	0.92	12.05	12.05	4.99
50—60	20.74	—	7.01	24.78	—	—
60—70	40.62	2.87	30.91	25.01	—	—
70—80	3.86	0.07	8.10	40.09	—	16.33
80—90	35.13	—	—	30.78	—	18.73
90—95	—	—	100.00	34.55	—	—
95—100	—	—	—	27.77	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	—	—	—	—	—	—
sch. caste	8.14	—	10.26	—	—	—
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	28.49	0.26	7.48	27.02	2.46	4.65
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	18.67	0.55	2.96	28.34	2.61	—
literate but below primary	—	—	—	100.00	—	—
primary but below secondary	34.02	—	17.35	12.03	4.00	4.65
secondary & above	47.68	—	47.57	30.00	—	8.74
all	27.32	0.24	7.51	24.54	2.23	4.22

TABLE (1.28) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

LAKSHADWEEP

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	—	—	—	—	—	—
5—10	—	—	—	—	—	—
10—20	6.50	—	—	26.84	—	—
20—30	16.17	—	—	9.98	—	—
30—40	—	—	—	—	—	—
40—50	—	—	—	—	—	—
50—60	12.61	—	—	17.09	—	—
60—70	—	—	—	—	—	—
70—80	—	—	—	12.86	—	—
80—90	28.43	—	—	—	—	—
90—95	50.00	—	—	—	—	—
95—100	—	—	—	—	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	4.26	—	—	5.06	—	—
sch. caste	—	—	—	—	—	—
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	14.95	—	—	34.33	—	—
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	6.07	—	—	—	—	—
literate but below primary	13.92	—	—	—	—	—
primary but below secondary	3.43	—	—	11.44	—	—
secondary & above	13.56	—	—	—	—	—
all	6.55	—	—	7.61	—	—

TABLE (1.29) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

MIZORAM

Classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	8.55	—	—	—	—	2.53
5—10	17.43	—	2.91	29.80	—	—
10—20	1.36	—	2.98	19.41	—	4.53
20—30	10.68	—	11.34	43.79	13.65	1.91
30—40	14.37	—	13.54	49.92	—	—
40—50	18.27	4.47	12.29	35.57	—	—
50—60	18.74	—	6.70	20.28	—	1.98
60—70	13.93	—	2.14	—	—	21.50
70—80	28.10	5.89	8.95	25.43	—	—
80—90	7.03	—	6.25	39.03	—	—
90—95	7.57	—	—	23.45	—	—
95—100	9.04	—	12.57	—	—	25.12
social group						
sch. tribe	12.78	0.96	7.25	27.66	1.36	3.47
sch. caste	—	—	—	—	—	—
neo-buddhist	26.91	—	—	—	—	—
others	25.17	—	15.97	—	—	—
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	5.33	—	11.46	—	—	—
literate but below primary	8.37	—	4.77	15.75	—	—
primary but below secondary	15.25	1.30	6.43	28.97	—	0.57
secondary & above	6.96	—	17.65	28.40	4.96	11.20
all	12.85	0.92	7.16	27.74	1.34	3.40

TABLE (1.30) : PERCENTAGE (0.00) OF COUPLES EVER STERILISED, STERILISED DURING LAST YEAR AND RECEIVED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE BY FRACTILE GROUP, SOCIAL GROUP AND ADULT FEMALE EDUCATION CLASS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS.

PONDICHERRY

classification	rural			urban		
	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service	ever sterilised	sterilised during last year	received family planning service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
fractile group						
0—5	45.00	20.42	—	—	—	—
5—10	21.82	—	23.37	23.15	—	14.54
10—20	22.01	12.08	—	65.65	—	—
20—30	59.58	—	6.74	54.39	—	—
30—40	27.37	—	11.79	33.29	—	—
40—50	18.10	—	—	5.81	—	34.05
50—60	41.69	—	—	16.82	—	14.48
60—70	38.27	—	—	26.56	—	18.15
70—80	19.50	—	—	5.34	—	11.21
80—90	—	—	10.14	47.93	—	19.12
90—95	25.20	—	—	—	—	—
95—100	100.00	—	—	—	—	—
social group						
sch. tribe	—	—	—	—	—	—
sch. caste	9.52	4.75	4.76	28.24	—	—
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	36.07	3.29	3.30	29.57	—	12.24
adult female edu. class						
illiterate	23.68	3.36	1.93	37.52	—	—
literate but below primary	57.35	—	9.07	70.42	—	—
primary but below secondary	28.44	6.72	4.70	33.07	—	8.19
secondary & above	27.42	—	—	14.39	—	20.90
all	31.18	3.52	3.53	29.45	—	11.07

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL INDIA

F.P. METHOD : IUD		RURAL									
classification	service received categories										
	from govt.			from others			unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
fractile group											
0-10	0.11	0.74	—	0.15	0.17	2.26	2.61	93.97	100.00		
10-20	0.10	0.10	0.01	0.18	0.13	1.94	1.77	95.76	100.00		
20-40	0.08	0.29	0.08	0.09	0.17	2.41	2.06	94.82	100.00		
40-60	0.04	0.12	0.03	0.08	0.38	2.24	2.05	95.07	100.00		
60-80	0.07	0.24	0.04	0.10	0.44	1.69	1.66	95.76	100.00		
80-90	0.13	0.26	0.17	0.14	0.83	1.59	1.39	95.49	100.00		
90-100	0.01	0.42	0.10	0.28	0.90	1.33	1.33	95.62	100.00		
social group											
sch. tribe	0.11	0.05	—	3.06	0.49	2.14	2.83	94.33	100.00		
sch. caste	0.04	0.20	0.03	0.06	0.15	2.03	1.97	95.51	100.00		
neo buddhist	0.83	—	—	—	—	—	.65	98.52	100.00		
others	0.08	0.34	0.07	0.15	0.40	2.03	1.76	95.17	100.00		
all	0.07	0.28	0.05	0.12	1.36	2.04	1.91	95.16	100.00		

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : ORAL PILLS		RURAL									
classification	service received categories										
	from govt.			from others			unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
fractile group											
0-10	0.10	0.93	0.09	0.21	0.29	2.30	2.63	93.46	100.00		
10-20	0.02	0.22	0.14	0.20	0.37	2.00	1.74	95.31	100.00		
20-40	0.03	0.23	0.12	0.08	0.43	2.33	2.18	94.60	100.00		
40-60	0.04	0.24	0.37	0.19	0.79	2.17	2.15	94.03	100.00		
60-80	0.05	0.25	0.35	0.11	0.73	1.61	1.75	95.14	100.00		
80-90	—	0.25	0.56	0.17	1.28	1.67	1.41	94.67	100.00		
90-100	0.11	0.26	0.73	0.27	1.65	1.38	1.36	94.25	100.00		
social group											
sch. tribe	0.08	0.17	0.05	0.15	0.68	2.13	2.83	93.91	100.00		
sch. caste	0.03	0.31	0.16	0.11	0.23	2.01	2.05	95.10	100.00		
neo- buddhist	—	0.76	—	—	—	—	—	99.24	100.00		
others	0.05	0.35	0.36	0.17	0.81	2.00	1.84	94.43	100.00		
all	0.05	0.32	0.29	0.16	0.68	2.01	1.98	94.52	100.00		

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : NIRODH RURAL

classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0—10	0.13	1.11	1.05	0.34	1.23	2.43	2.60	91.11	100.00	
10—20	0.03	0.35	1.19	0.16	0.93	1.95	1.72	93.67	100.00	
20—40	0.13	0.51	1.01	0.24	1.42	2.31	2.21	92.18	100.00	
40—60	0.15	0.37	1.76	0.34	1.91	2.15	2.13	91.20	100.00	
60—80	0.17	0.64	1.59	0.45	2.19	1.62	1.75	91.59	100.00	
80—90	0.07	0.72	2.65	0.39	3.14	1.62	1.41	90.00	100.00	
90—100	0.13	1.09	3.50	1.02	3.26	1.35	1.37	88.27	100.00	
social group										
sch. tribe	0.10	0.68	0.53	0.35	1.12	2.06	2.83	92.34	100.00	
sch. caste	0.07	0.47	1.18	0.40	1.26	2.02	2.03	92.57	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	3.03	—	—	—	96.97	100.00	
others	0.15	0.64	1.84	.33	2.12	2.00	1.84	91.08	100.00	
all	0.12	0.61	1.58	.36	1.83	2.01	1.98	91.51	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : DIAPHRAGM RURAL

classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0—10	0.08	0.66	—	0.16	0.17	2.27	2.58	94.07	100.00	
10—20	—	0.13	0.02	0.14	0.13	1.93	1.72	95.93	100.00	
20—40	—	0.10	0.01	0.01	0.12	2.38	2.09	95.29	100.00	
40—60	—	0.01	0.05	0.07	0.41	2.19	2.08	95.20	100.00	
60—80	0.07	0.04	0.03	0.09	0.35	1.69	1.69	96.05	100.00	
80—90	—	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.73	1.64	1.42	96.17	100.00	
90—100	—	0.14	0.06	0.12	0.71	1.43	1.50	96.13	100.00	
social group										
sch. tribe	0.09	0.06	—	0.02	0.54	2.09	2.85	94.35	100.00	
sch. caste	0.07	0.18	—	0.02	0.13	2.01	1.91	95.67	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
others	—	0.14	0.03	0.10	0.34	2.02	1.81	95.57	100.00	
all	0.02	0.13	0.02	0.08	0.32	2.02	1.93	95.47	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : SPERMICIDE		RURAL								
classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0—10	0.06	0.62	—	0.15	0.17	2.27	2.55	94.17	100.00	
10—20	—	0.05	—	0.11	0.14	1.96	1.72	96.03	100.00	
20—40	—	0.09	—	—	0.11	2.36	2.10	95.33	100.00	
40—60	—	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.38	2.19	2.08	95.26	100.00	
60—80	0.07	0.04	0.01	0.09	0.32	1.69	1.65	96.43	100.00	
80—90	—	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.73	1.64	1.42	96.14	100.00	
90—100	—	0.05	—	0.18	0.72	1.33	1.50	96.22	100.00	
social group										
schedule tribe	0.07	0.02	—	0.02	0.47	2.11	2.83	94.47	100.00	
schedule caste	0.07	0.16	0.01	0.02	0.11	2.02	1.92	95.69	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
others	—	0.11	0.01	0.01	0.34	2.01	1.80	95.63	100.00	
all	0.02	0.11	0.01	0.07	0.30	2.02	1.93	95.53	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : MIP		RURAL								
classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0—10	0.06	0.62	—	0.15	0.17	2.27	2.52	94.20	100.00	
10—20	0.02	0.05	—	0.11	0.11	1.93	1.73	96.05	100.00	
20—40	0.01	0.11	—	—	0.12	2.35	2.08	95.32	100.00	
40—60	—	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.36	2.17	2.08	95.28	100.00	
60—80	0.07	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.32	1.68	1.68	96.09	100.00	
80—90	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.76	1.64	1.41	96.16	100.00	
90—100	—	0.05	0.20	0.15	0.68	1.33	1.50	96.08	100.00	
social group										
schedule tribe	0.07	0.02	—	0.02	0.47	2.11	2.83	94.48	100.00	
schedule caste	0.07	0.17	—	0.02	0.11	2.04	1.92	95.68	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
others	0.01	0.12	0.03	0.10	0.33	1.99	1.79	95.63	100.00	
all	0.03	0.12	0.02	0.07	0.30	2.01	1.92	95.52	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : INJECTION

RURAL

classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0-10	0.08	0.68	0.05	0.15	0.20	2.36	2.65	93.83	100.00	
10-20	—	0.08	0.02	0.11	0.12	2.00	1.77	95.90	100.00	
20-40	—	0.11	0.01	0.01	0.17	2.42	2.08	95.21	100.00	
40-60	—	0.01	0.02	0.10	0.39	2.20	2.08	95.20	100.00	
60-80	0.10	0.09	0.02	0.11	0.35	1.69	1.67	95.98	100.00	
80-90	0.01	—	0.06	0.12	0.76	1.64	1.41	96.00	100.00	
90-100	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.15	0.72	1.33	1.47	96.21	100.00	
social group										
schedule tribe	0.07	0.04	—	0.05	0.62	2.12	2.85	94.24	100.00	
schedule caste	0.07	0.20	0.02	0.02	0.11	2.03	1.92	95.64	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	100.00	
others	0.01	0.13	0.03	0.12	0.35	2.05	1.81	95.49	100.00	
all	0.03	0.13	0.02	0.09	0.33	2.05	1.94	95.40	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : IUD

URBAN

classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0-10	0.06	0.54	0.27	0.35	0.27	2.59	2.02	93.90	100.00	
10-20	0.20	0.23	0.12	0.22	0.27	1.98	0.88	96.11	100.00	
20-40	0.07	0.88	0.25	0.11	0.29	1.55	1.21	95.65	100.00	
40-60	0.35	0.67	0.70	0.03	0.91	1.79	1.39	94.16	100.00	
60-80	0.29	1.10	0.45	0.31	1.15	1.56	1.25	93.91	100.00	
80-90	1.07	1.26	0.44	0.31	1.77	1.34	1.75	92.06	100.00	
90-100	0.60	1.35	1.21	0.12	1.29	1.18	1.63	92.63	100.00	
social group										
sch. tribe	0.72	0.30	0.01	0.53	0.30	1.07	3.78	93.29	100.00	
sch. caste	0.17	0.40	0.25	0.05	0.31	1.62	1.38	95.83	100.00	
neo-buddhist	0.21	1.81	—	—	—	0.80	—	97.18	100.00	
others	0.29	0.90	0.50	0.20	0.83	1.77	1.33	94.18	100.00	
all	0.29	0.82	0.46	0.18	0.74	1.73	1.40	94.37	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : ORAL PILLS		URBAN								
classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0-10	—	0.41	0.30	0.18	0.53	2.62	2.03	93.92	100.00	
10-20	—	0.10	0.20	0.17	0.91	1.95	1.04	95.64	100.00	
20-40	0.03	0.64	0.64	0.14	0.76	1.54	1.27	94.96	100.00	
40-60	0.06	0.19	0.82	0.08	2.44	1.70	1.44	93.26	100.00	
60-80	0.22	0.47	1.20	0.25	1.70	1.65	1.52	92.99	100.00	
80-90	0.08	0.11	1.23	0.01	2.78	1.65	1.78	92.37	100.00	
90-100	0.08	0.38	1.78	0.22	3.63	1.26	1.68	90.97	100.00	
social group										
sch. tribe	—	1.15	0.29	0.29	0.52	1.08	3.76	92.92	100.00	
sch. caste	0.02	0.03	0.76	0.02	3.84	1.49	1.34	95.50	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	0.80	—	99.20	100.00	
others	0.08	0.39	0.83	0.17	1.76	1.82	1.46	93.48	100.00	
all	0.07	0.37	0.80	0.15	1.60	1.76	1.50	93.75	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : NIRODH		URBAN								
Classification	service received categories									
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
fractile group										
0-10	—	0.78	1.97	0.34	2.40	2.66	2.07	89.77	100.00	
10-20	—	0.39	1.67	0.32	3.64	2.08	1.04	90.85	100.00	
20-40	0.10	1.31	2.37	0.36	4.06	1.56	1.21	89.03	100.00	
40-60	0.20	0.83	4.26	0.73	6.13	1.72	1.40	84.72	100.00	
60-80	0.52	0.84	4.88	0.90	7.49	1.45	1.56	82.35	100.00	
80-90	0.43	0.75	5.61	0.87	10.08	1.93	1.74	78.59	100.00	
90-100	1.51	0.79	6.28	0.25	8.34	1.17	1.70	79.96	100.00	
social group										
sch. tribe	—	1.77	1.31	0.32	2.43	1.04	3.87	89.25	100.00	
sch. caste	.13	0.86	3.25	0.74	4.26	1.58	1.37	87.81	100.00	
neo-buddhist	—	—	6.91	4.87	—	.80	—	87.42	100.00	
others	.33	0.85	3.77	0.53	5.89	1.82	1.43	85.38	100.00	
all	0.29	0.88	3.62	0.55	5.57	1.77	1.49	85.83	100.00	

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : DIAPHRAGM		URBAN							
classification	service received categories								
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
fractile group									
0—10	—	0.20	—	0.18	0.14	2.63	2.02	94.83	100.00
10—20	—	—	—	0.10	0.23	1.95	0.82	96.90	100.00
20—40	—	0.52	0.02	0.03	0.15	1.61	1.26	96.40	100.00
40—60	0.01	0.08	—	0.03	0.42	1.74	1.37	96.33	100.00
60—80	0.08	0.18	0.05	0.01	0.32	1.65	1.53	96.19	100.00
80—90	0.03	0.26	0.10	—	0.53	1.62	2.06	95.40	100.00
90—100	—	0.07	0.02	0.07	0.08	1.26	1.70	96.79	100.00
social group									
sch. tribe	—	—	—	0.26	0.30	1.03	3.51	94.89	100.00
sch. caste	—	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.21	1.54	1.38	96.77	100.00
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	0.80	—	99.20	100.00
others	0.02	0.25	0.03	0.05	0.28	1.85	1.44	96.08	100.00
all	0.02	0.22	0.03	0.05	0.27	1.78	1.48	96.15	100.00

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : SPERMICIDE		URBAN							
classification	service received categories								
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
fractile group									
0—10	—	0.18	0.01	0.23	0.10	2.56	2.02	94.90	100.00
10—20	—	0.04	0.04	0.10	0.23	1.97	.82	96.80	100.00
20—40	0.05	0.52	0.03	0.03	0.16	1.59	1.24	96.38	100.00
40—60	—	0.06	—	0.03	0.33	1.74	1.43	96.40	100.00
60—80	0.08	0.08	0.03	—	0.26	1.65	1.59	96.32	100.00
80—90	—	—	0.07	—	0.65	1.62	2.06	95.60	100.00
90—100	—	—	0.51	0.07	0.17	1.26	1.70	96.28	100.00
social group									
sch. tribe	—	—	0.01	0.26	0.35	1.03	3.51	94.83	100.00
sch. caste	—	—	—	0.07	0.27	1.54	1.38	96.73	100.00
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	.80	—	99.20	100.00
others	0.03	0.21	0.07	0.05	0.25	1.83	1.46	96.11	100.00
all	0.02	0.17	0.06	0.06	0.25	1.77	1.50	96.17	100.00

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP

F.P. METHOD : M T P

URBAN

classification	service received categories								
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
fractile group									
0—10	—	0.18	0.02	0.18	0.10	2.53	2.02	94.97	100.00
10—20	—	—	0.01	0.10	0.23	1.95	.82	96.89	100.00
20—40	—	0.54	0.02	0.03	0.15	1.57	1.24	96.44	100.00
40—60	—	0.06	—	0.03	0.30	1.78	1.39	96.44	100.00
60—80	0.12	0.07	0.03	0.05	0.26	1.52	1.52	96.41	100.00
80—90	—	—	0.20	—	0.61	1.62	2.06	95.51	100.00
90—100	0.12	—	0.40	0.07	0.08	1.26	1.70	96.37	100.00
social group									
sch. tribe	—	—	—	0.26	0.30	1.03	3.51	94.89	100.00
sch. caste	—	—	—	0.02	0.21	1.54	1.38	96.85	100.00
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	.80	—	99.20	100.00
others	0.04	0.21	0.07	0.06	0.24	1.80	1.43	96.16	100.00
all	0.03	0.17	0.05	0.06	0.23	1.75	1.48	96.22	100.00

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES BY FAMILY PLANNING METHOD AND FRACTILE GROUP AND SOCIAL GROUP FOR ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : INJECTION

URBAN

classification	service received categories								
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought		not sought	all
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(5)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
fractile group									
0—10	—	0.28	—	0.20	0.10	2.62	2.02	94.79	100.00
10—20	—	—	—	—	0.40	1.97	0.82	96.81	100.00
20—40	—	0.55	0.05	0.09	0.14	1.56	1.26	96.36	100.00
40—60	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.04	0.44	1.80	1.33	96.12	100.00
60—80	0.13	0.07	0.11	—	0.34	1.52	1.53	96.29	100.00
80—90	0.02	—	0.23	0.20	0.65	1.70	2.06	95.13	100.00
90—100	—	0.03	0.23	0.07	0.43	1.26	1.70	96.27	100.00
social group									
sch. tribe	—	0.02	—	0.26	0.30	1.03	3.51	94.87	100.00
sch. caste	0.07	—	—	0.02	0.21	1.54	1.42	96.74	100.00
neo-buddhist	—	—	—	—	—	0.80	—	99.20	100.00
others	0.03	0.23	0.11	0.08	0.34	1.83	1.42	95.97	100.00
all	0.03	0.19	0.09	0.08	0.32	1.77	1.47	96.05	100.00

TABLE (4) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER FRACTILE GROUPS BY SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES AND F.P. METHOD FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS OF ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : NIRODH

fractile group	service received categories						
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
rural							
0—10	12.40	21.73	7.86	11.17	7.89	14.32	15.57
10—20	3.10	6.82	8.88	5.29	6.01	11.52	10.34
20—40	22.66	18.94	14.31	14.87	17.39	25.88	25.11
40—60	25.08	12.72	23.38	20.02	21.87	22.56	22.62
60—80	25.56	19.16	18.42	23.01	21.80	14.79	16.20
80—90	5.20	10.41	14.65	9.47	11.97	7.11	6.25
90—100	6.00	10.22	12.50	16.17	10.07	3.83	3.91
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
urban							
0—10	—	10.89	6.72	7.55	5.25	18.35	17.19
10—20	—	5.33	5.57	6.79	7.76	14.01	8.45
20—40	8.35	34.72	15.37	15.16	16.91	20.39	19.12
40—60	14.03	19.63	24.62	27.05	22.73	20.12	19.74
60—80	31.95	16.98	24.20	28.68	23.79	14.56	18.85
80—90	11.00	6.41	11.78	11.79	13.56	8.17	8.89
90—100	34.67	6.04	11.75	2.98	10.00	4.40	7.77
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE (4) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER FRACTILE GROUPS BY SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES AND F.P. METHOD FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS OF ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : DIAPHRAGM

fractile group	service received categories						
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
rural							
0—10	41.23	57.98	—	23.97	6.51	13.30	15.80
10—20	—	11.00	10.86	21.74	5.00	11.35	10.54
20—40	—	17.41	7.28	2.87	8.69	26.43	24.24
40—60	—	1.51	40.94	20.18	26.92	22.77	22.59
60—80	58.77	4.97	22.62	20.38	20.17	15.27	16.00
80—90	—	1.14	2.73	2.12	20.12	7.14	6.42
90—100	—	6.00	15.56	8.74	12.60	3.74	4.40
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
urban							
0—10	—	11.17	—	39.09	6.33	18.00	16.85
10—20	—	—	—	21.09	10.06	13.03	6.70
20—40	—	55.43	22.76	14.53	13.35	20.89	20.07
40—60	13.53	8.02	2.72	11.58	32.43	20.19	19.45
60—80	73.93	14.32	37.83	4.76	21.08	16.34	18.56
80—90	12.54	9.03	30.86	—	14.77	6.82	10.75
90—100	—	2.04	5.81	8.96	1.98	4.73	7.80
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE (4) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-STERILISED COUPLES OVER FRACTILE GROUPS BY SERVICE RECEIVED CATEGORIES AND F.P. METHOD FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS OF ALL-INDIA

F.P. METHOD : INJECTION

fractile group	service received categories						
	from govt.			from others		unsuccessfully sought	
	with incentive	free	on payment	free	on payment	from govt.	from others
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
rural							
0—10	31.26	59.87	24.28	18.95	7.30	13.59	16.16
10—20	—	6.71	9.61	14.72	4.38	11.55	10.84
20—40	—	17.65	5.86	1.78	11.66	26.50	24.06
40—60	—	1.51	15.28	21.83	25.02	22.62	22.55
60—80	59.68	11.89	14.66	22.09	19.41	15.04	15.74
80—90	2.35	0.23	23.26	11.56	19.99	7.01	6.35
90—100	6.71	2.14	7.05	9.08	12.25	3.69	4.30
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
urban							
0—10	—	17.58	—	32.32	3.85	18.03	16.95
10—20	—	—	—	—	15.02	13.24	6.74
20—40	—	64.82	12.48	28.44	8.89	20.50	20.12
40—60	26.43	9.74	30.22	12.00	28.19	21.02	19.00
60—80	68.60	6.70	21.40	.80	18.82	15.25	18.67
80—90	4.97	—	19.24	19.90	15.32	7.19	10.67
90—100	—	1.16	16.66	6.54	8.91	4.77	7.85
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Results on Particulars of Dwelling Units

NSS 43rd round (July 1987—June 1988)

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES

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TABLE (1.01R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

ANDHRA PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 299

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	288	47	169	268	27400	728
2. katcha chawl/bustee	151	56	142	146	14948	377
3. katcha flat	48	248	95	61	6218	134
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	488	352	406	476	48567	1239
5. semi-pucca indep. house	227	151	97	215	21997	682
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	28	5	10	26	2674	70
7. semi-pucca flat	34	45	25	34	3530	99
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	290	203	132	276	28202	851
9. pucca indep. house	170	173	157	169	17305	684
10. pucca chawl/bustee	10	14	—	9	991	34
11. pucca flat	40	255	292	66	6749	175
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	220	443	449	245	25047	893
13. unspecified	—	—	10	—	68	4
14. all categories (4+9+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	101886	2987
15. estimated hhs. (00)	90597	4933	6355	101886	x	x
16. sample hhs.	2715	126	146	2987	x	x

TABLE (1.02R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS OF BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

ASSAM

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 167

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned (1)	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	748	289	311	701	19737	1064
2. katcha chawl/bustee	84	194	—	79	2248	128
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	833	483	311	781	21985	1192
5. semi-pucca indep. house	123	378	441	156	4387	329
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	11	43	—	11	327	20
7. semi-pucca flat	—	7	—	—	4	1
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	135	429	441	167	4719	350
9. pucca indep. house	21	52	215	38	1075	101
10. pucca chawl/bustee	4	34	7	5	154	2
11. pucca flat	1	—	—	1	30	22
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	27	86	222	44	1259	115
13. unspecified	3	—	24	5	151	10
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	28117	1667
15. estimated hhs. (00)	25130	659	2327	28117	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1508	30	129	1667	x	x

TABLE (1.03R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

BIHAR		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 395				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	465	159	197	456	54408	1680
2. katcha chawl/bustee	205	155	336	208	24836	711
3. katcha flat	4	—	11	5	598	20
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	675	314	545	669	79843	2411
5. semi-pucca indep. house	179	236	41	176	20989	752
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	20	129	19	21	2545	88
7. semi-pucca flat	6	33	18	7	845	336
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	206	399	78	204	24380	876
9. pucca indep. house	105	252	59	105	12518	553
10. pucca chawl/bustee	4	—	47	5	662	30
11. pucca flat	6	33	107	8	1040	40
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	115	286	214	119	14222	623
13. unspecified	2	—	160	6	733	23
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	129179	3933
15. estimated hhs. (00)	115400	817	2961	119179	x	x
16. sample hhs.	3821	31	81	3933	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	49	1

TABLE (1.04R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

GUJARAT		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 140				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	262	94	86	246	11133	308
2. katcha chawl/bustee	113	94	416	126	5699	161
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	376	188	503	372	16832	469
5. semi-pucca indep. house	334	303	230	328	14830	452
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	84	—	79	80	3633	110
7. semi-pucca flat	1	17	—	1	84	3
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	420	320	309	410	18549	565
9. pucca indep. house	171	376	63	177	8007	300
10. pucca chawl/bustee	27	88	95	33	1524	52
11. pucca flat	2	11	—	3	145	7
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	202	475	159	214	9676	359
13. unspecified	1	14	27	2	1131	5
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	45190	1398
15. estimated hhs. (00)	40997	2210	1981	45190	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1290	63	45	1398	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	x	30	

TABLE (1.05R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 60

HARYANA

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h. h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	135	143	287	137	2535	78
2. katcha chawl/bustee	13	—	104	15	277	10
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	149	143	391	152	2613	88
5. semi-pucca indep. house	259	517	145	259	4786	146
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	5	—	—	5	99	3
7. semi-pucca flat	4	—	—	4	81	3
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	269	517	145	269	4966	152
9. pucca indep. house	536	339	368	532	9814	335
10. pucca chawl/bustee	20	—	—	20	372	13
11. pucca flat	20	—	—	19	362	9
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	577	339	368	572	10549	357
13. unspecified	3	—	94	4	89	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	18419	600
15. estimated hhs. (00)	18055	106	256	18419	x	x
16. sample hhs.	588	4	8	600	x	x

TABLE (1.06R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 94

HIMACHAL PRADESH

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	230	121	369	229	1923	227
2. katcha chawl/bustee	28	—	179	29	249	35
3. katcha flat	2	12	—	3	26	4
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	261	134	549	262	2199	266
5. semi-pucca indep. house	555	425	26	543	4551	465
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	22	—	—	21	176	20
7. semi-pucca flat	3	123	—	6	52	10
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	580	549	26	570	4780	495
9. pucca indep. house	143	265	315	149	1250	154
10. pucca chawl/bustee	13	21	—	13	109	11
11. pucca flat	1	29	—	1	15	2
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	157	316	315	164	1375	167
13. unspecified	—	—	109	2	19	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	8375	931
15. estimated hhs. (00)	8015	226	133	8375	x	x
16. sample hhs	887	30	14	931	x	x

TABLE (1.07R) : PER THOUSANDS DISTRIBUTION ON HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

JAMMU & KASHMIR

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 160

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	339	—	246	328	3052	467
2. katcha chawl/bustee	15	30	—	15	145	25
3. katcha flat	33	—	—	31	295	51
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	388	30	246	376	3494	543
5. semi-pucca indep. house	321	17	110	309	2878	502
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	6	—	—	6	62	12
7. semi-pucca flat	81	75	214	83	774	145
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	410	93	325	399	3715	659
9. pucca indep. house	159	353	28	163	1520	288
10. pucca chawl/bustee	8	—	—	7	72	18
11. pucca flat	33	522	273	50	472	83
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	201	876	302	222	2065	389
13. unspecified	—	—	125	1	14	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	9289	1594
15. estimated hhs. (00)	8899	274	116	9289	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1553	22	19	1594	x	x

TABLE (1.03R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

KERALA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 168

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	262	148	198	256	9970	367
2. katcha chawl/bustee	9	80	66	14	654	22
3. katcha flat	2	4	30	3	138	6
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	274	233	296	274	10663	395
5. all katcha indep. house	296	271	74	286	11154	447
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	2	—	33	3	131	5
7. semi-pucca flat	5	59	30	8	316	14
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	304	330	138	298	11602	466
9. pucca indep. house	406	343	300	400	15573	775
10. pucca chawl/bustee	4	18	54	7	285	11
11. pucca flat	8	73	52	12	491	21
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	420	436	407	420	16350	807
13. unspecified	1	—	158	7	299	11
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	38916	1679
15. estimated hhs. (00)	35939	1365	1611	38916	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1567	51	61	1679	x	x

TABLE (1.09R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

KARNATAKA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 163				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	180	130	219	179	9491	260
2. katcha chawl/bustee	98	42	209	102	5393	147
3. katcha flat	1	—	—	—	50	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	279	172	428	283	14934	408
5. semi-pucca indep. house	483	506	298	472	24943	776
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	61	151	109	70	3717	116
7. semi-pucca flat	1	12	—	2	114	3
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	547	670	408	545	28774	895
9. pucca indep. house	164	139	102	158	8385	298
10. pucca chawl/bustee	7	16	—	7	380	15
11. pucca flat	—	—	25	1	99	3
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	171	156	128	168	8865	316
13. unspecified	1	—	34	3	195	6
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	52770	1625
15. estimated hhs. (00)	46127	3118	3524	52770	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1451	82	92	1625	x	x

TABLE (1.10R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

MADHYA PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 317				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	255	140	240	251	21367	732
2. katcha chawl/bustee	100	25	165	101	8575	273
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	355	165	405	352	29942	1005
5. semi-pucca independent house	460	320	320	451	38299	1445
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	101	164	73	101	8629	324
7. semi-pucca flat	—	3	—	—	35	2
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	562	488	393	553	46964	1771
9. pucca indep. house	70	218	138	77	6568	320
10. pucca chawl/bustee	7	109	23	11	960	40
11. pucca flat	2	16	—	2	228	10
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	80	345	162	91	7757	370
13. unspecified	1	—	38	2	227	8
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	84893	3154
15. estimated hhs. (00)	79009	2235	3648	84893	x	x
16. sample hhs.	2969	76	109	3154	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	51	2

TABLE (1.11R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

MAHARASHTRA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 285

house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	224	35	142	211	18466	545
2. katcha chawl/bustee	144	103	138	141	12330	355
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	35	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	369	189	280	353	30832	901
5. semi-pucca indep. house	333	234	239	322	28134	910
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	131	261	251	145	12719	388
7. semi-pucca flat	5	—	7	5	456	17
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	470	495	498	473	41310	1315
9. pucca indep. house	108	109	53	105	9180	426
10. pucca chawl/bustee	46	121	63	51	4503	177
11. pucca flat	4	83	69	12	1126	22
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	158	314	186	169	14810	625
13. unspecified	1	—	34	3	274	7
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	87227	2848
15. estimated hhs. (00)	77118	5172	4936	87227	x	x
16. sample hhs.	2579	148	121	2848	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	27	1

TABLE (1.12R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

MANIPUR

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 59

house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	576	—	233	574	915	329
2. katcha chawl/bustee	97	—	—	97	155	64
3. katcha flat	7	—	—	7	12	2
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	682	—	233	679	1083	395
5. semi-pucca indep. house	283	—	—	282	449	170
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	5	—	—	5	8	3
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	289	—	—	287	458	173
9. pucca indep. house	21	—	—	21	333	13
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	1	1
11. pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	22	—	—	22	35	14
13. unspecified	6	—	766	10	17	7
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	—	1000	1000	1593	589
15. estimated hhs. (00)	1584	—	8	1593	x	x
16. sample hhs.	585	—	4	589	x	x

TABLE (I.13R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

MEGHALAYA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 64

house category (1)	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00) (6)	sample hhs. (7)
	owned (2)	rented (3)	others (4)	all (5)		
1. katcha independent house	568	108	446	549	1268	350
2. katcha chawl/bustee	53	206	—	57	133	21
3. katcha flat	2	—	—	2	5	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	624	314	446	610	1408	372
5. semi-pucca indep. house	299	621	41	307	709	179
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	25	—	—	23	55	13
7. semi-pucca flat	2	41	—	3	7	2
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	327	663	41	334	772	194
9. pucca indep. house	46	21	512	53	122	59
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	46	21	512	53	122	59
13. unspecified	1	—	—	1	4	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	2307	626
15. estimated hhs. (00)	2191	81	34	2307	x	x
16. sample hhs.	602	13	11	626	x	x

TABLE (I.15R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

ORISSA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 177

house category (1)	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00) (6)	sample hhs. (7)
	owned (2)	rented (3)	others (4)	all (5)		
1. katcha independent house	486	322	227	475	24284	823
2. katcha chawl/bustee	293	74	271	289	14774	444
3. katcha flat	33	—	5	31	1616	58
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	812	396	503	796	40675	1325
5. semi-pucca indep. house	122	246	141	124	6358	250
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	18	—	79	20	1042	40
7. semi-pucca flat	4	109	44	7	391	11
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	145	356	265	152	7793	301
9. pucca indep. house	37	246	114	42	2191	124
10. pucca chawl/bustee	2	—	65	4	246	13
11. pucca flat	1	—	50	2	132	6
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	41	246	230	50	2571	143
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	51039	1769
15. estimated hhs. (00)	48728	773	1537	51039	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1698	26	45	1769	x	x

TABLE (1.16R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

PUNJAB		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 134				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	168	140	78	164	4171	204
2. katcha chawl/bustee	7	—	140	13	343	13
3. katcha flat	4	—	—	4	102	5
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	180	140	219	181	4617	222
5. semi-pucca indep. house	284	139	145	274	6970	386
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	3	—	388	20	530	10
7. semi-pucca flat	3	—	—	3	93	6
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	292	39	534	298	7594	402
9. pucca indep. house	515	721	146	502	12770	688
10. pucca chawl/bustee	4	—	—	3	96	7
11. pucca flat	5	98	99	11	282	16
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	524	819	246	517	13150	711
13. unspecified	2	—	—	2	61	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	25423	1338
15. estimated hhs. (00)	23818	446	1159	25423	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1284	19	35	1338	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	19	1

TABLE (1.17R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

RAJASTHAN		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 184				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	426	144	140	416	22705	642
2. katcha chawl/bustee	53	63	63	53	2913	104
3. katcha flat	7	—	—	6	377	14
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	487	207	203	476	25996	760
5. semi-pucca indep. house	175	271	71	174	9531	328
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	15	—	—	14	814	30
7. semi-pucca flat	10	101	—	11	630	17
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	200	372	71	201	10976	375
9. pucca indep. house	275	269	272	275	15010	606
10. pucca chawl/bustee	17	—	25	17	958	37
11. pucca flat	18	149	199	24	1354	51
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	311	419	497	317	17323	694
13. unspecified	—	—	227	4	250	6
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	54546	1835
15. estimated hhs. (00)	52498	945	1101	54546	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1772	28	35	1835	x	x

TABLE (1.18R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

SIKKIM

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 20

house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	136	—	83	121	62	23
2. katcha chawl/bustee	133	—	345	147	75	29
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	269	—	428	269	138	52
5. semi-pucca independent house	542	68	—	449	230	89
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	31	211	130	54	28	12
7. semi-pucca flat	9	310	191	50	25	9
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	582	591	322	554	284	110
9. pucca independent house	147	69	19	127	65	30
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	339	229	48	25	8
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	147	408	248	176	90	38
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	513	200
15. estimated households (00)	420	35	57	513	x	x
16. sample households	166	13	21	200	x	x

TABLE (1.19R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

TAMILNADU

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 230

house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	352	242	361	345	26314	728
2. katcha chawl/bustee	105	65	216	109	8325	214
3. katcha flat	9	—	73	12	948	26
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	467	307	651	467	35588	968
5. semi-pucca independent house	258	327	132	255	19498	563
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	17	17	9	17	1320	37
7. semi-pucca flat	13	14	34	15	1153	31
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	290	359	175	288	21972	631
9. pucca independent house	216	204	100	208	15892	615
10. pucca chawl/bustee	5	38	10	7	606	19
11. pucca flat	19	90	60	27	2084	54
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	241	332	170	243	18583	688
13. unspecified	—	—	2	—	50	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	76194	2289
15. estimated households (00)	66174	5368	4651	76194	x	x
16. sample households	2039	135	115	2289	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	38	1

TABLE (1.20R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

TRIPURA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 74				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh'
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	864	694	705	851	3177	607
2. katcha chawl/bustee	86	182	162	93	349	77
3. katcha flat	3	—	—	3	12	2
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	954	876	868	948	3540	686
5. semi-pucca independent house	34	58	—	33	125	31
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	23	—	3	1
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	34	58	23	34	129	32
9. pucca independent house	9	55	—	10	39	12
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	2	2
11. pucca flat	—	9	75	3	12	3
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	10	64	75	14	55	17
13. unspecified	1	—	33	2	9	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	3733	737
15. estimated households (00)	3436	147	149	3733	x	x
16. sample households	678	27	32	737	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	6	23	3

TABLE (1.21R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

UTTAR PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 528				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	384	33	196	378	68983	1784
2. katcha chawl/bustee	82	50	81	82	14957	353
3. katcha flat	11	—	17	11	2025	47
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	478	83	294	471	85965	2184
5. semi-pucca independent house	292	66	210	289	52744	1561
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	36	90	102	37	6881	175
7. semi-pucca flat	5	19	—	5	1044	30
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	334	176	312	333	60670	1766
9. pucca independent house	168	551	157	172	31402	1192
10. pucca chawl/bustee	9	41	21	9	1735	60
11. pucca flat	8	146	121	11	2026	60
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	186	740	300	193	35164	1312
13. unspecified	—	—	91	1	355	11
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	182156	5273
15. estimated households (00)	178051	1788	2316	182156	x	x
16. sample households	5167	48	58	5273	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	36	1

TABLE (1.22R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

WEST BENGAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 250

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	569	43	222	541	45034	1278
2. katcha chawl/bustee	155	102	373	167	13911	363
3. katcha flat	22	—	26	22	1837	51
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	747	146	622	751	60784	1692
5. semi-pucca independent house	148	8	75	142	11829	403
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	8	46	10	8	732	18
7. semi-pucca flat	13	53	12	13	1160	343
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	170	107	98	165	13723	456
9. pucca independent house	69	74	126	72	6052	269
10. pucca chawl/bustee	1	—	—	1	135	6
11. pucca flat	7	671	125	24	2060	54
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	79	745	251	99	8248	320
13. unspecified	2	—	27	4	356	11
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	83113	2486
15. estimated households (00)	77127	1280	4704	83113	x	x
16. sample households	2338	28	120	2486	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	2	189	4

TABLE (1.23R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 40

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. hh. (00)	sample hh.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	553	175	307	404	152	186
2. katcha chawl/bustee	57	—	53	48	18	17
3. katcha flat	23	81	75	32	19	16
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	633	257	435	505	190	219
5. semi-pucca independent house	264	222	247	252	95	79
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	6	77	28	24	9	8
7. semi-pucca flat	—	102	38	28	10	8
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	270	403	314	304	114	95
9. pucca independent house	76	161	198	137	51	62
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	46	6	8	3	3
11. pucca flat	719	130	39	41	15	20
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	95	338	244	187	70	85
13. unspecified	—	—	5	2	—	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	376	400
15. estimated households (00)	172	45	158	376	x	x
16. sample households	201	41	158	400	x	x

TABLE (1.24R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

ARUNACHAL PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 60

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	329	—	1	199	307	169
2. katcha chawl/bustee	500	—	52	322	497	221
3. katcha flat	—	—	24	9	15	3
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	829	—	78	531	820	393
5. semi-pucca independent house	81	—	438	223	344	47
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	2	—	214	86	133	4
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	19	7	11	2
8. all semi-pucca structure (5-7)	83	—	672	317	490	53
9. pucca independent house	72	—	—	43	67	2
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	—	110	44	68	2
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	72	—	110	87	135	4
13. unspecified	14	—	138	63	98	20
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	—	1000	1000	1544	470
15. estimated households (00)	931	—	613	1544	x	x
16. sample households	428	—	42	470	x	x

TABLE (1.25R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

CHANDIGARH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	48	—	—	18	1	1
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. katcha flat	96	—	—	37	3	2
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	145	—	—	55	4	3
5. semi-pucca independent house	338	242	500	298	24	13
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	96	—	—	37	3	2
7. semi-pucca flat	—	80	—	43	3	2
8. all semi-pucca structure (5-7)	435	322	500	379	31	17
9. pucca independent house	399	207	500	303	25	10
10. pucca chawl/bustee	20	55	—	37	3	2
11. pucca flat	—	414	—	223	18	7
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	419	677	500	564	46	19
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	82	39
15. estimated households (00)	31	44	6	82	x	x
16. sample households	20	17	2	39	x	x

TABLE (1.26R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSE HOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	675	—	12	605	120	94
2. katcha chawl/bustee	54	—	133	61	12	10
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	729	—	146	664	132	104
5. semi-pucca indep. house	200	—	—	178	35	27
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	12	—	—	11	2	2
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca structure (5-7)	212	—	—	189	37	29
9. pucca indep. house	37	500	836	119	23	23
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	500	17	8	1	2
11. pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	37	1000	853	127	25	25
13. unspecified	20	—	—	18	3	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	199	160
15. estimated hhs. (00)	178	2	18	199	x	x
16. sample hhs	143	2	15	160	x	x

TABLE (1.27R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS.

DELHI NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	—	—	—	—	—	—
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	—	—	—	—	—	—
5. semi-pucca indep. house	121	—	—	111	116	4
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	37	—	—	33	35	1
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca structure (5-7)	159	—	—	145	151	5
9. pucca indep. house	778	709	—	772	608	32
10. pucca chawl/bustee	37	290	—	59	62	2
11. pucca flat	24	—	—	22	23	1
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	840	1000	—	855	894	35
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	—	1000	1046	40
15. estimated hhs. (00)	953	93	—	1046	x	x
16. sample hhs	37	3	—	40	x	x

TABLE (1.28R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	49	—	—	43	68	11
2. katcha chawl/bustee	49	—	—	43	69	11
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	98	—	—	87	137	22
5. semi-pucca indep. house	337	141	297	323	511	47
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	10	—	—	9	15	8
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	348	141	297	333	526	55
9. pucca indep. house	541	132	375	508	803	77
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	672	327	57	91	4
11. pucca flat	11	53	—	13	20	2
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	553	858	702	579	915	83
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1579	160
15. estimated hhs. (00)	1397	91	91	1579	x	x
16. sample hhs.	149	6	5	160	x	x

TABLE (1.29R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

LAKSHADWEEP

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 8

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	86	—	—	63	2	4
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. katcha flat	—	—	365	29	1	2
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	86	—	365	93	3	6
5. semi-pucca indep. house	377	443	154	370	15	26
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	377	443	154	370	15	26
9. pucca indep. house	536	556	296	521	21	47
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	—	182	14	—	1
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	536	556	479	535	21	48
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	40	80
15. estimated hhs. (00)	30	7	3	40	x	x
16. sample hhs.	60	13	7	80	x	x

TABLE (1.30R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

MIZORAM		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 54				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	434	404	396	432	251	210
2. katcha chawl/bustee	97	—	—	92	53	65
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	531	404	396	525	305	275
5. semi-pucca indep. house	447	595	441	449	261	247
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	18	—	—	17	10	10
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	466	595	441	466	271	257
9. pucca indep. house	—	—	—	—	—	—
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	—	—	—	—	—	—
13. unspecified	2	0	162	7	4	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	581	535
15. estimated hhs. (00)	554	7	19	581	x	x
16. sample hhs.	510	7	18	535	x	x

TABLE (1.31R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

PONDICHERRY		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 14				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	105	200	140	116	72	15
2. katcha chawl/bustee	422	395	338	411	255	47
3. katcha flat	—	83	—	6	4	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	527	679	478	534	331	63
5. semi-pucca indep. house	225	—	75	190	118	28
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	12	—	—	9	6	1
7. semi-pucca flat	16	127	100	34	21	4
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	254	127	175	235	146	33
9. pucca indep. house	185	83	270	186	115	35
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	32	109	—	35	21	8
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	218	192	270	221	137	43
13. unspecified	—	—	75	7	4	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	620	140
15. estimated hhs. (00)	503	51	65	620	x	x
16. sample hhs.	117	11	12	140	x	x

TABLE (1.32R) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN RURAL AREAS

ALL INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4184				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	362	128	209	349	377383	13914
2. katcha chawl/bustee	120	72	193	122	132106	4297
3. katcha flat	11	38	27	13	14345	447
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	494	239	431	484	523835	18658
5. semi-pucca independent house	269	258	181	265	286924	11384
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	40	82	73	42	46347	1530
7. semi-pucca flat	9	26	14	10	10857	489
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	318	368	269	318	344129	13403
9. pucca independent house	163	221	129	163	176698	8130
10. pucca chawl/bustee	11	50	24	12	13962	571
11. pucca flat	10	119	98	17	18911	667
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	184	391	252	193	209572	9368
13. unspecified	1	1	47	3	3421	153
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1080960	41582
15. estimated households (00)	1004075	32332	44551	1080960	x	x
16. sample households	38922	1100	1560	41582	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	x	466	15

TABLE (1.01U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

ANDHRA PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 172				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	185	55	141	130	4071	179
2. katcha chawl/bustee	74	70	106	76	2377	132
3. katcha flat	12	12	8	12	382	20
4. all katcha structures (1—3)	272	138	256	219	6832	331
5. semi-pucca indep. house	164	157	85	153	4767	260
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	46	64	20	50	1568	84
7. semi-pucca flat	41	53	17	43	1363	72
8. all semi-pucca struct (5—7)	253	276	124	247	7699	416
9. pucca indep. house	352	348	183	331	10328	628
10. pucca chawl/bustee	14	42	170	42	1331	50
11. pucca flat	107	192	260	157	4891	282
12. all pucca structures (9—11)	474	583	614	531	16551	960
13. unspecified	—	1	5	1	33	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	31116	1710
15. estimated hhs. (00)	15702	11888	3524	31116	x	x
16. sample hhs.	859	693	158	1710	x	x

TABLE (1.02U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

ASSAM

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 60

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	423	257	89	284	961	175
2. katcha chawl/bustee	66	82	168	98	334	39
3. katcha flat	—	8	—	2	8	2
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	490	348	258	385	1305	216
5. semi-pucca indep. house	265	179	125	202	683	142
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	9	72	64	43	145	17
7. semi-pucca flat	—	1	—	—	1	1
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	274	252	190	245	830	160
9. pucca indep. house	226	159	375	246	834	180
10. pucca chawl/bustee	3	4	71	21	74	7
11. pucca flat	4	235	94	97	329	29
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	234	399	541	366	1238	216
13. unspecified	—	—	9	2	8	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	3383	595
15. estimated hhs. (00)	1467	1003	912	3383	x	x
16. sample hhs.	301	158	136	595	x	x

TABLE (1.03U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

BIHAR

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 106

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	215	73	90	161	2671	132
2. katcha chawl/bustee	95	38	347	111	1650	116
3. katcha flat	4	17	—	7	121	7
4. all katcha structures (1—3)	315	129	438	280	4643	255
5. semi-pucca indep. house	213	63	18	148	2460	154
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	29	102	52	51	858	45
7. semi-pucca flat	21	36	18	25	415	28
8. all semi-pucca struc's. (5—7)	263	202	89	225	3735	227
9. pucca indep. house	350	344	210	331	5486	370
10. pucca chawl/bustee	2	42	123	28	473	34
11. pucca flat	66	281	85	127	2109	148
12. all pucca structures (9—11)	420	668	419	487	8069	5525
13. unspecified	—	—	52	6	115	10
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	16563	1044
15. estimated hhs. (00)	10016	4483	2063	16563	x	x
16. sample hhs.	613	297	134	1044	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	2	37	4

TABLE (1.04U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

GUJARAT

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 115

house category (1)	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00) (6)	sample h.h. (7)
	owned (2)	rented (3)	others (4)	all (5)		
1. katcha independent house	38	17	217	46	842	40
2. katcha chawl/bustee	27	39	214	48	875	54
3. katcha flat	—	—	19	1	30	2
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	65	57	451	96	1749	96
5. semi-pucca indep. house	93	75	56	83	1516	103
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	109	254	105	162	2953	149
7. semi-pucca flat	1	6	2	3	57	3
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	203	335	164	248	4526	255
9. pucca indep. house	502	277	140	388	7066	469
10. pucca chawl/bustee	86	187	145	128	2347	168
11. pucca flat	135	141	21	127	2324	125
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	724	606	306	645	11738	762
13. unspecified	5	—	77	10	182	8
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	18197	1121
15. estimated hhs. (00)	9949	6661	1586	18197	x	x
16. sample hhs.	649	304	98	1121	x	x

TABLE (1.05U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

HARYANA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 32

house category (1)	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00) (6)	sample h.h. (7)
	owned (2)	rented (3)	others (4)	all (5)		
1. katcha independent house	36	75	176	62	442	14
2. katcha chawl/bustee	13	114	322	76	537	12
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	50	188	499	138	980	26
5. semi-pucca indep. house	149	63	78	120	851	38
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	6	—	101	17	120	4
7. semi-pucca flat	—	60	—	14	100	2
8. all semi-pucca struc. (6—7)	156	123	180	151	1072	44
9. pucca indep. house	727	488	224	608	4300	215
10. pucca chawl/bustee	24	31	15	24	175	11
11. pucca flat	41	167	22	68	486	20
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	793	687	262	702	4962	246
13. unspecified	—	—	57	7	51	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	7066	317
15. estimated hhs. (00)	4524	1656	885	7066	x	x
16. sample hhs.	231	60	26	317	x	x

TABLE (1.06U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

HIMACHAL PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 24				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	86	—	—	32	24	13
2. katcha chawl/bustee	9	—	213	23	18	5
3. katcha flat	—	70	—	37	29	7
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	95	70	213	93	72	25
5. semi-pucca indep. house	267	79	—	142	110	36
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	9	—	—	3	2	1
7. semi-pucca flat	17	61	—	39	30	8
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	294	140	—	184	143	45
9. pucca indep. house	529	501	233	486	376	102
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	26	26	16	12	6
11. pucca flat	79	261	405	207	160	55
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	609	788	664	710	549	163
13. unspecified	—	—	121	11	8	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	774	235
15. estimated hhs. (00)	288	412	73	774	x	x
16. sample hhs.	98	115	22	235	x	x

TABLE (1.07U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

JAMMU & KASHMIR		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 75				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	72	56	24	66	145	64
2. katcha chawl/bustee	1	—	—	—	1	2
3. katcha flat	42	15	—	35	77	26
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	116	72	24	103	224	92
5. semi-pucca indep. house	168	109	45	150	328	124
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	3	—	—	2	5	2
7. semi-pucca flat	94	125	107	99	217	83
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	266	235	152	252	552	209
9. pucca indep. house	427	292	297	399	872	266
10. pucca chawl/bustee	7	7	36	10	22	7
11. pucca flat	182	391	451	231	505	167
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	617	692	785	641	1399	440
13. unspecified	—	—	36	3	6	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	2183	743
15. estimated hhs. (00)	1727	270	185	2183	x	x
16. sample hhs.	596	100	47	743	x	x

TABLE (1.08U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY IFC/D F C USE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 116

KARNATAKA

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	145	40	58	94	2006	87
2. katcha chawl/bustee	52	34	76	48	1029	57
3. katcha flat	—	1	—	—	14	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	198	76	135	143	3049	145
5. semi-pucca indep. house	385	301	79	316	6728	335
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	53	153	50	92	1958	117
7. semi-pucca flat	4	13	—	7	151	8
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	443	468	129	415	8837	460
9. pucca indep. house	336	396	548	385	8206	462
10. pucca chawl/bustee	12	33	65	27	576	37
11. pucca flat	8	22	104	25	543	37
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	358	452	717	438	9326	536
13. unspecified	—	2	17	2	62	5
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	21275	1146
15. estimated hhs. (00)	10422	8294	2559	21275	x	x
16. sample hhs.	570	469	107	1146	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	13	2

TABLE (1.09U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 72

KERALA

house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	118	51	72	105	866	67
2. katcha chawl/bustee	22	0	59	21	176	10
3. katcha flat	5	15	0	6	53	4
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	145	67	132	134	1096	81
5. semi-pucca indep. house	248	105	155	221	1816	138
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	0	33	45	7	64	4
7. semi-pucca flat	8	22	3	10	82	7
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	256	151	204	239	1963	149
9. pucca indep. house	570	493	366	545	4465	433
10. pucca chawl/bustee	1	58	65	13	110	7
11. pucca flat	25	218	214	64	531	40
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	596	770	647	624	5107	480
13. unspecified	0	0	16	1	15	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	8183	712
15. estimated hhs. (00)	5487	1127	568	8183	x	x
16. sample hhs.	578	89	45	712	x	x

TABLE (1.10U) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

MADHYA PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 147				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
1. katcha independent house	151	95	76	121	2718	161
2. katcha chawl/bustee	69	38	35	54	1215	87
3. katcha flat	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	220	134	112	175	3934	248
5. semi-pucca indep. house	275	111	192	206	4630	283
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	59	114	93	83	1880	131
7. semi-pucca flat	5	9	22	9	208	15
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	341	235	308	299	6719	429
9. pucca indep. house	369	356	363	364	8168	482
10. pucca chawl/bustee	41	133	45	74	1669	119
11. pucca flat	24	139	89	74	1660	124
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	436	628	498	512	11498	725
13. unspecified	1	1	81	12	279	19
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	22431	1421
15. estimated hhs. (00)	11450	7805	3106	22431	x	x
16. sample hhs.	742	519	160	1421	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	0	6	1

TABLE (1.11U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAD AREAS.

MAHARASHTRA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 276				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	57	26	17	41	1620	93
2. katcha chawl/bustee	148	58	161	112	4976	207
3. katcha flat	2	2	0	2	92	8
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	208	87	178	155	6888	308
5. semi-pucca indep. house	178	88	60	130	5766	313
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	135	157	129	144	6398	416
7. semi-pucca flat	1	41	23	20	902	40
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	316	287	213	294	13067	769
9. pucca indep. house	185	123	115	153	6797	401
10. pucca chawl/bustee	121	213	184	165	7336	457
11. pucca flat	165	287	286	227	10099	789
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	472	625	586	546	24233	1647
13. unspecified	2	—	20	3	139	5
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	44329	2729
15. estimated hhs. (00)	21747	18393	4188	44329	x	x
16. sample hhs.	1321	1136	272	2729	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	3	149	12

TABLE (1.12U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

MANIPUR		No. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS :36					
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	Sample h.h.	
	owned	rented	others	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1. Katcha independent house	465	105	258	448	300	164	
2. Katcha chawl/bustee	33	124	—	37	25	17	
3. Katcha flat	5	—	—	5	3	1	
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	505	230	258	491	329	182	
5. semi-pucca indep. house	409	295	516	405	271	142	
6. Semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—	
7. semi-pucca flat	7	—	—	7	4	3	
8. all semi-pucca struc. (5-7)	417	295	516	412	276	146	
9. pucca indep. house	67	197	—	72	48	25	
10. pucca chawl/bustee	1	—	—	—	—	1	
11. pucca flat	5	276	—	17	11	5	
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	74	474	—	90	60	31	
13. unspecified	3	—	225	4	3	2	
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	669	360	
15. estimated hhs (00)	635	28	5	669	x	x	
16. sample hhs	347	10	3	360	x	x	

TABLE (1.13U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

MEGHALAYA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 24					
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.	
	owned	rented	others	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1. Katcha independent house	158	68	41	97	43	27	
2. Katcha chawl/bustee	117	104	20	93	41	22	
3. Katcha flat	35	17	0	21	9	3	
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	311	190	62	212	94	52	
5. semi-pucca indep. house	307	264	160	261	115	67	
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	11	58	—	29	13	11	
7. semi-pucca flat	16	112	23	59	26	13	
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	335	435	183	349	154	91	
9. pucca indep. house	316	269	246	283	125	62	
10. pucca chawl/bustee	5	24	22	17	7	7	
11. pucca flat	31	75	484	136	60	19	
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	353	370	754	436	193	88	
13. unspecified	—	3	—	1	—	1	
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	442	232	
15. estimated hhs. (00)	168	190	83	442	x	x	
16. sample hhs	93	104	35	232	x	x	
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	12	5	2	

TABLE (1.14U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

NAGALAND		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 15				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. Katcha independent house	141	120	73	121	34	20
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	344	—	206	59	15
3. katcha flat	—	7	—	4	1	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	141	472	73	332	95	36
5. semi-pucca indep. house	514	287	167	337	96	56
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	73	32	47	13	10
7. semi-pucca flat	15	28	—	21	6	5
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	530	389	199	406	116	71
9. pucca indep. house	328	116	683	243	69	39
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	14	43	13	3	2
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	328	131	726	256	73	41
13. unspecified	—	7	—	4	1	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	287	149
15. estimated hhs (00)	81	172	33	287	x	x
16. sample hhs	47	83	19	149	x	x

TABLE 1.15U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

ORISSA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 60				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	283	34	126	176	1440	89
2. katcha chawl/bustee	240	153	152	195	1591	108
3. katcha flat	25	8	13	17	144	11
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	548	196	292	389	3175	208
5. semi-pucca independent house	133	134	63	116	952	72
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	19	46	180	65	534	44
7. semi-pucca flat	20	79	27	38	312	32
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	172	259	271	220	1799	148
9. pucca independent house	230	395	243	279	2277	159
10. pucca chawl/bustee	8	68	39	32	266	18
11. pucca flat	39	79	152	77	633	58
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	278	544	435	389	3177	235
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	8151	591
15. estimated hhs (00)	3937	2263	1950	8151	x	x
16. sample hhs.	282	179	130	591	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	4	36	3

TABLE (1.16U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

PUNJAB		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS :96				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	12	1	44	11	121	10
2. katcha chawl/bustee	2	4	249	21	225	24
3. katcha flat	6	—	—	3	41	4
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	22	5	293	36	388	38
5. semi-pucca independent house	155	248	171	187	2006	122
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	6	75	80	34	367	23
7. semi-pucca flat	5	31	31	16	173	18
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	167	356	283	238	2548	163
9. pucca independent house	738	449	219	605	6475	627
10. pucca chawl/bustee	24	60	39	37	398	24
11. pucca flat	47	123	149	79	852	92
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	810	632	408	722	772	743
13. unspecified	—	5	14	2	29	3
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	10693	947
15. estimated hhs. (00)	6396	3523	773	10693	x	x
16. sample hhs.	590	269	88	947	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	2	27	2

TABLE (1.17U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

RAJASTHAN		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 88				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	115	19	48	84	1247	68
2. katcha chawl/bustee	20	8	225	25	383	27
3. katcha flat	11	—	16	8	124	6
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	147	27	289	118	1754	101
5. semi-pucca independent house	109	55	192	97	1437	73
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	20	—	40	15	223	11
7. semi-pucca flat	—	22	—	6	99	4
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	129	78	232	119	1760	88
9. pucca independent house	581	594	331	573	8480	527
10. pucca chawl/bustee	14	52	19	25	382	22
11. pucca flat	125	247	81	159	2359	129
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	721	894	432	759	11221	678
13. unspecified	1	—	45	2	40	3
14. all categories (7+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	14777	870
15. estimated hhs (00)	9755	4357	664	14777	x	x
16. sample hhs.	567	251	52	870	x	x

TABLE (1.18U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

SIKKIM		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS— 12				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. hh. (00)	Sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	79	—	—	16	1	2
2. katcha chawl/bustee	59	44	137	71	7	9
3. katcha flat	—	10	—	5	—	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	139	55	137	93	10	12
5. semi pucca indep. house	355	50	238	161	17	16
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	28	—	15	1	3
7. semi-pucca flat	—	190	—	101	10	12
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	355	268	238	278	130	31
9. pucca inde. house	76	15	—	23	2	5
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	429	654	600	594	64	69
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	505	669	600	617	66	74
13. unspecified	—	6	23	9	1	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	108	119
15. estimated hhs (00)	21	57	28	108	x	x
16. sample hhs	27	68	24	119	x	x

TABLE (1.19U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

TAMILNADU		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 211				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	153	89	112	119	4849	224
2. katcha chawl/bustee	58	63	134	69	2825	140
3. katcha flat	17	14	10	15	622	30
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	229	168	257	204	8297	394
5. semi pucca indep. house	211	169	99	179	7272	375
6. semi pucca chawl/bustee	16	27	28	23	943	53
7. semi pucca flat	21	71	20	44	1305	95
8. all semi pucca struct. (5—7)	249	269	147	247	10012	523
9. pucca inde. house	409	335	278	360	14619	788
10. pucca chawl/bustee	13	9	2	10	408	21
11. pucca flat	95	216	291	174	7048	360
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	518	561	573	544	22077	1169
13. unspecified	1	—	20	3	124	6
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	40511	2092
15. estimated hhs (00)	17275	18588	4647	40511	x	x
16. sample hhs	924	963	215	2092	x	x

TABLE (1.20U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

TRIPURA		No. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16				
house category	type of occupancy				esid. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	710	685	343	665	386	94
2. katcha chawl/bustee	15	7	146	26	15	5
3. katcha flat	19	47	—	25	14	3
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	745	740	489	717	417	1
5. semi-pucca indep. house	113	131	305	138	80	30
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	39	—	10	6	2
7. semi-pucca flat	—	22	—	6	3	1
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	113	193	305	155	90	33
9. pucca indep. house	104	43	61	82	48	16
10. pucca chawl/bustee	9	—	—	5	3	1
11. pucca flat	26	22	81	31	18	5
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	140	65	143	120	69	22
13. unspecified	—	—	61	6	3	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	581	158
15. estimated hhs. (00)	360	160	60	581	x	x
16. sample hhs.	95	45	18	158	x	x

TABLE (1.21 U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BOARD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS

UTTAR PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS :227				
house category	type of occupancy				esid. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	157	81	49	124	5552	202
2. katcha chawl/bustee	59	58	108	63	2835	116
3. katcha flat	14	12	8	13	587	22
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	231	152	166	201	8976	340
5. semi-pucca indep. house	145	83	114	123	5523	299
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	34	82	17	47	2130	102
7. semi-pucca flat	11	16	4	12	556	26
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	191	182	136	183	8209	427
9. pucca indep. house	437	334	316	394	17610	960
10. pucca chawl/bustee	60	55	80	60	2718	141
11. pucca flat	77	272	278	155	6943	366
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	575	662	675	611	27272	1467
13. unspecified	1	2	22	3	163	10
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	44621	2244
15. estimated hhs (00)	26841	13686	4093	44621	x	x
16. sample hhs	1459	619	166	2244	x	x
17. having no dwelling units	x	x	x	—	5	1

TABLE (1.22U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

WEST BENGAL		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 174				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	136	7	46	71	2302	95
2. katcha chawl/bustee	88	56	169	686	2769	117
3. katcha flat	18	16	7	16	513	25
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	243	80	223	174	5585	237
5. semi-pucca indep. house	179	16	61	97	3108	143
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	37	219	95	119	3839	179
7. semi-pucca flat	23	42	—	27	894	37
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5-7)	241	278	157	244	7841	359
9. pucca indep. house	412	61	119	229	7342	430
10. pucca chawl/bustee	11	128	135	76	2435	167
11. pucca flat	91	452	334	271	8695	519
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	514	641	588	576	18473	1116
13. unspecified	—	—	30	4	135	7
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	32036	1719
15. estimated hhs (00)	14598	13033	4404	32036	x	x
16. sample hhs.	728	757	234	1719	35	x
17. having no dwelling units	—	—	—	1	—	2

TABLE (1.23U) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(5)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	204	41	10	82	12	14
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	7	—	3	—	1
3. katcha flat	—	6	—	3	—	1
4. all katcha structure (1-3)	204	55	10	90	13	16
5. semi-pucca indep. house	302	240	115	236	36	37
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	39	—	21	3	4
7. semi-pucca flat	123	171	30	133	20	25
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5-7)	425	451	145	391	60	66
9. pucca indep. house	272	311	573	345	53	45
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	96	181	270	172	26	33
12. all pucca structure (9-11)	369	493	843	517	79	78
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	154	160
15. estimated hhs (00)	43	83	26	154	x	x
16. sample hhs.	41	91	28	160	x	x

TABLE (1.24U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

ARUNACHAL PRADESH		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 10				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	471	258	117	204	18	17
2. katcha chawl/bustee	336	261	202	236	20	17
3. katcha flat	—	72	—	17	1	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	808	591	320	458	40	35
5. semi-pucca indep. house	61	155	136	129	11	11
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	116	71	39	58	5	5
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	40	24	2	2
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	177	226	215	212	18	18
9. pucca indep. house	14	—	250	154	13	23
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	108	19	38	3	3
11. pucca flat	—	—	173	105	9	14
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	14	108	443	298	26	40
13. unspecified	—	72	20	30	2	2
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	87	95
15. estimated hhs.	13	21	53	87	X	X
16. sample hhs.	17	17	61	95	X	X
17. having no dwelling units	X	X	X	45	4	5

TABLE (1.25U) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

CHANDIGARH		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 8				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	—	—	262	8	9	1
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. katcha structure (1—3)	—	—	262	8	9	1
5. semi-pucca indep. house	27	25	—	24	27	7
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
7. semi-pucca flat	—	8	—	7	7	2
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	27	33	—	31	34	9
9. pucca indep. house	641	361	—	386	421	27
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	331	604	737	573	626	41
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	972	966	737	959	1047	68
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1092	78
15. estimated hhs (00)	141	915	35	1092	X	X
16. sample hhs.	11	65	2	78	X	X

TABLE (1.27U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSE HOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 58

DELHI

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	10	—	23	7	100	4
2. katcha chawl/bustee	11	—	194	31	395	25
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	21	—	217	39	495	29
5. semi-pucca indep. house	26	6	32	19	244	12
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	2	5	56	10	133	11
7. semi-pucca flat	11	30	—	17	219	9
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	39	41	88	47	596	32
9. pucca indep. house	575	317	270	434	5519	205
10. pucca chawl/bustee	21	81	165	63	809	29
11. pucca flat	335	556	238	408	5187	264
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	932	955	673	907	11516	498
13. unspecified	6	2	20	6	86	7
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	12694	566
15. estimated hhs. (00)	6088	4935	1671	12694	X	X
16. sample hhs.	255	225	86	566	X	X
17. having no dwelling units	X	X	X	1	16	2

TABLE (1.28U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSE HOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 12

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	41	22	—	28	23	4
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	—	642	127	103	8
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	41	22	642	155	126	12
5. semi pucca indep. house	131	110	78	115	94	18
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	57	128	—	64	52	8
7. semi-pucca flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. all semi-pucca struct. (5—7)	188	239	78	180	147	26
9. pucca indep. house	633	238	88	421	343	51
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	52	—	14	11	3
11. pucca flat	135	446	190	228	186	26
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	769	738	279	664	541	80
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	815	118
15. estimate hhs (00)	438	215	161	815	X	X
16. sample hhs.	64	37	17	118	X	X

TABLE (1.29U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

LAKSHADWEEP		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 6				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	24	—	—	15	—	1
2. katcha chawl/bustee	—	316	—	15	—	1
3. katcha flat	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	24	316	—	31	—	2
5. semi-pucca independent house	105	341	—	84	2	5
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	70	21	—	1
7. semi-pucca flat	24	—	—	15	—	1
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	130	341	70	122	3	7
9. pucca independent house	845	341	859	824	24	49
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	—	—	70	21	—	1
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	845	341	929	846	24	50
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	29	59
15. estimated hhs. (00)	18	1	9	29	X	X
16. sample hhs.	41	3	15	59	X	X

TABLE (1.30U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

MIZORAM		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 24				
house category	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00)	sample h.h.
	owned	rented	others	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. katcha independent house	155	107	—	148	61	32
2. katcha chawl/bustee	1	48	—	5	2	2
3. katcha flat	7	—	—	6	2	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	164	156	—	161	66	35
5. semi-pucca independent house	784	555	827	765	315	164
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	7	—	—	6	2	2
7. semi-pucca flat	15	251	—	36	14	12
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	807	806	827	808	333	178
9. pucca independent house	18	26	—	19	7	17
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	1
11. pucca flat	3	10	172	6	2	5
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	23	37	172	26	10	23
13. unspecified	4	—	—	4	1	1
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	412	237
15. estimated hhs. (00)	370	35	6	412	X	X
16. sample hhs.	197	33	7	237	X	X

TABLE (1.31U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 10

PONDICHERRY

house category (1)	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00) (6)	sample h.h. (7)
	owned (2)	rented (3)	others (4)	all (5)		
1. katcha independent house	29	—	26	21	16	3
2. katcha chawl/bustee	327	246	562	373	281	33
3. katcha flat	14	—	—	7	5	1
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	371	246	569	402	303	37
5. semi-pucca independent house	92	214	52	109	82	8
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	37	—	—	18	14	1
7. semi-pucca flat	—	31	52	21	16	3
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	130	245	105	150	113	12
9. pucca independent house	483	367	210	381	287	42
10. pucca chawl/bustee	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. pucca flat	14	140	95	65	49	9
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	498	507	305	447	337	51
13. unspecified	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	753	100
15. estimated hhs. (00)	372	173	207	753	×	×
16. sample hhs.	46	19	35	100	×	×

TABLE (1.32U) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 2298

ALL-INDIA

house category (1)	type of occupancy				estd. h.h. (00) (6)	sample h.h. (7)
	owned (2)	rented (3)	others (4)	all (5)		
1. katcha independent house	130	51	80	96	33092	2096
2. katcha chawl/bustee	69	51	153	72	24979	1408
3. katcha flat	8	8	5	8	2884	188
4. all katcha structure (1—3)	208	111	239	176	60955	3692
5. semi-pucca independent house	184	115	90	149	51357	3583
6. semi-pucca chawl/bustee	46	105	68	70	24233	1440
7. semi-pucca flat	13	37	12	22	7706	567
8. all semi-pucca structure (5—7)	245	258	172	241	83296	5590
9. pucca independent house	410	293	251	350	120676	8105
10. pucca chawl/bustee	38	87	94	62	21575	1341
11. pucca flat	95	248	212	163	56424	3833
12. all pucca structure (9—11)	544	629	558	576	198676	13279
13. unspecified	1	0	29	4	1496	106
14. all categories (4+8+12+13)	1000	1000	1000	1000	344425	22667
15. estimated hhs. (00)	181342	124511	38571	344425	×	×
16. sample hhs.	12389	7838	2440	22667	×	×
17. having no dwelling units	×	×	×	×	337	36

TABLE (2.01R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

ANDHRA PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 299

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-sociated	all (5+9+13+14)		cstd. hhs. (00)	sam-ple hhs.
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	290	288	45	623	134	54	16	205	65	17	84	165	7	1000	4333	120	—
65-80	328	240	38	605	206	52	12	270	110	—	9	119	5	1000	6352	172	—
80-95	308	187	68	563	230	38	10	279	126	7	25	158	—	1000	8578	225	—
95-110	305	222	59	585	182	26	24	233	122	9	51	182	—	1000	12439	330	—
110-125	299	134	78	512	242	26	35	303	135	7	43	185	—	1000	11394	397	—
125-140	250	149	26	425	273	18	22	313	218	1	43	262	—	1000	8236	232	—
140-160	348	110	90	548	205	15	53	273	144	3	32	179	—	1000	11781	231	—
160-180	226	97	65	387	187	48	86	322	199	5	87	291	—	1000	7190	212	—
180-215	274	131	61	466	223	16	30	269	171	17	77	265	1	1000	10713	319	—
215-280	202	89	56	348	212	22	29	263	230	11	147	389	—	1000	10364	336	—
280-385	146	90	69	305	235	9	67	311	227	22	135	384	—	1000	6280	232	—
385 & above	115	41	39	195	244	10	28	283	387	33	103	522	—	1000	4228	191	—
all classes	269	147	61	477	216	26	35	277	170	10	66	246	1	1000	10187	2987	—
es. hhs. (0.1)	27401	14948	6219	48568	21998	2675	3530	28203	17306	992	6750	25048	68	101887	x	x	x
sample hhs.	728	377	134	1239	682	70	99	851	684	34	175	893	4	2987	x	x	x

TABLE : (2.02R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 167

ASSAM

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	kateha			semi-pucca			pucca			un. speci- fied			all (5+9-13+14) (00)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.		
	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	494	98	—	591	409	—	—	409	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	228	12	—
65-80	631	118	—	749	134	—	—	134	117	—	—	117	—	—	1000	765	45	—
80-95	757	114	—	871	81	—	—	81	42	—	—	42	6	—	1000	2024	116	—
95-110	761	122	—	883	106	4	—	110	7	—	—	7	—	—	1000	3196	184	—
110-125	803	93	—	895	90	4	—	94	11	—	—	11	—	—	1000	3909	213	—
125-140	715	79	—	795	153	10	—	163	20	16	7	42	—	—	1000	3031	167	—
140-160	719	62	—	781	178	15	—	193	18	—	—	18	7	—	1000	4058	235	—
160-180	665	59	—	724	183	—	—	183	70	3	—	73	20	—	1000	2884	168	—
180-215	707	41	—	748	161	28	—	189	41	8	—	49	14	—	1000	3237	199	—
215-280	635	32	—	667	208	43	—	251	62	16	3	81	—	—	1000	2764	182	—
280-385	545	124	—	669	268	—	3	271	52	3	—	55	4	—	1000	1466	101	—
385 & above	343	162	—	506	235	—	—	235	219	41	—	259	—	—	1000	557	45	—
all classes	702	80	—	782	156	12	—	168	38	5	1	45	5	—	1000	2817	1667	—
est. hhs. (00)	19738	2248	—	21986	4387	328	5	4720	1075	154	30	1260	152	—	2817	—	—	—
sample hhs.	1064	128	—	1192	329	20	1	350	101	12	2	115	10	—	1667	—	—	—

TABLE (2.03R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

BIHAR

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 365

monthly per-capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca		un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample h.h.s.			
	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	Ind. house	chawl/ baiti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti						flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	465	352	—	817	87	10	—	97	73	—	—	73	14	1000	6120	169	—
65-80	507	260	—	767	132	25	3	160	56	—	13	69	4	1000	10381	296	—
80-95	463	285	9	756	152	19	5	177	53	—	9	62	5	1000	14209	451	—
95-110	519	218	9	746	160	13	4	177	63	4	3	71	7	1000	18194	563	—
110-125	486	206	9	701	175	28	6	208	82	2	6	91	—	1000	16190	519	3
125-140	554	173	3	730	169	17	—	186	77	1	6	84	—	1000	11820	385	—
140-160	428	170	—	598	208	21	2	231	156	9	6	172	—	1000	10380	365	—
160-180	406	194	9	609	187	26	19	232	136	4	10	149	10	1000	8545	288	—
180-215	392	144	1	538	220	21	7	247	187	7	12	207	8	1000	8995	342	—
215-280	343	126	—	469	241	33	20	294	198	13	24	234	3	1000	7264	281	—
280-385	312	170	10	491	251	33	35	319	127	40	7	174	16	1000	4131	158	—
385 & above	225	84	—	309	224	24	15	263	317	27	30	374	54	1000	2949	116	—
all classes	457	208	5	670	176	21	7	205	105	6	9	119	6	1000	119180	3933	—
est. hhs. (00)	54409	24836	599	79844	20989	2546	846	24381	12518	663	1041	14222	733	119180	x	x	50
sample hhs.	1680	711	20	2411	752	88	36	876	553	30	40	623	23	3933	x	x	1

TABLE (2.04R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

GUJARAT

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 140

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having sample hhs. no dwelling unit per 1000 hh.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	(16)	(17)		(18)			
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house							chawl/ basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	689	82	—	—	771	169	—	—	169	—	—	—	—	60	1000	419	12	—
65-80	537	278	—	—	815	149	—	—	149	36	—	36	—	—	1000	1063	29	—
80-95	376	199	—	—	575	360	31	—	391	34	—	34	—	—	1000	2660	79	—
95-110	400	104	—	—	505	342	38	5	414	73	8	81	—	—	1000	4568	136	—
110-125	257	143	—	—	399	334	107	4	444	117	39	—	156	—	1000	5769	169	—
125-140	280	126	—	—	406	335	117	—	452	87	48	7	142	—	1000	5133	154	—
140-160	208	158	—	—	366	307	149	—	456	133	33	5	171	7	1000	6375	181	—
160-180	266	79	—	—	345	358	66	—	425	199	27	—	226	4	1000	3783	114	—
180-215	234	123	—	—	357	352	61	7	420	188	27	2	217	6	1000	5675	183	—
215-280	116	110	—	—	226	370	76	—	446	288	33	7	328	—	1000	5445	177	—
280-385	69	80	—	—	148	289	17	—	306	463	71	6	540	—	1000	2396	91	13
385 & above	34	54	—	—	88	224	13	—	236	565	104	7	676	—	1000	1904	73	—
all classes	246	126	—	—	372	328	80	2	410	177	34	3	214	3	1000	45190	1398	1
est. hhs. (00)	11133	5699	—	—	16833	14831	3634	85	18549	8007	1524	146	9677	131	41590	x	x	31
sample hhs.	308	161	—	—	469	452	110	3	565	300	52	7	359	5	1398	x	x	1

TABLE (2.05R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

HARYANA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 60

monthly per capita expenditure (class (Rs.))	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified			all (5+9+13+14) (00)	est. hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
Less than 65	568	—	—	—	568	136	—	—	136	296	—	—	296	—	1000	203	6	—	
65—80	—	144	—	—	144	92	232	324	532	532	—	—	532	—	1000	167	6	—	
80—95	153	—	—	—	153	354	—	354	493	493	—	—	493	—	1000	689	20	—	
95—110	250	35	—	—	286	240	—	240	451	474	23	—	474	—	1000	1062	29	—	
110—125	255	—	—	—	255	250	—	250	383	112	—	—	495	—	1000	1139	35	—	
125—140	204	17	—	—	221	155	—	155	553	71	—	—	624	—	1000	1423	43	—	
140—160	105	36	—	—	141	265	21	285	560	—	—	—	560	13	1000	1818	56	—	
160—180	140	24	—	—	164	331	18	349	453	34	—	—	487	—	1000	2082	65	—	
180—215	134	10	—	—	144	283	9	292	540	—	—	—	550	15	1000	2810	91	—	
215—280	59	7	—	—	66	260	—	271	580	4	—	—	63	6	1000	3862	117	—	
280—385	30	13	—	—	144	251	—	251	569	—	—	—	36	606	—	1000	1919	67	—
385 & above	97	—	—	—	97	236	—	236	642	—	—	—	25	667	—	000	1444	65	—
all classes	138	15	—	—	153	260	5	4	270	533	20	20	573	5	1000	18419	600	—	
est. hhs. (00)	2535	278	—	—	2813	4786	99	82	4967	9815	373	363	10550	89	18419	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	78	10	—	—	88	146	3	3	152	335	13	9	357	3	600	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.06R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

HIMACHAL PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 94

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all est. hhs. (5+9+13+14) (00)	sample hhs.						
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl/ basti		flat	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	490	—	—	—	490	510	—	—	510	—	—	—	—	—	1000	25	2	—
65—80	180	114	—	—	293	495	—	—	495	212	—	—	212	—	1000	60	5	—
80—95	276	32	—	—	308	654	—	—	654	38	—	—	38	—	1000	209	21	—
95—110	183	88	—	—	271	648	—	—	648	45	35	—	80	—	1000	316	35	—
110—125	308	16	15	—	339	608	—	17	624	37	—	—	37	—	1000	503	52	—
125—140	353	59	—	—	412	461	—	—	472	105	—	—	105	11	1000	686	74	—
140—160	218	6	17	—	241	503	13	14	530	190	38	—	228	—	1000	966	107	—
160—180	235	16	—	—	251	627	30	—	657	71	10	—	92	—	1000	797	87	—
180—215	217	24	—	—	241	542	41	—	584	171	—	—	171	5	1000	1466	160	—
215—280	263	44	—	—	306	491	31	2	523	145	17	5	167	4	1000	1362	165	—
280—385	155	22	—	—	177	645	12	—	657	151	15	—	166	—	1000	1113	121	—
385 & above	162	26	3	3	192	433	19	32	484	307	18	—	324	—	1000	872	102	—
all classes	230	30	3	3	263	443	21	6	571	149	13	2	164	2	1000	8376	931	—
est. hhs. (00)	1924	250	26	26	2200	5551	177	52	4780	1250	110	16	1376	20	8376	x	x	—
sample hhs.	227	35	4	4	266	465	20	10	495	154	11	2	167	3	931	x	x	—

TABLE (2.07R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

JAMMU & KASHMIR

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 18C

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		est. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	285	—	—	—	285	449	—	266	715	—	—	—	—	—	1000	53	8	—
65—80	745	—	—	—	745	255	—	—	255	—	—	—	—	—	1000	130	19	—
80—95	743	14	13	13	770	155	—	40	196	7	—	34	—	—	1000	420	100	—
95—110	551	23	21	21	595	301	—	62	362	22	10	43	—	—	1000	598	100	—
110—125	482	14	29	29	525	319	—	105	424	38	—	46	—	—	1000	934	149	—
125—140	370	21	28	28	420	328	23	138	488	77	—	92	—	—	1000	933	149	—
140—160	324	32	51	407	340	340	7	73	420	151	—	22	173	—	1000	1103	201	—
160—180	277	7	39	323	382	—	—	102	484	89	20	79	188	5	1000	954	164	—
180—215	285	16	39	340	339	5	52	395	203	10	51	265	—	—	1000	1278	239	—
215—280	174	17	50	241	358	11	51	421	244	5	90	339	—	—	1000	1327	235	—
280—385	171	6	19	196	242	8	119	368	328	13	89	431	5	5	1000	873	161	—
385 & above	198	6	6	—	205	166	8	94	268	401	22	104	527	—	1000	688	102	—
all classes	329	16	32	376	310	7	83	400	164	8	51	222	2	2	1000	9290	1594	—
est. hhs. (00)	3053	146	296	3495	2878	62	775	3715	1521	72	472	2065	15	15	9290	x	x	—
sample hhs.	467	25	51	543	502	12	145	659	288	18	83	389	3	3	1594	x	x	—

TABLE (2.08R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 103

KARNATAKA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category										un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	kachcha			semi-pucca			pucca										
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti						flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	220	278	—	498	359	82	—	441	54	—	—	54	6	1000	3725	104	—
65—80	181	144	—	325	570	19	—	589	76	—	—	76	10	1000	3239	101	—
80—95	262	113	10	384	480	36	8	525	83	8	—	91	—	1000	5110	144	—
95—110	149	75	—	224	574	86	—	660	106	3	—	110	6	1000	5871	171	—
110—125	178	110	—	287	493	59	6	558	141	8	—	148	7	1000	5640	169	—
125—140	216	122	—	339	462	46	—	508	136	12	—	148	6	1000	5383	152	—
140—160	222	63	—	285	452	71	—	523	181	2	—	192	—	1000	5336	163	—
160—180	203	101	—	304	444	48	—	492	188	6	—	205	—	1000	4479	139	—
180—215	154	73	—	227	499	79	—	578	193	2	—	195	—	1000	4745	155	—
215—280	128	60	—	188	476	85	9	571	219	20	2	241	—	1000	4256	142	—
280—385	47	54	—	101	440	130	—	570	297	21	—	317	11	1000	3263	116	—
385 & above	107	17	—	124	257	184	—	441	430	6	—	436	—	1000	1723	69	—
all classes	180	102	1	283	473	70	2	545	159	7	2	168	4	1000	5270	1625	—
est. hhs. (00)	9491	5393	50	14934	24944	3717	114	28775	8385	380	100	8865	195	52770	X	X	—
sample hhs.	260	147	1	408	776	116	3	895	298	15	3	316	6	1625	X	X	—

TABLE (2.09R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

KERALA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 168

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														No. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		est. hhs. (C)	sample hhs.
	ind. house	chaw/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chaw/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chaw/ basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	732	—	—	732	229	—	—	229	39	—	—	39	—	1000	532	19	—
65—80	482	29	—	511	208	—	21	229	237	—	—	237	24	1000	1003	38	—
80—95	488	48	—	536	248	16	—	265	200	—	—	200	—	1000	1375	55	—
95—110	387	9	—	395	350	—	11	360	233	—	11	244	—	1000	2510	98	—
110—125	335	31	18	385	276	—	—	276	328	—	—	328	11	1000	2741	109	—
125—140	308	37	7	353	337	—	7	344	295	—	9	304	—	1000	3299	132	—
140—160	338	—	—	338	315	—	12	327	331	5	—	335	—	1000	4376	172	—
160—180	166	7	—	173	374	7	11	392	401	7	20	427	8	1000	4156	163	—
180—215	299	7	—	307	293	5	—	299	362	12	9	383	11	1000	5065	207	—
215—280	158	25	11	193	262	—	11	273	482	7	17	505	28	1000	5274	230	—
280—385	142	8	—	150	279	—	15	294	510	32	14	555	1	1000	4282	198	—
385 & above	92	—	1	93	172	12	8	192	677	1	37	715	—	1000	4303	258	—
all classes	256	14	4	274	287	3	8	298	400	7	13	420	8	1000	38916	1679	—
est. hhs. (00)	9970	555	138	10664	11154	132	316	11602	15574	285	492	16351	299	38916	x	x	—
sample hhs.	367	22	6	395	447	5	14	466	775	11	21	807	11	1679	x	x	—

TABLE (2.10R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

MADHYA PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 317

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	chawl/ basti						flat	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	308	102	—	—	410	496	70	—	566	20	—	—	20	4	1000	5472	190	—
65—80	240	62	—	—	302	558	107	—	665	29	—	—	29	4	1000	8005	283	—
80—95	240	103	—	—	343	538	89	—	627	24	3	3	29	1	1000	9041	317	—
95—110	265	122	—	—	387	457	102	—	559	48	—	—	48	6	1000	10809	382	—
110—125	310	102	—	—	413	403	110	3	515	67	—	5	72	—	1000	9522	324	3
125—140	214	92	—	—	306	521	86	—	608	70	10	3	83	4	1000	7760	283	—
140—160	267	113	—	—	379	430	108	—	538	68	12	—	80	3	1000	8802	319	—
160—180	223	110	—	—	333	424	126	—	549	101	18	—	118	—	1000	5866	223	—
180—215	219	98	—	—	316	446	116	—	562	96	26	—	122	—	1000	6713	266	4
215—280	189	137	—	—	326	358	123	1	483	159	17	11	187	4	1000	5899	261	—
280—385	293	80	—	—	374	323	92	—	415	190	16	5	211	—	1000	4176	171	—
385 & above	229	50	—	—	279	248	72	—	320	264	110	17	391	11	1000	2826	135	—
all classes	252	101	—	—	353	451	102	—	553	77	11	3	91	3	1000	84893	3154	1
est. hhs. (00)	21367	8576	—	—	29943	38299	8630	36	46965	6569	960	229	7758	228	84893	x	x	52
sample hhs.	732	273	—	—	1005	1445	324	2	1771	320	40	10	370	8	3154	x	x	2

TABLE (2.11R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

MAHARASHTRA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 285

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no. dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	est. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/ basti	flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	248	268	—	—	516	312	117	—	429	39	16	—	55	—	1000	3959	122	—
65-80	314	195	—	—	508	251	150	—	401	38	52	—	90	—	1000	5847	187	—
80-95	263	214	—	—	477	297	92	5	394	90	33	6	129	1	1000	8644	266	—
95-110	219	238	—	—	456	314	112	12	437	68	37	2	107	—	1000	9971	314	3
110-125	241	170	4	4	414	300	145	3	448	93	42	—	135	3	1000	9923	306	—
125-140	201	101	—	—	302	370	186	3	560	98	38	—	137	2	1000	8262	273	—
140-160	199	175	—	—	374	350	134	9	494	93	31	5	130	3	1000	9871	309	—
160-180	233	96	—	—	328	346	109	9	464	132	72	4	207	—	1000	6041	209	—
180-215	192	50	—	—	241	380	173	6	558	111	68	19	198	3	1000	7950	279	—
215-280	177	47	—	—	224	282	186	4	471	158	96	46	301	4	1000	7642	268	—
280-385	143	50	—	—	193	305	188	—	494	156	98	33	288	25	1000	5452	173	—
385 & above	34	17	—	—	51	360	188	7	555	259	56	80	395	—	1000	3666	142	—
all classes	212	141	—	—	353	323	146	5	474	105	52	13	170	3	1000	87227	2848	—
est. hhs. (00)	18467	12330	35	30832	28135	12719	457	41311	9180	4504	1126	14810	274	87227	x	x	x	27
sample hhs.	545	355	1	901	910	388	17	1315	426	177	22	625	7	2848	x	x	x	1

TABLE (2.12R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

MANIPUR

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 59

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													un-specified (14)	all estd. hhs. (15)	sample hhs. (16)	No. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs. (17)	(18)
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house										chawl/ basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65—80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80—95	96	—	—	96	904	—	—	904	—	—	—	—	—	1000	15	4	—	
95—110	485	112	—	597	403	—	—	403	—	—	—	—	—	1000	49	23	—	
110—125	683	104	—	787	196	17	—	213	—	—	—	—	—	1000	96	39	—	
125—140	634	113	—	747	232	—	—	232	—	—	—	—	21	1000	117	47	—	
140—160	689	78	—	767	211	16	—	227	—	—	—	—	6	1000	235	81	—	
160—180	556	181	—	738	248	—	—	248	6	—	—	6	8	1000	238	84	—	
180—215	558	80	—	637	315	—	—	315	18	—	—	18	30	1000	351	128	—	
215—280	576	66	37	679	259	9	—	268	51	—	—	51	1	1000	328	116	—	
280—385	458	105	—	562	394	—	—	394	34	10	—	43	—	1000	147	57	—	
385 & above	248	—	—	248	489	—	—	489	243	—	—	243	20	1000	17	10	—	
all classes	575	97	8	680	282	5	—	288	21	1	—	22	11	1000	1593	589	—	
est. hhs. (00)	916	155	12	1083	450	8	—	458	34	1	—	35	17	1593	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	329	64	2	395	170	3	—	173	13	1	—	14	7	589	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.13R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

MEGHALAYA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 64

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/basti	flat	all
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	296	167	—	463	38	499	—	537	—	—	—	—	—	1000	75	18	—
65—80	894	84	—	979	21	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1000	79	23	—
80—95	877	45	30	951	40	9	—	49	—	—	—	—	—	1000	195	52	—
95—110	726	28	—	754	197	28	21	246	—	—	—	—	—	1000	207	54	—
110—125	713	—	—	713	278	9	—	287	—	—	—	—	—	1000	177	51	—
125—140	531	—	—	531	399	—	—	399	70	—	—	70	—	1000	189	52	—
140—160	627	45	—	672	310	—	—	310	17	—	—	17	—	1000	188	53	—
160—180	456	90	—	546	396	—	—	396	58	—	—	58	—	1000	226	61	—
180—215	535	91	—	626	265	26	—	291	71	—	—	71	12	1000	328	104	—
215—280	435	63	—	499	433	—	—	433	68	—	—	68	—	1000	384	95	—
280—385	240	—	—	240	615	—	—	615	145	—	—	145	—	1000	153	37	—
385 & above	258	161	—	419	348	—	33	380	200	—	—	200	—	1000	105	26	—
all classes	550	58	3	610	307	24	3	335	53	—	—	53	2	1000	2308	626	—
est. hhs. (00)	1269	134	6	1409	710	55	8	773	122	—	—	122	4	2308	x	x	—
sample hhs.	350	21	1	372	179	13	2	194	59	—	—	59	1	626	x	x	—

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TABLE (2.15R): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

ORISSA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 177

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs.	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/ basti	flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	..	490	441	12	943	44	2	10	57	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4075	120	—
65—80	..	447	360	16	822	134	17	20	171	7	—	—	7	—	1000	6360	184	—
80—95	..	482	339	25	846	111	19	3	133	14	6	—	20	—	1000	7334	234	—
95—110	..	549	280	34	863	80	10	6	97	37	3	—	41	—	1000	6873	228	—
110—125	..	521	275	49	846	100	25	5	130	24	—	—	24	—	1000	5863	201	—
125—140	..	534	226	60	820	129	27	6	163	17	—	—	17	—	1000	4366	155	—
140—160	..	418	247	58	722	186	12	—	199	68	11	—	79	—	1000	4640	159	—
160—180	..	383	312	24	719	182	22	—	203	72	3	3	78	—	1000	3062	123	—
180—215	..	489	203	31	723	173	15	13	201	68	9	—	77	—	1000	3300	130	—
215—280	..	403	248	17	668	120	58	7	186	134	—	12	146	—	1000	2707	116	—
280—385	..	399	101	5	505	226	64	—	290	199	6	—	205	—	1000	1629	80	—
385 & above	..	352	77	—	430	147	17	51	215	150	97	108	356	—	1000	832	39	—
all classes	..	476	289	32	797	125	20	8	153	43	5	3	50	—	1000	51040	1769	—
est. hhs. (00)	..	24284	14774	1617	40675	6359	1043	392	7793	2192	247	133	2571	—	51040	x	x	—
sample hhs.	..	823	444	58	1325	250	40	11	301	124	13	6	143	—	1769	x	x	—

TABLE (2.16R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

PUNJAB

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 134

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of thhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 thhs.				
	kachha			semi pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. thhs. (00)	sample thhs.					
	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/ basti	flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	513	—	—	—	513	—	—	—	—	487	—	—	487	—	1000	115	6	—
65—80	312	—	—	—	312	—	—	—	—	144	—	—	144	—	1000	114	6	—
80—95	297	63	63	55	415	361	47	407	161	177	16	177	177	—	1000	380	20	—
95—110	177	—	—	12	188	423	—	423	389	—	—	—	389	—	1000	1222	49	—
110—125	273	22	22	24	319	361	—	374	307	—	—	—	307	—	1000	1676	77	—
125—140	397	26	26	—	423	262	—	6	268	308	—	—	308	—	1000	1650	81	—
140—160	200	13	13	—	213	382	—	382	391	7	7	7	405	—	1000	2046	108	—
160—180	241	20	20	11	272	301	—	301	418	—	—	9	427	—	1000	2348	123	—
180—215	185	6	6	—	190	289	45	4	338	432	4	22	458	14	1000	4024	193	—
215—280	95	28	28	—	123	221	59	5	284	579	3	11	593	—	1000	5123	255	—
280—385	84	—	—	—	84	223	4	—	227	669	7	13	689	—	1000	3383	205	—
385 & above	44	—	—	—	44	203	5	7	215	715	8	16	739	2	1000	3344	215	6
all classes	164	14	14	4	182	274	21	4	299	502	4	11	517	2	1000	25424	1338	1
est. thhs. (00)	4171	344	344	102	4618	6971	531	93	7597	12771	97	283	13150	61	25424	×	×	19
sample thhs.	204	13	13	5	222	386	10	6	402	688	7	16	711	3	1338	×	×	1

STATISTICS DIVISION GOVT OF INDIA

TABLE (2.17R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 184

RAJASTHAN

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													No. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all hhs. (00)	estd. hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl/ basti		flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	793	63	16	871	68	—	—	68	30	10	—	40	21	1000	2872	78	—
65-80	515	110	8	634	179	13	11	204	112	19	32	162	—	1000	2596	79	—
80-95	506	86	—	592	190	18	13	221	138	28	21	187	—	1000	3212	102	—
95-110	445	79	6	530	206	10	17	233	189	21	27	237	—	1000	4898	147	—
110-125	405	69	—	475	194	33	17	244	258	20	4	282	—	1000	2826	132	—
125-140	443	42	—	484	176	9	9	194	250	17	55	322	—	1000	4984	162	—
140-160	472	34	7	512	196	6	6	209	243	16	9	268	11	1000	5615	192	—
160-180	324	71	—	395	195	33	—	228	348	27	—	375	2	1000	4760	165	—
180-215	412	42	3	456	166	28	14	208	293	9	25	327	9	1000	6789	218	—
215-280	314	26	21	361	135	5	26	166	431	11	31	473	—	1000	6707	239	—
280-385	298	49	6	354	173	12	15	200	398	26	17	441	6	1000	4606	178	—
385 & above	289	28	14	331	209	8	—	216	352	15	77	444	9	1000	3682	143	—
all classes	416	53	7	477	175	15	12	201	275	18	25	318	5	1000	54547	1833	—
est. hhs. (00)	22705	2914	377	25996	9532	814	630	10976	15010	959	1354	17323	251	54547	X	X	—
sample hhs.	642	104	14	760	328	30	17	375	606	37	51	694	6	1835	X	X	—

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TABLE (2.18R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 20														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	house category																
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				all estd. hhs. (5+9+13+14) (00)	sample hhs.			
ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	us-specified			(17)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	6	2	—
65—80	530	—	—	530	470	—	—	470	—	—	—	—	—	1000	6	2	—
80—95	519	—	—	519	481	—	—	481	—	—	—	—	—	1000	19	7	—
95—110	313	110	—	423	540	—	—	540	37	—	—	37	—	1000	37	15	—
110—125	103	120	—	223	396	79	72	547	230	—	—	230	—	1000	53	19	—
125—140	85	220	—	305	523	31	—	354	93	—	—	142	—	1000	78	28	—
140—160	50	258	—	308	446	34	28	508	184	—	—	184	—	1000	78	27	—
160—180	50	77	—	127	544	29	76	649	224	—	—	224	—	1000	44	18	—
180—215	107	96	—	203	459	—	95	554	175	—	67	243	—	1000	49	20	—
215—280	140	165	—	305	539	58	55	652	43	—	—	43	—	1000	60	27	—
280—385	—	133	—	133	223	263	55	540	207	—	120	326	—	1000	41	17	—
385 & above	—	109	—	109	341	78	144	563	21	—	306	328	—	1000	43	18	—
all classes	122	148	—	269	449	55	50	554	128	—	49	176	—	1000	513	200	—
est. hhs. (00)	62	76	—	138	231	28	26	284	65	—	25	91	—	513	X	X	—
sample hhs.	23	29	—	52	89	12	9	110	40	—	8	38	—	200	X	X	—

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 Ministry of Panchayati Raj
 Government of India
 New Delhi

TABLE (2.19R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

TAMIL NADU

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 230

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified			all estd. hhs. (00)				
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	(5+9+13+14)	(16)	(17)	(18)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	345	304	8	657	211	15	8	234	92	—	17	109	—	1000	5011	132	—
65-80	339	156	35	591	278	19	14	311	77	—	21	98	—	1000	6019	167	—
80-95	490	116	6	611	210	32	7	249	123	6	10	139	—	1000	7220	206	—
95-110	458	143	4	605	227	6	5	238	147	—	10	156	—	1000	8705	236	—
110-125	369	93	29	491	286	10	25	322	162	4	21	187	—	1000	7688	212	—
125-140	361	95	18	473	279	22	18	319	175	5	26	206	2	1000	6600	186	—
140-160	391	109	17	517	214	25	32	271	185	10	17	212	—	1000	7086	215	—
160-180	366	71	19	456	233	14	14	262	267	15	—	282	—	1000	5711	1801	—
180-215	282	84	7	373	267	11	14	292	299	7	29	335	—	1000	6877	222	—
215-280	216	62	—	278	321	17	28	366	296	6	48	351	5	1000	7480	224	—
280-385	150	46	—	196	297	27	1	325	423	13	53	478	—	1000	1663	174	—
385 & above	104	2	—	106	142	12	—	253	423	76	142	641	—	1000	3136	135	—
all classes	345	109	12	467	256	17	15	288	209	8	27	244	1	1000	76195	2289	1
est. hhs. (00)	26315	8325	748	35589	19499	1320	1154	21972	15892	606	2085	18583	50	76195	X	X	38
sample hhs.	728	214	26	968	563	37	31	631	615	19	5	688	2	2289	X	X	1

TABLE (2.20R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

TRIPURA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 74

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat						all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	1000	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	5	2	—
65-80	625	154	—	—	779	221	—	221	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	29	7	—
80-95	932	88	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	66	15	—
95-110	967	33	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	182	36	—
110-125	898	83	—	—	981	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	215	41	—
125-140	915	81	—	—	996	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	364	71	—
140-160	828	150	—	12	990	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	519	91	—
160-180	862	91	—	—	954	46	—	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	496	97	—
180-215	845	99	—	11	955	33	—	39	6	—	—	6	—	—	1000	607	112	8
215-280	880	87	—	—	967	21	—	31	2	—	—	2	—	—	1000	710	143	—
280-385	824	73	—	—	897	45	—	45	30	4	24	58	—	—	1000	359	78	51
385 & above	548	90	—	—	637	201	—	201	132	8	22	161	—	—	1000	181	44	—
all classes	851	94	—	3	948	34	—	35	11	1	3	15	1	1000	3734	737	6	—
est. hhs. (00)	3178	349	—	13	3540	126	—	4	129	40	3	55	9	3734	X	X	23	—
sample hhs.	607	77	—	2	686	31	—	1	32	12	2	17	2	737	X	X	3	—

TABLE (2.21R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
UTTAR PRADESH
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 528

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	est. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	523	109	10	642	269	26	1	296	43	19	—	62	—	1000	7835	197	5
65—80	465	133	14	612	300	22	9	331	57	—	—	57	—	1000	13449	333	—
80—95	482	66	13	561	292	28	10	329	100	5	2	107	2	1000	19417	501	—
95—110	444	77	5	525	316	25	2	343	117	6	8	130	1	1000	21357	569	—
110—125	416	82	17	516	325	18	4	347	122	10	4	135	2	1000	20447	573	—
125—140	423	76	10	510	305	32	—	337	142	2	9	153	—	1000	17396	499	—
140—160	339	82	4	424	301	59	2	362	201	5	6	212	2	1000	18789	561	—
160—180	336	82	11	429	261	46	9	316	230	8	13	250	5	1000	15145	444	—
180—215	286	92	8	386	288	53	6	347	225	16	22	263	3	1000	17125	529	—
215—280	259	73	7	338	257	68	6	331	294	18	17	328	3	1000	15887	523	—
280—385	228	81	29	339	235	32	16	282	318	22	37	377	2	1000	10035	342	—
385 & above	216	15	19	251	240	51	14	306	368	26	50	444	—	1000	5274	202	—
all classes	379	82	11	472	290	38	6	333	172	10	1	123	2	1000	182157	5273	—
est. hhs. (00)	68983	14957	2025	85966	52744	6882	1045	6671	31403	1736	2026	35165	355	182157	x	x	36
sample hhs.	1784	353	47	2184	1561	175	30	1766	1192	60	60	1312	11	5273	x	x	1

TABLE (2.22R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

WEST BENGAL

No. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 250

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.	
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			unspe- cifcd	all						
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	Ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house			chawl/ basti	flat				all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	490	252	30	772	117	—	11	128	—	—	87	87	14	1000	2974	74	—
65—80	663	192	46	900	49	11	31	91	—	—	—	—	9	1000	4229	111	—
80—95	656	219	16	892	78	4	18	100	9	—	—	9	—	1000	7292	199	—
95—110	631	188	24	842	89	18	21	128	25	—	—	25	5	1000	10524	278	—
110—125	581	189	19	789	129	12	2	143	60	—	7	68	—	1000	10317	276	18
125—140	627	164	25	816	117	—	13	131	35	5	11	50	3	1000	9813	273	—
140—160	540	149	31	721	183	8	4	194	51	—	27	77	7	1000	10339	309	—
160—180	514	184	10	708	162	18	12	192	89	—	8	97	3	1000	7728	243	—
180—215	506	124	31	661	182	8	6	195	105	8	22	135	9	1000	7886	265	—
215—280	329	161	8	498	232	10	23	265	178	—	53	231	5	1000	6631	235	—
280—385	328	47	10	385	264	—	44	308	217	5	86	307	—	1000	3637	145	—
385 & above	172	23	—	195	130	—	—	130	425	5	245	675	—	1000	1844	778	—
all classes	542	167	22	731	142	9	14	185	73	2	25	99	4	1000	83113	2486	2
est. hhs. (00)	45035	13912	1837	60784	11830	733	1161	13724	6053	136	2060	8249	2357	83113	X	X	190
sample hhs.	1278	363	51	1692	403	18	33	454	269	6	54	329	11	2486	X	X	4

TABLE (2.23R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
ANDAMAN & NICOBAR

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category											all unspcific'd (5+9+13+14) (00)	cstd. hhs. sample hhs. (00)	no. of hhs. having dwelling unit psr 1000 h.s.			
	karcha			semi-pucca			pucca		all ind. house	flat	flat						
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	flat							all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65—80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80—95	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1	1	—
95—110	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4	6	—
110—125	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	13	12	—
125—140	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
140—160.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
160—180	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
180—215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
215—280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
280—385	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
385 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
all classes	404	49	52	505	252	24	29	305	138	8	41	187	3	1000	377	400	—
est. hhs. (00)	152	18	70	190	95	9	11	115	52	3	16	71	1	377	—	×	×
sample hhs.	186	17	16	219	79	8	8	95	62	3	20	85	1	400	—	×	×

TABLE (2.14R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 60

ARUNACHAL PRADESH

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			all unspecified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/ basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 65	413	587	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	37	23	—
65—80	405	595	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	17	9	—
80—95	321	418	—	739	51	—	210	261	—	—	—	—	—	1000	39	16	—
95—110	368	472	68	908	24	—	—	24	—	—	—	—	68	1000	49	24	—
110—125	261	144	58	463	484	—	—	484	—	—	—	—	52	1000	142	35	—
125—140	108	95	—	203	352	341	—	693	—	—	—	—	104	1000	191	25	—
140—160	436	310	—	746	121	—	—	121	—	—	—	—	133	1000	100	46	—
160—180	134	276	—	410	444	—	—	444	—	—	—	—	146	1000	172	41	—
180—215	171	419	—	590	229	—	26	255	—	—	—	—	155	1000	141	52	—
215—280	128	500	—	628	347	9	—	355	—	—	—	—	17	1000	227	70	—
280—385	353	557	25	936	19	—	—	19	—	—	21	21	24	1000	144	76	—
385 & above	94	199	—	292	13	232	—	245	236	—	227	463	—	1000	287	53	—
all classes	199	322	10	531	223	86	8	317	44	—	44	88	64	1000	1545	470	—
est. hhs. (00)	308	498	15	821	345	133	12	490	68	—	68	136	98	1545	—	—	×
sample hhs.	169	221	3	393	47	4	2	53	2	—	2	4	70	470	—	—	×

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TABLE (2.25R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

CHANDIGARH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			unspecified (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.						
	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl/basti		flat	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65—80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80—95	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
95—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—125	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
125—140	—	—	—	—	531	—	—	—	—	—	469	—	—	—	1000	2	1	—
140—160	—	—	—	—	500	—	—	—	250	—	500	—	—	—	1000	11	4	—
160—180	—	—	—	—	502	—	—	—	498	—	498	—	—	—	1000	12	4	—
180—215	—	—	—	—	140	—	—	—	860	—	—	—	—	—	1000	6	3	—
215—280	—	—	—	107	107	107	34	248	431	—	215	646	—	—	1000	4	2	—
280—385	—	103	—	—	320	—	—	—	412	—	162	577	—	—	1000	14	7	—
385 & above	—	—	—	—	150	80	162	400	182	162	256	600	—	—	1000	15	8	—
all classes	19	—	—	37	56	298	37	44	379	303	38	224	565	—	1000	83	39	—
estd. hhs. (00)	—	—	—	3	5	25	3	4	31	25	3	19	47	—	83	×	×	—
sample hhs.	1	—	—	2	3	13	2	2	17	10	2	7	19	—	39	×	×	—

Handwritten notes and signatures are present at the bottom of the page, including a signature and the name 'SARVEKSHANA'.

TABLE (2.26R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)		house category											no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
		katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			unspecified	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			(12)			(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
		ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all				
less than 65	1000	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	6	4
65—80	871	28	—	—	899	101	—	—	101	—	—	—	—	—	1000	33	25
80—95	678	114	—	—	792	194	14	—	208	—	—	—	—	—	1000	45	32
95—110	491	128	—	—	619	305	62	—	367	14	—	—	—	—	1000	26	21
110—125	512	16	—	—	528	287	—	—	287	81	—	—	—	—	1000	24	16
125—140	609	—	—	—	609	177	—	—	177	157	—	—	—	—	1000	18	17
140—160	750	—	—	—	750	250	—	—	250	—	—	—	—	—	1000	12	8
160—180	—	—	—	—	—	315	—	—	315	685	—	—	—	—	1000	1	3
180—215	534	208	—	—	741	149	—	—	149	—	110	—	—	—	1000	12	11
215—280	275	—	—	—	275	—	—	—	—	725	—	—	—	—	1000	9	9
280—385	138	—	—	—	138	—	—	—	—	828	34	—	—	—	1000	10	7
385 & above	63	—	—	—	63	126	—	—	126	811	—	—	—	—	1000	4	7
all classes	603	61	—	—	664	179	11	—	190	120	8	—	—	18	1000	200	160
estd. hhs. (00)	120	12	—	—	133	36	2	—	38	24	2	—	—	4	200	×	×
sample hhs.	94	10	—	—	104	27	2	—	29	23	2	—	—	2	160	×	×

HOUSEHOLDS OF RURAL AREAS

PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

TABLE 2.27R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

DELHI

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwell- ing Per 1000 hhs.				
	Katcha			Semi-pucca			pucca			unspec- ified	all (5+9+ 13+14) hhs. (00)	all sample hhs.						
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl/ basti		flat	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65
65-80
80-95
95-110	1000	.	.	1000	.	.	.	.	.	.	1000	33	1	.
110-125	1000	1000	.	1000	.	.	.	.	.	.	1000	36	1	.
125-140
140-160
160-180
180-215	265	.	.	265	735	.	.	735	.	.	1000	90	3	.
215-280	140	.	.	140	1000	.	.	1000	.	.	1000	116	4	.
280-385	46	.	.	46	754	107	.	860	.	.	1000	254	9	.
385 & above	46	.	.	46	839	69	.	954	.	.	1000	518	22	.
all classes	111	34	.	145	772	60	23	855	.	.	1000	1046	40	.
estd. hhs. (00)	116	36	.	152	808	63	24	895	.	.	1046	×	×	.
sample hhs.	4	1	.	5	32	2	1	35	.	.	40	×	×	.

TABLE (2.28R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	
	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65—80	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80—95	61	—	—	61	636	—	—	636	304	—	—	304	—	1000	12	1	—	
95—110	267	21	—	288	528	21	—	549	163	—	—	163	—	1000	42	5	—	
110—125	78	78	—	156	537	—	—	537	211	—	95	306	—	1000	90	10	—	
125—140	31	—	—	31	531	18	—	549	420	—	—	420	—	1000	166	16	—	
140—160	27	182	—	289	469	21	—	490	301	—	—	301	—	1000	168	18	—	
160—180	—	—	—	—	227	—	—	227	773	—	—	773	—	1000	192	22	—	
180—215	87	78	—	165	210	11	—	222	613	—	—	613	—	1000	167	16	—	
215—280	8	16	—	24	206	7	—	213	649	114	—	763	—	1000	195	19	—	
280—385	—	—	—	—	135	12	—	147	853	—	—	853	—	1000	262	28	—	
385 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	373	580	47	1000	—	1000	181	16	—	
all classes	44	44	—	87	324	10	—	333	509	58	13	579	—	1000	1580	160	—	
estd. hhs. (00)	69	69	—	138	511	15	—	527	803	91	21	915	—	1580	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	11	11	—	22	47	8	—	55	77	4	2	83	—	160	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.29R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

LAKSHADWEEP

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 8

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.		
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all					un-specified	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1	1	—
65—80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80—95	—	—	—	—	486	—	—	—	514	—	—	514	—	—	1000	1	2	—
95—110	—	—	—	—	417	—	—	—	583	—	—	583	—	—	1000	1	2	—
110—125	—	—	—	—	659	—	—	—	114	—	—	114	—	—	1000	3	6	—
125—140	227	—	—	—	511	—	—	—	489	—	—	489	—	—	1000	2	4	—
140—160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	1	2	—
160—180	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	466	—	—	466	—	—	1000	4	7	—
180—215	176	—	—	—	358	—	—	—	820	—	—	820	—	—	1000	7	12	—
215—280	—	—	—	—	180	—	—	—	466	—	—	466	—	—	1000	6	13	—
280—385	117	—	—	—	416	—	—	—	537	—	—	537	—	—	1000	7	15	—
385 & above	76	—	—	83	221	—	—	—	449	—	83	620	—	—	1000	7	15	—
	—	—	—	75	476	—	—	—	—	—	—	449	—	—	1000	8	16	—
all classes	64	—	—	30	371	—	—	—	521	—	15	536	—	—	1000	41	80	—
estd. hhs. (00)	3	—	—	1	15	—	—	—	21	—	1	22	—	—	41	x	x	—
sample hhs.	4	—	—	2	26	—	—	—	47	—	1	48	—	—	80	x	x	—

TABLE (2.30R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

MIZORAM

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 54

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			ind. house	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti						flat	all
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat												all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
65—80	—	1000	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1	1	—			
80—95	—	1000	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2	3	—			
95—110	54	946	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	7	9	—			
110—125	—	1000	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	7	10	—			
125—140	604	282	—	886	114	—	—	114	—	—	—	—	—	1000	10	11	—			
140—160	454	187	—	641	207	68	—	275	—	—	—	—	84	1000	16	16	—			
160—180	498	206	—	704	296	—	—	296	—	—	—	—	—	1000	40	36	—			
180—215	421	68	—	489	476	34	—	511	—	—	—	—	—	1000	115	100	—			
215—280	481	31	—	513	462	19	—	481	—	—	—	—	6	1000	209	179	—			
280—385	404	54	—	458	523	6	—	529	—	—	—	—	13	1000	139	125	—			
385 & above	364	47	—	411	578	11	—	589	—	—	—	—	—	1000	36	45	—			
all classes	433	93	—	526	449	18	—	467	—	—	—	—	7	1000	582	535	—			
estd. hhs. (00)	252	54	—	306	261	10	—	272	—	—	—	—	4	582	x	x	—			
sample hhs.	210	65	—	275	247	10	—	257	—	—	—	—	3	535	x	x	—			

THE DATA IN THIS TABLE ARE THE RESULT OF A SURVEY CONDUCTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM IN 1981-82. THE SURVEY WAS PART OF A NATIONAL SURVEY ON HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE AND POSSESSIONS. THE DATA ARE SUBJECT TO THE USUAL LIMITATIONS OF SUCH SURVEYS. THE GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS.

TABLE (2.31R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

PONDICHERRY

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 14

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category										un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca											
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti						flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 65	329	376	—	705	295	—	—	295	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	39	8	—
65—80	—	930	—	930	70	—	—	70	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	70	13	—
80—95	129	443	—	571	247	—	—	247	53	—	60	112	69	1000	71	15	—	—
95—110	61	657	—	718	222	—	—	222	61	—	—	61	—	1000	80	17	—	—
110—125	109	561	—	670	246	—	—	246	84	—	—	84	—	1000	45	10	—	—
125—140	47	365	45	458	193	64	45	303	200	—	40	239	—	1000	95	20	—	—
140—160	209	—	—	209	402	—	—	402	313	—	76	389	—	1000	49	10	—	—
160—180	202	372	—	574	234	—	—	234	192	—	—	192	—	1000	57	11	—	—
180—215	322	219	—	541	46	—	179	225	188	—	46	234	—	1000	24	7	—	—
215—280	—	177	—	177	59	—	223	282	472	—	69	541	—	1000	29	12	—	—
280—385	204	—	—	204	—	—	204	204	592	—	—	592	—	1000	32	6	—	—
385 & above	—	—	—	—	45	—	—	45	716	—	239	955	—	1000	29	11	—	—
all classes	117	411	7	535	191	10	35	236	186	—	35	221	8	1000	620	140	—	—
estd hhs. (00)	72	255	4	332	118	6	22	146	116	—	22	137	5	620	x	x	—	—
sample hhs.	15	47	1	33	28	1	4	33	35	—	8	43	1	140	x	x	—	—

TABLE (2.32R) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4184

ALL INDIA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)						(17)	(18)
	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house												chawl/basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
less than 65	420	234	10	664	221	37	4	262	46	6	15	67	6	1000	48122	1429	—			
65—80	416	185	14	615	262	43	9	314	58	5	6	68	3	1000	70024	2142	—			
80—95	426	167	14	608	258	36	7	301	77	7	6	90	1	1000	98310	3175	—			
95—110	418	154	13	585	258	36	8	302	94	7	9	110	2	1000	123845	4066	—			
110—125	396	134	19	549	266	43	9	318	113	10	8	132	1	1000	118456	4070	—			
125—140	394	112	11	518	279	44	7	329	128	11	13	151	1	1000	102063	3710	—			
140—160	358	112	17	487	276	49	11	336	154	10	10	175	3	1000	114799	4354	—			
160—180	324	106	12	442	271	42	15	328	198	14	14	226	4	1000	87007	3516	—			
180—215	313	88	12	413	284	46	9	339	206	16	21	243	5	1000	106616	4621	—			
215—280	239	79	10	328	267	52	13	332	279	19	38	336	4	1000	102222	4772	—			
280—385	209	65	13	287	271	42	18	331	313	37	37	377	5	1000	64767	3245	10			
385 & above	149	28	7	185	230	42	11	282	427	37	64	528	5	1000	44729	2482	—			
all classes	349	122	13	485	265	43	10	318	163	13	18	194	3	1000	1080960	41582	—			
estd. hhs. (00)	377884	132106	14346	523836	286925	46347	10858	344130	176699	13962	18912	209573	3422	1080960	x	x	466			
sample hhs.	13914	4297	447	18658	11384	1530	489	13403	8130	571	667	9368	153	41582	x	x	15			

TABLE (C.01U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS
ANDHRA PRADESH
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 299

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	ind-house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind-house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind-house	chawl/basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	377	158	7	542	123	98	51	272	158	—	27	186	—	1000	2212	111	—
90—110	193	115	14	322	186	74	70	330	265	14	69	348	—	1000	2302	120	—
110—135	221	184	10	415	132	40	47	220	202	54	110	366	—	1000	3678	197	—
135—160	163	50	16	229	209	44	27	280	276	87	125	488	3	1000	3995	209	—
160—185	69	59	29	157	187	91	14	292	344	59	147	551	—	1000	3281	181	—
185—215	165	56	30	252	112	34	79	226	310	15	191	517	6	1000	3081	156	—
215—255	107	81	7	194	188	63	55	306	306	59	135	500	—	1000	2970	169	—
255—310	50	71	—	121	235	37	45	317	374	13	176	562	—	1000	2614	142	—
310—385	44	24	4	71	139	12	76	226	439	36	227	702	—	1000	2613	138	—
385—520	14	14	7	35	63	42	12	117	571	19	256	846	2	1000	2259	125	—
520—700	—	—	—	—	68	47	—	116	462	120	302	884	—	1000	1001	62	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	34	—	10	44	587	43	325	956	—	1000	1111	100	—
all classes	131	76	12	220	153	50	44	247	332	43	157	532	1	1000	31116	1710	—
estd. hhs. (00)	4072	2378	383	6832	4767	1569	1363	7699	10328	1331	4892	16551	33	31116	x	x	—
sample hhs.	179	132	20	331	260	84	72	416	628	50	282	960	3	1710	x	x	—

TABLE (2.02U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

ASSAM
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 167

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of sample hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)		
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	514	—	—	—	514	400	—	—	400	86	—	—	86	—	1000	23	5	—
90—110	878	122	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	82	13	—
110—135	615	217	—	—	832	62	—	—	117	51	—	—	51	—	1000	199	32	—
135—160	508	68	23	—	600	220	7	—	227	70	76	27	173	—	1000	371	63	—
160—185	352	179	—	—	530	264	9	—	272	131	48	—	179	19	1000	364	63	—
185—215	226	76	—	—	302	280	34	—	313	244	—	135	379	5	1000	380	67	—
215—255	232	56	—	—	288	433	—	—	433	265	14	—	279	—	1000	342	70	—
255—310	199	171	—	—	370	245	—	—	245	252	—	133	385	—	1000	384	61	—
310—385	255	48	—	—	303	146	—	—	228	365	16	88	469	—	1000	440	74	—
385—520	140	122	—	—	262	79	43	2	125	394	—	219	613	—	1000	462	68	—
520—700	45	—	—	—	45	118	178	—	296	421	20	217	659	—	1000	206	41	—
700 & above	77	—	—	—	77	86	181	—	268	306	99	251	656	—	1000	130	38	—
all classes	284	99	3	3	386	202	43	—	246	247	22	97	366	3	1000	3383	595	—
estd. hhs. (00)	962	335	9	9	1305	684	146	1	831	835	74	330	1239	9	3383	x	x	—
sample hhs.	175	39	2	2	216	142	17	1	160	180	7	29	216	3	595	x	x	—

TABLE (2.03U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

BIHAR

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 365

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs.	sample hhs.	no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.	
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			all	indec. house	chawl/ basti	flat						all
	indec. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	indec. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	indec. house											chawl/ basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
less than 90	340	240	14	595	181	33	43	257	148	—	1	149	—	1000	1226	75	—		
90—110	178	196	19	393	243	12	—	255	258	24	69	351	—	1000	1282	90	15		
110—135	178	139	—	316	229	45	2	276	335	28	28	391	17	1000	2301	132	4		
135—160	200	98	13	311	212	55	29	295	282	8	100	391	2	1000	2896	174	—		
160—185	186	165	—	352	125	47	39	212	319	55	55	430	7	1000	2078	116	—		
185—215	81	30	8	118	119	65	9	192	546	4	127	678	11	1000	1370	86	—		
215—255	134	115	—	249	134	65	60	258	373	44	76	493	—	1000	1288	78	—		
5—10	29	14	—	43	108	56	5	169	512	38	239	788	—	1000	1160	83	—		
10—385	159	21	—	179	30	75	24	129	411	38	228	676	15	1000	1076	67	—		
385—520	127	65	—	192	6	92	57	156	278	56	301	636	17	1000	1073	66	—		
520—700	34	77	59	170	25	24	24	73	161	60	536	757	—	1000	523	32	—		
700 & above	37	63	—	104	42	43	—	85	262	—	524	786	25	1000	289	45	—		
all classes	161	112	7	280	149	52	25	226	331	29	127	487	7	1000	16563	1044	2		
estd. hhs. (00)	2671	1850	122	4643	2461	859	416	3735	5486	474	2109	8070	115	16563	x	x	37		
sample hhs.	132	116	7	255	154	45	28	227	370	34	148	552	10	1404	x	x	4		

TABLE (2.04U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

GUJARAT

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 140

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	independent house	flat	all	independent house	flat	all	chawl/basti	flat	all								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	391	104	—	495	212	105	—	317	188	—	—	188	—	1000	310	14	—
90—110	202	104	—	306	235	291	—	526	85	83	—	168	—	1000	747	41	—
110—135	40	124	13	177	128	280	—	407	254	145	7	406	9	1000	1203	75	—
135—160	117	99	—	216	115	320	4	440	263	67	6	336	8	1000	2451	140	—
160—185	38	32	—	70	109	188	—	297	287	186	100	572	62	1000	1825	104	—
185—215	26	27	—	53	83	176	—	258	461	149	75	685	4	1000	1999	117	—
215—255	38	29	—	67	72	107	—	179	484	121	138	743	11	1000	2371	147	—
255—310	13	15	—	28	86	77	21	184	549	71	165	786	3	1000	2042	138	—
310—385	—	—	8	23	23	134	—	157	403	181	236	820	—	1000	1997	121	—
385—520	—	—	—	71	38	80	3	121	436	126	246	808	—	1000	1822	106	—
520—700	—	—	—	2	9	76	—	84	420	160	333	914	—	1000	827	60	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	9	550	256	185	991	—	1000	603	58	—
all classes	46	48	2	96	83	162	3	249	388	129	128	645	10	1000	18197	1121	—
estd. hhs. (00)	842	876	31	1749	1516	2953	57	4527	7067	2347	2325	11739	183	18197	x	x	—
sample hhs.	40	54	2	96	103	149	3	255	469	168	125	762	8	1121	x	x	—

TABLE (2.05U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 60

HARYANA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwellings unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	sample hhs.						
	ind. house	chawl/ busti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ busti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl/ busti		flat	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	132	—	—	132	—	—	—	335	533	—	—	—	533	—	1000	134	6	—
90—110	273	—	—	273	306	—	—	306	422	—	—	—	422	—	1000	241	11	—
110—135	121	108	—	228	110	108	—	218	501	53	—	—	554	—	1000	417	20	—
135—160	143	—	—	143	328	—	—	328	499	30	—	—	529	—	1000	584	29	—
160—185	17	160	—	177	212	14	—	226	456	—	—	141	597	—	1000	844	37	—
185—215	64	246	—	309	43	24	62	129	470	—	—	92	562	—	1000	805	32	—
215—255	—	55	—	55	92	—	—	92	715	31	—	107	853	—	1000	924	47	—
255—310	147	57	—	204	104	—	53	157	507	33	—	98	638	—	1000	948	37	—
310—385	—	—	—	—	120	—	—	120	786	30	—	—	816	64	1000	802	35	—
385—520	36	—	—	36	41	—	—	41	863	25	—	35	923	—	1000	559	30	—
520—700	—	91	—	91	33	—	—	33	741	—	—	136	876	—	1000	599	22	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	23	795	182	—	—	977	—	1000	211	12	—
all classes	63	76	—	139	121	17	14	152	609	25	69	702	7	1000	7066	317	—	—
estd. hhs. (00)	443	537	—	980	852	121	101	1073	4300	176	486	4962	51	7066	x	x	x	—
sample hhs.	14	12	—	26	38	4	2	44	215	11	20	246	1	317	x	x	x	—

TABLE (2.06U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

HIMACHAL PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 94

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													estd. hhs. (00)	un- speci- fied	all (5+9 13+14)	sample hhs. (17)	no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs. (18)
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			ind. house	ind. house	flat	flat					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti										flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
110—135	80	—	—	80	404	—	—	404	516	—	—	516	—	1000	17	7	—	
135—160	199	182	—	381	100	—	78	177	296	146	—	442	—	1000	27	10	—	
160—185	136	—	—	136	427	—	—	427	378	59	—	437	—	1000	33	12	—	
185—215	137	—	—	137	300	—	25	325	496	—	42	538	—	1000	81	26	—	
215—255	—	34	—	34	273	—	—	273	427	—	266	693	—	1000	81	21	—	
255—310	39	90	—	183	230	—	—	230	551	—	35	586	—	1000	68	18	—	
310—385	—	—	—	34	42	21	47	110	675	—	142	817	39	1000	124	29	—	
385—520	—	—	33	110	143	—	36	111	505	—	241	746	—	1000	145	34	—	
520—700	—	—	—	—	85	—	102	188	385	38	389	812	—	1000	102	33	—	
700 & above	—	—	—	54	—	—	49	49	404	30	421	855	42	1000	98	45	—	
all classes	32	24	37	94	142	3	39	185	486	16	207	710	12	1000	774	235	—	
estd. hhs. (00)	25	19	29	72	110	3	30	143	377	13	161	550	9	774	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	13	5	7	25	36	1	8	45	102	6	55	163	2	235	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.07U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

JAMMU & KASHMIR

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 1898

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. sample having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/ basti	flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	213	—	—	—	213	787	—	—	787	—	1000	10	4	—
90—110	225	—	—	—	464	—	—	—	464	236	—	75	311	—	1000	42	20	—
110—135	263	16	63	342	269	—	54	323	336	336	—	—	336	—	1000	107	36	—
135—160	128	—	29	157	272	18	116	407	271	271	—	165	436	—	1000	214	72	—
160—185	104	—	28	133	349	—	118	467	286	286	—	114	400	—	1000	182	64	—
185—215	108	—	32	139	125	8	118	251	398	398	—	212	610	—	1000	251	88	—
215—255	46	—	105	151	191	—	135	326	385	385	—	139	523	—	1000	289	104	—
255—310	4	1	56	61	64	—	111	175	516	516	—	215	764	—	1000	316	97	—
310—385	44	—	8	52	29	—	92	120	446	446	—	36	828	—	1000	270	84	—
385—520	15	—	5	20	95	—	113	208	379	379	—	393	772	—	1000	287	97	—
520—700	26	—	—	26	116	—	24	141	417	417	—	399	833	—	1000	124	39	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	17	588	588	—	319	908	76	1000	90	38	—
all classes	66	1	36	103	151	3	100	253	400	400	10	231	641	3	1000	2184	743	—
estd. hhs. (00)	145	2	78	225	329	6	218	552	873	873	22	505	1400	7	2184	x	x	—
sample hhs.	64	2	26	92	124	2	83	209	266	266	7	167	440	2	743	x	x	—

TABLE (2.08U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

KARNATAKA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 103

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample no. hhs.					
	ind. hou.e	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl/ basti	flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	296	155	—	—	451	225	140	—	395	145	9	—	155	—	1000	1554	66	—
90-110	127	117	—	—	244	342	213	26	582	121	10	30	161	14	1000	1038	58	—
110-135	209	80	—	—	289	436	81	—	517	195	—	—	195	—	1000	2359	114	—
135-160	107	77	—	—	184	437	41	27	505	283	19	1	303	8	1000	2249	127	—
160-185	113	40	—	—	154	427	97	—	524	309	14	—	322	—	1000	1997	103	3
185-215	106	48	—	7	160	289	179	8	476	318	25	20	363	—	1000	2096	120	3
215-255	21	28	—	—	49	392	88	—	480	403	55	14	471	—	1000	2450	126	—
255-310	49	13	—	—	62	308	79	9	396	500	20	23	542	—	1000	1936	100	—
310-385	8	—	—	—	8	197	55	12	263	641	51	37	729	—	1000	2364	116	—
385-520	16	6	—	—	22	158	52	—	210	599	47	107	753	16	1000	1940	96	—
520-700	52	25	—	—	77	120	35	—	155	691	36	41	768	—	1000	734	52	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	166	76	—	243	604	34	120	757	—	1000	559	68	—
all classes	94	48	1	1	143	316	92	7	415	386	27	26	438	3	1000	21276	1146	1
estd. hhs. (00)	2006	1029	14	3049	6728	1958	151	8838	8206	576	544	9326	62	21276	x	x	x	14
sample hhs.	87	57	1	145	335	117	8	460	462	37	37	536	5	1146	x	x	x	2

TABLE (2.09U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

KERALA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 168

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having sample no. dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl/ basti		flat	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	462	23	—	—	485	307	—	—	307	207	—	—	207	—	1000	408	42
90—110	223	70	—	—	294	394	—	—	394	312	—	—	312	—	1000	366	35
110—135	190	49	—	—	239	238	—	—	238	499	—	—	514	9	1000	641	65
135—160	169	61	8	—	239	244	—	—	444	444	—	—	518	—	1000	1097	89
160—185	174	26	—	—	200	248	14	—	279	470	9	—	510	11	1000	830	67
185—215	74	31	37	—	142	371	—	—	389	469	—	—	469	—	1000	730	55
215—255	94	—	26	—	120	177	—	—	196	626	—	—	684	—	1000	689	63
255—310	19	—	—	—	19	199	—	—	202	683	—	—	779	—	1000	674	57
310—385	—	—	—	—	—	386	—	—	45	511	54	—	568	—	1000	568	39
385—520	12	—	—	—	12	73	26	—	114	716	34	—	874	—	1000	991	82
520—700	—	—	—	—	—	82	45	—	127	624	64	—	873	—	1000	586	46
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	91	—	—	91	779	3	—	909	—	1000	605	72
all classes	106	22	7	7	134	222	8	10	240	546	14	65	624	2	1000	8183	712
estd. hhs. (00)	866	177	54	54	1097	1816	64	83	1964	4466	111	531	5108	15	8183	—	—
sample hhs.	67	10	4	4	81	138	4	7	149	433	7	40	480	2	712	—	—

TABLE (2.10U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

MADHYA PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 317

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	315	82	—	397	248	184	—	432	114	16	—	130	41	1000	1157	81	—
90-110	287	43	—	330	355	97	17	470	164	29	7	200	—	1000	1291	74	—
110-135	203	105	—	308	293	100	13	406	220	36	12	268	18	1000	2486	149	—
135-160	148	69	—	217	236	142	17	395	301	51	29	381	7	1000	2447	157	—
160-185	86	77	—	163	234	116	6	356	282	117	82	481	—	1000	2414	147	—
185-215	80	84	—	144	308	17	14	339	311	121	55	487	30	1000	2029	124	—
215-255	105	46	—	151	174	96	—	270	399	108	39	546	34	1000	2313	140	—
255-310	97	35	—	133	119	68	12	199	488	108	71	666	3	1000	2488	137	—
310-385	79	15	—	94	121	90	5	216	506	70	105	681	9	1000	1928	121	—
385-520	56	21	—	78	143	28	—	172	527	44	175	746	5	1000	1812	115	—
520-700	—	24	—	24	122	15	27	165	601	44	167	812	—	1000	1023	68	—
700 & above	6	33	—	40	69	2	—	72	524	89	275	889	—	1000	1045	108	—
all classes	121	54	—	175	206	84	9	300	364	74	74	513	12	1000	22432	1421	—
estd. hhs. (00)	2719	1215	—	3934	4631	1880	209	6719	8169	1669	1660	11499	280	22432	x	x	6
sample hhs.	161	87	—	248	283	131	15	429	482	119	124	725	19	1421	x	x	1

TABLE (2.11U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

MAHARASHTRA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 285

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca		un-specified		all (5+9+13+14)					
	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basti	flat	all	un-specified	flat		all (5+9+13+14)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	88	317	—	—	405	285	220	—	504	30	43	6	73	18	1000	1680	98	—
90—110	60	335	5	5	399	269	230	—	499	34	39	29	102	—	1000	2002	103	—
110—135	114	217	—	—	331	202	220	22	444	152	63	9	224	—	1000	2906	174	—
135—160	80	217	4	4	301	173	220	—	393	121	154	21	296	10	1000	3225	196	—
160—185	76	172	—	—	248	167	134	16	316	193	168	74	436	—	1000	3576	192	—
185—215	54	115	—	—	169	157	148	22	327	163	244	98	504	—	1000	3505	197	—
215—255	57	51	—	—	108	166	112	19	297	212	254	129	595	—	1000	4765	272	—
255—310	13	102	7	7	122	118	180	24	322	196	167	190	553	4	1000	5770	318	—
310—385	15	55	2	2	73	80	151	24	255	97	214	350	661	11	1000	5177	301	13
385—520	7	34	—	—	41	60	86	30	176	148	193	443	783	—	1000	5864	368	14
520—700	11	19	—	—	30	47	101	21	169	171	145	485	801	—	1000	3212	234	—
700 & above	1	17	7	7	25	27	18	38	84	200	63	629	891	—	1000	2648	276	—
all classes	41	112	2	2	155	130	144	20	295	153	166	228	547	3	1000	44330	2729	3
estd. hhs. (00)	1821	4976	92	92	6889	5766	6399	902	13067	6798	7337	10100	24234	139	44330	x	x	150
sample hhs.	93	207	8	8	308	313	416	40	769	401	457	789	1647	5	2729	x	x	12

TABLE (2.12U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

MANIPUR

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 59

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	flat						all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	676	—	—	—	676	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	9	—	4
110—135	697	84	—	—	781	176	—	—	—	—	43	43	—	—	1000	42	16	—
135—160	544	39	—	—	582	408	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	1000	132	69	—
160—185	491	21	28	—	540	402	—	—	22	—	20	42	—	16	1000	128	68	—
185—215	557	13	—	—	569	417	—	—	13	—	—	13	—	—	1000	101	59	—
215—255	353	72	—	—	425	350	27	—	176	—	23	198	—	—	1000	115	63	—
255—310	190	30	—	—	220	522	—	—	193	7	44	245	13	—	1000	100	56	—
310—385	296	42	—	—	339	601	61	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	30	16	—
385—520	612	—	—	—	612	388	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	6	5	—
520—700	573	—	—	—	573	304	—	—	123	—	—	123	—	—	1000	3	3	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	3	1	—
all classes	449	38	5	492	405	405	7	413	72	1	17	90	5	1000	669	360	—	
estd. hhs. (00)	300	25	4	329	271	271	5	276	48	1	11	61	3	669	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	164	17	1	182	412	412	3	145	25	1	5	31	2	360	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.13U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 64

MEGHALAYA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-speci- fied	all (5+9+13+14)		cstd. hhs. (100)	sample hhs.
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1000	—	1000	6	2	—
90—110	214	—	—	214	154	—	—	154	—	—	632	632	—	1000	5	4	—
110—135	207	—	—	207	613	180	—	793	—	—	—	—	—	1000	5	4	—
135—160	357	254	—	612	314	—	—	314	75	—	—	75	—	1000	12	5	—
160—185	245	204	—	449	186	135	—	321	230	—	—	230	—	1000	27	14	—
185—215	239	102	93	434	395	—	—	395	144	27	—	171	—	1000	36	20	—
215—255	97	157	—	254	247	78	—	325	399	22	—	421	—	1000	39	22	—
255—310	111	171	68	350	257	—	—	257	230	32	123	385	8	1000	39	46	—
310—385	—	113	—	113	243	48	194	485	361	42	—	402	—	1000	46	29	—
385—520	107	23	—	130	317	15	142	474	244	16	137	396	—	1000	59	27	56
520—700	—	19	—	19	254	—	81	335	307	—	340	646	—	1000	74	29	—
700 & above	42	—	—	42	178	50	63	291	506	—	160	667	—	1000	46	30	48
all classes	98	94	21	212	261	29	59	350	283	17	136	436	2	1000	443	232	12
estd. hhs. (00)	43	41	9	94	116	13	26	155	125	8	60	193	1	443	x	x	6
sample hhs.	27	22	3	52	67	11	43	91	62	7	19	88	1	232	x	x	2

TABLE (2.14U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY IRC/D HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

NAGALAND

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 15

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)	estd. hhs. ((C))	sample hhs.				
	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house						chawl basti	flat	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
135—160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
160—185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
185—215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
215—255	416	—	—	—	416	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
255—310	80	—	—	—	80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
310—385	64	162	—	—	226	347	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
385—520	23	115	—	—	138	544	70	23	638	178	—	45	224	1000	39	19	—
520—700	219	157	—	—	387	281	32	—	314	277	—	12	289	1000	55	29	—
700 & above	30	518	—	—	549	213	112	41	366	86	—	86	—	1000	119	64	—
all classes	121	207	4	4	332	337	48	22	407	243	—	14	257	4	1000	287	149
estd. hhs. (00)	35	59	1	1	95	97	14	6	117	70	—	4	74	1	287	x	x
sample hhs.	20	15	1	1	36	56	10	5	71	39	—	2	41	1	149	x	x

TABLE (2.15U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

ORISSA
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 177

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un- speci- ficd	all (5+9+ 13+14)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	ind. house	chawl basti	fiat all	ind. house	chawl basti	fiat all	ind. house	chawl basti	fiat all						(10)	(11)	(12)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	150	536	25	711	141	36	25	201	53	10	25	88	—	1000	442	33	—
90—110	283	390	—	673	149	87	32	269	48	—	10	58	—	1000	646	42	—
110—135	296	318	10	624	107	105	39	251	125	—	—	125	—	1000	772	60	—
135—160	248	220	15	483	138	150	34	322	134	—	60	195	—	1000	737	47	—
160—185	371	171	18	560	51	47	36	134	282	—	24	306	—	1000	931	59	—
185—215	206	273	49	528	56	96	23	175	269	31	58	298	—	1000	831	61	—
215—255	165	152	—	317	149	31	50	231	387	—	65	452	—	1000	858	60	—
255—310	39	47	24	109	180	77	47	305	293	161	133	586	—	1000	792	56	9
310—385	77	90	23	191	168	38	70	276	444	42	46	532	—	1000	814	61	9
385—520	44	23	31	98	88	10	50	148	450	26	278	754	—	1000	625	55	36
520—700	—	103	—	103	97	31	7	135	640	2	121	762	—	1000	468	31	—
700 & above	—	29	—	29	34	30	—	64	359	245	303	908	—	1000	237	26	—
all classes	177	195	18	390	117	66	38	221	279	33	78	390	—	1000	8152	591	5
estd. hhs. (00)	1440	1592	144	3176	952	535	312	1799	2277	267	633	3177	—	8152	x	x	37
sample hhs.	89	108	11	208	72	44	32	148	159	18	58	235	—	591	x	x	3

TABLE (2.16U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 134

PUNJAB

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-speci- fied	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	—	207	—	207	139	—	—	139	654	—	—	654	—	1000	85	8	—
90—110	121	114	—	236	351	28	58	437	328	—	—	328	—	1000	155	15	—
110—135	41	27	43	111	450	22	43	515	301	—	73	374	—	1000	570	41	47
135—160	14	51	14	79	182	36	—	218	646	—	58	703	—	1000	868	78	—
160—185	41	19	—	61	233	25	18	277	515	93	55	663	—	1000	923	81	—
185—215	12	44	—	56	183	—	25	208	648	51	37	735	—	1000	1138	95	—
215—255	—	4	—	4	157	3	23	184	714	20	79	812	—	1000	1243	115	—
255—310	—	—	3	3	237	11	18	266	582	44	103	729	2	1000	1600	128	—
310—385	—	18	—	18	150	76	10	235	627	16	98	741	6	1000	1293	127	—
385—520	—	—	—	—	195	43	8	247	632	33	88	753	—	1000	1501	127	—
520—700	17	29	—	46	38	130	13	180	570	34	149	753	21	1000	872	74	—
700 & above	—	21	—	21	17	—	—	17	783	141	38	962	—	1000	446	58	—
all classes	11	21	4	36	188	34	16	238	606	37	80	723	3	1000	10694	947	3
estd. hhs. (00)	—	121	225	42	388	2007	368	174	2548	6476	853	7728	30	10694	x	x	27
sample hhs.	10	24	4	38	122	23	18	163	627	24	92	743	3	947	x	x	—

TABLE (2.17U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

RAJASTHAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 184

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having sample no. dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs.	
	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	129	86	—	215	276	—	—	276	467	—	42	509	—	1000	501	24	—
90—110	142	47	—	189	200	17	—	217	517	25	52	594	—	1000	1022	48	—
110—135	204	8	—	211	111	—	—	111	515	32	120	667	11	1000	1233	81	—
135—160	124	25	15	165	115	—	9	124	483	52	176	712	—	1000	1855	96	—
160—185	103	54	—	157	111	8	17	136	571	3	123	697	10	1000	1638	98	—
185—215	84	5	11	100	134	14	—	148	551	40	161	752	—	1000	1613	93	—
215—255	106	18	18	142	81	8	—	88	604	14	152	770	—	1000	1628	92	—
255—310	41	34	31	105	59	54	—	112	506	58	218	783	—	1000	1270	78	—
310—385	—	28	8	36	60	44	—	103	658	14	180	852	8	1000	1276	81	—
385—520	24	16	—	39	26	—	—	26	665	19	250	934	—	1000	1165	71	—
520—700	—	14	—	14	25	—	—	25	769	—	192	961	—	1000	936	54	—
700 & above	1	—	—	1	20	53	85	158	627	21	193	841	—	1000	640	54	—
all classes	84	26	8	119	97	15	7	119	574	26	160	759	3	1000	14777	870	—
estd. hhs. (00)	1247	383	124	1755	1438	223	100	1760	8480	382	2360	11222	40	14777	x	x	—
sample hhs.	68	27	6	101	73	11	4	88	527	22	129	678	3	870	x	x	—

TABLE (2.18U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSEHOLD CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

SIKKIM

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 20

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having sample no. (5+9+13+14) (00) 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all estd. hhs. (00)	no. of hhs. having sample no. (17)						
	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house				chawl basti		flat	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2	1	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	701	—	299	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	3	3	—
110—135	221	—	—	221	—	—	—	—	—	—	779	779	—	—	1000	5	4	—
135—160	—	391	—	391	142	—	—	142	—	—	467	467	—	—	1000	6	7	—
160—185	—	—	59	59	468	—	191	659	—	—	282	282	—	—	1000	11	10	—
185—215	—	179	—	179	112	—	166	278	—	—	543	543	—	—	1000	6	8	—
215—255	61	61	65	122	57	—	—	57	106	—	681	787	—	34	1000	11	16	—
255—310	—	65	—	65	94	61	103	258	30	—	605	636	—	41	1000	17	20	—
310—385	—	—	83	83	263	—	83	346	—	—	571	571	—	—	1000	8	9	—
385—520	—	—	162	162	—	54	204	258	—	—	580	580	—	—	1000	12	13	—
520—700	—	—	—	—	28	—	46	74	17	—	909	926	—	—	1000	22	22	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	299	—	187	485	86	—	428	515	—	—	1000	6	6	—
all classes	16	72	6	94	162	15	101	278	24	—	594	618	10	1000	108	119	—	
estd. hhs. (00)	2	8	1	10	17	2	11	30	3	—	64	67	1	108	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	2	9	1	12	16	3	12	31	5	—	69	74	2	119	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.19U) PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

TAMIL NADU

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 230

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un- speci- fied	all (5+9+ 13+14) (00)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	inde- pend- ent house	all	flat	chawl/ basti	inde- pend- ent house	all	flat	chawl/ basti	inde- pend- ent house	all	flat	chawl/ basti					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	322	65	49	436	231	60	8	299	191	—	74	264	—	1000	2121	96	—
90—110	211	126	31	367	255	40	62	357	165	—	111	276	—	1000	2442	180	—
110—135	192	150	37	379	258	39	31	328	227	—	58	285	7	1000	3673	193	—
135—160	222	90	10	322	211	22	54	287	272	3	116	391	—	1000	4014	219	—
160—185	155	106	7	268	174	36	39	269	358	26	100	484	—	1000	4038	222	—
185—215	88	49	41	178	199	7	72	279	368	2	164	535	9	1000	4180	208	—
215—255	102	85	8	194	174	22	59	255	435	15	101	551	—	1000	4517	237	—
255—310	43	35	7	86	195	16	50	261	461	6	182	649	3	1000	4234	221	—
310—385	58	30	—	89	140	11	36	187	494	26	204	724	—	1000	3789	182	—
385—520	36	50	—	87	106	26	40	172	411	10	307	728	13	1000	3474	165	—
520—700	88	8	—	41	71	—	23	94	431	12	422	865	—	1000	2147	97	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	91	—	23	113	404	17	466	887	—	1000	1884	122	—
all classes	120	70	15	205	180	23	45	247	361	10	174	545	3	1000	40511	2092	—
est d. hhs. (00)	4849	2876	622	8298	7273	935	1805	10013	14619	409	7049	22077	124	40511	x	x	—
sample hhs.	224	140	30	394	375	53	95	523	788	21	360	1169	6	2092	x	x	—

TABLE (2.20U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

TRIPURA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 74

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)		estd. hhs.	sample hhs.	
	independent house	chaw/basti	flat	all	independent house	chaw/basti	flat	all	independent house	chaw/basti	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	1000	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4	1	—
90—110	1000	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	18	4	—
110—135	896	—	—	—	896	104	—	104	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	35	11	—
135—160	693	—	200	—	894	—	—	—	106	—	—	106	—	—	1000	35	9	—
160—185	628	123	137	—	889	111	—	111	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	28	7	—
185—215	624	28	51	—	703	199	—	199	49	—	—	49	—	—	1000	76	19	—
215—255	749	24	—	—	773	72	—	227	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	50	13	—
255—310	770	75	—	—	845	93	—	93	62	—	—	62	—	—	1000	118	30	—
310—385	796	—	—	—	796	123	—	157	5	42	—	47	—	—	1000	81	21	—
385—520	344	—	—	—	344	203	44	247	337	—	72	409	—	—	1000	81	22	—
520—700	600	—	—	—	600	91	—	91	29	—	280	309	—	—	1000	41	11	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	645	—	645	285	—	70	355	—	—	1000	15	10	—
all classes	686	27	25	25	718	139	11	6	156	83	6	31	120	6	1000	581	158	—
estd. hhs. (00)	387	16	15	15	417	81	6	4	91	48	3	18	70	4	581	x	x	—
sample hhs.	94	5	3	3	102	30	2	1	33	16	1	5	22	1	158	x	x	—

TABLE (2.21U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

UTTAR PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 528

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having no dwel- ling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un- speci- fied	all- (5+9+ 13+14) (00)	est. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	inde- pend- ent house	chaw/| basti	flat	all	inde- pend- ent house	chaw/| basti	flat	all	flat						all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	365	139	34	538	153	53	20	226	180	39	17	236	—	1000	2577	149	—
90-110	143	64	—	207	161	70	22	352	284	66	85	435	6	1000	3294	108	—
110-135	148	71	11	230	156	81	11	247	384	59	78	521	2	1000	4974	284	—
135-160	82	74	12	169	135	47	31	214	472	40	105	617	—	1000	4778	253	—
160-185	63	63	12	137	176	60	11	247	403	99	103	605	11	1000	3804	206	—
185-215	153	101	24	277	104	67	6	177	316	73	142	531	14	1000	3925	196	1
215-255	221	33	2	257	111	27	16	154	400	50	139	589	—	1000	5186	229	—
255-310	142	34	12	188	116	77	—	192	435	44	137	616	4	1000	4640	210	—
310-385	59	47	45	151	67	10	6	82	503	76	188	767	—	1000	3987	172	—
385-520	42	75	—	117	26	13	17	56	498	79	242	819	7	1000	3094	159	—
520-700	1	70	—	70	116	27	2	145	418	83	283	785	—	1000	2443	91	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	15	1	—	16	319	20	645	984	—	1000	1920	87	—
all classes	174	64	13	201	124	48	12	184	395	61	156	611	4	1000	4621	2244	—
estd. hhs. (00)	5552	5836	588	8976	5523	2130	556	8210	17611	2718	6944	27273	163	44621	x	x	5
sa r r hhs.	202	116	22	340	299	102	26	427	960	141	366	1467	10	2244	x	x	1

[Faint handwritten notes and bleed-through from the reverse side of the page are visible in this area.]

TABLE (2.22U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

WEST BENGAL

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 250

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having sample no. dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un- sp. ci- fld	all (5+9+ 13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)	
	inde- pen- dent house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	inde- pen- dent house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	inde- pen- dent house	chawl/ basti	flat	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	239	251	26	516	291	63	37	392	13	54	25	92	—	1000	1218	52	—
90-110	205	204	28	437	128	121	61	311	141	69	42	253	—	1000	1553	74	—
110-135	169	168	35	371	130	149	41	320	132	102	75	309	—	1000	3520	163	—
135-160	128	135	45	308	118	132	35	285	149	80	173	402	5	1000	3526	171	—
160-185	75	82	13	169	212	140	48	399	226	78	127	431	—	1000	2474	127	—
185-215	86	77	15	179	123	126	30	279	149	134	259	542	—	1000	2616	138	—
215-255	38	48	4	90	106	154	14	274	330	96	209	635	—	1000	3368	185	—
255-310	19	66	3	88	65	101	20	185	363	52	312	727	—	1000	3360	181	5
310-385	12	63	3	78	34	157	3	194	264	113	341	719	10	1000	3344	200	5
385-520	2	20	13	35	28	97	40	166	300	49	446	795	4	1000	3969	213	—
520-700	—	3	—	3	23	55	4	81	198	5	713	916	—	1000	1600	101	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	1	41	—	42	308	—	604	913	45	1000	1487	114	—
all classes	72	86	16	174	97	120	28	245	229	76	271	577	4	1000	32036	1719	1
estd. hhs. (00)	2302	2769	514	5585	3109	3839	894	7842	7343	2436	8695	18474	135	32036	x	x	35
sample hhs.	95	117	25	237	143	179	37	359	430	167	519	1116	7	1719	x	x	2

[Faint handwritten notes and signatures are visible in the right margin of the page.]

TABLE (2.23U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 40

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having sample no. hhs. dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-spcificd	all (5+9+13+14)(00)	estd. hhs.						
	inde. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	flat				chawl/ basti					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1	—	—	—
110—135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
135—160	284	—	—	284	—	—	284	284	211	—	—	—	—	1000	5	4	—	—
160—185	306	—	—	306	227	—	—	227	227	—	—	—	—	1000	4	4	—	—
185—215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1	1	—	—
215—255	76	—	—	76	314	—	—	431	272	—	—	—	—	1000	13	12	—	—
255—310	73	—	—	73	328	27	147	502	384	—	—	—	—	1000	22	20	—	—
310—385	82	—	—	100	238	19	94	350	476	—	—	—	—	1000	31	30	—	—
385—520	83	—	—	102	252	19	104	375	345	—	—	—	—	1000	31	29	—	—
520—700	11	—	—	11	183	—	—	488	274	—	—	—	—	1000	26	29	—	—
700 & above	107	—	—	107	153	70	27	251	333	—	—	—	—	1000	21	30	—	—
all classes	83	4	4	4	90	237	21	392	346	—	—	172	518	—	1000	154	160	—
estd. hhs. (00)	13	1	1	1	14	36	3	21	60	53	—	27	80	—	154	x	x	—
sample hhs.	14	1	1	1	16	37	4	25	66	45	—	33	78	—	160	x	x	—

TABLE (C.24U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.
ARUNACHAL PRADESH
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCCKS : 60

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category																		no. of hhs. having sample i.o dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.
	katchia						semi-pucca						pucca						
	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	un-specifid	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
less than 90	—	1000	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1	1	—	
90—110	—	126	227	353	—	383	—	383	108	155	—	264	—	1000	7	7	—		
110—135	414	348	—	762	—	—	—	—	59	—	179	238	—	1000	6	5	—		
135—160	217	683	—	900	—	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	1000	7	5	—		
160—185	239	292	—	531	105	—	—	105	141	—	223	365	—	1000	10	9	169		
185—215	303	—	—	303	101	101	209	412	137	—	—	137	148	1000	10	10	—		
215—255	119	416	—	535	87	—	—	87	29	172	177	378	—	1000	13	13	145		
255—310	245	80	—	326	350	80	—	430	193	—	52	244	—	1000	9	—	—		
310—385	327	105	—	432	93	—	—	93	220	—	119	338	138	1000	8	11	—		
385—520	225	252	—	477	256	87	—	343	124	—	56	180	—	1000	9	9	127		
520—700	—	—	—	—	293	—	—	293	561	—	145	707	—	1000	7	8	—		
700 & above	—	—	—	—	49	—	—	49	196	98	657	951	—	1000	1	8	—		
all classes	205	237	17	459	130	58	25	213	155	38	106	298	30	1000	88	95	46		
estd. hhs. (00)	18	21	2	40	11	5	2	19	14	3	9	26	3	88	x	x	4		
sample hhs.	17	17	1	35	11	5	2	18	23	3	14	40	2	95	x	x	5		

TABLE (2.25U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSE HOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 4

CHANDIGARH

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having dwelling unit pe 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	
	ind. house	chawl basi	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basi	flat	all	ind. house	chawl/basi	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90-110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	6	1	—
110-135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
135-160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
160-185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	685	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	50	5	—
185-215	—	—	—	—	98	—	—	98	300	—	—	602	—	1000	79	5	—	
215-255	178	—	—	178	74	—	—	74	246	—	—	502	—	1000	52	6	—	
255-310	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	35	501	—	—	465	—	1000	111	8	—	
310-385	—	—	—	—	24	—	—	24	296	—	—	680	—	1000	160	8	—	
385-520	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	16	496	—	—	472	—	1000	241	15	—	
520-700	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	18	233	—	—	749	—	1000	221	15	—	
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	411	—	—	567	—	1000	172	15	—	
all classes	9	—	—	—	9	25	—	7	32	386	—	573	960	—	1000	1092	78	—
estd. hhs. (00)	9	—	—	—	9	27	—	8	35	422	—	626	1048	—	1092	x	x	—
sample hhs.	1	—	—	—	1	7	—	2	9	27	—	41	68	—	78	x	x	—

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TABLE (2.27U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

DELHI

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 4

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category										un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	cs'd. hhs. (16)	sample hhs. (17)	no. of hhs. having dwelling unit per 1000 hhs. (18)			
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca											
	ind. house	chawl/flat	all	ind. house	chawl/flat	all	ind. house	chawl/flat	all	flat								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1000	—	1000	18	1	—	
50-110	—	319	—	—	319	—	—	—	319	—	—	319	361	1000	56	3	—	
110-135	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	148	671	—	—	82	752	1000	263	9	—	
135-160	—	47	—	—	47	33	—	140	338	—	—	446	813	1000	359	18	—	
160-185	—	70	—	—	70	—	—	55	397	29	—	239	875	1000	564	22	—	
185-215	23	27	—	—	49	11	—	71	488	13	—	379	880	1000	815	34	—	
215-255	—	86	—	—	86	27	—	55	302	149	—	408	858	1000	1066	39	—	
255-310	—	48	—	—	48	7	—	19	591	16	—	326	933	1000	1276	47	1	
310-385	11	43	—	—	54	10	—	58	432	90	—	357	878	1000	1760	81	—	
385-520	24	12	—	—	36	24	—	68	454	61	—	371	886	11	1000	2616	99	
520-700	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	421	63	—	507	991	—	1000	1971	69	
700 & above	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	21	378	16	—	568	962	10	1000	1931	144	
all classes	8	31	—	—	39	19	11	17	47	64	435	409	907	7	1000	12695	566	1
U.S. d. hhs. (10)	100	395	—	—	495	244	133	220	597	809	5519	5188	11516	86	12695	x	x	17
sample hhs.	4	25	—	—	29	12	11	9	32	29	205	264	498	7	566	x	x	2

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TABLE (2.28U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS,

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

GOA, DAMAN, & DIU

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	
	ind. house	chawl/flat	all	all	ind. house	chawl/flat	all	all	ind. house	chawl/flat	all	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	19	1	—	
110—135	—	330	—	330	105	—	—	105	565	—	—	565	—	1000	57	6	—	
135—160	—	—	—	—	90	438	—	528	472	—	—	472	—	1000	53	7	—	
160—185	77	—	—	77	287	—	—	287	636	—	—	636	—	1000	80	11	—	
185—215	—	175	—	—	205	—	—	205	649	21	—	670	—	1000	53	8	—	
215—255	—	342	—	—	121	—	—	121	472	—	65	537	—	1000	79	9	—	
255—310	—	—	—	—	263	74	—	337	414	102	147	663	—	1000	91	14	—	
310—385	49	264	—	313	51	130	—	181	372	—	134	506	—	1000	122	14	—	
385—520	103	—	—	103	4	4	—	8	453	10	425	889	—	1000	106	20	—	
520—700	—	—	—	—	133	93	—	225	46	—	728	775	—	1000	72	11	—	
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	349	—	651	1000	—	1000	83	17	—	
all classes	28	127	—	—	155	116	65	—	180	421	14	229	664	—	1000	815	118	—
estd. hhs. (0)	23	104	—	—	127	94	53	—	147	344	11	186	541	—	815	x	x	—
sample hhs.	4	8	—	—	12	18	8	—	26	51	3	26	80	—	118	x	x	—

TABLE (2.29U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

LAKSHADWEEP

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 8

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category										un- speci- fied	all estd. hhs. (16)	sample hhs. (17)	no. of hhs. having no dwel- ling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca											
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)					(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—135	308	—	—	308	—	—	—	—	692	—	—	692	—	1000	—	2	3	—
135—160	—	—	—	—	111	—	110	221	779	—	—	779	—	1000	—	4	9	—
160—185	—	—	—	—	138	—	—	138	862	—	—	862	—	1000	—	4	8	—
185—215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	1000	—	3	7	—
215—255	—	—	—	—	94	—	—	94	906	—	—	906	—	1000	—	5	11	—
255—310	—	—	—	—	311	205	—	516	484	—	—	484	—	1000	—	3	6	—
310—385	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	1000	—	5	9	—
385—520	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	715	—	—	285	—	1000	—	2	4	—
520—700	—	1000	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	—	1000	—	1	1	—
all classes	16	16	—	32	85	22	16	122	824	—	22	846	—	1000	—	29	59	—
estd. hhs. (00)	—	—	—	1	2	1	—	4	24	—	1	25	—	29	—	x	x	—
sample hhs.	1	1	—	2	5	1	1	7	49	—	1	50	—	59	—	x	x	—

TABLE (2.30U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 54

MIZORAM

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category													no. of hhs. having sample no. dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.				
	katcha			semi-pucca			pucca			un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.					
	ind. house	chawl/flat basti	all	ind. house	chawl/flat basti	all	ind. house	chawl/flat basti	all									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
135—160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
160—185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
185—215	233	—	—	233	681	86	—	767	—	—	—	—	—	1000	16	14	—	
215—255	115	—	—	115	824	—	46	870	15	—	—	15	—	1000	66	27	—	
255—310	35	18	20	74	893	—	20	913	—	—	—	34	13	1000	133	45	—	
310—385	310	—	—	310	641	—	15	656	20	—	14	—	—	1000	77	45	—	
385—520	287	—	—	287	615	—	76	690	23	—	—	23	—	1000	75	51	—	
520—700	—	—	—	—	863	—	60	923	47	—	30	77	—	1000	36	20	—	
700 & above	—	—	—	—	545	138	17	700	209	21	71	300	—	1000	10	11	—	
all classes	149	6	6	161	766	7	36	808	19	—	7	27	4	1000	412	237	—	
estd. hhs. (00)	61	2	3	66	316	3	15	333	8	—	3	11	2	412	x	x	—	
sample hhs.	32	2	1	35	164	2	12	178	17	1	5	23	1	237	x	x	—	

TABLE (2.31U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

PONDICHERRY

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 14

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.			
	katcha				semi-pucca				pucca				un-specified	all (5+9+13+14) (00)		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.	
	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all	ind. house	chawl basti	flat	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	—	865	—	—	865	—	—	—	135	—	—	135	—	—	1000	38	4	—
90—110	—	688	—	—	688	225	—	312	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	62	7	—
110—135	39	551	38	—	629	—	—	—	371	—	—	—	—	—	1000	140	16	—
135—160	—	337	—	—	337	—	—	156	507	—	—	—	—	—	1000	68	8	—
160—185	—	584	—	—	584	—	—	—	416	—	—	—	—	—	1000	39	5	—
185—215	113	477	—	—	590	—	115	115	295	—	—	—	—	—	1000	48	5	—
215—255	—	151	—	—	151	—	36	406	397	—	45	442	—	—	1000	118	16	—
255—310	—	553	—	—	553	—	—	91	206	—	149	355	—	—	1000	60	10	—
310—385	114	201	—	—	315	—	—	—	613	—	77	685	—	—	1000	48	9	—
385—520	—	—	—	—	—	—	56	251	611	—	138	749	—	—	1000	96	13	—
520—700	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	500	—	500	1000	—	—	1000	13	2	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	505	—	495	1000	—	—	1000	24	5	—
all classes	22	374	7	403	110	19	22	150	382	—	66	447	—	—	1000	754	100	—
estd. hhs. (00)	16	282	5	303	83	14	16	113	288	—	50	337	—	—	754	x	x	—
sample hhs.	3	33	1	37	8	1	3	12	42	—	9	51	—	—	100	x	x	—

TABLE (2.32U) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS BY BROAD HOUSE CATEGORY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

ALL INDIA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS -: 2298

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	house category														no. of hhs. having no sample dwelling unit per 1000 hhs.		
	katohra				semi-pucca				pucca				all e. td. hhs. (5+9+13+14) (00)	un-speci- fied		(17)	(18)
	indep- endent house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	indep- endent house	chawl/ basti	flat	all	indep- endent house	chawl/ basti	flat	all					
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
less than 90	293	171	17	481	211	95	18	324	150	18	22	190	5	100.0	15726	874	1
90-110	179	145	10	334	244	97	30	371	205	32	55	292	3	100.0	18690	1117	1
110-135	175	134	13	322	205	92	20	317	260	45	51	357	4	100.0	31609	1897	1
135-160	143	93	13	249	193	89	25	307	300	51	90	441	3	100.0	36014	2271	—
160-185	106	90	7	203	189	78	20	288	334	77	92	503	6	100.0	32178	2042	—
165-215	98	72	16	187	159	70	30	260	342	72	132	547	6	100.0	31877	2052	1
215-255	94	54	4	152	159	63	24	246	396	81	123	600	3	100.0	36866	2411	—
255-310	54	50	6	110	146	72	22	240	417	62	170	649	2	100.0	36359	2392	1
310-385	39	36	8	83	101	68	21	190	419	86	215	721	6	100.0	34293	2263	3
385-520	27	32	3	62	71	49	24	144	423	70	296	789	5	100.0	34494	2348	3
520-700	11	25	2	38	62	42	11	116	414	63	369	846	1	100.0	20003	1381	—
700 & above	2	8	1	11	39	15	15	69	416	47	449	913	6	100.0	16317	1619	1
all classes	96	73	8	177	149	70	22	242	350	63	164	577	4	100.0	344425	22667	1
estd. hhs. (00)	33092	24979	2884	60956	51357	24233	7706	83297	120676	21576	56424	198676	1497	344425	x	x	338
sample hhs.	2096	1408	188	3692	3583	1440	567	5590	8105	1341	3833	13279	106	22667	x	x	36

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TABLE (3.01R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DUELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 290

ANDHRA PRADESH

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																	
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs.(00)	reporting all covered area	sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area x	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area y	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
less than 65	1000	3.89	1000	49.57	1000	5.87	—	—	993	14.41	4304	4333	118	120				
65—80	1000	10.19	1000	49.72	1000	5.89	—	—	995	21.10	6321	6252	171	172				
80—95	1000	15.80	1000	33.63	1000	45.89	—	—	1000	25.98	8578	8578	225	225				
95—110	1000	9.23	1000	50.93	1000	8.60	—	—	1000	19.90	12439	12439	330	330				
110—125	1000	11.25	1000	58.95	1000	14.35	—	—	1000	29.40	11799	11394	297	297				
125—140	1000	24.49	1000	29.00	1000	20.41	—	—	1220	24.96	8236	8232	232	232				
140—160	1000	14.22	1000	39.31	1000	62.97	—	—	1000	31.56	11781	11781	321	321				
160—180	1000	6.97	982	124.70	1000	38.81	—	—	994	58.89	7148	7190	211	212				
180—215	1000	22.71	1000	29.10	1000	56.50	—	—	999	34.79	10705	10713	318	319				
215—280	1000	14.62	1000	84.36	1000	46.51	—	—	1000	45.74	10364	10364	336	336				
280—385	1000	40.82	1000	122.65	1000	32.34	—	—	1000	61.45	6280	6280	232	232				
385 & above	1000	8.83	1000	122.84	1000	84.78	—	—	1000	84.42	4228	54228	191	191				
all classes	1000	13.93	999	56.47	1000	39.27	—	—	999	32.67	10177	101887	2982	2987				
estimated households (00)																		
i) reporting covered area	48568	x	28161	x	25048	x	—	x	101777	x	x	x	x	x	x			
ii) all	48568	x	28203	x	25048	x	68	x	101887	x	x	x	x	x	x			
samate households																		
i) reporting covered area	1239	x	850	x	893	x	—	x	2982	x	x	x	x	x	x			
ii) all	1239	x	851	x	893	x	4	x	2987	x	x	x	x	x	x			

TABLE (3.02R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS, WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

ASSAM

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 167

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucc: house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	no. of reporting hhs. per 1000	per capita covered area hhs.	no. of reporting hhs. per 1000	per capita covered area hhs.	no. of reporting hhs. per 1000	per capita covered area hhs.	no. of reporting hhs. per 1000	per capita covered area hhs.	no. of reporting hhs. per 1000	per capita covered area hhs.	no. of reporting hhs. per 1000	per capita covered area hhs.	per capita covered area hhs.	per capita covered area hhs.	per capita covered area hhs.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
less than 65	1000	4.09	1000	3.06	—	—	—	—	1000	3.68	228	228	12	15			
65—80	1000	20.90	1000	34.07	1000	4.82	—	—	1000	21.13	765	765	45	45			
80—95	1000	16.73	1000	6.76	1000	4.86	—	—	994	15.47	2011	2024	115	116			
95—110	1000	9.62	1000	30.21	1000	5.07	—	—	1000	12.03	3196	3196	184	184			
110—125	1000	19.38	1000	35.02	1000	21.32	—	—	1000	20.90	3909	3909	213	213			
125—140	1000	14.18	1000	5.32	1000	19.59	—	—	1000	12.83	3031	3031	167	167			
140—160	1000	9.29	1000	10.31	1000	8.06	—	—	998	9.48	4049	4058	234	235			
160—180	1000	14.47	1000	21.41	1000	70.93	638	5.50	993	20.41	2863	2884	166	168			
180—215	1000	11.18	1000	21.90	1000	63.20	806	8.02	997	17.30	3228	3237	198	199			
215—280	1000	9.28	1000	7.98	1000	10.16	—	—	1000	8.96	2764	2764	182	182			
280—385	1000	15.80	1000	7.87	1000	9.33	—	—	996	12.27	1459	1466	100	101			
385 & above	1000	10.40	1000	6.95	1000	14.67	—	—	1000	10.50	557	557	45	45			
all classes	1000	13.60	1000	15.62	1000	26.48	560	6.46	998	14.64	28060	28117	1661	1667			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area																	
area	22008	x	4720	x	1260	x	73	x	28060	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	22008	x	4720	x	1260	x	130	x	28117	x	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area																	
area	1193	x	350	x	115	x	3	x	1661	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	1193	x	350	x	115	x	9	x	1667	x	x	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.03R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

BIHAR NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 395

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting area	per capita covered hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area	per capita covered hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area	per capita covered hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area	per capita covered hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area	per capita covered hhs.	per capita covered area		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
less than 65	1000	6.49	1000	1000	6.73	1000	7.66	—	986	6.61	6036	6120	167	169			
65—80	1000	6.79	1000	1000	7.10	1000	9.47	—	996	7.08	10334	110381	295	296			
80—95	1000	7.11	1000	1000	7.38	1000	13.42	—	997	7.69	14165	14209	449	451			
95—110	1000	8.36	1000	1000	11.00	1000	53.73	—	995	13.00	18103	18194	561	563			
110—125	1000	10.56	1000	1000	32.26	1000	9.90	—	1000	15.61	16190	16190	519	519			
125—140	1000	14.78	1000	1000	18.80	1000	14.78	—	1000	15.62	11820	11820	385	385			
140—160	1000	12.22	1000	1000	24.15	1000	17.78	—	1000	16.19	10380	10380	365	365			
160—180	1000	13.75	1000	1000	13.96	1000	15.81	451	995	14.20	8500	8545	287	288			
180—215	1000	27.84	1000	1000	27.47	1000	19.13	672	997	25.63	8970	8995	341	342			
215—280	991	20.89	1000	1000	13.30	1000	31.95	—	993	21.39	7213	7264	278	281			
280—385	1000	71.32	1000	1000	26.95	1000	71.58	—	992	57.32	4100	4131	157	158			
385 & above	1000	12.82	1000	1000	22.08	962	36.89	372	967	25.10	2852	2949	113	116			
all classes	1000	12.08	1000	1000	17.54	997	23.78	213	996	15.01	118664	119180	3917	3933			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area																	
	79911	x	24381	x	14253	x	119	x	118664	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all																	
	79942	x	24381	x	14297	x	560	x	119180	x	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area																	
	2413	x	876	x	624	x	4	x	3917	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all																	
	2414	x	876	x	625	x	18	x	3933	x	x	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.04R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 140

GUJARAT

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure													
	katcha house		semi-pucca		pucca house		unspecified		all categories		estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. reporting area	all covered area
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 65	1000	2.78	1000	2.77	—	—	—	—	940	2.78	394	419	11	12
65—80	1000	5.78	1000	4.67	1000	3.00	—	—	1000	5.52	1063	1063	29	29
80—95	1000	5.13	1000	8.95	1000	2.43	—	—	1000	6.50	2660	2660	79	79
95—110	1000	21.36	990	6.25	1000	7.89	—	—	996	13.93	4549	4568	135	136
110—125	1000	46.68	1000	32.61	1000	10.37	—	—	1000	34.27	5769	5769	169	169
125—140	1000	23.85	1000	73.51	1000	8.71	—	—	1000	43.28	5133	5133	154	154
140—160	1000	68.46	1000	73.02	1000	8.67	—	—	1000	59.59	6375	6375	181	181
160—180	1000	116.64	1000	9.91	1000	165.72	—	—	996	86.67	3768	3783	113	114
180—215	1000	9.31	1000	73.97	1000	11.39	1000	10.00	1000	34.84	5675	5675	183	183
215—280	1000	12.32	1000	25.66	1000	89.37	—	—	1000	47.86	5445	5445	177	177
280—385	1000	18.94	1000	15.23	1000	16.92	—	—	994	16.61	2381	2396	90	91
385 & above	1000	13.22	1000	14.97	1000	21.40	—	—	1000	19.08	1904	1904	73	73
all classes	1000	32.15	999	41.25	1000	41.24	369	10.00	998	38.03	45116	45190	1394	1398
estimated households (00)														
(i) reporting covered area	16876	x	18530	x	9677	x	32	x	45116	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	16876	x	18549	x	9677	x	87	x	45190	x	x	x	x	x
sample households														
(i) reporting covered area	470	x	564	x	359	x	1	x	1394	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	470	x	565	x	359	x	4	x	1398	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.05 R) NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

HARYANA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 60

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories		
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
less than 65	1000	6.95	1000	5.00	1000	8.24	—	—	1000	7.26	203	203	6	6	
65—80	1000	6.00	1000	3.51	1000	3.64	—	—	1000	3.87	167	167	6	6	
80—95	1000	4.63	1000	3.46	1000	5.15	—	—	1000	4.53	689	689	20	20	
95—110	1000	4.69	1000	7.49	1000	5.98	—	—	1000	6.00	1062	1062	29	29	
110—125	1000	6.26	1000	3.34	1000	5.74	—	—	1000	5.31	1139	1139	35	35	
125—140	1000	5.26	1000	7.77	1000	7.73	—	—	1000	7.21	1423	1423	43	43	
140—160	1000	5.87	1000	8.83	1000	6.94	—	—	987	7.29	17.94	1818	55	56	
160—180	1000	6.00	1000	6.07	1000	10.71	—	—	1000	8.47	2082	2082	65	65	
180—215	1000	6.09	1000	11.45	1000	11.35	1000	13.33	1000	10.81	2810	2810	91	91	
215—280	1000	10.19	1000	17.18	1000	25.98	1000	5.00	1000	22.88	3662	3662	117	117	
280—385	1000	9.17	1000	20.53	1000	18.24	—	—	1000	18.02	1919	1919	67	67	
385 & above	1000	7.77	1000	14.79	1000	26.42	—	—	1000	22.50	1414	1444	65	65	
all classes	1000	6.36	1000	10.77	1000	14.58	727	11.21	999	12.49	18395	18419	599	600	
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	2813	x	4967	x	10550	x	65	x	18395	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	2813	x	4967	x	10550	x	89	x	18419	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households															
(i) repating covered area	88	x	152	x	357	x	2	x	599	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	88	x	152	x	357	x	3	x	600	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.06R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 94

HIMACHAL PRADESH

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs. reporting covered area
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	all reporting covered area
less than 65	1000	3.89	1000	5.43	—	—	—	—	1000	4.58	25	25	2	2	
65-80	1000	1.50	1000	7.89	1000	3.64	—	—	1000	5.68	60	60	5	5	
80-95	1000	5.24	1000	8.32	1000	5.50	—	—	1000	7.18	209	209	21	21	
95-110	1000	5.12	1000	11.39	1000	4.79	—	—	1000	8.81	316	316	35	35	
110-125	1000	9.60	1000	6.78	1000	5.63	—	—	1000	7.62	503	503	52	52	
125-140	1000	7.90	1000	10.99	1000	6.47	—	—	989	9.18	678	686	73	74	
140-160	1000	10.99	1000	11.01	1000	8.09	—	—	1000	10.25	966	966	107	107	
160-180	1000	9.00	1000	12.96	1000	8.50	—	—	1000	11.61	797	797	87	87	
180-215	1000	10.79	1000	13.83	1000	10.51	—	—	995	12.50	1460	1466	159	160	
215-280	1000	12.31	1000	15.53	1000	9.31	—	—	996	13.45	1357	1362	164	165	
280-385	1000	14.93	1000	14.66	1000	18.90	—	—	1000	15.55	1113	1113	121	121	
385 & above	1000	15.41	1000	31.79	1000	16.71	—	—	1000	22.85	872	872	102	102	
all classes	1000	10.05	1000	13.34	1000	11.03	—	—	998	12.08	8356	8376	928	931	
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	2200	x	4780	x	1376	x	—	x	8356	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	2200	x	4780	x	8376	x	20	x	8376	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households															
(i) reporting covered area	266	x	495	x	167	x	—	x	928	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	266	x	495	x	167	x	3	x	931	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.07R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

JAMMU & KASHMIR

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 180

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucc. house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
less than 65	1000	10.91	1000	4.63	—	—	—	—	1000	6.37	53	53	8	8		
65—80	1000	4.57	1000	6.31	—	—	—	—	1000	5.06	130	130	19	19		
80—95	1000	8.35	1000	6.16	1000	3.71	—	—	1000	7.54	420	420	67	67		
95—110	1000	7.17	1000	6.50	1000	6.75	—	—	1000	6.87	598	598	100	100		
110—125	1000	7.77	1000	6.67	1000	7.20	—	—	995	7.22	929	934	148	149		
125—140	1000	6.36	1000	6.32	1000	6.94	—	—	1000	6.39	933	933	149	149		
140—160	1000	9.48	1000	7.78	1000	8.37	—	—	1000	8.53	1103	1103	201	201		
160—180	1000	8.65	1000	9.38	1000	7.90	—	—	995	8.84	948	954	163	164		
180—215	1000	10.38	1000	9.17	1000	9.43	—	—	1000	9.63	1278	1278	239	239		
215—280	1000	11.69	1000	15.40	1000	11.47	—	—	1000	13.11	1327	1327	235	235		
280—385	1000	12.04	986	10.31	1000	59.63	—	—	995	32.96	868	873	160	161		
385 & above	1000	13.06	1000	9.81	1000	15.75	—	—	1000	13.56	688	688	102	102		
all classes	1000	8.88	999	8.76	1000	18.21	—	—	998	10.87	9275	9290	1691	1594		
estimated households(00)																
(i) reporting covered area	3495	x	3715	x	2065	x	—	x	9275	x	x	x	x	z		
(ii) all	3495	x	3720	x	2065	x	10	x	9290	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	543	x	659	x	389	x	—	x	1591	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	543	x	660	x	389	x	2	x	1594	x	z	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.09R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 168

KERALA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.		
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
(1)																	
less than 65	1000	3.93	1000	4.63	1000	8.00	—	1000	4.27	532	532	19	19				
65-80	1000	3.83	1000	5.56	1000	5.48	—	1000	4.74	1003	1003	38	38				
80-95	1000	4.12	1000	4.81	1000	6.93	—	1000	4.92	1375	1375	55	55				
95-110	1000	4.97	1000	6.73	1000	6.04	—	1000	5.89	2510	2510	98	98				
110-125	1000	5.16	1000	7.24	1000	7.89	—	1000	6.80	2741	2741	109	109				
125-140	1000	6.09	1000	7.36	1000	7.93	—	1000	7.13	3299	3299	132	132				
140-160	1000	5.65	1000	8.04	1000	8.09	—	1000	7.26	4376	4376	172	172				
160-180	1000	6.59	1000	8.83	1000	9.81	—	992	8.95	4123	4156	162	163				
180-215	1000	6.73	1000	9.99	1000	12.22	485	994	10.03	5035	5065	206	207				
215-280	1000	7.92	1000	10.22	949	12.89	—	973	11.27	5131	5274	227	230				
280-385	1000	11.12	1000	13.43	1000	16.60	—	999	14.97	4277	4282	197	198				
385 & above	1000	10.99	1000	14.49	1000	34.84	—	1000	29.43	4303	4303	258	258				
all classes	1000	6.05	1000	8.89	991	14.23	292	995	10.44	38705	38916	1673	1679				
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area	10664	x	11602	x	16411	x	28	38705	x	x	x	x	x				
(ii) all	10664	x	11602	x	16554	x	96	38916	x	x	x	x	x				
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area	395	x	466	x	810	x	2	1673	x	x	x	x	x				
(ii) all	395	x	466	x	813	x	5	1679	x	x	x	x	x				

TABLE (3.10R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
MADHYA PRADESH
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 317

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure														
	katcha	house	semi-pucca house	pucca house	unspecified	all categories		estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.					
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
less than 65	1000	6.07	1000	9.12	1000	5.53	1000	2.63	1000	7.84	5472	5472	190	190	
65-80	1000	11.37	1000	11.48	1000	666.13	—	—	1000	22.12	8005	8005	283	283	
80-95	1000	9.42	1000	10.69	1000	17.62	—	—	1000	10.59	9041	9041	317	317	
95-110	994	12.01	1000	13.42	1000	8.27	—	—	992	12.60	10723	10809	279	382	
110-125	1000	14.41	992	15.94	1000	45.10	—	—	996	17.90	9424	9522	323	324	
125-140	1000	23.84	1000	20.82	1000	11.28	—	—	1000	20.73	7760	7760	283	283	
140-160	1000	25.27	1000	30.37	1000	35.33	—	—	997	29.14	8775	8802	318	319	
160-180	1000	8.67	1000	43.21	1000	129.25	—	—	1000	44.02	5866	5866	223	223	
180-215	1000	10.17	1000	17.27	1000	32.20	—	—	1000	17.43	6713	6713	266	266	
215-280	1000	14.07	1000	31.24	1000	30.93	—	—	996	26.44	5878	5899	260	261	
280-385	1000	11.95	1000	24.13	1000	89.96	—	—	1000	36.27	4176	4176	171	171	
385 & above	1000	99.05	1000	32.68	1000	28.14	—	—	989	50.98	2794	2826	134	135	
all classes	999	15.46	999	18.68	1000	53.22	148	2.63	998	20.99	84688	84893	3147	3154	
estimated households(00)															
(i) reporting covered area															
area	29945	x	46927	x	7793	x	24	x	84688	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	29971	x	46963	x	7793	x	165	x	84893	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households															
(i) reporting covered area															
area	1005	x	1770	x	371	x	1	x	3147	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	1006	x	1771	x	371	x	6	x	3154	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.11R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METR) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 285

MAHARASHTRA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			puccah ouse		unspecified			all categories			sample hhs. reporting covered area
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area		all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
less than 65	1000	4.14	1000	7.85	1000	3.49	—	—	1000	5.74	3959	3959	122	122	
65-79	1000	4.23	1000	5.03	1000	4.18	—	—	1000	4.55	5847	5847	187	187	
80-95	1000	6.03	1000	7.09	1000	5.35	1000	5.00	1000	6.36	8644	8644	266	266	
95-110	1000	6.18	992	5.21	1000	6.45	—	—	996	5.77	9935	9971	313	314	
110-125	1000	6.94	1000	6.59	1000	7.60	1000	3.33	1000	6.88	9923	9923	306	306	
125-140	1000	6.36	993	7.74	1000	6.18	—	—	996	7.10	8231	8262	272	273	
140-160	1000	7.18	1000	10.76	1000	33.63	—	—	997	12.98	9840	9871	308	309	
160-80	1000	8.66	1000	10.39	1000	8.06	—	—	1000	9.34	6041	6041	209	209	
180-715	1000	10.14	1000	9.64	1000	9.97	1000	10.00	1000	9.81	7950	7950	279	279	
215-80	1000	9.19	1000	9.16	1000	26.17	1000	40.00	1000	15.05	7642	7642	268	268	
280-385	1000	7.87	1000	13.56	1000	9.14	—	—	975	10.82	5313	4552	172	173	
385 & above	1000	15.72	1000	11.92	1000	14.73	—	—	1000	13.00	3666	3666	142	142	
all classes	1000	6.50	998	8.27	1000	12.73	348	19.21	997	8.49	86989	87227	2844	2848	
estimated household (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	30832	x	41256	x	14810	x	91	x	86989	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	30832	x	41323	x	14810	x	262	x	87227	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households															
(i) reporting covered area	901	x	1314	x	625	x	4	x	2844	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	901	x	1316	x	625	x	6	x	2848	x	x	x	x	x	

This table is prepared by the Maharashtra State Government, Department of Statistics, Mumbai. It is based on the data collected from the Sarvekshana survey conducted in rural areas of Maharashtra during July-September 1992. The survey was conducted in 285 sample villages. The data is presented in this table in the form of a matrix. The rows represent the monthly per capita expenditure class and the columns represent the type of structure. The cells in the matrix contain the number of households reporting covered area per 1000 households and the per capita covered area in square meters. The total number of households and the total per capita covered area are also given at the bottom of the table.

TABLE (3.12R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 59

MANIPUR

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	Katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
65-80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
80-95	1000	12.33	1000	5.20	—	—	—	—	1000	5.40	15	15	4	4		
95-110	1000	6.14	1000	5.90	—	—	—	—	1000	6.05	49	49	23	23		
110-125	1000	8.17	1000	7.75	—	—	—	—	1000	8.09	96	96	39	39		
125-140	1000	6.97	1000	11.83	—	—	—	1000	5.00	8.10	117	117	47	47		
140-160	1000	22.18	1000	10.95	—	—	1000	10.00	1000	19.39	235	235	81	81		
160-180	1000	36.77	1000	8.42	1000	6.43	—	—	992	28.48	236	238	83	84		
180-215	978	21.63	987	8.93	1000	5.00	585	16.43	969	17.11	340	351	125	128		
215-280	1000	66.40	1000	19.65	1000	5.17	1000	13.20	1000	48.43	328	328	116	116		
280-385	1000	23.71	1000	8.36	1000	10.50	—	—	1000	16.54	147	147	57	57		
385 & above	1000	16.67	1000	8.40	1000	11.08	1000	18.00	1000	10.72	17	17	10	10		
all classes	995	29.50	997	10.63	1000	6.37	630	13.88	992	23.06	1581	1593	585	589		
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	1078	x	447	x	35	x	11	x	1581	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	1083	x	458	x	35	x	17	x	1593	x	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	394	x	172	x	714	x	5	x	585	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	395	x	173	x	14	x	7	x	589	x	x	x	x	x	x	

TABLE (3.13R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

MEGHALAYA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 64

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																	
	katcha house				semi-pucca house				pucca house				unspecified		all categories		estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area		
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)					
less than 65	1000	9.26	1000	8.12	—	—	—	—	1000	8.75	75	75	18					
65—80	1000	7.92	1000	7.50	—	—	—	—	1000	7.91	79	79	23					
80—95	1000	8.70	1000	8.14	—	—	—	—	1000	8.67	195	195	52					
95—110	1000	9.75	1000	8.16	—	—	—	—	1000	8.74	207	207	54					
110—125	1000	9.45	1000	5.32	—	—	—	—	1000	8.03	177	177	51					
125—140	1000	10.25	1000	5.35	1000	6.15	—	—	1000	7.70	189	189	52					
140—160	1000	8.26	1000	5.56	1000	7.94	—	—	1000	7.36	188	188	53					
160—180	1000	7.20	1000	2.84	1000	2.25	—	—	1000	4.54	226	226	61					
180—215	1000	7.61	1000	5.15	1000	8.21	—	—	1000	6.82	328	328	104					
215—280	1000	8.52	1000	7.35	1000	7.20	—	—	1000	7.83	384	384	95					
280—385	1000	7.44	1000	3.95	1000	4.14	—	—	1000	4.43	153	153	37					
385 & above	1000	6.90	1000	11.43	1000	5.09	—	—	1000	7.91	105	105	26					
all classes	1000	8.57	1000	5.44	1000	5.71	—	—	1000	7.19	2308	2308	626					
estimated households (00)																		
(i) reporting covered area	1713	×	773	×	122	×	—	×	2308	×	×	×	×					
(ii) all	1413	×	773	×	122	×	—	×	2308	×	×	×	×					
sample households																		
(i) reporting covered area	373	×	194	×	59	×	—	×	626	×	×	×	×					
(ii) all	373	×	194	×	59	×	—	×	626	×	×	×	×					

TABLE (3.15) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 177

ORISSA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																	
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. reporting covered area	all covered area
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
less than 65	1000	5.73	1000	4.68	—	—	—	—	1000	5.66	4075	4075	120	120				
65—80	1000	5.20	965	4.96	1000	2.25	—	—	994	5.14	6322	6360	183	184				
80—95	999	6.08	1000	6.20	1000	4.93	—	—	999	6.06	7325	7334	233	234				
95—110	1000	6.43	1000	6.48	1000	6.51	—	—	1000	6.44	6873	6873	228	228				
110—125	1000	6.52	1000	7.58	1000	6.86	—	—	1000	6.69	5863	5863	201	201				
125—140	991	7.02	1000	7.22	1000	10.40	—	—	993	7.14	4334	4366	154	155				
140—160	1000	6.96	1000	9.07	1000	10.29	—	—	1000	7.72	4640	4640	159	159				
160—180	1000	8.16	1000	9.17	1000	10.18	—	—	1000	8.59	3062	3062	123	123				
180—215	1000	8.21	1000	9.17	1000	8.26	—	—	1000	8.43	3300	3300	130	130				
215—280	1000	7.08	1000	11.03	1000	11.10	—	—	1000	8.70	2707	2707	116	116				
280—385	1000	12.82	1000	11.65	1000	14.86	—	—	1000	12.93	1629	1629	80	80				
385 & above	1000	12.05	1000	13.14	1000	16.98	—	—	1000	14.26	832	832	39	39				
all classes	999	6.57	995	7.77	1000	9.90	—	—	998	6.96	50961	51040	1766	1769				

estimated households (00)

(i) reporting covered area

(ii) all

40634

40675

7755

7793

2571

2571

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

sample households

(i) reporting covered area

(ii) all

1323

1325

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

×

TABLE (3.16R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS
PUNJAB
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 134

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure													
	katcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house		unspecified		all categories		estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	estd. hhs. (00)	per capita covered area	no. of hhs reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 65	1000	3.62	—	—	1000	10.46	—	—	1000	6.43	115	115	6	6
65—80	1000	4.05	1000	3.54	1000	14.00	—	—	1000	4.32	114	114	6	6
80—95	1000	2.59	1000	3.75	1000	4.78	—	—	1000	3.45	380	380	20	20
95—110	1000	2.62	1000	4.39	1000	3.96	—	—	1000	3.90	1222	1222	49	49
110—125	1000	4.16	1000	4.70	1000	5.47	—	—	1000	4.77	1676	1676	77	77
125—140	1000	4.07	1000	5.24	1000	5.26	—	—	1000	4.78	1650	1650	81	81
140—160	1000	3.84	1000	6.42	1000	8.24	—	—	1000	6.72	2046	2046	108	108
160—180	1000	4.53	1000	6.20	1000	6.73	—	—	1000	6.07	2348	2348	123	123
180—215	956	7.82	1000	7.27	1000	16.16	—	—	991	12.45	3988	4024	192	193
215—280	1000	6.23	1000	8.58	1000	9.11	—	—	1000	8.73	5123	5123	255	255
280—385	1000	8.49	1000	10.27	998	11.85	—	—	998	11.35	3377	3383	204	205
385 & above	1000	6.68	1000	11.02	1000	33.21	1000	24.00	1000	27.34	3344	3344	215	215
all classes	992	4.98	1000	7.14	1000	13.65	1000	24.00	998	10.40	25383	25424	1336	1338
estimated households (00)														
(i) reporting covered area	4618	×	7595	×	13164	×	6	×	25383	×	×	×	×	×
(ii) all	4653	×	7595	×	13170	×	6	×	25424	×	×	×	×	×
sample households														
(i) reporting covered area	222	×	402	×	711	×	1	×	1336	×	×	×	×	×
(ii) all	223	×	402	×	712	×	1	×	1338	×	×	×	×	×

TABLE (3.18R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METER) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 20

SIKKIM

monthly per capital expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																	
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
		no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	all reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	
less than 65	1000	1.80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	1.80	6	6	2	2			
65—80	1000	2.25	1000	2.25	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2.25	6	6	2	2			
80—95	1000	2.57	1000	2.56	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2.57	19	19	7	7			
95—110	1000	4.59	1000	2.97	1000	2.00	—	—	—	1000	3.51	37	37	15	15			
110—125	1000	4.43	1000	3.35	1000	3.32	—	—	—	1000	3.55	53	53	19	19			
125—140	1000	3.23	1000	3.91	1000	3.19	—	—	—	1000	3.60	78	78	28	28			
140—160	1000	3.09	1000	4.28	1000	4.04	—	—	—	1000	3.88	78	78	27	27			
160—180	1000	2.88	1000	5.16	1000	3.32	—	—	—	1000	4.51	44	44	18	18			
180—215	1000	5.72	1000	4.94	1000	4.58	—	—	—	1000	4.93	49	49	20	20			
215—280	1000	105.70	1000	5.17	1000	4.80	—	—	—	1000	21.80	60	60	27	27			
280—385	1000	8.83	1000	10.75	1000	11.06	—	—	—	1000	10.73	41	41	17	17			
385 & above	1000	7.30	1000	8.62	1000	6.17	—	—	—	1000	7.86	43	43	18	18			
all classes	1000	9.67	1000	4.67	1000	4.37	—	—	—	1000	5.90	513	513	200	200			
estimated households (00)																		
(i) reporting covered area	138	×	284	×	91	×	×	×	×	513	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
(ii) all	138	×	284	×	91	×	×	×	×	513	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
sample households																		
(i) reporting area	52	×	110	×	38	×	×	×	×	200	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
(ii) all	52	×	110	×	38	×	×	×	×	200	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	

TABLE (3.20R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

UTTAR PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 528

(1)	monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)														
	type of structure					all categories					estd. hhs. (00)				
	katcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house	unspecified		all categories			reporting covered area		reporting covered area		
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	per capita covered area	reporting covered area	reporting covered area	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	
less than 65	10.50	1000	11.72	1000	44.58	—	—	1000	12.85	7835	7835	197	197		
65—80	8.24	1000	9.56	1000	5.66	—	—	1000	8.51	13449	13449	333	333		
80—95	13.69	1000	9.69	1000	7.20	—	—	1000	11.44	19417	19417	501	501		
95—110	9.47	1000	9.93	1000	10.51	—	—	999	9.80	21357	21357	568	568		
110—125	28.71	1000	11.62	1000	10.29	—	—	998	19.34	20404	20404	572	572		
125—140	26.59	1000	11.29	1000	9.99	—	—	1000	17.90	17396	17396	499	499		
140—160	17.50	1000	13.24	1000	10.37	1000	23.37	1000	14.17	18789	18789	561	561		
160—180	38.80	1000	13.40	1000	14.85	—	—	995	23.41	15066	15145	442	444		
180—215	12.77	1000	15.98	1000	18.38	1000	14.50	1000	14.13	17125	17125	529	529		
215—280	13.18	1000	29.23	1000	14.94	—	—	997	19.14	15887	15887	522	523		
280—385	13.62	1000	17.12	995	17.29	—	—	998	16.33	10017	10035	341	342		
385 & above	14.31	1000	23.79	1000	19.63	—	—	1000	19.57	5274	5274	202	202		
all classes	17.26	1000	13.34	999	12.96	225	18.81	999	14.96	181944	182157	5267	5273		
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area															
86009	×	60714	×	35165	×	57	×	181944	×	×	×	×	×	×	
86009	×	60714	×	35183	×	251	×	182157	×	×	×	×	×	×	
(ii) all															
sample households															
(i) reporting area															
2185	×	1767	×	1312	×	3	×	5267	×	×	×	×	×	×	
2185	×	1767	×	1313	×	8	×	5273	×	×	×	×	×	×	
(ii) all															

TABLE (3.21R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METER) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS

TRIPURA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 74

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. reporting all covered area
	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. per 1000 hhs.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
less than 65	1000	5.43	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	5.43	5	5	2	2			
65—80	1000	3.14	1000	3.20	—	—	—	—	1000	3.15	29	29	7	7			
80—95	1000	4.07	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4.07	66	66	15	15			
95—110	1000	4.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4.20	182	182	36	36			
110—125	1000	4.79	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4.79	215	215	41	41			
125—140	987	5.00	1000	5.14	—	—	—	—	987	5.00	359	364	70	71			
140—160	991	5.40	—	—	—	—	1000	8.33	991	5.42	514	519	90	91			
160—180	990	5.49	1000	5.42	—	—	—	—	991	5.49	492	496	96	97			
180—215	992	6.22	1000	5.79	1000	7.00	—	—	992	6.20	603	607	111	112			
215—280	996	7.06	1000	8.75	1000	6.25	—	—	996	7.12	708	710	141	143			
280—385	1000	8.18	1000	7.95	1000	9.81	—	—	1000	8.28	359	359	78	78			
385 & above	1000	11.12	1000	9.22	722	17.41	—	—	955	11.85	173	181	43	44			
all classes	994	5.91	1000	6.91	853	12.86	1000	8.33	992	6.03	3705	3734	730	737			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area																	
	3523	×	129	×	47	×	5	×	3705	×	×	×	×	×			
(ii) all	3544	×	129	×	55	×	5	×	3734	×	×	×	×	×			
sample households																	
(i) reporting area covered																	
	681	×	32	×	16	×	1	×	730	×	×	×	×	×			
(ii) all	687	×	32	×	17	×	1	×	737	×	×	×	×	×			

TABLE (3.22R): NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREAS.

WEST BENGAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 250

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories		
	no. of hhs.	per cap. cov. area	rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs.	per cap. cov. area	rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs.	per cap. cov. area	rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs.	per cap. cov. area	rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs.	per cap. cov. area	rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
less than 65	980	4.19	1000	5.26	—	—	—	—	897	4.34	2669	2974	68	74	
65—80	1000	3.68	1000	4.68	—	—	1000	5.00	1000	3.81	4229	4229	111	111	
80—95	987	14.02	1000	6.21	1000	6.91	—	—	988	13.04	7207	7292	197	199	
95—110	998	16.62	1000	167.97	1000	5.70	—	—	993	38.01	10455	10524	275	278	
110—125	1000	265.05	1000	96.87	1000	262.05	—	—	1000	238.53	10317	10317	276	276	
125—140	1000	303.86	1000	165.76	1000	568.92	—	—	997	300.21	9788	9013	272	273	
140—160	1000	499.24	1000	1193.50	1000	298.06	1000	15.00	1000	637.77	10339	10339	309	309	
160—180	1000	749.68	1000	117.24	1000	301.72	—	—	997	552.62	7703	7728	242	243	
180—215	1000	280.00	995	412.71	1000	182.68	1000	15.00	999	296.36	7877	7886	264	265	
215—280	1000	289.37	1000	766.88	1000	183.78	—	—	995	367.60	6599	6631	234	235	
280—385	1000	76.50	1000	367.03	1000	136.97	—	—	1000	198.25	3537	3537	145	145	
385 & above	1000	272.04	1000	8.19	1000	16.78	—	—	1000	55.70	1844	1844	78	78	
all classes	998	240.72	999	395.37	969	216.05	446	6.62	993	267.27	82563	83113	2471	2486	
estimated households (00)															
(i) rep. cov. area	60712	x	13755	x	7990	x	106	x	82563	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	60864	x	13763	x	8249	x	237	x	83113	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households															
(i) reporting area	1690	x	454	x	324	x	3	x	2471	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	1694	x	455	x	329	x	8	x	2486	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.28R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREA.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

GOA DAMAN & DIU

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	kachcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area			per capita covered area
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
65—80	—	—	1000	7.14	—	—	—	—	1000	7.14	12	12	1	1			
80—95	1000	7.00	1000	6.05	1000	7.11	—	—	1000	6.38	42	42	5	5			
95—110	1000	11.07	1000	11.08	1000	4.80	—	—	1000	9.57	90	90	10	10			
110—125	1000	5.29	1000	12.68	1000	9.41	—	—	1000	10.84	166	166	16	16			
125—140	1000	9.82	1000	19.04	1000	8.54	—	—	1000	14.00	168	168	18	18			
140—160	1000	8.37	1000	12.17	1000	10.82	—	—	1000	11.01	192	192	22	22			
160—180	—	—	1000	40.15	1000	12.74	—	—	1000	15.21	167	167	16	16			
180—215	1000	11.08	1000	16.51	1000	10.68	—	—	1000	11.70	195	195	19	19			
215—280	1000	9.04	1000	24.67	1000	17.82	—	—	1000	18.58	262	262	28	28			
280—385	—	—	1000	20.81	1000	21.77	—	—	1000	21.69	181	181	16	16			
385 & above	—	—	—	—	1000	15.14	—	—	1000	15.14	106	106	9	9			
all classes	1000	9.24	1000	14.48	1000	13.28	—	—	1000	13.37	1580	1580	160	160			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered																	
area	138	×	527	×	915	×	×	×	1580	×	×	×	×	×			
(ii) all	138	×	527	×	915	×	×	×	1580	×	×	×	×	×			
estimated households																	
(i) reporting covered																	
area	22	×	55	×	83	×	×	×	160	×	×	×	×	×			
(ii) all	22	×	55	×	83	×	×	×	160	×	×	×	×	×			

TABLE (3.30R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREA.

MIZORAM

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 54

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																		
	katcha house			psemi-pucea house			pucea house			unspecified			all categories			estd.hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	pre capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)					
less than 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65—80	1000	2.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80—95	1000	38.30	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	38.30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
95—110	1000	2.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—125	1000	5.31	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	5.31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
125—140	1000	5.02	1000	5.33	—	—	—	—	1000	5.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
140—160	1000	11.78	1000	6.13	—	—	—	—	1000	10.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
160—180	1000	5.94	1000	6.25	—	—	—	—	916	10.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
180—215	1000	7.59	1000	5.91	—	—	—	—	1000	6.03	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
215—280	1000	42.72	1000	6.15	—	—	—	—	1000	6.63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
280—385	1000	126.18	1000	8.23	—	—	—	—	1000	23.14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
385 & above	1000	12.09	1000	55.21	—	—	—	—	987	58.37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
all classes	1000	40.13	1000	9.69	—	—	—	—	284	24.76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
estimated households (00)																			
(i) reporting covered area	306	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
(ii) all	306	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	578	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
sample households																			
(i) reporting covered area	275	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	533	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
(ii) all	275	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	535	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

TABLE (3.31R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREA
PONDICHERY
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 14

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																		
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)					
Less than 65	1000	3.57	1000	4.47	—	—	—	—	1000	3.91	39	39	8						
65—80	1000	2.90	1000	4.80	—	—	—	—	1000	3.04	70	70	13						
80—95	1000	2.84	1000	3.49	1000	2.59	—	—	931	3.03	65	71	14						
95—110	1000	2.63	1000	2.50	1000	6.25	—	—	1000	2.80	80	80	17						
110—125	1000	4.26	1000	4.50	1000	2.22	—	—	1000	4.04	45	45	10						
125—140	1000	3.06	1000	4.85	1000	8.92	—	—	1000	4.62	95	95	20						
140—160	1000	2.95	1000	7.24	1000	7.05	—	—	1000	6.37	49	49	10						
160—180	1000	5.13	1000	3.38	1000	7.58	—	—	1000	5.01	57	57	11						
180—215	1000	7.72	1000	9.09	1000	7.76	—	—	1000	7.93	24	24	7						
215—280	1000	4.00	1000	6.34	1000	15.81	—	—	1000	12.84	29	29	12						
280—385	1000	10.00	1000	5.50	1000	5.87	—	—	1000	6.18	32	32	6						
385 & above	—	—	1000	11.33	1000	16.32	—	—	1000	16.19	29	29	11						
all classes	1000	3.36	1000	4.43	1000	9.74	—	—	992	5.17	615	620	139						
estimated households (00)																			
(i) reporting covered area	332	×	146	×	137	×	—	×	615	×	×	×	×						
(ii) all	332	—	146	—	137	×	5	×	620	×	×	×	×						
sample households																			
(i) reporting covered area	63	×	33	×	43	×	—	×	139	×	×	×	×						
(ii) all	63	×	33	×	43	×	1	×	140	×	×	×	×						

TABLE (3.32R) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN RURAL AREA
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 4184

ALL INDIA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. reporting all covered area
	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area			
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
(1)																	
less than 65	999	6.20	1000	11.55	920	12.38	99	2.63	989	8.13	47594	48122	1416	1429			
65-80	1000	6.85	997	12.29	1000	22.73	250	5.00	997	9.88	69846	70024	2137	2142			
80-95	998	9.67	1000	10.81	1000	12.36	106	5.00	998	10.31	98153	98310	3168	3175			
95-110	999	9.65	999	18.39	1000	13.14	17	38.90	997	12.88	123515	123845	4055	4066			
110-125	999	49.50	999	19.84	1000	19.28	604	6.74	999	34.97	118318	118456	4065	4070			
125-140	999	56.50	999	23.42	1000	30.58	26	5.00	998	40.52	101900	102063	3702	3710			
140-160	1000	84.77	1000	92.77	998	28.88	359	18.45	998	76.11	114591	114799	4344	4354			
160-180	998	132.32	999	29.06	1000	38.11	228	7.71	996	71.64	86646	87007	3496	3516			
180-215	997	45.31	1000	38.71	1000	24.36	616	24.86	997	36.89	106305	106616	4604	4621			
215-280	995	35.28	1000	62.95	996	30.96	248	27.05	995	41.71	101739	102222	4754	4772			
280-385	1000	26.48	1000	44.47	999	26.95	9	16.67	996	32.55	64477	64767	3232	3245			
385 & above	1000	33.09	1000	27.56	997	30.56	458	14.79	996	30.10	44572	44729	2475	2482			
all classes	999	39.22	999	33.90	997	26.34	275	19.11	997	34.77	1077656	1080960	41448	41582			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area	523556	x	344213	x	209388	x	69	x	1077656	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	524228	x	344265	x	209924	x	2543	x	1080960	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area	18647	x	13398	x	9364	x	39	x	41448	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	18677	x	13408	x	9379	x	118	x	41582	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	

TABLE (3.01U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREA
ANDHRA PRADESH
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 172

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs)	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs reporting covered area
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	n.o. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	n.o. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	estd. hhs. (r0)	sample hhs reporting covered area	
less than 90	1000	3.55	1000	5.56	1000	5.59	—	—	1000	4.47	2212	2212	2212	111	
90-110	1000	6.68	1000	7.36	1000	8.41	—	—	1000	7.57	2302	2302	2302	120	
110-135	1000	7.61	1000	5.53	1000	11.08	—	—	1000	8.29	3678	3678	3678	197	
135-160	1000	5.77	998	6.75	951	6.45	—	—	976	6.41	3898	3995	3995	206	
160-185	1000	6.96	1000	9.98	974	8.57	—	—	985	8.78	3233	3281	3281	180	
185-215	1000	7.50	1000	23.10	1000	13.47	—	—	994	14.34	3062	3081	3081	156	
215-255	1000	4.99	1000	8.53	1000	11.37	—	—	1000	9.46	2970	2970	2970	169	
255-310	1000	6.21	1000	14.51	988	14.65	—	—	993	13.59	2596	2614	2614	141	
310-385	1000	8.88	1000	11.84	1000	12.12	—	—	1000	11.92	2613	2613	2613	138	
385-520	1000	5.48	1000	7.30	1000	11.11	—	—	1000	10.60	2259	2259	2259	125	
620-700	—	—	1000	10.61	1000	13.92	—	—	1000	13.54	1001	1001	1001	62	
700 & above	—	—	1000	19.86	981	14.35	—	—	982	14.62	1091	1111	1111	99	
all classes	1000	6.06	1000	9.62	989	10.89	—	—	994	9.51	30915	31116	31116	1710	
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	6832	x	7697	x	16385	x	x	x	30915	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	6832	x	7699	x	16566	x	18	x	31116	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households															
(i) reporting covered area	331	x	415	x	957	x	x	x	1703	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	331	x	416	x	962	x	1	x	1710	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.0U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)		type of structure										NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 60		
		katcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house		unspecified		all categories		estd. hhs. (00)	reporting covered area	sample hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area
less than 90	1000	3.59	1000	2.14	1000	6.00	—	—	1000	3.01	23	23	5	5
90—110	1000	7.08	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	7.08	83	83	13	13
110—135	1000	10.21	1000	11.67	1000	6.33	—	—	1000	10.18	199	199	32	32
135—160	1000	16.30	1000	4.50	1000	23.98	—	—	1000	14.48	371	371	63	63
160—185	1000	10.53	1000	5.55	1000	20.65	—	—	981	10.75	357	364	61	63
185—215	1000	52.77	1000	7.90	1000	13.47	—	—	995	20.68	378	380	65	67
215—255	1000	7.83	1000	9.37	1000	9.87	—	—	1000	9.09	342	342	70	70
255—310	1000	30.47	1000	18.20	1000	9.55	—	—	1000	19.01	384	384	61	61
310—385	1000	18.41	1000	17.38	1000	13.73	—	—	1000	15.45	440	440	74	74
385—520	1000	58.63	1000	27.50	1000	22.08	—	—	1000	29.46	462	462	68	68
520—700	1000	14.85	1000	21.11	1000	22.06	—	—	1000	41.77	206	206	41	41
700 & above	1000	20.23	1000	70.24	1000	24.61	—	—	1000	32.55	130	130	38	38
all classes	1000	18.67	1000	13.47	1000	16.47	—	—	997	16.54	3375	3383	592	595
estimated households (00)														
(i) reporting covered area	1305	X	831	X	1239	X	—	X	3375	X	X	X	X	X
(ii) all	1305	X	831	X	1239	X	9	X	3383	X	X	X	X	X
sample households														
(i) reporting covered area	216	X	160	X	216	X	—	X	592	X	X	X	X	X
(ii) all	216	X	160	X	216	X	3	X	595	X	X	X	X	X

TABLE (3.03U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 106

BIHAR

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	katcha house			semi-pucca-house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 h.s.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 h.s.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 h.s.	per capita covered area	estd. hhs. (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
less than 90	1000	3.65	1000	10.95	1000	9.82	—	—	1000	6.82	1226	1226	75	75		
90—110	1000	5.35	1000	6.88	1000	8.44	—	—	1000	7.04	1282	1282	90	90		
110—135	1000	9.00	1000	5.52	1000	8.15	—	—	983	7.65	2263	2301	129	132		
135—160	1000	10.75	1000	8.95	1000	9.66	—	—	998	9.68	2890	2896	173	174		
160—185	1000	9.29	1000	9.61	1000	12.45	—	—	993	10.92	2064	2078	114	116		
185—215	1000	7.67	1000	12.14	988	11.14	—	—	981	11.00	1344	1370	84	86		
215—255	1000	9.95	1000	8.08	1000	14.87	—	—	1000	12.26	1288	1288	78	78		
255—310	1000	6.81	1000	8.71	1000	28.22	—	—	1000	24.65	1160	1160	83	83		
310—385	1000	7.37	1000	20.48	1000	25.22	—	—	985	21.76	1060	1076	66	67		
385—520	1000	7.41	1000	20.38	958	33.51	—	—	956	29.26	1026	1073	64	66		
520—700	1000	9.35	1000	29.49	1000	53.13	—	—	1000	44.04	523	523	32	32		
700 & above	1000	8.26	1000	30.18	1000	38.75	—	—	975	33.94	282	289	44	45		
all classes	1000	7.65	1000	8.76	995	15.39	—	—	991	11.97	16408	16563	1032	1044		
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	4643	x	3735	x	8030	x	—	x	16408	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	4643	x	3735	x	8070	x	115	x	16563	x	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	255	x	227	x	550	x	—	x	1032	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	255	x	227	x	552	x	10	x	1044	x	x	x	x	x	x	

TABLE (3.04U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS
GUJARAT
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 151

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	estd. hhs. (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
less than 90	1000	3.10	1000	4.95	1000	3.82	—	—	1000	3.71	310	310	14	14		
90—110	1000	5.13	1000	8.21	1000	8.48	—	—	1000	7.29	747	747	41	41		
110—135	1000	6.20	1000	10.44	1000	5.23	—	—	991	7.53	1193	1203	74	75		
135—160	1000	6.67	1000	5.65	1000	7.13	—	—	1000	6.36	2451	2451	140	140		
160—185	1000	5.09	1000	6.09	1000	6.98	—	—	957	6.60	1748	1825	103	104		
185—215	1000	6.63	1000	9.27	1000	9.03	—	—	996	8.96	1991	1999	116	117		
215—255	1000	8.33	1000	8.10	989	7.81	—	—	981	7.87	2325	2371	145	147		
255—310	1000	12.25	1000	15.97	988	10.16	1000	10.00	990	11.03	2022	2042	137	138		
310—385	1000	7.27	1000	11.86	992	12.75	—	—	994	12.55	1984	1997	120	121		
385—520	1000	9.63	1000	10.27	988	15.29	—	—	990	14.82	1804	1822	105	106		
520—700	1000	2.54	1000	6.76	980	19.02	—	—	981	17.58	812	827	59	60		
700 & above	—	—	1000	38.00	993	25.20	—	—	993	25.25	599	603	55	58		
all classes	1000	5.89	1000	8.16	992	10.15	23	10.00	988	9.27	17985	18197	1169	1171		
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	1784	x	4547	x	11652	x	3	x	17985	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	1784	x	4547	x	11742	x	125	x	18197	x	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	97	x	256	x	755	x	1	x	1109	x	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	97	x	256	x	763	x	5	x	1121	x	x	x	x	x	x	

TABLE (3.06U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

HIMACHAL PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 24

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																		
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)					
	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita no. of hhs. covered area rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	all reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—135	1000	6.40	1000	6.33	1000	6.79	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	
135—160	1000	3.33	1000	4.33	1000	3.45	—	—	1000	6.53	27	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	
160—185	1000	8.00	1000	21.91	1000	6.47	—	—	1000	12.14	33	—	—	—	33	—	—	—	
185—215	1000	9.92	1000	17.85	1000	5.33	—	—	1000	9.81	81	—	—	—	81	—	—	—	
215—255	1000	2.67	1000	27.03	1000	9.43	—	—	1000	12.27	81	—	—	—	81	—	—	—	
255—310	1000	5.49	1000	34.99	1000	11.63	—	—	1000	14.92	68	—	—	—	68	—	—	—	
310—385	1000	4.59	1000	65.50	1000	11.02	—	—	961	14.89	120	—	—	—	120	—	—	—	
385—520	234	1.00	1000	15.29	1000	16.39	—	—	890	15.67	129	—	—	—	129	—	—	—	
520—700	—	—	1000	19.58	1000	11.62	—	—	1000	13.35	102	—	—	—	102	—	—	—	
700 & above	—	—	1000	11.14	1000	21.43	—	—	904	21.11	88	—	—	—	88	—	—	—	
all classes	708	5.52	1000	22.67	1000	11.29	—	—	961	12.89	744	—	—	—	744	—	—	—	
estimated households (00)																			
(i) reporting covered area	51	x	143	x	550	x	—	—	x	744	x	—	—	—	x	x	—	—	x
(ii) all	72	x	143	x	550	x	9	9	774	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
(i) reporting covered																			
area	21	x	45	x	163	x	—	—	x	229	x	—	—	—	x	x	—	—	x
(ii) all	25	x	45	x	163	x	2	2	235	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.07U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 75

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	katchia house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	all reporting covered area	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90-110	1000	4.07	1000	3.85	1000	6.15	—	—	1000	5.42	10	10	42	40	29	
110-135	1000	4.46	1000	4.26	1000	3.58	—	—	1000	3.92	42	42	107	36	36	
135-160	1000	6.90	1000	7.56	1000	4.12	—	—	1000	5.37	107	107	214	72	72	
160-185	1000	5.19	1000	6.68	1000	4.45	—	—	1000	5.99	214	214	182	64	64	
185-215	1000	23.38	1000	8.16	1000	7.43	—	—	1000	6.78	182	182	251	88	88	
215-255	1000	8.09	1000	8.65	1000	9.44	—	—	1000	10.89	251	251	289	104	104	
255-310	1000	11.12	1000	7.52	1000	11.00	—	—	1000	9.85	289	289	316	97	97	
310-385	1000	13.60	1000	12.16	1000	8.95	—	—	1000	9.36	316	316	270	84	84	
385-520	1000	11.80	1000	11.08	1000	11.33	—	—	1000	11.29	287	287	124	97	97	
520-700	1000	18.50	1000	11.29	1000	15.09	—	—	1000	14.54	124	124	90	39	39	
700 & above	—	—	—	75.00	1000	16.50	—	—	946	17.20	85	85	37	37	38	
all classes	1000	9.15	1000	8.04	1000	9.43	—	—	998	9.04	2179	2184	742	742	743	

estimated households (00)	
(i) reporting covered area	(ii) all
225	x
225	x
92	x
92	x

sample households	
(i) reporting covered area	(ii) all
441	x
441	x
742	x
743	x

TABLE (3.08U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

KARNATAKA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 116

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs. reporting all covered area
	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. rep. cov. area per 1000 hhs.	
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
less than 90	1000	3.39	1000	3.37	1000	3.29	—	—	1000	3.37	1554	1554	66			
90—110	1000	5.77	1000	4.66	1000	4.03	—	—	986	4.85	1024	1038	58			
110—135	1000	6.19	1000	5.14	1000	5.28	—	—	1000	5.45	2359	2359	114			
135—160	1000	4.23	1000	8.01	1000	5.60	—	—	1000	6.58	2249	2249	127			
160—185	1000	6.01	1000	4.79	1000	8.62	—	—	1000	6.23	1997	1997	103			
185—215	1000	6.28	1000	7.20	988	6.62	—	—	996	6.83	2087	2096	119			
215—255	1000	10.11	1000	10.05	1000	12.92	—	—	1000	11.52	2450	2450	126			
255—310	1000	15.44	1000	7.37	1000	9.52	—	—	1000	9.04	1936	1936	100			
310—385	1000	2.25	1000	7.85	991	12.65	—	—	993	11.43	2348	2348	115			
385—520	1000	5.23	1000	14.43	981	14.14	—	—	980	14.01	1901	1940	96			
520—700	1000	39.99	1000	18.61	1000	13.54	—	—	1000	15.44	734	734	52			
700 & above	—	—	1000	10.06	1000	22.90	—	—	1000	20.61	559	559	68			
all classes	1000	5.70	1000	6.73	994	9.98	—	—	996	7.95	21198	21276	1139			
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	3049		x	8856	x	9293	x	—	x	21198	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	3049		x	8856	x	9346	x	25	x	21276	x	x	x	x		
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	145		x	461	[x	533	x	—	x	1139	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	145		x	461	x	537	x	3	x	1146	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.10U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

MADHYA PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 147

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000	per capita covered area			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
less than 90	1000	4.75	1000	11.31	1000	7.74	—	—	959	8.28	1109	1157	78	81			
90-110	1000	6.53	1000	6.16	1000	7.79	—	—	1000	6.69	1291	1291	74	74			
110-135	1000	7.82	1000	6.38	1000	7.40	—	—	982	7.12	2441	2486	147	149			
135-160	1000	10.62	1000	7.71	929	12.69	—	—	966	10.15	2364	2447	154	157			
160-185	1000	7.18	1000	9.40	1000	10.98	—	—	1000	9.91	2414	2414	147	147			
185-215	1000	6.89	1000	11.80	1000	13.35	211	188.00	981	12.81	1991	2029	122	124			
215-225	1000	9.37	1000	13.03	1000	11.99	—	—	966	11.94	2236	2313	136	140			
225-310	1000	8.82	1000	9.88	1000	15.44	—	—	997	13.95	2481	2488	136	137			
310-385	1000	19.39	1000	12.67	1000	18.83	—	—	991	17.65	1910	1928	119	121			
385-520	1000	17.83	1000	16.77	972	21.37	352	233.00	976	20.71	1769	1812	112	115			
520-700	1000	10.00	1000	19.43	1000	20.48	—	—	1000	20.25	1023	1023	68	68			
700 & above	1000	4.83	1000	17.26	1000	18.87	—	—	1000	17.80	1045	1045	108	108			
all classes	1000	8.34	1000	9.60	991	14.24	49	198.48	984	11.89	22074	22432	1401	1421			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area	3934	x	6732	x	11394	x	13	x	22074	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	3934	x	6732	x	11499	x	267	x	22432	x	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area	248	x	430	x	721	x	2	x	1401	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	248	x	430	x	725	x	18	x	1421	x	x	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.12U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 36

MANIPUR

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure										all categories	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	(15)
	kachcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house		unspecified		all categories						
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	1000	10.00	1000	5.56	—	—	—	—	1000	8.24	9	9	4	4	
110—135	1000	6.18	1000	6.96	1000	2.40	—	—	1000	6.11	42	42	16	16	
135—160	1000	11.26	1000	9.27	1000	4.44	—	—	1000	10.38	132	132	69	69	
160—185	1000	7.73	1000	8.76	1000	7.25	—	—	1000	8.14	128	128	68	68	
185—215	1000	13.56	1000	10.17	1000	12.00	—	—	1000	12.09	101	101	59	59	
215—255	1000	11.33	1000	9.10	1000	8.39	—	—	1000	9.75	115	115	63	63	
255—310	1000	10.09	1000	8.67	1000	6.30	—	—	987	8.21	100	100	55	55	
310—385	1000	10.16	1000	10.31	—	—	—	—	1000	10.26	30	30	16	16	
385—520	1000	11.70	1000	5.81	—	—	—	—	1000	9.32	6	6	5	5	
520—700	1000	20.00	1000	9.67	1000	7.00	—	—	1000	11.44	3	3	3	3	
700 & above	—	—	—	—	1000	13.33	—	—	1000	13.33	3	3	1	1	
all classes	1000	10.07	1000	9.08	1000	7.15	—	—	998	9.37	668	668	359	360	
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	331	x	276	x	61	x	—	—	668	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	331	x	276	x	61	x	1	1	669	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households															
(i) reporting covered area	183	x	145	x	31	x	—	—	359	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	183	x	145	x	31	x	1	1	360	x	x	x	x	x	

MANIPUR STATE GOVERNMENT
 Sarvekshana Unit
 Directorate of Statistics
 Dispur, Assam

NO. OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

TABLE (3.14U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NAGALAND
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 15

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																		
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)					
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
110—135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
135—160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
160—185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
185—215	1000	10.00	1000	10.00	1000	7.14	—	—	1000	8.90	5	5	3	3	—	—			
215—255	1000	16.67	1000	5.64	1000	7.52	—	—	1000	6.94	16	16	9	9	—	—			
255—310	1000	5.18	1000	7.85	1000	8.56	—	—	1000	7.63	39	39	19	19	—	—			
310—385	1000	8.79	1000	8.86	1000	7.33	—	—	1000	8.42	55	55	29	29	—	—			
385—520	1000	14.72	1000	11.32	1000	10.48	1000	30.00	1000	11.83	119	119	64	64	—	—			
520—700	1000	9.21	1000	8.85	1000	12.85	—	—	1000	9.58	54	54	24	24	—	—			
700 & above	1000	4.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	4.00	—	—	1	1	—	—			
all classes	1000	11.02	1000	8.96	1000	9.10	1000	30.00	1000	9.40	287	287	149	149	—	—			
estimated households (00)																			
(i) reporting covered area	95	x	x	117	x	x	74	x	x	x	287	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	95	x	x	117	x	x	74	x	x	x	287	x	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																			
(i) reporting covered area	36	x	x	71	x	x	41	x	x	x	149	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	36	x	x	71	x	x	41	x	x	x	149	x	x	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.16U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

PUNJAB

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 96

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																	
	kachcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)		sampl. ehrs.
	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered hhs. reporting area cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
less than 90	1000	0.50	1000	3.00	1000	5.45	—	—	1000	4.66	85	85	8	8				
90—110	1000	2.89	1000	3.63	1000	3.97	—	—	1000	3.63	155	155	15	15				
110—135	1000	4.01	1000	3.56	949	5.32	—	—	981	4.26	559	570	40	41				
135—160	1000	3.36	1000	16.61	1000	6.46	—	—	1000	8.25	868	868	78	78				
160—185	1000	4.84	1000	7.99	1000	5.72	—	—	1000	6.26	923	923	81	81				
185—215	1000	3.05	1000	7.77	1000	7.23	—	—	1000	7.21	1138	1138	95	95				
215—255	1000	10.00	1000	4.85	987	12.08	—	—	989	11.04	1230	1243	113	115				
255—310	1000	50.00	1000	7.48	983	11.86	—	—	985	11.02	1576	1600	125	128				
310—385	1000	8.10	1000	6.20	997	12.65	—	—	992	11.84	1282	1293	125	127				
385—520	—	—	1000	9.99	969	14.43	—	—	977	13.80	1466	1501	123	127				
520—700	1000	5.75	1000	6.24	976	19.39	1000	133.00	982	18.60	857	872	71	74				
700 & above	1000	10.00	1000	20.00	1000	25.05	—	—	1000	24.73	446	446	58	58				
all classes	1000	4.79	1000	7.68	987	10.82	630	133.00	990	10.03	10585	10694	932	947				
estimated households (00)																		
(i) reporting covered area	388	x	2548	x	7630	x	19	x	10585	x	x	x	x	x				
(ii) all	388	x	2548	x	7728	x	30	x	10694	x	x	x	x	x				
sample households																		
(i) reporting covered area	38	x	163	x	730	x	1	x	932	x	x	x	x	x				
(ii) all	38	x	163	x	743	x	3	x	947	x	x	x	x	x				

TABLE (3.17U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPIT. EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 88

RAJASTHAN

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	kachcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs. reporting all covered area
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.		
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
less than 90	1000	2.25	1000	5.15	1000	4.96	—	—	1000	4.49	501	24	501	24			
90—110.	1000	7.22	1000	6.64	1000	4.74	—	—	1000	5.53	1022	48	1022	48			
110—135.	1000	4.71	1000	4.82	988	4.91	—	—	981	4.87	1210	79	1233	81			
135—160.	1000	5.09	1000	10.06	1000	6.52	—	—	1000	6.68	1855	96	1855	96			
160—185.	1000	3.94	1000	7.74	993	6.60	—	—	985	6.36	1614	96	1638	96			
185—215.	1000	4.39	1000	5.26	1000	7.93	—	—	1000	7.26	1613	93	1613	93			
215—255.	1000	6.90	1000	20.11	1000	8.36	—	—	1000	9.14	1628	92	1628	92			
255—310.	1000	6.50	1000	12.96	985	8.58	—	—	988	9.04	1270	77	1270	77			
310—385.	1000	5.43	1000	6.66	1000	12.60	1000	21.00	1000	11.82	1276	81	1276	81			
385—520.	1000	12.15	1000	10.68	1000	14.61	—	—	1000	14.47	1165	71	1165	71			
520—700.	1000	1.33	1000	8.00	1000	15.45	—	—	1000	15.19	936	54	936	54			
700 & above	1000	40.00	1000	15.03	1000	22.40	—	—	1000	21.41	640	54	640	54			
all classes	1000	5.24	1000	8.68	997	8.44	252	21.00	996	8.11	14715	865	14777	870			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area	1755	x	1760	x	11189	x	10	x	14715	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	1755	x	1760	x	11222	x	40	x	14777	x	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area	101	x	88	x	675	x	1	x	865	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	101	x	88	x	678	x	3	x	870	x	x	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.18U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CALSS IN URBAN AREAS

SIKKIM

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 12

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	estd. hhs. (00)		reporting covered area	all
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
less than 90	—	—	1000	1.83	—	—	—	—	—	1.83	2	2	1	1			
90—110	—	—	1000	1.74	—	—	—	—	—	1.74	3	3	3	3			
110—135	1000	1.91	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.37	5	5	4	4			
135—160	1000	1.64	1000	2.67	1000	—	—	—	—	2.81	6	6	7	7			
160—185	1000	2.00	1000	3.97	1000	—	—	—	—	3.90	11	11	10	10			
185—215	1000	2.67	1000	2.08	1000	—	—	—	—	2.59	6	6	8	8			
215—255	1000	2.67	1000	1.67	1000	1000	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.18	11	11	16	16			
255—310	1000	6.00	1000	3.10	1000	—	—	—	—	3.29	16	16	17	19			
310—385	1000	3.00	1000	7.34	1000	—	—	—	—	4.80	8	8	9	9			
385—520	1000	3.99	1000	4.36	1000	—	—	—	—	4.53	12	12	13	13			
520—700	—	—	1000	8.89	491	—	—	—	—	6.73	12	12	16	22			
700 & above	—	—	1000	12.00	1000	—	—	—	—	7.50	6	6	6	6			
all classes	1000	2.43	1000	3.39	845	3.86	361	2.00	898	3.57	97	108	112	119			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area	10	x	30	x	56	x	—	x	97	x	x	x	x	x			
(ii) all	10	x	30	x	67	x	1	x	108	x	x	x	x	x			
sample households																	
(i) reporting covered area	12	x	31	x	68	x	1	x	112	x	x	x	x	x			
(ii) all	12	x	31	x	74	x	2	x	119	x	x	xx	x	x			

TABLE (3.20U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

TRIPURA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure													
	katcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house		Unspecified		all categories		estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.	
	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting covered area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 90	1000	3.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	3.00	4	4	1	1
90—110	1000	2.93	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	2.93	18	18	4	4
110—135	1000	3.20	1000	6.50	—	—	—	—	1000	3.61	35	35	11	11
135—160	1000	4.91	—	—	1000	10.50	—	—	1000	5.16	35	35	9	9
160—185	1000	4.92	1000	5.00	—	—	—	—	1000	4.93	28	28	7	7
185—215	1000	6.36	1000	9.51	1000	3.75	—	—	951	6.78	72	76	18	19
215—255	1000	8.32	1000	10.49	—	—	—	—	1000	8.66	50	50	13	13
255—310	1000	6.58	1000	4.21	1000	5.26	—	—	1000	6.15	118	118	30	30
310—385	1000	8.65	1000	5.94	1000	16.51	—	—	1000	8.31	81	81	21	21
385—520	1000	5.87	1000	8.23	1000	12.46	—	—	1000	9.67	81	81	22	22
520—700	1000	16.72	1000	14.00	1000	12.39	—	—	1000	14.70	41	41	11	11
700 & above	—	—	1000	19.50	1000	12.02	—	—	1000	15.09	15	15	10	10
all classes	1000	6.20	1000	7.86	1000	10.73	—	—	994	7.04	577	581	157	158
estimated households (00)														
(i) reporting covered area	417	x	91	x	70	x	x	x	577	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	417	x	91	x	70	x	4	x	581	x	x	x	x	x
sample households														
(i) reporting covered area	102	x	33	x	22	x	—	x	157	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	102	x	33	x	22	x	1	x	158	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.21U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

UTTAR PRADESH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 227

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	pre capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	
less than 90	1000	3.71	1000	8.33	1000	5.88	—	—	1000	5.35	2577	2577	149	149	
90—110	1000	4.80	1000	6.76	1000	5.82	1000	2.40	1000	5.92	3294	3294	208	208	
110—135	983	7.77	1000	7.17	1000	6.39	—	—	994	6.83	4946	4974	282	284	
135—160	974	7.04	1000	6.66	1000	8.06	—	—	996	7.70	4756	4778	252	253	
160—185	1000	7.92	1000	7.19	1000	8.23	—	—	989	7.97	3764	3804	203	206	
185—215	1000	7.05	1000	5.93	1000	10.18	566	25.06	996	8.72	3911	3925	195	196	
215—255	1000	8.52	1000	10.55	997	9.84	—	—	998	9.67	5177	5186	227	229	
255—310	1000	9.46	1000	7.71	1000	11.11	—	—	996	10.30	4623	4640	209	210	
310—385	1000	12.98	1000	5.88	999	12.23	—	—	999	11.48	3983	3987	171	172	
385—520	1000	11.84	1000	9.46	1000	15.73	—	—	993	15.00	3072	3094	158	15	
520—700	507	24.12	1000	25.65	1000	17.05	—	—	965	17.86	2358	2443	90	91	
700 & above	—	—	1000	11.06	1000	23.79	—	—	1000	23.66	1920	1920	87	87	
all classes	986	6.83	1000	7.57	1000	9.96	263	8.79	995	8.93	44381	44621	2231	2244	
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	8875	x	8210	x	27261	x	37	x	44381	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	9000	x	8210	x	27273	x	139	x	44621	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households															
(i) reporting covered area	338	x	427	x	1464	x	2	x	2231	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	341	x	427	x	1487	x	9	x	2244	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.22U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	WEST BENGAL														
	NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 174														
	type of structure														
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories		
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	
less than 90	1000	2.59	1000	2.96	1000	1.83	—	—	1000	2.66	1218	1218	52	52	
90—110	1000	9.46	1000	3.25	1000	2.99	—	—	1000	5.55	1553	1553	74	74	
110—135	1000	10.75	1000	3.61	1000	5.14	—	—	1000	6.61	3520	3520	163	163	
135—160	1000	13.76	1000	4.33	1000	4.93	—	—	995	6.57	3507	3526	170	171	
160—185	1000	22.73	1000	10.31	1000	6.01	—	—	1000	9.85	2474	2474	127	127	
185—215	1000	16.14	1000	15.81	1000	5.51	—	—	1000	9.72	2616	2616	138	138	
215—255	1000	18.08	1000	10.04	1000	9.88	—	—	1000	10.40	3308	3308	185	185	
255—310	958	8.68	1000	12.50	1000	12.53	—	—	996	12.33	3348	3360	180	181	
310—385	1000	6.44	1000	8.35	978	16.24	—	—	974	14.85	3259	3344	197	200	
385—520	1000	8.79	1000	5.97	1000	14.11	—	—	996	13.00	3952	3969	212	213	
520—700	1000	30.00	1000	8.13	1000	12.88	—	—	1000	12.63	1660	1660	101	101	
700 & above	—	—	1000	32.11	1000	21.69	—	—	955	21.94	1420	1487	111	114	
all classes	998	11.02	1000	7.15	997	10.15	—	—	994	9.57	31835	32036	1710	1719	

estimated households (00)

(i) reporting cov. area	5573	X	7842	X	18420	X	—	X	31835	X	X	X	X	X
(ii) all	5585	X	7842	X	18474	X	135	X	32036	X	X	X	X	X

sample households

(i) reporting cov. area	236	X	359	X	1115	X	—	X	1710	X	X	X	X	X
(ii) all	237	X	359	X	1116	X	7	X	1719	X	X	X	X	X

TABLE (3.23U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure										all categories	estd. hhs. (00)	sample hhs.				
	katcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house		unspecified		no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.					no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area
	no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re-ported cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
less than 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
90-110	-	-	1000	4.00	-	-	-	-	1000	4.00	-	1	1	1			
110-135	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-			
135-160	1000	3.33	1000	2.14	1000	12.06	-	-	1000	6.35	5	5	4	4			
160-185	1000	3.33	1000	2.86	1000	6.39	-	-	1000	4.77	4	4	4	4			
185-215	-	-	-	-	1000	3.71	-	-	1000	3.71	1	1	1	1			
215-255	1000	3.50	1000	5.99	1000	5.46	-	-	1000	5.62	13	13	12	12			
255-310	1000	8.13	1000	4.71	1000	6.58	-	-	1000	5.74	22	22	20	20			
310-385	1000	4.90	1000	11.93	1000	8.15	-	-	1000	8.86	31	31	30	30			
385-520	1000	6.67	1000	12.48	1000	9.18	-	-	1000	9.75	31	31	29	29			
520-700	1000	40.00	1000	10.82	1000	10.07	-	-	1000	10.78	26	26	29	29			
700 & above	1000	8.34	1000	12.50	1000	16.24	-	-	1000	14.30	21	21	30	30			
all classes	1000	5.93	1000	8.03	1000	8.94	-	-	1000	8.30	154	154	160	160			
estimated households (00)																	
(i) reporting covered area																	
(i) all	14	X	60	X	X	X	-	X	154	X	X	X	X	X			
(ii) all	14	X	60	X	X	X	-	X	154	X	X	X	X	X			
sample households																	
(i) reporting cov. area																	
(i) all	16	X	66	X	X	X	-	X	160	X	X	X	X	X			
(ii) all	16	X	66	X	X	X	-	X	160	X	X	X	X	X			

TABLE (3.24U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

ARUNACHAL PRADESH
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 10

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure						all categories	estd. hhs (00)	sample hhs.					
	katcha house	semi-pucca house	pucca house	unspecified	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area				no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 90	1000	0.57	—	—	—	—	—	—	1000	0.57	1	1	1	1
90—110	1000	9.93	1000	3.77	1000	0.78	—	—	1000	5.41	7	7	7	7
110—135	1000	4.08	—	—	1000	18.17	—	—	1000	8.01	6	6	6	5
135—160	1000	11.79	—	—	1000	66.67	—	—	1000	20.06	7	7	7	5
160—185	1000	14.79	1000	1.00	1000	22.66	—	—	1000	17.27	10	10	10	9
185—215	1000	30.70	1000	33.29	1000	61.54	—	—	1000	37.73	10	10	10	10
215—255	1000	57.75	1000	4.17	1000	5.31	—	—	1000	29.62	13	13	13	13
255—310	1000	15.05	1000	10.27	1000	28.87	—	—	1000	19.62	9	9	9	9
310—385	1000	21.21	1000	6.25	1000	92.97	1000	0.67	1000	40.40	8	8	11	11
385—520	1000	44.42	1000	56.81	1000	68.77	—	—	1000	56.39	9	9	9	9
520—700	—	—	1000	60.44	1000	26.04	—	—	1000	30.30	7	7	7	8
700 & above	—	—	1000	8.00	1000	62.16	—	—	1000	59.47	1	1	1	8
all classes	1000	21.46	1000	20.65	1000	32.78	1000	0.67	1000	25.10	88	88	95	95

estimated households (00)

(i) reporting cov. area

(ii) all

sample households :

(i) reporting cov. area

(ii) all

sample households :

(i) reporting cov. area

(ii) all

TABLE (3-25U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

CHANDIGARH

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 08

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																			
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			std. hhs.(CC)		sample hhs.		
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	1000	5.71	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
135—160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
160—185	—	—	—	—	1000	5.23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
185—215	—	—	—	—	1000	3.23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
215—255	—	—	—	—	1000	6.32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
255—310	1000	4.00	1000	2.50	1000	7.79	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
310—385	—	—	—	—	1000	6.04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
385—520	—	—	—	—	1000	9.25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
520—700	—	—	—	—	1000	10.82	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
700 & above	—	—	—	—	1000	24.13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
all classes	1000	4.00	889	3.14	1000	9.12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
estimated households (00)																				
(i) reporting covered area	9	X	31	X	1048	X	—	X	1088	X	—	X	1088	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
(ii) all	9	X	35	X	1048	X	—	X	1092	X	—	X	1092	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
sample households :																				
(i) reporting covered area	1	X	8	X	68	X	—	X	77	X	—	X	77	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
(ii) all	1	X	9	X	68	X	—	X	78	X	—	X	78	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

TABLE (3.28U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQ. METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 12

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

monthly per capita expenditure class (RS.)	type of structure															
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. re- porting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	
less than 90	—	4.33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	1000	1.60	1000	15.00	1000	7.18	—	—	—	1000	4.33	19	19	1	1	
110—135	1000	—	1000	11.28	1000	11.63	—	—	—	1000	6.32	57	57	6	6	
135—160	—	—	1000	12.17	1000	11.44	—	—	—	1000	11.48	53	53	7	7	
160—185	1000	14.00	1000	19.39	1000	20.86	—	—	—	1000	11.84	880	880	11	11	
185—215	1000	4.33	1000	7.27	1000	22.22	—	—	—	1000	19.15	53	53	8	8	
215—255	1000	5.14	1000	7.67	1000	16.94	—	—	—	1000	16.20	79	79	9	9	
255—310	—	—	1000	8.62	1000	15.13	—	—	—	1000	13.34	91	91	14	14	
310—385	1000	15.11	1000	2.77	1000	15.67	—	—	—	1000	13.96	122	122	14	14	
385—520	1000	10.26	1000	19.00	1000	22.57	—	—	—	1000	15.06	106	106	20	20	
520—700	—	—	1000	—	1000	27.28	—	—	—	1000	22.25	82	82	11	11	
700 & above	—	—	—	—	1000	—	—	—	—	1000	27.28	63	63	17	17	
all classes	1000	6.42	1000	10.94	1000	16.53	—	—	—	1000	14.50	815	815	118	118	
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	127	x	147	x	541	x	x	x	x	815	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	127	x	147	x	541	x	x	x	x	815	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	12	x	26	x	80	x	x	x	x	118	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	12	x	26	x	80	x	x	x	x	118	x	x	x	x	x	x

BLE (3.29U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

LAKSHADWEEP

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 06

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure															
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			sample hhs.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
110—135	1000	3.80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
135—160	—	—	—	1000	19.96	1000	11.98	—	—	1000	10.61	2	2	3	3	3
160—185	—	—	—	1000	18.75	1000	11.04	—	—	1000	13.16	4	4	9	9	9
185—215	—	—	—	—	—	1000	13.56	—	—	1000	14.23	4	4	8	8	8
215—255	—	—	—	—	—	1000	19.74	—	—	1000	19.74	3	3	7	7	7
255—310	—	—	—	1000	2.00	1000	14.39	—	—	1000	13.50	5	5	11	11	11
310—385	—	—	—	1000	13.24	1000	8.96	—	—	1000	10.46	3	3	6	6	6
385—520	—	—	—	—	—	1000	21.96	—	—	1000	21.96	5	5	9	9	9
520—700	1000	—	—	—	—	1000	24.15	—	—	1000	24.15	2	2	4	4	4
700 & above	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33.00	—	—	1	1	1
all classes	1000	8.67	1000	1000	15.81	1000	14.93	—	—	1000	14.92	29	29	59	59	59
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	1	x	x	4	x	25	x	—	x	29	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	1	x	x	4	x	25	x	—	x	29	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	2	x	x	7	x	50	x	—	x	59	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	2	x	x	7	x	50	x	—	x	59	x	x	x	x	x	x

TABLE (3.30U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 24

MIZORAM

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure																	
	katcha house			semi-pucca house			pucca house			unspecified			all categories			estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
	no. of hhs. reporting	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting	per capita covered area	all reporting covered area		
	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.	per 1000 hhs.		
less than 90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
90—110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
110—135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
135—160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
160—185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
185—215	1000	6.46	1000	11.44	—	—	—	—	—	10.32	16	16	14	14	14	14		
215—255	1000	8.92	1000	7.80	1000	6.67	—	—	—	7.88	65	65	27	27	27	27		
255—310	1000	8.14	1000	8.47	—	—	1000	13.33	—	8.49	133	133	45	45	45	45		
310—385	1000	17.34	1000	9.99	—	—	—	—	—	11.22	77	77	49	49	49	49		
385—520	1000	12.46	1000	8.36	1000	13.15	—	—	—	9.28	75	75	51	51	51	51		
520—700	—	—	—	18.70	1000	11.91	—	—	—	17.61	36	36	20	20	20	20		
700 & above	—	—	—	12.40	1000	8.33	—	—	—	10.55	10	10	31	31	31	31		
all classes	1000	11.72	1000	9.08	1000	9.44	1000	13.33	1000	9.38	412	412	237	237	237	237		
estimated households (00)																		
(i) reporting covered area	66	x	333	x	11	x	2	x	412	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	66	x	333	x	11	x	2	x	412	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
sample households																		
(i) reporting covered area	35	x	178	x	23	x	1	x	237	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
(ii) all	35	x	178	x	23	x	1	x	237	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		

TABLE (3.31U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

PONDICHERRY

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 10

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure										all categories	estd. hhs. (00)	reporting covered area	all reporting covered area	sample hhs.
	katcha house	semi-pucca house	pucca house	unspecified	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
less than 90	1000	2.81	—	—	1000	6.17	—	—	1000	3.40	38	3	4	4	
90—110	1000	4.62	1000	7.64	—	—	—	—	1000	5.24	62	62	7	7	
110—135	1000	6.09	—	—	1000	10.58	—	—	1000	7.85	140	140	16	16	
135—160	1000	7.37	1000	7.80	1000	8.50	—	—	1000	7.93	68	68	8	8	
160—185	1000	4.37	—	—	1000	7.42	—	—	1000	8.47	39	39	5	5	
185—215	1000	11.61	1000	12.00	1000	8.60	—	—	1000	10.14	48	48	5	5	
215—255	1000	5.07	1000	6.02	1000	10.96	—	—	1000	8.57	118	118	16	16	
255—310	1000	5.40	1000	7.50	1000	25.41	—	—	1000	14.21	60	60	10	10	
310—385	1000	7.48	—	—	1000	14.04	—	—	1000	12.19	48	48	9	9	
385—520	—	—	1000	11.17	1000	22.44	—	—	1000	18.80	96	96	13	13	
520—700	—	—	—	—	1000	25.67	—	—	1000	25.67	13	13	2	2	
700 & above	—	—	—	—	1000	52.94	—	—	1000	52.94	24	24	5	5	
all classes	1000	5.79	1000	7.43	1000	14.14	—	—	1000	9.53	754	754	100	100	
estimated households (00)															
(i) reporting covered area	303	x	113	x	337	x	x	x	754	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	303	x	113	x	337	x	x	x	754	x	x	x	x	x	
sample households (i)															
(i) reporting covered area	37	x	12	x	51	x	—	—	100	x	x	x	x	x	
(ii) all	37	x	12	x	51	x	—	—	100	x	x	x	x	x	

TABLE (3.32U) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH DWELLING UNITS REPORTING COVERED AREA PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND PER CAPITA COVERED AREA (SQUARE METRE) BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE AND MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS IN URBAN AREAS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 2298

ALL INDIA

monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)	type of structure										all categories	estd. hhs. (00)		sample hhs.		
	katcha house		semi-pucca house		pucca house		unspecified		all categories			reporting covered area	reporting covered area	all	reporting covered area	all
	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area	no. of hhs. reporting cov. area per 1000 hhs.	per capita covered area
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
less than 90	1000	3.45	997	5.79	1000	5.46	—	0.00	994	4.64	15632	15726	869	874		
90—110	1000	5.55	995	5.44	1000	6.05	350	2.40	996	5.67	18622	19680	1113	1117		
110—135	998	7.00	993	5.56	996	6.54	—	0.00	991	6.36	31334	31609	1882	1897		
135—160	998	7.34	994	6.55	990	7.16	429	4.22	992	7.00	35718	36014	2260	2271		
160—185	1000	8.41	1000	7.25	997	8.38	—	0.00	993	8.07	31958	32178	2030	2042		
185—215	1000	8.28	995	9.06	998	8.79	171	110.87	994	8.83	31672	31877	2037	2052		
215—255	1000	7.86	999	9.68	995	9.73	4	2.00	994	9.50	36630	36866	2397	2411		
255—310	997	8.01	1000	9.13	997	11.94	98	11.24	996	11.03	36223	36359	2379	2392		
310—385	1000	9.59	1000	9.72	992	13.08	316	10.08	990	12.33	33954	34293	2243	2263		
385—520	993	10.47	1000	11.18	994	14.32	262	22.78	992	13.76	34218	34494	2327	2348		
520—700	888	12.45	998	16.96	997	17.48	1000	133.00	993	17.35	19858	20003	1368	1381		
700 & above	972	7.26	1000	15.82	996	23.12	—	—	991	22.53	16165	16317	1605	1619		
all classes	997	6.80	997	7.60	995	10.87	156	23.56	993	9.37	341984	344425	22510	22667		
estimated households (00)																
(i) reporting covered area	6081	x	83136	x	197769	x	197	x	341984	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	61040	x	83383	x	198739	x	1264	x	344425	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample households																
(i) reporting covered area	3690	x	5586	x	13219	x	15	x	22510	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
(ii) all	3698	x	5597	x	13286	x	86	x	22667	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Results on the third Annual Survey on Consumer Expenditure and Employment- Unemployment

NSS 45th Round (July 1989- June 1990)

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TABLE (1) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS AND NO. OF PERSONS AND ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS FOR DIFFERENT MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLA CES : 738

ALL INDIA : RURAL

(1)	average number per 1000 households													sam- ple per- sons, (13)
	monthly per capita expenditure classes (Rs.)													
	house- holds	persons		all persons		economically active persons		all incl.		adult		children	all incl. nr.		esti- mated persons (00)
(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)			
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
00-65	17	19	1532	1342	2681	5555	1475	850	445	2770	116561	1072		
65-80	25	31	1562	1766	2814	6142	1391	1074	374	2839	185471	1905		
80-95	43	46	1446	1517	2371	5335	1263	689	117	2069	275659	3344		
95-110	78	89	1599	1628	2493	5720	1392	785	141	2318	539298	5266		
110-125	83	94	1624	1608	2438	5670	1479	560	87	2126	568997	6023		
125-140	93	101	1622	1490	2287	5400	1475	647	101	6110	08531	6330		
140-160	116	122	1763	1621	1828	5213	1567	543	92	2202	733909	7677		
160-180	91	96	1578	1625	2020	5223	1372	683	125	2180	577778	6994		
180-215	132	123	1538	1513	1585	4637	1329	498	62	1890	743038	10000		
215-280	152	139	1501	1457	1516	4474	1239	507	72	1818	832853	11537		
280-385	102	94	1356	1447	1743	4546	1192	383	23	1598	564752	7092		
385 and above	68	46	1427	1128	814	3369	1171	283	47	1501	279818	4507		
not recorded	0	0	4000	3000	1000	8000	3000	3000	—	6000	240	8		
all causes	1000	1000	1552	1512	1894	4959	1354	565	96	216	6022605	71755		
estimated number (00)	1215270	6026903	1886303	1838012	2302279	6026903	1645941	686368	117215	2449624	—	—		
sample number	14503	11755	22894	21786	27056	71755	19315	7982	1293	28595	—	—		

TABLE (1): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS AND NO. OF PERSONS AND ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS FOR DIFFERENT MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7187

ALL INDIA : URBAN

	average number per 1000 households #																
	house-holds	persons	all persons			economically active persons			children incl. nr	adult male	adult female	children incl. nr	all incl. nr	esti-mated persons (00)	sample person		
			adult		children		adult									children	
			male	female	male	female	male	female								male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)					
00—90	.	18	24	1597	1774	2924	6295	1281	611	107	1999	42013	1600				
90—110	.	31	42	1695	1715	2928	6338	1450	515	94	2064	73447	2621				
110—135	.	66	83	1616	1669	2580	5865	1402	439	129	1970	146893	4800				
135—160	.	78	96	1719	1668	2367	5754	1430	412	79	1921	169765	6025				
160—185	.	79	96	1751	1673	2202	5626	1463	305	48	1816	168837	6105				
185—215	.	101	117	1614	1547	2207	5368	1308	294	46	1648	205454	7129				
215—255	.	110	118	1769	1584	1645	4998	1383	245	32	1660	208279	8243				
255—310	.	128	120	1604	1379	1475	4458	1213	213	17	1444	213962	8426				
310—385	.	122	111	1613	1375	1228	4216	1203	191	9	1403	195393	7842				
385—520	.	122	94	1475	1177	913	3565	1092	175	10	1277	164924	7310				
520—700	.	73	49	1399	1031	724	3154	1042	149	4	1195	86815	3714				
700 & above	.	72	50	1356	1223	612	3191	1025	328	2	1355	87340	2898				
not recorded	.	—	—	14	—	986	1000	14	—	2	16	177	5				
all classes	.	1000	1000	1599	1438	1622	4659	1257	275	36	1568	1763229	66718				
ested. number (00)	.	378434	1763228	605047	544371	613794	1763228	475523	104067	13811	593403	—	—				
sample muber	.	14241	66718	23371	20759	22584	66718	18357	3816	517	22692	—	—				

TABLE (2) : QUANTITY (KG. 0.00) AND VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS, GRAM AND CEREAL SUBSTITUTES PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS.

ALL INDIA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

item	monthly per capita expenditure classes (Rs.)															per 1000 pite house-holds reporting cons- umpt.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)		(17)
	00— 65	65— 80	80— 95	95— 110	110— 125	125— 140	140— 160	160— 180	180— 215	215— 280	280— 385	385— recd. & above	not recd. classes	all classes		
	quantity (0.00) kg.															
rice	2.77	5.08	6.34	6.29	7.26	6.40	7.58	8.29	7.20	7.20	7.20	6.25	7.57	—	6.93	909
wheat	3.64	2.50	3.49	3.18	3.99	4.82	4.26	3.88	5.17	5.23	5.23	6.82	7.56	—	4.70	721
jowar	0.72	1.42	0.95	1.69	0.95	0.49	1.28	0.83	1.05	0.96	0.31	0.70	0.70	—	0.95	126
bajra	0.25	0.21	0.45	0.34	0.33	0.34	0.33	0.39	0.47	1.13	1.00	1.02	1.02	—	0.56	80
maize	1.36	0.45	0.20	0.38	0.38	0.74	0.23	0.58	0.36	1.34	1.44	0.36	—	—	0.52	94
barley	—	0.29	—	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.02	—	—	0.02	9
small millets	0.65	0.12	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.10	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	—	—	0.04	11
ragi	0.30	0.68	0.33	0.41	0.47	0.31	0.37	0.26	0.10	0.21	0.11	0.17	—	—	0.28	63
total cereals	9.69	10.75	11.77	12.32	13.42	13.22	14.01	14.24	14.38	15.12	15.94	17.41	—	—	14.00	990
gram	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.21	—	—	0.05	132
cereal substs.	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.07	0.10	—	—	0.07	90
	value Rs. (0.00)															
rice	10.14	18.26	23.63	24.23	28.52	25.09	29.90	33.66	30.25	29.73	26.59	34.55	—	—	28.03	909
wheat	9.19	6.14	8.79	7.95	10.51	12.59	10.71	10.04	14.28	13.63	16.67	20.15	—	—	12.03	721
jowar	1.81	2.69	2.07	3.77	2.22	1.33	2.95	2.05	2.58	2.39	0.84	1.66	—	—	2.25	126
bajra	0.44	0.50	1.02	0.67	0.81	0.74	0.68	0.88	1.06	2.39	2.10	—	—	—	1.21	80
maize	2.97	0.81	0.40	0.76	0.80	1.85	0.53	1.32	0.76	0.72	2.51	0.83	—	—	1.06	94
barley	—	0.73	—	0.00	0.08	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.07	0.00	0.03	—	—	0.05	4
small millets	1.32	0.21	0.03	0.10	0.04	0.20	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.02	—	—	0.09	11
ragi	0.75	1.60	0.80	0.93	1.07	0.75	0.84	0.60	0.25	0.39	0.32	0.43	—	—	0.66	63
total cereals	26.62	30.94	36.74	38.44	44.05	42.29	45.67	48.58	48.24	49.36	49.14	59.68	—	—	45.38	990
gram	0.06	0.05	0.17	0.09	0.13	0.14	0.5	0.40	0.41	0.55	0.49	1.76	—	—	0.40	132
cereal substs.	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.17	0.14	0.14	0.22	0.27	0.30	0.38	0.39	0.34	—	—	0.24	90
sample lbs.	184	324	573	940	1040	1168	1429	1360	2015	2462	1672	1335	1	1	14503	x

TABLE (3) : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUP OF FOOD & NON-FOOD ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

ALL INDIA : RURAL

item	monthly per capita expenditure classes (Rs.)																		per 1000 hhs. rep. con.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
cereals	26.62	30.94	36.75	38.44	44.05	42.29	45.68	48.58	48.25	49.37	49.16	59.70	—	45.38	24.46	990	14289		
gram	0.06	0.05	0.17	0.09	0.13	0.14	0.50	0.40	0.41	0.55	0.49	1.76	—	0.40	0.20	132	2036		
cereal subst.	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.17	0.14	0.14	0.22	0.27	0.30	0.38	0.39	0.34	—	0.24	0.12	90	1213		
pulse & prod.	3.43	4.16	4.48	5.75	6.01	6.20	7.81	7.33	8.94	10.33	12.52	18.31	—	8.31	4.36	967	13754		
milk & prod.	0.40	2.06	2.63	5.12	6.45	9.50	11.20	14.40	19.86	28.25	45.82	59.10	—	18.35	9.63	729	10265		
edible oil	3.23	3.72	4.73	5.71	6.26	6.78	7.94	8.44	10.02	11.74	13.48	22.03	—	9.10	4.77	982	14065		
meat, egg, fish	0.45	2.12	2.47	2.72	4.34	4.00	6.19	6.20	8.01	10.03	9.94	20.27	—	6.84	3.58	573	9438		
vegetables	4.08	5.16	6.25	6.71	7.79	8.41	9.56	9.83	10.68	12.95	15.04	19.85	—	10.25	5.38	989	14245		
fruits & nuts	0.14	0.67	0.67	0.97	1.39	1.44	2.01	2.60	3.46	5.22	7.05	11.03	—	3.23	1.69	655	9357		
sugar	1.73	1.79	2.10	3.13	3.66	4.09	4.91	5.56	6.89	9.31	11.72	16.16	—	6.34	3.32	919	13247		
salt	0.29	0.25	0.28	0.26	0.29	0.29	0.35	0.32	0.36	0.35	0.41	0.51	—	0.33	0.17	988	14226		
spices	2.74	2.81	3.05	3.58	3.54	4.24	4.23	4.73	5.30	6.00	7.14	8.60	—	4.88	2.56	988	14178		
beverage, ref.	0.81	1.49	2.77	2.87	3.33	4.78	5.52	7.18	8.73	11.52	14.56	32.18	—	8.13	4.26	885	13280		
food-total	43.99	55.23	66.41	75.52	87.38	92.30	106.12	115.84	131.21	156.00	187.72	269.84	—	121.78	64.50	1000	14499		
pan. tob. intdx	2.14	2.67	2.61	3.86	4.98	6.00	6.47	7.14	7.16	8.05	8.98	15.37	—	6.69	3.51	785	11583		
fuel & light	6.85	8.48	8.51	8.88	10.59	11.12	12.41	15.44	15.82	18.19	21.65	27.11	—	14.44	7.58	994	14384		
clothing	0.28	0.62	1.24	1.32	2.13	5.59	5.46	8.12	9.76	16.79	29.13	75.18	—	12.15	6.38	332	4445		
foot-wear	0.01	0.09	0.07	0.17	0.27	0.44	0.94	1.06	1.45	2.47	2.95	11.36	—	1.63	0.85	176	2694		
misc. goods & services	4.01	5.76	8.74	12.19	11.61	15.65	16.56	20.68	29.91	36.12	52.39	124.75	—	27.80	14.59	992	14343		
rents	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.38	0.48	1.57	5.31	—	0.57	9.29	41	930		
tax ceases	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.31	0.04	0.19	—	0.03	0.07	17	182		
durable goods	0.22	0.15	0.12	0.30	0.33	0.60	1.07	1.13	1.79	3.86	6.29	56.20	—	4.33	2.27	142	2152		
non food-total	13.52	17.78	21.30	26.77	30.06	39.55	43.06	53.81	66.30	86.27	123.00	315.47	—	67.68	35.50	999	14486		
total cons. exp.	57.51	73.01	87.71	102.29	117.44	131.85	149.18	169.85	197.51	242.27	310.72	585.31	—	189.46	100.00	1000	14502		
sample hhs.	184	324	573	940	1040	1168	1429	1360	2015	2462	1672	1335	—	—	—	—	—		

TABLE (3) : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUP OF FOOD & NON-FOOD ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 718

item	monthly per capita expenditure classes (Rs.)																	per sample hbs. rep. con.
	00-90	90-110	110-135	135-160	160-185	185-215	215-255	255-310	310-385	385-520	520-700	700 & above	not recd.	all classes	%age to total expend.	per 1000 hbs. rep. con.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
cereals	26.46	33.52	36.95	38.15	40.96	43.94	41.38	43.75	45.90	46.97	45.73	52.28	—	42.34	14.15	948	13493	
gram	0.05	0.09	0.15	0.26	0.35	0.42	0.55	0.57	0.88	1.00	1.16	1.76	—	0.59	0.19	207	2912	
cereal subst.	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.16	0.17	0.21	0.30	0.34	0.31	0.34	0.36	—	0.22	0.07	93	1130	
pulse & prod.	4.15	5.24	6.12	7.39	7.93	9.06	9.64	10.94	12.19	13.30	14.10	18.80	—	10.04	3.35	934	13275	
milk & prod.	3.51	5.79	8.77	12.81	16.58	18.07	25.66	31.95	42.49	52.18	64.20	78.57	—	29.53	9.87	857	12120	
edible oil	4.52	5.74	7.38	9.33	10.57	11.37	14.22	16.09	18.50	20.53	24.17	32.49	—	14.60	4.88	939	13372	
meat, egg, fish	2.45	3.97	5.19	5.30	7.36	8.92	10.10	12.74	14.76	18.35	19.43	29.57	—	11.42	3.81	591	8569	
vegetables	5.00	6.56	8.45	9.41	10.64	12.44	13.47	16.06	18.32	20.73	24.18	29.89	—	14.65	4.89	941	13416	
fruits & nu's	0.72	1.13	1.59	2.26	3.09	3.25	5.12	7.15	8.67	12.00	17.14	27.87	—	6.87	2.29	815	11415	
sugar	2.25	3.52	4.09	5.43	5.92	6.41	7.81	8.36	9.42	10.86	11.75	16.66	—	7.78	2.60	915	13084	
salt	0.21	0.25	0.28	0.31	0.32	0.33	0.35	0.40	0.43	0.49	0.53	0.58	—	0.38	0.12	942	13405	
spices	3.09	3.62	3.93	4.58	5.17	5.04	5.80	6.56	6.84	7.71	8.40	11.19	—	6.00	2.00	941	13395	
beverage, ref.	3.46	4.33	5.94	8.81	10.23	11.55	15.60	19.19	24.31	35.85	57.25	82.19	—	21.04	7.03	985	13993	
food-total	55.88	73.81	88.96	104.17	119.28	130.97	149.91	174.06	203.05	240.28	288.36	382.21	—	165.46	55.25	999	14231	
pan; tobacco, intdx.	2.13	3.68	4.10	5.08	5.37	5.12	7.42	8.16	8.00	10.76	14.99	18.69	—	7.57	2.53	638	9358	
fuel & light	7.91	9.91	11.72	13.35	15.10	16.39	18.17	19.94	23.42	26.54	30.00	38.79	—	19.26	6.44	972	13845	
clothing	0.21	0.56	1.19	2.43	2.85	12.57	8.43	13.05	20.11	29.90	52.06	153.39	—	19.86	6.64	267	3696	
foot-wear	0.18	0.11	0.23	0.56	0.70	0.66	1.48	1.90	2.79	5.32	9.43	14.32	—	2.61	0.87	169	2643	
misc. goods & serv.	8.43	11.02	14.83	19.25	24.17	27.98	39.32	49.41	66.47	95.61	141.24	255.75	—	55.89	19.14	997	14187	
rents	0.61	1.08	1.43	2.41	4.71	4.75	8.08	10.26	15.19	22.29	36.88	44.54	—	11.40	3.81	359	5019	
tax, cesses	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.12	0.15	0.12	0.20	0.24	0.39	1.11	2.58	3.88	—	0.57	0.18	44	612	
deurable goods	0.06	0.18	0.39	0.90	0.49	1.09	1.17	3.03	4.56	9.37	20.75	245.73	—	15.38	5.14	166	2206	
non food-total	19.58	26.57	33.94	44.10	53.54	68.68	84.27	105.99	140.93	200.90	307.93	775.09	—	132.54	44.75	998	14214	
total cons. exp.	75.46	100.38	122.90	148.27	172.82	199.65	234.18	280.05	343.98	441.18	596.29	1157.30	—	298.00	100.00	999	14235	
sample hbs.	244	399	794	1005	1089	1318	1613	1801	1836	1970	1164	1003	5	—	x	x	x	

TABLE (4) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

MALE

ALL INDIA : RURAL

currently weekly activity status	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)																	csd. persons (00)	sam- ple persons
	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387																		
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)			
indus- try	00-65	65-80	80-95	95-110	110-125	125-140	140-160	160-180	180-215	215-280	280-385	385 & above	all classes						
(1)																			
11,21,61 & 62	0	208	224	160	176	253	226	250	274	268	266	227	300	244	759103	8038			
	1-5	3	10	68	27	25	37	18	32	25	40	17	42	29	92125	1926			
	6-9	4	14	32	56	43	30	44	58	65	53	40	89	48	150971	1905			
	0-9	215	248	260	259	321	293	312	364	358	359	284	431	321	1002199	11869			
31, 71 & 72	0	2	47	26	13	17	18	13	12	13	9	5	10	14	42540	499			
	1-5	1	2	2	4	5	6	13	5	5	14	14	32	9	28921	673			
	6-9	0	10	2	16	11	11	25	41	23	29	97	101	32	101663	1396			
	0-9	3	59	30	33	33	35	51	58	41	52	116	143	55	173124	2568			
41 & 51	0	356	140	156	171	120	138	167	112	101	69	30	26	115	359465	3356			
	1-5	6	25	23	33	26	42	49	22	36	24	17	7	29	91753	1127			
	6-9	1	3	9	2	12	8	4	7	6	23	10	8	9	28874	495			
	0-9	363	168	188	206	158	188	220	141	143	116	57	41	153	480092	4978			
11-72	0	566	411	342	360	390	382	430	398	382	344	262	336	373	1161108	11893			
	1-5	10	37	93	64	56	85	80	59	66	78	48	81	67	212799	3726			
	6-9	5	27	43	74	66	49	73	106	94	105	147	198	89	281508	3796			
	0-9	581	475	478	498	512	516	583	563	542	527	457	615	529	1655415	19415			
81 & 82	x	1	23	10	11	7	14	10	13	20	15	13	20	13	41883	503			
11-82	x	582	498	488	509	519	530	593	576	562	542	470	635	542	1697298	19918			
91	x	159	136	179	205	189	197	197	205	218	245	366	209	221	692768	8323			
92	x	16	15	12	10	16	10	11	11	5	6	7	10	10	30496	455			
93	x	6	6	4	3	11	3	5	7	4	1	3	1	4	13146	321			
94-97	x	108	193	165	101	124	143	77	82	78	100	33	61	97	303360	3693			
98	x	—	—	1	1	1	—	3	2	2	1	4	1	1	4687	56			
99	x	129	152	151	171	140	116	117	116	131	105	117	83	125	390484	4587			
91-99	x	418	502	512	491	481	470	407	424	438	458	530	365	458	1434941	17435			
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3132239	37353			
persons dist. (000)	20	30	44	86	93	103	120	87	126	139	102	50	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX			
csd., persons (00)	62487	94902	139095	268043	291985	321663	376426	270598	394114	437421	318192	156763	3132239	XXX	XXX	XXX			
sample persons	527	956	1665	2632	3119	3272	3923	3609	5239	6119	3773	2514	37353	XXX	XXX	XXX			

TABLE (4) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL INDIA : RURAL FEMALE NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

current weekly activity	industry	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)												estd. per-sons (00)	sam-ple per-sons (17)	
		00-65	65-80	80-95	95-110	110-125	125-140	140-160	160-180	180-215	215-280	280-385	385 & above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
11, 21, 61 & 62	0	220	122	70	76	72	125	90	94	107	114	103	95	100	289276	3456
	1-5	3	44	11	22	28	20	25	28	23	31	19	10	24	68883	1245
	6-9	—	2	20	25	6	11	4	9	13	8	15	13	11	32321	404
	0-9	223	168	101	123	106	156	119	131	143	153	137	118	135	390480	5165
31, 71 & 72	0	—	4	7	2	1	3	2	5	5	4	2	3	3	9309	131
	1-5	—	0	0	1	0	1	5	1	0	1	1	3	1	3927	89
	6-9	1	0	3	0	2	1	1	2	5	4	10	24	4	11356	228
	0-9	1	4	10	3	3	5	8	8	10	9	13	30	8	24592	448
41 & 51	0	109	175	135	115	56	87	83	66	45	72	24	8	74	213112	1951
	1-5	0	17	8	16	18	8	8	11	9	7	7	3	10	28902	338
	6-9	1	0	1	2	1	6	1	5	3	3	6	2	3	8350	103
	0-9	110	192	144	133	75	101	92	82	57	82	37	13	87	250364	2392
11-72	0	329	301	212	193	129	215	175	165	157	190	129	106	177	511697	5538
	1-5	3	61	19	39	46	29	38	40	32	39	27	16	35	101712	1672
	6-9	2	2	24	27	9	18	6	16	21	15	31	39	18	52027	735
	0-9	334	364	255	259	184	562	219	221	210	244	187	161	230	665436	7945
81-82	X	12	2	6	6	3	5	2	1	3	5	13	2	4	12692	171
11-82	X	346	366	261	265	187	267	221	222	213	249	200	163	234	678178	8116
91	X	47	91	104	97	125	79	124	236	124	145	226	175	139	403547	5285
92	X	228	178	192	236	288	243	294	217	293	327	348	436	281	809852	9356
93	X	54	66	110	95	91	109	126	142	125	90	84	110	106	308211	3606
94-97	X	186	175	178	148	166	122	126	74	119	89	73	61	118	341242	3862
98	X	0	2	0	2	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	3169	32
99	X	139	122	155	157	140	179	109	109	124	99	69	53	121	350516	4145
91-99	X	654	634	739	735	813	733	779	778	787	751	800	837	766	2216537	26286
11-99		1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2894665	34402
persons dist. (00)		19	31	47	94	96	99	123	106	121	136	85	43	1001	XXX	XXX
estd. persons (00)		54074	90569	136564	271255	277017	286868	357483	306780	348924	395431	246660	173055	2894665	XXX	XXX
sample persons		545	949	1679	2634	2904	3058	3754	3385	4761	5418	3319	1993	34402	XXX	XXX

TABLE (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS.

current weekly activity		household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)														cstd. persons	
		MALE														persons	
status	industry	NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 7178														classes	
		00—90	90—110	110—135	135—160	160—185	185—215	215—255	255—310	310—385	385—520	520—700	700 & above	(15)	(16)	(17)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
11, 21, 61 & 62	0 1-5 6-9	15 60 89	54 57 116	48 57 104	43 56 131	41 56 129	22 48 179	33 48 142	21 44 128	22 38 135	17 54 124	15 40 125	13 35 150	29 49 134	26682 45050 123664	1096 1792 4815	
31, 71 & 72	0 1-5 6-9	164 6 19 57	227 4 29 43	209 4 47 58	230 2 60 87	226 3 63 99	249 2 61 97	223 3 59 139	193 3 89 137	195 2 96 163	195 1 105 200	180 10 120 238	198 0 115 262	212 3 75 133	195396 2588 69404 123130	7703 126 2538 4959	
41 & 51	0 1-5 6-9	82 71 46 39	76 56 54 36	109 31 53 50	149 29 51 33	165 17 53 30	160 12 50 31	201 7 42 30	229 5 36 17	261 5 24 19	306 2 22 19	368 1 13 12	377 1 10 8	211 14 39 27	195122 13335 35700 24646	7623 429 1227 880	
11-72	0-9	156	146	134	113	100	93	79	58	48	43	26	19	80	73681	2536	
81 & 82	x	16	23	29	26	20	23	34	25	25	19	19	19	24	22466	824	
11-82	x	418	472	481	518	511	525	537	505	529	563	593	613	527	486665	18686	
91	x	204	194	222	245	24	251	270	313	312	282	250	233	261	243231	9435	
92	x	24	10	13	11	8	10	13	11	10	7	12	3	10	9554	392	
93	x	5	4	3	7	2	1	3	1	2	3	5	1	3	2483	88	
94-97	x	185	159	120	100	103	74	75	76	62	69	76	68	87	80787	2878	
98	x	6	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	3	1	609	30	
99	x	158	156	161	124	131	138	102	94	85	76	64	81	111	102332	3819	
91-99	x	582	528	519	482	489	475	463	495	471	437	407	387	473	438996	16642	
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	925661	35328	
persons dist. (000)		23	40	83	91	94	111	118	125	115	98	52	50	1000		x	
estd. persons (00)		21159	36836	76518	84365	87386	103129	108844	116546	106061	90423	48542	45824	925661		x	
sample persons		810	1316	2406	3062	3141	3687	4366	4566	4266	3995	2108	1601	35328		x	

TABLE (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS.

ALL INDIA: URBAN FEMALE NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 7178

status	current weekly activity	industry (2)	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)												total		sample persons (00)
			00—90	90—110	110—135	135—160	160—185	185—215	215—255	255—310	310—385	385—520	520—700	700 & above	(13)	(14)		(15)	(16)	(17)
11, 21, 61 & 62			14	28	20	21	14	17	17	12	7	6	3	14	14	12011	468
			48	24	37	32	32	19	18	11	9	7	6	2	19	16268	683
			22	20	28	19	20	14	25	22	21	15	14	14	20	16621	652
			84	72	85	72	66	50	60	45	37	28	23	30	53	44900	1803
31, 71 & 72			0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	—	0	343	24
			12	1	4	9	5	10	5	3	9	7	6	15	7	5677	205
			18	24	18	24	11	18	13	25	38	57	70	167	34	28333	996
			30	25	23	33	17	29	18	29	48	64	76	182	41	34353	1225
41 & 51			42	41	23	25	8	13	3	3	3	1	1	2	11	9140	238
			17	18	15	8	13	16	10	6	3	3	0	—	9	7612	256
			20	13	9	6	7	6	10	9	2	4	2	3	7	5722	215
			79	72	47	39	28	35	23	18	8	8	3	5	27	22474	709
11—72			56	69	44	46	23	31	20	16	11	7	4	16	25	21494	730
			77	43	56	49	50	45	33	20	21	17	12	17	35	29557	1144
			60	57	55	49	38	38	48	56	61	76	86	184	61	50676	1863
			193	169	155	144	111	114	101	92	93	100	102	217	121	101727	3737
81 & 82			—	2	5	6	5	4	7	5	5	6	6	2	5	4185	176
			193	171	160	150	116	118	108	97	98	106	108	219	126	105912	3913
11—82			119	171	173	215	211	190	227	251	269	237	240	238	220	184006	7453
91			288	278	321	332	407	375	431	442	445	471	437	387	396	332055	12448
92			60	87	75	54	64	42	57	47	48	55	50	37	55	45922	1775
93			178	141	123	100	79	121	68	62	54	57	49	59	85	71017	2491
94—97			—	3	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	0	230	15
98			162	149	148	149	123	154	109	101	86	74	116	60	118	98425	3295
99			807	829	840	850	884	882	892	903	902	894	892	781	874	731655	27477
91—99			1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	837567	31390
persons dist. (000)			25	44	84	102	97	121	119	116	107	89	46	50	1000	XXX	XXX
estd. persons (00)			20854	36611	70375	85400	81451	102326	99365	97414	89332	74501	38273	41516	837567	XXX	XXX
sample persons			790	1305	2394	2963	2964	3442	3877	3860	3576	3315	1606	1297	31390	XXX	XXX

TABLE (4): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS.

ALL INDIA: URBAN

PERSONS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 7178

status	current weekly activity	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)																	std. sample persons
		00—90	90—110	110—135	135—160	160—185	185—215	215—255	255—310	310—385	385—520	520—700	700 & above	all classes					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
11, 21, 61 & 62	0	14	41	35	32	28	19	25	17	15	12	10	14	22	38692	1564			
	1-5	54	41	47	44	44	33	34	29	25	33	25	20	35	61318	2475			
	6-9	56	68	68	75	76	97	86	80	83	75	76	85	80	140285	5467			
31, 71 & 72	0	124	150	150	151	148	149	145	126	123	120	111	119	137	240295	9506			
	1-5	3	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	1	0	6	6	2	2931	150			
	6-9	15	15	26	34	35	35	33	50	56	61	70	68	43	75081	2743			
41 & 51	0	38	34	39	55	57	58	79	86	106	135	164	217	86	151463	5955			
	1-5	56	51	68	90	94	94	114	138	163	196	240	285	131	229475	8848			
	6-9	56	49	27	27	13	13	5	4	4	2	1	1	13	22476	667			
11-72	0	31	36	35	30	34	33	27	23	15	13	8	5	25	43312	1483			
	1-5	30	24	30	20	19	19	21	13	11	12	8	5	17	30368	1095			
	6-9	117	109	92	77	65	66	53	40	30	27	17	11	55	96156	5234			
81 & 82	0	73	92	65	60	43	33	32	23	20	14	17	15	37	64099	2381			
11-82	1-5	100	92	108	108	113	101	94	102	96	107	103	93	103	179711	6701			
91	6-9	124	126	137	150	152	174	186	179	200	222	248	307	183	322116	12517			
92	0-9	297	310	310	318	308	308	312	304	316	343	368	415	323	565926	21599			
93	x	18	13	18	16	13	14	21	16	16	13	13	10	15	26651	1000			
94-97	x	305	323	328	334	321	322	333	320	332	356	381	425	338	592577	22599			
98	x	162	182	197	226	229	221	249	284	292	262	244	236	241	427236	16888			
99	x	155	144	160	173	200	192	212	207	209	217	199	186	194	341611	12840			
91-99	x	32	45	38	30	32	22	29	22	23	26	25	18	27	48405	1863			
	x	183	150	122	100	91	97	72	70	59	64	64	64	86	151804	5369			
	x	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	838	45			
	x	160	152	155	137	127	146	105	97	85	75	87	71	114	200757	7114			
	x	695	677	672	666	679	678	667	680	668	644	619	575	662	1170651	44119			
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1663228	66718			
persons dist. (000)		24	42	83	96	96	117	118	120	111	94	49	50	1001	xxx	xxx			
std. persons (00)		42013	73447	146893	169765	168836	205455	208209	213962	195393	164924	86815	87339	1763228	xxx	xxx			
sample persons		1600	2621	4800	6025	6105	7129	8243	8426	7842	7310	3714	2898	66718	xxx	xxx			

TABLE (5) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SES/DIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

usual activity		FEMALE															estd. per-sons (C)	sam-ple per-sons (17)											
		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387																											
status	industry	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)															all classes (15)	385 & above (14)	280—385 (13)	215—280 (12)	180—215 (11)	140—180 (10)	125—140 (9)	110—125 (8)	95—110 (7)	80—95 (6)	65—80 (5)	50—65 (4)	35—50 (3)
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)														(16)	(17)
11-21	0	256	129	144	97	112	125	126	230	194	162	151	181	154	44577	4956													
1-5	3	3	65	7	26	36	28	38	33	19	35	18	11	28	81773	1447													
6-9	—	—	6	33	25	7	11	4	10	14	11	15	14	13	36493	451													
0-9	259	200	184	148	155	164	168	273	227	208	184	206	195	563843	6854														
0	—	—	4	7	3	2	5	2	4	4	4	2	3	4	10404	138													
1-5	—	—	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	0	1	1	3	1	3884	81													
6-9	1	0	3	0	2	2	1	1	2	5	4	9	25	4	11173	225													
0-9	1	4	10	4	4	4	7	11	4	9	9	12	31	9	25461	444													
41 & 51	0	176	224	156	167	85	130	99	90	89	83	42	18	102	296545	2653													
1-5	0	0	14	6	13	14	25	10	8	5	6	7	4	10	28945	345													
6-9	1	1	0	9	3	1	7	1	1	3	3	6	2	3	9125	113													
0-9	177	238	171	183	100	162	110	99	97	92	55	24	115	334615	3111														
11-51	0	432	357	307	267	199	260	230	322	287	249	195	202	260	752526	7747													
1-5	3	79	13	40	50	54	53	41	24	42	26	18	39	114602	1873														
6-9	2	6	45	2	10	19	6	13	22	18	30	41	20	56791	789														
0-9	437	442	365	335	259	333	289	376	333	309	251	261	319	923919	10409														
81	0	0	1	0	1	2	2	0	3	3	4	2	0	2	5308	77													
11-81	437	443	365	336	261	335	289	379	336	313	253	261	321	929227	10486														
91	45	63	110	95	121	79	119	194	124	138	227	179	132	383080	5298														
92	151	138	146	186	254	203	274	173	248	277	321	400	240	694859	7912														
93	50	54	71	77	66	79	90	67	86	81	65	70	76	218579	2869														
94-97	178	180	153	149	158	125	119	78	82	92	65	37	110	318404	3692														
99	139	122	155	157	140	179	109	109	124	99	69	53	121	350516	4145														
91-99	563	557	635	664	739	665	711	621	664	687	747	739	679	1965438	23916														
11-99	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2894665	34402														
persons dist. (000)	19	31	47	94	96	99	123	106	121	136	85	43	1001	XXX	XXX														
estd. persons (00)	54074	90569	136564	271255	277012	286868	357483	306780	448924	395431	246560	123055	289465	XXX	XXX														
sample persons	545	949	1679	2634	2904	3058	3754	3385	4761	5418	3319	1993	34402	XXX	XXX														

TABLE (5) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL-INDIA : RURAL
 PERSONS
 NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

status	industry	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)																	estd. pct-sons (00)	sam-ple sons (00)
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)		
11, 21	0	239	161	159	131	182	168	197	267	232	229	192	257	201	1222010	13465				
1-5	3	43	40	28	30	35	18	32	31	32	35	21	29	29	176917	3397				
6-9	3	7	31	43	28	21	28	30	40	40	33	29	55	31	188651	2343				
0-9	3	245	211	230	202	240	224	256	329	290	297	242	341	261	1587578	19205				
31	0	1	22	16	7	13	13	10	6	9	7	5	7	9	55688	615				
1-5	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	10	3	3	88	9	20	6	33471	747				
6-9	1	5	3	8	7	7	13	9	15	16	58	67	18	105543	1613					
0-9	2	28	20	17	23	24	24	33	18	27	31	72	94	33	194702	2975				
41 & 51	0	277	213	161	182	110	141	138	176	109	84	41	21	117	705017	6418				
1-5	0	15	14	22	17	44	22	16	19	12	11	6	19	111862	1428					
6-9	1	4	9	3	8	7	4	4	5	14	10	6	7	40737	607					
0-9	278	232	184	207	135	192	133	110	62	33	143	857616	8453							
11-51	0	517	396	320	305	322	345	379	350	320	238	285	327	1982715	20498					
1-5	3	59	55	52	50	83	63	51	40	55	41	55	54	322250	5572					
6-9	5	16	43	54	43	35	45	43	60	63	97	128	56	334931	4563					
0-9	525	471	434	426	398	440	453	473	450	438	376	468	437	2639896	30633					
81	0	9	4	3	1	4	4	3	4	7	5	6	9	5	27958	380				
11-81	525	480	438	429	399	444	457	477	457	443	382	477	442	2667854	31033					
91	107	95	142	147	156	138	154	197	175	191	304	197	177	1064604	13430					
92	79	75	77	98	132	99	137	96	120	134	144	179	120	726951	8317					
93	27	28	36	40	37	38	46	38	42	39	29	31	38	227584	3137					
94-97	128	185	154	122	136	135	94	80	78	91	45	46	100	604910	7126					
99	134	137	153	164	140	146	113	112	128	102	96	70	123	741000	8732					
91-99	475	520	562	571	601	556	544	523	543	557	618	523	558	3359049	40742					
11-99	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	602903	71755					
persons dist. (000)	19	31	46	89	94	101	122	96	123	139	94	46	999	xxx	xxx					
estd. persons (00)	116561	185471	275659	539298	568997	608530	733909	577778	743038	832853	564752	279818	6026903	xxx	xxx					
sample persons	1072	1905	3344	5266	6023	6330	7677	6994	10000	11537	7092	4507	71755	xxx	xxx					

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL INDIA: URBAN		MALE														NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 7178	
usual activity	industry	household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)														estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		00—90	90—110	110—135	135—160	160—185	185—215	215—255	255—310	310—385	385—520	520—700	700—850	850—1000	1000 & above		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
11—21	0	16	59	48	48	45	26	33	24	24	18	21	14	32	29200	1166	
	1—5	61	62	60	53	57	49	46	45	39	55	39	35	49	45428	1808	
	6—9	94	113	105	133	131	179	144	131	140	124	127	149	135	125250	4906	
0—9		171	234	213	234	233	254	223	200	203	197	187	198	216	199878	7880	
31	0	6	5	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	10	0	3	2462	121	
	1—5	19	26	34	50	64	61	59	88	93	109	120	118	73	67712	2555	
	6—9	57	43	71	87	98	100	140	138	165	200	238	263	135	125055	4959	
0—9		82	74	108	139	165	163	201	228	260	310	368	381	211	195229	7635	
41 & 51	0	82	57	38	36	19	14	8	5	6	2	1	2	17	15411	49	
	1—5	52	58	55	60	54	49	44	38	27	21	15	13	41	37637	1259	
	6—9	34	38	51	32	30	33	31	17	20	19	10	8	27	24811	901	
0—9		168	153	144	128	103	96	83	60	53	42	26	23	85	77859	2650	
11—51	0	104	121	89	86	67	42	43	31	32	21	32	16	52	47073	1777	
	1—5	132	146	149	163	175	159	149	171	159	185	174	166	163	150777	5622	
	6—9	185	194	227	252	259	312	315	286	325	343	375	420	297	275116	10766	
0—9		421	461	465	501	501	513	507	488	516	549	581	602	512	472966	18165	
81	x	10	21	25	23	19	17	33	22	21	18	16	13	21	19452	708	
11—81	x	431	482	490	524	520	530	540	510	537	567	597	615	533	492418	18873	
91	x	202	190	224	245	252	252	273	318	311	290	250	236	264	245740	9489	
92	x	24	9	11	11	6	10	11	7	10	5	13	4	9	8600	359	
93	x	5	4	5	5	2	1	3	1	1	5	5	1	3	2663	89	
94—97	x	180	159	109	91	89	69	71	70	56	57	71	63	80	73908	2699	
99	x	158	156	161	124	131	138	102	94	85	76	64	81	111	102332	3819	
91—99	x	569	518	510	476	480	470	460	490	463	433	403	385	467	433243	16455	
11—99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	925661	35328	
persons dist. (000)		23	40	83	91	94	111	118	125	115	98	52	50	1000	xxx	xxx	
estd. persons (00)		21159	36836	76518	84365	87386	103129	108844	116546	106061	90423	48542	45824	925661	xxx	xxx	
sample persons		810	1316	2406	3062	3141	3687	4366	4566	4266	3995	2108	1601	35328	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

usual activity		FEMALE														NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 7178	
		household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)															
		estd. sample persons persons															
status	industry	00-90	90-110	110-135	135-160	160-185	185-215	215-255	255-310	310-385	385-520	520-700	700 & above	700 & all above classes	(15)	(16)	(17)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
11, 21	0	18	32	25	23	24	21	21	19	16	9	8	17	20	16425	659	
	1-5	49	41	52	36	35	19	24	32	16	13	6	3	27	22355	826	
	6-9	23	25	37	22	21	21	28	26	23	21	16	16	24	19962	753	
0-9	0-9	90	98	114	81	80	61	73	77	55	43	30	36	71	58742	2238	
31	0	3	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	—	1	444	26	
	1-5	12	1	4	10	4	9	4	3	9	8	7	15	7	5775	209	
	6-9	18	25	19	25	12	19	13	25	38	57	73	167	34	28722	1004	
41 & 51	0-9	33	28	24	35	17	29	17	29	47	65	80	182	42	34941	1239	
	0	61	51	34	32	11	14	6	4	5	1	1	2	15	12319	337	
	1-5	25	25	18	11	11	16	11	8	5	3	0	—	10	8440	294	
	6-9	18	14	10	7	8	6	12	10	3	5	2	3	8	6432	239	
11-51	0-9	104	83	62	50	30	36	29	22	13	9	3	5	33	27191	870	
	0	82	85	60	55	36	36	27	24	21	10	9	19	36	29188	1022	
	1-5	86	60	74	57	50	44	39	43	30	24	13	18	44	36570	1329	
	6-9	59	64	66	54	41	46	53	61	64	83	91	186	66	55116	1996	
81	0-9	227	209	200	166	127	126	119	128	115	117	113	223	146	120874	4347	
	x	1	2	2	1	6	4	7	8	5	4	3	1	4	3450	161	
11-81	x	228	211	202	167	133	130	126	136	120	121	116	224	150	124474	4508	
91	x	124	168	170	223	210	196	233	253	274	242	249	241	223	186881	7588	
92	x	273	251	299	311	391	357	414	411	422	455	414	381	375	315511	11909	
93	x	49	81	65	55	61	43	53	44	46	54	58	38	52	43961	1702	
94-97	x	164	140	116	95	82	120	65	55	52	54	47	56	82	68365	2388	
99	x	162	149	148	149	123	154	109	101	86	74	116	60	118	98425	3295	
91-99	x	772	789	798	833	867	870	874	864	880	879	884	776	850	713143	26882	
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	837567	31390	
persons dist. (000)		25	44	84	102	97	121	119	116	107	89	46	50	1000	xxx	xxx	
estd. persons (00)		20854	36611	70375	85400	81451	102326	99365	97414	89332	74501	38273	41516	837567	xxx	xxx	
sample persons		790	1305	2394	2963	2964	3442	3877	3860	3576	3315	1606	1297	31390	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (5) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

status	usual activity	PERSONS																sam- ple per- sons							
		household monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.)																							
		00— 90		90— 110		110— 135		135— 160		160— 185		185— 215		215— 255		255— 310			310— 385		385— 520		520— 700		700 & above		all classes (00
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)									
11,21	0	17	46	37	35	35	23	27	22	20	14	15	15	15	26	45625	1825								
	1-5	55	52	56	44	46	34	36	39	28	36	25	20	38	67782	2634									
	6-9	59	69	73	77	78	100	89	83	87	77	78	86	82	145212	5659									
0-9	0-9	131	167	166	156	159	157	152	144	135	127	118	121	146	258619	10118									
31	0	4	4	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	0	5	0	2	2906	147									
	1-5	15	14	20	30	35	35	33	50	54	63	70	69	42	73487	2764									
	6-9	38	34	46	56	56	60	79	87	107	136	165	217	87	153776	5963									
41 & 51	0-9	57	52	68	87	93	96	113	138	162	199	240	286	131	230169	8874									
	0	71	54	36	34	15	14	7	5	6	2	1	2	16	27730	827									
	1-5	39	38	37	35	33	32	28	24	17	13	9	7	26	46077	1553									
	6-9	26	26	31	20	19	20	22	14	12	13	7	6	18	31243	1140									
11-51	0-9	136	118	104	89	67	66	57	43	35	28	17	15	60	105050	3520									
	0	92	104	75	70	52	38	35	28	27	16	21	17	44	76261	2799									
	1-5	109	104	113	109	114	101	97	113	99	112	104	96	106	187346	6951									
	6-9	123	129	150	155	153	180	190	184	206	226	250	309	187	330231	12762									
81	0-9	324	337	338	332	319	319	322	325	332	354	375	472	337	593838	22512									
	0	6	12	14	12	13	11	20	15	13	12	10	7	13	23001	869									
	11-81	330	349	352	344	332	330	342	340	345	366	385	429	350	61859	2381									
91	0	164	177	197	234	232	225	254	287	296	268	250	238	245	432624	17077									
	92	148	129	149	162	192	183	204	192	159	208	189	184	184	324110	12268									
	93	26	43	34	30	31	22	27	21	21	27	28	19	26	46625	1791									
	94-97	172	150	113	93	86	94	68	63	54	56	61	59	81	142273	5087									
	99	160	152	155	137	127	146	105	97	85	75	87	71	114	200757	7114									
	91-99	670	651	648	656	668	670	658	660	655	634	615	571	650	1146389	43337									
11-99	0-9	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1763278	66718									
persons dist. (000)		24	42	83	96	96	117	118	120	111	94	49	50	1000	xxx	xxx									
estd. persons (00)		42013	73447	146893	169765	168836	205455	208209	213962	195393	164924	86815	87359	1765758	xxx	xxx									
sample persons		1600	2621	4800	6025	6105	7129	8243	8426	7842	7310	3714	2898	66718	xxx	xxx									

ALL INDIA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178

TABLE (6) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL INDIA : RURAL		MALE																	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387		
		15-11000 in years																	estd. sam- pld. file		
status	industry	current weekly activity															60 & above			per- sons	per- sons
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		
11, 21, 61 & 62	0	—	12	65	259	377	420	387	361	365	387	536	551	423	243	759103	8038				
	1-5	—	0	4	20	55	77	58	35	50	26	39	60	68	29	92125	1926				
	6-9	—	2	7	38	51	61	140	78	144	99	71	147	50	48	150971	1905				
	0-9	—	14	76	317	483	558	585	474	559	512	646	758	541	320	1002199	11869				
31, 71 & 72	0	—	0	9	12	17	20	28	33	34	22	24	15	9	14	42540	499				
	1-5	—	0	1	12	21	26	21	20	15	12	8	6	1	9	28921	673				
	6-9	—	0	2	7	29	49	68	139	110	70	65	44	9	32	101663	1396				
	0-9	—	—	12	31	67	95	117	192	159	104	97	65	19	55	173124	2568				
41 & 51	0	—	2	40	174	225	197	180	201	172	284	129	94	104	115	359465	3356				
	1-5	—	0	6	41	69	67	39	62	30	63	43	36	10	29	91753	1127				
	6-9	—	0	3	6	12	22	18	30	36	10	2	6	5	9	28874	495				
	0-9	—	2	49	221	306	286	237	293	238	357	174	136	119	153	480092	4978				
11-72	0-9	—	14	114	445	619	637	595	595	571	693	689	660	536	372	1161108	11893				
	1-5	—	0	11	73	145	170	118	117	95	101	90	102	79	67	212799	3726				
	6-9	—	2	12	51	92	132	226	247	290	179	138	197	64	89	281508	3796				
	0-9	—	16	137	569	856	939	939	959	956	973	917	959	679	528	1655415	19415				
81	—	—	1	2	32	35	18	22	8	8	2	6	0	5	11	33484	415				
82	—	—	0	1	8	9	2	1	5	2	0	1	5	2	3	8399	88				
81 & 82	—	—	1	3	40	44	20	23	13	10	2	7	5	7	13	41883	50				
11-82	—	—	17	140	609	900	959	962	972	966	975	924	964	686	542	1697298	19918				
91	—	—	575	743	334	78	14	4	0	0	0	—	0	1	221	692768	8323				
92	—	—	10	18	6	8	5	9	11	2	8	19	5	26	10	30496	455				
93	—	—	3	7	14	0	4	9	1	1	3	1	2	6	4	13146	321				
94-97	—	—	395	91	37	11	16	16	15	31	14	44	28	274	97	303360	3693				
98	—	—	0	1	0	3	2	0	1	—	0	12	1	7	1	4687	56				
99	—	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	125	390484	4587			
91-99	—	1000	983	860	391	100	41	38	28	34	25	76	36	314	458	1434941	17435				
11-99	—	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3137239	37353			
pers. dist.(000)			125	138	135	101	85	69	66	45	46	36	30	65	1000						
estd. pers.(00)			390484	433744	421523	317007	265560	216772	184304	206816	142115	147759	114767	94480	202194	3132239					
sample person			4587	5128	4732	3747	3056	2831	2560	2377	1795	1744	1356	1045	2383	37353					

TABLE (6) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL INDIA : RURAL

FEMALE

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

status	current weekly activity	age group in years																60 & above groups	std. persons	sam- ple persons
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
11, 21 & 61 & 62	0	—	6	51	97	126	170	168	150	203	253	163	153	72	100	289276	3456			
	1-5	—	1	13	34	46	39	33	28	55	24	37	41	14	24	68883	1245			
	6-9	—	1	2	6	13	20	37	21	20	12	30	7	10	11	32321	404			
0-9	0-9	—	8	66	137	183	229	238	199	278	289	230	201	96	135	390480	5105			
31, 71 & 72	0	—	0	0	3	6	3	5	9	5	3	9	3	4	3	9309	131			
	1-5	—	—	2	1	1	1	5	2	1	2	2	0	3	1	3927	89			
	6-9	—	—	1	1	7	5	11	14	13	4	3	2	1	4	11356	228			
0-9	0-9	—	0	3	5	14	9	21	25	19	9	14	5	8	8	24592	448			
41 & 51	0	—	1	38	78	144	109	137	126	125	137	102	82	50	74	213112	1951			
	1-5	—	—	8	19	9	17	27	23	12	8	1	8	9	10	28902	338			
	6-9	—	7	1	1	0	8	9	7	2	2	11	3	4	3	8350	103			
0-9	0-9	—	1	47	98	153	134	166	156	139	147	114	93	3	87	250364	2392			
11-72	0	—	7	89	178	276	282	303	285	333	393	274	238	126	177	511697	5538			
	1-5	—	1	23	54	56	57	65	53	68	34	40	49	26	35	101712	1672			
	6-9	—	1	4	8	20	33	57	42	35	18	44	12	15	18	52027	735			
0-9	0-9	—	9	116	240	352	372	425	380	436	445	358	299	167	230	665436	7945			
81	x	—	1	1	4	10	3	3	0	5	4	1	3	0	3	7692	123			
82	x	—	0	0	7	1	1	1	1	2	9	0	1	—	2	5000	48			
81 & 82	x	—	1	1	11	11	4	4	1	7	13	1	4	0	5	12692	171			
11-82	x	—	10	117	251	363	376	429	381	443	438	359	303	167	235	678128	8116			
91	x	—	485	471	199	13	8	6	5	3	1	5	0	3	139	403547	5285			
92	x	—	34	184	368	441	439	361	449	348	348	445	395	396	280	809852	9356			
93	x	—	12	65	145	157	159	197	157	154	172	157	206	62	106	308211	3606			
94-97	x	—	459	163	36	25	18	6	8	52	17	34	87	368	118	341242	3862			
98	x	—	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	4	0	9	4	1	3169	32			
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	112	350516	4145		
91-99	x	1000	990	883	749	637	624	571	619	557	542	641	697	833	765	2216537	26286			
11-99	—	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	10003	2894665	34402		
pers. dist. (000)	—	121	130	114	99	98	74	64	66	46	49	39	35	65	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx		
std. pers. (00)	—	350516	374646	331365	286188	282837	215560	186703	189895	132472	142004	111559	102709	188086	2894665	xxx	xxx	xxx		
sample persons	—	4145	4554	3910	3206	3252	2980	2395	2143	1663	1627	1282	1032	2206	34402	xxx	xxx	xxx		

TABLE (6) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

status	industry	PERSONS																	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387		
		age group in years																	60 & above	all groups	std. perc.
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)				(18)
0-4	0-4	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60 & above	all groups	std. perc.					
11, 21	0	9	59	182	249	297	278	262	288	320	352	344	255	174	1048381	11494					
61 & 62	1-5	1	8	27	50	58	45	32	52	25	38	50	42	27	161008	3171					
	6-9	1	5	23	31	41	88	50	84	56	51	74	31	30	183292	2309					
31, 71 & 72	0-9	11	72	232	330	396	411	344	424	401	441	468	328	231	1392681	16974					
	0	0	5	8	11	11	16	21	20	13	17	9	7	9	51850	630					
	1-5	0	1	6	11	13	13	11	8	7	5	3	2	5	32847	762					
	6-9	0	1	4	18	27	39	79	63	37	34	22	5	19	113019	1624					
41 & 51	0-9	0	7	18	40	51	68	111	91	57	56	34	14	33	197716	3016					
	0	1	39	128	183	153	155	166	149	210	116	88	78	95	572577	5307					
	1-5	0	7	30	38	42	33	43	21	36	22	21	9	20	120656	1465					
	6-9	0	2	4	6	15	13	19	20	6	7	4	5	6	37224	598					
11-72	0-9	1	48	162	227	210	201	228	190	252	145	113	92	121	730457	7370					
	0	10	703	318	443	461	449	449	457	543	485	441	340	278	1672808	17431					
	1-5	1	16	63	99	113	91	86	81	68	65	74	53	52	314511	5398					
	6-9	1	8	31	55	83	140	148	167	99	92	100	41	55	335535	4531					
81	0-9	12	127	412	507	657	680	683	705	710	642	615	434	385	2320854	27360					
82	x	1	2	19	22	11	12	4	6	3	3	2	3	7	41175	538					
81 & 82	x	0	1	8	5	1	1	3	2	5	1	3	1	2	13399	136					
11-82	x	13	130	439	624	669	693	690	713	718	646	620	438	394	2375428	28034					
91	x	534	623	270	44	11	5	2	2	0	2	0	2	183	1096312	13608					
92	x	21	91	177	231	221	187	221	169	177	229	208	204	139	840348	9811					
93	x	7	33	36	81	81	104	75	75	88	78	108	33	53	321357	3927					
94-97	x	425	123	37	18	17	11	12	41	15	39	59	5	107	644602	7555					
98	x	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	3	2	6	5	5	1	7856	88					
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	741000	8732					
91-99	x	1000	987	870	561	376	307	310	287	282	354	380	562	606	3651475	43721					
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6026903	71755					
pers. distr. (000)		123	133	25	100	91	72	66	46	7	37	33	65	1001	xxx	xxx					
std. pers. (00)		741000	808391	752889	603195	548397	432282	371007	396710	274626	284803	225826	197189	390279	6026903	xxx					
sample persons		8732	9682	8642	6953	6308	5811	4955	4520	3458	3371	2638	2077	4589	71755	xxx					

TABLE (6) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA : URBAN

MALE

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178

current weekly activity	age-group in years																		estd. per-sons (00)	sam-ple per-sons
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
status	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(18)			
11,21	0	1	6	29	41	33	27	33	45	55	60	65	81	29	26682	1096				
61 & 62	1-5	3	6	32	75	81	82	109	61	57	100	85	76	49	45050	1792				
	6-9	1	40	70	164	249	253	274	215	243	222	217	155	134	123664	4815				
31,71 & 72	0-9	5	52	131	280	363	362	416	330	355	322	367	312	212	195396	7703				
	0	0	0	1	3	4	6	2	7	10	8	6	2	3	2588	126				
	1-5	0	5	33	91	149	163	146	162	188	131	117	20	75	69404	2538				
	6-9	0	11	50	124	224	297	298	344	295	320	214	44	133	123130	4959				
41 & 51	0-9	0	16	84	218	377	466	446	513	493	459	337	66	211	195122	7623				
	0	—	2	15	17	21	26	29	31	21	24	35	14	14	13335	429				
	1-5	4	12	53	76	84	61	47	60	43	36	37	17	39	35700	1227				
	6-9	1	7	33	50	59	45	36	29	39	22	29	22	27	24646	880				
11-72	0-9	5	21	101	143	164	132	112	120	103	82	101	53	80	73681	2536				
	0	1	8	45	61	58	59	64	92	86	92	106	97	46	42605	1651				
	1-5	7	23	118	242	314	306	302	283	288	267	239	113	163	150154	5557				
	6-9	2	58	153	338	532	595	608	588	577	564	460	221	294	271440	10654				
81	0-9	10	89	316	641	904	960	974	963	951	923	805	431	503	464199	17862				
82	0	1	6	47	86	41	13	6	6	9	21	7	8	21	19788	721				
81 & 82	0	0	0	8	7	7	2	2	2	0	1	2	1	3	2679	103				
11-82	0	1	6	55	93	48	15	8	8	9	22	9	9	24	22467	824				
91	0	11	95	371	734	952	975	982	971	960	945	814	440	527	486666	183				
92	0	713	786	562	234	24	2	1	0	1	—	3	6	261	243230	945				
93	0	12	17	15	9	9	5	5	8	8	12	15	24	10	9554	392				
94-97	0	3	5	4	3	2	1	0	2	3	1	0	6	3	2483	88				
98	0	260	97	48	20	13	17	11	18	24	42	167	522	87	80787	2878				
99	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	—	1	2	1	609	30				
91-99	0	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	111	102332	3819				
	0	1000	989	905	629	266	48	25	18	29	40	55	186	473	438995	16642				
11-99	0	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	925661	35328				
pers. dist. (000)	0	111	115	122	108	96	73	74	49	49	36	26	52	999	xxx	xxx				
est. pers. (00)	0	102332	106472	111809	100427	88939	82275	67745	45734	45487	33060	24420	48509	925661	xxx	xxx				
sample person	0	3819	4061	4076	3860	3520	3048	2670	2429	1917	1749	1307	938	1933	35328	xxx				

TABLE (6) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA : URBAN		FEMALE																			
status	industry	age-group in years																		estd. per-sons (00)	sample per-sons (00)
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)				
11, 21, 61 & 62	0	—	2	7	14	13	19	21	28	29	34	25	27	17	14	12011	468				
	1-5	—	2	15	30	25	23	28	29	32	27	29	27	21	19	16268	683				
	6-9	—	0	7	12	19	26	38	48	37	43	31	44	22	20	16621	652				
0-9	—	—	4	29	56	57	68	87	105	103	104	85	98	60	53	44900	1803				
31, 71 & 72	0	—	—	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	343	24				
	1-5	—	—	3	16	9	12	8	14	12	4	11	6	0	7	5677	205				
	6-9	—	1	5	16	35	67	90	67	67	75	75	31	14	34	28333	996				
41 & 51	0-9	—	1	8	32	45	79	99	82	79	79	86	38	15	41	34353	12				
	0	—	—	2	15	16	13	18	18	12	33	36	12	7	11	9140	238				
	1-5	—	1	4	9	19	10	14	16	21	18	9	8	6	9	7612	256				
	6-9	—	—	2	6	14	8	10	12	10	11	14	14	7	7	5722	215				
11-72	0-9	—	1	8	30	49	31	42	46	43	62	59	34	20	27	22474	709				
	0	—	2	9	29	30	32	40	47	41	67	61	40	25	25	21494	730				
	1-5	—	3	22	55	53	45	50	59	65	49	49	41	27	35	29557	1144				
	6-9	—	1	14	34	68	101	138	127	119	129	120	89	43	61	50676	1863				
81	0-9	—	6	45	118	151	178	228	233	225	245	230	170	95	121	101727	3737				
	0	—	—	0	12	16	6	3	1	3	0	—	—	2	4	3422	145				
	1-5	—	1	0	2	1	2	0	1	2	1	—	—	0	1	763	31				
	6-9	—	—	0	14	17	8	3	2	5	1	—	—	2	5	4185	176				
81 & 82	0	—	7	45	132	168	186	231	235	230	246	230	170	97	126	105912	3913				
11-82	1-5	—	667	734	446	102	12	2	5	1	2	1	0	5	220	184006	7453				
91	6-9	—	18	100	336	632	693	671	670	645	666	661	639	451	396	332055	12448				
92	0	—	3	30	61	81	101	82	81	103	73	67	85	52	55	45922	1775				
93	1-5	—	304	91	25	17	8	14	8	21	13	40	96	394	85	71017	2491				
94-97	6-9	—	1	0	—	—	—	0	1	0	0	1	—	1	0	230	15				
98	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
99	1-5	—	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	118	98425	3295				
91-99	6-9	—	1000	993	868	832	814	769	765	770	754	770	830	903	874	731655	27477				
11-90	0-9	—	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	837567	313				
pers. 1000 dist.			118	124	109	102	100	93	78	61	40	33	27	63	1000	xxx	xxx				
est. pers. (00)			98425	103882	90935	85056	83855	77510	65601	52007	42982	33700	27896	22690	53123	837567	xxx				
sample person			3295	3737	3596	3239	3145	2949	2308	2130	1615	1395	1057	877	2044	31390	xxx				

TABLE (6) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178

status	current weekly activity	industry	PERSONS													cstd. per-sons (00)		sam-ple per-sons
			age-group in years													all groups (00)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
11, 21, 61/62	0	—	1	6	22	27	26	24	31	42	46	44	47	47	22	38692	1564	
	1-5	—	2	10	31	51	53	56	75	47	44	67	57	48	35	61318	2475	
	6-9	—	1	25	44	94	141	148	176	131	158	134	134	85	80	140285	5467	
31, 71 & 72	0	—	4	41	97	172	220	228	282	220	248	245	238	180	137	140295	9506	
	1-5	—	0	0	1	2	2	3	2	4	6	5	4	1	2	2931	150	
	6-9	—	0	4	25	51	83	87	89	89	110	76	64	10	43	75081	2743	
41 & 51	0	—	0	8	35	81	148	195	197	210	200	208	126	28	86	151463	5955	
	1-5	—	0	12	61	134	233	285	288	303	316	289	194	39	131	229475	8848	
	6-9	—	—	2	15	69	98	88	83	83	85	72	69	35	55	96156	3245	
11-72	0	—	1	8	38	46	45	49	57	687	78	78	75	58	37	64099	2381	
	1-5	—	4	22	89	150	184	181	197	17	186	167	144	69	103	179711	6701	
	6-9	—	1	38	100	208	323	371	399	361	385	361	282	127	183	322116	12517	
81	0	—	6	68	227	404	552	601	653	606	649	606	501	254	232	565926	21599	
	1-5	—	0	4	31	52	24	8	4	5	5	11	4	5	13	23210	866	
	6-9	—	0	0	6	4	5	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	3441	134	
81 & 82	0	—	0	4	37	56	29	9	6	7	6	12	5	6	15	26651	1000	
	1-5	—	6	72	264	460	581	610	659	613	655	618	506	260	338	592577	22599	
	6-9	—	693	762	507	159	18	1	3	1	2	0	2	5	241	427236	16888	
91	0	—	15	54	162	311	341	332	292	314	289	310	317	247	194	341611	12840	
	1-5	—	3	17	30	41	50	41	35	51	33	31	41	30	27	48405	1863	
	6-9	—	282	95	37	19	10	15	10	20	19	41	133	456	86	151804	5369	
94-97	0	—	1	0	40	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	838	45	
	1-5	—	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	200757	7114	
	6-9	—	994	928	736	540	419	390	341	387	345	382	494	740	662	1170651	44119	
11-99	0	—	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1763228	66718	
per. 1000 dist.			114	118	115	105	98	91	76	68	50	45	35	27	58	1001	xxx	
est. pers. (00)			200757	210291	202745	185484	172794	159785	133346	120458	88666	79187	60956	47111	101632	1763228	xxx	
sample persons			7114	7798	7672	7099	6665	5997	4978	4559	3532	2144	2364	1815	3977	66718	xxx	

TABLE (7) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

MALE

ALL INDIA : RURAL

usual activity	age-group in years																	estd. per-sons (00)	Sample per-sons (00)
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
status	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(18)		
11 & 21	0	13	63	255	379	423	383	358	394	384	493	534	431	242	754973	8132			
1-5	—	3	5	17	44	75	43	38	52	27	40	55	82	29	90152	1885			
6-9	—	0	6	40	48	61	142	79	155	100	72	148	46	48	151484	1863			
0-9	—	16	74	312	471	559	568	475	601	511	605	737	559	319	996609	11880			
31	0	0	9	13	28	18	31	27	39	24	23	15	7	14	45241	476			
1-5	—	0	1	11	21	28	22	20	15	13	8	6	1	9	29469	660			
6-9	—	—	2	6	29	49	61	141	67	70	65	43	9	30	94352	1386			
0-9	—	0	12	30	78	95	114	188	121	107	96	64	17	53	169062	2522			
41 & 51	0	2	41	169	230	204	228	261	189	295	242	145	108	129	405574	3723			
1-5	—	0	5	54	82	59	30	30	28	53	20	8	12	26	82394	1073			
6-9	—	0	3	9	13	29	20	22	38	14	2	4	4	10	31332	489			
0-9	—	2	49	232	325	292	278	313	255	362	264	157	124	165	519300	5285			
11-51	0	15	113	437	637	645	642	646	622	703	758	694	546	385	1205788	12331			
1-5	—	3	11	82	147	162	95	88	95	93	68	69	95	64	202015	3618			
6-9	—	0	11	55	90	139	223	242	260	184	139	195	59	88	277168	3738			
0-9	—	18	135	574	874	946	960	976	977	980	965	958	700	537	1684971	19687			
81	0	0	3	30	33	22	9	3	1	1	—	0	4	9	27595	359			
11-81	—	18	138	604	907	968	969	979	978	981	965	958	704	546	1712566	20046			
91	—	578	749	354	81	14	3	0	0	2	—	0	0	225	703283	8512			
92	—	10	17	5	6	7	9	11	3	3	1	4	27	9	27952	426			
93	—	3	6	11	0	1	4	0	0	2	1	3	5	3	10155	299			
94-97	—	391	90	26	6	10	15	10	19	12	33	35	264	92	288699	3483			
99	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
91-99	1000	982	862	396	93	32	31	21	22	19	35	42	296	454	1419673	17307			
11-99	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3132239	37353			
per. 1000 dist.	125	138	135	101	85	69	59	66	45	46	36	30	65	10000	—	—			
est. pers (00)	390484	433744	411523	317007	265560	216722	184304	206816	142155	142799	114267	94480	202194	313239	—	—			
sample person	4587	5128	4732	3747	3056	2831	2560	2377	1795	1744	1356	1045	2383	37353	—	—			

TABLE (7): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP
 NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 7387

status	usual activity	industry	age-group in years																60 & above	total	sample persons (00)
			(0-4)	(5-9)	(10-14)	(15-19)	(20-24)	(25-29)	(30-34)	(35-39)	(40-44)	(45-49)	(50-54)	(55-59)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)				(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
			0	—	9	66	126	152	164	164	156	224	244	204	164	78	110	318479	3672		
			1-5	—	1	15	26	35	43	27	25	56	24	33	37	15	22	63340	1194		
			6-9	—	1	2	6	11	21	36	20	20	14	29	6	11	11	31373	379		
			6-9	—	11	83	158	198	228	227	201	300	282	266	207	104	143	413192	5245		
			0	—	0	0	4	7	3	5	11	8	3	1	2	4	3	9737	132		
			1-5	—	—	2	1	1	1	5	2	1	2	2	0	2	1	3740	77		
			6-9	—	—	1	1	7	5	10	14	13	4	3	2	1	4	111700	224		
			0-9	—	0	3	6	15	9	20	27	27	9	6	4	7	8	24647	433		
			0	—	1	44	103	144	138	167	144	150	203	105	121	51	88	256158	2349		
			1-5	—	—	6	13	29	15	15	19	10	5	1	9	8	10	27792	314		
			6-9	—	—	—	0	1	8	9	8	3	2	3	3	10	3	8605	108		
			0-9	—	1	50	117	174	161	191	171	163	210	109	133	69	101	292555	2771		
			0	—	10	110	233	303	305	336	311	382	450	331	287	133	201	584374	6153		
			1-5	—	1	23	40	65	59	47	46	67	31	36	46	25	33	94872	1585		
			6-9	—	1	3	8	19	34	55	42	36	20	35	11	22	18	51148	711		
			0-9	—	12	136	281	387	398	438	399	485	501	381	344	180	252	730394	8449		
			x	—	1	1	5	8	2	1	1	4	0	8	—	0	2	6663	100		
			x	—	13	137	286	395	400	439	400	489	501	389	344	180	254	737057	8549		
			x	—	488	469	198	15	8	4	2	3	0	2	1	2	139	402394	5411		
			x	—	34	171	339	435	431	348	431	324	303	415	371	363	266	767862	8921		
			x	—	15	52	149	149	149	204	148	133	108	154	201	75	104	299737	3640		
			x	—	450	171	28	11	12	5	19	51	16	40	83	380	115	337099	3736		
			x	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	121	350516	4145		
			x	1000	987	863	714	605	600	561	600	511	499	611	656	20	746	2157608	25853		
			x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2894665	34402		
	per. 1000 dist.				121	130	114	99	98	74	64	66	46	49	39	35	65	999	—		
	est. pers. (00)				350516	374646	33135	286188	282837	215560	186703	189895	132472	142004	111559	102709	188086	2894665	—		
	sample person				4145	4554	3910	3206	3252	2980	2305	2143	1663	1627	1282	1032	2206	34402	—		

TABLE (7) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

usual activity		PERSONS																	est. persons (00)	sample persons (00)
		age-group in years																		
status	industry	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 7387															60 & above groups	all groups		
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)			(17)	(18)
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above groups	all groups						
11 & 21	0	—	11	65	194	261	295	274	261	314	313	351	341	260	178	1073453	118404			
	1-5	—	2	10	22	40	59	35	32	54	26	36	46	50	25	153492	3079			
	6-9	—	1	5	24	29	41	88	51	90	57	51	74	29	30	182857	2242			
31	0-9	—	11	80	240	330	395	397	344	458	396	438	461	339	243	1409802	17125			
	0	—	0	5	9	17	11	18	20	24	13	12	8	6	9	54978	608			
	1-5	—	0	1	6	11	14	13	11	8	8	5	3	2	6	33209	737			
	6-9	—	—	1	4	18	27	35	80	41	37	34	22	5	18	10522	1610			
41 & 51	0-9	—	0	7	19	46	2	66	111	73	58	51	33	13	33	193709	2955			
	0	—	1	43	138	186	171	197	205	170	249	174	133	81	110	661733	6072			
	1-5	—	0	5	35	54	37	22	25	19	29	11	8	10	18	110185	1387			
	6-9	—	0	2	5	7	18	15	15	21	8	3	3	7	7	39937	697			
11-51	0-9	—	1	50	178	247	226	234	245	210	286	188	144	98	135	811855	8056			
	0	—	12	113	341	464	477	489	486	508	575	537	482	347	297	1790164	8484			
	1-5	—	2	63	105	110	70	68	81	63	52	57	62	49	4					
	6-9	—	1	8	33	54	86	138	146	152	102	88	99	41	55	328316	4449			
81	0-9	—	15	137	437	623	673	697	700	741	740	677	638	450	401	2415366	28136			
	x	—	1	2	18	20	12	5	2	2	1	4	0	2	6	34257	459			
11-81	x	—	16	139	455	643	685	702	702	743	741	681	638	452	407	2449623	28595			
91	x	—	537	624	277	47	11	4	1	2	1	1	0	1	183	1105677	13923			
92	x	—	21	85	164	228	218	179	211	157	153	206	196	189	132	794913	9347			
93	x	—	8	27	77	74	75	105	71	64	91	76	106	39	51	309892	3939			
94-97	x	—	418	125	27	8	11	10	15	34	14	36	60	319	104	625798	7219			
99	x	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	123	741000	8732			
91-99	x	1000	984	861	545	357	315	298	298	257	259	319	362	548	593	3577280	43160			
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6026903	71755			
per. 1000 dist.			123	133	125	100	91	72	62	66	47	37	33	65	1001	—	—			
est. pers. (00)			741000	808391	752889	603195	548397	432282	371007	396710	274626	284803	225826	197189	390279	6026903	—			
sample person			8732	9682	8642	6953	6308	5811	4955	4520	3458	3371	2638	2077	4589	71755	—			

TABLE (7) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL INDIA : URBAN		MALE													NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178			
		age-group in years													estd. persons (00)	sample pers n		
usual activity	industry	age-group in years													60 & above	all groups	(17)	(18)
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
status		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	all groups	(16)	(17)	(18)
11 & 21	0	—	1	8	27	37	32	25	35	49	62	59	65	84	29	26447	1085	
	1-5	—	3	5	31	73	81	82	107	65	57	100	87	77	48	44734	1776	
	6-9	—	0	14	69	160	249	253	273	217	240	255	219	157	130	120449	4825	
0-9	—	—	4	27	127	270	362	360	415	331	359	384	371	318	207	191630	7686	
31	0	—	0	0	1	5	3	6	2	6	8	6	6	2	3	2462	121	
	1-5	—	0	5	33	87	139	158	149	164	175	137	108	20	73	67624	2551	
	6-9	—	0	10	49	125	235	299	294	352	305	316	218	43	135	124774	4952	
0-9	—	—	0	15	83	217	377	463	445	522	488	459	332	65	211	194860	7624	
41 & 51	0	—	0	2	15	21	24	28	32	34	25	29	41	16	16	15184	484	
	1-5	—	4	12	55	76	89	66	48	59	50	36	52	21	40	37469	1251	
	6-9	—	1	7	31	50	58	45	38	28	39	32	23	21	27	24633	894	
0-9	—	—	5	21	101	147	171	139	118	121	114	97	116	58	83	77286	2629	
11-51	0	—	1	10	43	63	59	59	69	89	95	94	112	102	48	44093	1690	
	1-5	—	7	22	119	236	309	306	304	288	282	273	247	118	161	149827	5578	
	6-9	—	1	31	149	335	542	597	605	597	584	573	460	221	292	269856	10671	
0-9	—	—	9	63	311	634	910	962	978	974	961	940	819	441	501	463776	17939	
81	x	—	1	8	53	93	46	12	6	8	6	16	1	8	23	21006	761	
11-81	x	—	10	71	364	727	956	974	984	982	967	956	820	449	524	484782	18700	
91	x	—	730	831	580	237	23	2	1	1	3	0	2	7	271	252141	9626	
92	x	—	11	15	15	13	8	5	5	5	3	5	15	22	10	8837	365	
93	x	—	4	5	4	3	3	1	0	2	3	1	10	8	3	2850	93	
94-97	x	—	245	78	37	20	12	18	10	10	24	38	153	514	81	74719	2725	
99	x	—	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	111	102332	3819	
91-99	x	—	1000	990	929	636	273	44	26	18	33	44	180	551	476	440879	16628	
11-99	x	—	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	925661	35328	
per. 1000 dist.			111	115	122	108	96	89	73	74	49	36	26	52	999	xxx	xxx	
est. pers. (00)			102332	106472	111809	100427	88939	82275	67745	68451	45734	33060	24420	48509	925661	xxx	xxx	
sample person			3819	4061	4076	3860	3520	3048	2670	2429	1917	1307	938	1933	35328	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (7) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

status	usual activity	FEMALE																	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178																		
		age-group in years																		
industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	760 & above	all groups	(16)	(17)	(18)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
11 & 21	0	—	1	6	10	13	19	17	29	25	30	28	28	18	13	11251	467			
	1-5	—	1	17	33	24	26	37	29	39	25	30	26	24	21	17574	687			
	6-9	—	0	7	12	19	28	37	50	39	41	31	45	24	20	16718	656			
	0-9	—	2	30	55	56	73	91	108	103	96	89	99	66	54	45543	1810			
31	0	—	—	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	392	25			
	1-5	—	—	2	16	10	12	9	13	12	4	12	5	0	7	5723	205			
	6-9	—	1	5	15	35	69	61	66	67	75	74	34	15	34	28511	995			
	0-9	—	1	7	31	46	82	10	80	79	79	86	40	16	41	34626	1225			
41 & 51	0	—	—	1	16	20	16	19	22	17	37	47	14	7	13	10776	290			
	1-5	—	1	3	8	21	13	14	18	19	18	9	7	7	9	7828	269			
	6-9	—	1	2	6	14	8	11	13	10	13	14	18	8	7	6023	228			
	0-9	—	2	6	30	55	37	44	53	46	68	70	39	22	29	24627	787			
11-51	0	—	1	7	26	34	36	37	52	42	67	75	43	26	36	22419	782			
	1-5	—	2	22	57	55	51	60	60	70	47	51	38	31	37	31125	1161			
	6-9	—	2	14	33	68	105	139	129	116	129	119	97	47	61	51252	1879			
	0-9	—	5	43	116	157	192	236	241	228	243	245	178	104	124	104796	3822			
81	x	—	0	0	15	18	6	3	1	4	1	2	—	0	5	3826	170			
11-81	x	—	5	43	131	175	198	239	242	232	244	247	178	104	129	108622	3992			
91	x	—	680	744	466	108	13	3	10	3	2	1	1	8	1	189072	7639			
92	x	—	17	98	327	619	673	656	655	638	660	653	638	444	389	323595	12242			
93	x	—	4	29	61	83	108	90	79	106	79	61	85	52	56	47278	1827			
94-97	x	—	294	86	15	15	8	12	14	21	15	38	98	392	82	68575	2395			
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	118	98425	3295			
91-99	x	1000	995	957	869	825	802	761	758	768	756	753	822	896	871	728945	27398			
11-99	x	—	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	837567	31390			
per. 1000 dist.		—	118	124	109	102	100	93	78	62	51	40	33	27	63	1000	xxx			
est. pers. (00)		—	98425	103822	90935	85056	83855	77510	65610	52007	42932	33700	27896	22690	53123	837576	xxx			
sample person		—	3295	3737	3596	3239	3145	2949	2308	2130	1615	1395	1057	877	2044	31390	xxx			

TABLE (7) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL-INDIA : URBAN

PERSONS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178

status	usual activity	age-group in years															estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	all groups			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
11 & 21	0	—	1	7	19	26	25	21	33	38	48	45	47	49	21	37698	1552	
	1-5	—	2	10	32	49	54	60	73	52	43	68	57	49	35	62308	2463	
	6-9	—	0	11	43	92	142	147	177	131	155	136	136	87	78	137167	5481	
0-9	0-9	—	3	28	94	167	221	228	283	221	246	249	240	185	134	237173	9496	
31	0	—	0	0	1	3	2	3	2	3	5	3	4	1	2	2854	146	
	1-5	—	0	4	25	57	77	85	90	91	103	80	58	10	42	73347	2756	
	6-9	—	1	8	34	81	154	197	196	214	207	205	129	28	87	153284	5947	
0-9	0-9	—	1	12	60	134	233	285	288	308	315	288	191	39	131	229485	8849	
41 & 51	0	—	—	2	16	21	20	24	27	26	30	37	28	12	15	25960	774	
	1-5	—	2	8	33	49	52	41	35	40	37	24	30	13	26	45297	1520	
	6-9	—	1	5	20	32	34	28	27	19	28	24	20	14	17	30655	1122	
0-9	0-9	—	3	15	69	102	106	93	89	85	95	85	78	39	58	101912	3416	
11-51	0	—	1	9	36	50	47	48	62	67	83	85	79	62	38	66512	2472	
	1-5	—	4	22	90	148	183	186	198	183	183	172	145	72	103	180952	6739	
	6-9	—	2	24	97	205	330	372	400	364	390	365	285	129	182	321106	12550	
0-9	0-9	—	7	55	223	403	560	606	660	614	656	622	509	263	323	568570	21761	
81	x	—	0	5	35	56	27	8	4	6	4	9	0	4	14	24832	931	
11-81	x	—	7	60	258	459	587	614	664	620	660	631	509	267	337	593402	22692	
91	x	—	706	790	527	175	19	3	5	2	3	1	2	7	250	441215	17265	
92	x	—	14	52	158	306	331	323	284	311	282	302	317	243	190	334432	12607	
93	x	—	4	16	30	42	53	45	35	52	35	28	46	31	28	50128	1920	
94-97	x	—	269	82	27	18	10	15	12	15	20	38	126	452	81	143294	5120	
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	114	200757	7114	
91-99	x	1000	993	940	742	541	413	386	336	380	340	369	491	733	663	1169826	44026	
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1763228	66718	
per. 1000 dist.		114	118	115	105	98	91	76	68	50	45	35	27	58	1001	xxx	xxx	
est. pers. (00)		200757	210291	202745	185484	172794	159785	133346	120458	88666	79187	60956	47111	101632	1763228	xxx	xxx	
sample person		7114	7798	7672	7099	6665	5997	4978	4559	3532	3144	2364	1815	3977	66718	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (8) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH GROUP

ALL INDIA : RURAL		MALE															estid. persons (00)	sample persons (00)
status	usual activity	age-group in years																
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
11 & 21	0	—	14	77	285	392	427	384	358	396	386	493	537	433	250	776433	8509	
	1-5	—	3	8	22	48	79	43	38	52	27	40	56	82	30	95144	1950	
	6-9	—	0	7	40	48	61	142	79	155	101	72	148	47	49	152159	1892	
31	0-9	—	17	92	347	488	567	569	475	603	514	605	741	562	329	1023736	12351	
	0	—	—	9	13	28	18	31	27	39	24	23	15	7	14	45284	477	
	1-5	—	0	1	11	21	28	22	20	15	13	8	6	1	9	29588	666	
	6-9	—	—	2	6	29	49	61	141	67	70	65	43	9	30	94370	1388	
41 & 51	0-9	—	0	12	30	78	95	114	188	121	107	96	64	17	53	169242	2531	
	0	—	2	42	171	232	209	228	261	189	296	242	145	111	130	408472	3765	
	1-5	—	0	5	56	82	59	30	30	28	53	20	8	12	26	82918	1083	
	6-9	—	0	3	9	13	29	20	23	38	14	2	4	4	10	31612	494	
11-51	0-9	—	2	50	236	327	297	278	314	255	363	264	157	127	166	523002	5342	
	0	—	16	128	469	652	654	643	646	624	706	758	697	551	394	1230189	12751	
	1-5	—	3	14	89	151	166	95	88	95	93	68	70	95	65	207650	3699	
	6-9	—	0	12	55	90	139	223	243	260	185	139	195	60	89	278141	3774	
81	0-9	—	19	154	613	893	959	961	977	979	984	965	962	706	548	1715980	20224	
	x	—	0	3	28	25	13	9	2	0	—	—	0	4	7	22650	303	
11-81	x	—	19	157	641	918	972	970	979	979	984	965	962	710	555	1738630	20527	
91	x	—	577	732	319	70	13	3	0	0	2	—	0	0	218	681524	8132	
92	x	—	10	17	5	6	5	9	11	2	3	1	4	26	8	26090	405	
93	x	—	3	6	10	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	2	3	3	9005	268	
94-97	x	—	391	88	25	6	10	14	10	19	10	33	32	261	91	286506	3434	
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	125	390484	4587	
91-99	x	1000	981	843	359	82	28	30	21	21	16	35	38	290	445	1393609	16826	
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3132239	37353	
per. 1000 dist.		125	138	135	101	85	69	59	66	45	46	36	30	65	1000	xxx	xxx	
est. persons (00)		390484	433744	421523	317007	265560	216722	184304	206816	142155	142799	114267	94480	202194	3132239	xxx	xxx	
sample person		4587	5128	4732	3747	3056	2831	2560	2377	1795	1744	1356	1045	2383	37353	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (8) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAIN-FUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP

ALL INDIA : RURAL

FEMALE

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

usual activity	age-group in years																	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
	status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	all groups			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
11 & 21	0	—	11	99	231	189	205	236	199	332	318	248	256	106	154	445577	4956		
1-5	1-5	—	7	20	42	44	49	30	35	61	30	43	41	19	28	81773	1447		
6-9	6-9	—	1	2	7	23	22	37	21	21	14	33	7	11	13	36493	451		
0-9	0-9	—	19	121	280	256	276	303	255	414	362	324	304	136	195	563843	6854		
31	0	—	0	0	4	9	4	5	11	8	3	1	2	4	4	10404	138		
1-5	1-5	—	—	2	1	1	1	5	2	1	2	2	0	3	1	3884	81		
6-9	6-9	—	—	1	1	7	5	10	14	13	4	3	2	1	4	11173	225		
0-9	0-9	—	0	3	6	17	10	20	27	22	9	6	4	8	9	25461	444		
41 & 51	0	—	4	53	116	156	165	207	172	158	245	116	130	62	102	296545	2653		
1-5	1-5	—	—	6	13	29	17	15	21	10	5	1	9	8	10	28945	345		
6-9	6-9	—	—	0	1	1	9	10	8	3	2	3	3	10	3	9125	113		
0-9	0-9	—	4	59	130	186	191	232	201	171	252	120	142	80	115	334615	3111		
11-51	0	—	15	152	351	354	374	448	382	498	566	365	388	172	260	752526	7747		
1-5	1-5	—	7	28	56	74	67	50	58	72	37	46	50	30	39	114602	1873		
6-9	6-9	—	1	3	9	31	36	57	43	37	20	39	12	22	20	56791	789		
0-9	0-9	—	23	183	416	459	477	555	483	607	623	450	450	224	319	923919	10490		
81	x	—	1	0	4	7	2	1	0	0	0	8	—	0	2	5308	77		
11-81	x	—	24	188	420	466	479	556	483	607	623	458	450	224	321	929227	10486		
91	x	—	481	442	172	14	8	3	2	3	0	2	1	2	132	383080	5298		
92	x	—	31	165	300	396	375	326	379	294	249	373	350	350	240	694859	7912		
93	x	—	14	43	102	115	126	111	125	94	112	127	117	58	76	218579	2869		
94-97	x	—	450	167	6	9	12	4	11	2	16	40	82	366	110	318404	3692		
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	121	350516	4145		
91-99	x	1000	976	817	580	534	521	444	517	393	377	542	550	776	679	1965438	23916		
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2894665	34472		
per. 1000 dist.	.	121	1310	114	99	98	74	64	66	46	49	39	35	65	999	xxx	xxx		
est. pers. (00)	.	350516	374646	331365	286188	282837	215560	186703	189895	132472	142004	111559	102769	188086	2894665	xxx	xxx		
sample person	.	4145	4554	3910	3206	3252	2980	2395	2143	1663	1627	1282	1032	2206	34402	xxx	xxx		

TABLE (8) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

usual activity		PERSONS															estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387																
		age-group in years																
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	54-59	60 & above	(16)	(17)	(18)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
11 & 21	0	—	12	87	260	286	316	311	281	366	352	373	391	275	201	1222010	13465	
	1-5	—	5	14	31	46	64	36	37	56	29	41	48	52	29	176917	3397	
	6-9	—	—	5	24	35	41	89	51	90	58	53	75	29	31	188651	2343	
31	0-9	—	18	106	315	367	421	436	369	512	439	467	514	356	261	1587578	19205	
	0	—	0	5	9	18	11	18	20	24	13	12	8	6	9	55688	615	
	1-5	—	0	1	6	11	14	13	11	8	8	5	3	2	6	33471	747	
	6-9	—	—	1	4	18	27	35	80	41	37	34	22	5	18	105543	1613	
41 & 51	0-9	—	0	7	19	47	52	66	111	73	58	51	33	13	33	194702	2975	
	0	—	3	47	145	193	187	218	218	174	270	179	137	87	117	705017	6418	
	1-5	—	0	5	36	54	38	23	26	19	29	11	8	10	19	111862	1428	
	6-9	—	0	2	5	7	19	15	16	21	8	3	4	7	7	40737	607	
11-51	0-9	—	3	54	186	254	244	256	260	214	307	193	149	104	143	857616	85453	
	0	—	15	139	414	497	514	547	519	564	635	564	536	368	327	1982715	20498	
	1-5	—	5	20	73	111	116	72	74	83	66	57	59	64	54	322250	5572	
	6-9	—	1	8	33	60	87	139	147	152	103	90	101	41	56	334931	4563	
81	0-9	—	21	167	520	668	717	738	740	799	804	711	696	473	437	2639896	30633	
	x	—	1	2	17	16	8	5	1	0	0	4	0	2	5	27958	380	
11-81	x	—	22	169	537	684	725	763	741	799	804	715	696	475	442	2667854	31013	
91	x	—	532	604	248	41	11	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	177	1064604	13430	
92	x	—	20	82	145	207	190	167	187	143	126	185	184	182	120	720951	8317	
93	x	—	8	22	54	60	63	58	60	46	56	63	62	29	38	227584	3137	
94-97	x	—	418	123	16	8	11	9	11	10	13	36	58	313	100	604910	7126	
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	123	741000	8732	
91-99	x	1000	978	831	463	316	275	237	259	201	196	285	304	525	558	3359049	40742	
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6026903	71755	
pers. dst. (00)	x	123	133	125	100	91	72	62	66	46	47	37	33	65	1000	xxx	xxx	
est. pers. (00)		741000	808391	752889	603195	548397	432282	371007	396710	274626	284803	225826	197189	390279	6026903	xxx	xxx	
sample person		8732	9682	8642	6953	6308	5811	4955	4520	3458	3371	2638	2077	4589	71755	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (8) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

ALL INDIA : URBAN

MALE

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178

usual activity	industry	age-group in years													estd. persons (00)	sample persons	
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above			
status	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
41 & 21	0	—	2	11	36	46	34	26	35	49	63	61	66	90	32	29200	1166
1-5	—	—	3	6	34	74	82	82	177	66	58	100	87	78	49	45428	1808
6-9	—	—	0	42	78	166	251	253	274	218	240	225	219	160	135	125250	4906
0-9	—	5	59	148	286	367	361	416	333	361	386	372	328	216	199878	7880	
31	0	—	0	0	1	5	3	6	2	6	8	6	6	2	3	2462	121
1-5	—	—	0	5	33	88	139	158	149	164	175	137	108	20	73	67712	2555
6-9	—	—	0	10	57	125	235	298	294	352	306	315	220	43	135	125055	4959
0-9	—	—	0	15	84	218	377	462	445	522	489	458	334	65	211	195229	7635
41 & 51	0	—	0	2	16	22	24	29	32	34	25	29	41	16	17	15411	490
1-5	—	—	4	12	56	76	89	66	48	59	50	36	52	21	41	37637	1259
6-9	—	—	1	7	32	50	59	45	38	28	39	32	23	21	27	24811	991
0-9	—	—	5	21	104	148	172	140	118	121	114	97	116	58	85	77859	2650
11-51	0	—	2	13	53	73	61	61	69	89	96	96	113	108	52	47073	1777
1-5	—	—	7	23	123	238	310	306	304	289	283	273	247	119	163	150777	5622
6-9	—	—	1	59	160	341	545	596	606	598	585	572	462	224	297	275116	10766
0-9	—	—	10	95	336	652	916	963	979	976	964	941	822	451	512	472966	18165
81	x	—	1	7	49	87	41	12	6	7	5	16	1	8	21	19452	708
11-81	x	—	11	172	385	739	957	975	985	983	969	957	823	459	533	492418	18873
91	x	—	730	800	559	228	22	2	1	1	3	0	2	7	264	245740	9489
92	x	—	11	15	15	12	8	5	4	5	3	4	15	21	9	8600	359
93	x	—	4	5	4	2	1	0	0	1	2	1	10	8	3	2663	89
94-97	x	—	244	78	37	19	12	18	10	10	23	38	150	505	80	73908	2699
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	111	102332	3819
91-99	x...	1000	989	898	615	261	43	25	15	17	31	43	177	541	467	433243	16455
11-99	x...	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	925661	35328
pers. dst/000	x	111	115	122	108	96	89	73	74	49	49	36	26	52	999	xxx	xxx
est. pers.(00)	.	102332	106472	111809	100427	88939	82275	67745	68451	45734	45487	33060	24420	48509	925661	xxx	xxx
sample person	.	3819	4061	4076	3860	3520	3048	2670	2429	1917	1749	1307	938	1933	35328	xxx	xxx

TABLE (8) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178

ALL INDIA : URBAN		FEMALE																
usual activity status	industry	age-group in years															estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	(16)	(17)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
11-21	0	—	1	8	16	19	33	27	40	35	39	44	37	25	20	16425	659	
	1-5	—	2	31	37	33	33	44	41	44	31	33	29	26	27	22355	826	
	6-9	—	—	8	15	23	36	49	58	47	46	36	50	26	24	19962	753	
	0-9	—	3	47	68	75	102	120	139	126	116	113	116	77	71	58742	2238	
	0-9	—	—	—	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	444	26	
	0	—	—	0	0	10	12	9	13	13	4	12	5	0	7	5775	209	
	1-5	—	—	2	16	10	69	91	67	67	75	75	34	15	34	28722	1004	
	6-9	—	1	5	16	36	69	91	67	67	75	75	34	15	34	28722	1004	
	0-9	—	1	7	32	48	82	101	81	80	79	87	40	16	42	34941	1239	
41 & 51	0	—	—	3	19	23	20	22	27	21	37	47	14	7	15	12319	337	
	1-5	—	1	3	9	21	15	15	20	21	19	10	7	7	10	8440	294	
	6-9	—	1	2	6	14	10	12	14	12	13	14	18	8	8	6432	239	
	0-9	—	2	8	34	58	45	49	61	54	69	71	39	22	33	27191	870	
	0-9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	0	—	1	11	35	44	54	50	68	56	76	91	52	33	36	29188	1022	
	1-5	—	3	36	62	64	60	68	74	78	54	55	41	33	44	36570	1329	
	6-9	—	2	15	37	73	115	152	139	126	134	125	102	49	66	55116	1996	
	0-9	—	6	62	134	181	229	270	281	260	264	271	195	115	146	120874	4347	
81	x	—	0	0	14	18	6	3	0	1	1	2	—	0	4	3550	161	
	x...	—	6	62	148	199	235	273	281	261	765	273	195	115	150	124424	4508	
11-81	x	—	679	728	460	106	12	3	10	3	2	1	1	8	223	186881	7588	
91	x	—	17	96	319	600	647	630	623	616	642	633	630	437	375	315511	11909	
92	x	—	4	28	58	80	98	84	72	101	76	55	76	48	52	43961	1702	
93	x	—	—	—	15	15	8	10	14	19	15	38	98	392	82	68365	2388	
94-97	x	—	294	86	15	15	8	10	14	19	15	38	98	392	82	68365	2388	
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	98425	3295	
91-99	x	1000	994	938	852	801	765	727	719	739	735	727	805	885	850	296886	850	
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	837567	31390	
pers. dts/000		118	124	109	102	100	93	78	62	51	40	33	27	63	1000	xxx	xxx	
est. pers. (00)		98425	103822	90935	85056	83855	77510	65601	52007	42932	33700	27896	22690	53123	837567	xxx	xxx	
sample person		3295	3737	3596	3239	3145	2949	2308	2130	1615	1395	1057	877	2044	31390	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (8) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

usual activity		PERSONS														estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		age-group in years															
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	(15)			(16)	(17)	(18)
status	industry	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
11 & 21	0	—	2	10	27	33	33	26	37	42	53	53	52	56	26	45625	1825
	1-5	—	3	17	35	54	58	63	79	55	46	69	59	51	38	67782	2634
	6-9	—	0	27	49	96	146	153	181	135	157	139	138	90	82	145212	5659
0-9	0-9	—	5	54	111	183	237	242	297	232	256	261	249	197	146	258619	10118
31	0	—	0	0	1	3	2	3	2	3	5	3	4	1	2	2906	147
	1-5	—	0	4	25	50	77	85	90	91	103	80	58	10	42	73487	2764
	6-9	—	1	8	35	82	155	197	196	214	207	206	130	28	87	153776	5963
41 & 51	0-9	—	1	12	61	135	234	285	288	308	315	289	192	39	131	230169	8874
	0	—	0	2	18	22	22	25	30	28	30	37	28	12	16	27730	827
	1-5	—	2	8	34	50	53	41	36	40	37	24	30	14	26	46077	1553
	6-9	—	1	5	20	33	35	29	28	27	28	24	20	14	18	31243	1140
11-51	0-9	—	3	15	72	105	110	95	94	88	95	85	78	40	60	10550	3520
	0	—	2	12	46	58	57	54	69	73	88	93	84	69	44	76261	2799
	1-5	—	5	29	94	154	188	189	205	186	186	173	147	75	106	187346	6951
	6-9	—	2	40	104	211	336	379	405	369	392	369	288	132	187	330231	12762
81	0-9	—	9	81	244	423	581	622	679	628	666	635	519	276	337	593838	22512
	x	—	0	4	33	53	24	7	3	4	3	9	0	4	13	23001	869
11-81	x	—	9	85	277	476	605	629	682	632	669	644	519	280	350	616839	23381
91	x	—	704	767	512	168	17	3	5	2	3	1	2	7	245	432624	17077
92	x	—	14	51	155	299	320	313	271	302	274	292	312	239	184	324110	12268
93	x	—	4	15	29	40	48	41	31	49	34	25	42	29	26	46625	1791
94-97	x	—	269	82	27	17	10	14	11	15	20	38	125	445	81	142273	5087
99	x	1000	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	114	200757	7114
91-99	x	1000	991	915	723	524	395	371	318	368	331	356	481	720	650	1146389	43337
11-99	x	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1763228	66718
pers. dist(1000)		114	118	115	105	98	91	76	68	50	45	35	27	58	1000	xxx	xxx
est. pers. (00)		200757	210291	202745	185484	172794	159785	133346	120458	88666	79187	60956	47111	101632	1763228	xxx	xxx
sample person		7114	7798	7672	7099	6665	5997	4976	4559	3532	3144	2364	1815	3977	66718	xxx	xxx

TABLE (9) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY INDUSTRY.
ALL-INDIA : RURAL

industry section	male		female		persons	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(1)						
agriculture etc.	717	716	800	815	742	751
mining etc.	7	7	5	4	7	6
manufacturing	48	50	91	87	61	63
manufacturing	20	20	14	16	18	19
electricity	2	2	0	0	1	1
construction	42	42	20	17	36	33
wholesale retail trade etc.	44	44	21	19	37	35
transport storage etc.	24	24	2	2	17	16
financial insurance etc. services	4	4	0	0	3	3
community, etc. services	92	91	47	40	78	73
all (0-9)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated persons (00)	1684972	1715979	730395	923917	2415367	2639896
sample persons	19687	20224	8449	10409	28136	30633

TABLE (9) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY INDUSTRY.
ALL-INDIA : URBAN

industry section	male		female		persons	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(1)						
agriculture etc.	95	100	214	241	117	128
mining etc.	10	10	5	5	9	9
manufacturing	132	131	196	205	144	146
manufacturing	102	101	56	57	94	92
electricity	14	14	4	4	12	12
construction	64	63	36	32	59	57
wholesale retail trade etc.	203	201	102	101	184	181
transport, storage etc.	107	111	25	22	91	93
financial, insurance, etc. services	37	36	18	16	33	32
community, etc. services	236	233	344	317	257	250
all (0-9)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated persons (00)	463775	472964	104796	120875	568571	593839
sample persons	17939	18165	3822	4347	21761	22512

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

usual activity status		current weekly activity status										per 1000 dist. of persons	estd. persons (00)	sample persons
		11-72	81 & 82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	(10)				(11)	(12)	(13)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		
11-51	961	11	12	14	2	28	—	27	1000	547	1715980	20224		
81	22	973	5	0	—	5	—	5	1000	7	22659	303		
11-81	948	24	12	14	2	28	—	28	1000	554	1738630	20527		
91	6	1	978	15	0	993	—	993	1000	218	681524	8132		
92-97	6	1	16	973	5	993	—	993	1000	103	321601	4107		
91-97	6	1	669	322	2	993	—	993	1000	321	1003125	12239		
99	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	1000	1000	1000	125	390484	4587		
91-99	4	0	483	232	1	716	280	996	1000	446	1393609	16826		
11-99	529	13	221	111	1	333	125	458	1000	1001	3132239	37353		
estimated persons (00)	1655415	41883	692768	347002	4687	1044457	390484	1434941	3132239	xxx	xxx	xxx		
sample persons	19415	503	8323	4469	56	12848	4587	17435	37353	xxx	xxx	xxx		

ALL-INDIA : RURAL

MALE

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS FOR PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS

usual activity status	FEMALE													per 1000 dist. of persons (00)	sample persons
	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387														
	ALL-INDIA : RURAL														
	current weekly activity status														
	11-72	81 & 82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)			
11-51	708	9	24	257	2	283	—	283	1000	319	923917	10409			
81	185	662	1	152	—	153	—	153	1000	2	5308	77			
11-81	794	13	24	257	2	283	—	283	1000	321	929225	10486			
91	1	0	976	23	—	999	—	999	1000	132	383080	5298			
92-97	8	0	6	985	1	992	—	992	1000	426	1231844	14473			
91-97	7	0	236	756	1	993	—	993	1000	558	1614924	19771			
99	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	1000	1000	1000	121	350516	4145			
91-99	5	0	194	622	1	817	178	995	1000	679	1965440	23916			
11-99	230	4	139	505	1	645	121	766	1000	1000	2894665	34402			
estimated persons (00)	665436	12692	403547	1459305	3169	1866021	350516	2216537	2894665	xxx	xxx	xxx			
sample persons	7945	171	5285	16824	32	22141	4145	26286	34402	xxx	xxx	xxx			

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS FOR PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS

usual activity status	PERSONS													per 1000 estd. dist. of persons (00)	sample persons
	NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7387														
	current weekly activity status														
	11-72	81 & 82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(5)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
11-51	872	11	16	99	22	117	117	117	117	117	1000	437	2639896	30633	
81	53	914	4	29	—	33	33	—	—	33	1000	5	27958	380	
11-81	864	20	16	98	2	116	116	—	—	116	1000	442	2667854	31013	
91	4	1	977	18	0	995	995	—	—	995	1000	177	1064604	13430	
92-97	8	0	8	982	2	992	992	—	—	992	1000	258	1553445	18580	
91-97	6	0	402	591	1	994	994	—	—	994	1000	435	2618049	32010	
99	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	1000	1000	1000	1000	123	741000	8732	
91-99	5	0	313	460	1	774	774	221	221	995	1000	558	3359049	40742	
11-99	385	9	182	300	1	483	483	123	123	606	1000	1001	6026903	71755	
estimated persons (00)	2320852	54574	1096314	1806307	7856	2910477	741000	3651477	741000	6026903	6026903	xxx	xxx	xxx	
sample persons	27360	674	13608	21293	88	34989	8732	43721	8732	43721	71755	xxx	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS FO PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

usual activity status	MALE												
	NO. OF STATUS BLOCKS : 7178												sample persons
	current weekly activity status												
(1)	11—72	81 & 82	91	92—97	98	91—98	99	91—99	11—99	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
11—51	977	7	7	8	1	16	—	16	1000	511	472963	18165	
81	44	939	4	13	—	17	—	17	1000	21	19452	708	
11—81	940	44	7	8	1	16	—	16	1000	532	492415	18873	
91	3	1	970	26	—	996	—	996	1000	265	245743	9489	
92—97	10	5	16	967	2	985	—	985	1000	92	85171	3147	
91—97	4	2	726	268	0	994	—	994	1000	357	330914	12636	
99	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	111	102332	3819	
91—99	3	2	554	205	0	759	236	995	1000	468	433246	16455	
11—99	501	24	263	100	1	364	111	475	1000	1000	925661	35328	
estimated persons (00)	464200	22466	243230	92824	609	356663	102332	438995	925661	XXX	XXX	XXX	
sample persons	17862	824	9435	3358	30	12823	3819	16642	35328	XXX	XXX	XXX	

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS

ALL-INDIA : URBAN		FEMALE										NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 7178		
		current weekly activity status										per 1000 dist. persons of persons		
usual activity status	(1)	11-72	81 & 82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
11-51	.	826	8	16	149	1	166	—	166	1000	144	120875	4347	
81	.	25	841	9	125	—	134	—	134	1000	4	3550	161	
11-81	.	804	31	16	148	1	165	—	165	1000	148	124425	4508	
91	.	1	1	965	33	—	998	—	998	1000	223	186881	7588	
92-97	.	3	0	4	993	0	997	—	997	1000	511	427836	15999	
91-97	.	3	0	296	701	0	997	—	997	1000	734	614717	23587	
99	.	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	1000	1000	1000	118	98425	3295	
91-99	.	2	0	255	605	0	860	138	998	1000	852	713142	26882	
11-99	.	121	5	220	536	0	756	118	874	1000	1000	837567	31390	
estimated persons (00)	.	101727	4185	184006	448994	230	633230	98425	731655	837567	xxx	xxx	xxx	
sample persons	.	3737	176	7453	16714	15	24182	3295	27477	31390	xxx	xxx	xxx	

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS

TABLE (10) : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS - 7178

PERSONS

ALL-INDIA : URBAN

usual activity status	current weekly activity status													per 1000 dist. of persons (00)	sample persons
	11-72	81 & 82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)			
11-51	946	7	9	37	1	47	—	47	1000	337	593840	22512			
81	41	924	5	30	—	35	—	35	1000	13	23001	869			
11-81	911	42	9	37	1	47	—	47	1000	350	616841	23381			
91	2	1	968	29	—	997	—	997	1000	245	432623	17077			
92-97	4	1	6	988	1	995	—	995	1000	291	513007	19146			
91-97	3	1	446	550	0	996	—	996	1000	536	945630	36223			
99	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	1000	1000	1000	114	200757	7114			
91-99	3	1	368	453	0	821	175	996	1000	650	1146387	43337			
11-99	322	15	242	307	0	549	114	663	1000	1000	1763228	66718			
estimated persons (00)	565926	26651	427236	541820	838	969894	200757	1170651	1763228	xxx	xxx	xxx			
sample persons	21599	10000	16888	20072	45	37005	7114	44119	66718	xxx	xxx	xxx			

सर्वेक्षण

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श
सर्वेक्षण
संगठन संबंधी
पत्रिका

खण्ड XVI संख्या 1

जुलाई-सितम्बर 1992, अंक संख्या 52

सांख्यिकी विभाग

योजना मंत्रालय

भारत सरकार

अभिलेख

सम्पादकीय सलाहकार बोर्ड

1. प्रो. पी. विसारिया
2. प्रो. बी. एस. मिन्स
3. प्रो. बी. एम. वांडेकर
4. डा. के. एल. कृष्णा
5. प्रो. एस. डी. तेंदुलकर
6. श्री एम. जी. सरदाना
7. डा. एस. एन. रं
8. श्री एस. रं
9. श्री पी. चट्टोपाध्याय

डिप्टी रीडिंग

अभिलेख

डिप्टी रीडिंग

अभिलेख

अभिलेख

अभिलेख

मूल्य (एक प्रत)

मूल्य : अन्तर्देशीय 40.00 रुपये

विदेश में 4.66 पाँड अथवा 14.40 डालर

वार्षिक अंशदान

मूल्य : अन्तर्देशीय 160.00 रुपये

विदेश में 18.64 पाँड अथवा 57.60 डालर

सर्वेक्षण

खण्ड XVI, संख्या 1, जुलाई—सितम्बर, 1992

(अंक संख्या 52)

विषय-सूची

	पृष्ठ संख्या
1 उपभोजना व्यय और रोजगार—बेरोजगारी सम्बन्धी तीसरे वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण की रिपोर्ट	हि०-5
2 बवालीसवां दौर (जुलाई 1986-जून 1987) परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं का उपयोग	हि०-6
3 निवास ईकाईयों के व्यौरों से सम्बन्धित-टिप्पणी :रा० प्र० सर्वे० का 43वां दौर (जुलाई 1987-जून 1988)	हि०-7

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण 45 वां दौर (जुलाई 1989 जून 1990) उपभोक्ता व्यय और रोजगार बेरोजगारी सम्बन्धी तीसरे वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण की रिपोर्ट

खण्ड-एक

प्रस्तावना

1.1 जबकि परिवार उपभोक्ता व्यय का प्रत्येक राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण में पहले दौर से अटूटाइसवें दौर तक शामिल किया जा रहा था, नवें दौर में पहली बार प्रारम्भ की गई रोजगार, बेरोजगारी और श्रमिक वर्ग से सम्बन्धित राष्ट्र व्यापी विस्तृत पृछताछ, भिन्न-भिन्न दारों में आजमाई गई भिन्न-भिन्न संकल्पनाओं और पद्धतियों सहित ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में 17 वें दौर तक तथा शहरी क्षेत्र में 22 वें दौर तक नियमित रूप से सम्पन्न की गई। राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन के गठन के बाद, राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन की शासी परिषद ने राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण में शामिल किए जाने वाले विषयों का एक दस वर्षीय चक्र तैयार किया जिसके अनुसार पांच वर्ष से एक बार उपभोक्ता व्यय और रोजगार-बेरोजगारी के दो विषयों को शामिल किया जाएगा। इसी दौरान, दान्तपाला समिति रिपोर्ट में रोजगार-बेरोजगारी सर्वेक्षणों के लिए सूझ संकल्पनात्मक ढांचा प्रदान किया गया। उपभोक्ता व्यय और रोजगार-बेरोजगारी से सम्बन्धित पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों का राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 27वें, 32वें, 38वें और 43वें दौर में हाथ में लिया गया जिनमें प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की उसी संख्या में सर्वेक्षण अनुसूचियां, अनुसूची 1.0 (उपभोक्ता व्यय) और अनुसूची 10 (रोजगार-बेरोजगारी) भरी गई।

1.2 इसी दौरान योजना बनाने वालों और अन्य अनुसंधान कार्यकर्ताओं में उपभोक्ता व्यय सम्बन्धी वार्षिक अंकमाला की आवश्यकता महसूस की गई। इस प्रकार राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 42वें दौर से यह निश्चय किया गया कि प्रति प्रतिदर्श गांव/खण्ड में केवल दो परिवारों के एक न्यूनीकृत प्रतिदर्श सहित प्रत्येक दौर (पंचवर्षीय का छोड़कर) में मामूली काम अनुसूची भरी जाय। पैंतालिसवें दौर में यह निश्चय किया गया कि रोजगार-बेरोजगारी को शामिल करने के लिए वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण के दायरे को बढ़ा दिया जाए। ऐसा अनुसूची 1.0 के जनानिकी खण्ड में परिवारिक सदस्यों के प्रचलित तथा सामान्य कार्यकलाप सम्बन्धी कुछ महत्वपूर्ण प्रश्नों को प्रस्थापित करके किया गया।

1.3 वर्तमान रिपोर्ट जिसमें उपभोक्ता व्यय और रोजगार-बेरोजगारी से सम्बन्धित 45वें दौर में पूरे किए गए वार्षिक

सर्वेक्षण के परिणाम दिए गए हैं, के चार खण्ड तथा तीन परिशिष्ट हैं। खण्ड एक (प्रस्तावना) में कुछ सामान्य पहलुओं का विवरण दिया गया है जो दोनों विषयों के लिए समान है। खण्ड दो में संक्षेप में प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प और सर्वेक्षण की आकलन प्रक्रिया दी गई है। जबकि खण्ड तीन उपभोक्ता व्यय के परिणाम प्रस्तुत करता है और खण्ड चार में रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी पर चर्चा की गई है। समस्त भारत स्तर पर परिणामों को विस्तार से भाग 11 में दिया गया है। सर्वेक्षण की पृछताछ अनुसूची, महत्वपूर्ण संकल्पनाओं और परिभाषाओं और सारणीयन योजनाओं राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन की शासी परिषद द्वारा नियुक्त विशेषज्ञों के कार्य दल द्वारा अन्तिम रूप दिया गया।

1.4 45वें दौर का सर्वेक्षण अर्थात् जुलाई, 1989 से जून 1990 तक था। भौगोलिक रूप से इस जम्मू कश्मीर के लद्दाख और कारगिल जिलों और नागालैण्ड के भीतरी गांवों को छोड़कर सम्पूर्ण भारत संघ तक बढ़ा दिया गया।

1.5 इस दौर में इस सर्वेक्षण के लिए अनुसूची 1.0 हेतु प्रति प्रतिदर्श गांव/खण्ड पर 2 परिवारों की दर से कुल 7687 प्रतिदर्श गांवों और 7320 प्रतिदर्श खण्डों पर 30014 परिवारों का चयन किया गया। प्रतिदर्श गांवों, खण्डों, परिवारों की वास्तविक संख्या जिस पर यह रिपोर्ट आधारित है, क्रमशः 7387, 7178 और 28744 है।

1.6 सर्वेक्षण एक न्यून प्रतिदर्श (प्रति प्रतिदर्श गांव/खण्ड पर केवल दो परिवार) पर आधारित होने के कारण ये रिपोर्ट राज्य स्तर पर केवल संक्षिप्त परिणामों को ही प्रस्तुत करती है। इन्हें खण्ड तीन (उपभोक्ता व्यय) और खण्ड चार रोजगार बेरोजगारी में शामिल किया गया है और राज्यवार कोई सारणी भाग 11 में शामिल नहीं की गई है। सामान्य रूप से राज्यवार परिणामों को सभी व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वर्ग के लिए प्रस्तुत किए जाते हैं। परन्तु प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वर्ग के अनुसार परिवारों और जनसंख्या के वितरण राज्य स्तर पर दिए जाते हैं।

1.7 राज्य स्तर पर प्रमुख परिणामों को प्रस्तुत करते समय भी, इन्हें बड़े राज्यों के लिए ही प्रस्तुत किया जाता है। लघु राज्य और संघ शासित क्षेत्रों को राज्य स्तर अनुमानों को प्रस्तुत

3 *आकस्मिकताएँ मुख्य रूप से बिहार, जम्मू और कश्मीर तथा त्रिपुरा में हुई हैं। इससे बिहार राज्य और उत्तर पूर्वी राज्य (जिसका त्रिपुरा एक भाग है) और उत्तर पश्चिमी राज्य (जिसका जम्मू कश्मीर एक भाग है) के अनुमानों की विश्वसनीयता पर प्रभाव पड़ेगा। समस्त भारत अनुमानों पर इनका प्रभाव नगण्य ही होगा।

करने के लिए मिला लिया जाता है। जिन राज्यों और राज्य समूहों के लिए अनुमान प्रस्तुत किए जाते हैं, इस प्रकार है :--

1. आन्ध्र प्रदेश
2. असम
3. बिहार
4. गुजरात
5. हरियाणा
6. कर्नाटक
7. केरल
8. मध्य प्रदेश
9. महाराष्ट्र
10. उड़ीसा
11. पंजाब
12. राजस्थान
13. तमिलनाडु
14. उत्तर प्रदेश
15. पश्चिम बंगाल
16. उत्तर पूर्वी राज्य (I)
17. उत्तर पश्चिमी राज्य (II)
18. दक्षिणी राज्य (III)
19. समस्त भारत

(1) अरुणाचल प्रदेश, मणिपुर, मेघालय, मिजोरम, नागालैण्ड, सिक्किम और त्रिपुरा

(2) जम्मू और कश्मीर, हिमाचल प्रदेश, चण्डीगढ़ और दिल्ली

(3) अण्डमान और निकोबार द्वीपसमूह, दादरा और नगर हवेली, गोवा दमण और द्वीप, लक्षद्वीप और पाण्डिचेरी।

1.9 प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वर्ग, जिसके अनुसार इस रिपोर्ट में अनुमान प्रस्तुत किए जाते हैं, वैसे ही है जैसे पिछले पंचवर्षीय दौर में अर्थात् 43 वें दौर में अपनाए गए थे। ये हैं :--

क्रम संख्या	ग्रामीण	शहरी
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	65 से कम	90 से कम
2.	65-80	90-110
3.	80-85	110-135
4.	95-110	135-160
5.	110-125	160-185
6.	125-140	185-215
7.	140-160	215-255
8.	160-180	255-310
9.	180-215	310-385

(1)	(2)	(3)
10.	215-280	385-520
11.	280-385	520-700
12.	385 और इससे अधिक	700 और इसमें अधिक
13.	सभी श्रेणी	सभी श्रेणी

उपर्युक्त वर्ग अन्तराल बायीं ओर से बन्द और दायीं ओर से खुले हैं।

1.10 यह भी ध्यान दिया जाए कि निम्नलिखित वृहत् वर्गों के दोनों क्षेत्रों में समान अन्तिम बिन्दु है :--

1. 110 रु. से कम
2. 110-215 रु.
3. 215 से 385 रु. और
4. 385 रु. से और अधिक

ग्रामीण-शहरी तुलनाएं इन वृहत् वर्गों के आधार पर की जाती हैं।

खण्ड—दो

प्रातिवर्ष अभिकल्प और आकलन प्रक्रिया

2.1 45वें दौर के प्रतिवर्ष अभिकल्प, अनुसूची 1.0 की तरह, दो स्तरों में संस्तरकृत थे, ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों में क्रमशः गांव और ब्लॉक प्रथम स्तर इकाई तथा दोनों क्षेत्रों में परिवार द्वितीय स्तर इकाई के रूप में थे।

2.2 45वें दौर की मुख्य पृष्ठतालिका अखिल भारतीय आर्थिक गणना, 1980 का अनुवर्ती सर्वेक्षण का, जिसका उद्देश्य असंगठित क्षेत्र में लघु विनिर्माणकारी और मरम्मत कार्य में लगे उद्योगों के बारे में आंकड़ा संग्रह करना था। इसलिए प्रतिवर्षों का संस्तरिकरण आवंटन और प्रथम स्तर की इकाइयों का चयन जैसे सभी अभिकल्प सकार्य इसी पृष्ठतालिका के प्रति अभिमुख थे। प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों उद्योगों और उपभोक्ता व्यय पृष्ठतालिका के लिए समान थी।

2.3 ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में अन्तिम संस्तर निम्नलिखित तीन प्रकार के थे :--

- (क) ऐसा संस्तर जिसमें कम से कम एक निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठान वाली प्रथम स्तर इकाइयां हैं।
- (ख) ऐसा संस्तर जिसमें कम से कम एक निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठान वाली प्रथम स्तर इकाइयां (शेष प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों में से) हैं।
- (ग) सभी शेष संस्तर

2.4 प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों का चयन वर्तूल क्रमबद्ध रूप से संस्तर के किस्म (क) और (ख) के मामले में आकार के सम्भाव्यता समानुपात सहित किया गया, आकार (क) के मामले में निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या और (ख) के मामले में गैर निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या है। संस्तर की किस्म (ग) से प्रतिदर्श प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों का चयन समान सम्भाव्यता के साथ वर्तूल क्रमबद्ध रूप से किया जाता है।

2.5 शहरी क्षेत्र में, केन्द्रीय सांख्यिकीय संगठन ने शहरी ढांचा सर्वेक्षण खण्डों का प्रयोग करके प्रथम श्रेणी के 64 शहरों में 1987 में नयी आर्थिक गणना पूरी की। आर्थिक गणना ढांचों का प्रयोग केवल इन्हीं शहरों के लिए किया गया। शेष शहरी क्षेत्र में शहरी ढांचा सर्वेक्षण खण्डों को मिलाकर प्रतिचयन ढांचा गठित किया गया।

2.6 शहरी क्षेत्र में अन्तिम संस्तर तब निम्नानुसार तीन प्रकार के थे :—

(क) ऐसा संस्तर जिसमें उपर्युक्त 64 शहरों के खण्ड हों और प्रत्येक ज्ञात खण्ड में निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या सहित कम से कम एक निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठान हों।

(ख) ऐसा संस्तर जिसमें से 64 शहरी खण्ड हों और कम से कम एक निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठान हों (यद्यपि निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या ज्ञात नहीं है) और गैर कृषि उद्यमों की कुल संख्या ज्ञात थी।

(ग) शेष सभी संस्तर।

2.7 किस्म (क) के संस्तर में प्रतिदर्श खण्डों का चयन यादृच्छिक प्रारम्भ के साथ आकार के सम्भाव्यता समानुपात में वर्तूल क्रमबद्ध रूप से किया गया जहाँ आकार निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या थी। किस्म (ख) के संस्तर में भी इनका चयन उसी तरह से किया गया परन्तु आकार गैर कृषि उद्यमों की संख्या के रूप में लिया गया। किस्म (ग) के संस्तर में समान खण्डों का चयन समान सम्भाव्यता से वर्तूल क्रमबद्ध रूप से किया गया।

2.8 विवरण 2.1 प्रत्येक राज्य और संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए, चुने गए तथा सर्वेक्षित प्रतिदर्श गांवों और खण्डों और प्रतिदर्श परिवारों तथा सर्वेक्षित व्यक्तियों की संख्या दर्शाता है। चयन की संख्या अलग से दर्शायी जाती है। जबकि लगभग 76 प्रतिशत प्रतिदर्श गांवों को निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों/गैर निर्देशिका विनिर्माणकारी प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या के सम्भाव्यता समानुपात द्वारा चुना गया है, फिर भी सम्भाव्यता समानुपात द्वारा चयनित प्रतिदर्श ब्लॉकों का समानुपात लगभग 17 प्रतिशत ही है।

2.9 कुल प्रतिदर्शों का चयन दो स्वतन्त्र उप समूहों के रूप में किया गया। इसे चार समान उप दौरों में भी विभाजित किया गया था, प्रत्येक अभिनामित सर्वेक्षण अवधि के दौरान सर्वेक्षण किये जा रहे प्रत्येक उप दौर के प्रतिदर्श देने दिए गए हैं।

उप दौर	सर्वेक्षण अवधि
1.	जुलाई-सितम्बर, 1989
2.	अक्टूबर-दिसम्बर, 1989
3.	जनवरी-मार्च, 1990
4.	अप्रैल-जून, 1990

2.10 बड़ेगांवों और खण्डों को कतिपय भागों में विभक्त करके खंडा समूह और उप खण्ड कहा जाता है, में विभाजित किया गया, "डी" का मान प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों की वर्तमान जनसंख्या/गैर कृषि उद्यमों की संख्या के अनुसार परिवर्तित होता है। "डी" का न्यूनतम मान 4 था। इसके बाद विनिर्माणकारी इकाइयों के बृहत्तम समानुपात वाले खंडा समूहों/उप खण्डों का चयन निश्चितता पूर्वक किया गया। शेष डी-1 भागों का चयन भी यादृच्छिक रूप से सर्वेक्षण हेतु किया गया। पहले को खंडा समूह/उप खण्ड "0" तथा बाद वाले को खंडा समूह/उप खण्ड "1" कहा गया।

2.11 उक्त ढंग से विभाजित प्रथम श्रेणी इकाइयों में सभी सूचीबद्ध परिवारों में प्रत्येक खंडा समूह उप समूह "0" और "1" में से यादृच्छिक रूप से एक परिवार को, अनुसूची 1.0 भरने के लिए चुना गया। शेष में, यादृच्छिक प्रारम्भ से वर्तूल क्रमबद्ध रूप से प्रत्येक प्रथम स्तर इकाई से दो परिवारों का चयन किया गया।

2.12 आकलन प्रक्रिया :—माना "V" राज्य अथवा समस्त भारत स्तर पर किन्हीं विशेषताओं का योग दर्शाता है। तब इसके आकलन को निम्न द्वारा दर्शाया जा सकता है।

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{Z_s} \sum_{C_{si}}^1 \left[\frac{H_{sio}}{h_{sio}} = \sum_{ji}^{h_{sio}} y_{sioj} + (D_{si} - 1) \frac{H_{sij}}{h_{sij}} \sum_{J=i}^{h_{si}} y_{siJ} \right]$$

जहाँ :

- s : अन्तिम संस्तर के लिए पादाक्षर
- Z : संस्तर का कुल आकार
- n : सर्वेक्षित प्रतिदर्श गांवों की संख्या
- i : प्रथम स्तर इकाई के लिए पादाक्षर
- j : चयनित परिवार के लिए पादाक्षर

c	:	राजस्व ग्राम चयन के लिए वृद्धि कारक
Z	:	प्रथम स्तर इकाई के चयन के लिए आकार
o	:	तैयार खेड़िया समूह/उप खण्डों की संख्या
0.1	:	खेड़ा समूह/उप खण्ड के लिए पायाक्षर
H	:	मुनोबद्ध परिवारों की कुल संख्या
h	:	सर्वेक्षित प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की संख्या

किस्म (ग) के संस्तर के मामले में (पैरा 2-3 और 2.6 देखें) Z संस्तर में प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों की कुल संख्या होगी और Z=1 अविभाजित प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों के मामले में वर्ग काष्ठक में द्वितीय शब्द विद्यमान नहीं होगा। शहरी क्षेत्र में "C" हमेशा। होगा जैसा ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में अधिकांश प्रति-

दर्श गांवों के मामले में होता है। संकलन $\sum \frac{\text{राज्य/संघ}}{8}$ शासित क्षेत्र/समस्त भारत का समग्र संघटक संस्तर है।

2.13 किसी मद के प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय जैसे सभी अनुपातों को इच्छित स्तर (उदाहरण के लिए राज्य/समस्त भारत) पर अनुपातों को अंश और हर में दिखाई देने वाले समाहारों के अनुपातों को पहले प्राप्त करके प्राप्त किया जाता है और फिर भाग दिया जाता है।

2.14 उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों के मामले में, hs सम्बन्धित उप प्रतिदर्श से सम्बन्धित प्रथम स्तर इकाई का संख्या के बराबर होगा और संकलन केवल इन प्रथम इकाइयों के अनुसार ही होगा।

खण्ड-3

उपभोक्ता व्यय

3.0 पूछताछ के उपभोक्ता व्यय भाग से सम्बन्धित मुख्य निष्कर्ष इस खण्ड में दिए गए हैं। मासिक प्रतिव्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग के अनुसार परिवारों और जनसंख्या का वितरण, खाद्यान्नों की खपत की मात्रा तथा मुख्य, मदों के समूहों सम्बन्धी मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय और इन समूहों के अनुसार कुल व्यय का प्रतिशतता वितरण--ये मुख्य परिणाम इसमें प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। ये सभी प्रत्येक राज्य, राज्यों के समूहों और समस्त भारत के लिए दिए गए हैं। किन्तु व्यक्ति खपत के अनुमान समूहित सभी मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों के लिए ही दिए जाते हैं। समस्त भारत स्तर पर ये अनुमान मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग के अनुसार, भाग-2 में दिए गए हैं।

3.1 उक्त के अतिरिक्त, समस्त भारत स्तर पर अनुमानों की प्रतिचयन विभिन्नता का अनुमान लगाने के लिए उप प्रतिदर्श के अनुसार प्रस्तुत किया जाता है। अन्त में वर्तमान दौर के अनुमानों की तुलना हाल के कुछ विगत दौरों से की जाती है।

3.2 उपभोक्ता व्यय पूछताछ में अपनाई गई संकल्पित और परिभाषाएं माटे तौर पर वही रही जैसी राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के पूर्ववर्ती दौरों की थी, जिन्हें आगे के पृष्ठों में दिया गया है।

3.3 कुल परिवार व्यय में मदों के वृद्ध समूहों पर परिवार का व्यय शामिल है। समूह इस प्रकार है (1) अनाज (2) चना (3) अनाजों के प्रतिस्थायी (4) दालें और दालों के उत्पाद (5) दूध और दूध के उत्पाद (6) खाद्य तेल (7) मांस, अण्डों और मछली (8) सब्जियां (9) फल और मवे (10) चीनी (11) नमक (12) मसाले (13) पेय तथा जलपान (14) पान, तम्बाकू और नशीले पदार्थ (15) ईंधन और प्रकाश (16) कपड़े (17) जूते (18) विविध सामान और सेवाएं (19) टिकाऊ माल (20) किराया और (21) कर। परिणाम (क) कुल खाद्य सामग्री (ख) कुल अखाद्य सामग्री और (ग) कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय के लिए भी प्रस्तुत किए जाते हैं। मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों के अनुसार परिवारों, व्यक्तिगत प्रति परिवार व्यक्तियों की औसत संख्या और औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय का वितरण

3.4 संघ शासित क्षेत्रों और समस्त भारत सहित पन्द्रह मुख्य राज्यों और छोटे राज्यों के तीन समूहों के लिए मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय तथा परिवार के औसत आकार के अनुसार परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए क्रमशः वितरण 31.1 (ग्रामीण) और 3.1 (शहरी) में दिया गया है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक आय वर्गों के अनुसार परिवारों का वितरण, हरियाणा पंजाब और उत्तर पूर्वी राज्यों का छाड़कर जहां परिवारों का संकेन्द्रण उच्चतर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति आय वर्गों की ओर है, अधिकांश राज्यों में कर्मावश इसी प्रकार का पैटर्न दर्शाता है। उत्तरी तीन वर्गों अर्थात् प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय 215 रु. से ऊपर में 12 प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वर्गों के अनुसार वितरित हजार परिवारों में से हरियाणा में 732 परिवार, पंजाब में 654 और उत्तर पूर्वी राज्यों में उड़ीसा और बिहार न्यून मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों की ओर परिवारों का उच्चतर संकेन्द्रण दर्शाता है। मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग में उड़ीसा में परिवारों के प्रति 1000 वितरण में उड़ीसा में 178 परिवारों पर और बिहार में 156 परिवारों पर समस्त भारत स्तर पर 85 परिवारों की तुलना में 95 रु. से कम है। शहरी क्षेत्रों में, परिवारों का वितरण उच्चतर व्यय वर्गों की ओर पर्याप्त संकेन्द्रण दर्शाता है। किन्तु, बिहार और उत्तर प्रदेश में परिवारों के समानुपात का संकेन्द्रण निम्न मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग की ओर है।

3.5 समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में परिवार का औसत आकार 4.96 है। राज्यों छोटे राज्यों के समूहों और संघ शासित क्षेत्र जहां औसत परिवार आकार 5.00 से अधिक संचित किया गया है, असम (5.10), गुजरात (5.09), हरियाणा (5.17), कर्नाटक (5.63), मध्य प्रदेश (5.30), पंजाब (5.11), उत्तर प्रदेश (5.45) और उत्तर पश्चिमी राज्य का समूह (6.09) और दक्षिणी राज्यों का समूह (5.44) है। जबकि शेष राज्यों के लिए यह 5.00 से कम है। आन्ध्र प्रदेश और तमिलनाडु (4.22) राज्यों ने न्यूनतम तथा उत्तर

पश्चिमी क्षेत्र (6.09) के छोटे राज्यों के समूह ने उच्चतम परिवार आकार सूचित किया है। शहरी क्षेत्रों में समस्त भारत स्तर पर औसत परिवार आकार 4.66 है। राज्यों में, उच्चतम परिवार आकार राजस्थान में (5.10) और न्यूनतम आकार तमिलनाडु में (4.17) सूचित किया है। समस्त भारत औसत से कम परिवार आकार वाले राज्य आन्ध्र प्रदेश (4.38), असम (4.33), उड़ीसा (4.28), तमिलनाडु (4.17), पश्चिम बंगाल (4.22) राज्यों/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के समूह उत्तर पूर्वी (4.50) और उत्तर पश्चिम (4.49) क्षेत्र हैं। ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में औसत परिवार आकार आन्ध्र प्रदेश, बिहार, केरल और राजस्थान को छोड़कर सभी राज्यों के लिए शहरी क्षेत्र के परिवार आकार से बड़ा है।

3.6 15 बड़े राज्यों, संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों और समस्त भारत सहित छोटे राज्यों के तीन समूहों के लिए मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय तथा मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति औसत व्यय के अनुसार प्रति हजार व्यक्तियों का वितरण ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए क्रमशः विवरण 3.2 (ग्रामीण) और 3.2 (शहरी) में प्रस्तुत है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के अनुसार व्यक्तियों का वितरण, हरियाणा, पंजाब, राजस्थान, उत्तर पूर्वी और उत्तर पश्चिमी क्षेत्रों को छोड़कर अधिकांश राज्यों में क्रमोबद्ध समान पैटर्न दर्शाता है। इन राज्यों/क्षेत्रों में व्यक्तियों संकेन्द्रण उच्च मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों की ओर अधिक है। यह तथ्य विशेष रूप से हरियाणा में स्पष्ट है जहाँ ऊपरी तीन वर्ग अर्थात् मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय 215 रु. और अधिक में 12 मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों में वितरित हजार व्यक्तियों में से 649 शामिल हैं। बिहार में निम्न मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों में (215 रु. से कम मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वाले एक हजार व्यक्तियों में से 897) व्यक्तियों का संकेन्द्रण अधिक है। असम (187 रु.), गुजरात (190 रु.), महाराष्ट्र (189 रु.), उत्तर प्रदेश (190 रु.) और पश्चिमी बंगाल (189 रु.) का औसतन प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय समस्त भारत स्तर के 189 रु. के औसतन मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के समान है। बिहार (150 रु.) का निम्नतम मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय है इसके बाद उड़ीसा (154 रु.) और कर्नाटक (159 रु.) का स्थान है, जबकि उच्चतर व्यय सूचित करने वाले राज्य पंजाब (285 रु.) और हरियाणा (253 रु.) हैं।

3.7 शहरी क्षेत्र (समस्त भारत स्तर पर 215 रु. और अधिक के मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वाले एक हजार व्यक्तियों में से 542) में से उच्चतर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों की ओर व्यक्तियों का वितरण सामान्य संकेन्द्रण दर्शाता है। उत्तर पूर्वी, उत्तर पश्चिमी और दक्षिणी क्षेत्रों से सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के समूहों के बारे में उच्चतर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों में संकेन्द्रण उच्चतर है। इन क्षेत्रों में व्यक्तियों का संकेन्द्रण उच्चतर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों की ओर अधिक है। इन क्षेत्रों में उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र

में व्यक्तियों (एक हजार में से 313 व्यक्ति 215 रु. और अधिक प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वाले हैं) का अधिकतम तक संकेन्द्रण है। समस्त भारत स्तर पर शहरी भारत के लिए औसत मासिक व्यय प्रति व्यक्ति 298 रु. अभिलिखित किया गया है। राज्य तथा राज्यों के छोटे समूह जिनमें औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय समस्त भारत के औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय से काफी अधिक सूचित किया गया है, दक्षिणी क्षेत्र (384 रु.), उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र (357 रु.), महाराष्ट्र (349 रु.), पंजाब (332 रु.), गुजरात (327 रु.), केरल (318 रु.), उत्तर पश्चिमी क्षेत्र (318 रु.) और हरियाणा (317 रु.) हैं। शहरी राजस्थान (302 रु.) का औसतन प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय समस्त भारत औसत (298 रु.) के बहुत निकट है। अन्य सभी राज्यों का औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय समस्त भारत के औसत से कम सूचित किया गया है, जिसमें उत्तर प्रदेश, बिहार, तमिलनाडु औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय क्रमशः 242, 269, 269 और 272 रु. सूचित करके सबसे निम्नस्थान पर रहे। यहाँ यह भी कहा जा सकता है कि अधिकतम और न्यूनतम औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के बीच के अन्तर के रूप में अन्तर की सीमा का माप दोनों क्षेत्रों में (ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए 135 रु. और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए 142 रु.) समान अभिलिखित होता है।

उपभोग में लाए गए अनाजों की मात्रा और मूल्य :

3.8 जबकि खाद्यों में अनाजों का मुख्य भाग है, फिर भी अनाजों की संघटक मर्दों की खपत देश के भिन्न-भिन्न भागों में विद्यमान खान-पान की आदतों पर आधारित होने से एक राज्य से दूसरे राज्य में परिवर्तित हो जाती है। विवरण 3.3 (ग्रामीण) और 3.3 (शहरी) में प्रति माह प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोग में लाए गए अनाजों की भिन्न-भिन्न मर्दों की औसत मात्रा और तदनुकूपी मूल्य पन्द्रह मुख्य राज्यों और छोटे राज्यों/ संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के तीनों समूहों को ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए दर्शायी जाती है। उड़ीसा (16.52 कि. ग्राम), राजस्थान (15.54 कि. शा.), पश्चिमी बंगाल (15.44 कि. शा.) और बिहार (15.14 कि. शा.) के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में अनाजों की अपेक्षाकृत अधिक मात्रा की खपत होती है। दूसरी ओर, केरल (9.75 कि. शा.) दक्षिणी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों के समूह (9.77 कि. शा.), महाराष्ट्र (11.89 कि. शा.) और कर्नाटक (12.11 कि. शा.) के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में अनाजों की अपेक्षाकृत मात्रा की खपत होती है। आन्ध्र प्रदेश, असम, हरियाणा और उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए अनाजों का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय समस्त भारत के ग्रामीण प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक औसत 14.00 कि. शा. के बराबर ही है किन्तु अनाजों की संघटक मर्दों राज्यों में कुछ विचलन दर्शाती है जबकि चावल, आन्ध्र प्रदेश, असम, केरल, उड़ीसा, तमिलनाडु, पश्चिम बंगाल और उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र से सम्बन्धित राज्यों के समूह का मुख्य अनाज है, गुजरात, हरियाणा, पंजाब, राजस्थान और उत्तर प्रदेश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में बड़ी जनसंख्या गेहूँ का उपभोग

करती है। यद्यपि चावल और गेहूँ अधिकांश राज्यों की मुख्य अनाज मद हैं फिर भी ज्वार, बाजरा और मक्का जैसी अन्य अनाज मदें गुजरात, कर्नाटक, महाराष्ट्र और राजस्थान के लिए महत्वपूर्ण मदें हैं। महाराष्ट्र के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में उपभोग में लाये गये कुल अनाज का 46 प्रतिशत ज्वार है। जबकि बाजरा गुजरात में कुल उपभोग में लाये गए कुल अनाज का लगभग 33 प्रतिशत है।

3.9 समस्त भारत स्तर पर शहरी क्षेत्रों में अनाजों की खपत की प्रति व्यक्ति औसत मासिक मात्रा 11.04 कि. ग्रा. है। राज्य स्तर पर यह देखा गया है कि जबकि कर्नाटक और उत्तर प्रदेश के शहरी क्षेत्रों में अनाजों की प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक खपत, आन्ध्र-प्रदेश, असम, मध्य प्रदेश, राजस्थान और पश्चिम बंगाल के समान लगभग 0.5 कि. ग्रा. से 1.5 कि. ग्रा. है जो 11.04 कि. ग्रा. के समस्त भारत औसत से अधिक है। दूसरी ओर हरियाणा, केरल, महाराष्ट्र, तमिलनाडु और भारत के उत्तर पश्चिमी भाग से सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों के समूह को मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति खपत 0.5 से 1.5 कि. ग्रा. है जो समस्त भारत स्तर से काफी कम है। अनाज समूह में, चावल, आन्ध्र प्रदेश, असम, बिहार, कर्नाटक, केरल, उड़ीसा, तमिलनाडु, पश्चिम बंगाल और भारत के उत्तरी पूर्वी भाग से सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों के समूह के शहरी क्षेत्रों में मुख्य मद है जबकि गुजरात, हरियाणा, मध्यप्रदेश, महाराष्ट्र, पंजाब, राजस्थान, उत्तर प्रदेश और उत्तर पश्चिमी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों के समूह को शहरी जनसंख्या मुख्यतः गेहूँ का उपभोग ही करती है। गुजरात, कर्नाटक और महाराष्ट्र जहाँ इन मदों की खपत अधिक होती है जो छोड़कर अधिकांश राज्यों में ज्वार, बाजरा और मक्का बहुतेक कम मात्रा में उपभोग किए जाते हैं। असम और मक्का में ज्वार, बाजरा और मक्का की खपत की कोई सूचना भी नहीं है।

3.10 अनाजों पर ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में खपत का औसत मूल्य समस्त भारत स्तर पर 45.38 रु. है। उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र (68.33 रु.) से सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों के समूह के लिए मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति खपत का मूल्य सबसे अधिक है इसके बाद पश्चिम बंगाल (64.85 रु.) का स्थान है और सबसे कम पंजाब (29.15 रु.) का है। अनाज की खपत के मूल्य में अन्तर्संजीव विचलन, उपभोग में लाए गए अनाज की मात्रा, जनजात संगठन तथा भिन्न-भिन्न राज्यों में उपभोग में लाई गई मदों के मूल्य में विचलन के कारण है। चावल उपभोग करने वाले राज्यों में उपभोग में लाए गए अनाजों का मुख्य अपेक्षाकृत अधिक है। यह दिलचस्प बात है कि जबकि केरल में अनाजों की खपत (मात्रा) न्यूनतम है, फिर भी तदनुरूपी मूल्य (42.66 रु.) गुजरात, हरियाणा, कर्नाटक, महाराष्ट्र, पंजाब, राजस्थान और उत्तर प्रदेश की अपेक्षा अधिक है। पश्चिम बंगाल, असम, उड़ीसा और बिहार राज्यों में अनाजों पर प्रति व्यक्ति खपत का मूल्य क्रमशः 65, 63, 62 और

57 रु. सूचित किया है जबकि पंजाब, हरियाणा, गुजरात और महाराष्ट्र में अनाजों की खपत का मूल्य क्रमशः 29, 33, 34 और 36 रु. है।

3.11 शहरी क्षेत्र में, समस्त भारत स्तर पर अनाजों की खपत का औसत मूल्य 42.33 रु. है। अनाजों की खपत का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति मूल्य उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों में समूहों (74.26 रु.) के लिए सबसे अधिक है, इसके बाद असम (61.85 रु.) और न्यूनतम पंजाब (28.71 रु.) के लिए है। यह आम तौर पर देखा जाता है कि मुख्य रूप से चावल की खपत वाले इन राज्यों में मुख्यतः गेहूँ और मोटे अनाज की खपत वाले राज्यों की अपेक्षा अनाजों पर प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय अधिक है।

3.12 विवरण 3.4 में समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अनाजों के निश्चित मूल्य (कीमत/मात्रा) की तुलना दी गई है। विवरण दर्शाता है कि शहरी क्षेत्र में मूल्य काफी ऊँच है। राज्यों में अलग-अलग अनाजों के निश्चित मूल्य में काफी अन्तर भी है। विवरण 3.3 ग्रामीण और 3.3 शहरी से इसका आकलन किया जा सकता है। उदाहरण के लिए, ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में चावल के मामले में निश्चित मूल्य बाढ़ है। अनाजों पर व्यय का प्रतिशत ऊँचा देखा जाता है। अनाजों पर व्यय का प्रतिशत छोटे राज्यों के समूह में 3.70 रु. अथवा इससे कम और पंजाब में 5.06 रु. के बीच रहता है।

मदों के वृहत् समूहों पर औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय

3.13 पन्द्रह मुख्य राज्यों, संघ शासित प्रदेश और समस्त भारत सहित छोटे राज्यों के तीन समूहों के लिए मदों के वृहत् समूह के अनुसार प्रति व्यक्ति औसत मासिक व्यय, ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए क्रमशः विवरण 3.5 (ग्रामीण) और 3.5 (शहरी) में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। सर्वेक्षण परिणामों से पता चलता है कि बाढ़, अखाद्य तथा कुल पर औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय सभी राज्यों और समस्त भारत के दारों में ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में व्यय की तुलना हमेशा ऊँचा होता है। सामान्य रूप में ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों में, बाढ़ मदों कुल उपभोगिता व्यय का मुख्य भाग बनाती है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में, बाढ़ मदों पर बहुत अधिक व्यय पंजाब (163 रु.), हरियाणा (152 रु.), उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों के समूह (168 रु.), उत्तर पश्चिमी क्षेत्र (144 रु.), दक्षिणी क्षेत्र (144 रु.) और राजस्थान (142 रु.) देखा जाता है। दूसरी ओर, कर्नाटक (105 रु.) द्वारा अपेक्षाकृत कम व्यय सूचित किया है, इसके बाद मध्य प्रदेश (107 रु.), उड़ीसा (109 रु.), बिहार (109 रु.) उत्तर प्रदेश (116 रु.) और महाराष्ट्र (117 रु.) का स्थान है। जहाँ तक अखाद्य व्यय का सम्बन्ध है, पंजाब (112 रु.) में सबसे अधिक, इसके बाद हरियाणा (101 रु.) केरल (90 रु.) और राजस्थान (87 रु.) है। हालाँकि अखाद्य मदों के लिए कम व्यय पूर्वी राज्यों के बिहार (11 रु.) उड़ीसा (15 रु.) और राजस्थान (87 रु.) है। हालाँकि अखाद्य मदों

अन्त में, भारत का 189 रु. की औसत के अनुसार अधिक कुल मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय दर्शाने वाले राज्य पंजाब (285 रु.), हरियाणा (253 रु.) केरल (220 रु.) तथा उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों के समूह (251 रु.) भी हैं। इसके अतिरिक्त राजस्थान (231 रु.) तथा दक्षिण में छोटे राज्यों के समूह (214 रु.) और उत्तर पश्चिमी (231 रु.) क्षेत्र के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में समस्त भारत औसत की अपेक्षा पर्याप्त रूप से अधिक व्यय सूचित किया है दूसरी ओर बिहार (150 रु.) उड़ीसा (154 रु.) और कर्नाटक (160 रु.) के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय का औसत समस्त भारत औसत से काफी नीचे है।

3.14 ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में साख मदों के अन्य समूहों पर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के औसत में राज्यों में काफी विभिन्नता देखी गई है। जहां तक दूध और दूध से बने उत्पादों का संबंध है, यह देखा गया कि ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में दूध और दूध उत्पादों पर केवल 18 रु. खर्च हुए हैं, फिर भी हरियाणा (59 रु.) पंजाब (56 रु.) राजस्थान (47 रु.) और गुजरात (43 रु.) द्वारा काफी अधिक मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय सूचित किया गया है। इसके विपरीत दूध से बने उत्पादों पर उड़ीसा (4 रु.), पश्चिमी बंगाल (7 रु.) और तमिलनाडू (8 रु.) ने बहुत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय सूचित किया है। उत्तर पूर्वी क्षेत्र (32 रु.) सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों के समूहों में मांस, मछली और अण्डों पर व्यय सूचित किया है इसके बाद दक्षिण क्षेत्र (20 रु.) और असम (19 रु.) का स्थान है जबकि समस्त भारत का औसत केवल 7 रु. है। इसके अतिरिक्त, पश्चिमी बंगाल (16 रु.) और केरल (16 रु.) के ग्रामीण क्षेत्र समस्त भारत के औसत की तुलना में मांस, मछली और अण्डों पर काफी अधिक मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय दर्शाते हैं। दूसरी ओर मांस और मछली अण्डों पर व्यय का समानुपातिक भाग काफी नीचा है जो पंजाब (2 रु.) राजस्थान और उत्तर प्रदेश (3 रु. प्रायः) है। जबकि फलों और मೆवों पर समस्त भारत का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय का औसत 3 रु. है, फिर भी केरल द्वारा (13 रु.) काफी अधिक मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय सूचित किया है, इसके बाद दक्षिणी क्षेत्र (10 रु.) के छोटे राज्यों के समूह, महाराष्ट्र (5 रु.) और कर्नाटक (5 रु.) का स्थान है।

3.15 मुख्य राज्यों के शहरी क्षेत्रों में, यह देखा गया है कि महाराष्ट्र (349 रु.) और उत्तर प्रदेश (242 रु.) के ने समस्त भारत के 298 रु. के मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के औसत का अपेक्षा क्रमशः अधिकतम तथा न्यूनतम मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति औसत व्यय सूचित किया है। उत्तर पूर्वी, उत्तर पश्चिमी और दक्षिणी क्षेत्रों के छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों के समूहों ने भी क्रमशः 357 रु., 395 रु. और 398 रु. का उच्चतर औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय सूचित किया है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों की तरह छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों के तीनों समूहों के शहरी क्षेत्रों ने साख मदों पर अधिक मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय

सूचित किया है किन्तु शहरी क्षेत्रों में मुख्य राज्यों में से साख पर अधिक व्यय गुजरात (184 रु.), राजस्थान (179 रु.) पंजाब (178 रु.), असम (178 रु.) और महाराष्ट्र (177 रु.) द्वारा किया गया जो 165 रु. के समस्त भारत औसत से अधिक है। इसी प्रकार शहरी पंजाब, हरियाणा, राजस्थान गुजरात और उत्तरी पश्चिमी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित के समूहों में दूध तथा दूध के बने उत्पादों का औसत अन्य मुख्य राज्यों/राज्यों के समूह तथा समस्त भारत की तुलना में अधिक है। शहरी क्षेत्रों में समस्त भारत स्तर पर मांस, मछली और अण्डों पर अधिक प्रति व्यक्ति औसत व्यय 11 रु. सूचित किया गया है। उत्तर पूर्वी और दक्षिणी क्षेत्र से सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों/संघ प्रदेशों के समूह प्रमुख राज्यों में असम, केरल और पश्चिमी बंगाल ने मांस, मछली और अण्डों पर क्रमशः 43, 29, 27, 25 और 26 रु. का अधिक मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय सूचित किया है। इसके विपरीत, राज्य जिनमें मांस, मछली और अण्डों पर प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय कम रहा, पंजाब (3 रु.) गुजरात (5 रु.), हरियाणा (6 रु.) और राजस्थान (6 रु.) है। फलों और मेवों पर औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय में केरल (16 रु.), महाराष्ट्र (10 रु.) और छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों के उत्तरी पश्चिमी (11 रु.) और दक्षिणी (13 रु.) क्षेत्र के समूहों का छोड़कर जहाँ यह 7 रु. के समस्त भारत औसत से अधिक है प्रमुख राज्यों में अधिकतम विभिन्नता नहीं है।

मदों के वृहत समूहों के अनुसार कुल मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय का प्रतिशत वितरण

3.16 विवरण 3.6 (ग्रामीण) और 3.6 (शहरी) में प्रमुख राज्यों छोटे राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों और समस्त भारत स्तर के लिए कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय से क्रमशः ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए 30 दिन की अवधि के लिए मदों के वृहत समूहों प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोक्ता व्यय के मूल्य का प्रतिशत दिया गया है। ये विवरण देश के भिन्न-भिन्न क्षेत्रों में विद्यमान खान पान की आदतों का स्पष्ट रूप से प्रस्तुत करते हैं। पूर्वी भारत अर्थात् असम, बिहार, उड़ीसा और पश्चिमी बंगाल जहाँ चावल मुख्य साख है। अनाजों पर व्यय का प्रतिशत उच्च देखा जाता है जबकि उत्तरी भारत अर्थात् पंजाब, हरियाणा और राजस्थान के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में तदनुरूपी प्रतिशत काफी नीचा है। बिहार असम, गुजरात, उड़ीसा और पश्चिम बंगाल के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में साख पर व्यय का उच्च समानुपाती उल्लेखनीय है। पंजाब के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में साख पर व्यय का समानुपात न्यूनतम है। जहां तक अखाद्य, व्यय का प्रश्न है, परिदृश्य कुछ, भिन्न है। हरियाणा के ग्रामीण क्षेत्र ने कपड़ों पर अधिकतम व्यय का समानुपात दर्शाया जबकि दक्षिणी क्षेत्र से सम्बन्धित छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों के समूहों का व्यय समानुपात न्यूनतम है। शहरी क्षेत्र में, कपड़ों पर व्यय प्रतिशत उत्तर पश्चिम क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों के समूहों द्वारा क्रमशः अधिकतम और न्यूनतम सूचित किया गया है। विविध मांस और सेवाओं जिसमें पके पकए आहार की खरीद भी शामिल है।

पर व्यय का समानुपात पंजाब मध्य प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेश और केरल के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में हरियाणा करल, महाराष्ट्र और उत्तर पश्चिमी क्षेत्र के छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों से सम्बन्धित समूहों के शहरी क्षेत्रों में अपेक्षाकृत अधिक है। यह दिलचस्प बात है कि छोटे राज्यों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों वाले उत्तर पश्चिमी क्षेत्र, जिसमें दिल्ली, चण्डीगढ़, हिमाचल प्रदेश और जम्मू और कश्मीर शामिल हैं। विविध माल और सेवाओं, कपड़ों और जूतों पर उपभोग का समानुपात काफी अधिक है। अन्त में, टिकाऊ माल पर व्यय का समानुपात ग्रामीण केरल में 6 प्रतिशत और शहरी महाराष्ट्र में 10 प्रतिशत है।

समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण तथा शहरी अनुभागों की तुलना

3.17 43 वें दौर से आगे ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय के लिए स्थिर वर्ग अन्तराल शहरी क्षेत्र के वर्ग अन्तराल के समान नहीं है। तथापि ऐसे चार समान बिन्दु हैं जिनमें मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के चार बृहत् समूहों के अनुसार ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के बीच तुलना की जाती है। विवरण 3.7 मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के चार समान बृहत् वर्गों के अनुसार, प्रति हजार परिवारों और व्यक्तियों का वितरण, औसत परिवार आकार और औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के बारे में समस्त भारत स्तर और शहरी क्षेत्र के परिणाम प्रस्तुत करता है। औसत ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों में मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय क्रमशः 000-110 रु., 110-215 रु., 215-385 रु. और 385 रु. और इससे अधिक है। समस्त भारत स्तर पर प्रति परिवार व्यक्तियों की औसत संख्या ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए क्रमशः 189.46 रु. और 298.00 रु. है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए परिवारों और व्यक्तियों का वितरण 110-215 रु. (प्रति हजार परिवार और व्यक्तियों पर क्रमशः 515 परिवार और 537 व्यक्ति) के मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग में बहुत अधिक संकेन्द्रण दर्शाता है जबकि शहरी क्षेत्रों में वितरण उच्च मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग में फैला हुआ है।

3.18 औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग के अनुसार मर्दों के बृहत् समूह के अनुसार मर्दों के बृहत् समूहों पर औसत प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय और कुल प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय का प्रतिशत वितरण ग्रामीण और शहरी भारत के लिए विवरण 3.8 और 3.9 विवरणों में प्रस्तुत किया जाता है। विवरण दर्शाता है कि दोनों क्षेत्रों में अनाजों पर प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक उपभोक्ता व्यय बढ़ते हुए मासिक प्रति व्यय वर्ग के साथ कम होता जाता है। तथापि ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में अनाजों पर किए गए व्यय का समानुपात शहरी क्षेत्रों की अपेक्षा मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग के अनुसार 3 से 6 प्रतिशत की सीमा तक अधिक है। दूसरी ओर शहरी क्षेत्रों में विशेष रूप से मछली और मांस, अण्डा फल और मीठे, पेय पदार्थ तथा अन्य और विविध माल और सेवाओं पर व्यय का समानुपात सामान्य मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग के अनुसार, अपेक्षाकृत अधिक है। तथापि,

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पान, तम्बाकू और नशीले पदार्थों और कपड़ों पर व्यय का समानुपात शहरी क्षेत्रों में व्यय के समानुपात से अधिक है। तथापि, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पान, तम्बाकू और नशीले पदार्थ और कपड़ों पर व्यय का समानुपात शहरी क्षेत्रों में तदनुरूपी व्यय वर्ग से अधिक है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में सभी बृहत् मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों के अनुसार खाद्य पदार्थों पर व्यय का प्रतिशत शहरी क्षेत्रों के व्यय अधिक है जबकि खाद्यतर व्यय के मामले उपभोग पैटर्न बिल्कुल विपरीत है। तथापि, व्यय के स्तर के बढ़ने के साथ खाद्य मर्दों पर प्रतिशत भाग धीरे-धीरे घटता जाता है। विशेष रूप से जबकि ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में 110 रु. के प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वाले परिवार के लिए खाद्य पदार्थों पर कुल व्यय का लगभग तीन चौथाई खर्च किया जाता है। 385 रु. और अधिक प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वाले परिवार कुल व्यय का आधे से भी कम खर्च करते हैं। स्पष्टतः उच्चतर प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वाले परिवार खाद्य मर्दों की तुलना में अखाद्य मर्दों पर अधिक खर्च करते हैं। इसके विपरीत कम मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वाले परिवार खाद्य मर्दों की अपेक्षा अखाद्य मर्दों पर कम व्यय करते हैं।

समस्त भारत स्तर पर दो उष प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों की तुलना

3.19 उप प्रतिदर्श वार अनुमान संयुक्त अनुमान की ट्रुटि सीमा का एक अनुमान दर्शाता है दां पृथक उप प्रतिदर्शों में से प्रत्येक के लिए राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 45वें दौर के लिए प्रस्तुत अनुमानों की तुलना कुछ चुने हुए संकेतकों के लिए ग्रामीण तथा शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों के लिए समस्त भारत स्तर पर की जाती है। विवरण 3.10 ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रति परिवार व्यक्तियों की औसत संख्या और परिवारों और व्यक्तियों का प्रति हजार वितरण बृहत् मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों के अनुसार प्रस्तुत करता है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में, औसत परिवार आकार के उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमान, निम्न मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों 110 रुपए और 110-215 रुपए से कम में नगण्य विभिन्नता दर्शाता है। जबकि ऊपरी दो वर्गों (215-385 रुपए 385 रुपए और अधिक) में यह विभिन्नता अधिक देखने में आती है। दूसरी ओर, शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए स्थिति इसके ठीक विपरीत है।

3.20 ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए बीच के दो मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों (110-215 रुपए 215-35 रुपए) के लिए परिवारों और व्यक्तियों की सापेक्ष आवृत्ति के उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों के बीच विभिन्नता स्पष्ट रूप से अधिक है। शहरी क्षेत्र में, प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वर्ग 215-385 रुपए में, परिवारों और व्यक्तियों के संबंध में उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों के बीच विभिन्नता मामूली सी अधिक है।

3.21 विवरण 3.11 समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए उप-प्रतिदर्श वार अनाजों के उपभोग की मात्रा और मूल्य के अनुमान प्रस्तुत करता है। अधिकांश मर्दों के लिए

उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों के बीच अंतर बहुत कम है, जिससे समस्त भारत स्तर पर विश्वसनीयता की उच्च डिग्री का संकेत मिलता है।

3.2.2 विवरण 3.12, ग्रामीण तथा शहरी 'क्षेत्रों' के लिए समस्त भारत स्तर पर उप प्रतिदर्श के अनुसार मदों के वृहत् समूहों पर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोक्ता व्यय का प्रतिशत वितरण दर्शाता है। उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों में दूध तथा दूध के उत्पाद और पान, तम्बाकू और नशीले पदार्थों के लिए ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में और कुल अनाजों तथा कपड़ों पर शहरी क्षेत्र में कुछ अंतर देखने में आता है। इसके अतिरिक्त, ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए विविध माल और सेवाओं तथा टिकाऊ माल में विभिन्नता दिखाई पड़ती है। अन्य मदों के लिए उप प्रतिदर्श अंतर बहुत कम है।

3.2.3 विवरण 3.13, समस्त भारत स्तर पर वृहत् व्यय वर्गों के अनुसार अनाजों, कुल खाद्य पदार्थों कुल अखाद्य पदार्थों पर औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय तथा कुल व्यय प्रस्तुत करता है। शहरी क्षेत्रों के अनाजों, खाद्य पदार्थों, अखाद्य पदार्थों और कुल व्यय के संबंध में उप प्रतिदर्श विभिन्नता, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों की अपेक्षा काफी कम है।

समस्त भारत स्तर पर पूर्व सर्वेक्षणों के परिणामों से अनुमानों का तुलना

3.2.4 निम्नलिखित पैराग्राफों में, वर्तमान सर्वेक्षण के परिणामों की तुलना 44वें, 43वें और 42वें दौर (पहला और तीसरा पूर्ववर्ती दो वार्षिक दौर हैं तथा दूसरा चौथा पंच-वर्षीय दौर है) नामक तीन पूर्व दारों के साथ की गई है। विवरण 3.14, ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों (43वें दौर के अनुमान उप-प्रतिदर्श 1 पर आधारित हैं) के लिए 42 से 45वें दौर के परिवारों के औसत आकार, औसतन मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय, जनसंख्या का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय तथा अनाजों की खपत की औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति मात्रा संबंधी परिणाम प्रस्तुत करता है। यह बात ध्यान देने योग्य है कि औसत परिवार आकार ग्रामीण तथा शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों के अनुमान के लिए 45वें दौर के दौरान नीचे आया है। राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण औसत मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय और जनसंख्या का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय, भी तुलनीय है यदि सर्वेक्षण अवधि में मूल्य वृद्धि और खपत व्यय को ध्यान में रखा जाए। अनाजों की खपत को मात्रा भी राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण दौर के साथ मेल खाती पायी गई है।

3.2.5 समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों दोनों के लिए 42वें, 43वें 44वें और 45वें दौर सर्वेक्षण परिणामों में सूचित अनाज मदों की खपत की मात्रा और मूल्य वितरण 3.15 में दिया गया है। विवरण से यह स्पष्ट होता है कि अनाजों की भिन्न-भिन्न मदों की खपत का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति मात्रा और कुल अनाज भी भिन्न-भिन्न दारों में काफी निकट है। जबकि खपत के मूल्य में वृद्धि का रुख है। खपत को ऐसी उच्च कीमत समयावृद्धि में हुई महंगाई हो सकती है।

3.2.6 विवरण 3.16, समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए मदों के वृहत् समूहों और राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण दारों में मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय का प्रतिशत वितरण दर्शाता है। 45वें दौर में अनाजों पर व्यय का समानुपात दोनों क्षेत्रों के लिए पूर्ववर्ती दारों की तुलना में मामूली कम पाया गया। कुल खाद्य पदार्थों पर मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय का प्रतिशत ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में थोड़ा सा बढ़ा है जबकि शहरी क्षेत्रों में यह काफी कम हुआ है। मदों के अन्य वृहत् समूहों में थोड़ी विभिन्नता खपत में परिवर्तन की अपेक्षा विभेदक मूल्य परिवर्तनों के कारण हो सकता है।

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के जो दारों के बीच उप प्रतिदर्श अंतरों की तुलना

3.2.7 राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 44वें और 45वें दौर के उप प्रतिदर्श अंतरों की तुलना विवरण 3.17 में दी गई है। 45वें दौर प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प, अब उच्चम पृष्ठताछ उन्मुखी है। प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों का सस्तराकरण और चयन आर्थिक गणना बांचे में निहित सूचना का प्रयोग करके किया गया ताकि उच्चम सर्वेक्षण से उपयुक्त अनुमान प्राप्त किए जा सकें। यह उपभोक्ता व्यय सर्वेक्षण के लिए उचित भी हो सकता है और नहीं भी 44 वें और 45 वें दौर के उप प्रतिदर्श अंतरों की तुलना बताती है कि उपभोक्ता व्यय पृष्ठताछ से प्राप्त अनुमानों की कुल शुद्धता को 45 वें दौर के अभिकल्प ने कितना प्रभावित किया है।

3.2.8 इस उद्देश्य के लिए उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमान के औसत की सापेक्ष मानक त्रुटि के मूल्य की गणना (यह आवश्यक रूप से संयुक्त प्रतिदर्श अनुमान नहीं है) निम्न फार्मूले का प्रयोग करके की गई है।

$$\text{सापेक्ष मानक त्रुटि} = \frac{|Y_1 - Y_2|}{Y_1 + Y_2} \times 100$$

जहां Y_1 और Y_2 किसी मद के उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानक है और इन्हें उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों के साथ विवरण 3.17 में प्रस्तुत किया गया है।

3.2.9 इस सारणी से यह देखा जा सकता है कि ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में जबकि 44वें दौर के अनुमानों में अधिकतर खाद्य मद समूहों में आपेक्षिक मानक त्रुटि कम है, 44वें दौर के संगत अनुमानों की तुलना में 45वें दौर के अनुमानों में ईंधन और प्रकाश, वस्त्र और जूते संबंधी महत्वपूर्ण गैर खाद्य मद समूहों तथा गैर खाद्य योग और कुल व्यय के मामले में आपेक्षित मानक त्रुटि कम है। दूसरी ओर, शहरी क्षेत्र में कुछ गौण मदों को छोड़कर 44वें दौर के अनुमान 45वें दौर के संगत अनुमान मामूली से बंधतर है। तथापि, इन अंतरों से स्पष्टतः किसी निष्कर्ष पर नहीं पहुंचा जा सकता कि वे प्रतिचयन अभिकल्प में परिवर्तन के कारण हैं।

खण्ड-4

रोजगार और बेरोजगारी

4.0 प्रस्तावना

जैसा कि खण्ड एक में निर्दिष्ट है, "रोजगार" और "बेरोजगारी" से संबंधित महत्वपूर्ण संकेतक तैयार करने के लिए वार्षिक अंकमाला के निर्माण हेतु आंकड़ों का संग्रहण कार्य 45वें दौर सर्वेक्षण संकाय से प्रारम्भ किया गया। संगत आंकड़ों के संग्रहण को उपभोक्ता व्यय संबंधी वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण के साथ एकीकृत किया गया। इस प्रयोजनार्थ "उपभोक्ता व्यय" संबंधी आंकड़ों के संग्रहण के लिए प्रयोग होने वाली अनुसूची के "जनांकिकी" खण्ड में अपेक्षित किए गए हैं।

4.1 सर्वेक्षण के लिए अपनाया गया संकल्पनात्मक ढांचा

4.1.1 रोजगार और बेरोजगारी के वार्षिक संकेतकों को तैयार करने का मुख्य उद्देश्य होने के कारण एकत्रित सूचना का उद्देश्य दो भिन्न-भिन्न पद्धतियों को अपनाते हुए विनिर्दिष्ट संदर्भाविधि के दौरान अपनाए गए कार्यकलापों के आधार पर भिन्न-भिन्न कार्यकलाप श्रेणियों से संबंधित जनसंख्या का वर्गीकरण करना है। ये दो पद्धतियां हैं :—

- (1) सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 365 दिनों की एक संदर्भाविधि सहित सामान्य स्तर पद्धति।
- (2) सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 7 दिन की एक संदर्भाविधि सहित वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर पद्धति।

45वां दौर सर्वेक्षण में प्रयुक्त संगत खण्ड सहित विभिन्न कार्यकलाप श्रेणियां निम्नानुसार हैं।

कोड**

विवरण

कार्यरत (या नियोजित)

11. पारिवारिक उद्यमों में (स्व नियोजित) कार्य किया।
21. पारिवारिक उद्यमों में सहायक के रूप में कार्य किया।
31. नियमित वेतनभोगी/मजदूरी पर कार्यरत कर्मचारी के रूप में कार्य किया।
41. लोक निर्माण में नैमित्तिक श्रमिक के रूप में कार्य किया।
51. अन्य प्रकार के कार्य में नैमित्तिक श्रमिक के रूप में कार्य किया।
61. यद्यपि पारिवारिक उद्यम में कार्य था किन्तु अस्वस्थता के कारण कार्य नहीं किया।
62. यद्यपि पारिवारिक उद्यम में कार्य था किन्तु अन्य कारणों से कार्य नहीं किया।

71. अस्वस्थता के कारण कार्य नहीं किया किन्तु नियमित वेतन/मजदूरी पर रोजगार था।

72. अन्य कारणों से कार्य नहीं किया किन्तु नियमित वेतन/मजदूरी पर रोजगार था।

कार्यरत नहीं है किन्तु कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध थे (अथवा बेरोजगार थे)

81. कार्य की तलाश की।

82. कार्य की तलाश नहीं की किन्तु कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध थे।

न तो कार्यरत है न ही कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध है (अथवा श्रम बल में नहीं है)

91. शैक्षिक संस्थाओं में गए।

92. केवल घरेलू कार्य किया।

93. घरेलू कार्य किया तथा वस्तुओं (सज्जियां, कंद्दु जलाऊ लकड़ी, पशुओं को चारे आदि) के निःशुल्क संग्रहण में तथा पारिवारिक उपयोग के लिए सिलाई, कटाई, बुनाई आदि में भी लगे रहे।

94. किराया जीवी, पेंशनभोगी, भंजी गई रकम पाने वाला, आदि।

95. असमर्थता के कारण कार्य करने में समर्थ नहीं।

96. भिखारी, बेव्याए आदि।

97. अन्य।

98. अस्वस्थता के कारण कार्य नहीं किया (केवल नैमित्तिक श्रमिकों के लिए)।

99. 0-4 वर्ष के शिशु।

विशिष्ट संदर्भाविधि के दौरान श्रेणी कोड 11 से 72 (सामान्य स्तर के लिए 11 से 51) के अंतर्गत सूचीबद्ध एक या उससे अधिक कार्यकलापों में लगे व्यक्तियों की सूचना को कार्यरत (या नियोजित) माना गया था। कार्यकलाप श्रेणी कोड 81 या 82 में रखे गए व्यक्ति को कार्य की तलाश में/या कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध (या बेरोजगार) माना गया है। नियोजित और बेरोजगार दोनों से "श्रम बल" गठित किया गया। कोई व्यक्ति जो श्रेणी कोड 91 से 99 सामान्य स्तर के लिए (91 से 97 और 99) के अंतर्गत कार्य में लगा हुआ या एक या एक से अधिक कार्यकलापों से संबंधित हो, को "श्रम बल में नहीं" के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया।

**कोड 61, 62, 71, 82 और 98 कोड केवल वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर पद्धति के मामले में लागू थे।

4.1.2 सामान्य स्तर पद्धति के अनुसार वर्गीकरण : 45वां दौर सर्वेक्षण में जिस कार्यकलाप का स्तर सर्वेक्षण की तारीख में पूर्व के 365 दिनों में अपेक्षाकृत अधिक समय लगाया हो, को व्यक्ति का प्रमुख सामान्य कार्यकलाप स्तर माना गया, तदनुसार, व्यक्ति का प्रमुख सामान्य स्तर यदि वह 365 दिनों की संदर्भाधि के दौरान एक या अधिक कार्यकलाप (कार्यकलाप कोड 11 से 51) में अधिक समय तक कार्यरत था/थी को कार्यरत या नियोजित माना गया था। काम की तलाश कर रहे या काम के लिए उपलब्ध या बेरोजगार यदि वह विनिर्दिष्ट संदर्भाधि के अपेक्षाकृत लंबे समय के लिए काम नहीं कर रहा था/थी किन्तु या तो काम की तलाश में था/थी या काम के लिए उपलब्ध था (कार्यकलाप कोड 81) तथा "श्रम बल में नहीं" यदि वह किसी एक या एक से अधिक अलाभकारी कार्यकलाप में (कार्यकलाप कोड 91 से 97 और 99) में अपेक्षाकृत लंबी अवधि तक कार्यरत था/थी। दो व्यापक कार्यकलाप श्रेणियों "कार्यरत" "श्रम बल में नहीं" में से व्यतीत किए गए समय के मानदण्ड के आधार पर विस्तृत कार्यकलाप श्रेणी निर्धारित की गई थी। प्रमुख स्तर के आधार पर "श्रमिक" के रूप में वर्गीकृत व्यक्ति को बाद में "प्रमुख स्तर श्रमिक" के रूप में उल्लिखित किया गया। प्रमुख सामान्य कार्यकलाप स्तर के आधार पर (एक गैर श्रमिक वह व्यक्ति है) जिसने गौण क्षमता में कुछ लाभकारी कार्य किए थे, को आमतौर पर अपनी क्षमता से गौण क्षमता में कार्यरत माना गया था तथा बाद में इसका "गौण स्तर श्रमिक" के रूप में उल्लेख किया गया है। सामान्य स्तर वर्गीकरण के अनुसार इन दो समूहों अर्थात् "प्रमुख स्तर श्रमिक" तथा "गौण स्तर श्रमिकों को मिलाकर" सभी श्रमिक समूह गठित किया गया है। यही संकल्पना रा. प्र. सर्वेक्षण पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षण के लिए भी सामान्य स्तर के अनुसार जनसंख्या के वर्गीकरण के लिए अपनाई गई थी।

4.1.3 वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर पद्धति के अनुसार वर्गीकरण: वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार व्यक्तियों के वर्गीकरण के लिए उन्हें सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से 7 दिन की अवधि से पूर्व प्रारम्भ में एकल कार्यकलाप सौंपना पड़ा था। इससे उन व्यक्तियों के मामले में कोई समस्या उत्पन्न नहीं हुई जिनके पास संदर्भ सप्ताह के दौरान एक स्तर था। तथापि, सप्ताह के दौरान एक से अधिक कार्यकलाप वाले व्यक्तियों को एक प्राथमिकता और प्रमुख समय नियम अपनाते हुए एक एकल स्तर सौंपा गया। प्राथमिकता नियमों के अनुसार "कार्यरत" स्तर को "कार्य नहीं कर रहे" के स्तर से अधिक प्राथमिकता दी गई है, तथापि कार्य नहीं कर रहे किन्तु कार्य तलाश कर रहे हैं। कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध हैं, स्तर को "कार्य नहीं कर रहे" और तलाश नहीं कर रहे। "कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध नहीं", स्तर से अधिक प्राथमिकता दी गई है, परन्तु कार्यरत या "कार्यरत नहीं", की व्यापक श्रेणी में विस्तृत कार्यकलाप श्रेणी को प्रमुख समय मानदण्ड के अनुसार सौंपा गया अर्थात् कार्यकलाप श्रेणी जिस पर समय का प्रमुख भाग व्यतीत हुआ था, को वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर माना गया। अतः, किसी व्यक्ति

को "कार्यरत" या "नियोजित" तभी माना गया यदि वह किसी एक या एक से अधिक लाभप्रद कार्यकलापों में (11 से 72) संदर्भ सप्ताह में किसी एक दिन में कम से कम एक घंटा कार्य में लगा था, इसके अतिरिक्त, उसने संदर्भ सप्ताह के दौरान अपने कार्य का अधिकांश समय लाभप्रद कार्यकलाप श्रेणी (11 से 72) पर व्यतीत किया हो। कोई व्यक्ति जिसने सप्ताह के किसी भी दिन एक घंटे भी काम न किया हो किन्तु सप्ताह के दौरान कार्य तलाश कर रहे थे या कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध थे (यद्यपि तलाश नहीं कर रहे) को कार्य तलाश कर रहे/कार्य के उपलब्ध (या बेरोजगार) माना गया। अन्यो को "कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध नहीं" (या श्रम बल में नहीं) माना गया। अतः प्रतिदर्श परिवार के प्रत्येक सदस्य को सप्ताह के लिए एकल कार्यकलाप स्तर सौंपा गया था। अतः भिन्न-भिन्न कार्यकलाप स्तर के अंतर्गत नियुक्त व्यक्तियों के समाहार एक वर्ष की सर्वेक्षण अवधि में औसतन एक सप्ताह के दौरान कार्यकलापों के अनुसार व्यक्तियों का वितरण पदान करते हैं।

4.2 परिभाषाएं :

- (क) लाभप्रद कार्यकलाप : लाभप्रद कार्यकलाप (या कार्य) वह कार्यकलाप है जो वेतन (लाभ या परिवार के लाभार्थ) या दूसरे शब्दों में वे कार्यकलाप जो "राष्ट्रीय उत्पाद" के मूल्य में वृद्धि करते हैं। सामान्यतः, यह एक ऐसा कार्यकलाप है जिसके परिणामस्वरूप विनिमय के लिए "वस्तुएं और सेवाएं" प्राप्त होती हैं। तथापि "कृषि" में कार्यकलाप (अर्थात् औद्योगिक खंड से संबंधित सभी कार्यकलाप) जिसमें समग्र कृषि उत्पादन या उस का एक भाग उनके उपभोग के लिए प्रयुक्त किया जाता है तथा जो विक्री के लिए नहीं जाता, को भी लाभप्रद कार्यकलापों के रूप में माना जाता है। तथापि घरेलू कामों का निष्पादन या सामाजिक कार्य आदि को लाभप्रद कार्यकलाप नहीं माना जाता है, कार्यकलाप जैसे कि वेश्यावृत्ति, भिक्षावृत्ति आदि जिनके द्वारा भी अर्जन होता है, को परम्परा के अनुसार लाभप्रद नहीं माना जाता है।
- (ख) श्रमिक (या नियोजित): किसी लाभप्रद कार्यकलाप में लगे व्यक्तियों को श्रमिक (या नियोजित) माना जाता है। ये वे व्यक्ति हैं जो प्रथम व्यापक कार्यकलाप श्रेणी अर्थात् पैरा 4.11 में "कार्यरत या नियोजित" के अंतर्गत नौ कार्यकलाप श्रेणियों में से कोई एक या एक से अधिक कार्यकलाप में कार्यरत हों।
- (ग) कार्य तलाश कर रहे या कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध (या बेरोजगार) : वे व्यक्ति जिन्होंने कार्य की कमी के कारण, कार्य नहीं किया था, परन्तु बेरोजगार कार्यालयों, मध्यस्थों, मित्रों या संबंधियों या भावी नियोजकों को आवेदन देकर या अपनी इच्छा व्यक्त करके या कार्य की प्रचलित शर्तों और पारिश्रमिक के अधीन बेरोजगार माना गया।

- (घ) श्रम बल : "कार्यरत" (या नियोजित) के रूप में श्रेणीबद्ध व्यक्ति तथा "तलाश कर रहे या श्रेणीबद्ध व्यक्ति" तथा तलाश कर रहा या कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध (या बेरोजगार) दोनों से मिलाकर श्रम बल बनता है ।
- (ङ) श्रम बल में नहीं : जिन व्यक्तियों को न तो "कार्यरत" न ही "कार्य तलाश कर रहे या कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध" के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया है, को गैर लाभप्रद कार्यक्रमों में कार्यरत "श्रम बल में नहीं" माना जाता है । इस श्रेणी में आने वालों में विद्यार्थी, घरेलू काम काज में लगे व्यक्ति, किराया भोगी, पेंशन भोगी, भिक्षा पर जीवित रहने वाले रिवायत प्राप्तकर्ता, अशक्त और असमर्थ व्यक्ति, वेट्याएं, 0-4 वर्ष के शिशु आदि हैं ।
- (च) पारिवारिक उद्यमों में (स्वनिर्भर) कार्यरत, सामान्य तथा वर्तमान स्तर कोड 11 : वे व्यक्ति जो अपनी फर्म या गैर फर्म उद्यम में कार्यरत हैं, को "स्वनिर्भर" के रूप में परिभाषित किया जाता है—यह शब्द उनके कार्यक्रमों पर परिभाषित करने के लिए प्रयुक्त किया जाता है, के भिन्न-भिन्न प्रकार के स्वनिर्भर होते हैं । कुछ अपने उद्यमों को बिना किसी भाड़े के श्रमिकों को चला रहे हैं, कुछ अन्य कभी-कभी कुछ श्रमिकों को भाड़े पर रखते हैं । एक तीसरी श्रेणी भी है जो कूल मिलाकर भाड़े के श्रमिकों द्वारा नियमित रूप से अपने उद्यम चलाते हैं । स्वनिर्भर के पहले दो समूहों को स्व लेखा श्रमिक तथा तृतीय को नियोक्ता कहते हैं ।
- (छ) पारिवारिक उद्यमों में सहायक के रूप में कार्यरत-सामान्य तथा वर्तमान स्तर कोड-21 : सहायक कार्यरत व्यक्तियों की एक एंसी श्रेणी है जो पारिवारिक उद्यम में पूर्णकालिक या अंशकालिक कार्य करते हैं तथा उद्यम में निर्धारित कार्य के लिए जिन्हें कोई नकद भुगतान या पारिवारिक अर्जन का कोई भाग नहीं मिलता । वे परिवार के सदस्य हैं, उनमें से अधिकांश परिवार के मुखिया से संबंधित होते हैं या परिवार के मुखिया के आश्रित होते हैं तथा पारिवारिक उद्यम के लिए काम करते हैं उन्हें परिवार के सदस्य के नाते भोजन और आश्रय मिलता है । परिवार में कुछ लोग ऐसे भी होते हैं जिन्हें पारिवारिक उद्यम में उनके कार्य के लिए कोई नकद पारिश्रमिक नहीं मिलता किन्तु ऐसे उद्यमों से हुए पारिवारिक अर्जन में एक भाग उनका भी होता है । दूसरी ओर, यदि किसी सदस्य को पारिवारिक प्रतिष्ठान में पारिवारिक कार्य के लिए वेतन का भुगतान किया जाता है उसे कर्मचारी के रूप में माना जाना चाहिए ।
- (ज) निर्दिष्ट वेतन मजदूरी पाने वाले कर्मचारी के रूप में कार्यरत—सामान्य और वर्तमान स्तर कोड 31 : अन्य फर्म या गैर फर्म उद्यम (पारिवारिक और गैर पारिवारिक दोनों) में कार्यरत तथा उसके बदले में नियमित आधार पर वेतन या मजदूरी तथा (दैनिक या कार्य के ठंके के सावधिक नवीनीकरण के आधार पर नहीं) प्राप्त कर रहे हैं, को निर्दिष्ट वेतनभोगी/मजदूरी प्राप्त करने वाले माना जाता है । मजदूरी प्राप्त करने वाले कर्मचारियों की श्रेणी में, न केवल वेतनभोगी तथा समयानुसार मजदूरी प्राप्त करने वालों को वार्षिक पूर्णकालिक एवं अंशकालिक दोनों प्रकार के अर्जक जो आंशिक मजदूरी अथवा वेतन प्राप्त कर रहे हैं तथा प्रदत्त प्रशिक्षणों को भी शामिल किया जाएगा ।
- (झ) नैमित्तिक मजदूरी प्राप्त करने वाले श्रमिक के रूप में कार्य किया—सामान्य तथा वर्तमान स्तर कोड 41 एवं 51 : उन व्यक्तियों को नैमित्तिक श्रमिक के रूप में माना जाता है जो दूसरों के फार्म अथवा गैर-उद्यमों (पारिवारिक अथवा गैर-पारिवारिक दोनों) में कार्यरत हैं तथा उसकी एवज में दैनिक अथवा सावधिक कार्य अनुबंध की शर्तों के अनुसार मजदूरी प्राप्त कर रहे हैं । ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में तथा सरकारी परियोजना स्थलों में भी एक प्रकार के नैमित्तिक श्रमिक देखे जा सकते हैं जो आमतौर पर स्वयं को लोक निर्माण संबंधी कार्यक्रमों जिनमें : सड़कों बांधों, का निर्माण, तलावों की खुदाई आदि के लिए राहत उपायों/रोजगार सूचक स्कीमों आदि के रूप में सरकार अथवा स्थानीय निकायों द्वारा हाथ में लिए गए निर्माण शामिल हैं, में कार्यरत हैं नैमित्तिक श्रमिकों द्वारा किए जा रहे इस प्रकार के लोक निर्माण कार्यक्रमों ही लोक निर्माण में नैमित्तिक मजदूरी हैं । अन्य प्रकार के कार्य में जो नैमित्तिक मजदूरी हैं ।
- (ञ) जिनके पास पारिवारिक उद्यमों में कार्य था परन्तु अस्वस्थता/अन्य कारणों की वजह से काम नहीं किया वर्तमान स्तर कोड 61/62 तथा जिनके पास निर्दिष्ट दैनिक/मजदूरीयुक्त रोजगार था परन्तु अस्वस्थता/अन्य कारणों की वजह से काम नहीं किया—वर्तमान स्तर कोड 71/72 : वे व्यक्ति जो पारिवारिक फार्म अथवा गैर फार्म उद्यमों अथवा अन्य फार्म अथवा गैर-फार्म उद्यमों में कार्य करने वाले दैनिक/मजदूरी पाने वाले श्रमिकों के रूप में कार्यरत हैं परन्तु अस्वस्थता छुट्टी अथवा कमजोर इन दोनों श्रेणियों 61/62 तथा 71/72 से संबंधित अवकाश लेने अथवा अन्य कारणों की वजह से कार्य से अस्थायी रूप से अनुपस्थित रहें वे पारिवारिक कृषि/गैर-कृषि उद्यमों अथवा मजदूरी प्राप्त/दैनिक श्रमिक के रूप

में दूसरों के कृषि/गैर-कृषि उद्यमों में नियोजित हैं ।

(ट) घरेलू कार्य निपटाए तथा घरेलू इस्तेमाल के लिए सिलाई, कटाई, बुनाई आदि की वस्तुओं के निःशुल्क संग्रहण में भी लगे हुए थे—सामान्य तथा वर्तमान स्तर कोड 93 : आमतौर पर ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में तथा विशेष रूप से जनजातीय क्षेत्रों में, घरेलू कार्य में सामान्यतः दूसरों के साथ सड़ियां, कंदमूल, जलाने की लकड़ी आदि के मुफ्त संग्रहण का अधिकांश कार्य तथा घरेलू इस्तेमाल हेतु कपड़े की कटाई तथा बुनाई का कार्य भी शामिल है । अपने घरेलू काम-काज के साथ-साथ उपर्युक्त कार्यकलापों के निष्पादन में नियमित रूप से अपना कुछ समय व्यतीत करने में पाए गए व्यक्ति इस श्रेणी से संबंधित हैं ।

4.3 संक्षिप्त परिणाम

4.3.1 जैसा कि पैराग्राफ 4.11 में उल्लेख किया गया है दो भिन्न-भिन्न पद्धतियों के अंगीकरण द्वारा प्राप्त रोजगार और बेरोजगारी के महत्वपूर्ण मुख्य संकेतक वार्षिक श्रम शक्ति सर्वेक्षण के परिणामों पर आधारित है, रा. प्र. सर्वेक्षण 45वां दौर (जुलाई 1989-जून 1990) में एकत्रित आंकड़े अनुवर्ती पैराग्राफों में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं । अखिल भारतीय परिणामों की रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी संबंधी पिछले पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों के संगत परिणामों से तुलना की गई है । समस्त प्रमुख राज्यों के लिए प्रमुख परिणामों को अलग से प्रस्तुत किया गया है जबकि गौण राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के लिए परिणामों को जैसा कि आरम्भिक अध्याय में बताया गया है, राज्यों के तीन समूहों (1) उत्तर-पूर्वी राज्य (2) उत्तर पश्चिमी राज्य तथा (3) दक्षिणी राज्य के लिए प्रस्तुत किया गया है ।

4.4 नियोजित

4.4.1 राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन द्वारा उपभोक्ता व्यय एवं रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी संबंधी वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण के 45वें

दौर (जुलाई 1989—जून 1990) में संग्रहित आंकड़ों से नियोजित व्यक्तियों के दो भिन्न-भिन्न अनुमान तैयार किए गए थे । वे निम्नलिखित हैं :—

- (1) आमतौर पर नियोजित व्यक्तियों (अर्थात् जिन्होंने सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 365 दिन की संदर्भ अवधि की अपेक्षाकृत एक लंबी अवधि के लिए कार्य किया) की संख्या; तथा
- (2) एक सप्ताह में नियोजित व्यक्तियों (अर्थात् जिन्होंने सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 7 दिन की संदर्भ अवधि के दौरान किसी भी समय कार्य किया) की औसत संख्या ।

उपरिलिखित दो अनुमानों में से, पहला सामान्यतः नियोजित (अर्थात् वे व्यक्ति जिन्हें कर्मोन्मुख स्थानों रोजगार मिला) का परिणाम प्रस्तुत करता है । इसकी दो श्रेणियों में व्यवस्था की गई है प्रमुख स्तर में सामान्यतः नियोजित अथवा सामान्यतः कार्यरत तथा गौण स्तर में ही सामान्यतः नियोजित अथवा सामान्यतः कार्यरत । इन दोनों श्रेणियों में सामान्यतः कुल नियोजित व्यक्ति (अथवा समस्त श्रमिक) शामिल है ।

4.4.2 जनसंख्या के वर्गीकरण के लिए अपनायी गयी "सामान्य स्तर" पद्धति में स्पष्ट रूप से मौसमी उतार-चढ़ाव के कारण कार्यकलाप संबंधी पैटर्न में हुए परिवर्तनों पर विचार नहीं किया जाता है । बाद की पद्धति (अर्थात्, वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर पद्धति) कार्यकलाप के पैटर्न में वर्ष के दौरान हुए आन्तरिक परिवर्तनों के कारण हुए समग्र प्रभाव दर्शाती है । विवरण पत्र 4.1 समस्त भारत के लिए लिंग तथा ग्रामीण शहरी आवास स्तर के अनुसार रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी संबंधी पिछले पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों पर आधारित इसी प्रकार के तुलनात्मक अनुमानों सहित सामान्य स्तर तथा वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तरों के अनुसार "नियोजित" व्यक्तियों का समानुपात प्रस्तुत करता है ।

विवरणिका 4.1: लिंग व आवास स्तर के हिसाब से सामान्य स्तर एवं वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तरों के अनुसार प्रति 10 00 व्यक्तियों पर नियोजित व्यक्तियों की संख्या

दौर	समस्त भारत					
	पुरुष सामान्य स्तर		वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर	महिला सामान्य स्तर		वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर
	प्रमुख स्तर	समस्त		प्रमुख स्तर	समस्त	
ग्रामीण						
45 (1989-90)	537	548	528	252	319	230
43 (1987-88)	517	539	504	245	323	220
38 (1983)	528	547	511	248	340	227
32 (1977-78)	537	552	519	248	331	232
27 (1972-73)	—	545	530	—	318	277
शहरी						
45 (1989-90)	501	512	503	124	146	121
43 (1987-88)	496	506	492	118	152	119
38 (1983)	500	512	492	120	151	118
32 (1977-78)	497	508	490	123	156	125
27 (1972-73)	—	501	491	—	134	123

यह देखा गया है कि 1989-90 के दौरान ग्रामीण पुरुषों में सामान्यतः नियोजित (प्रमुख स्तर) का यह समानुपात अखिल भारतीय स्तर पर लगभग 54 प्रतिशत 1987-88 की संगत दर से लगभग 2 प्रतिशत अधिक था। दूसरी ओर ग्रामीण महिलाओं तथा शहरी पुरुषों और महिलाओं के मामले में भी नियोजितों की प्रतिशतता पिछले 12 वर्षों की अवधि के दौरान लगभग स्थाई रही। ग्रामीण महिलाओं के लिए यह दर लगभग 25 प्रतिशत रही, शहरी पुरुषों के लिए 50 प्रतिशत तथा शहरी महिलाओं के लिए 12 प्रतिशत रही। ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में जैसा कि पहले सर्वेक्षणों के परिणामों से देखा गया है, पूरे वर्ष काम की अनुपलब्धता के कारण एंजिन्डक अथवा अर्जिन्डक तौर पर कार्यबल से हटने की सूचना देने वाले पुरुष एवं महिलाओं दोनों के मामले में वर्ष 1989-90 के सर्वेक्षण में सामान्य स्तर की दरों की तुलना में बहुत कम साप्ताहिक स्तर रोजगार की दरें प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। यह भी देखा गया है कि इन दोनों दरों के बीच अंतर का परिमाण इन वर्षों के दौरान लगभग एक-सा रहा। परन्तु शहरी जनसंख्या के मामले में, दोनों दरें समान परिमाण की रहीं जो कि देश के दोनों क्षेत्रों के रोजगार पैटर्न में विभेदों को स्पष्ट करती है।

4.4.3 रोजगार के स्तर के अनुसार सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों का वितरण : नियोजित के रूप में वर्गीकृत व्यक्तियों को उनके रोजगार के स्तर के अनुसार तीन बृहत् श्रेणियों में विभाजित किया गया है। ये श्रेणियाँ निम्नीलिखित हैं (1) स्व-नियोजित (2) नियमित कर्मचारी तथा (3) नैमित्तिक श्रमिक। समस्त भारत के लिए रोजगार के तीनों स्तरों के अनुसार सामान्यतः नियोजित का प्रति 1000 वितरण विवरण-पत्र 4.2 में प्रस्तुत है। समस्त चारों पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों से प्राप्त संगत वितरण के परिणाम भी विवरण-पत्र में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। आमतौर पर तुलनात्मक परिणाम दर्शाते हैं कि वर्ष 1972-73 की तुलना में सामान्यतः नियोजित (प्रमुख एवं गौण एक साथ) में नैमित्तिक श्रमिकों के अनुपात में वृद्धि हुई थी। 1987-90 की अवधि के दौरान ग्रामीण पुरुषों एवं महिलाओं के मामले में यह अनुपात लगभग स्थिर रहा। परन्तु शहरी पुरुषों के मामले में इसमें मामूली वृद्धि हुई, शहरी महिलाओं के मामले में विपरीत पैटर्न पाया गया। प्रमुख स्तर में सामान्यतः नियोजितों में 'स्व-नियोजित' का समानुपात 1987-88 की तुलना में वर्ष 1989-90 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत के पुरुषों तथा महिलाओं दोनों के लिए दो प्रतिशत वृद्धि दर्शायी गई थी। जबकि शहरी महिलाओं के लिए चार प्रतिशत की वृद्धि दर्ज की गई थी, जो कि शहरी पुरुषों के लिए समान स्तर पर बनी रही। ग्रामीण पुरुषों के मामले को छोड़कर अधिकांश वृद्धि नैमित्तिक श्रमिक श्रेणी में हुई थी। नियमित श्रमिकों के समानुपात में मामूली सी गिरावट भी पाई गई।

4.5 बेरोजगार

4.5.1 'नियोजित' के मामले की भांति बेरोजगार के लिए

भी वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण आंकड़ों से दो भिन्न-भिन्न अनुमान प्राप्त किए जाते हैं यथा,

- (1) 'सामान्य स्तर' वर्गीकरण के आधार पर सामान्यतः बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या; तथा
- (2) 'साप्ताहिक स्तर' वर्गीकरण के आधार पर एक सप्ताह में औसतन बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या।

प्रथम अनुमान, 365 दिन की संदर्भ अवधि के दौरान अपेक्षाकृत लंबी अवधि के लिए नियोजित व्यक्तियों की संख्या (अर्थात् प्रमुख स्तर के अनुसार) तथा काफी समय से बेरोजगार से संबंधित संकेतकों के अनुमान दर्शाता है। सम्भवतः समय के मानदण्ड के आधार पर कार्य प्राप्त करने वाले कुछ 'बेरोजगार' गौण क्षमता के आधार पर काम कर रहे थे। इसलिए सामान्यतः नियोजितों के दोनों अनुमान प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं—प्रमुख स्तर में सामान्यतः नियोजित तथा गौण स्तर के श्रमिकों (सामान्यतः समायोजित) को छोड़कर सामान्यतः नियोजित दूसरे अनुमान (वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर) सर्वेक्षण वर्ष के दौरान 'बेरोजगारी' जिसमें काफी समय से बेरोजगारी तथा सामान्यतः नियोजितों की शोषण में रूखे हुए व्यक्तियों के रोजगार में सभी उतार-चढ़ाव के कारण आन्तरायिक बेरोजगारी शामिल है, को औसत साप्ताहिक तस्वीर प्रस्तुत करते हैं।

4.5.2 बेरोजगारी की दरें : शहरी श्रम बल (नियोजित एवं बेरोजगार एक साथ) में प्रति दस हजार व्यक्तियों के पीछे बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या को बेरोजगारी की दर (शहरी) के रूप में परिभाषित किया जाता है। चारों पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों—27वें, 32वें, 38वें तथा 43वें दौरों की संगत तुलनीय बेरोजगारी दरों के साथ-साथ 45वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण के परिणामों से निकाले गये जनसंख्या के वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर के वर्गीकरण तथा सामान्य पर आधारित बेरोजगारी दरें विवरण-पत्र 4.3 में प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। इस बात का ध्यान रखा जाए कि 27वें दौर की सामान्य स्तर की दरें अन्य दौरों से प्राप्त गौण स्तर के श्रमिकों को छोड़कर केवल सामान्यतः नियोजित पर आधारित दरों के साथ तुलनीय हैं।

विवरण-पत्र प्रस्तुत परिणामों से यह देखा गया है कि वर्ष 1989-90 के दौरान 1987-88 तथा उससे पहले के वर्षों की भी तुलना में 'बेरोजगारी' में कमी आई है। यह कमी ग्रामीण एवं शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में महिलाओं में उनके पतियों की अपेक्षा अधिक पाई गई। वर्ष 1989-90 के दौरान पुरुषों में काफी समय से चल रही बेरोजगारी की दर वर्ष 1987-88 के दौरान क्रमशः लगभग 3 प्रतिशत तथा 6 प्रतिशत की संगत दरों के स्थान पर ग्रामीण भारत में 2 प्रतिशत से कम तथा शहरी भारत में लगभग 4 प्रतिशत रही। इसी प्रकार महिलाओं के लिए ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में यह दर 1 प्रतिशत से कम तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों में लगभग 4 प्रतिशत थी जबकि वर्ष 1987-88 में वही दरें क्रमशः 3 प्रतिशत एवं 8 प्रतिशत थीं। इस देखाए गए पैटर्न का अध्ययन करते समय 45वें दौर के वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण में निहित अपेक्षाकृत लघु प्रतिदर्श आकार तथा सर्वेक्षण के लिए अपनाए गए उद्योगोन्मुख प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प को निःसंदेह ध्यान में रचना पड़ना है।

विवरणिका : 4 2 : रोजगार के स्तर के अनुसार सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों का प्रति 1000 वितरण

समस्त भारत

दौर एवं वर्ष	सामान्यतः नियोजित प्रमुख स्तर			समस्त		
	स्व-नियोजित	नियमित कर्मचारी	नैमित्तिक श्रमिक	स्व-नियोजित	नियमित कर्मचारी	नैमित्तिक श्रमिक
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ग्रामीण पुरुष						
45 (1989-90)	591	100	309	597	98	305
43 (1987-88)	575	104	321	586	100	314
38 (1983)	595	106	299	605	103	292
32 (1977-78)	622	108	270	628	106	266
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	659	121	220
ग्रामीण महिलाएं						
45 (1989-90)	565	36	399	609	28	363
43 (1987-88)	549	49	402	608	37	355
38 (1983)	541	37	422	619	28	353
32 (1977-78)	563	37	400	621	28	351
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	645	41	314
शहरी पुरुष						
45 (1989-90)	413	421	166	423	413	164
43 (1987-88)	410	444	146	417	437	146
38 (1983)	402	445	153	409	437	154
32 (1977-78)	399	472	129	404	464	132
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	392	507	101
शहरी महिलाएं						
45 (1989-90)	435	331	234	486	292	222
43 (1987-88)	393	342	265	471	275	254
38 (1983)	373	318	309	458	258	284
32 (1977-78)	422	308	270	495	249	256
27 (1972-73)	—	—	—	484	279	237

4.6 सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्ति के श्रम समय (रोजगार के अन्तर्गत) की अल्प उपस्थिति

4.6.1 कृषि संबंधी कार्यकलाप एवं कृषि पर आधारित उद्योगों से संबंधित कार्यकलाप भारतीय लोगों का मुख्य सहारा है। इन कार्यकलापों में कार्यरत विशेष रूप से स्व-नियोजित क्षमता में कार्यरत लोग वर्ष के बड़े हिस्से के लिए नियोजित होने पर भी संभवतः मंदा के मौसम में उन्हें पर्याप्त काम नहीं मिले। उनमें से कुछ को वैकल्पिक कार्य मिलता है तथा शेष बेरोजगार रहते हैं अथवा उन्हें श्रम बल से हटा दिया जाता है। इस प्रकार संभवतः सामान्यतः नियोजित के रूप में श्रेणीबद्ध लोगों

का एक भाग वर्ष के कुछ सप्ताहों के दौरान काम नहीं करता तथा एक प्रकार से अल्प रोजगार प्राप्त (अथवा उनके समय का कम उपयोग होता है) होते हैं। उनके साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों का विवरण प्रस्तुत करने वाले परिणामों से यह आयाम दृष्टिगोचर होता है। विवरण-पत्र 4.4 वर्ष 1989-90 के लिए "समस्त" सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों (अर्थात् प्रमुख एवं गाँव दोनों स्तर में सामान्यतः नियोजित) के लिए समस्त भारत के सम्बद्ध परिणाम दर्शाती है। रा. प्र. सर्वे के 43वें तथा 38वें दौर के आँकड़ों पर आधारित संवत् परिणाम भी विवरण-पत्र में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं।

विवरण पत्र 4.3 : लिंग एवं आवास स्तर के अनुसार बेरोजगारी की दरें (श्रम बल) में प्रति 1000 व्यक्तियों पर बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या

समस्त भारत

(1)	पुरुष			महिला		
	सामान्य स्तर	सामान्यतः समायोजित	वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर	सामान्य स्तर	सामान्यतः समायोजित	वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ग्रामीण						
45 (1989-90)	16 (9)	13 (7)	26 (13)	8 (2)	6 (2)	21 (5)
43 (1987-88)	28 (15)	18 (10)	42 (22)	35 (9)	24 (8)	44 (10)
38 (1983)	21 (12)	14 (8)	37 (20)	14 (4)	7 (2)	43 (10)
32 (1977-78)	22 (12)	13 (7)	36 (19)	55 (14)	20 (7)	41 (10)
27 (1972-73)	—	12	30	—	5	55
शहरी						
45 (1989-90)	44 (23)	39 (21)	45 (24)	39 (5)	27 (4)	40 (5)
43 (1987-88)	61 (32)	52 (28)	66 (35)	85 (11)	62 (10)	92 (12)
38 (1983)	59 (31)	51 (27)	67 (35)	69 (9)	49 (8)	75 (10)
32 (1977-78)	65 (34)	54 (29)	71 (32)	178 (27)	124 (22)	109 (15)
27 (1972-73)	—	48	60	—	60	92

लघु कोष्ठकों में दिए गए आंकड़े प्रति 1000 व्यक्तियों पर बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या हैं।

विवरण-पत्र 4.4 : सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों (प्रमुख एवं गौण स्तर) का उनके व्यापक वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार प्रति 1000 वितरण

समस्त भारत

वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर	पुरुष			स्त्री		
	1989-90	1987-88	1983	1989-90	1987-88	1983
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ग्रामीण						
नियोजित	961	931	929	708	675	657
बेरोजगार	11	23	23	9	8	24
जो श्रमबल में नहीं हैं।	28	46	18	283	317	319
शहरी						
नियोजित	977	967	958	826	768	767
बेरोजगार	7	17	17	8	17	15
जो श्रमबल में नहीं हैं।	16	16	26	166	215	218

परिणाम दर्शाते हैं कि पिछले वर्षों की तुलना में वर्ष 1989-90 के दौरान "अल्परोजगार" की स्थिति में पूर्णतः वृद्धि हुई है। वास्तव में 1987-88 की तुलना में 1989-90 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत में वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार एंजिचक अथवा अर्नैच्छक रूप से कार्य बल से हटाए गए सामान्यतः नियोजित पुरुषों तथा महिलाओं के अनुपात में भी लगभग 3 प्रतिशत तक कमी आई है। जबकि शहरी भारत में यह कमी महिला के लिए केवल/लगभग एक प्रतिशत है, यह महिलाओं के लिए भी उतनी ही अधिक लगभग 6 बिन्दू तक है। साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार "रोजगार" दर्शाने वाले सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों की प्रतिशतता भी ग्रामीण एवं शहरी दोनों प्रकार के पुरुषों तथा शहरी महिलाओं के मामले में 1987-88 की तुलना में 1989-90 के दौरान काफी कम हुई है। तथापि ग्रामीण महिलाओं के मामले में यह उसी स्तर पर रही।

4.7 उप प्रतिदर्श अनुमान

4.7.1 जैसा कि पहले उल्लेख किया जा चुका है, प्रथम चरण की प्रतिदर्श इकाइयों को समान आकारों के दो स्वतन्त्र उप-प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में प्राप्त किया गया। इससे संयुक्त प्रतिदर्श पर आधारित परिणामों के रूप में दोनों उपप्रतिदर्शों पर आधारित परिणामों के दो सेट तैयार करने में सहायता मिली। प्रतिदर्शों के दोनों सेटों पर आधारित अनुमानों की घनिष्ठता स्पष्ट रूप से परिणामों की संगतता दर्शाती है। सारणी 4.5 दोनों उप-प्रतिदर्शों तथा समूहित प्रतिदर्श पर भी आधारित सर्वेक्षण के आंकड़ों से तैयार किए गए परिणामों पर आधारित रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी के प्रमुख संकेतकों के अनुमान प्रस्तुत करती है। ये परिणाम समस्त संकेतकों के उप-प्रतिदर्श अनुमानों की पूर्णतः घनिष्ठता दर्शाते हैं।

विवरण 4.5 रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी के प्रमुख संकेतकों के उप- प्रतिदर्श अनुमान

समस्त भारत

महें		ग्रामीण			शहरी		
		गौण स्तर 1	गौण स्तर 2	संयुक्त	गौण स्तर 1	गौण स्तर 2	संयुक्त
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
नियोजितों की प्रतिशतता :							
सामान्य स्तर (प्रमुख स्तर)	पुरुष	56.9	51.0	53.7	49.9	50.1	50.1
	महिला	26.0	24.4	25.2	12.9	12.0	12.4
	व्यक्ति	41.5	38.7	40.1	32.7	31.7	32.3
सामान्य स्तर (प्रमुख एवं गौण स्तर)							
	पुरुष	58.0	51.9	54.8	50.6	51.4	51.2
	महिला	34.1	29.5	31.9	15.1	13.7	14.6
	व्यक्ति	46.1	41.6	43.7	34.1	33.2	33.7
वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर (व० सा० स्त०)							
	पुरुष	56.2	50.1	52.8	49.7	50.4	50.3
	महिला	23.6	22.2	23.0	12.6	11.6	12.1
	व्यक्ति	39.9	37.0	38.5	32.4	31.6	32.3
बेरोजगारों की प्रतिशतता							
सामान्य स्तर (प्रमुख स्तर)	पुरुष	0.9	0.8	0.9	2.1	2.4	2.3
	महिला	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5
	व्यक्ति	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.5	1.4
वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर (व० सा० स्त०)							
	पुरुष	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.3	2.5	2.4
	महिला	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5
	व्यक्ति	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.6	1.5
वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार कार्य करने वाले सामान्यतः नियोजितों (समस्त) की प्रतिशतता							
	पुरुष	96.3	95.9	96.1	97.6	97.7	97.7
	महिला	68.3	73.6	70.8	82.0	83.5	82.6
	व्यक्ति	86.0	88.5	87.2	94.3	94.8	94.6

4.8 क्षेत्रीय अनुमान

4.8.1 प्रतिदर्श आकार की लघुता के विचार से उपभोक्ता व्यय तथा रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी संबंधी वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण के लिए विस्तृत राज्यवार सारणीय रिपोर्टों के परिशिष्ट में प्रस्तुत नहीं की गई हैं। तथापि, प्रमुख राज्यों तथा गौण राज्यों के समूहों एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रमुख परिणाम विवरण-पत्र 4.5—4.9 में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। विवरण-पत्रों के विवरण निम्नलिखित हैं।

विवरण-पत्र 4.5 : वर्तमान साप्ताहिक व्यापक कार्यक्रमलाप लिंग एवं आवास स्तर के अनुसार व्यक्तियों का प्रति 1000 वितरण।

विवरण-पत्र 4.6 : प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए व्यापक सामान्य कार्य-कलाप (प्रमुख), लिंग एवं आवास स्तर के अनुसार व्यक्तियों का प्रति 1000 वितरण।

विवरण-पत्र 4.7 : प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए व्यापक सामान्य कार्य-कलाप (प्रमुख एवं गौण), लिंग तथा आवास स्तर के अनुसार व्यक्तियों का प्रति 1000 वितरण।

विवरण-पत्र 4.8 : प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए उद्योगों के वृहत समूह, लिंग तथा आवास स्तर के अनुसार सामान्य रूप से कार्य कर रहे व्यक्तियों का प्रति 1000 वितरण।

विवरण-पत्र 4.9 : प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए व्यापक वर्तमान साप्ताहिक कार्य-कलाप, लिंग तथा आवास स्तर के अनुसार सामान्यतः नियोजित (प्रमुख एवं गौण स्तर) व्यक्तियों का प्रति 1000 वितरण।

पहले तीन विवरण-पत्र क्रमशः सामान्य स्तर (प्रमुख), सामान्य स्तर (प्रमुख व गौण) तथा वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर के अनुसार व्यापक कार्य-कलाप के अनुसार जनसंख्या के विवरण प्रस्तुत करती हैं। इस प्रयोजना के लिए प्रयोग में लाए गए व्यापक कार्य-कलाप के स्तर निम्नलिखित हैं :—

- (1) स्व-नियोजित, (2) नियमित श्रमिक, (3) नैमित्तिक श्रमिक, (4) बेरोजगार, (5) विद्यार्थी, (6) घरेलू कार्य तथा (7) अन्य जो श्रमबल में शामिल नहीं हैं।

उद्योग खंडों के तीन वृहत समूह प्रमुख, गौण एवं तृतीयक के अनुसार सामान्यतः प्रमुख स्तर तथा प्रमुख एवं गौण स्तरों में कार्य करने वालों का वितरण विवरण-पत्र 4.8 में प्रस्तुत किया गया है। प्रमुख एवं गौण स्तरों में सामान्यतः नियोजित व्यक्तियों का व्यापक वर्तमान साप्ताहिक कार्य-कलाप, 'कार्य करने वाले' 'बेरोजगार' तथा जो श्रमबल में नहीं हैं' विवरण-पत्र 4.9 में प्रस्तुत किया गया है।

गौण राज्यों/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के समूह ये हैं :—

- (i) उत्तर पूर्वी : अरुणाचल प्रदेश, मिजोरम, मेघालय, मिजोरम, नागालैण्ड, सिक्किम एवं त्रिपुरा।
- (ii) उत्तर पश्चिम : जम्मू व कश्मीर, हिमाचल प्रदेश, चण्डीगढ़ एवं दिल्ली।
- (iii) दक्षिणी : अण्डमान व निकोबार द्वीपसमूह, दादरा एवं एवं नागर हवेली, दमन व दीव, लक्षद्वीप एवं पांडिचेरी।

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन

बयालीसवाँ दौर (जुलाई 1986—जून 1987) परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं का उपयोग

खण्ड एक

प्रस्तावना

1.1 राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन द्वारा अपने 42वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण प्रचालन में जुलाई, 1986 से जून, 1987 के दौरान सामाजिक उपभोग संबंधी एक पृष्ठताछ आयोजित की गई। अधिकांशतः इसी प्रकार की पृष्ठताछ पहले रा. प्र. सर्वे. के 35वें दौर (1980-81) में भी की गई थी परन्तु इस सर्वेक्षण के परिणामों को जारी नहीं किया जा सका। इन सर्वेक्षणों का उद्देश्य अनिवार्य शैक्षिक सुविधाएँ, स्वास्थ्य एवं प्रसूति देखभाल, परिवार नियोजन संबंधी प्रोत्साहन आदि प्रदान करने के लिए सरकार द्वारा उपगत सार्वजनिक व्यय से समाज के विभिन्न खण्डों द्वारा प्राप्त लाभों का अनिवार्य रूप से निर्धारण करना था। मातृत्व एवं शिशु देखभाल संबंधी सुविधाओं, परिवार नियोजन कार्यक्रम, सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली आदि के विभिन्न पहलुओं संबंधी सूचना एक विशेष रूप से अभिकल्पित सर्वेक्षण अनुसूची 25.1 के माध्यम से संग्रहीत की गई। इस अनुसूची के माध्यम से एकत्रित किए गए आंकड़ों से तैयार किए गए परिणामों के आधार पर तीन रिपोर्टें पहले ही जारी की जा चुकी हैं। प्रथम रिपोर्ट पीने के पानी एवं विद्युत की उपलब्धता एवं आवासों के विसंक्रमण की सुविधाओं के बारे में थी, दूसरी रिपोर्ट सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली के उपयोग के बारे में थी तथा तीसरी मातृत्व एवं शिशु देखभाल से संबंधित थी। केन्द्रीय प्रतिदर्श पर आधारित यह वर्तमान रिपोर्ट पात्र दम्पितियों द्वारा उपयोग में लायी गई परिवार नियोजन की सेवाओं से संबंधित विभिन्न सुविधाओं के इस्तेमाल संबंधी कुछ परिणाम प्रस्तुत करती है।

1.2 परिवार नियोजन संबंधी कार्यक्रमों की उपयोगिता के बारे में सूचना एकत्र करने सम्बन्धी कार्य राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण (रा.प्र.सर्वे.) के 16वें दौर से आरम्भ हुआ। 35वें दौर से पूर्व 22वें, 23वें तथा 28वें दौरों में पृष्ठताछ की पुनरावृत्ति की गई।

1.3 परिवार नियोजन के तरीकों के प्रयोग संबंधी सूचना पात्र दम्पितियों में से पुरुषों का साक्षात्कार लेकर एकत्र की गई पुरुषों के उपलब्ध न होने के मामले में स्त्रियों से आंकड़े एकत्र करने का प्रयास किया गया। परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं की उपयोगिता संबंधी परिणामों का अध्ययन करते समय प्रत्येक को "परिवार नियोजन" संबंधी उन आंकड़ों की परिसीमा का ध्यान रखना चाहिए जिसके बारे में कोई सूचनादाता संकोची प्रवृत्ति को होते हैं और दूसरों को पूरा भेद नहीं देना चाहते।

1.4 रिपोर्ट की विषय-वस्तु : इस रिपोर्ट के खण्ड दो में सर्वेक्षण का क्षेत्र, व्याप्ति तथा प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प का संक्षिप्त रूप से वर्णन किया गया है। सर्वेक्षण की संकल्पनाएँ एवं परिभाषाएँ खण्ड तीन में प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। जबकि समस्त भारत के परिणाम तथा भिन्न-भिन्न राज्यों एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के भी कतिपय मामलों में कुछ महत्वपूर्ण संक्षिप्त परिणाम खण्ड चार में दिए गए हैं। विस्तृत सारणियाँ भाग-2 में प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। इस बात का ध्यान रखा जाए कि अब तक बन्धीकृत दम्पित, सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पहले 365 दिनों के दौरान बन्धीकृत तथा परिवार नियोजन सेवाएँ प्राप्त करने वाले लोगों की प्रतिशतता संबंधी सारणियाँ प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए प्रस्तुत की गई हैं, केवल समस्त भारत से संबंधित अन्य विस्तृत सारणियाँ भाग-2 में प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। तथापि प्रत्येक राज्य एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र के कुछ महत्वपूर्ण परिणाम, संक्षिप्त परिणाम प्रस्तुत करने वाले खण्ड में प्रस्तुत की जा चुकी हैं।

खण्ड दो

क्षेत्र, व्याप्ति एवं प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प

2.1 सर्वेक्षण की भौगोलिक व्याप्ति : रा. प्र. सर्वे. 42वें दौर की भौगोलिक व्याप्ति जम्मू व कश्मीर के लद्दाख एवं कारगिल जिलों एवं नागालैण्ड के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को छोड़कर भारतीय संघ के समस्त ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्रों तक फैली हुई थी।

1. आर्थिक वर्ग एवं सामाजिक समूह तथा पीने के पानी, बिजली की उपलब्धता तथा आवासों के विसंक्रमण के अनुसार परिवारों एवं जनसंख्या की एक रूपरेखा, रा. प्र. सर्वे. 42वाँ दौर (जुलाई 1986-जून 1987) सर्वेक्षण, अंक संख्या 43 खण्ड- XIII, संख्या 4
2. सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली की उपयोगिता, रा. प्र. सर्वे. 42वाँ दौर (जुलाई 1986-जून 1987) सर्वेक्षण, अंक संख्या 43 खण्ड XIII, संख्या 4
3. शिशु एवं मातृत्व देखभाल, रा. प्र. सर्वे. में 42वाँ दौर (जुलाई 1986-जून 1987); सर्वेक्षण संख्या 47 खण्ड XIV संख्या 4 (अप्रैल-जून, 1991)

2.2 प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प : सर्वेक्षण में अपनाया गया यह प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प द्विस्तरीय संस्तरिकृत था। ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में प्रथम स्तर इकाइयाँ गाँव थीं तथा शहरी क्षेत्र में रा. प्र. सर्वे. ढांचा सर्वेक्षण के शहरी खण्ड थे। दोनों क्षेत्रों में दूसरे स्तर की इकाइयाँ परिवार थे।

2.3 संस्तरिकरण : प्रत्येक राज्य एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र के ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में वर्ष 1981 की जनगणना के अनुसार 18 लाख से कम ग्रामीण आबादी वाले प्रत्येक जिले से एक सकल संस्तर बनाया गया था। 18 लाख से अधिक ग्रामीण आबादी वाले जिलों को समीपस्थ सहस्रीलों में समूहीकृत करते हुए अनेक आधारभूत संस्तरों में विभाजित किया गया था। इस प्रकार कोई भी आधारभूत संस्तर 18 लाख की आबादी से अधिक नहीं था। शहरी क्षेत्र में संस्तर राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के जनसंख्या आकार (1981 की जनगणना जनसंख्या) के अनुसार बनाए गए थे।

2.4 प्रथम चरण की इकाइयों का चयन : प्रतिदर्श गाँवों का चयन दो स्वतंत्र अंतर्वेशन उप प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में प्रतिस्थापन करके जनसंख्या के संभाव्यता अनुपात सहित किया गया था। प्रतिदर्श खंडों का चयन भी बिना किसी प्रतिस्थापन के दो स्वतंत्र अंतर्वेशन उप-प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में सरल यादृच्छिक प्रतिचयन द्वारा किया गया था।

2.5 द्वितीय स्तर की इकाइयों (परिवारों) का चयन : ग्रामीण एवं शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में सामान्यतः वर्तल क्रमबद्ध प्रतिचयन पद्धति का अनुसरण करते हुए प्रत्येक प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों से द्वितीय स्तर की इकाइयों के रूप में परिवारों के एक प्रतिदर्श का चयन किया गया। तथापि, यदि ढांचे में "भूतपूर्व" सशस्त्र सेना कर्मियों के सर्वेक्षण संबंधी अनुसूची भरने के लिए प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की अपेक्षित संख्या में यदि कोई कमी हो गई तो कमी को ध्यान में रखते हुए "परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं का उपयोग" संबंधी आंकड़ों के संग्रहण के लिए अतिरिक्त परिवारों का चयन किया गया। परिणामस्वरूप प्रत्येक ढांचे के लिए चुने गए परिवारों की औसत संख्या 4 से कुछ अधिक हो सकती है।

2.6 प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों का आबंटन : विभिन्न क्षेत्रों में सर्वेक्षण के लिए उपलब्ध क्षेत्र कर्मचारियों की संख्या का ध्यान में रखते हुए 8546 गाँवों तथा 4656 खंडों का एक प्रतिदर्श चुना गया। इसे राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र में क्षेत्र संकार्य प्रभाग, रा. प्र. सर्वे. सं. के अंशकों की निवल संख्या के समानुपात में प्रत्येक राज्य एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए आवंटित किया गया। राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के प्रतिदर्श को, प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के भीतर ग्रामीण एवं शहरी जनसंख्या के समानुपात में ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्रों में पुनः आवंटित किया गया। तत्पश्चात् राज्य स्तर के ग्रामीण/शहरी प्रतिदर्श आकार को जनसंख्या (ग्रामीण एवं शहरी जैसा भी मामला हो) के समानुपात में ग्रामीण/शहरी संस्तरों में आवंटित किया गया। रा. प्र. सर्वे. सं. (प्रतिदर्श) द्वारा आवंटित प्रतिदर्श गाँवों एवं

शहरी खंडों एवं सर्वेक्षित परिवारों की संख्या विवरणी 2.1 में दी गयी है।

2.7 आकलन पद्धति : 42वें दौर में अपनाई गई आकलन पद्धति प्रतिदर्श मूल्यों के भारत जोड़ पर आधारित है। \hat{y} द्वारा दर्शाते हुए y का निष्पक्ष आकलन (किसी भी चरांक का राज्य संबंधी जोड़), निम्नानुसार प्रस्तुत है :—

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_{i,j} \frac{D_{si}}{P_{si}} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} y_{sij} \quad (1) \text{ ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए}$$

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_i D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \quad (2) \text{ शहरी क्षेत्र के लिए}$$

जहाँ s, i तथा j क्रमशः संस्तर, गाँव/खण्ड तथा परिवार के लिए प्रयोग किया जाता है;

P_s, n_s तथा N_s क्रमशः जनसंख्या, ढांचे में गाँवों/खण्डों की संख्या तथा s th संस्तर में गाँवों/खण्डों की संख्या दर्शाते हैं, D_{si}, e_{si} तथा P_{si} क्रमशः निर्मित खेड़ा समूहों/उप खण्डों की संख्या, किसी बड़े राजस्व गाँव में निहित जनगणना गाँवों की संख्या तथा s th संस्तर में i th प्रतिदर्श गाँव की जनसंख्या दर्शाते हैं;

H_{si} तथा h_{si} क्रमशः सूचीकृत परिवारों की कुल संख्या तथा s th संस्तर में i th गाँव/खण्ड के लिए प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की संख्या के लिए प्रयोग किये जाते हैं तथा अंत में y_{sij} , s th संस्तर में संबंधित i th गाँव/खण्ड में j th परिवार के लिए चरांक का अवलोकित मूल्य है। दो विशेषताओं के अनुपात का अनुमान उनके समाहारों के अनुमानों के अनुपात के अनुसार दिया गया है।

खण्ड तीन

संकल्पनाएं एवं परिभाषाएँ

3.1 सामाजिक उपभोग संबंधी 42वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण के दौरान अपनाई गई कुछ संकल्पनाओं एवं परिभाषाओं को नीचे स्पष्ट किया गया है।

3.2 परिवार : एक परिवार ऐसे व्यक्तियों का समूह है जो आमतौर पर एक साथ रहते हैं और एक रसोईघर से ही खाना खाते हैं। एक छात्रावास अथवा होटल अथवा होस्टल को परिवारों के ऐसे समूहों के रूप में माना जाता है जहाँ प्रत्येक भोजन करने वाला (बोर्डर) व्यक्ति (अपने आश्रित अथवा अतिथियों सहित) अपने आप एक अलग परिवार का निर्माण करता है। तथापि

ऐसे परिवार जिनका रखरखाव तथा भोजन की व्यवस्था प्रत्यक्ष रूप से सरकार द्वारा की जाती है जैसे जेल, पुलिस क्वार्टर, छाव-नियाँ, अस्पताल, आश्रय स्थल, राहत शिविरों को सर्वेक्षण के क्षेत्र में बाहर रखा गया है।

3.3 परिवार का आकार : परिवारों में सदस्यों की कुल संख्या को परिवार के आकार के रूप में माना जाता है।

3.4 पात्र दम्पति : इस सर्वेक्षण के प्रयोजन हेतु पात्र दम्पति एक विवाहित दम्पति होता है जिसमें स्त्री वर्तमान में वास्त-विक रूप से विवाहित हो, 15-49 वर्ष की आयु समूह की हो तथा सर्वेक्षण की तारीख को परिवार की सदस्या हो। बहु-पत्नीत्व के मामले में प्रत्येक पत्नी को अलग दम्पति के रूप में माना जाता है। बहुपत्नीत्व के मामले में उस पत्नी को उस पति के साथ दम्पति के रूप में माना जाता है जिसके साथ उसके पुरुष साथी के रूप में हाल ही में वैवाहिक संबंध बने हैं।

3.5 फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप : सामान्यतः इस रिपोर्ट में प्रयोग में लाए गए फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप 0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, 60-70, 70-80, 80-90 तथा 90-100 के शतमक समूह हैं। भाग-2 की सारणी 1 के लिए 5 प्रतिशत परिवारों के हिसाब से प्रत्येक पहले दो तथा अंतिम दो फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुपों सहित 12 फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुपों का उपयोग किया गया है।

राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र से संबंधित समस्त परिवारों के उनके मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोक्ता व्यय के अनुसार आरांही क्रम में रखा गया है एवं तत्पश्चात् परिवारों की संगत अनुमानित संख्या परिवारों (एम) की कुल अनुमानित संख्या प्राप्त करने के लिए संघित की गई है। तत्पश्चात् शतक समूहों का 10 समूहों के रूप में रखा गया प्रत्येक का लगभग 10 प्रतिशत परिवारों (अर्थात् लगभग एम/10 परिवार) के हिसाब से रखा गया।

वयस्क स्त्री शिक्षा स्तर : वयस्क स्त्री शिक्षा स्तर इस परिवार के समस्त वयस्क महिला सदस्यों में उच्चतम शिक्षा स्तर से संब-धित है। ये स्तर हैं निरक्षर, साक्षर परन्तु प्राथमिक शिक्षा से कम, प्राथमिक परन्तु माध्यमिक से कम तथा माध्यमिक एवं उससे अधिक।

खण्ड चार

निष्कर्षों का सारांश

4.1 सर्वेक्षण के परिणाम यह दर्शाते हैं कि वर्ष 1986-87 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत में लगभग 1071 लाख पात्र दम्पति तथा शहरी भारत में लगभग 29.2 लाख पात्र दम्पति थे। इस प्रकार के लगभग 25 प्रतिशत ग्रामीण दम्पति तथा लगभग 38 प्रतिशत शहरी दम्पतियों को परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं के अंतर्गत सुरक्षित

किया गया (उन्होंने बन्धीकरण अपनाया हो अथवा वर्तमान में परिवार नियोजन का कोई एक तरीका इस्तमाल कर रहे हों) शहरी क्षेत्र में अपेक्षाकृत उच्च दम्पति सुरक्षा दर (परिवार नियोजन के तरीकों जिसमें बन्धीकरण भी शामिल है, को अपनाने के कारण बच्चे के जन्म से पात्र दम्पतियों के बचाव की प्रतिशतता) ग्रामीण क्षेत्र की तुलना में शहरी क्षेत्रों में परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं की अच्छी जानकारी तथा परिवार नियोजन सेवा सुविधाएं उप-लब्ध होने के कारण हो सकती हैं।

4.2 दम्पति सुरक्षा दर एवं रहन-सहन का स्तर : परिवार का मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोग व्यय रहन-सहन के स्तर का अच्छा संकेतक है। दम्पति सुरक्षा दर एवं रहन-सहन के स्तर के बीच संबंधों का अध्ययन करने के उद्देश्य से भिन्न-भिन्न फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुपों (परिवार के प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोग व्यय के आधार पर प्राप्त) के लिए दम्पति सुरक्षा दर विवरण पत्र 4.1 में ग्रामीण एवं शहरी भारत के लिए अलग-अलग प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। ऐसा देखा जाता है कि दम्पति सुरक्षा दर भारत के ग्रामीण एवं शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में परिवार के प्रति व्यक्ति उपभोग व्यय में वृद्धि के साथ-साथ बढ़ती है। तथापि निम्नतम फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप में दम्पति सुरक्षा पर अगले फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप की अपेक्षा अधिक थी। यह भी देखा जाता है कि परिवार के प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय के बड़े हुए स्तरों के कारण बन्धीकरण के अतिरिक्त परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं के माध्यम से दम्पति सुरक्षा दर बढ़ती है। ग्रामीण भारत में 1986-87 के दौरान यह दर 10—20 के फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप में लगभग 3 प्रतिशत से बढ़कर अधिकतम फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप में लगभग 9 प्रतिशत हो गई थी। शहरी भारत में यह निम्नतम समूह में लगभग 5 प्रतिशत से बढ़कर अधिकतम समूह में लगभग 20 प्रतिशत हो गई थी। दूसरी ओर, अब तब बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों की प्रतिशतता फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुपों में लगभग स्थिर रही। शहरी दम्पतियों का सुरक्षा दर उन्नत फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुपों में ग्रामीण दर की अपेक्षा समान रूप से अधिक पाई जाती है।

4.3 दम्पति सुरक्षा दर एवं सामाजिक वर्ग : ग्रामीण एवं शहरी भारत के लिए सामाजिक वर्ग के अनुसार दम्पति सुरक्षा दर विवरण-पत्र 4.2 में प्रस्तुत की गई है। निचो बँतुओं में यह दर अधिकतम थी जो कि ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्रों में क्रमशः लगभग 30 तथा 57 प्रतिशत थी। यह अनुसूचित जनजातियों एवं अनुसूचित जातियों में निम्नतम थी—जो कि ग्रामीण भारत में लगभग 22 प्रतिशत तथा शहरी भारत में अनुसूचित जन-जातियों में लगभग 30 प्रतिशत थी। यह देखा जाता है कि सामाजिक वर्गों में दम्पति सुरक्षा दर में पाई गयी भिन्नता ग्रामीण भारत की अपेक्षा शहरी भारत में काफी अधिक थी। जहाँ तक भिन्न-भिन्न दम्पति सुरक्षा के तरीकों की सापेक्ष लोक प्रियता का संबंध है, सुरक्षित दम्पतियों की अधिकतम प्रतिशतता में बन्धीकरण का तरीका अनुकूल पाया गया जो कि ग्रामीण क्षेत्र

लगभग 82 प्रतिशत एवं शहरी क्षेत्र में 71 प्रतिशत था। सामाजिक वर्गों में निम्नो वर्गों ने बन्धीकरण को सबसे अधिक अनुकूल बताया तथापि 'अन्यो' द्वारा बन्धीकरण को सबसे कम वरीयता दी गई।

4.4 दम्पति सुरक्षा दर एवं प्रौढ़ महिलाओं का शिक्षा स्तर विवरण पत्र 4.3 में प्रस्तुत किये गये प्रौढ़ महिला शिक्षा स्तर द्वारा प्रति वर्गीकृत दम्पति सुरक्षा दर संबंधी परिणामों से यह देखा जाता है कि दम्पति सुरक्षा दर एवं प्रौढ़ महिला शिक्षा स्तर के बीच एक सुस्पष्ट संबंध है। ग्रामीण एवं शहरी भारत में दम्पति सुरक्षा दर प्रौढ़ महिला शिक्षा स्तर में सापेक्षतः अधिक है। यह ग्रामीण दर 'माध्यमिक एवं उससे अधिक' में लगभग 34 प्रतिशत तथा 'निरक्षर' स्तर में 21 प्रतिशत थी। संगत शहरी दर क्रमशः लगभग 44 प्रतिशत एवं 27 प्रतिशत थी।

4.5 दम्पति सुरक्षा दर को क्षेत्रीय विभिन्नताएं : दम्पति सुरक्षा दर के क्षेत्रीय पैटर्न का अध्ययन करने के विचार से, सुसंगत परिणाम विवरण पत्र 4.4 में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। विवरण पत्र से यह देखा जा सकता है कि दम्पति सुरक्षा दर राज्यों एवं क्षेत्रों में पर्याप्त रूप से भिन्न-भिन्न है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में यह दर दिल्ली में अधिकतम (52 प्रतिशत) थी, इसके पश्चात् महाराष्ट्र (45 प्रतिशत), कर्नाटक (44 प्रतिशत) तथा गुजरात (40 प्रतिशत) का स्थान रहा। शहरी क्षेत्रों में सापेक्षतः अधिक दरों वाले राज्य हिमाचल प्रदेश (51 प्रतिशत), महाराष्ट्र (49 प्रतिशत), पंजाब (49 प्रतिशत) तथा केरल (48 प्रतिशत) थे। दूसरी ओर निम्नतम दम्पति सुरक्षा दर में ग्रामीण मणिपुर (5 प्रतिशत) ग्रामीण मंडालय (5 प्रतिशत), ग्रामीण लक्षद्वीप (7 प्रतिशत) तथा शहरी लक्षद्वीप (8 प्रतिशत) के बाद ग्रामीण उड़ीसा (2 प्रतिशत) का स्थान रहा।

4.6 बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों द्वारा प्राप्त सेवा की श्रेणी : प्रत्येक राज्य एवं समस्त भारत के ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए इन दम्पतियों का प्रतिशतता वितरण, जो सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान प्राप्त की गई सेवा की श्रेणी को अनुसार बन्धीकृत किये गये थे, हेतु विवरण पत्र 4.5 ग्रामीण तथा 4.5 शहरी में प्रस्तुत किया गया है। वर्गीकरण के नियोजन से सेवा की पांच श्रेणियाँ प्रयोग में लाई गईं यथा सरकार से प्रोत्साहन सहित, सरकार से निःशुल्क, सरकार द्वारा अदायगी पर, किसी अन्य अभिकरण से निःशुल्क तथा अन्य अभिकरणों से अदायगी पर। यह देखा जाता है कि ग्रामीण भारत में सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पहले पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान बन्धीकृत लगभग 92 प्रतिशत दम्पतियों ने 'सरकारी' अभिकरण से सेवाएं प्राप्त की थीं। शहरी भारत में यह समान-पास 87 प्रतिशत था। इसके अतिरिक्त शहरी बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों के 56 प्रतिशत के संगत समानपास की तुलना में 71

प्रतिशत ग्रामीण बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों ने सरकार से प्रोत्साहन सहित सेवाएं प्राप्त कीं। अधिकांश राज्यों के ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्रों में भी लगभग इसी प्रकार की विशेषताएं पायी गईं। तथापि, शहरी हिमाचल प्रदेश तथा शहरी गोवा, दमन व दीव में अन्य अभिकरण से अदायगी पर सेवा प्राप्त करने वाले बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों की प्रतिशतता हिमाचल प्रदेश में लगभग 55 प्रतिशत तथा गोवा, दमन व दीव में 60 प्रतिशत होने के कारण बहुत अधिक थी।

4.7 परिवार नियोजन के उपायों का स्वीकार करना : विभिन्न परिवार नियोजन उपायों का स्वीकार करने के इच्छुक एवं उन्हें स्वीकार करने वाले तथा स्वीकार न करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों की प्रतिशतता विवरण पत्र 4.6 में भारत के ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग-अलग दर्शायी गयी है। जनसक्षमता पर नियंत्रण के लिए ग्रामीण एवं शहरी दम्पतियों द्वारा परिवार नियोजन के भिन्न-भिन्न उपायों में से निरोध को सबसे अधिक वरीयता दी गई तथा उसके बाद खाने की गोलियों को शहरी क्षेत्रों में 'आई यू डी' को भी खाने की गोलियों के समान ही वरीयता दी गई। निरोध का प्रयोग करने के इच्छुक एवं निरोध का प्रयोग करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों की प्रतिशतता ग्रामीण भारत में लगभग 5 तथा शहरी भारत में लगभग 11 थी। 'निरोध' की तुलना में केवल 2-3 प्रतिशत गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों ने खाने की गोलियों का प्रयोग करने की इच्छा व्यक्त की एवं उनका प्रयोग किया। शहरी भारत में गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों ने लगभग इसी समानपास में 'आई यू डी' का प्रयोग किया। केवल 1 प्रतिशत से भी कम गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों ने परिवार नियोजन के अन्य तरीकों तथा 'डायलैसिस', 'स्वार्मसाइड', 'एम. टी. पी.' एवं 'इंजेक्शन' का प्रयोग करने की इच्छा व्यक्त की और उनका प्रयोग किया। यह भी देखा जाता है कि लगभग 3-4 प्रतिशत गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों ने विभिन्न सेवाओं को प्राप्त करने की इच्छा व्यक्त की परन्तु उन्होंने सेवाएं प्राप्त नहीं कीं।

4.8 परिवार नियोजन के भिन्न-भिन्न उपायों का स्वीकार करने के सम्बन्ध में गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों द्वारा प्राप्त सेवा की श्रेणी :—प्राप्त सेवा की श्रेणी के अनुसार परिवार नियोजन के भिन्न-भिन्न उपायों को स्वीकार करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों का प्रतिशतता विवरण ग्रामीण एवं शहरी भारत के लिए प्रत्येक प्रकार के परिवार नियोजन उपायों के लिए विवरण पत्र 4.7 में अलग-अलग प्रस्तुत किया गया है। यह देखा जाता है कि 'निरोध' तथा 'आई यू डी' के मामले में छोड़कर 50 प्रतिशत से अधिक गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों ने ग्रामीण एवं शहरी भारत दोनों में गैर-सरकारी अभिकरणों से प्रेरित पुरी कीं। इसके अतिरिक्त इनमें से अधिकांश दम्पतियों ने गैर-सरकारी अभिकरणों से अदायगी पर सेवाएं प्राप्त कीं। दूसरी ओर, सरकारी अभिकरणों से सेवाएं प्राप्त करने वालों में से अधिकांश

व्यक्तियों में 'निरोध' तथा 'हाने की गोलियों' को छोड़कर जो कि मुख्यतः खरीदकर प्राप्त किए गये थे, को छोड़कर, अपनी जबरते निःशुल्क पूरी कीं।

4.9 विवरण पत्र 4.8 ग्रामीण और 4.8 शहरी, में राज्य एवं समस्त भारत के ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए परिवार नियोजन उपायों का प्रयोग करने के इच्छुक एवं उनका प्रयोग करने वाले तथा प्रयोग न करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों की प्रत्येक उपाय के लिए अलग-अलग प्रतिशतता दी गई है। इसके अतिरिक्त प्राप्त सेवा की श्रेणी के अनुसार परिवार नियोजन के विभिन्न उपायों का प्रयोग करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों का परिवार नियोजन के प्रत्येक उपाय के लिए प्रतिशतता विवरण प्रस्तुत किया गया है। राज्य एवं क्षेत्रों में सेवाएं प्राप्त करने के इच्छुक एवं सेवाएं प्राप्त करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों की परिवार नियोजन के प्रत्येक उपाय के लिए प्रतिशतता में विभिन्नता पाई गई। इसके अतिरिक्त श्रेणियों के अनुसार सेवाएं प्राप्त करने वाले गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों का विवरण, यदि उनके द्वारा सेवाएं प्राप्त की गई हों, राज्यों एवं क्षेत्रों में पर्याप्त रूप में भिन्न-भिन्न रहा।

खण्ड पांच

परिशिष्ट सारणियों पर व्याख्यात्मक टिप्पणी

5.1 इस रिपोर्ट के परिशिष्ट में चार विस्तृत सारणियां प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। सारणी-1 प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र तथा समस्त भारत के ग्रामीण एवं शहरी क्षेत्र के लिए प्रस्तुत की गई है तथा बाक़ तीनों सारणियां अर्थात् सारणी 2 से 4 केवल ग्रामीण एवं शहरी भारत के लिए ही प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। तथापि, सारणी 2 से 4 पर खण्ड 4 में समस्त भारत एवं राज्यों के लिए भी महत्वपूर्ण परिणाम दिए गए हैं।

5.2 सारणी-1 : यह सारणी अब तक बन्धीकृत, सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान बन्धीकृत

दम्पतियों की प्रतिशतता तथा बन्धीकृत सेवा को छोड़कर, परिवार नियोजन सेवाएं प्राप्त करने वाले दम्पतियों की प्रत्येक फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप (परिवार के प्रति व्यक्ति उपयोग व्यय पर आधारित), प्रॉड महिला शिक्षा स्तर (अर्थात् परिवार के प्रॉड महिला सदस्यों में उच्चतम शिक्षा स्तर) तथा सामाजिक वर्ग (अर्थात् अनुसूचित जनजाति, अनुसूचित जाति, निचो वैध तथा अन्य) के लिए अलग-अलग प्रतिशतता प्रस्तुत करती है।

5.3 सारणी-2 : यह सारणी सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व है। यह प्रत्येक बन्धीकृत तरीके यथा वॉकटोमी तथा ट्यूबकटोमी पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों से सम्बन्धित के लिए फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुपों के अनुसार प्राप्त की गई सेवा की विभिन्न श्रेणियों अर्थात् सरकार से निःशुल्क, सरकार से प्रोत्साहन से सहित अन्य अभिकरणों (अर्थात् गैर सरकारी) से निःशुल्क तथा अन्य अभिकरणों से अदायगी पर के अनुसार इन दम्पतियों का प्रतिशतता वितरण प्रस्तुत करती है।

5.4 सारणी-3 : सारणी 3 प्रत्येक फ्रैम टाइल ग्रुप एवं सामाजिक वर्ग के लिए प्राप्त की गई सेवा के श्रेणी के अनुसार गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों का प्रतिशतता वितरण प्रस्तुत करती है। यह सूचना परिवार नियोजन के प्रत्येक उपाय के लिए भी अलग-अलग दी गयी है। इस सारणी के 2 से 6 कालम परिवार नियोजन सेवाओं के इच्छुक एवं उनका प्रयोग करने वाले दम्पतियों से संबंधित है। कालम 7 एवं 8 गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों से संबंधित है जो परिवार नियोजन सेवा प्राप्त करने के इच्छुक थे परन्तु उन्होंने परिवार नियोजन सेवा प्राप्त नहीं की। कालम 9 उनसे संबंधित है जो परिवार नियोजन सेवा प्राप्त करने के इच्छुक नहीं थे।

5.5 सारणी 4 : फॉर्मेट में यह सारणी-सारणी-3 जैसी ही है तथा प्राप्त सेवा की प्रत्येक श्रेणी एवं परिवार नियोजन के प्रत्येक उपाय के लिए फ्रैक्टाइल ग्रुप के अनुसार गैर-बन्धीकृत दम्पतियों का प्रतिशतता वितरण प्रस्तुत करती है।

निवास ईकाईयों के व्यौरों से संबंधित टिप्पणी राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण का 43वां दौर (जुलाई 1987 जून 1988)

खण्ड-एक

प्रस्तावना

1.0 राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन के प्रत्येक दौर में पारि-वारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय संबंधी आंकड़ों, प्रथम दौर (अक्टूबर 1950—मार्च 1951) से प्रारम्भ करके 28वें दौर (1973-74) में एकत्र किए जा रहे थे। सर्वेक्षण के 26वें दौर के पश्चात् रा. प्र. सर्वे. सं. की शासी परिषद् ने निर्णय लिया कि उपभोक्ता व्यय तथा रोजगार और बेरोजगारी संबंधी सर्वेक्षण पांच वर्ष में एक बार किया जाए और इसका प्रारम्भ रा. प्र. सर्वे. के 27वें दौर से किया जाए। अतः उपभोक्ता व्यय संबंधी प्रथम पंचवार्षिक सर्वेक्षण, 27वें दौर (अक्टूबर 1972—सितम्बर 1973) में आयोजित किया गया। कुछ विशिष्ट तथ्य अपेक्षाओं को पूरा करने के लिए पंचवार्षिक कार्यक्रम से हटकर 28वें दौर में उपभोक्ता व्यय संबंधी एक सर्वेक्षण भी आयोजित किया गया था। उपभोक्ता व्यय संबंधी द्वितीय और तृतीय पंच-वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण क्रमशः रा. प्र. सर्वे. का 32वां दौर (जुलाई 1977—जून 1978) तथा 38वां दौर (जनवरी—दिसम्बर 1983) के दौरान आयोजित किए गए। यह निर्णय लिया गया था कि रा. प्र. सर्वे. 42वां दौर (जुलाई 1986—जून 1987) से आगे प्रत्येक वर्ष सर्वेक्षण आयोजित किया जाए, हालांकि यह अपेक्षाकृत छोटे पैमाने पर था तथापि उपभोक्ता व्यय आंकड़ों की समय श्रृंखला तैयार करने को ध्यान रखते हुए पंचवार्षिक सर्वेक्षण में समान्यतया क्या किया गया है। रा. प्र. सर्वे. 44वां दौर (जुलाई 1988—जून 1989) वार्षिक श्रृंखला के द्वितीय सर्वेक्षण थे। निवास ईकाईयों के व्यौरों से संबंधित वर्तमान रिपोर्ट उपभोक्ता व्यय के बारे में जुलाई, 1987 से जून, 1988 के दौरान किए गए चौथे पंचवार्षिक सर्वेक्षण के 43वें दौर में एकत्र आंकड़ों के आधार पर है। इस दौर की गौर करने लायक विशेषता यह है कि प्रतिदर्श में उच्च आय वर्ग से संबंधित परिवारों की पर्याप्त संख्या को शामिल करने के लिए 43वें दौर सर्वेक्षण के प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प में कुछ महत्व-पूर्ण परिवर्तन किए गए।

1.1 यहां यह उल्लेखनीय है कि यह रिपोर्ट केवल केन्द्र प्रतिदर्श के उप प्रतिदर्श-1 के आंकड़ों पर आधारित है। (43वां दौर में कुल प्रतिदर्श को सम आकार के दो स्वतंत्र और अतिवि-भेदक उप प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में चुना गया है)।

1.2 रिपोर्ट की विषय वस्तु : इस रिपोर्ट के खण्ड 2 में 43वें दौर सर्वेक्षण के क्षेत्र, व्याप्ति और प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प संक्षेप में दिए गए हैं। सर्वेक्षण के लिए अपनाया गया संकल्पना ढांचा

परिभाषा की कुछ विशेषताओं का उल्लेख खंड तीन में किया गया जबकि महत्वपूर्ण संक्षिप्त परिणामों का वर्णन खंड चार में किया गया है। राज्य, संघ शासित क्षेत्रों तथा समस्त भारत के विस्तृत परिणाम भाग-2 में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं।

खण्ड-दो

क्षेत्र, व्याप्ति और प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प

2.0 भौगोलिक व्याप्ति : 43वां दौर सर्वेक्षण में (1) जम्मू और कश्मीर के लद्दाख और कारगिल तथा (2) नागालैंड के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को छोड़कर समस्त भारत संघ शामिल किया गया है।

2.1 प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प : सर्वेक्षण के लिए ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए गणना गांवों को तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए शहरी ढांचा सर्वेक्षण ब्लकों का प्रथम स्तर इकाई के रूप में लेकर सर्वेक्षण के लिए एक संस्तरीकृत द्विस्तरीय प्रतिचयन अभिकल्प अपनाया गया। ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों में परिवारों का द्वितीय स्तर ईकाईयां बनाया गया।

2.2 संस्तरीकरण : प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों को निकट-वर्ती जिलों में समूहीकृत करके जो जनसंख्या घनत्व तथा फसल पैटर्न में एक समान हैं को एक या अधिक कृषि आर्थिक क्षेत्रों में विभाजित किया गया। तथापि गुजरात में कुछ जिलों को शूष्क क्षेत्रों के नव स्थानों तथा राज्य में जनजातीय जनसंख्या के वितरण को ध्यान में रखते हुए क्षेत्र की संरचना के उद्देश्य से उप विभाजित किया गया है। बनाए गए क्षेत्रों की समूचे भारत में कुल संख्या 77 थी। ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में प्रत्येक क्षेत्र के भीतर 1981 की जनगणना से प्रत्येक जिले को 1.8 लाख से कम की ग्रामीण जनसंख्या से एक एकल मूल संस्तर बनाया गया। बृहद् जनसंख्या वाले जिलों को जनसंख्या के आधार पर ग्रामीण जनसंख्या घनत्व और फसल पैटर्न के संबंध में जहां तक संभव हो समान निकटस्थ तहसीलों को समूहीकृत करके, दो अथवा अधिक संस्तरों में विभाजित किया गया। तथापि गुजरात में, उन जिलों के मामले में जो एक से अधिक क्षेत्रों में फैले हुए हों चहूँ उनकी ग्रामीण जनसंख्या 18 लाख से कम हो, तो भी प्रत्येक क्षेत्र में पड़ने वाले जिले के उस भाग से एक पृथक स्तर बनाया गया। इसके अतिरिक्त असम में ग्रामीण जनसंख्या की 1971 की जनगणना के आधार पर उपर्युक्त ढांचे को अपना कर 15 लाख की जनसंख्या का आधार मानकर पूर्ववर्ती सर्वेक्षण के लिए बनाए गए "मूल संस्तर" को ग्रामीण प्रतिचयन के लिए संस्तर के रूप में बनाए रखा

गया। शहरी क्षेत्र में संस्तर का निर्माण शहरों की जनसंख्या के आकार वर्ग के आधार पर, रा. प्र. सर्वे. क्षेत्र में ही पुनः किया गया। प्रथमतः 10 लाख या इससे अधिक जनसंख्या वाले प्रत्येक शहर को स्व-प्रतिनिधित्व वाले क्षेत्र के रूप में लिया गया। प्रत्येक क्षेत्र को शेष शहरों को जनसंख्या के आधार पर निम्नलिखित चार आकार वर्ग : (1) 50,000 से कम जनसंख्या वाले (2) 50,000 से अधिक और 2 लाख से कम (3) जनसंख्या 2 लाख से अधिक और 4 लाख से कम तथा (4) 4 लाख से अधिक और 10 लाख से कम में विभाजित किया गया था। 4 लाख या इससे अधिक जनसंख्या वाले शहरों (10 लाख या इससे अधिक जनसंख्या वाले शहरों को सम्मिलित करके) को आगे दो भागों में विभाजित किया गया अर्थात् (क) क्षेत्र जहाँ जनसंख्या का अपेक्षाकृत धनी वर्ग संकेन्द्रित हो तथा (ख) शेष क्षेत्र। तब निम्नानुसार संस्तर तैयार किए गए :—

संस्तर संख्या	जनसंख्या
1	2
1.	50,000 से कम जनसंख्या वाले सभी शहर
2.	50,000-199,999 " "
3.	200,000-399,999 " "
4.	400,000-999,999 (घनी क्षेत्र)
5.	(अन्य क्षेत्र)
6.	10 लाख या इससे अधिक जनसंख्या (घनी क्षेत्र) वाला एक शहर
7.	(अन्य क्षेत्र)

यह देखा जा सकता है कि 10 लाख और इससे अधिक जनसंख्या वाले एक शहर से अधिक वाला कोई क्षेत्र नहीं था। संस्तर संख्या उपर्युक्तानुसार रखी गईं। हालाँकि कुछ क्षेत्रों में संस्तर मौजूद नहीं थे। इसके अतिरिक्त दिल्ली नगर निगम, नई दिल्ली, नगर पालिका, दिल्ली छावनी क्षेत्र तथा 1981 की जनगणना में शहरी क्षेत्रों के बतौर माने गए सभी गांव वृहत् में सम्मिलित माना गया।

2.3 प्रतिदर्शों का आबंटन : 12974 प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों के कुल समस्त भारत प्रतिदर्श (8375 ग्रामों और 4599 शहरी ब्लॉक) को पहले राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में प्रत्येक में उपलब्ध केन्द्रीय क्षेत्र कर्मचारियों के समानुपात में आबंटित किया गया। प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए इस प्रकार प्राप्त प्रतिदर्शों को ग्रामीण और शहरी जनसंख्या के सापेक्ष आकार पर विचार करते हुए भिन्न-भिन्न राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों को पुनः आबंटित किया गया। प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र में ग्रामीण प्रतिदर्शों को राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के भीतर ग्रामीण जनसंख्या के समानुपात में ग्रामीण संस्तर में पुनः

आबंटित किया गया। इसी प्रकार, राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के शहरी प्रतिदर्शों को उनमें शहरी जनसंख्या के समानुपात में आबंटित किया गया किन्तु उन संस्तरों के लिए भार आबंटित दोगुना किया गया जिनमें 4 लाख या इससे अधिक जनसंख्या वाले शहरों में अपेक्षाकृत धनी वर्ग रह रहे हैं। सभी वर्गटनों को समायोजित किया गया ताकि एक संस्तर के लिए प्रतिदर्श आकार कम से कम 4 के गुणांक में हों। (8 के गुणांक को दरायता) तथा क्षेत्र का कुल प्रतिदर्श आकार प्रत्येक उप प्रतिदर्श तथा उप दूर में समान प्रतिदर्श प्राप्त करने के लिए ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग-अलग 8 का गुणांक था।

2.4 प्रथम स्तर इकाइयों का चयन ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश मामलों में प्रतिचयन ढांचा गांवों की 1981 की जनगणना सूची थी, तथापि कुछ क्षेत्रों में जहाँ 1981 की जनगणना सूची नहीं थी या अत्यन्त दृष्टिपूर्ण थी, 1971 के जनगणना ढांचों को प्रयुक्त किया गया। शहरी क्षेत्र में, प्रयुक्त प्रतिचयन ढांचे प्रत्येक शहर के लिए रा. प्र. सर्वे. शहरी ढांचा सर्वेक्षण के दौरान गठित ब्लॉकों की उपलब्ध नवीनतम सूची थी। प्रतिदर्श गांवों का चयन 2 स्वतंत्र उप प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में आकार (जनसंख्या) के संभाव्यता समानुपात से वर्तुल क्रमबद्धता द्वारा किया गया। प्रतिदर्श ब्लॉकों का चयन समान संभाव्यता से वर्तुल क्रमबद्धता द्वारा दो स्वतंत्र उप प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में भी किया गया।

2.5 द्वितीय स्तर इकाइयों (परिवारों) का चयन प्रतिदर्श में समाज के धनी वर्ग के परिवारों का पर्याप्त प्रतिनिधित्व सुनिश्चित करने के लिए प्रतिदर्श परिवारों के चयन के लिए निम्नलिखित प्रक्रिया अपनाई गई थी। ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में, प्रत्येक प्रतिदर्श गांव में, परिवारों की पहले 2 उप स्तरों में समूहबद्ध किया गया। उप स्तर-1 में 8 या 10 अपेक्षाकृत अधिक धनी परिवार सम्मिलित थे और यह इन पर निर्भर था कि क्या प्रतिदर्श गांव में 80 से कम परिवार थे या 80 या इससे अधिक परिवार थे। शेष परिवारों से उप स्तर-2 बनाया गया। दो प्रतिदर्श परिवारों का चयन उप स्तर-1 से यादृच्छिक प्रारम्भ करके वर्तुल क्रमबद्धता द्वारा किया गया। उप स्तर-2 के मामले में, प्रतिदर्श के चयन से पूर्व, परिवारों को जीवन निर्वाह वर्ग के तीन साधनों अर्थात् (1) गैर कृषि क्षेत्र में स्व नियोजित (2) ग्रामीण श्रमिक (3) अगों में सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व के 365 दिनों के दौरान आय के आधार पर समूहबद्ध किया गया अंतिम वर्ग के परिवारों को पुनः पांच भूस्वामी वर्गों अर्थात् (1) 1 एकड़ से कम (2) 1 से 2.49 एकड़ तक (3) 2.5 से 4.99 एकड़ तक (4) 5 से 9.99 एकड़ और (5) 10 एकड़ और इससे अधिक भूमि रखने वाले वर्गों में समूहबद्ध किया गया। भिन्न भिन्न वर्गों से संबंधित परिवारों का भी सतत् ढंग से व्यवस्थित करने के पश्चात् यादृच्छिक प्रारम्भ से वर्तुल क्रमबद्धता द्वारा आठ परिवारों का चयन किया गया। शहरी क्षेत्र में भी प्रत्येक प्रतिदर्श ब्लॉक

में परिवारों के दो उप स्तर बनाए गए थे। 10 लाख या इससे अधिक जनसंख्या वाले सभी शहरों में 1000 रुपए या इससे अधिक प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वाले परिवारों को उप स्तर-1 में तथा शेष परिवारों से उप स्तर-2 गठित किया गया था, दूसरी ओर, 10 लाख से कम आबादी वाले शहरों में 800 रुपए या इससे अधिक प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वाले परिवारों से उप स्तर-1

बनाया गया। प्रतिदर्श परिवारों के चयन के लिए, उप स्तर के सभी परिवारों का जीवन निर्वाह वर्ग के चार साधनों अर्थात् (क) स्व नियोजित (ख) नियमित मजदूरी/वृत्तनभोगी (ग) नैमित्तिक श्रमिक तथा (घ) अन्यो में समूहबद्ध किया गया। समूह (क) और (ख) के परिवारों को तीन प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय स्तरों (1) क से कम (2) क से ख और (3) ख से अधिक में पुनः समूहबद्ध किया गया। जहां क और ख प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय स्तर हैं जिन्हें कम हो वहां प्रत्येक राज्य और संघ शासित क्षेत्र के लिए इस प्रकार अलग से प्राप्त किया गया कि कम से कम क से ख तक और ख से अधिक वाली आबादी का प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय, क्रमशः लगभग न्यूनतम 30 प्रतिशत मध्यम 60 प्रतिशत, तथा उच्चतम 10 प्रतिशत था। भिन्न-भिन्न समूहों से संबंधित परिवारों को विशिष्ट पद्धति में क्रमबद्ध करने के पश्चात् ही प्रतिदर्श परिवार चुने गए थे। धनी क्षेत्र में बनाए गए संस्तर से संबंधित ब्लॉकों में संस्तर-1 से 4 प्रतिदर्श परिवार तथा उप स्तर-2 से 6 परिवार चुने गए। शेष संस्तरों से संबंधित ब्लॉकों में संस्तर-1 से 2 परिवार तथा संस्तर-2 से 8 परिवार चुने गए। प्रत्येक उप संस्तर से पृथक रूप से यादृच्छिक प्रारम्भ करके वर्तुल क्रमबद्धता से प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की अपेक्षित संख्या चुनी गई।

2.6 सर्वेक्षण की अवधि तथा उप दार : सर्वेक्षण का क्षेत्र कार्य जुलाई, 1987 मास में प्रारम्भ होकर जून, 1988 में पूरा किया गया। सर्वेक्षण की एक वर्ष की सम्पूर्ण अवधि को चार मौसमों में मंगे खाते हुए तीन महीनों के चार उप दारों में विभाजित किया गया। चार उप दारों की अवधि निम्नानुसार थी :—

उप दार-1 : जुलाई 87—सितम्बर 87

उप दार-2 : अक्टूबर 87—दिसम्बर 87

उप दार-3 : जनवरी 88—मार्च 88

उप दार-4 : अप्रैल 88—जून 88

प्रतिदर्श चार उप दारों में इस ढंग से वितरित किए गए कि प्रत्येक उप दार अवधि के लिए देश हते समान बंध अनुमान प्रदान किए जा सकें।

2.7 प्रतिदर्श आधार : कुल मिलाकर, लगभग 4184 प्रतिदर्श गांवों और 2298 प्रतिदर्श ब्लॉकों में फले लगभग 64.3 हजार परिवारों (उप प्रतिदर्श-1 में) को सर्वेक्षण में

सम्मिलित किया गया। विवरणी 0 प्रत्येक राज्य और संघ शासित क्षेत्र के आर्बिटल तथा सर्वेक्षण प्रतिदर्श गांव/खण्डों तथा प्रतिदर्श परिवारों तथा सर्वेक्षित व्यक्तियों की संख्या का वितरण दर्शाती है।

2.8 आकलन विधि : रा. प्र. सर्वे. 43वें दार में अपनाई गई आकलन विधि प्रतिदर्श मूल्यों के भारित जोड़ पर आधारित है। \hat{Y} का निश्चित अनुमान (किमी चरक का राज्य/क्षेत्र यो),

$$\hat{Y} = \sum \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{n_s} \frac{D_{si}}{C_{si} P_{si}} \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{H_{sik}}{h_{sik}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{sik}} Y_{sijk} \quad \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

अरुणाचल प्रदेश को छोड़कर राज्य के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए

$$\hat{Y} = \sum \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{N_s} \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{H_{sik}}{h_{sik}} \sum Y_{sijk} \quad \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

ग्रामीण अरुणाचल प्रदेश के लिए

$$\text{और } \hat{Y}_s = \sum \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_{i=1}^{n_s} D_{si} \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{H_{sik}}{h_{sik}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{sik}} Y_{sijk} \quad \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

शहरी क्षेत्र के लिए, जहां संस्तर गांव/खण्ड, परिवार और उप स्तर के लिए क्रमशः प्रत्यय है, और क्रमशः चुनी हुई आबादी के संस्तर मूल्य, ब्लॉक में गांव/खण्डों की संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श गांव खण्डों की संख्या दर्शाती है।

क्रमशः खंडा-समूहों/बनाए गए उप खण्डों, राजस्व गांव में वास्तव में सर्वेक्षित गणना गांवों की संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श गांव की चुनी हुई जनसंख्या दर्शाती है।

और क्रमशः सूचीबद्ध परिवारों की कुल संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की संख्या दर्शाती है तथा एक प्रतिदर्श परिवार के चरक के मूल्य दर्शाते हैं।

2.9 $R=Y/X$ अनुपात के अनुमान को $\hat{R}=\hat{Y}/\hat{X}$ द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है जहां $\hat{Y}=\hat{X}$ को उस स्तर पर जिस पर R अपेक्षित है, में दिए गए फार्मूले का प्रयोग करते हुए प्राप्त किया जाता है। अर्थात् यदि \hat{R} राज्य स्तर पर अपेक्षित है तो \hat{Y} और \hat{X} को पहले राज्य स्तर पर प्राप्त किया जाता है तथा फिर भाग करके \hat{R} प्राप्त किया जाएगा। अनुपातों के उदाहरण दर और प्रतिशत हैं।

2.10 उप प्रतिदर्श तथा उप दार के अनुमान : दिए गए उप प्रतिदर्श/उप दार के समाह्वारों के अनुमान की रणता उसी

फार्मूले का प्रयोग करते हुए की जाती है जो कि ऊपर दिया गया है इसमें केवल यह संशोधन किया जाता है कि सारणीयन उस उप-प्रतिदर्श उप-दौर के प्रतिदर्श प्रथम स्तर इकाई तक ही सीमित रखा जाता है। इस मामले में प्रयुक्त होने वाले का मूल्य सारणीयन के लिए उपलब्ध प्रस्तावीन उप-प्रतिदर्श। उप-दौर के प्रथम स्तर इकाई की संख्या है। समाहार का संयुक्त प्रतिदर्श अनुमान सम्पूर्ण प्रतिदर्श पर आधारित है तथा उप-प्रतिदर्श। उप-दौर अनुमानों के औसत के रूप नहीं गिने गए हैं।

खण्ड तीन

संकल्पनाएं और परिभाषाएं

3.0 उपभोक्ता व्यय पृष्ठताल में अपनाई गई संकल्पनाएं और परिभाषाएं मोटेतौर पर वही रही जो रा. प्र. सर्व. के पूर्ववर्ती दौरों में थीं। उनमें से कुछ संकल्पनाएं और परिभाषाओं का विवरण नीचे दिया गया है :

3.1 परिवार : सामान्यतया एक साथ रहने वाले व्यक्तियों का समूह जिनका खाना इकट्ठा बनता है को एक परिवार माना जाता है। बॉर्डिंग, हाउस, होस्टल या होटल को परिवारों का झुण्ड माना जाता है जहाँ प्रत्येक व्यक्ति अपने आश्रितों और अतिथियों के साथ किराए पर लेने वाला व्यक्ति एक परिवार माना है। तथापि जेलों, पुलिस क्वार्टरों, छावनी, अस्पतालों, आश्रमों, राहत कैंम्पों जैसे किसी संस्थागत निकायों से सीधे भरण-पोषण प्राप्त करने वाले परिवारों को सर्वेक्षण के क्षेत्राधिकार से बाहर रखा जाता है। यायावर जनसंख्या को जिनके रहने का कोई सामान्य स्थान नहीं होता तथा विदेशी राष्ट्रियता के परिवारों को भी सर्वेक्षण की व्याप्ति से अलग रखा जाता है।

3.2 पारिवारिक सदस्य : कोई व्यक्ति जो प्रतिदर्श परिवार में सामान्य रूप से रहता हो परिवार का सदस्य माना जाता है। परिवार के सदस्यों को तीन श्रेणियों में वर्गीकृत किया जाता है अर्थात् वयस्क पुरुष, वयस्क स्त्री और बच्चा। ऐसा व्यक्ति जिसकी आयु 15 वर्ष (पूर्ण वर्षों में) है को एक वयस्क माना जाता है। कोई व्यक्ति जो सामान्यतया परिवार के साथ रहता है तथा प्रमुख आहार ग्रहण करता है परिवार का सदस्य माना जाता है।

3.3 परिवार का आकार : एक परिवार सदस्यों (ऊपर परिभाषित) की कुल संख्या को परिवार के आकार के रूप में माना जाता है।

3.4 पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय : संदर्भाविधि के दौरान परिवार द्वारा घरेलू खपत पर किया गया व्यय पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय है। पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय विभिन्न मदों अर्थात् (1) भोजन, पान (तेंदू पत्ता), तम्बाकू, नशीले पदार्थ और ईंधन तथा प्रकाश (2) वस्त्र और जूते-चप्पल तथा

(3) विविध वस्तुएं तथा सेवाओं और टिकाऊ वस्तुओं की खपत का कुल मूल्य है।

समूह (1) और (2) के लिए खपत का कुल मूल्य संदर्भाविधि के दौरान वास्तव में खपत में लाई गई वस्तुओं के मौद्रिक मूल्य को समाहृत करके प्राप्त किया जाता है। वस्त्र और जूता-चप्पल मद का उपभोग में लाई गई माना जाता है यदि इस संदर्भाविधि के दौरान एक ही बार अथवा पहली बार उपभोग में लाया गया हो/उपभोग (क) संदर्भाविधि के दौरान या इससे पहले की गई खरीद (ख) घर में तैयार स्टॉक (ग) वस्तुओं और सेवाओं के विनिमय में प्राप्ति (घ) कोई अन्य प्राप्ति जैसे उपहार, दान, उधार तथा (ङ) निःशुल्क संग्रह में से किया जा सकता है। मदों के समूह (3) अर्थात् विविध वस्तुओं और सेवाओं तथा टिकाऊ वस्तुओं के रूप में वर्गीकृत मदों के उपभोग के मूल्यांकन के लिए एक अलग पद्धति अपनाई जाती है इस मामले में खरीद का वास्तविक मूल्य अर्थात् वस्तुओं और सेवाओं की खरीद के लिए संदर्भाविधि के दौरान व्यय को उपभोग माना जाता है।

यहाँ यह उल्लेख करना आवश्यक है कि परिवार के सामान्य सदस्यों द्वारा तथा अतिथियों द्वारा उत्सवों के दौरान अथवा अन्यथा खाद्य मदों की वास्तविक खपत पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय है। दोबारा गणना से बचने के लिए परिवार द्वारा की गई दान, ऋण, अग्रिम आदि जैसी अन्तरण अदायगियों को (1) और (2) वर्ग की मदों के लिए खपत नहीं माना जाता है चूँकि इन मदों के प्राप्ति अंतरण का हिसाब रखा जाता है। तथापि "पका हुआ भोजन" मद इस नियम का अपवाद है। पारिवारिक रसोई में खाना तैयार करना और कर्मचारियों तथा अन्यो को उपलब्ध कराना नियोक्ता के परिवार के घरेलू उपभोग में स्वतः ही शामिल हो जाता है। कर्मचारियों या अन्य लोगों को परासे गए भोजन को तैयार करने के लिए प्रयुक्त प्रत्येक मद की प्रमाणा और मूल्य का आकलन करना एक व्यावहारिक कठिनाई है। अतः दोबारा गणना से बचने के लिए नियोक्ता के परिवार से अनुलाभ उपहार या दान के रूप में प्राप्त तैयार भोजन का प्राप्तकर्ता के परिवार में दर्ज नहीं किया जाता है। सामान्य सिद्धान्त के रूप में सामान्य पारिवारिक सदस्यों या अतिथियों और कर्मचारियों के उपभोग के लिए बाजार से खरीदा गया तैयार भोजन को भी क्रेता परिवार में दर्ज किया जाएगा। अन्य लोगों को परासे गए तैयार भोजन को मंजवान परिवार के व्यय में दर्ज करने की यह प्रक्रिया से कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय के साथ-साथ प्रति व्यक्ति औसत खपत के अनुमान अभिनति मुक्त रूप में प्राप्त होते हैं। यद्यपि निःशुल्क तैयार भोजन के दाताओं तथा ग्रहणकर्ताओं के समानुपातों के व्यय वर्गों के अनुसार विपरीत दिशा में परिवर्तित होने की संभावना है इसलिए उपभोक्ता व्यय सर्वेक्षण आंकड़ों से प्राप्त पोषण से कुछ अलग ही तस्वीर बनती है। इस परिगणित पोषण प्राप्तियों को धनवानों (निवल दाताओं) के लिए अपस्फायित किया जा सकता

हैं और गरीब (निम्न ग्रहणकर्ताओं) के लिए कुछ कम बताया जा सकता है। किसी पोषक अध्ययन के लिए रा.प्र.सर्व. उपभोक्ता व्यय के आंकड़ों का प्रयोग करते समय इस बात की स्पष्ट रूप से ध्यान में रखना पड़ेगा।

3.5 संदर्भाधीन : उपभोक्ता व्यय की सभी मदों संबंधी आंकड़ों के संग्रहण के लिए संदर्भाधीन पिछले 30 दिन पूछताछ की तारीख से पूर्व दिवस को समाप्त होने वाली है। कुछ गैर-खाद्य मदों के लिए आंकड़े पिछले 365 दिनों के लिए संग्रहित किए गए थे, किन्तु यह रिपोर्ट सभी मदों के बारे में पिछले 30 दिनों के लिए संग्रहित आंकड़ों पर आधारित है।

3.6 मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय : एक परिवार का कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय को परिवार आकार द्वारा भाग करके परिवार और इसके सदस्यों का प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय निकाला जाता है।

3.7 मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग : परिवार और व्यक्तियों को प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय के अनुसार वर्गीकृत किया जाता है। व्यय वर्गों (रुपयों में) को उनके परिमाण के बढ़ते क्रम में रखा गया है। परिगणित मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय स्तरों को 12 वर्गों में वर्गीकृत किया जाता है। 43 वें दौर के परिणामों के प्रस्तुतीकरण के लिए रा. प्र. सर्व. 43 वें दौर के आंकड़ों के परीक्षण सारणीयन के आधार पर तैयार समूहीकरण को अपनाया गया है। समूहों को इस प्रकार सूचीबद्ध किया जाता है। ताकि पहले दो तथा पिछले दो वर्गों में से प्रत्येक में लगभग 5 प्रतिशत आबादी तथा मध्यम आठ वर्गों में से प्रत्येक में 10 प्रतिशत आबादी रखी जा सके। ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के विभिन्न व्यय वर्गों के लिए ऐसी ही व्यवस्था की गई है।

यह निर्णय किया गया है कि पांच वर्षों में एक बार मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्गों के पंचवार्षिक दौर आंकड़ों के परीक्षण सारणीयन के आधार पर प्रयोजनमूलक रूप से सूत्रबद्ध किया जाएगा। ये वर्ग आबादी के वितरण में परिवर्तन के अध्ययन को ध्यान में रखते हुए अनुवर्ती चार वार्षिक दौरों के लिए रखा जाएगा। क्योंकि ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए वर्ग भिन्न-भिन्न हैं, इसलिए ग्रामीण और शहरी परिणामों को इकट्ठा करना या ग्रामीण वितरण की शहरी वितरण से तुलना करना कठिन है। अतः यह निर्णय लिया गया कि कुछ समयांजन ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों समूहों के कम से कम चार तुलनीय व्यय स्तर गृहैया कराए जाने चाहिए। अतः निम्नलिखित व्यय वर्गों : (1) 110 रु. से कम, (2) 110 रुपये से 215 रु. (3) 215 रुपये से 385 रुपये तथा (4) 385 रुपये तथा इससे अधिक के लिए 43 वें दौर के ग्रामीण और शहरी परिणामों की तुलना की जा सकती है।

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय वर्ग

क्रम संख्या	प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक उपभोक्ता व्यय वर्ग (रुपयों में)
1	2
1.	65 से कम
2.	65-80
3.	80-85
4.	95-110
5.	110-125
6.	125-140
7.	140-160
8.	160-180
9.	180-215
10.	215-280
11.	280-385
12.	385 और इससे ऊपर
13.	के सभी वर्ग

शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय

क्रम संख्या	मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय वर्ग (रुपयों में)
1	2
1.	90 से कम
2.	90-110
3.	110-135
4.	135-160
5.	160-185
6.	185-215
7.	215-255
8.	255-310
9.	310-385
10.	385-520
11.	520-700
12.	700 और इससे ऊपर
13.	सभी वर्ग

3.8 आवासीय गृह (इकाई) : आवासीय गृह (इकाई) परिवार को आवासीय प्रयोजन से उपलब्ध मौजूदा गृह वास सुविधा है। यह सम्पूर्ण भवन, बरक, छपरवाला घर या झोंपड़ी या इसका कोई भाग या तो अलग से या अन्य परिवारों के साथ संयुक्त रूप से प्रयोग किया जा सकता है। जैसा कि नीचे परिभाषित किया गया है गृहों का तीन प्रकारों अर्थात् "चाल/बस्ती", "स्वतंत्र गृह" तथा फ्लैट में वर्गीकृत किया गया है।

3.8.1 चाल/बस्ती : सामान्यतः कच्चे या अर्ध पक्के प्रकार की झोपड़ियों या कोठरियों का एक समूह है जिसमें बहुत से परिवार रह रहे हैं।

3.8.2 स्वतन्त्र मकान : एक अलग प्रवेश द्वार वाले स्वतन्त्र स्थायी ढांचा या ढांचे हैं दूसरे शब्दों में आवासीय इकाई और गृह का सम्पूर्ण ढांचा जो वास्तविक रूप से एक है, इसे स्वतन्त्र मकान के रूप में माना गया है।

3.8.3 फ्लैट : भवन का एक हिस्सा है जिसमें एक या इससे अधिक कमरे हैं और सामान्य आवासीय सुविधाओं जैसे जल आपूर्ति मौसलिय प्रसाधन कक्ष आदि। इसमें रहने वाले परिवारों द्वारा अलग से या अन्य परिवारों के साथ संयुक्त रूप से प्रयोग किया जाता है।

3.9 ढांचे के प्रकार : आवासों को उनके "ढांचे के प्रकार" के अनुसार तीन श्रेणियों अर्थात् "पक्का", "अर्ध पक्का" और "कच्चा" में भी वर्गीकृत किया गया है। इन श्रेणियों की व्याख्या नीचे दी गई है।

3.9.1 पक्का ढांचा : वह है जिसकी दीवारें और छत पक्की सामग्री से बनी हैं।

3.9.2 कच्चा ढांचा : वह है जिसकी दीवारें और छत गैर पक्की सामग्री से बनी हैं।

3.9.3 अर्ध पक्का ढांचा : वह है जिसकी दीवारें या छत गैर पक्की सामग्री से बनी हैं किन्तु दोनों नहीं। आंशिक रूप से पक्की सामग्री से निर्मित दीवारों/छतों को कच्ची छत/दीवारें माना जाएगा। सामग्री जैसे कि भट्टों में पक्काई गई ईंटें, सिल्लियां, सीमेंट, कंक्रीट, जैक बोर्ड (सीमेंट के प्लास्टर वाली रीड) टाइलें और इमारती लकड़ी पक्की सामग्री है। छत के निर्माण में प्रयुक्त गालीदार कादर या एस्बेस्टोस शीटों को भी पक्की सामग्री के रूप में माना गया है।

3.10 मकानों की श्रेणियां : आवासों को 9 मकान श्रेणियों में वर्गीकृत किया गया है उनमें से प्रत्येक ढांचे के प्रकार तथा आवास के प्रकार का संयोजक है ये निम्नानुसार हैं :

मकान श्रेणी व क्रमांक	ढांचे का प्रकार	आवास का प्रकार
1	2	3
1	कच्चा	चाल/बस्ती
2	कच्चा	स्वतन्त्र मकान
3	कच्चा	फ्लैट
4	(1 से 3) सभी कच्चे ढांचे	
5	अर्ध पक्का	चाल/बस्ती
6	अर्ध पक्का	स्वतन्त्र मकान
7	अर्ध पक्का	फ्लैट
8	(5 से 7) सभी अर्ध पक्के ढांचे	

1	2	3
9	पक्का	चाल/बस्ती
10	पक्का	स्वतन्त्र मकान
11	पक्का	फ्लैट
12	(9 से 11)	सभी इमारतें पक्की हैं।

3.11 आच्छादित क्षेत्रफल : यह सभी कमरों रसाईं आदि, और छत और खुले बरामदे के धरातल के क्षेत्रफल का जोड़ है।

3.12 मासिक किराया (वास्तविक तथा आरांभित) मासिक किराया व रकम है जो आवास को किराए पर लेने या उसे किराये पर देने वाले व्यक्ति के मध्य हुए करार के अनुसार मकान के स्वामी या किसी अन्य व्यक्ति को प्रति मास देय हो, किराए के अतिरिक्त किसी अन्य प्रकार से कब्जा किए हुए मकान के किराए का आकलन उस इलाके में उसी प्रकार के मकानों के किराए की प्रचलित दर के आधार पर किया जाता है।

खण्ड-चार

निष्कर्षों का सारांश

4.0 इस खण्ड में, रा.प्र.सर्व. 43वां वार (जुलाई 1987-जून 1988) सर्वेक्षण में एकत्रित आंकड़ों पर आधारित साना पकाने और प्रकाश के लिए प्रयुक्त प्रमुख उर्जा साधनों सहित आवासीय स्थितियों संबंधी कुछ पहलुओं के निष्कर्ष प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं।

4.1 आवासों के ढांचे का प्रकार : विवरण पत्र 1 और 2 में ढांचे के प्रकार के अनुसार राज्यों, संघ शासित क्षेत्रों तथा समस्त भारत के ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए प्रति 1000 परिवारों का विवरण प्रस्तुत है।

4.2 सारणी 1 से यह देखा जा सकता है कि निर्मूलखित राज्यों/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में असम, बिहार, मणिपूर, मेघालय, उड़ीसा, त्रिपुरा तथा पश्चिम बंगाल के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कच्चे मकानों का अधिक्य है। आन्ध्र प्रदेश, राजस्थान, तमिलनाडु, उत्तर प्रदेश, हाड़ी के द्वीपों, अरुणाचल प्रदेश, मिजोरम तथा पांडिचेरी में भी इस प्रकार के आवासों की प्रधानता पायी जाती है। यह आंशिक तौर पर ग्रामीण जनसंख्या की गरीबी या इन राज्यों की स्थानीय जनजातियों की सांस्कृतिक परम्पराओं के या इन तथ्यों के एकरूप होने अर्थात् जन जातीय आवादी की रहन सहन की खराब स्थिति होने के कारण है। मध्य प्रदेश और महाराष्ट्र इस पैटर्न के अपवाद हैं। गरीबी विनाश रूप से मध्य प्रदेश में और जनजातीय आवादी का काफी अधिक प्रतिशत होने के बावजूद इन दोनों राज्यों में कच्चे आवासों का समानुपात अपेक्षाकृत कम है। हरियाणा, पंजाब, चण्डीगढ़, गांधी, दमन व दीव तथा लक्षद्वीप (ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के संबंध में) में कच्चे ढांचों का समानुपात बहुत कम है। दूसरी ओर इन राज्यों तथा केरल में भी पक्के ढांचों से उनके निवासियों के रहन सहन का स्तर उंचा होता है।

4.3 विवरण पत्र-2 से यह प्रमाणित होता है कि सामान्यतः शहरी क्षेत्रों में अन्य दो प्रकार के ढाँचों की तुलना में पक्के आवासों की प्रधानता है। सभी राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के तुलना में शहरी क्षेत्र में कच्चे आवासों के समानुपात में कमी आई है। अधिकांश मामलों में यह कमी बहुत अधिक है। मणिपुर, त्रिपुरा, अरुणाचल प्रदेश तथा पांडिचेरी इसके अपवाद हैं। इन राज्यों में पांडिचेरी का छोड़कर जहाँ कच्चे और पक्के आवासों का समानुपात लगभग बराबर है। शहरी क्षेत्रों में भी कच्चे आवासों की प्रधानता है। उत्तर पश्चिम भारत, हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, पंजाब, राजस्थान, दिल्ली और चंडीगढ़ में पक्के आवासों का समानुपात उच्चतम है। छोट्टा ना लक्षद्वीप भी इस श्रेणी से संबंधित है।

4.4 आवासों के प्रकार : विवरण पत्र-3 प्रत्येक राज्य संघ शासित क्षेत्रों तथा समस्त भारत के लिए ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग अलग आवासों के प्रकार के अनुसार प्रति हजार परिवारों के वितरण से संबंधित है। आवासीय इकाइयों के प्रकार अनुसार परिवारों के वितरण से यह देखा जाता है कि समस्त भारत स्तर पर ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश परिवार स्वतंत्र मकानों में रह रहे हैं। सूचित किया गया है कि ग्रामीण भारत में, प्रत्येक हजार परिवारों में से 778 परिवार स्वतंत्र मकानों में रह रहे हैं। 178 परिवार चाल/बस्ती प्रकार के आवासों में रह रहे हैं जबकि 41 परिवार फ्लैटों में रह रहे हैं।

4.5 सभी राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश ग्रामीण आवास स्वतंत्र प्रकार के थे। हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, केरल, मेघालय, पंजाब, दादरा तथा नागर हवेली तथा लक्षद्वीप में ग्रामीण आवासों का 90 प्रतिशत से भी अधिक, असम, जम्मू व कश्मीर, कर्नाटक, मणिपुर, राजस्थान, तमिलनाडु, त्रिपुरा, उत्तर प्रदेश, दिल्ली, गोवा, दमन और द्वीप तथा मिजोरम में 80 से 90 प्रतिशत इसी प्रकार के आवास थे, शेष राज्यों में इस प्रकार के निवास स्थान वाले ग्रामीण आवासों का भाग 80 प्रतिशत से कम है।

4.6 महाराष्ट्र, उड़ीसा, अरुणाचल प्रदेश तथा पांडिचेरी में ग्रामीण आवासों में चाल/बस्ती प्रकार के आवासों का काफी बड़ा भाग रहा।

4.7 चंडीगढ़ में ग्रामीण आवासों का एक बड़ा समानुपात फ्लैट प्रकार का था। दो अन्य राज्य जिनमें ग्रामीण आवासों में 10 प्रतिशत से अधिक भाग फ्लैटों का रहा वे हैं जम्मू और कश्मीर तथा आन्ध्र प्रदेश।

4.8 विवरण पत्र-3 से यह भी देखा जाता है कि शहरी भारत में भी स्वतंत्र आवासों की प्रधानता है। सूचित किया गया है कि शहरी भारत में प्रत्येक हजार परिवारों में से 597 परिवार स्वतंत्र मकानों में 205 परिवार चाल/बस्ती प्रकार के

आवासों में जबकि 194 परिवार फ्लैट के प्रकार के आवासों में रह रहे हैं।

4.9 अधिकांश राज्यों और संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश शहरी आवास स्वतंत्र प्रकार के हैं। मणिपुर, लक्षद्वीप तथा मिजोरम के शहरी आवासों में इस प्रकार के आवासों का भाग 90 प्रतिशत से अधिक रहा। असम, हरियाणा, कर्नाटक, केरल, नागालैंड, पंजाब, राजस्थान, त्रिपुरा में 70 से 90 प्रतिशत रहा। शेष राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में इस प्रकार के आवासों का भाग 70 प्रतिशत से कम है।

4.10 महाराष्ट्र में केवल शहरी आवासों में चाल/बस्ती प्रकार के आवासों की अधिकता है। गुजरात, अरुणाचल प्रदेश, पांडिचेरी में शहरी आवासों में इस प्रकार के आवासों का प्रतिशत 30 से 38, मध्य प्रदेश, नागालैंड, उड़ीसा, पश्चिम बंगाल तथा गोवा, दमन और दीव में 20 से 29 प्रतिशत रहा।

4.11 फ्लैट के प्रकार के आवास सिक्रिम के शहरी आवासों में 70 प्रतिशत तथा चण्डीगढ़ में 58 प्रतिशत है। पश्चिम बंगाल, अंडमान और निकोबार द्वीप समूह, दिल्ली और जम्मू और कश्मीर में भी शहरी आवासों का 30 प्रतिशत से अधिक भाग आन्ध्र प्रदेश, हिमाचल प्रदेश, महाराष्ट्र, मेघालय, तमिलनाडु और गोवा, दमन तथा द्वीप में 20 से 30 प्रतिशत भाग इस प्रकार के आवासों का है।

4.12 विवरण पत्र-4 रा. प्र. सर्व. के 38वें और 42वें दौर के परिणामों की 43वें दौर के परिणामों से तुलना करने के लिए आवासों के प्रकार तथा क्षेत्र के अनुसार परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रस्तुत करती है। विवरण पत्र से यह देखा जाता है कि ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कच्चे आवास के समानुपात में ह्रास की प्रवृत्ति तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों में वृद्धि की प्रवृत्ति प्रदर्शित होती है। जहाँ तक पक्के मकानों का संबंध है ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों में इनके समानुपात में वृद्धि की प्रवृत्ति देखी जाती है यद्यपि शहरी क्षेत्रों में यह वृद्धि कम पाई गई।

4.13 विवरण पत्र-5 रा. प्र. सर्व. 38वें, 42वें 43वें दौरों के लिए आवासों के प्रकार तथा क्षेत्र के अनुसार परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रस्तुत करती है। विवरण पत्र 3 रा. प्र. सर्व. परिणामों के जरिए प्राप्त आवासों के प्रकार से संबंधित कोई विवेचन योग्य प्रवृत्ति नहीं दर्शाता।

4.14 विवरण पत्र-6 में राज्यों और संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में परिवारों के स्वामित्व वाले आवासों के प्रकार के अनुसार ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग अलग परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रस्तुत किया गया है। सूचित किया गया है कि ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में समस्त भारत स्तर पर हजार परिवारों में से 930 परिवार अपने मकानों में रह रहे हैं 29 परिवार किरायेदार परिवारों के रूप में तथा 41 अन्य परिवारों के रूप में रहते हैं। चंडीगढ़ का छोड़कर जहाँ 54 प्रतिशत परिवार किराये के

मकानों में रहते हैं, अधिकांश श्रामीण परिवार अपने निजी घरों में रहते हैं।

4.15 सूचित किया गया है कि शहरी क्षेत्र में समस्त भारत स्तर पर प्रत्येक हजार परिवार में से 527 परिवार निजी मकानों में रह रहे हैं, 362 परिवार किरायेंदारों के रूप में पाए गए तथा 111 परिवार अन्य परिवारों की तरह निजी मकानों में अथवा किरायों के परिसरों में नहीं रह रहे हैं।

4.16 शहरी क्षेत्रों में किरायेंदारी की विशेषताएं विवरण पत्र-7 प्रति हजार परिवार से किरायों के मकानों में रह रहे परिवारों की संख्या, प्रति हजार औसत मासिक (वास्तविक) किराया तथा नौ परिवार मासिक किराया श्रेणी के अनुसार किरायों के मकानों में रहने वाले शहरी परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रस्तुत करता है। उपर्युक्त विवरण पत्र के अनुसार समस्त भारत (शहरी क्षेत्र) में हजार परिवारों में से 361 किराए के मकानों में रह रहे हैं। यह पाया गया कि हिमाचल प्रदेश, नागालैण्ड, सिक्किम, अंडमान व निकोबार द्वीपसमूह तथा चंडीगढ़ में 50 प्रतिशत से अधिक शहरी परिवार तथा महाराष्ट्र, मध्यप्रदेश, तमिलनाडु तथा पश्चिम बंगाल में 40 से 50 प्रतिशत परिवार किराए के मकानों में रह रहे हैं।

4.17 प्रति परिवार (किराए के मकान में रह रहे) औसत मासिक किराया शहरी भारत में 130 रु. अनुमानित किया गया है। यह मूल्य गोवा, दमण और द्वीप में (363 रु.), दिल्ली में (295 रु.) चंडीगढ़ (280 रु.), मध्यप्रदेश में (241 रु.) तथा अंडमान और निकोबार द्वीप समूह में (198 रु.) अपेक्षाकृत अधिक है। उत्तर प्रदेश और महाराष्ट्र में (प्रत्येक 96 रु.) नागालैण्ड में (91 रु.), त्रिपुरा में (72 रु.) तथा लक्षद्वीप में (60 रु.) तुलनात्मक रूप से कम है।

4.18 मासिक किराया श्रेणी के अनुसार किराए के मकानों में रह रहे परिवारों का वितरण प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के अतिरिक्त समस्त भारत के लिए एक दीर्घ वक्र आरेख से किया गया है। अधिकांश राज्यों तथा समस्त भारत के वितरण का माध्य 20 से 50 रुपए या 50 से 100 रुपए की श्रेणी में है।

4.19 विवरण पत्र-8 प्रति हजार परिवार निजी मकानों में रह रहे परिवारों की संख्या, दिया गया मासिक औसत किराया, प्रत्येक राज्य, संघ शासित क्षेत्र तथा समस्त भारत के शहरी क्षेत्रों में मासिक किराया श्रेणी के परिवारों की नौ श्रेणियों में से अपने मकान में रह रहे परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रस्तुत करता है। यह देखा जा सकता है कि समस्त भारत स्तर पर एक हजार परिवारों में से 527 निजी मकानों में रहते हुए पाए गए। आन्ध्र प्रदेश, बिहार, गुजरात, हरियाणा, जम्मू व कश्मीर, केरल, मध्य प्रदेश, मणिपुर, पंजाब, राजस्थान, त्रिपुरा, उत्तर प्रदेश, गोवा, दमन और द्वीप, लक्षद्वीप तथा

मिजोरम के शहरी परिवारों में इनका समानुपात 50 प्रतिशत से अधिक है।

4.20 शहरी क्षेत्रों में समस्त भारत स्तर पर निजी मकान के लिए प्रति परिवार अनुमानित औसत मासिक आरोपित किराया 227 रुपए है। चंडीगढ़ और दिल्ली के शहरी क्षेत्रों में किराया बहुत अधिक है। किरायों का मूल्य गुजरात, पंजाब, सिक्किम, अरुणाचल प्रदेश और गोवा, दमन और द्वीप में अपेक्षाकृत उच्च है। यह बात आश्चर्यजनक प्रतीत होती है परन्तु निजी आवासों के लिए औसत आरोपित किराया, प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों तथा समस्त भारत के लिए किरायों के मकानों में रहने वाले परिवारों द्वारा प्रदत्त औसत किरायों से निश्चित रूप से अधिक है।

4.21 विवरण पत्र-9 भारत के शहरी क्षेत्रों में पांच वर्ष की अवधि 1983 (38वां वार) और 1987-88 (43वां वार) में आवासीय किरायों की मूल्यवृद्धि की दर का अनुमान प्रस्तुत करता है। समस्त भारत स्तर पर यह वृद्धि 50 प्रतिशत से भी अधिक है तथा राज्यों में यह वृद्धि 40 प्रतिशत से 100 प्रतिशत (गत प्रतिशत) के बीच रही। निःसंदेह यह मूल्यों में सामान्य स्थिति के फलस्वरूप हुआ, जिसमें समग्र अर्थव्यवस्था प्रभावित हुई है।

4.22 विवरण पत्र (क) किरायों के मकानों में रह रहे (प्रति हजार परिवार) परिवारों का समानुपात (ख) प्रमुख राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के लिए 38वें और 43वें वारों हेतु सभी परिवारों के लिए प्रति व्यक्ति आच्छादित क्षेत्रफल प्रस्तुत करता है, विवरण पत्र से यह प्रतीत होता है कि किरायों के मकानों में रहने वाले परिवारों का समानुपात कुछ कम हुआ है तथा पिछले राज्यों में इसके विपरीत प्रवृत्ति भी देखी जाती है।

4.23 43वें वार के अनुसार समस्त भारत स्तर पर शहरी क्षेत्रों में रहने के इच्छित से उपलब्ध प्रति व्यक्ति आच्छादित क्षेत्रफल 9.37 वर्ग मीटर है। अधिकांश राज्यों में यह 8 से 10 वर्ग मीटर की रेंज में है। 38 वें वार के साथ तुलना करने पर प्रति व्यक्ति आच्छादित क्षेत्रफल वृद्धि दिखाई दी है हालांकि अधिकांश राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में यह माप भिन्न भिन्न है। असम के मामले में सूचित की गई यह वृद्धि 9.42 वर्ग मीटर से 16.54 वर्ग मीटर तक है जो सबसे अधिक है।

4.24 निजी मकानों में किराया देकर रहने वाले परिवारों का वितरण किरायों के मकानों में रह रहे परिवारों की तुलना में अत्यन्त लघु वक्र आरेख से किया गया है।

4.25 भोजन पकाने के लिए प्रयुक्त ईंधन वितरण पत्र 11 और 12 भोजन पकाने के लिए विभिन्न प्रकार के ईंधनों को उर्जा के स्रोत के रूप में प्रयुक्त करने वाले परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र तथा समस्त भारत के ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग अलग प्रस्तुत करती है। कुछ अपवादों का छोड़कर, ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में लगभग सभी राज्यों

के अधिकांश परिवार भोजन पकाने के लिए जलाऊ लकड़ी और उसकी छितरन का ईंधन के रूप में प्रयोग करते हैं। कुछ राज्यों के लिए गोबर के उपलब्ध दूसरा स्रोत है और कुछ राज्यों के लिए मिट्टी का तेल दूसरा स्रोत है। अतः हजार परिवारों में से 528 परिवार दिल्ली में, 477 परिवार पंजाब में, 428 परिवार हरियाणा में, 378 परिवार उत्तर प्रदेश में तथा 259 परिवार बिहार में भोजन पकाने के लिए गोबर के उपलों को ऊर्जा के दूसरे स्रोत के रूप में प्रयुक्त करते हैं। चंडीगढ़ में अधिकांश परिवारों द्वारा मिट्टी का तेल प्रयुक्त किया जाता है।

4.26 जैसा कि विवरण पत्र 12 में दर्शाया गया है कि कई राज्यों के शहरी क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश परिवार भोजन पकाने के लिए जलाऊ लकड़ी और उसकी छितरन का प्रमुख ईंधन के रूप में प्रयुक्त कर रहे हैं। जम्मू और कश्मीर, कर्नाटक, मंचालय, नागालैंड, सिक्किम तथा अरुणाचल प्रदेश में जलाऊ लकड़ी तथा मिट्टी का तेल दोनों प्रयुक्त किए जाते हैं। बिहार और पश्चिमी बंगाल में परिवारों का काफी बड़ा समानुपात भोजन पकाने के लिए कोयले/कोयले का प्रयोग करता है। प्रत्येक हजार परिवारों में से चंडीगढ़ में 578 परिवारों, दिल्ली में 496 परिवारों, गोवा, दमण व दीव में 452 परिवारों, महाराष्ट्र में 339 परिवारों, हरियाणा में 295 परिवारों तथा पंजाब में 278 परिवारों ने यह सूचना दी है। अतः तेल पेट्रोलियम गैस का भोजन पकाने के लिए ईंधन के एक मुख्य स्रोत के रूप में अधिमानता दी।

4.27 प्रकाश के लिए ऊर्जा का प्राथमिक स्रोत: विवरण पत्र-13 में प्रकाश के लिए प्रयुक्त प्राथमिक स्रोतों के लिए परिवारों का प्रति हजार वितरण प्रत्येक राज्य, संघ शासित क्षेत्र तथा सम्मिलित भारत के शमीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग अलग प्रस्तुत करती है। अधिकांश राज्यों/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के शमीण क्षेत्रों में प्रकाश के लिए ऊर्जा का प्राथमिक स्रोत मिट्टी का तेल है। ये राज्य हैं असम, बिहार, उड़ीसा, राजस्थान, त्रिपुरा उत्तर प्रदेश तथा पश्चिम बंगाल। इन राज्यों के लिए विद्युत ऊर्जा का अगला महत्वपूर्ण स्रोत है। हिमाचल प्रदेश, जम्मू और कश्मीर, पंजाब, चंडीगढ़, दिल्ली, गोवा, दमण और दीव तथा लक्षद्वीप के शमीण क्षेत्रों में विद्युत प्रकाश का प्राथमिक स्रोत है। व्यापक रूप से प्रयुक्त होने वाले उपर्युक्त दो स्रोतों के अतिरिक्त अंडमान और निकोबार द्वीप समूह तथा अरुणाचल प्रदेश में परिवारों के कुछ बड़े समानुपात ने अन्य स्रोतों की भी सूचना दी है।

4.28 शहरी क्षेत्रों में यह देखा जाता है कि लगभग सभी राज्यों में परिवारों का बड़ा समानुपात प्रकाश के लिए विद्युत का

प्रयोग करता है। बिहार, उड़ीसा, उत्तर प्रदेश, पश्चिम बंगाल तथा पांडिचेरी में परिवार काफी बड़ा समानुपात प्रकाश के लिए मिट्टी के तेल का भी प्रयोग करता है।

4.29 विवरण पत्र 14 रा. प्र. स. 28वें, 38वें, और 43वें दार के लिए प्रकाश के लिए ऊर्जा के प्रमुख स्रोत के अनुसार परिवारों का प्रति हजार क्षेत्रवार वितरण प्रस्तुत करती है। 28वें और 38वें दारों के परिणामों के 43वें दार से तुलना करने के लिए विद्युत और मिट्टी के तेल को छोड़कर प्रकाश के भिन्न भिन्न स्रोतों की मिला दिशा गया है।

4.30 समस्त देश को एक मानते हुए, शमीण क्षेत्रों में अभी तक प्रकाश के लिए प्रमुख ईंधन, मिट्टी का तेल है जबकि शहरी क्षेत्रों में यह विद्युत है। सभी दारों में मिट्टी के तेल के स्थान पर विद्युत के उपभोग में निश्चित रूप से बढ़ती हुई प्रवृत्ति अधिकांश राज्यों के दोनों क्षेत्रों में दिखाई देती है यद्यपि उपभोग की मात्रा भिन्न भिन्न है। इस प्रकार निर्मलिकृत राज्यों गुजरात, हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रदेश जम्मू और कश्मीर, पंजाब, दिल्ली और गोवा, दमण और दीव के शमीण क्षेत्रों में दारों के समय मिट्टी के तेल के स्थान पर पहले से ही विद्युत का प्रमुख ईंधन के रूप में इस्तेमाल किया गया है। तस्वीर की दूसरी तरफ जिन राज्यों में शमीण विद्युतीकरण कम हुआ है वे हैं असम, बिहार, उड़ीसा, उत्तर प्रदेश तथा पश्चिम बंगाल कुछ अन्य राज्यों में, विशेषतः सभी चार दक्षिणी राज्यों में हालांकि गांवों के उच्च समानुपात को विद्युतीकरण के रूप में जाना जाता है तथापि स्पष्टतः बहुत से परिवारों को इतका लाभ नहीं मिला है। अन्त में महाराष्ट्र जैसे और कुछ सीमा तक मध्य प्रदेश तथा मणिपुर जैसे राज्य हैं, जिनकी शुरुआत अच्छी नहीं थी किन्तु वे शमीण परिवारों को विद्युत प्रदान करने में बहुत आगे हैं।

4.31 सभी राज्यों के शहरी क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश परिवार प्रकाश हेतु, विद्युत का प्रयोग करते हैं। तथापि अधिकांश राज्यों में सम्भवतः कम शक्ति के अभाव होने के कारण आवादी का काफी बड़ा भाग अभी तक विद्युत का इस्तेमाल नहीं करता है। ऐसे राज्यों में बिहार, उड़ीसा और पश्चिम बंगाल प्रमुख हैं। निर्मलिकृत राज्यों गुजरात, हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, जम्मू और कश्मीर, महाराष्ट्र, नागालैंड, पंजाब, चंडीगढ़, दिल्ली और गोवा दमण और दीव के शहरी क्षेत्रों में 1000 शहरी परिवारों में से 800 से भी अधिक विद्युत का प्रयोग करते हैं। इस बात पर ध्यान दिया जाए कि जम्मू और कश्मीर के शहरी क्षेत्रों में 1000 में से 974 परिवार प्रकाश के लिए प्रमुख ऊर्जा स्रोत के रूप में विद्युत का प्रयोग करते हैं और इस संबंध में यह प्रथम स्थान पर है।

ERRATA

Sl. No.	Page	Para/Table	Column	Line/row	For	Read
1.	47	4.29	—	2	Primary of	Primary source of
2.	47	4.32	—	4	Table series of	
3.	56	3.2U	—	sub-heading	585—520	385—520
4.	S—159	3.13R	15	4	14	54
5.	S—235	6	16	21	232	323
6.	S—240	7	16	35	837576	837567
7.	S—243	8	18	26	10490	10409
8.	S—243	8	18	37	34472	34402
9.	S—246	8	18	33	850	26882
10.	S—251	10	6	2	22	2