

# Sarvekshana

## सर्वेक्षण

JOURNAL OF  
THE NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY  
ORGANISATION



Vol. IX, No. 4  
April 1986

IX, No. 4  
April, 1986

Department of Statistics  
Ministry of Planning  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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*The views expressed in the articles and notes are those of the contributors and do not necessarily reflect those of the National Sample Survey Organisation*

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Sl. No.	Page	Para/State/U.T.	Table No.	Column No.	Line/Row	For	Read
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1.	S-5	2.1	—	—	6	The word 'household' is to be deleted.	
2.	S-8	5.2	—	—	41	2 percent, 21 percent	23 percent, 21 percent
3.	S-11	All-India	2	6	10	3.2	3.92
4.	S-14	All-India : urban	5	14	11	0.1	0.11
5.	S-15	Foot note (2)	—	—	—	of Figers	of figures
6.	S-25	Sikkim	1.18R	5	7	200	2.00
7.	S-29	Delhi	1.27R	1	1	blank	—
8.	S-44	Goa, Daman & Diu	1.28U	3	13	16.48	16.84
9.	S-46	All-India	2.0R	Column	no.	(11)	(12)
10.	S-47	Andhra Pradesh	2.1R	13	2	0.02	0.09
11.	S-49	Bihar	2.3R	12	11	0.56	0.31
12.	S-49	Do.	Do.	13	11	0.31	0.56
13.	S-49	Do.	Do.	13	15	.05	7.05
14.	S-53	Jammu & Kashmir	2.7R	14	5	14.64	14.84
15.	S-55	Kerala	2.9R	8	2	0.27	0.17
16.	S-55	Do.	Do.	8	8	3.5	3.50
17.	S-63	Sikkim	2.18R	1	22	12.13	12.02
18.	S-63	Do.	Do.	8	22	113.86	113.36
19.	S-63	Do.	Do.	12	23	1.56	—
20.	S-69	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.26R	12	7	19.62	9.62
21.	S-74	All-India	2.0U	10	13	10.48	10.98
22.	S-82	Karnataka	2.8U	14	15	4.58	4.50
23.	S-97	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	2.23U	14	21	120.59	102.59
24.	S-98	Chandigarh	2.25U	9	14	74.04	94.04
25.	S-101	Mizoram	2.30U	6	15	33.33	3.33
26.	S-101	Do.	Do.	11	20	4.39	2.39
27.	S-101	Do.	Do.	12	20	3.39	4.39
28.	S-105	3	—	—	6	subjecte	subjects
29.	S-108	2nd Footnote	—	—	—	*	**
30.	S-115	Chandigarh	5	7	25	88.05	78.05
31.	S-118	4.9	—	—	6	(6 it	(6). It
32.	S-118	4.9	—	—	8	spento	spent
33.	S-119	4.10	—	—	3	of was 2.2 p.c.	of 7 days was 2.2 p.c.
34.	S-120	West Bengal	8	11	22	0.62	2.62
35.	S-130	Assam	1	9	21	55.77	53.77
36.	S-132	Bihar	1	8	31	88.15	88.35
37.	S-134	Gujarat	1	9	20	5.58	5.50
38.	S-135	Haryana	1	9	9	60.41	6.41
39.	S-137	Himachal Pradesh	1	10	8	9.40	29.40
40.	S-138	Do.	1	6	21	21.66	21.86
41.	S-144	Kerala	1	7	2	.44	4.44
42.	S-156	Punjab	1	9	19	0.73	x
43.	S-161	Sikkim	1	4	23	4.95	34.95
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48.	S-197	Nagaland	2	9	10	2.97	5.97



PART-I:  
ARTICLES/NOTES

# SARVEKSHANA



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**Vol. IX, No. 4**

**April 1986**

**Department of Statistics  
Ministry of Planning  
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# A STUDY ON INEQUALITY IN THE CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY FOR DOMESTIC USE IN RURAL SECTOR OF STATES OF INDIA

B.S. GILL, ASHISH KUMAR & B.K. GIRI  
Economic Analysis Division, N.S.S.O, New Delhi

## SUMMARY

*The rural electrification programme for domestic use has been made a part of Minimum Needs Programme (MNP) since Fifth Five Year Plan. An attempt has been made in this paper to examine the extent of inequalities in the electrification of villages, consumption of electricity by individuals among electrified villages, possible reasons for the existence of these inequalities. These inequalities of consumption of electricity were measured by Lorenz Ratio, Total Disparity Measure (TDM), Relative Mean Absolute Deviation (RMAD) and Theil's Entropy Measure. It has been found that there was a wide variation in intensity of electrification among states and UTs. The Lorenz Ratio, TDM and RMAD were consistent in ranking the States and UTs. In not using electricity for domestic purposes there seems to be economic reasons. The concerned electricity authorities may, therefore, look into the cost of providing electric connections and require rescheduling of electricity tariff rates. Subsidising the facility to weaker sections could also be thought of.*

## 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Minimum Needs Programme (MNP) was introduced in the Fifth Five Year Plan and continued in the Sixth Five Year Plan. This emerged out of the experience of the previous plans that neither growth nor social consumption could sustain without being mutually supported. This programme was essentially an investment in human resource development by providing free or subsidised service through public agencies to improve the consumption level of those living below the poverty line and thereby improving the productive efficiency of the workers. This programme consisted of eight components which had to be taken as a package and related to specific areas and beneficiary groups. The Rural Electrification programme was one of the components which started in the Fifth Five Year Plan with a target to cover 40 per cent of the rural population under electrification. In the Sixth Five Year Plan, the criterion of population coverage was shifted to ensure that at least 60 per cent of the villages in each State/Union Territory were electrified by 1990. The total cost of the Rural Electrification Programme during 1980-85 was estimated to be Rs. 301 crores—Rs. 160 crores for completing spillover works and Rs. 141 crores for new work.

1.2 The object of the study was to work out inequality in consumption of electricity for domestic use in the electrified villages of the rural sector at the State/UT level. One approach in the measurement of inequality was on the basis of household consumption. This might not only overstate the degree of inequality but might also present a mis-

leading picture of differences of inequality for different states because the underlying units were affected by a shift in the demographic composition on population—Das<sup>(1)</sup> (1978). This might also be true in the case of working out inequality in the consumption of electric power. In the present study various inequality measures were worked out following two approaches—household consumption and individual consumption to bring out the differences in measurement, if any. Efforts were also made to work out specific concentration curve to know the concentration of use of electricity by households as well as by individuals in different expenditure classes. The reasons for non-use of electricity by the households in the electrified villages were also examined. Interstate variations in the intensity of electrification, rate of power and cost of getting service connections in the different States/UT were studied to identify the underlying factors for uneven consumption of electric power on which appropriate measures could be taken up by the concerned authorities to reduce them.

## 2. SOURCE OF DATA

In the present study, the data published in the Vol. IV, Nos. 1 & 2 (July—Oct. 1980) of Sarvekshana on use of electricity for domestic purposes and particulars of pump sets in electrified villages, NSS 31st round (July 1976—June 1977) were used. The distribution of household sizes in different expenditure classes was not done in the 31st round. The data on the household size were taken from the 28th round. The consumer expenditure data collected in the 28th round of NSS (Oct. 1973—June 1974)



and published in the Sarvekshana (Vol, IV Nos. 1 & 2) were used. The data in two publications "Average Tariff Rate & Duties in India" (Vol. 1, Sec. 1, 2, 3) Nov. 1977 Edition, Central Electricity Authority (CEA), ETA & A Directorate and "Economic Census 1977—Basic Amenities in Indian Villages", Department of Statistics, Ministry of Planning were also utilised.

### 3. METHODOLOGY

3.1 Four inequality measures were considered for measuring inequality in use of electricity for domestic purpose in the electrified villages in rural areas. These were Lorenz Ratio (R), Total Disparity Measure (TDM), Relative Mean Absolute Deviation (RMAD) and Theil's Entropy Measure (T). Although these were sensitive in measuring inequality in different income brackets, they were considered to examine the extent they agree each other for measuring inequality in different State/UT. All these inequality measures were worked out in both for household consumption and individual consumption approach. Lorenz Ratio for total consumption inequality in different State/UT—was also worked out. A comparison was also made on the basis of location of Curve of Concentration (CC) and Specific Curve of Concentration (SCC) to find out whether electric power was a necessary, luxury or inferior commodity in rural areas. The average expenditure of households in different expenditure classes were calculated according to the generalized Pareto method as developed by Mahran (2) (1975). The details of the methodology are given in the annex.

3.2 For the purposes of working out various inequalities in the domestic consumption of electricity, per capita expenditure-wise household size for the year 1976-77 was required. As the tabulation of 31st round data did not provide household size in various expenditure classes, it was imperative to obtain this information from any data closer to the 31st round. Detailed information on consumer expenditure was collected in the 32nd round which related to 1977-78—the next 12 month period after the 31st round. The data from this round provided household size in each expenditure class but the expenditure classes in the 32nd round were widely different from the classes of 31st round. Hence the household size from 32nd round could not be used for the purpose. The next closest round to 31st round was 28th round conducted in the year 1973-74. The tabulation had an advantage that the data had been classified according to the per capita expenditure classes which were same as used in the 31st round. Thus the information from 28th round may be suitable for the study. However, before adopting the household sizes from 28th round, it was necessary to examine their suitability because of the price effect which might have substantially changed the location and the dispersion of the distribution. For this purpose, the per capita expenditure distribution from 27th round and 32nd round, which were devoted specifically for collection of information on consumer expenditure, was fitted with a two parameter log-normal distribution. Means, standard deviation in units of logarithm of rupees and coefficient of variation from 27th and 32nd round

were calculated. These were 3.5599, 0.5217, 14.65 per cent and 4.0286, 0.5551, 13.78 per cent respectively. It was observed that the differences in the variance and mean between 27th and 32nd round were not significant. Therefore, this might not substantially effect the distribution of consumer expenditure. The two rounds, 28th and 31st round, are expected to be still closer in the distribution of household size. Thus the household size for each expenditure class from 28th round was used to obtain the distribution of population in 31st round.

### 4. RESULTS

#### 4.1 Estimates of villages electrified and persons benefited

From the NSS Survey of general information on electrification in rural areas during 31st round (July 1976—June 1977), estimate of villages electrified and persons benefited were calculated. The estimates are given in Table 1. It was found that 32.72 per cent of villages were electrified in India by the end of 1976, which covered 57.05 per cent of rural population. All the villages in the States of Tamil Nadu, Punjab and Union Territories of Delhi and Pondicherry were electrified and populations covered under electrification in these States/UTs were 100 per cent. Other than these States/UTs, there were some other States like Haryana and Kerala where 97.80 and 88.92 per cent of villages respectively were electrified with the coverage of 99.27 per cent and 89.85 per cent population respectively by the end of 1976. The poorest in the intensity of electrification of villages was Tripura. The percentage of estimated number of villages electrified was only 4.42 in Tripura with the population coverage of 15.44. Coefficient of variation based on the intensity of electrification of villages and population were 61.92% and 40.71% respectively.

In all the States/UTs, the percentage of population covered under electrification was more than that of villages. It appears that there is a tendency in electrifying more populated villages and this deprived the population living in less populated villages from the facility. This calls for the attention of Rural Electrification Corporation (REC) and State Agencies to see the simultaneous implementation of electrification programme in all the villages and States/UTs irrespective of the population size of villages.

The Economic Census Data—published in "Economic Census 1977—Basic Amenities in Indian Villages" by C.S.O., Deptt. of Statistics, Ministry of Planning, gave the ranking of States/UTs according to intensity of electrification of villages. The ranking of the States/UTs on the intensity as estimated from NSS 31st round data have been compared with the C.S.O. ranking. Intensity of electrification was defined as the percentage of villages electrified/population benefited out of the total village/population in a State/UT. These ranks are given in Col. 5 and Col. 6 of Table 1. There is close matching of ranks from the two sources and the rank correlation (Spearman) comes out to be 0.97 which assures the consistency of the estimates.



TABLE 1 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ELECTRIFIED/POPULATION BENEFITTED AND THEIR RANKS

Sl. No.	State/UT	Village electrified (%)	Population benefitted (%)	Rank according to villages electrified by	
				NSS 31st Round (1976-77)	Economic Census (1977)
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
1.	Andhra Pradesh	49.02	72.62	7	7
2.	Gujarat	35.94	62.15	9	10
3.	Haryana	97.80	99.27	3	1
4.	Himachal Pradesh	41.26	67.75	8	8
5.	Jammu Kashmir	34.96	52.29	10	9
6.	Karnataka	64.68	83.95	5	5
7.	Kerala	88.92	89.85	4	3
8.	Madhya Pradesh	17.36	35.41	13	12
9.	Maharashtra	51.23	75.39	6	6
10.	Orissa	20.37	40.56	12	14
11.	Punjab	100.00	100.00	1.5	2
12.	Rajasthan	14.48	30.71	14	13
13.	Tamil Nadu	100.00	100.00	1.5	4
14.	Tripura	4.42	15.44	16	16
15.	Uttar Pradesh	33.57	52.99	11	11
16.	West Bengal	10.85	27.66	15	15
17.	Delhi*	100.00	100.00		
18.	Goa, Daman Diu*	74.17	96.63		
19.	Pondicherry*	100.00	100.00		
All India		32.72	57.05		

\*Not included for consideration of ranking.

\*\*Source "Economic Census 1977—Basic Amenities in Indian Villages", CSO, Deptt. of Statistics, Ministry of Planning, pp-41, Rank were modified as few states were excluded.

#### 4.2 Inter-State/UT inequality in consumption of electric power (household approach)

Inequality in the use of electric power for domestic purposes by the households in the electrified villages were calculated. The inequalities were calculated by all the four measures and given in Table 2. According to Lorenz Ratio (R)-(Col. 3), it was seen that some States/UTs were showing higher inequality in the use of electric power than that of All India level (0.0458) and other States/UTs were lower inequality as compared to All India. It was interesting to see that for four States/UTs showed negative value of Lorenz Ratio. This was because of the fact that the specific concentration curve (SCC) was lying above the Egaletarian Line and hence the electricity remained an inferior commodity for these States. Of these four States, the Specific Concentration Curves for Tripura was lying absolutely above the Egaletarian Line. For Madhya Pradesh the SCC was lying below the Egaletarian Line (EL) at the lower tail and then crossed the EL at the point where Pj was approximately equal to 0.30 and rest of the SCC were above the

EL. For Delhi, the SCC was very close to EL but it made three loops with the EL where the first loop and the third loop were above the EL whereas the second loop (i.e. the middle one) was below the EL. The SCC was very close to EL for J & K and Meghalaya and crosses EL at some point.

TDM and RMAD revealed the identical features (Col. 5 and Col. 7 respectively). They gave almost the same value of inequality for different States/UTs. According to these measures the highest inequality State in the use of electric power for domestic purposes was Tripura followed by Goa, Daman & Diu, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Bihar and others. For all India the value of TDM and RMAD were 0.0816 and 0.0812 respectively.

According to Theil's measure (Col. 9) the highest inequality in the use of electric power was in the UT of Goa, Daman & Diu (0.0871) followed by Tripura (0.0506), West Bengal (0.0432), Uttar Pradesh (0.0310) and others. The relevant all India value



was (0.0062). The lowest inequality was in the State of J & K (0.0010).

It might be observed from the location of SCC for four states that electricity was an inferior commodity for some sections and essential or luxury commodity for other sections of the population which in practical

economic situation should not had been the case. It appears that consideration of household as consumption unit of electric power for domestic purposes might have provided a misleading picture of inequality, Das (1) (1978) had also indicated for total expenditure inequality through household approach gave a misleading picture of inequality.

TABLE 2 : THE VALUE OF THE STATISTICS R, TDM, RMAD AND T CALCULATED ON THE BASIS OF HH. INCOME AND RANK OF STATES ACCORDING TO THE VALUE.

Sl. No.	State/UT	R		TDM		RMAD		TDM	
		value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.0799	5	0.1382	9	0.1381	10	0.0200	6
2.	Gujarat	0.0445	10	0.0772	15	0.0774	15	0.0067	14
3.	Haryana	0.0780	6	0.1398	8	0.1398	8	0.0140	8
4.	Himachal Pradesh	0.0118	14	0.0698	17	0.0699	17	0.0048	16
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	-0.0091	17	0.0256	20	0.0258	20	0.0010	20
6.	Karnataka	0.0983	3	0.1602	5	0.1600	5	0.0217	5
7.	Kerala	0.0247	13	0.0460	19	0.0460	19	0.0022	19
8.	Madhya Pradesh	-0.0209	19	0.1332	10	0.1330	10	0.0126	10
9.	Maharashtra	0.0628	8	0.0988	11	0.0985	11	0.0110	11
10.	Meghalaya	0.0044	16	0.0726	16	0.0726	16	0.0041	18
11.	Orissa	0.0105	15	0.0820	14	0.0820	14	0.0092	13
12.	Punjab	0.0892	4	0.1485	6	0.1485	6	0.0138	9
13.	Rajasthan	0.0574	9	0.1412	7	0.1411	7	0.0172	7
14.	Tamil Nadu	0.0385	11	0.0630	18	0.0632	18	0.0057	15
15.	Tripura	0.1295	20	0.2824	1	0.2822	1	0.0506	2
16.	Uttar Pradesh	0.1080	2	0.1956	3	0.1954	3	0.0310	4
17.	West Bengal	0.0700	7	0.1844	4	0.1843	4	0.0432	3
18.	Delhi	-0.0130	18	0.0852	13	0.0853	13	0.0045	17
19.	Goa, Daman & Diu	0.1502	1	0.2646	2	0.2636	2	0.0871	1
20.	Pondicherry	0.0325	12	0.0966	12	0.0964	12	0.0098	12
	All India	0.0458		0.0816		0.0812		0.0062	

#### 4.3 Inter-State/UT inequality in consumption of electric power (individual approach)

Here the inequality in the use of electric power for domestic purposes in the electrified villages following individual approach were calculated and given in the Table 3. In this table, Col. 3 gives the Lorenz Ratio (RR) for total consumption in the electrified villages and Col. 5 gives the Lorenz Ratio (R) for use of electric power for domestic purposes. It was revealed that total consumption inequality was more than that of the inequality of use of electric power for domestic purposes in all the States/UTs. The highest total consumption inequality was in the State of Kerala (0.3227), followed by U. P. (0.2763) and W. B. (0.2567). The lowest total consumption inequality was in the State of J & K (0.1420). Inequality in the use of electric power for domestic purposes was highest in U.P. (0.1919), followed by Punjab (0.1724) and Meghalaya (0.1602). There were as many as thirteen States/UTs having higher inequality in use of electric power than that of all-

India. It appeared that a reduction in the inequality of total consumption might reduce the inequality in the consumption of electric power.

TDM and RMAD (in Col. 7 & Col. 9) rank the States/UTs in the same fashion except the States Meghalaya, Rajasthan, Gujarat and Haryana. The highest inequality State in the use of electric power was UP and lowest of that is J & K. Fourteen States/UTs were featuring higher inequality than that of all-India.

Theil's measure (in Col. 11) also confirmed TDM and RMAD in ranking the highest and lowest inequality States UP and J & K respectively. There were only two States show lower inequality than that of all-India.

It was observed that all the Specific Concentration Curves (SCC) were lying in-between Curve of Concentration (CC) and EL. Fig. 3.1 gives the same for all-India only. This implies that the electric power in the consumer's commodity basket was considered to be a necessity.



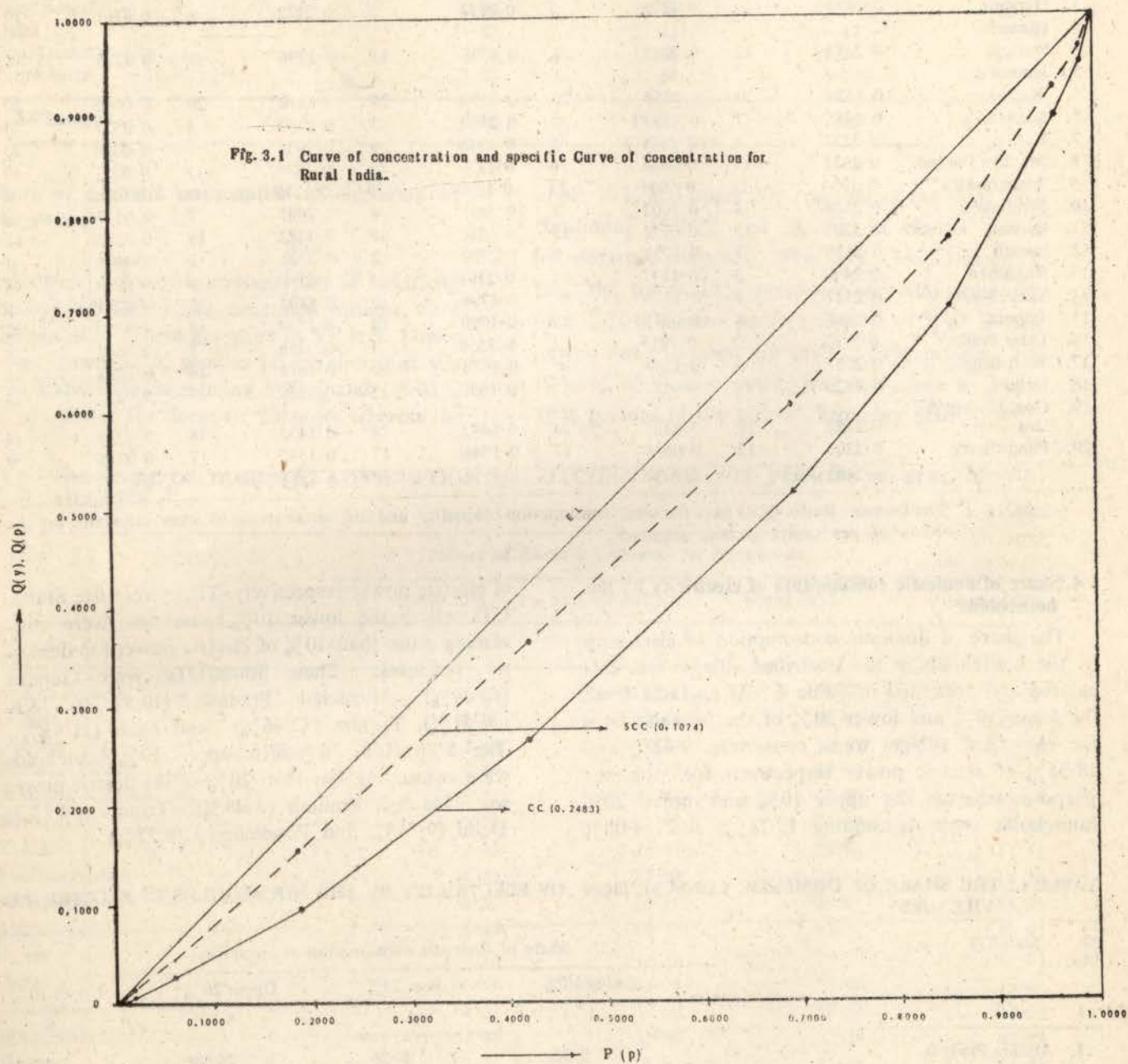




TABLE 3 : THE VALUE AND RANKS OF THE STATISTICS, RR, R, TDM, RMAD AND T

Sl. No.	State/UT	RR		R		TDM		RMAD		T	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.2486	6	0.1299	7	0.1998	8	0.1993	8	0.0466	7
2.	Gujarat	0.2073	17	0.1338	6	0.2212	6	0.2214	5	0.0375	8
3.	Haryana	0.2080	16	0.1272	8	0.2174	7	0.2172	6	0.0361	10
4.	Himachal Pradesh	0.2313	12	0.1025	14	0.1796	13	0.1796	13	0.0275	18
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	0.1420	20	0.0355	20	0.0570	20	0.0572	20	0.0040	20
6.	Karnataka	0.2485	7	0.1574	4	0.2580	3	0.2562	3	0.0527	4
7.	Kerala	0.3227	1	0.1365	5	0.1936	9	0.1935	9	0.0326	13
8.	Madhya Pradesh	0.2335	11	0.0661	16	0.1830	11	0.1834	11	0.0254	19
9.	Maharashtra	0.1954	18	0.1091	13	0.1590	16	0.1589	16	0.0292	1
10.	Meghalaya	0.2228	14	0.1602	3	0.2432	4	0.2097	7	0.0510	5
11.	Orissa	0.2201	15	0.0712	15	0.1386	19	0.1382	19	0.0282	17
12.	Punjab	0.2436	9	0.1724	2	0.2700	2	0.2701	2	0.0490	6
13.	Rajasthan	0.2490	5	0.1137	11	0.2364	5	0.2660	4	0.0361	11
14.	Tamil Nadu	0.2527	4	0.1259	9	0.1798	12	0.1803	12	0.0293	15
15.	Tripura	0.2468	8	0.0515	18	0.1790	14	0.1788	14	0.0353	12
16.	Uttar Pradesh	0.2763	2	0.1919	1	0.3558	1	0.3356	1	0.0862	1
17.	West Bengal	0.2567	3	0.1189	10	0.1874	10	0.1874	10	0.0632	2
18.	Delhi	0.1529	19	0.1114	12	0.1650	15	0.1650	15	0.0577	3
19.	Goa, Daman & Diu	0.2352	10	0.0465	19	0.1432	18	0.1432	18	0.0304	14
20.	Pondicherry	0.2306	13	0.0554	17	0.1546	17	0.1546	17	0.0366	9
	All India	0.2483		0.1074		0.1710		0.1713		0.0273	

NOTE : The Lorenz Ratio (RR) gave the total consumption inequality and the other statistics were calculated on the basis of per capita income approach.

#### 4.4 Share of domestic consumption of electricity by the households

The share of domestic consumption of electricity by the households in the electrified villages was calculated and presented in Table 4. At all-India level, the lower 10% and lower 20% of the households in the electrified villages were consuming 9.42% and 18.35% of electric power respectively for domestic purpose; whereas the upper 10% and upper 20% households were consuming 12.71% and 24.00%

of electric power respectively. There were five States/UTs where the lower 10% households were consuming more than 10% of electric power for domestic purposes. These States/UTs were Gujarat (10.04%), Himachal Pradesh (10.59%), J&K (10.51%), Tripura (12.46%) and Delhi (11.83%). The States/UTs in which upper 10% households were consuming less than 10% of the electric power were Madhya Pradesh (9.49%), Tripura (6.87%), Delhi (9.74%) and Pondicherry (9.77%).

TABLE 4 : THE SHARE OF DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY BY THE HOUSEHOLDS IN ELECTRIFIED VILLAGES

Sl. No.	State/UT	Share of domestic consumption of electricity			
		Lower 10%	Lower 20%	Upper 20%	Upper 10%
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	9.35	18.26	26.79	15.04
2.	Gujarat	10.04	18.91	23.62	11.84
3.	Haryana	8.61	17.85	25.92	12.73
4.	Himachal Pradesh	10.59	25.68	23.37	12.91
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	10.51	21.03	19.91	10.09
6.	Karnataka	8.75	17.16	27.78	14.16
7.	Kerala	8.88	18.43	21.49	10.75
8.	Madhya Pradesh	8.51	18.06	18.98	9.49
9.	Maharashtra	9.18	17.87	23.98	13.13
10.	Meghalaya	9.21	19.64	21.23	11.04



1	2	3	4	5	6
11.	Orissa	9.78	18.55	20.26	11.40
12.	Punjab	8.24	16.65	24.35	12.39
13.	Rajasthan	9.80	19.82	24.80	11.12
14.	Tamil Nadu	9.77	18.64	22.77	12.36
15.	Tripura	12.46	25.78	14.96	6.87
16.	Uttar Pradesh	7.43	15.57	25.87	14.40
17.	West Bengal	8.96	18.86	25.24	16.98
18.	Delhi	11.83	21.41	19.17	9.71
19.	Goa, Daman & Diu	7.79	15.75	32.88	19.97
20.	Pondicherry	7.53	17.54	20.79	9.77
	All India	9.42	18.85	24.00	12.71

#### 4.5 Share of domestic consumption of electricity by the persons

The share of domestic consumption of electricity by the individuals in the electrified villages were worked out also. These are given in Table 5. Lower 10% and lower 20% persons in the electrified villages in India were consuming 8.20% and 16.63% of electric power for domestic purposes whereas the

upper 10% and upper 20% persons of the same were consuming 15.96% and 28.26% of electric power for domestic purposes. Similarly, Goa, Daman & Diu, the upper 10% persons were consuming less than 10% of electric power. Only 5.91% of electric power was consumed by lower 10% persons, but 19.43% of electric power was consumed by upper 10% persons in the highest inequality State U.P.

TABLE 5 : THE SHARE OF DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY BY THE PERSONS IN ELECTRIFIED VILLAGES

Sl. No.	State/UT	Share of domestic consumption of electricity			
		Lower 10%	Lower 20%	Upper 20%	Upper 10%
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	7.89	16.21	29.76	17.92
2.	Gujarat	8.15	15.85	28.95	15.77
3.	Haryana	7.60	16.43	30.01	15.95
4.	Himachal Pradesh	8.46	17.10	27.60	14.51
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	9.21	18.51	21.80	11.38
6.	Karnataka	7.75	15.62	31.29	18.33
7.	Kerala	7.13	14.67	28.89	15.51
8.	Madhya Pradesh	6.83	14.20	24.30	14.02
9.	Maharashtra	8.25	16.27	26.95	16.12
10.	Meghalaya	6.99	14.78	31.36	21.92
11.	Orissa	9.13	17.71	24.17	15.34
12.	Punjab	6.64	13.54	29.66	15.63
13.	Rajasthan	8.61	17.90	28.53	15.08
14.	Tamil Nadu	7.45	15.90	27.78	15.83
15.	Tripura	8.94	16.81	23.74	13.51
16.	Uttar Pradesh	5.91	12.92	33.60	19.43
17.	West Bengal	8.35	17.24	29.17	18.76
18.	Delhi	9.28	17.46	27.53	15.53
19.	Goa, Daman & Diu	7.48	17.29	24.67	8.21
20.	Pondicherry	7.78	16.86	22.55	11.04
	All India	8.29	16.63	28.26	15.96



## 4.6 Average rate of power

The average rate (including Duty/Tax-in Paise/KWh) of power for combined domestic load, pub-

lished in the "Average Tariff Rates & Duties in India" by Central Electricity Authority (CEA) ETA&A Directorate is given in Table 6.

TABLE 6 : ELECTRICITY TARIFF INCLUDING DUTY/TAX FOR COMBINED DOMESTIC LOAD AND COST PER HH FOR GETTING SERVICE CONNECTION

Sl. No.	State/UT	60 KWh/Month		130 KWh/Month		Cost (1976-77 Rs.)
		Tariff in force from	Rate (Paise/KWh)	Tariff in force from	Rate (Paise/KWh)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Andhra Pradesh	20-10-75	40.00	20-10-75	40.00	93.23
2.	Gujarat	—	—	—	—	72.64
3.	Haryana	1-7-76	30.04	1-7-75	25.58	37.91
4.	Himachal Pradesh	1-12-75	27.16	1-12-75	22.23	20.32
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	1-4-76	32.58	1-4-76	35.44	42.69
6.	Karnataka	1-3-76	32.16	1-3-76	21.84	190.96
7.	Kerala	1-7-74	32.33	1-7-74	25.53	57.02
8.	Madhya Pradesh	—	—	—	—	100.72
9.	Maharashtra	—	—	—	—	88.24
10.	Meghalaya	1-1-75	34.00	1-1-75	29.15	286.92
11.	Orissa	1-1-75	28.05	1-1-75	22.47	118.04
12.	Punjab	30-9-75	34.38	30-9-75	30.82	59.05
13.	Rajasthan	—	—	—	—	62.79
14.	Tamil Nadu	9-10-74	35.00	9-10-74	35.00	75.98
15.	Uttar Pradesh	15-5-76	43.00	15-5-76	43.00	164.70
16.	West Bengal	—	—	—	—	157.24
17.	Delhi (DESU)	1-4-76	27.00	1-4-76	27.00	84.19
18.	Delhi (NDMC)	4-7-76	27.00	4-7-76	27.00	82.88
19.	Goa, Daman & Diu	1-4-77	31.16	1-4-77	27.92	110.86
20.	Pondicherry	1-8-74	33.00	1-8-74	31.84	69.10
21.	Tripura	1-3-76	50.00	1-3-76	44.61	

Note : C.V. of column (4)=0.1907, C.V. of column (6)=0.2357, and C.V. of column (7)=0.6096, Column (7) was derived from the 31st round NSS data.

Source : Table No. 3(a) & 3(b), pp. 12 to 15 of "Average Tariff Rates & Duties in India" by Central Electricity Authority (CEA) ETA&A Directorate, (Vol. I, Sec. 1, 2, 3), Nov. 1977 Edition.

It was assumed that in the rural areas people did not have enough financial resources to install separate meters for domestic power consumption. They might be having single meter for both the purposes. The highest rate of power was in the State of Tripura (50.00 paise) and the lowest being in Delhi (27.00 paise) in case of power consumption upto 60 KWh/month. The co-efficient of variation (CV) calculated from this rate of power upto 60 KWh/month was 18.07%. For higher consumption of power (i.e. between 60 KWh/month to 130 KWh/month, the rate was less or same as that for lower consumption. The highest rate in that case was in the State of U.P.

(43.00 paise) and lowest was in Karnataka (21.84 paise). The co-efficient of variation in this case was 23.57%. There was a lot of variation in the cost of getting service connections per household ranging from Rs. 286.92 in Meghalaya to Rs. 37.91 in Haryana. The co-efficient of variation in this case was 60.96%. Rural Electrification Corporation and State Agency might see that the cost of getting service connection in different State/UT is fixed in such a way so that inter-state variations are reduced. They might also subsidise this cost along with the rate of power for the weaker section of rural population.



## 4.7 Distribution of households by reason of non-use

Percentage distribution of households by reason for non-use of electric power is given in Table 7. About 60.72% of households in the electrified villages

in India stated reasons for non-use of electricity as "cannot afford". The reason "efforts made but connection not provided" was stated by 3.89% households. This requires the attention of the REC to see that service connections are made without delay.

TABLE 7: DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY REASON FOR NON-USE OF ELECTRICITY

		(Percentage)				
Sl. No.	State/UT	Cannot afford	Structure not suitable	Efforts made but connection not provided	Cheaper alternative preferred	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Andhra Pradesh	76.65	3.83	0.89	2.89	15.74
2.	Gujarat	63.68	6.39	14.26	0.58	15.09
3.	Haryana	51.81	23.32	0.99	13.61	10.27
4.	Himachal Pradesh	44.13	8.43	32.19	2.43	12.82
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	59.72	3.20	7.23	3.78	26.08
6.	Karnataka	74.64	13.87	2.48	0.67	8.34
7.	Kerala	69.58	5.06	3.26	5.61	16.49
8.	Madhya Pradesh	63.98	7.14	3.83	2.51	22.52
9.	Maharashtra	56.55	9.69	2.21	2.76	28.78
10.	Orissa	76.74	2.08	2.66	1.48	17.04
11.	Punjab	76.30	6.60	3.91	1.71	11.48
12.	Rajasthan	42.28	19.13	5.41	4.24	29.81
13.	Tamil Nadu	83.81	5.03	0.95	3.36	6.85
14.	Tripura	38.66	13.90	15.09	0.48	31.87
15.	West Bengal	32.02	8.33	10.83	3.13	45.68
16.	Uttar Pradesh	33.26	10.74	4.72	10.98	40.30
17.	Delhi	38.11	3.12	1.01	3.74	54.01
18.	Goa, Daman & Diu	59.83	11.50	1.72	3.64	23.31
19.	Pondicherry	94.84	0.35	0.36	2.09	2.37
All India		60.72	8.62	3.89	4.55	22.22

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The authors wish to record the grateful thanks to Dr. S.N. Ray, C.E.O., NSSO and Shri T.R. Puri, former C.E.O., NSSO for providing valuable guidance and encouragement by taking keen interest in the study. Thanks are also due to Dr. T.K. Das Head, Economic Research Unit, Joint Plant Com-

mittee (constituted by the Government of India) for his valuable suggestions which improved the paper considerably. The officers and staff member of the Computer Centre, Department of Statistics also deserve acknowledgement for wholeheartedly providing the computer facility in getting the data analysed.

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## ANNEXURE

The mathematical formulae, for the four inequality measures Lorenz Ratio, Total Disparity Measure, Relative Mean Absolute Deviation and Theil's Entropy Measure, and average expenditure of households in different expenditure classes were calculated according to the generalized Pareto method as developed by Mehran are given below :—

Let there be  $n$  expenditure classes and let  $Y_j$  be the average expenditure of households in the  $j$ -th expenditure class ( $a_j, a_{j+1}$ ) ;  $j = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

For the household in the  $j$ -th expenditure class we define ;

$Y(h)_j$  = Electricity tariff paid per hh.

$f_j$  = No. of households.

$S_j$  = Size of household.

$Y(p)_j = Y(h)_j/S_j$  = Tariff paid per person.

$m(h) = \sum f_j Y(h)_j / \sum f_j$

= Electricity tariff expenditure per hh.

$m(p) = \sum f_j S_j Y(p)_j / \sum f_j S_j$

= Electricity Tariff expenditure per person.

$p(h)_j = f_j / \sum f_j$  = Proportion of household.

$p(p)_j = f_j S_j / \sum f_j S_j$  = Proportion of persons.

$q(y)_j = f_j S_j Y_j / \sum f_j S_j Y_j$

= Proportion of total expenditure of hhs.

$q(h)_j = f_j Y(h)_j / \sum f_j Y(h)_j$

= Share of electricity expenditure by hhs.

$q(p)_j = f_j S_j Y(p)_j / \sum f_j S_j Y(p)_j$

= Share of electricity expenditure by persons.

The corresponding cumulative proportions or share can be defined as

$$P(h)_j = \sum_{i=1}^j p(h)_i ; \quad P(p)_j = \sum_{i=1}^j p(p)_i ;$$

$$Q(y)_j = \sum_{i=1}^j q(y)_i ; \quad Q(h)_j = \sum_{i=1}^j q(h)_i ;$$

$$Q(p)_j = \sum_{i=1}^j q(p)_i$$

The following formulae for measuring inequality were studied :

(a) Lorenz Ratio (R) =  $1 - \sum p_j(Q_j + Q_{j-1})$

(b) Total Disparity Measure (TDM) =  $\sum |p_j - q_j|$ ;

(c) Relative Mean Absolute Deviation (RMAD)

$$= \frac{1}{m} \sum P_j |Y_j - m| ;$$

and (d) Theil's Entropy Measure (T) =  $\sum q_j \log(q_j/p_j)$ .

The average expenditure  $Y_j$ , within the expenditure brackets ( $a_j, a_{j+1}$ ) is given by

$$Y_j = \frac{d}{1+d} \frac{(a_{j+1})^{1+d} - (a_j)^{1+d}}{(a_{j+1})^d - (a_j)^d}$$

where  $d = \frac{\log P_{j+1} - \log P_j}{\log a_{j+1} - \log a_j}$  for rising density

$= \frac{\log(1 - P_{j+1}) - \log(1 - P_j)}{\log a_{j+1} - \log a_j}$  for decreasing density

The computer programme was developed in the Economic Analysis Division of NSSO.



# CONCEPT OF 'WORK' AND ESTIMATES OF 'WORK FORCE'—AN APPRAISAL OF THE TREATMENT OF ACTIVITIES RELATING TO NON-MARKETED OUTPUT

By

PAUL JACOB

(National Sample Survey Organisation\*)

## INTRODUCTION

It is being increasingly felt that the women 'work participation' rates as estimated by the census and the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) do not fully reflect the entire economic contribution made by them. It is known that many women, along with their household chores, carry out a number of activities which bring family gain. Many also participate quite often, though marginally, in the household based enterprises, particularly agriculture. The goods or services produced through these activities are always not marketed. As a result, their participation in such activities, particularly when they are marginal in nature or when carried out along with household chores, go undetected.

Further, even when the participation is detected, one is not sure which activities, among those carried out, are gainful for categorising the persons as 'workers'. There are a number of such activities resulting only in non-marketed output and are mostly carried out by women if these activities are considered gainful, women engaged in such activities will have to be identified as 'workers'. In this context it is important to examine the concept of 'work' as adopted by the census and NSSO, particularly in regard to the activities resulting in non-marketed output. An attempt, therefore, has been made in this paper to critically appraise the concepts adopted in the NSSO employment—unemployment surveys and the census of 1981 for enumeration of 'workers'.

## CONCEPT OF WORK ADOPTED BY NSSO

'Work' or 'employment' is participation in 'gainful activities'. The National Sample Survey Organisation defines 'gainful activity'<sup>1</sup> as the "activity pursued for pay, profit or family gain or in other words, the activity which adds value to the national product".

Elucidating further, it adds—"normally it is an activity which results in production of goods or services for exchange. However, the activities in 'agriculture' in which a part or whole of the agricultural production is used for *own consumption and does not go for sale* are considered 'gainful'. The activities such as prostitution, begging etc. which may result in earnings, are by convention not considered gainful. Execution of household chores or social commitments etc., are also not considered gainful activities".

Gainful activities are of two types, those resulting in marketed output and those resulting in non-marketed output. In principle, all the activities relating to non-marketed output included in the national product should also be considered 'work'. According to the NSSO definitior, all activities in 'agriculture', even if they result only in non-marketed output, will be 'work'. From the NSSO Instruction Manual on 'employment-unemployment' surveys and subsequent clarifications issued, it is clear that the phrase 'activities in agriculture' used in the definition of 'gainful activities' is meant to include all activities in the industry division 'O'. NSSO has been, through its quinquennial surveys on 'employment and unemployment' estimating the 'work force' adopting the above concept of 'work' for classifying the population as 'workers' and 'non-workers'. The past two surveys, the 27th and 32nd rounds have thrown up three different estimates of 'work force' obtained through adoption of three different approaches for classification of the population—the 'usual status', the 'current week status' and the 'current day status' approaches. In the 32nd round, for the usual status approach, a reference period of one year has been used and in that sense, the NSS estimates of usual status 'work force' are almost comparable with the 1981 census estimates. The subsequent discussions,

\*The views expressed are those of the author and not necessarily of the organisation to which he belongs.

1. Glossary of technical terms used in National Sample Survey, Sarvekshana, Vol. III, No. 3 (page 22).



on 'work force', therefore, is restricted to the 'usual status' estimates of 'work force'.

#### ESTIMATES OF 'WORK FORCE' NSS 32ND ROUND AND CENSUS 1981

NSS 32nd round, adopting the 'usual status' approach for classifying the population obtained estimates of two categories of 'workers', (i) those pursuing gainful activities in the principal status (main workers) and (ii) those pursuing gainful activities in the subsidiary status (marginal workers). A person was counted in the first category, if of the three possible broad activity situations—'employment', 'unemployment' and 'not being in the labour force', the first commanded relatively long period during the reference year for the person. A person not so counted as a 'main worker' was counted as a 'marginal worker' if he or she had, during the reference year, pursued some gainful activity more or less regularly, even if it was intermittent in nature.

The census 1981 has also categorised 'workers' into two groups, 'main workers' and 'marginal workers'. 'Main workers' were those who worked at least 183 days during the reference year. A 'marginal worker' was one who had worked *any time* at all but had not worked for 183 days or more during the reference year. Thus the NSS estimates and the census estimates are not comparable in a strict sense, for both the categories of workers—main and marginal. While census had used a very liberal definition for 'marginal work' i.e., working any time at all during the reference year, NSS had stipulated some regularity in the execution of the 'marginal work' for a person to be counted as a 'marginal worker'. It is, therefore, expected that the total work force participation rates (main plus marginal as obtained in the 1981 census should be on the higher side of the corresponding rates obtained from NSS 32nd round. Table (1) below gives the comparative picture.

In spite of the liberal definition used, the census estimates are found to be less than the NSS estimates, particularly in the case of women—both rural and urban among whom, marginal or casual participation in the activities of household based enterprises is known to be very common and predominant compared to men. It appears, therefore, that perhaps the census could not fully capture this phenomenon of marginal or casual participation among women.

#### CONCEPT OF 'WORK' ADOPTED BY CENSUS 1981

In this context, it is worth examining the concept of 'work' adopted in the census, particularly in regard to non-marketed output. In the Instruction Manual for census of India 1981, 'work' is defined as participation in any economically productive activity (para 76, page 45). Elucidating the concept of 'work' with a view to emphasising certain important points for the benefit of the enumerators (para 79 VI & VII, pages 47-48) the Manual says:

"An adult woman, who is engaged in household duties but doing no other productive work to augment the family's resources should not be considered as 'working'. If, however, in addition to her household work, she engages herself on work such as *rice pounding for sale or wages* or in domestic services for wages for others or minding cattle for wages, or selling fire wood or making and selling cow dung cakes or grass etc. or any other work like cultivation etc. should be treated as 'working'.

A man or woman who is doing household duties may be producing or making some thing *only for the domestic consumption* of the household *and not for sale*. Such a person is not a 'worker' even though from his or her point of view the activity is productive".

Table (1) : Work participation rates (main & marginal) as obtained from NSS 32nd round and census 1981

agency	rural			urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
NSS 32nd round <sup>2</sup>	55.24	33.12 (34.90)	44.41	50.78	15.61	34.08
Census <sup>3</sup> 1981	54.32	23.89 (23.18)	39.46	49.70	10.64	31.41

2. Report on the second quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment, Sarvekshana, Vol. V, Nos. 1 & 2 (The work participation rates have been recalculated taking the total population as base so as to correspond with the census estimates.) NSS estimates include Assam.

3. Provisional population totals, workers and non-workers, Census of India, 1981, series 1, paper 3, Census estimates exclude Assam.

Note :—Figures in parenthesis indicate the rural women work participation rates excluding Assam for NSS 32nd round and the comparable figures for census 1981 excluding Assam (census estimates are based on : Census of India 1981, Series 1 India, Part IIB (i) Primary Census Abstract, General Population released in October, 1983).



From the above, it appears that any activity other than cultivation relating to industry division 'O' resulting in non-marketed output is not considered 'gainful' by census. For example, minding the livestock etc. is not considered 'work' unless it is done for wages or probably the livestock products obtained are sold. Similarly, collection of agricultural products like grass etc. for own use is also not considered 'work'. The NSS on the other hand, considered these activities gainful. Such activities are generally carried out by women and are marginal in nature. Exclusion of persons engaged in such marginal activities from 'work force' by census may account for at least a part of the difference observed in the women 'work force' participation rates as obtained from NSS 32nd round and census 1981. In the case of rural women, the difference between the NSS estimates and census estimates of work-force participation rates, for all-India excluding Assam is a little over 11 per cent. The crucial point is, how much of this difference can be accounted for by the conceptual difference on the definition of 'work' resulting in non-marketed output in the primary sector as adopted by NSS and census.

A special tabulation of NSS 32nd round data<sup>4</sup> giving the three digit industrial distribution of rural women marginal workers for all India excluding Assam has shown that the proportion of rural women marginal workers in industry division 01-06 (covering Plantations, Livestock producing, Agricultural Services, Hunting, trapping and game propagation, foresting and logging and fishing) is only 2.94 per cent of the rural female population. Rice pounding and similar activities of processing of primary products for home consumption only, can also be considered gainful. The proportion of marginal workers in this industry division (20—manufacture of food products) account for only 0.04 per cent of the rural female population.

In all therefore, Marginal Workers in the activities likely to be potentially excluded from census but included in NSS account for about 3 per cent of the all India rural women population. Even if one takes the extreme view that census enumerations could have excluded the rural women 'main workers' engaged in the activities relating to industry division 01-06, only for home consumption from the total rural female work force, this proportion accounts for only 2 per cent of the rural all India female population. Thus, due to conceptual difference, the upper limit of the difference between the two estimates can

only be about 5 per cent. Nearly 6 per cent of the observed difference between the census and NSS estimates of Rural women work-force participation rates, therefore, remains unexplained.

In this context one has to bear in mind that deep probes have to be exercised in eliciting necessary information regarding the gainful activities pursued by rural women for family benefits, side by side and along with their traditional duties in the execution of household chores. In a large scale operation like census enumeration, the scope of collection of data through such deep probes is very much limited, whereas, sample surveys like those carried out by NSS with trained permanent investigating staff have all the advantage for eliciting more factual information. Thus, the mode of enquiry carried out by the two agencies probably may also explain part of the observed difference.

#### NATIONAL PRODUCT AND WORK FORCE

In the recent years, doubts have been raised in many quarters whether all the activities resulting in non-marketed output accounted for in the national product are considered in arriving at the count of workers. This issue has been high lighted, particularly in the context of the estimates of women 'work-force'. It is known that many women, particularly in the rural areas, carry out certain activities which cover economic benefits on their households along with their normal household duties. Some of such activities are not considered gainful. Some of them, though gainful in the strict sense, are not identified separately, as they get mixed up with their household chores. There is a third category of activities whose output gets included in the national product, but one is not sure whether a person engaged in such activities should straight-away be categorised as a 'worker'.

Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) in a special article<sup>5</sup> "Output and employment in the non-marketed sector", explains that the entire non-marketed output is covered in the national product both as per international recommendations as well as Indian practice and felt that the census 1981, with its liberal definition of 'work' could arrive at the 'work force' reasonably corresponding to the total national product. As regards NSS 32nd round, CSO felt that, with the data on participation of women primarily engaged in house chores, in activities deriving economic benefits for their households, one could, if needed, adjust the estimates of work force to correspond to national product. These explanations by CSO probably need a critical appraisal.

4. This tabulation has been undertaken for Planning Commission and the results are released through NSS report No. 315 "Key result of last three quinquennial NSS enquiries on employment and unemployment."

5. Monthly Abstract of Statistics, Volume 36, No. 1 (January 1983).



### PROCEDURE FOR INCLUSION OF NON-MARKETED OUTPUT IN THE NATIONAL PRODUCT

CSO, in this article, has outlined the procedure adopted for inclusion of a few non-marketed activities in the national product as :—"In the case of agriculture, a considerable proportion of production is consumed at home by the producer households, and a part is paid as wages in kind and these components do not reach the market. But according to the estimation procedure adopted for this sector the entire output whether marketed or consumed at home or paid in wages is evaluated while estimating the output from this sector. The estimates of livestock products consisting of *milk, milk products, meat and meat products, hides and skins, eggs and poultry products* etc. are prepared on the basis of estimates of number of productive animals and production per animal. Thus, the entire output whether marketed or *consumed at home* is included in the national income. *The activity of adding further value to a part of milk by its conversion to ghee, butter and lassi by the producers* is accounted for by using the norms of conversion to total production and then valuing the fluid milk, ghee, butter and lassi at their producers' prices. In the case of other unorganised, *non-marketed* household and non household enterprises like trade, transport, traditional manufacturing establishments and community and personal services also care has been taken to include the total output. Similarly the output of construction includes *own account construction* undertaken by various enterprises and households."

It is obvious that to have an estimate of work-force corresponding to the national product as defined above a person carrying out any of the above activities relating to non-marketed output, should also be counted as a 'worker'. 'Work', therefore, has to be defined so as to include these activities also. Then only, adoption of any liberal definition with respect to time will net in the 'work-force', persons marginally or even nominally engaged in the activities relating to non-marketed output included in the national product. One has to in this context examine the treatment of such activities in the census and NSS in defining the 'work' for adoption in the survey enumeration.

### TREATMENT OF ACTIVITIES RESULTING IN NON-MARKETED OUTPUT INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL PRODUCT

In the case of agriculture census instruction is specific that cultivation should be treated as 'work'. Cultivation may include say both the industry major groups 00 & 01 i.e., agricultural production and

plantations. The NSS also has considered any activity relating to cultivation as 'work'. In the case of 'livestock production' census *did not consider 'minding cattle' as work unless it was done for wages* or say, at least a part of the products obtained were for sale. The NSS on the other hand treated any activities relating to livestock production as 'work' even if the entire products obtained were used for home consumption only. According to CSO the activity of adding further value to a part of milk by its conversion to ghee, butter and lassi by producers is accounted in the national income even if these products are not marketed but consumed by the producers only. Neither the census nor the NSS considered such an activity as 'work'. For example a woman engaged in conversion of home grown milk into milk products like ghee, butter, lassi etc. for own consumption is not a 'worker' according to both the census and NSS. She is, of course considered a worker only if at least a portion of the products are for sale. It may be noted that in the current NSS pilot survey on Income and Savings, also the increase in value due to conversion of home grown milk into milk products like ghee, butter, etc. is considered 'income' only when the output is meant for sale.

Similarly processing of food grains like 'husking of paddy', preparation of 'gur', preparation of other livestock products like meat and meat products, hides and skins etc. for home consumption only, are not considered 'work' by Census and also probably by NSS. In the NSS, however, some provision was made in its survey to assess the extent of participation of women in certain such activities resulting in economic benefits to the households.

In the non-agricultural sector an activity is considered 'work' only if the entire or a part of the goods or services produced are marketed. Activities resulting only in non-marketed output are not 'work'. For instance a woman who makes the entire garments for her household is not considered 'working' though she may consider her garment making activity as productive. On the other hand, a woman who makes garments for wages will be considered 'working' also during the period when she makes the garments required for the household. Thus, in this sector, there is a one to one correspondence between the 'employment, and non-marketed output included in the national product.

In the case of 'own account construction', it is doubtful whether the NSS and for that matter also the census consider a person, say, a casual wage labour or a house wife as a 'worker' for the



period he or she participates in the construction activities.

### CONCLUSION

It may be concluded that the definition of 'work' as adopted in the census 1981 or NSS 32nd round, does not cover all the activities relating to non-marketed output included in the National product. Without a definition of 'work' which includes the relevant activities any liberal relaxation with respect only to time may achieve full correspondence between employment and non-marketed output included in the national product. In this context one has to keep in view that for some of these activities the time spent will be very nominal. They are carried out as a part of household chores, particularly by women resulting in non-detection of them unless very deep probes are effected in the survey. Further one may consider whether a simple count of persons with marginal or nominal participation in activities relating to all

the non-marketed output without a picture of the actual intensity of labour input will be very meaningful at all or not. Any attempt to enumerate such person should separately identify them with their proper labels so that their correspondence with the national product can meaningfully be understood particularly when the contribution to the national product from the non-marketed sector is not separately estimated. The whole issue however, needs a very critical and thorough examination.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I am grateful to Dr. S.N. Ray for inspiring me to prepare this paper. I am also very grateful to Prof. S.D. Tendulkar and Prof. Sundaram of Delhi School of Economics for giving valuable comments for revising the paper. I am deeply indebted to Prof. Sundaram who took great personal interest and specially worked out some results giving their full implications which he kindly permitted to be used in the revision of the paper.



PART II :  
SURVEY RESULTS

A REPORT ON  
THE THIRD QUINQUENNIAL SURVEY  
ON CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

*National Sample Survey :*  
*Thirty-eighth round (January-December 1983)*



## [FOREWORD]

Over the last three and a half decades, the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) has been engaged in collection of essential statistics through sample surveys. The primary objectives of the surveys were to fill in the data gaps for the purpose of National Income estimation and to provide estimates of key statistics required for the formulation of national Five Year Plans.

2. In earlier years Consumer Expenditure had been a regular subject of enquiry in every NSS round. The NSSO provided a long series of data through household consumer expenditure surveys from its first round of enquiry in 1950 to the 28th round conducted during 1973-74. Various other socio-economic enquiries of topical interest had also been made by the NSS during these survey rounds. Except for minor modifications in the schedule of enquiry, the basic concepts and the methods of data collection remained almost the same throughout this period.

3. In early seventies it was decided that to accommodate the growing needs of data on different topics, no subject of enquiry would be repeated in every round. It was also decided that surveys on consumer expenditure would be repeated once every five years. The Consumer Expenditure survey of 1972-73 was the first to be conducted under this changed program and it has since been repeated at quinquennial intervals in 1977-78 (NSS 32nd Round) and in 1983 (NSS 38th Round). To meet some a hoc requirement, a Consumer Expenditure survey was also conducted in 1973-74 (NSS 28th round).

4. During January to December 1983, the survey period of the N.S.S. 38th round, about 8,700 villages and 4,570 urban blocks were covered. To meet the urgent requirements of the Planning Commission for the formulation of the Seventh Five Year Plan, some sets of preliminary tables containing the results based on data collected during the first six months of the survey period from about one half of the sample villages and urban blocks, were provided to the Planning Commission by the end of August 1984. It is worth noting that these tables were made available to the Planning Commission within eight months of the completion of field work of the survey. Processing of the data collected in the later half of the survey period required

some more times. However, the tables based on full round of the survey data were made available to the Planning Commission in March 1985.

5. Early in 1985 it was decided by the Governing Council that the results of the 1983 consumer expenditure survey (NSS 38th round) should be published for wider use in the country by middle of 1985. This first report on consumer expenditure survey of the 38th round of the NSS is now being published, within eighteen months of the completion of the field enquiry, in compliance with the decision of the Governing Council. In its present form this report is based on data collected from 75,913 households in 7,799 sample villages and from 41,983 households in 4,327 sample blocks. I am indeed happy that the results of the 38th round (1983) are being released for public consumption with minimum delay possible in the present state of large scale data processing facilities available in the country.

6. This creditable achievement has been the outcome of intense and coordinated efforts of the member of the Governing Council and all divisions of the NSS Organisation. The Working Group on the NSS 38th Round Survey, comprising of expert members of the Governing Council, NSS functionaries and other experts among other things drew up as streamlined tabulation programme, which could be expeditiously implemented to provide essential data to the Planning Commission within a very short period of time.

7. The fullest cooperation and understanding between the NSSO data Processing Division and the Computer Centre hastened up the pretabulation validation work of the data. A group of officers working under Dr. S.N. Ray the then Executive Director of the Computer Centre, Department of Statistics, made special efforts for generating the tables in quick time. This praiseworthy performance has my full appreciation.

8. At current prices the average monthly per capita consumer expenditure was Rs. 112 and Rs. 164 at the all India level in 1983 (NSS 38th round) for the rural and urban areas respectively. The percentage of expenditure on food to total expenditure was 66 in the rural and 59 in the urban sector. At the all India level, the concentration ratio of total consumer expenditure was 0.297 for the rural and 0.325 for urban sector? Besides the results presented in this



report other results of NSS thirteenth round consumer expenditure survey would be released through a series of reports. These reports would contain the tables on average per capita per month quantity and value of cereals consumed, level of intake of essential nutrients, housing condition, consumption pattern of different groups of population etc. with monthly per capita expenditure level as the main classificatory character.

9. This report is the outcome of the coordinated team work of the members of the Governing Council and all the functional divisions of the National Sample Survey Organisation. Shri T.R. Puri, the then Chief Executive officer and Joint Secretary, Department of Statistics used his administrative and technical

skills to achieve purposeful cooperation. The Survey Design and Research Division prepared the sample design, drew the survey schedules and prepared the report, the Fields Operations Division did the field work of the survey with usual dedication and the Data processing Division processed the data for tabulation.

10. I am happy to take this opportunity to record my appreciation of this neat work done in a short time by the NSSO and many private experts who laboured hard for sheer love of having scientific data in time.

New Delhi  
Dt. 1-11-1985

B. S. MINHAS  
Chairman Governing Council  
National Sample Survey Organisation



## 1. INTRODUCTION

1.0 Data on household consumer expenditure were being collected in every round of the National Sample Survey (NSS) beginning from the first round which started in October, 1950 through the 28th round (1973-74). After the 26th round of the survey the Governing Council of NSSO decided that the survey on consumer expenditure and on Employment & Unemployment, be undertaken together once in every five years beginning from the 27th round. Thus, the first quinquennial survey on consumer expenditure was conducted in the 27th round (Sept. 1972-Oct. 1973). To meet some specific ad hoc requirements, a survey on consumer expenditure was also conducted in the 28th round, outside this quinquennial programme. The present report has been prepared from the data collected during the 38th round, that is, the third quinquennial survey on consumer expenditure, carried out during the period January-December 1983.\*

1.1 In this report some of the basic results of the survey have been presented. Incidentally it may be mentioned that in this round the Rural Labour Enduiry (RLE) was integrated with the expenditure survey as per decision of the Governing Council. The present report, however, does not contain separate estimates relating to the rural labour households.

1.2 The field work of the thirtieth round started in January 1983 and continued upto December 1983 covering a period of one complete year. The reference period for collection of data on consumer expenditure was 30 days preceding the date of survey. The estimates presented in the report, therefore, broadly relate to the period December 1982 to December 1983.

1.3 The geographical coverage of the survey was the entire Indian Union excluding Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and rural areas of Nagaland.

1.4 The survey covered about 1 lakh 18 thousand households spread over 7799 villages and 4327 blocks.

1.5 In this round all the states and Union territories (included in the geographical coverage) except

Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadar & Nagar Haveli and Laksha dweep participated in the survey on at least equal matching basis. The results presented in this report are based on central sample data.

## 2. CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

2.1 The concepts and definitions followed in the consumer expenditure enquiry continue to remain broadly the same as in earlier rounds. Some of these concepts and definitions are explained below.

### *Household :*

2.2. *Household:* A household is a group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen. A boarding house, a hotel or a hostel is treated as a cluster of households, where each individual boarder (with his dependents or guests) forms a separate household. Households maintained and fed directly by government, such as those in prisons, police quarters, cantonments, hospitals, asylums, relief camps are, however, excluded from the scope of the survey.

2.3 *Household Member :* Any person who is a normal resident of the sample household is considered to be member of the household. Household members are grouped into three categories viz., adult male, adult female and child. One who has already attained the age of 15 (in completed years) is considered as an adult.

2.4 *Household size :* The total number of members (as defined above) in a household is considered to be the size of the household.

2.5 **HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE :** Consumer expenditure comprises all expenditure incurred by the household, exclusively on domestic account, including consumption out of home-grown produce or transfer receipts like gift, loan etc. The expenditure on household enterprise is excluded from consumer expenditure. While consumption out of transfer receipts is included, transfer payments of all kinds (loans, gifts, charities, monetary as well as in kind like grain loan etc.) are excluded.

The results of the NSS 27th and 28th round of survey on Consumer Expenditure were published in *Sarvekshana Vol. II, No. 3* and *Vol. I, No. 1* respectively.



Expenditure on purchase and construction of residential houses are considered to be expenses on capital account and hence are excluded from the consumer expenditure; but the expenditure towards maintenance of residential building is included in the consumer expenditure of the household. Monetary value of food articles consumed during the reference period is taken to represent consumer expenditure on food articles. For semi-durable and durable goods, the actual expenditure incurred towards purchase of these articles acquired during the reference period is considered as the consumer expenditure of the articles. For items of clothing & foot-wear there is a slight departure from earlier round. Monetary value of articles acquired and brought into first use during the reference period is taken as the consumer expenditure on the articles concerned.

**2.6 Reference period:** The reference period for collection of data on all items of consumer expenditure is last 30 days (ending on the day preceeding the date of enquiry). In addition for items of clothing & footwear, durable goods and some items of miscellaneous goods & services, data have been collected for a reference period of last 365 days also. The results presented in this report are based on data of 30 days reference period only.

### 3. EXPLANATORY NOTES ON TABLES

**3.1** The report contains two distinct types of tables for each state and union territory of India as

also for all India. Separate sets of tables are presented for the rural and urban areas. The contents of the tables are described below.

**3.2** Table 1 series give the distribution of (i) no. of sample households, (ii) percentage of estimated no. of households, persons, and (iii) average household size (adult male, adult female and children) by monthly per capita expenditure classes.

**3.3** Table 2 series give value of consumption of broad groups of items per person for a period of 30 days by monthly per capita expenditure classes. Estimates are given for 19 broad groups of items. The groups are (1) cereals; (2) gram; (3) cereal substitutes; (4) pulse and products; (5) milk and products; (6) edible oil; (7) meat, egg and fish; (8) vegetables; (9) fruits and nuts; (10) sugar; (11) salt; (12) spices; (13) beverages and refreshments; (14) pan, tobacco & intoxicants; (15) fuel and light; (16) clothing; (17) foot-wear; (18) miscellaneous goods and services (including rents and taxes); and (19) durable goods. Apart from this, estimates on (20) rents and (21) taxes have been shown separately also. The results are presented also for (i) food-total; (ii) non-food total and (iii) total consumer expenditure.

**3.4 Monthly per capita expenditure classes :** Estimates have been given by monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees, arranged in ascending order of magnitude. The expenditure levels are grouped into the following 14 classes :-

Sl. no.	monthly per-capita expenditure classes (in rupees)	Sl. no.	monthly per capita expenditure classes (in rupees)
(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
1.	0—30	8.	100—125
2.	30—40	9.	125—150
3.	40—50	10.	150—200
4.	50—60	11.	200—250
5.	60—70	12.	250—300
6.	70—85	13.	300 & above
7.	85—100	14.	all expenditure classes

Note : The groups 0-30, 30-40 etc. stand for Rs. 0 to less than Rs. 30/-, Rs. 30/-, to less than Rs. 40/- and so on.

**3.5** For convenience of reference the table numbers have been coded—the digit to the left of the decimal point refers to the nature of information and the

digits to the right refer to the state/union territory, followed by R for rural tables and U for urban tables.



The code numbers assigned to the states union territories are as follows:-

0. All-India
1. Andhra Pradesh
2. Assam
3. Bihar
4. Gujarat
5. Haryana
6. Himachal Pradesh
7. Jammu & Kashmir
8. Karnataka
9. Kerala
10. Madhya Pradesh
11. Maharashtra
12. Manipur
13. Meghalaya
14. Nagaland
15. Orissa
16. Punjab
17. Rajasthan
18. Sikkim
19. Tamil Nadu
20. Tripura
21. Uttar Pradesh
22. West Bengal
23. Andaman & Nicobar Islands
- \*24. Arunachal Pradesh
25. Chandigarh
26. Dadar & Nagar Haveli
27. Delhi
28. Goa, Daman & Diu
- \*29. Lakshadweep
30. Mizoram
31. Pondicherry

#### 4. SAMPLING DESIGN AND ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

4.1 *Broad design*: The sampling design adopted in the survey was a stratified two stage one with census villages in the rural areas and NSSO urban frame survey blocks in the urban areas as first stage units and households as second stage units. The sample villages were selected with probability proportional to size and with replacement in the form of two independent interpenetrating samples (IPNS). Sample blocks were selected with equal probability also in the form of two IPNS. The sample households in the second stage (ten from each first stage unit) were selected circular systematically after arranging all the households of the first stage units in a specified manner.

4.2 *Survey period and sub round formation*: The survey was started in the month of January 1983 and was completed in December 1983. The entire survey period of one year was divided into four sub-rounds each of three months duration

coinciding approximately with the four agricultural seasons. The four sub-round periods were:

sub round	1	: January —March	1983
sub round	2	: April —June	1983
sub-round	3	: July —September	1983
sub-round	4	: October —December	1983

The samples were equally distributed over the four sub-rounds in a manner so as to provide equally valid estimates for each of the related sub-round period.

4.3 *Estimation procedure*: The estimation procedure adopted in 38th round is based on a weighted sum of the sample values. Denoting by  $\hat{Y}$  the un-biased estimate of  $Y$  (the state total of any variate), it is given by:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_i \frac{D_{si} e_{si}}{P_{si}} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij}$$

for the rural sector and

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_i D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij}$$

for the urban sector, where,

$s, i$  and  $j$  are suffixes for stratum, village/urban block and household respectively.

$P_s, N_s$  and  $n_s$  give the stratum values of population number of villages/blocks in frame and number of sample villages/blocks respectively.

$D_{si}, e_{si}, P_{si}$  stand respectively for, number of hamlet groups/sub-blocks formed, number of census villages contained in a larger revenue village actually surveyed and the population of the sample village:

$H_{si}$  and  $h_{si}$  stand for the total numbers of households listed and number of sample households and finally  $y_{sij}$  is the observed value of the variate for a sample household.

Estimates of ratio of two characteristics is given by the ratio of the estimates of their aggregates.

#### 5. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

5.1 In this section some important findings are presented to give a broad comparative picture of the consumption pattern of the households.

\*Arunachal Pradesh and Lakshadweep are not represented in the present report as the estimates for them were not available.



5.2 *Pattern of consumer expenditure* : In what follows, the pattern of consumer expenditure has been studied under three different aspects. Firstly, the change in pattern over rounds at quinquennial intervals has been discussed followed by presenting a comparative picture of the total consumer expenditure by states. Lastly the pattern of consumer expenditure at all India level under different monthly per capita expenditure classes has been studied for the current round.

(i) *Consumer expenditure over time* : The consumer expenditure on broad groups of items and their percentage to total consumer expenditure are presented in Tables (1) and (2) at all India level for the four NSS rounds 22, 27, 32 and 38. These four annual surveys were carried out, during July 67 - June 68, October 72—September 73, July 77—June 78 and January—December 1983 respectively. The last three surveys were in the NSS quinquennial survey programme while the NSS 22nd round has been selected from the earlier annual NSS survey programme to demonstrate the improvement in consumer expenditure pattern at the end of successive quinquennial.

On looking at these estimates it is found that the expenditures of all the items have increased over the round\* beginning from the 22nd round for both the rural and urban areas as may be expected due to the price-rise, in general. Thus the consumer expenditure on total food has risen from Rs. 26 in 22nd round to Rs. 32 in 27th round to Rs. 44 in 32nd round to Rs. 74 in 38th round in the rural areas. The corresponding rise in urban areas has been from Rs. 30 in 22nd round to Rs. 41 in 27th round to Rs. 58 in 32nd round to Rs. 97 in 38th round. In terms of percentage, there has been a substantial fall in the proportion of expenditure on cereals over the 5 year range from 45 percent in 22nd round to 41 percent in 27th round to 33 percent in 32nd round to 32 percent in 38th round. The corresponding figures for urban areas are 25 percent, 21 percent, 21 percent and 19 percent. In the food group the items attracting more expenditure are milk and milk products, pulses, vegetables and edible oil in both the rural and urban areas. It may be noted however, that while in general, there is a fall in percentage expenditure on the items of food for vegetables, fruits and nuts and meat, fish and egg, there is rise in the percentage expenditure over rounds. NSS 22nd and 27th rounds approximately centre around 1970 and the other two rounds around 1980. The results thus indicate a perceptible fall in the proportion

of expenditure on cereals and total food from 1970 to 1980, it remained almost the same over the whole period for milk and milk products, and the proportion of expenditure on fuel and light, clothing, miscellaneous goods and services and on durable goods appear to have gone up during 1970 to 1980. These observed differentials over time need not necessarily be considered as real. The differentials in the movement in price of different commodities over time might have influenced their pattern.

(ii) *Consumer expenditure over states* : The total consumer expenditure for rural and urban areas separately is presented in Table (3) for the states and union territories. In the rural sector states reporting very high consumer expenditure are Delhi (Rs. 217.14) followed by Punjab (Rs. 170.52) Goa, Daman & Diu (Rs. 169.11). Andaman & Nicobar Islands (Rs. 156.24) and Himachal Pradesh (Rs. 150.81) against the national average of Rs. 112.42. And those reporting very low expenditure are Dadra & Nagar Haveli (Rs. 93.05), Bihar (Rs. 93.75), Pondicherry (Rs. 96.01), Orissa (Rs. 98.75), Uttar Pradesh (Rs. 104.49) and West Bengal (Rs. 104.59.) In the urban sector states reporting high consumer expenditure are Chandigarh (Rs. 288.30), Himachal Pradesh (Rs. 258.62), Delhi (Rs. 228.81), Sikkim (Rs. 223.27), and Goa, Daman & Diu (Rs. 222.45) against the national average of Rs. 164.03. On the other hand states where the total consumer expenditure is comparatively low are Uttar Pradesh (Rs. 135.48) Manipur (Rs. 138.25) Bihar (Rs. 138.53) Madhya Pradesh (Rs. 144.87) Orissa (Rs. 151.42).

(iii) *Consumer expenditure by monthly per capita expenditure classes* : Consumer expenditure as percentage to total expenditure by broad groups of items has been presented at the all India level, separately for the rural (Table 4) and urban (Table 5) areas. The average expenditure on food for these two areas are found to be 66 percent and 59 percent respectively. The percentage expenditure on cereals and salt and spices is found to fall gradually with the rise in expenditure class. All other items of food show an increasing trend in the beginning at least and in some cases fall after certain expenditure level. The percentage expenditure in pulse, oil and vegetables show an increasing tendency upto the expenditure class 100-125 after which it gradually decreases. For other items like milk, meat, egg & fish; fruits and nuts and bever-

\*Observed break in the trend for some items in NSS 32nd round might not be real. These results are provisional and require some basic checks and detailed scrutiny.



ages & refreshments, the percentage expenditure goes on increasing with the rise in expenditure class. The same can also be said of sugar but for urban areas, its percentage share declines from the expenditure class 125-150.

For non-food items, the proportion of expenditure on clothing, miscellaneous goods and services and durable goods has an increasing trend throughout whereas for fuel and light, it is just the opposite. The percentage expenditure on intoxicants goes on increasing till it reaches the expenditure class of Rs. 50-60, after which it begins to fall in rural areas, but for the urban areas it shows a continuously decreasing trend.

The different patterns of percentage of expenditure on different consumed items over monthly per capita expenditure classes in generally due to the variability

of demand elasticity of different commodities over expenditure classes. Demand being relatively inelastic for cereals and salt, their share to total expenditure should naturally decline. Similarly, one would spend more on less essential and luxury items if there is money to spare. The demand for such commodities would be highly elastic. The rising proportion of expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services and on durable goods, over expenditure classes clearly brings out this consumption behaviour and relatively higher elasticity of demand of those commodities.

5.3. *Concentration ratio of total consumer expenditure* :—The concentration ratio of total consumer expenditure, for the calendar year 1983, at all India level, has been found to be 0.2966 for rural and 0.3253 for urban.



TABLE (1) : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY ROUNDS.

ALL-INDIA		rural				urban			
Srl. no.	item	38th round 1983	32nd round 77-78	27th round 72-73	22nd round 67-68	38th round 1983	32nd round 77-78	27th round 72-73	22nd round 67-68
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	total cereals	36.31	22.59	17.92	15.16	31.85	19.66	14.77	11.35
2.	gram	0.29	0.29	0.25	0.28	0.31	0.24	0.20	0.14
3.	cereal substitutes	0.21	0.23	0.24	0.28	0.13	0.10	0.08	0.07
4.	pulses	3.96	2.63	1.89	1.47	5.29	3.43	2.16	1.68
5.	milk and milk products	8.45	5.29	3.22	2.47	15.15	9.16	5.91	4.21
6.	edible oil	4.53	2.46	1.55	0.97	7.94	4.46	3.07	1.83
7.	meat, egg and fish	3.40	1.84	1.09	0.80	5.92	3.33	2.07	1.45
8.	vegetables	5.30	2.60	1.59	1.09	8.17	4.23	2.77	1.86
9.	fruits and nuts	1.56	0.77	0.45	0.30	3.46	1.88	1.27	0.82
10.	sugar	3.16	1.82	1.66	1.31	4.03	2.54	2.28	1.61
11.	salt & spices	2.83	2.09	1.23	0.90	3.51	2.55	1.44	1.09
12.	beverage & refreshments	3.72	1.72	1.07	0.80	11.21	6.09	4.82	3.71
13.	food-total	73.73	44.33	32.16	25.83	96.07	57.67	40.84	29.82
14.	pan, tobacco, intoxicants	3.36	1.99	1.36	0.98	4.01	2.34	1.75	1.21
15.	fuel and light	7.92	4.13	2.49	1.88	11.36	6.17	3.57	2.56
16.	clothing	9.66	5.99	3.09	1.82	12.52	6.78	3.34	2.05
17.	foot-wear	1.11	0.51	0.23	0.18	1.80	0.59	0.26	0.21
18.	misc. goods and services	14.10	7.12	3.89	2.69	33.68	14.05	12.17	8.95
19.	durable goods	2.55	4.82	0.95	0.02	3.69	8.55	1.40	0.02
20.	non-food total	38.71	24.56	12.01	7.57	67.06	38.48	22.49	15.00
21.	total expenditure	112.45	68.89	44.17	33.40	164.03	96.15	63.33	44.82
22.	average size of households	5.21	5.22	5.22	5.25	4.85	4.89	4.72	4.75



TABLE (2) : CONSUMER EXPENDITURE AS PERCENTAGE TO TOTAL CONSUMER EXPENDITURE BY BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS AND BY ROUNDS.

## ALL-INDIA

srl. no.	item	rural				urban			
		38th round 1983	32nd round 77-78	27th round 72-73	22nd round 67-68	38th round 1983	32nd round 77-78	27th round 72-73	22nd round 67-68
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	total cereals	32.30	32.78	40.58	45.39	19.41	20.45	23.32	25.33
2.	gram	0.26	0.42	0.57	0.84	0.19	0.25	0.32	0.31
3.	cereal substitutes	0.19	0.33	0.54	0.84	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.16
4.	pulses	3.52	3.82	4.28	4.40	3.24	3.57	3.41	3.75
5.	milk and milk products	7.52	7.68	7.30	7.40	9.24	9.53	9.33	9.40
6.	edible oil	4.03	3.57	3.51	2.90	4.84	4.64	4.85	4.08
7.	meat, egg and fish	3.02	2.67	2.47	2.40	3.61	3.46	3.27	3.24
8.	vegetables	4.71	3.77	3.60	3.26	4.98	4.40	4.37	4.15
9.	fruits and nuts	1.39	1.12	1.11	0.90	2.11	1.96	2.01	1.83
10.	sugar	2.81	2.64	3.76	3.2	2.46	2.64	3.60	3.59
11.	salt & spices	2.52	3.04	2.78	2.69	2.14	2.66	2.27	2.43
12.	beverage & refreshments	3.31	2.50	2.42	2.40	6.82	6.33	7.61	8.28
13.	food-total	65.58	64.34	72.92	77.34	59.12	59.99	64.49	66.55
14.	pan, tobacco, intoxicants	2.99	2.89	3.08	2.93	2.44	2.43	2.76	2.70
15.	fuel and light	7.04	6.00	5.64	5.63	6.93	6.42	5.64	5.71
16.	clothing	8.59	8.69	7.00	5.45	7.63	7.05	5.27	4.57
17.	foot-wear	0.99	0.74	0.52	0.54	1.10	0.61	0.41	0.47
18.	misc. goods and services	12.54	10.34	8.69	8.05	20.53	14.61	19.22	19.98
19.	durable goods	2.27	7.00	2.15	0.06	2.25	8.89	2.21	0.02
20.	non-food total	34.42	35.66	27.08	22.66	40.88	40.01	35.51	33.45
21.	total expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
22.	average size of households	5.21	5.22	5.22	5.25	4.85	4.89	4.72	4.75



TABLE (3) : VALUE (Rs. 0.00) OF TOTAL CONSUMPTION PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY STATES, 38TH ROUND

srl. no.	states/ut	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	115.40	153.48
2.	Assam	113.00	154.01
3.	Bihar	93.75	138.53
4.	Gujarat	122.72	163.61
5.	Haryana	151.78	186.86
6.	Himachal Pradesh	150.81	258.62
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	129.27	155.29
8.	Karnataka	116.84	166.32
9.	Kerala	145.20	176.36
10.	Madhya Pradesh	100.52	144.87
11.	Maharashtra	110.44	184.35
12.	Manipur	131.50	138.25
13.	Meghalaya	131.72	227.91
14.	Nagaland	—	194.86
15.	Orissa	98.75	151.42
16.	Punjab	170.52	185.20
17.	Rajasthan	127.00	159.92
18.	Sikkim	141.01	223.27
19.	Tamil Nadu	112.23	163.74
20.	Tripura	126.21	186.61
21.	Uttar Pradesh	104.49	135.48
22.	West Bengal	104.59	169.95
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	156.24	240.70
*24.	Arunachal Pradesh	—	—
25.	Chandigarh	—	288.30
26.	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	93.05	—
27.	Delhi	217.14	228.81
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	169.11	222.45
*29.	Lakshadweep	—	—
30.	Mizoram	119.65	191.51
31.	Pondicherry	96.01	158.62
32.	All-India	112.45	164.03

\*Estimates were not available for Arunachal Pradesh and Lakshadweep.











## LIST OF TABLES

Table series 1—All-India and States (Rural and Urban) :

Percentage distribution of estimated number of households and persons and average number of adult males, adult females, children and total persons per household by monthly per capita expenditure classes

Table series 2—All-India and States (Rural and Urban) :

Value (Rs. 0.00) of consumption of broad groups of items per person for a period of 30 days by monthly per capita expenditure classes.

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- (1) All results are 'PROVISIONAL'  
(2) Totals may not tally due to rounding off of Figures



TABLE 1.0 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ALL-INDIA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7799

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		house- holds	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30 . . . . .	505	0.92	0.92	1.15	1.40	2.65	5.20
30-40 . . . . .	1450	2.21	2.47	1.36	1.54	2.94	5.84
40-50 . . . . .	3147	4.66	5.11	1.42	1.55	2.74	5.71
50-60 . . . . .	4913	7.13	7.90	1.48	1.58	2.71	5.77
60-70 . . . . .	6133	8.94	9.69	1.53	1.58	2.54	5.65
70-85 . . . . .	10402	14.41	15.24	1.54	1.59	2.38	5.51
85-100 . . . . .	10044	13.12	13.64	1.59	1.59	2.24	5.42
100-125 . . . . .	13485	16.88	16.99	1.59	1.59	2.07	5.25
125-150 . . . . .	8599	10.41	10.00	1.60	1.56	1.84	5.00
150-200 . . . . .	8925	10.83	9.78	1.57	1.50	1.63	4.70
200-250 . . . . .	3828	4.74	3.96	1.53	1.43	1.38	4.34
250-300 . . . . .	1796	2.27	1.81	1.56	1.33	1.26	4.15
300 & above . . . . .	2686	3.48	2.49	1.44	1.25	1.03	3.72
all expenditure classes . . . . .	75913	100.00	100.00	1.54	1.55	2.12	5.21

TABLE 1.1 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ANDHRA PRADESH : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 588

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		house- holds	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30 . . . . .	50	0.92	0.67	0.78	0.76	1.79	3.33
30-40 . . . . .	90	1.47	1.82	1.29	1.49	2.88	5.66
40-50 . . . . .	207	3.55	4.15	1.33	1.62	2.38	5.33
50-60 . . . . .	351	5.86	6.99	1.36	1.51	2.56	5.43
60-70 . . . . .	508	8.85	9.98	1.44	1.46	2.25	5.15
70-85 . . . . .	838	14.72	15.98	1.42	1.49	2.04	4.95
85-100 . . . . .	785	13.39	13.65	1.35	1.39	1.91	4.65
100-125 . . . . .	993	17.11	17.05	1.40	1.42	1.73	4.55
125-150 . . . . .	632	11.00	10.08	1.34	1.37	1.48	4.19
150-200 . . . . .	646	11.42	10.43	1.42	1.40	1.34	4.16
200-250 . . . . .	314	5.58	4.43	1.32	1.29	1.01	3.62
250-300 . . . . .	150	2.62	2.08	1.34	1.24	1.04	3.62
300 & above . . . . .	199	3.51	2.69	1.35	1.29	0.86	3.50
all expenditure classes . . . . .	5763	100.00	100.00	1.37	1.41	1.77	4.55



TABLE 1.2R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ASSAM : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 368

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30 . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40 . . . . .	9	0.30	0.35	1.00	1.57	4.00	6.57
40-50 . . . . .	25	0.72	0.94	1.76	1.53	3.82	7.11
50-60 . . . . .	75	1.86	2.26	1.64	1.75	3.23	6.62
60-70 . . . . .	165	4.70	5.29	1.55	1.59	2.99	6.13
70-85 . . . . .	488	13.58	15.84	1.66	1.62	3.08	6.36
85-100 . . . . .	669	18.32	20.22	1.79	1.63	2.59	6.01
100-125 . . . . .	971	26.43	28.13	1.89	1.57	2.34	5.80
125-150 . . . . .	542	14.93	13.57	1.74	1.48	1.73	4.95
150-200 . . . . .	420	11.42	8.58	1.58	1.30	1.21	4.09
200-250 . . . . .	156	4.53	2.98	1.55	1.19	0.85	3.59
250-300 . . . . .	61	1.86	1.06	1.39	0.89	0.84	3.12
300 & above . . . . .	44	1.35	0.78	1.31	0.97	0.88	3.16
all expenditure classes . . . . .	3625	100.00	100.00	1.73	1.51	2.21	5.45

TABLE 1.3R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

BIHAR : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 800

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30 . . . . .	57	0.66	0.78	1.18	1.42	3.60	6.20
30-40 . . . . .	225	2.82	3.16	1.31	1.58	3.05	5.94
40-50 . . . . .	566	6.95	7.62	1.40	1.60	2.81	5.81
50-60 . . . . .	836	10.57	11.34	1.41	1.60	2.68	5.69
60-70 . . . . .	896	11.55	11.75	1.42	1.58	2.39	5.37
70-85 . . . . .	1378	17.43	17.73	1.48	1.56	2.35	5.39
85-100 . . . . .	1116	14.09	14.31	1.52	1.58	2.29	5.39
100-125 . . . . .	1278	16.27	16.13	1.51	1.56	2.19	5.26
125-150 . . . . .	636	8.12	7.68	1.59	1.54	1.88	5.01
150-200 . . . . .	545	7.18	6.22	1.51	1.45	1.64	4.60
200-250 . . . . .	186	2.43	1.93	1.37	1.48	1.37	4.22
250-300 . . . . .	55	0.74	0.59	1.31	1.31	1.59	4.21
300 & above . . . . .	93	1.19	0.76	1.37	1.18	0.84	3.39
all expenditure classes . . . . .	7867	100.00	100.00	1.47	1.55	2.28	5.30



TABLE 1-4R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

GUJARAT : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 254

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	3	0.11	0.13	1.25	2.00	3.25	6.50
30-40	13	0.46	0.54	1.65	1.59	3.29	6.53
40-50	36	1.26	1.57	1.77	1.68	3.38	6.83
50-60	82	3.12	3.80	1.62	1.64	3.42	6.68
60-70	143	5.68	6.68	1.66	1.68	3.12	6.46
70-85	360	14.85	15.81	1.63	1.62	2.59	5.84
85-100	356	14.18	14.71	1.60	1.68	2.41	5.69
100-125	531	21.63	22.53	1.76	1.73	2.22	5.71
125-150	337	13.48	13.55	1.77	1.77	1.98	5.52
150-200	333	14.39	12.60	1.57	1.61	1.62	4.80
200-250	132	5.35	3.96	1.33	1.45	1.28	4.06
250-300	55	2.34	1.75	1.57	1.31	1.21	4.09
300 & above	75	3.15	2.37	1.39	1.38	1.37	4.14
all expenditure classes	2456	100.00	100.00	1.64	1.65	2.19	5.48

TABLE 1-5R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

HARYANA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 100

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	1	0.14	0.17	1.00	1.00	5.50	7.50
30-40	1	0.07	0.08	2.00	2.00	3.00	7.00
40-50	9	1.31	1.28	1.16	1.42	3.37	5.95
50-60	9	1.03	1.18	1.47	1.60	3.87	6.94
60-70	30	3.59	4.24	1.81	1.81	3.58	7.20
70-85	74	7.72	8.75	1.75	1.83	3.31	6.89
85-100	104	10.90	11.83	1.94	1.68	2.99	6.61
100-125	177	18.21	18.86	1.69	1.60	3.02	6.31
125-150	162	17.17	17.82	1.92	1.68	2.71	6.31
150-200	173	16.90	16.20	1.86	1.68	2.30	5.84
200-250	95	9.52	8.78	1.76	1.60	2.25	5.61
250-300	44	5.03	4.43	1.71	1.70	1.95	5.36
300 & above	73	8.41	6.38	1.75	1.32	1.54	4.61
all expenditure classes	952	100.00	100.00	1.80	1.64	2.65	6.09



TABLE 1.6 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

HIMACHAL PRADESH : RURAL NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 204

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	2	0.14	0.18	1.00	1.00	5.00	7.00
40-50	13	0.54	0.74	1.50	2.00	3.50	7.00
50-60	22	1.09	1.50	1.62	1.75	3.75	7.12
60-70	62	2.99	4.55	1.68	2.09	4.09	7.86
70-85	118	5.83	7.47	1.56	1.81	3.23	6.60
85-100	181	9.63	10.92	1.49	1.83	2.52	5.84
100-125	377	18.59	21.30	1.55	1.84	2.53	5.92
125-150	329	16.15	18.07	1.59	1.86	2.33	5.78
150-200	428	21.84	19.96	1.41	1.56	1.75	4.72
200-250	182	9.50	7.05	1.27	1.30	1.26	3.83
250-300	97	4.88	3.24	1.36	1.22	0.83	3.41
300 & above	147	8.82	5.02	1.20	0.92	0.82	2.94
all expenditure classes	1958	100.00	100.00	1.46	1.62	2.08	5.16

TABLE 1.7 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

JAMMU & KASHMIR : RURAL NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 273

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	1	*	0.05	—	—	—	—
30-40	4	0.14	0.19	1.00	2.00	5.00	8.00
40-50	10	0.27	0.37	2.00	1.50	4.50	8.00
50-60	49	2.04	2.16	1.47	1.47	3.27	6.21
60-70	70	2.72	2.92	1.55	1.60	3.15	6.30
70-85	245	9.65	11.37	1.83	1.70	3.37	6.90
85-100	405	14.95	17.22	1.86	1.85	3.04	6.75
100-125	695	25.27	26.56	1.83	1.76	2.56	6.15
125-150	417	15.35	15.04	1.81	1.68	2.24	5.73
150-200	428	17.93	14.99	1.69	1.45	1.75	4.89
200-250	150	6.66	5.13	1.59	1.39	1.53	4.51
250-300	52	2.17	1.35	1.63	1.06	0.94	3.63
300 & above	68	2.85	2.65	2.19	1.62	1.62	5.43
all expenditure classes	2594	100.00	100.00	1.78	1.65	2.43	5.86

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1-8 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

KARNATAKA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 320

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	22	0.80	0.70	1.02	1.36	2.47	4.85
30-40	80	2.66	2.98	1.43	1.64	3.10	6.17
40-50	115	3.84	4.00	1.45	1.54	2.74	5.73
50-60	235	7.97	8.90	1.56	1.73	2.88	6.17
60-70	247	8.14	8.78	1.63	1.64	2.68	5.95
70-85	382	12.43	12.87	1.57	1.65	2.49	5.71
85-100	354	11.38	11.95	1.71	1.66	2.42	5.79
100-125	565	17.96	17.94	1.68	1.64	2.19	5.51
125-150	361	11.43	11.49	1.74	1.69	2.12	5.55
150-200	377	12.03	10.73	1.56	1.56	1.80	4.92
200-250	150	4.97	4.52	1.86	1.54	1.62	5.02
250-300	81	2.53	2.19	1.93	1.53	1.33	4.79
300 & above	119	3.86	2.95	1.61	1.48	1.13	4.22
all expenditure classes	3088	100.00	100.00	1.64	1.63	2.25	5.52

TABLE 1-9 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

KERALA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 315

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	6	0.19	0.21	2.00	1.86	1.86	5.72
30-40	18	0.67	0.88	1.17	1.92	3.96	7.05
40-50	57	1.83	2.48	1.65	2.33	3.26	7.24
50-60	94	3.16	3.94	1.66	1.94	3.06	6.66
60-70	166	5.47	6.62	1.61	2.16	2.70	6.47
70-85	346	11.27	12.65	1.58	1.99	2.44	6.01
85-100	365	11.60	12.84	1.73	1.97	2.22	5.92
100-125	549	17.47	17.38	1.62	1.87	1.82	5.31
125-150	422	13.60	13.57	1.70	1.85	1.78	5.33
150-200	464	14.90	13.51	1.58	1.74	1.52	4.84
200-250	266	8.49	7.13	1.52	1.66	1.32	4.50
250-300	120	3.75	3.30	1.70	1.64	1.36	4.70
300 & above	232	7.60	5.49	1.37	1.52	0.97	3.86
all expenditure classes	3105	100.00	100.00	1.61	1.85	1.89	5.35



TABLE 1.10R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MADHYA PRADESH : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 574

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30 . . . . .	48	0.84	0.92	1.38	1.36	3.15	5.89
30-40 . . . . .	195	3.48	4.00	1.46	1.62	3.11	6.19
40-50 . . . . .	362	6.40	7.02	1.54	1.55	2.82	5.91
50-60 . . . . .	534	9.26	10.25	1.58	1.60	2.79	5.97
60-70 . . . . .	607	10.87	12.00	1.63	1.61	2.72	5.96
70-85 . . . . .	923	16.62	17.10	1.56	1.57	2.42	5.55
85-100 . . . . .	737	13.31	13.57	1.61	1.64	2.25	5.50
100-125 . . . . .	793	14.56	13.93	1.56	1.57	2.03	5.16
125-150 . . . . .	465	8.53	7.58	1.56	1.48	1.75	4.79
150-200 . . . . .	467	8.52	7.83	1.60	1.43	1.88	4.96
200-250 . . . . .	189	3.40	2.67	1.39	1.35	1.49	4.23
250-300 . . . . .	94	1.74	1.32	1.51	1.27	1.32	4.10
300 & above . . . . .	140	2.47	1.81	1.50	1.30	1.15	3.95
all expenditure classes	5554	100.00	100.00	1.57	1.55	2.28	5.40

TABLE 1.11R : APERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MAHARASHTRA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 559

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30 . . . . .	24	0.41	0.29	0.97	0.81	1.88	3.66
30-40 . . . . .	86	1.44	1.57	1.24	1.35	2.96	5.55
40-50 . . . . .	262	4.68	5.45	1.50	1.53	2.91	5.94
50-60 . . . . .	415	7.26	8.22	1.42	1.60	2.76	5.78
60-70 . . . . .	518	9.36	10.51	1.54	1.67	2.52	5.73
70-85 . . . . .	858	15.57	16.41	1.53	1.58	2.27	5.38
85-100 . . . . .	751	13.65	13.78	1.54	1.58	2.03	5.15
100-125 . . . . .	910	17.03	16.86	1.50	1.63	1.92	5.05
125-150 . . . . .	557	10.35	10.03	1.53	1.60	1.82	4.95
150-200 . . . . .	552	10.29	8.75	1.43	1.45	1.46	4.34
200-250 . . . . .	242	4.45	4.04	1.54	1.52	1.58	4.64
250-300 . . . . .	136	2.45	1.93	1.50	1.33	1.19	4.02
300 & above . . . . .	163	3.06	2.16	1.33	1.25	1.02	3.60
all expenditure classes	5474	100.00	100.00	1.49	1.56	2.05	5.10



TABLE 1-12R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF 'ESTIMATED' NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 120

MANIPUR : RURAL

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	2	*	0.11	—	—	—	—
40-50	4	*	0.11	—	—	—	—
50-60	18	0.63	1.24	3.00	2.00	6.00	11.00
60-70	39	2.53	2.71	1.00	1.50	3.50	6.00
70-85	100	6.96	8.02	1.73	1.64	3.09	6.46
85-100	138	13.29	13.79	1.62	1.67	2.52	5.81
100-125	247	20.89	21.92	1.88	1.88	2.12	5.88
125-150	248	21.52	23.50	2.03	1.71	2.38	6.12
150-200	247	23.42	20.91	1.73	1.54	1.73	5.00
200-250	81	7.60	5.54	1.67	1.33	1.08	4.08
250-300	29	1.90	1.47	2.00	1.67	0.67	4.34
300 & above	13	1.26	0.68	1.50	1.00	0.50	3.00
all expenditure classes	1166	100.00	100.00	1.80	1.65	2.15	5.60

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1-13R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 91

MEGHALAYA : RURAL

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	4	*	0.35	—	—	—	—
30-40	13	1.18	1.05	1.00	1.50	2.00	4.50
40-50	37	4.12	4.32	1.29	2.29	2.71	5.29
50-60	64	7.06	6.43	1.08	1.33	2.17	4.58
60-70	82	9.41	9.58	1.44	1.37	2.31	5.12
70-85	120	12.35	12.73	1.57	1.38	2.24	5.19
85-100	72	7.06	8.06	1.58	1.50	2.67	5.75
100-125	90	8.82	11.68	1.87	1.67	3.13	6.67
125-150	84	10.00	11.10	1.41	1.53	2.65	5.59
150-200	147	18.82	19.98	1.50	1.53	2.31	5.34
200-250	79	10.59	9.00	1.50	1.39	1.39	4.28
250-300	37	4.12	2.22	1.00	1.29	0.43	2.72
300 & above	45	6.47	3.50	1.27	1.00	0.46	2.73
all expenditure classes	874	100.00	100.00	1.46	1.43	2.15	5.04

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1-15R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ORISSA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 309

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	39	1.40	1.42	1.12	1.58	2.37	5.07
30-40	107	3.60	3.83	1.26	1.52	2.56	5.34
40-50	192	6.10	6.65	1.30	1.57	2.61	5.48
50-60	261	8.56	8.78	1.45	1.56	2.14	5.15
60-70	300	9.26	9.91	1.50	1.58	2.30	5.38
70-85	472	14.42	15.04	1.54	1.63	2.07	5.24
85-100	435	15.68	16.87	1.69	1.63	2.08	5.40
100-125	512	16.95	16.42	1.49	1.51	1.86	4.86
125-150	296	9.56	9.26	1.54	1.58	1.74	4.86
150-200	272	8.58	7.72	1.53	1.45	1.54	4.52
200-250	84	2.69	2.03	1.50	1.35	0.95	3.80
250-300	23	0.82	0.66	1.31	1.09	1.63	4.03
300 & above	63	2.38	1.41	1.25	0.90	0.81	2.96
all expenditure classes	3056	100.00	100.00	1.50	1.54	1.98	5.02

TABLE 1-16R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

PUNJAB : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 256

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	1	0.05	0.06	1.00	1.00	6.00	8.00
30-40	4	0.18	0.15	1.25	1.00	2.50	4.75
40-50	11	0.45	0.50	1.40	1.30	3.70	6.40
50-60	21	0.86	1.11	1.95	2.21	3.26	7.42
60-70	70	2.81	3.34	1.76	1.71	3.35	6.82
70-85	141	5.49	6.06	1.60	1.56	3.18	6.34
85-100	202	8.48	9.06	1.68	1.64	2.81	6.13
100-125	388	15.79	16.84	1.78	1.76	2.59	6.13
125-150	382	15.52	16.62	1.88	1.85	2.42	6.15
150-200	530	20.74	20.20	1.92	1.75	1.93	5.60
200-250	322	13.25	12.20	1.99	1.62	1.68	5.29
250-300	165	6.31	5.64	2.09	1.68	1.37	5.14
300 & above	271	10.07	8.22	1.83	1.54	1.32	4.69
all expenditure classes	2508	100.00	100.00	1.86	1.71	2.18	5.75



TABLE 1.17 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

RAJASTHAN : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 359

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	27	0.84	0.90	1.32	1.59	3.02	5.93
30-40	92	2.87	3.17	1.55	1.61	2.98	6.14
40-50	159	4.77	4.92	1.50	1.50	2.71	5.71
50-60	226	6.94	7.41	1.56	1.58	2.79	5.93
60-70	260	7.93	8.41	1.60	1.58	2.71	5.89
70-85	415	11.86	12.55	1.58	1.64	2.65	5.87
85-100	412	11.49	12.04	1.66	1.56	2.60	5.82
100-125	525	14.79	15.57	1.70	1.65	2.49	5.84
125-150	351	9.65	9.88	1.69	1.67	2.33	5.69
150-200	474	13.11	13.03	1.71	1.65	2.15	5.51
200-250	216	6.02	5.33	1.57	1.50	1.85	4.92
250-300	121	3.42	2.51	1.41	1.18	1.49	4.08
300 & above	221	6.31	4.28	1.34	1.15	1.28	3.77
all expenditure classes	3499	100.00	100.00	1.60	1.57	2.38	5.55

TABLE 1.18R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

SIKKIM : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 23

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
30-40	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	3	*	0.38	—	—	—	—
60-70	10	2.27	6.54	3.00	3.00	11.00	17.00
70-85	16	6.82	9.23	2.00	2.00	4.00	8.00
85-100	20	6.82	9.23	2.00	2.00	4.00	8.00
100-125	49	25.00	26.92	2.00	1.82	2.54	6.36
125-150	36	15.91	17.69	2.29	1.71	2.57	6.57
150-200	39	18.18	16.54	1.62	1.50	2.25	5.37
200-250	20	11.36	7.31	1.40	1.20	1.20	3.80
250-300	12	4.55	3.08	1.00	1.50	1.50	4.00
300 & above	17	9.09	3.08	1.00	0.50	0.50	2.00
all expenditure classes	225	100.00	100.00	1.80	1.59	2.52	5.91

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousands'



TABLE 1.19R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

TAMIL NADU : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 450

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	76	1.49	1.55	1.01	1.43	2.09	4.53
30-40	145	3.00	3.63	1.25	1.50	2.52	5.27
40-50	243	5.34	6.19	1.31	1.41	2.33	5.05
50-60	316	7.01	8.41	1.36	1.56	2.30	5.22
60-70	392	8.70	9.88	1.43	1.52	2.00	4.95
70-85	616	14.15	15.31	1.41	1.54	1.77	4.72
85-100	524	11.93	12.04	1.40	1.45	1.55	4.40
100-125	727	17.22	16.92	1.36	1.49	1.44	4.29
125-150	381	8.74	7.55	1.39	1.32	1.06	3.77
150-200	466	10.85	9.39	1.35	1.36	1.06	3.77
200-250	205	4.80	4.25	1.49	1.43	0.95	3.87
250-300	96	2.27	1.79	1.24	1.31	0.88	3.43
300 & above	160	4.50	3.09	1.15	1.18	0.67	3.00
all expenditure classes	4347	100.00	100.00	1.36	1.44	1.56	4.36

TABLE 1.20R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

TRIPURA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 85

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	3	0.48	0.61	1.00	2.00	3.00	6.00
40-50	9	0.49	1.02	1.00	3.00	6.00	10.00
50-60	30	2.91	4.19	1.17	1.83	3.83	6.83
60-70	40	4.37	5.52	1.11	1.56	3.33	6.00
70-85	103	11.17	12.88	1.48	1.43	2.57	5.48
85-100	139	16.02	18.00	1.64	1.48	2.21	5.33
100-125	177	21.36	21.47	1.52	1.50	1.75	4.77
125-150	111	13.59	12.48	1.50	1.32	1.54	4.36
150-200	106	14.08	13.19	1.76	1.48	1.21	4.45
200-250	54	7.77	6.24	1.62	1.25	0.94	3.81
250-300	25	2.91	2.25	1.17	1.17	1.33	3.67
300 & above	32	4.85	2.15	1.10	0.60	0.40	2.10
all expenditure classes	829	100.00	100.00	1.51	1.41	1.83	4.75



TABLE 1-21R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

## UTTAR PRADESH : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 979

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	74	0.90	0.95	1.28	1.39	3.00	5.67
30-40	216	2.34	2.68	1.44	1.58	3.13	6.15
40-50	556	6.01	6.46	1.45	1.50	2.81	5.76
50-60	851	8.93	9.96	1.60	1.56	2.82	5.98
60-70	935	10.06	11.06	1.60	1.57	2.73	5.90
70-85	1429	15.18	16.31	1.60	1.56	2.60	5.76
85-100	1200	12.63	13.33	1.65	1.57	2.44	5.66
100-125	1522	15.84	15.74	1.60	1.54	2.19	5.33
125-150	941	9.93	9.19	1.56	1.46	1.94	4.96
150-200	902	9.29	7.90	1.53	1.35	1.68	4.56
200-250	355	3.80	2.86	1.42	1.20	1.41	4.03
250-300	179	2.26	1.62	1.59	1.10	1.15	3.84
300 & above	252	2.83	1.94	1.46	1.13	1.09	3.68
all expenditure classes	9412	100.00	100.00	1.57	1.49	2.30	5.36

TABLE 1-22R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

## WEST BENGAL : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 494

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult females	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	65	2.85	2.94	1.19	1.63	2.70	5.52
30-40	137	3.06	3.06	1.31	1.35	2.69	5.35
40-50	241	4.59	4.77	1.34	1.55	2.68	5.57
50-60	367	7.03	7.21	1.36	1.46	2.69	5.51
60-70	480	10.92	10.94	1.45	1.48	2.44	5.37
70-85	736	15.25	15.84	1.59	1.59	2.39	5.57
85-100	733	14.20	14.45	1.66	1.57	2.23	5.46
100-125	807	15.57	16.07	1.78	1.65	2.11	5.54
125-150	463	9.07	8.41	1.68	1.57	1.72	4.97
150-200	479	9.61	9.50	1.90	1.63	1.77	5.30
200-250	198	4.12	3.70	1.80	1.56	1.44	4.80
250-300	76	1.65	1.58	1.88	1.67	1.59	5.14
300 & above	92	2.08	1.53	1.87	1.22	0.86	3.95
all expenditure classes	4874	100.00	100.00	1.62	1.56	2.18	5.36



TABLE 1.23R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 77

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
40-50	9	*	*	—	—	—	—
50-60	10	*	1.95	—	—	—	—
60-70	17	3.45	6.49	2.00	2.00	6.00	10.00
70-85	45	6.90	9.09	1.50	1.50	4.00	7.00
85-100	67	6.90	9.74	1.50	1.50	4.50	7.50
100-125	106	13.79	20.13	2.25	1.75	3.75	7.75
125-150	100	13.79	14.29	1.50	1.50	2.50	5.50
150-200	119	10.34	16.23	2.33	2.33	3.67	8.33
200-250	92	10.35	8.44	2.00	1.00	1.33	4.33
250-300	55	10.34	3.90	1.33	0.33	0.34	2.00
300 & above	122	24.14	9.74	1.28	0.43	0.43	2.14
all expenditure classes	743	100.00	100.00	1.72	1.24	2.35	5.31

\*the estimated number of households persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1.26R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 31

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
30-40	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
40-50	12	*	3.13	—	—	—	—
50-60	28	20.00	14.06	1.00	1.50	2.00	4.50
60-70	55	30.00	31.25	1.67	1.67	3.33	6.67
70-85	57	30.00	26.56	1.67	1.67	2.33	5.67
85-100	38	10.00	12.50	2.00	2.00	4.00	8.00
100-125	36	10.00	6.25	1.00	1.00	2.00	4.00
125-150	19	*	*	—	—	—	—
150-200	30	*	6.25	—	—	—	—
200-250	6	*	*	—	—	—	—
250-300	7	*	*	—	—	—	—
300 & above	10	*	*	—	—	—	—
all expenditure classes	301	100.00	100.00	1.70	1.70	3.00	6.40

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1-27 R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

DELHI : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	1	1.61	2.48	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00
60-70	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70-85	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
85-100	3	4.84	6.21	2.00	2.33	2.34	6.67
100-125	10	14.52	16.46	1.45	1.33	3.11	5.89
125-150	7	11.29	11.80	2.29	1.71	1.43	5.43
150-200	17	24.19	25.47	1.93	1.67	1.87	5.47
200-250	4	4.84	4.66	1.67	1.33	2.00	5.00
250-300	10	12.90	12.42	1.75	1.50	1.75	5.00
300 & above	15	25.81	20.50	1.44	1.25	1.44	4.13
all expenditure classes	67	100.00	100.00	1.74	1.52	1.93	5.19

TABLE 1-28R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

GOA, DAMAN &amp; DIU : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		household	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	1	*	0.13	—	—	—	—
60-70	10	3.66	3.78	1.00	1.67	2.16	4.83
70-85	7	5.49	7.82	1.67	1.89	3.11	6.67
85-100	25	9.15	12.38	1.80	2.07	2.47	6.34
100-125	30	9.75	13.17	1.38	2.06	2.87	6.31
125-150	26	16.46	15.78	1.18	1.52	1.78	4.48
150-200	32	25.00	25.68	1.39	1.90	1.51	4.80
200-250	11	11.59	9.00	1.10	1.21	1.32	3.63
250-300	2	2.44	2.48	1.00	1.50	2.25	4.75
300 & above	16	16.46	9.78	1.44	0.78	0.56	2.78
all expenditure classes	160	100.00	100.00	1.36	1.59	1.73	4.68

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1.30R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MIZORAM : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 127

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
60-70	12	*	0.38	—	—	—	—
70-85	110	8.33	11.83	2.00	2.00	3.75	7.75
85-100	187	16.67	16.41	1.38	1.50	2.50	5.38
100-125	395	33.33	35.12	1.75	1.81	2.19	5.75
125-150	270	22.92	20.61	1.73	1.54	1.64	4.91
150-200	204	16.67	13.74	2.00	1.38	1.12	4.50
200-250	32	2.08	1.91	2.00	2.00	1.00	5.00
250-300	11	*	*	—	—	—	—
300 & above	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
all expenditure classes	1224	100.00	100.00	1.75	1.65	2.06	5.46

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand.

TABLE 1.31R : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

PONDICHERRY : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

monthly per capita expenditure rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	3	1.82	1.14	1.00	1.00	1.00	3.00
30-40	5	1.82	3.04	1.00	5.00	2.00	8.00
40-50	12	7.27	8.75	1.50	2.00	2.25	5.75
50-60	12	7.27	7.98	1.50	1.25	2.50	5.25
60-70	19	12.72	14.45	2.00	1.57	1.86	5.43
70-85	21	16.36	15.59	1.45	1.33	1.78	4.56
85-100	23	14.55	14.45	1.50	1.75	1.50	4.75
100-125	20	14.55	13.69	1.75	1.50	1.25	4.50
125-150	14	9.09	9.13	1.40	2.00	1.40	4.80
150-200	18	10.91	7.60	1.16	1.50	0.67	3.33
200-250	4	1.82	2.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	6.00
250-300	3	*	0.76	—	—	—	—
300 & above	3	1.82	1.14	2.00	1.00	—	3.00
all expenditure classes	157	100.00	100.00	1.54	1.64	1.60	4.78

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand.'



TABLE 1·0U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ALL INDIA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 4327

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0— 30	92	0·28	0·21	1·02	1·09	1·64	3·75
30— 40	164	0·43	0·51	1·29	1·50	3·00	5·79
40— 50	409	1·05	1·40	1·54	1·66	3·29	6·49
50— 60	932	2·32	2·93	1·54	1·62	2·95	6·11
60— 70	1424	3·71	4·92	1·69	1·76	2·98	6·43
70— 85	3037	7·65	9·52	1·67	1·68	2·70	6·05
85—100	3604	8·86	10·64	1·69	1·67	2·46	5·82
100— 125	6178	14·83	17·17	1·75	1·67	2·20	5·62
125— 150	5316	12·07	13·13	1·72	1·60	1·96	5·28
150—200	7441	16·89	16·31	1·64	1·46	1·58	4·68
200—250	4430	10·34	8·75	1·54	1·31	1·26	4·11
250—300	2843	6·80	5·19	1·52	1·20	0·99	3·71
300 & above	6113	14·77	9·32	1·40	0·99	0·67	3·06
all expenditure classes	41983	100·00	100·00	1·61	1·46	1·78	4·85

TABLE 1·1U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULTS MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ANDHRA PRADESH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 342

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0— 30	24	0·90	0·27	0·40	0·16	0·80	1·36
30— 40	20	0·69	0·56	0·95	0·79	1·95	3·69
40— 50	37	1·09	1·32	1·17	1·53	2·77	5·47
50— 60	89	2·60	3·10	1·28	1·47	2·61	5·36
60— 70	134	4·16	5·20	1·43	1·57	2·63	5·63
70— 85	288	8·07	9·56	1·38	1·48	2·48	5·34
85—100	362	11·36	11·78	1·29	1·34	2·03	4·66
100—125	548	16·38	17·98	1·54	1·50	1·92	4·96
125—150	456	13·28	14·05	1·50	1·46	1·80	4·76
150—200	557	17·22	16·33	1·42	1·36	1·50	4·28
200—250	292	8·83	7·80	1·37	1·23	1·38	3·98
250—300	200	5·90	5·19	1·45	1·38	1·13	3·96
300 & above	343	9·52	6·86	1·30	1·12	0·83	3·25
all expenditure classes	3350	100·00	100·00	1·40	1·37	1·74	4·51



TABLE 1-2U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ASSAM : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 85

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30—40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40—50	1	0.40	0.51	2.00	1.00	3.00	6.00
50—60	11	1.62	2.79	2.25	1.75	4.25	8.25
60—70	10	1.21	1.69	1.33	2.33	3.00	6.66
70—85	33	4.86	6.60	2.08	1.75	2.67	6.50
85—100	64	9.72	12.35	1.75	1.79	2.54	6.08
100—125	113	12.96	17.34	2.03	1.81	2.56	6.40
125—150	118	15.38	16.41	1.74	1.34	2.03	5.11
150—200	210	23.89	23.95	1.83	1.49	1.47	4.79
200—250	111	13.36	10.74	1.70	1.24	0.91	3.85
250—300	59	6.48	3.47	1.44	0.63	0.50	2.57
300 & above	87	10.12	4.15	1.08	0.40	0.48	1.96
all expenditure classes	817	100.00	100.00	1.73	1.36	1.69	4.78

TABLE 1-3U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

BIHAR : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 212

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	1	0.06	0.04	—	1.00	2.00	3.00
30—40	11	0.67	0.79	1.53	1.73	2.73	5.99
40—50	25	1.34	1.82	1.63	2.09	3.18	6.90
50—60	71	3.34	4.26	1.55	1.58	3.33	6.46
60—70	97	5.17	6.96	1.86	1.81	3.15	6.82
70—85	208	9.66	12.54	1.75	1.58	3.24	6.57
85—100	231	11.00	13.17	1.60	1.72	2.74	6.06
100—125	321	15.02	16.82	1.66	1.55	2.46	5.67
125—150	263	12.04	14.06	1.84	1.55	2.53	5.92
150—200	329	15.87	13.68	1.47	1.22	1.67	4.36
200—250	207	9.60	7.26	1.65	1.10	1.08	3.83
250—300	115	5.53	3.66	1.51	0.80	1.04	3.35
300 & above	219	10.70	4.94	1.28	0.51	0.55	2.34
all expenditure classes	2098	100.00	100.00	1.61	1.35	2.11	5.07



TABLE 1.4U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

GUJARAT : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 228

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	3	0.11	0.09	1.00	1.00	2.50	4.50
40-50	1	*	0.02	—	—	—	—
50-60	14	0.48	0.69	2.11	2.11	3.11	7.33
60-70	30	1.59	2.03	2.00	1.97	2.50	6.47
70-85	111	4.83	6.57	1.75	2.01	3.14	6.90
65-100	175	8.07	9.84	1.95	1.66	2.57	6.18
100-125	390	17.82	21.68	1.91	1.75	2.51	6.17
125-150	342	15.82	17.48	1.88	1.75	1.98	5.61
150-200	472	20.33	19.78	1.74	1.58	1.63	4.95
200-250	254	11.15	9.52	1.65	1.51	1.17	4.33
250-300	151	7.43	5.42	1.53	1.26	0.91	3.70
300 & above	247	12.37	6.88	1.27	0.96	0.59	2.82
all expenditure classes	2190	100.00	100.00	1.73	1.56	1.78	5.07

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand.'

TABLE 1.5U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

HARYANA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 49

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	1	0.48	0.43	1.00	1.00	2.50	4.50
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	4	0.96	1.08	1.00	1.00	3.75	5.75
60-70	5	1.20	2.07	2.60	1.80	4.40	8.80
70-85	25	4.80	6.50	2.00	1.95	2.95	6.90
85-100	34	7.43	8.48	1.87	1.90	2.03	5.80
100-125	62	13.19	17.96	2.29	1.96	2.67	6.92
125-150	61	13.19	14.09	1.78	1.76	1.89	5.43
150-200	94	19.66	18.20	1.52	1.37	1.82	4.71
200-250	64	14.87	11.26	1.45	1.27	1.13	3.85
250-300	40	8.39	7.16	1.46	1.29	1.60	4.35
300 & above	76	15.83	12.77	1.65	1.32	1.14	4.11
all expenditure classes	466	100.00	100.00	1.72	1.54	1.83	5.09



TABLE 1.6U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

HIMACHAL PRADESH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 37

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30—40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40—50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50—60	2	*	1.81	—	—	—	—
60—70	2	*	0.72	—	—	—	—
70—85	6	1.43	2.54	2.00	2.00	3.00	7.00
85—100	11	2.86	3.62	1.50	1.00	2.50	5.00
100—125	27	5.71	11.23	2.50	2.00	3.25	7.75
125—150	18	4.29	5.07	2.00	1.33	1.33	4.66
150—200	73	18.57	25.00	1.62	1.54	2.15	5.31
200—250	44	11.43	14.13	1.75	1.62	1.50	4.87
250—300	34	10.00	7.61	1.14	1.00	0.86	3.00
300 & above	131	45.71	28.27	1.19	0.66	0.59	2.44
all expenditure classes	348	100.00	100.00	1.49	1.14	1.31	3.94

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1.7U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

JAMMU &amp; KASHMIR : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 146

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30—40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40—50	1	*	0.09	—	—	—	—
50—60	7	0.52	0.37	1.00	1.00	2.00	4.00
60—70	15	1.03	1.74	2.50	2.00	5.00	9.50
70—85	59	4.12	5.49	1.88	2.00	3.62	7.50
85—100	112	7.22	10.06	2.29	2.07	3.50	7.86
100—125	284	19.59	23.42	2.24	1.92	2.58	6.74
125—150	305	20.10	22.14	2.08	1.92	2.21	6.21
150—200	319	22.16	20.31	2.00	1.74	1.42	5.16
200—250	137	10.31	7.50	1.60	1.40	1.10	4.10
250—300	77	6.19	4.21	1.75	1.17	0.92	3.84
300 & above	98	8.76	4.67	1.47	1.12	0.41	3.00
all expenditure classes	1414	100.00	100.00	1.97	1.72	1.94	5.63

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1-8U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

KARNATAKA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 235

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	6	0.24	0.19	1.80	1.00	1.20	4.00
30-40	17	0.62	0.90	1.92	1.62	3.69	7.23
40-50	31	1.28	1.70	1.67	1.59	3.30	6.56
50-60	65	2.51	3.19	1.64	1.70	2.92	6.26
60-70	99	3.89	5.57	1.79	2.02	3.26	7.07
70-85	177	8.06	9.24	1.57	1.57	2.52	5.66
85-100	194	8.16	10.41	1.80	1.70	2.81	6.31
100-125	309	13.24	14.60	1.62	1.64	2.20	5.46
125-150	278	12.19	12.94	1.71	1.59	1.95	5.25
150-200	362	17.12	15.59	1.46	1.38	1.66	4.50
200-250	245	11.72	10.28	1.50	1.36	1.46	4.34
250-300	130	5.93	4.93	1.44	1.38	1.29	4.11
300 & above	348	15.04	10.46	1.53	1.15	0.76	3.44
all expenditure classes	2261	100.00	100.00	1.58	1.48	1.88	4.94

TABLE 1-9U: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

KERALA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 142

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	5	0.37	0.43	1.67	1.67	2.67	6.01
30-40	10	0.87	1.03	1.14	2.00	3.00	6.14
40-50	19	1.12	1.73	1.67	2.56	3.78	8.01
50-60	35	2.37	2.81	1.26	2.05	2.84	6.15
60-70	59	3.99	4.93	1.72	2.16	2.53	6.41
70-85	117	7.97	9.76	1.86	2.19	2.30	6.35
85-100	128	9.84	11.64	1.89	2.09	2.15	6.13
100-125	189	13.70	15.01	1.67	2.09	1.91	5.67
125-150	173	12.33	14.12	1.82	2.13	1.98	5.93
150-200	224	16.06	14.89	1.69	1.67	1.44	4.80
200-250	124	8.97	8.20	1.62	1.75	1.36	4.73
250-300	77	5.73	3.82	1.30	1.37	0.78	3.45
300 & above	235	16.68	11.63	1.34	1.43	0.83	3.60
all expenditure classes	1395	100.00	100.00	1.64	1.86	1.68	5.18



TABLE 1.10U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS  
AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS  
HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

MADHYA PRADESH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS -: 256

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	3	0.06	0.03	1.00	1.00	1.00	3.00
30—40	8	0.24	0.25	1.25	1.50	2.75	5.50
40—50	20	0.77	0.82	1.15	1.31	3.08	5.54
50—60	63	2.38	2.78	1.75	1.55	2.80	6.10
60—70	105	4.65	6.04	1.83	1.74	3.22	6.79
70—85	225	10.02	11.66	1.78	1.57	2.75	6.10
85—100	263	9.59	11.78	1.89	1.80	2.74	6.43
100—125	459	19.07	21.52	1.77	1.64	2.49	5.90
125—150	337	13.47	14.21	1.70	1.43	2.39	5.52
150—200	400	16.87	15.27	1.63	1.47	1.64	4.74
200—250	191	7.87	6.17	1.51	1.39	1.20	4.10
250—300	124	5.00	3.67	1.55	1.39	0.89	3.83
300 & above	246	10.01	5.80	1.38	1.02	0.63	3.03
all expenditure classes	2444	100.00	100.00	1.67	1.50	2.06	5.23

TABLE 1.11U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND  
AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER  
HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

MAHARASHTRA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 544

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	4	0.12	0.21	1.60	1.60	5.20	8.40
30—40	16	0.32	0.41	1.15	1.31	3.77	6.23
40—50	56	0.92	1.36	1.60	1.74	3.74	7.08
50—60	107	1.90	2.25	1.46	1.59	2.68	5.73
60—70	192	3.48	4.66	1.80	1.83	2.83	6.46
70—85	320	6.16	7.57	1.66	1.62	2.64	5.92
85—100	381	6.99	8.51	1.76	1.72	2.41	5.89
100—125	657	12.63	14.86	1.74	1.75	2.19	5.68
125—150	537	10.44	11.48	1.73	1.60	1.98	5.31
150—200	867	16.36	16.92	1.76	1.52	1.71	4.99
200—250	593	11.32	10.82	1.72	1.47	1.42	4.61
250—300	397	7.94	6.26	1.51	1.58	1.02	4.11
300 & above	1106	21.42	14.69	1.50	1.10	0.71	3.31
all expenditure classes	5233	100.00	100.00	1.66	1.48	1.69	4.83



TABLE 1.12U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MANIPUR : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 60

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		household	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	3	*	2.13	—	—	—	—
30-40	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
60-70	2	*	0.91	—	—	—	—
70-85	23	1.82	3.35	3.00	3.00	5.00	11.00
85-100	44	7.27	9.15	2.25	2.00	3.25	7.50
100-125	123	20.00	21.04	1.91	1.64	2.73	6.28
125-150	161	32.73	32.63	2.11	1.61	2.22	5.94
150-200	149	25.45	21.04	1.71	1.36	1.86	4.93
200-250	50	9.09	7.62	1.80	1.40	1.80	5.00
250-300	16	3.64	2.13	1.50	1.00	1.00	3.50
300 & above	5	*	*	—	—	—	—
all expenditure classes	578	100.00	100.00	2.00	1.64	2.33	5.97

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1.13U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MEGHALAYA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 35

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		household	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	1	*	0.60	—	—	—	—
60-70	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
70-85	3	*	*	—	—	—	—
85-100	9	*	4.22	—	—	—	—
100-125	27	10.34	10.24	1.33	1.00	3.33	5.66
125-150	28	6.90	10.84	2.50	2.50	4.00	9.00
150-200	69	20.69	24.10	2.17	1.83	2.67	6.67
200-250	51	17.24	19.28	2.40	2.40	1.60	6.40
250-300	44	10.34	9.04	2.00	1.67	1.33	5.00
300 & above	104	34.49	21.68	1.40	1.30	0.90	3.60
all expenditure classes	337	100.00	100.00	1.93	1.76	2.03	5.72

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1-14U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NAGALAND : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 32

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number of per household			
		household	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60-70	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
70-85	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
85-100	3	*	*	—	—	—	—
100-125	18	5.88	13.73	2.00	2.00	3.00	7.00
125-150	35	11.76	19.61	1.00	1.50	2.50	5.00
150-200	72	17.65	29.41	1.67	1.33	2.00	5.00
200-250	63	23.53	19.61	1.25	0.50	0.75	2.50
250-300	49	17.65	9.80	1.00	0.33	0.33	1.66
300 & above	71	23.53	7.84	1.00	—	—	1.00
all expenditure classes	313	100.00	100.00	1.24	0.71	1.06	3.01

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1-15U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ORISSA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 92

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	2	0.16	0.14	2.00	1.00	1.00	4.00
30-40	3	0.48	0.31	0.67	1.00	1.33	3.00
40-50	10	1.11	1.46	1.57	1.29	3.28	6.14
50-60	19	1.91	2.61	1.92	1.83	2.67	6.42
60-70	37	3.82	4.58	1.67	1.50	2.46	5.63
70-85	78	8.12	10.55	1.51	1.75	2.84	6.10
85-100	88	10.19	11.94	1.47	1.66	2.37	5.50
100-125	143	16.09	17.58	1.56	1.57	2.00	5.13
125-150	128	13.85	15.85	1.71	1.68	1.98	5.37
150-200	136	14.65	16.83	1.61	1.73	2.05	5.39
200-250	86	9.55	6.68	1.23	0.80	1.25	3.28
250-300	62	7.01	4.14	1.32	0.70	0.75	2.77
300 & above	122	13.06	7.33	1.38	0.71	0.55	2.64
all expenditure classes	914	100.00	100.00	1.51	1.38	1.80	4.69



TABLE 1.16U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

PUNJAB : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 76

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		household	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30—40	3	0.21	0.30	2.00	2.00	2.50	6.50
40—50	6	0.32	0.47	1.00	1.67	4.00	6.67
50—60	20	2.21	1.91	1.14	1.05	1.71	3.90
60—70	27	2.10	3.39	1.25	1.65	4.35	7.25
70—85	102	6.20	8.76	1.58	1.64	3.14	6.36
85—100	106	5.47	7.64	1.92	1.79	2.58	6.29
100—125	224	11.88	14.22	1.65	1.53	2.21	5.39
125—150	221	12.41	14.32	1.65	1.64	1.90	5.19
150—200	348	17.98	19.84	1.76	1.57	1.64	4.97
200—250	218	12.51	10.49	1.37	1.24	1.16	3.77
250—300	105	7.26	5.49	1.70	0.93	0.78	3.41
300 & above	337	21.45	13.17	1.32	0.78	0.66	2.76
all expenditure classes	1,717	100.00	100.00	1.56	1.32	1.62	4.50

TABLE 1.17U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

RAJASTHAN : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 174

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30	5	0.25	0.28	1.00	2.00	3.00	6.00
30—40	3	0.08	0.11	—	3.00	4.00	7.00
40—50	15	1.00	1.12	1.08	1.50	3.33	5.91
50—60	38	2.08	2.88	1.92	1.88	3.52	7.32
60—70	54	3.42	4.42	1.61	1.85	3.39	6.85
70—85	121	6.67	9.38	1.93	2.02	3.50	7.45
85—100	154	8.33	9.83	1.76	1.73	2.76	6.25
100—125	260	15.00	16.90	1.77	1.61	2.59	5.97
125—150	221	13.42	15.03	1.78	1.64	2.51	5.93
150—200	305	18.83	17.97	1.65	1.43	1.97	5.05
200—250	165	10.83	9.50	1.51	1.32	1.82	4.65
250—300	109	7.17	5.14	1.62	1.19	1.00	3.81
300 & above	212	12.92	7.44	1.45	0.90	0.70	3.05
all expenditure classes	1,662	100.00	100.00	1.66	1.48	2.16	5.30



TABLE 1-18U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

SIKKIM : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 20

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	4	*	*	—	—	—	—
30-40	3	*	*	—	—	—	—
40-50	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
50-60	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60-70	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
70-85	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
85-100	8	*	5.56	—	—	—	—
100-125	25	10.00	16.67	3.00	3.00	4.00	10.00
125-150	23	10.00	11.11	2.00	2.00	3.00	7.00
150-200	38	20.00	22.22	2.00	1.50	2.00	5.50
200-250	20	10.00	11.11	2.00	1.00	2.00	5.00
250-300	25	10.00	11.11	2.00	1.00	1.00	4.00
300 & above	47	40.00	22.22	1.00	0.50	0.50	2.00
all expenditure classes	198	100.00	100.00	1.80	1.30	1.80	4.90

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1-19U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

TAMIL NADU : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 412

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	15	0.70	0.60	1.19	1.42	1.35	3.96
30-40	30	0.67	0.88	1.24	2.00	2.80	6.04
40-50	59	1.37	1.77	1.49	1.65	2.82	5.96
50-60	116	2.85	3.42	1.41	1.64	2.51	5.56
60-70	169	3.64	4.48	1.51	1.69	2.50	5.70
70-85	374	9.37	10.59	1.55	1.62	2.07	5.24
85-100	427	10.32	11.34	1.44	1.63	2.03	5.10
100-125	626	15.00	16.90	1.71	1.72	1.79	5.22
125-150	491	11.64	11.82	1.55	1.68	1.47	4.70
150-200	653	16.70	16.05	1.55	1.56	1.34	4.45
200-250	362	9.29	7.97	1.43	1.45	1.10	3.98
250-300	249	6.25	5.57	1.56	1.41	1.16	4.13
300 & above	464	12.20	8.61	1.40	1.15	0.72	3.27
all expenditure classes	4035	100.00	100.00	1.52	1.55	1.56	4.63



TABLE 1-20U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

TRIPURA : URBAN

No. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 28

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	Total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	3	*	1.95	—	—	—	—
50-60	6	2.27	2.93	2.00	2.00	2.00	6.0
60-70	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
70-85	17	4.55	8.78	2.50	3.00	3.50	9.00
85-100	15	6.82	7.32	1.66	1.67	1.67	5.00
100-125	35	13.63	15.61	1.67	1.50	2.16	5.33
125-150	32	11.36	12.68	1.80	1.60	1.80	5.20
150-200	52	18.18	20.00	1.88	1.75	1.50	5.13
200-250	38	13.64	9.76	1.33	1.33	0.67	3.33
250-300	17	4.55	3.90	1.50	1.50	1.00	4.00
300 & above	53	25.00	17.07	1.36	0.91	0.91	3.18
all expenditure classes	270	100.00	100.00	1.66	1.50	1.50	4.66

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.

TABLE 1-21U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

UTTAR PRADESH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 435

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	8	0.21	0.23	1.25	1.25	3.12	5.62
30-40	23	0.45	0.57	1.71	1.47	3.47	6.65
40-50	87	1.90	2.44	1.62	1.49	3.57	6.68
50-60	195	4.30	5.58	1.71	1.65	3.39	6.75
60-70	265	6.17	8.03	1.72	1.64	3.40	6.76
70-85	482	10.95	13.44	1.76	1.68	2.95	6.39
85-100	438	10.50	12.34	1.75	1.61	2.75	6.11
100-125	691	17.12	18.70	1.78	1.60	2.31	5.69
125-150	442	10.38	10.67	1.74	1.53	2.09	5.36
150-200	611	14.56	13.15	1.65	1.34	1.71	4.70
200-250	362	8.76	6.40	1.44	1.08	1.29	3.81
250-300	195	5.12	3.27	1.42	0.99	0.92	3.33
300 & above	391	9.58	5.18	1.33	0.78	0.70	2.81
all expenditure classes	4190	100.00	100.00	1.65	1.41	2.14	5.20



TABLE 1-22U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

WEST BENGAL : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 341

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	11	0.20	0.16	0.83	2.00	0.67	3.50
30-40	12	0.47	0.61	1.00	1.29	3.64	5.93
40-50	30	1.17	1.82	1.88	1.89	3.26	7.03
50-60	56	1.48	2.03	1.39	1.66	3.18	6.23
60-70	94	3.12	4.20	1.74	1.84	2.53	6.11
70-85	208	6.20	8.38	1.79	1.84	2.50	6.13
85-100	274	8.35	11.55	1.99	1.85	2.43	6.27
100-125	420	12.97	15.79	1.89	1.70	1.93	5.52
125-150	424	12.24	13.60	1.82	1.58	1.64	5.04
150-200	598	17.03	16.73	1.84	1.44	1.17	4.45
200-250	399	11.56	9.32	1.61	1.11	0.94	3.66
250-300	283	8.38	5.95	1.55	1.00	0.67	3.22
300 & above	550	16.83	9.86	1.37	0.91	0.37	2.65
all expenditure classes	3359	100.00	100.00	1.71	1.41	1.42	4.54

TABLE 1-23U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 31

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
60-70	3	*	2.08	—	—	—	—
70-85	2	*	*	—	—	—	—
85-100	6	*	*	—	—	—	—
100-125	18	9.09	8.33	1.00	1.00	2.00	4.00
125-150	27	9.09	10.42	2.00	1.00	2.00	5.00
150-200	53	18.18	25.00	2.00	1.50	2.50	6.00
200-250	54	18.18	20.83	2.00	1.50	1.50	5.00
250-300	33	9.09	10.42	2.00	1.00	2.00	5.00
300 & above	104	36.37	22.92	1.25	0.75	0.75	2.75
all expenditure classes	301	100.00	100.00	1.64	1.09	1.64	4.37

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'.



TABLE 1.25U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

CHANDIGARH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 15

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(1)	(1)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30—40.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40—50.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50—60.	1	1.11	1.86	1.00	1.00	5.00	7.00
60—70.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70—85.	4	1.11	2.92	4.00	2.00	5.00	11.00
85—100.	5	2.22	2.65	1.00	1.00	3.00	5.00
100—125.	3	2.22	4.24	3.50	3.00	1.50	8.00
125—150.	14	7.78	9.28	1.57	1.43	2.00	5.00
150—200.	22	14.44	18.57	1.92	1.31	2.15	5.38
200—250.	14	8.89	11.41	1.75	2.12	1.50	5.37
250—300.	14	11.11	14.06	2.30	1.90	1.10	5.30
300 & above	64	51.12	35.01	1.26	0.87	0.74	2.87
all expenditure classes	141	100.00	100.00	1.61	1.27	1.31	4.19

TABLE 1.27U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

DELHI : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 11

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—30.	1	0.08	0.02	1.00	—	—	1.00
30—40.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40—50.	1	0.08	0.02	1.00	—	—	1.00
50—60.	4	0.55	0.73	1.43	1.14	3.29	5.86
60—70.	8	1.50	1.88	1.21	1.37	3.00	5.58
70—85.	19	2.92	3.82	1.35	1.38	3.11	5.84
85—100.	42	4.43	6.00	1.53	1.54	2.98	6.65
100—125.	121	11.69	16.70	1.88	1.77	2.72	6.37
125—150.	109	9.48	10.96	1.76	1.37	2.03	5.16
150—200.	206	16.27	17.50	1.77	1.45	1.58	4.80
200—250.	166	12.72	11.88	1.54	1.32	1.31	4.17
250—300.	141	10.58	9.74	1.74	1.26	1.10	4.10
300 & above	334	29.70	20.75	1.42	0.98	0.72	3.12
all expenditure classes	1152	100.00	100.00	1.61	1.30	1.55	4.46



TABLE 1-28U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

GOA, DAMAN AND DIU : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number of household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons.
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60.	1	1.04	1.32	1.00	2.00	2.00	5.00
60-70.	3	1.04	1.32	2.00	1.00	2.00	5.00
70-85.	3	2.08	3.16	1.50	1.50	3.00	6.00
85-100.	3	1.04	2.89	3.00	3.00	5.00	11.00
100-125.	19	14.58	18.68	2.07	1.71	1.29	5.07
125-150.	10	5.21	7.37	2.00	2.40	1.20	5.60
150-200.	30	17.71	19.21	1.35	1.53	1.41	4.2
200-250.	24	13.54	14.74	1.46	1.77	1.08	4.31
250-300.	25	17.72	14.47	1.29	1.00	0.94	3.23
300 & above	37	26.04	16.48	1.00	1.16	0.40	2.56
all expenditure classes	155	100.00	100.00	1.43	1.46	1.07	3.96

TABLE 1-30U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES,

MIZORAM : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 48

monthly per capita expenditure in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-30.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30-40.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40-50.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50-60.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60-70.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70-85.	1	*	*	—	—	—	—
85-100.	8	*	1.64	—	—	—	—
100-125.	37	10.00	11.48	2.00	2.00	3.00	7.00
125-150.	54	10.00	14.75	2.00	3.00	4.00	9.00
150-200.	166	40.00	36.06	1.50	1.75	2.25	5.50
200-250.	87	20.00	18.03	1.50	2.00	2.00	5.50
250-300.	63	10.00	9.84	2.00	2.00	2.00	6.00
300 & above	55	10.00	8.20	2.00	2.00	1.00	5.00
all expenditure classes	471	100.00	100.00	1.70	2.00	2.40	6.10

\*The estimated number of households/persons is insignificant 'in thousand'



TABLE 1-31U : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS, PERSONS AND NUMBER OF ADULT MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILDREN AND TOTAL PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

PONDICHERRY : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees	no. of sample households	percentage of		average number per household			
		households	persons	adult male	adult female	children	total persons
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0— 30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30— 40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40— 50	4	2.86	3.60	1.00	2.00	3.00	6.00
50— 60	5	2.86	3.30	1.50	1.50	2.50	5.50
60— 70	8	5.71	8.41	2.00	2.75	2.25	7.00
70— 85	26	18.57	23.13	1.77	1.77	2.38	5.92
85—100	18	10.00	9.61	1.71	1.43	1.43	4.57
100—125	27	18.57	17.42	1.31	1.38	1.77	4.46
125—150	6	1.43	2.70	4.00	3.00	2.00	9.00
150—200	24	12.86	9.91	1.11	1.11	1.45	3.67
200—250	8	7.14	3.90	0.80	0.80	1.00	2.60
250—300	8	7.14	6.31	1.60	1.40	1.20	4.20
300 & above	20	12.86	11.71	1.67	1.44	1.22	4.33
all expenditure classes	154	100.00	100.00	1.51	1.52	1.73	4.76



TABLE 2-0 R : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ALL-INDIA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7799

Items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(11)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	12.98	19.28	23.18	26.77	29.89	33.32	37.04	39.50	41.53	44.46	47.20	47.63	58.04	36.31	
2. gram	0.14	0.18	0.16	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.28	0.36	0.44	0.52	0.73	1.19	0.29	
3. cereal substitutes	0.26	0.18	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.16	0.17	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.33	0.34	0.35	0.21	
4. pulses	0.71	1.17	1.77	2.14	2.58	3.02	3.53	4.27	4.94	5.83	6.86	7.57	10.97	3.96	
5. milk and milk product	0.15	0.52	1.04	1.65	2.54	3.93	5.87	8.45	12.26	16.97	22.59	26.81	36.29	8.45	
6. edible oil	0.80	1.28	1.79	2.24	2.72	3.36	3.92	4.71	5.58	6.66	8.22	9.39	16.19	4.53	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.86	0.62	0.83	1.21	1.63	2.05	2.74	3.54	4.47	5.89	7.46	9.22	12.25	3.40	
8. vegetables	1.44	1.88	2.54	3.08	3.65	4.28	4.92	5.72	6.48	7.54	8.76	9.89	12.50	5.30	
9. fruits and nuts	0.07	0.20	0.25	0.40	0.54	0.75	0.98	1.44	2.06	2.90	4.13	5.28	8.46	1.56	
10. sugar	0.29	0.62	0.94	1.27	1.60	2.03	2.51	3.23	4.16	5.13	6.46	7.64	13.31	3.16	
11. salt	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.29	0.19	
12. spices	0.79	1.19	1.45	1.69	1.91	2.16	2.39	2.76	3.14	3.65	4.27	4.83	6.30	2.64	
13. beverage & refreshments	0.33	0.57	0.85	1.12	1.57	2.05	2.72	3.66	4.83	6.41	8.98	11.96	17.32	3.72	
14. food total (1-13)	18.98	27.83	35.16	42.04	49.14	57.47	67.19	77.98	90.27	106.42	126.04	141.57	193.52	73.73	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.77	1.15	1.43	1.82	2.09	2.48	2.90	3.46	4.12	5.09	6.00	7.40	10.71	3.36	
16. fuel & light	3.37	4.03	4.68	5.36	5.98	6.70	7.32	8.32	9.41	10.50	12.11	13.39	16.80	7.92	
17. clothing	0.31	0.41	0.70	1.22	1.80	2.77	4.32	6.99	11.58	18.70	32.71	50.03	78.42	9.66	
18. foot-wear	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.18	0.24	0.35	0.56	0.93	1.43	2.25	3.35	4.92	7.84	1.11	
19. misc. goods & services	1.37	2.29	3.26	4.46	5.65	7.28	9.44	12.95	18.06	24.79	35.26	44.36	77.67	14.10	
20. durable goods	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.14	0.25	0.32	0.52	0.94	1.66	3.38	6.04	10.46	52.37	3.55	
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.88	8.00	10.27	13.19	16.02	19.91	25.07	33.58	46.27	64.71	95.47	130.55	243.81	38.71	
22. total expd. (14+21)	24.86	35.84	45.44	55.24	65.17	77.40	92.27	111.58	136.56	171.14	221.52	272.12	437.34	112.45	
23. consumer rent	—	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.16	0.38	0.62	0.82	1.88	0.18	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.11	0.11	0.19	0.38	0.05	
25. no of sample hhs.	505	1450	3147	4913	6133	10402	10044	13485	8599	8925	3828	1796	2686	75913	



TABLE 2-1R : VALUE (RS. 0.00 OF) CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ANDHRA PRADESH : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 588

Items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	9.59	17.95	21.99	25.63	27.99	31.41	34.06	36.78	39.50	41.64	44.18	44.46	57.35	34.58	
2. gram	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.01	—	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.02	0.02	
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.01	0.28	0.17	0.31	0.10	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.08	
4. pulses	0.39	0.79	1.51	1.94	2.51	2.80	3.16	4.03	4.83	5.69	7.11	7.07	11.34	3.88	
5. milk and milk product	0.08	0.44	0.68	1.29	1.82	2.77	3.67	5.39	7.37	9.70	11.84	10.21	19.93	5.20	
6. edible oil	0.60	1.15	1.78	2.51	2.91	3.56	4.14	4.80	5.84	6.75	8.78	8.86	13.54	4.75	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.73	1.03	1.64	1.88	2.59	3.23	4.36	5.21	7.06	8.19	11.95	12.60	15.78	5.26	
8. vegetables	0.88	1.56	2.08	2.64	3.00	3.56	4.05	4.75	5.37	6.05	7.25	7.33	10.25	4.46	
9. fruits and nuts	0.13	0.25	0.30	0.39	0.54	0.62	0.90	1.29	1.80	2.36	3.42	3.38	6.54	1.37	
10. sugar	0.07	0.37	0.44	0.68	0.88	1.11	1.28	1.76	2.28	2.86	3.49	3.62	6.42	1.74	
11. salt	0.10	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.18	
12. spices	1.20	2.08	2.47	2.61	2.94	3.38	3.68	3.97	4.47	4.99	5.41	5.54	7.56	3.87	
13. beverages & refreshments	0.79	0.93	1.23	1.59	2.14	2.52	3.94	4.43	4.90	6.76	7.55	11.47	11.25	4.17	
14. food total (1-13)	14.56	26.71	34.60	41.53	47.84	55.26	63.47	72.67	83.66	95.27	111.33	114.92	160.45	69.59	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.26	2.20	2.31	2.57	3.60	4.17	4.89	5.88	6.64	8.11	8.06	12.57	12.66	5.50	
16. fuel & light	1.90	3.27	3.85	4.54	5.10	5.85	6.20	7.26	8.42	8.83	10.13	10.33	13.98	6.89	
17. clothing	0.05	0.40	0.33	0.90	1.81	2.50	4.93	7.75	13.83	23.68	42.07	65.89	94.69	12.31	
18. foot-wear	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.13	0.12	0.26	0.41	0.53	0.87	1.57	2.12	3.01	5.73	0.77	
19. misc. goods & services	3.07	3.03	3.99	5.65	6.73	9.04	11.54	16.29	21.24	28.62	39.85	45.91	81.58	17.15	
20. durable goods	—	—	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.30	0.59	1.14	1.88	5.07	7.52	18.61	51.89	3.18	
21. non-food total (15-20)	6.35	8.95	10.62	13.89	17.48	22.12	28.56	38.85	52.87	75.88	109.74	156.31	260.52	45.80	
22. total exped. (14+21)	20.91	35.66	45.23	55.42	65.34	77.39	92.05	111.53	136.53	171.15	221.08	271.23	420.97	115.40	
23. consumer rent	—	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.08	0.10	0.20	0.24	0.41	0.74	1.39	0.96	2.27	0.36	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.17	0.20	0.10	0.68	0.56	0.10	
25. no. of sample hhs.	50	90	207	351	508	838	785	993	632	646	314	150	199	5763	



TABLE 2.2.R: VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ASSAM : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 368

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above			
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	14.94	20.62	24.77	32.85	37.21	42.50	48.83	55.05	60.68	61.36	56.41	56.58	46.31	
2. gram	—	—	0.01	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.21	0.31	0.09	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	0.01	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	—	0.12	0.01	
4. pulses	—	1.56	1.51	1.80	1.77	2.18	2.45	3.02	3.61	4.29	5.91	6.94	6.58	3.00	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	1.12	1.07	1.22	2.43	3.79	5.23	7.66	9.50	13.01	9.94	18.56	5.22	
6. edible oil	—	1.59	1.92	2.73	2.87	3.22	3.54	4.09	5.05	6.06	7.15	8.26	9.11	4.19	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	2.00	4.11	4.64	5.27	5.94	7.12	8.51	10.89	13.91	15.99	21.00	24.51	8.77	
8. vegetables	—	3.52	3.99	4.43	4.51	5.38	6.21	7.26	8.37	10.23	11.39	12.21	14.15	7.13	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	0.25	0.19	0.35	0.31	0.70	0.90	1.06	1.24	1.61	1.44	2.43	0.83	
10. sugar	—	1.10	0.90	1.12	1.02	1.52	1.90	2.43	2.95	3.49	4.07	4.56	5.65	2.31	
11. salt	—	0.22	0.26	0.31	0.29	0.31	0.32	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.54	0.61	0.54	0.36	
12. spices	—	0.98	0.84	1.07	1.09	1.17	1.33	1.53	1.78	2.10	2.29	2.77	2.74	1.52	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	0.79	0.87	1.70	1.52	1.81	2.34	2.93	3.82	4.75	8.84	11.26	16.01	3.15	
14. food total (1-13)	—	26.68	36.40	43.89	52.82	61.73	72.28	85.18	100.75	116.85	132.35	135.60	157.35	82.90	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	1.37	1.50	2.32	2.30	3.30	4.13	4.70	5.94	7.78	8.24	10.21	13.74	4.81	
16. fuel & light	—	4.74	4.79	5.44	5.88	6.65	7.56	8.75	10.63	12.37	15.82	16.28	17.65	8.83	
17. clothing	—	—	0.54	0.71	1.11	1.62	2.22	4.28	5.98	13.40	27.12	40.82	64.46	5.71	
18. footwear	—	—	—	0.17	0.17	0.30	0.27	0.56	1.35	1.85	3.45	4.97	10.32	0.85	
19. misc. goods & services	—	2.12	1.97	2.63	2.87	3.87	5.39	7.09	9.97	14.39	22.71	32.85	51.14	7.96	
20. durable goods	—	—	0.35	0.15	0.13	0.26	0.43	0.91	1.63	3.76	9.61	27.62	53.59	1.95	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	8.25	9.16	11.44	12.46	16.01	19.99	26.30	35.50	53.55	86.95	132.72	210.90	30.10	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	34.95	45.59	55.34	65.29	77.76	92.28	111.48	136.26	170.42	219.30	268.32	368.27	113.00	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.08	0.12	1.04	1.92	3.38	0.13	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	0.02	—	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.24	—	—	0.03	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	9	25	75	165	488	669	971	542	420	156	61	44	3625	



TABLE 2.3 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 800

BIHAR : RURAL

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	15.37	21.97	26.86	32.04	37.12	42.23	47.82	53.13	58.05	63.24	69.17	70.56	94.00	44.62
2. gram	0.09	0.04	0.09	0.16	0.18	0.23	0.36	0.55	0.65	0.85	1.36	1.31	2.92	0.39
3. cereal substitutes	0.59	0.20	0.39	0.26	0.24	0.14	0.18	0.13	0.07	0.07	0.12	0.03	—	0.18
4. pulses	0.48	1.01	1.27	1.67	2.17	2.70	3.39	4.32	5.13	5.98	7.84	7.91	12.35	3.30
5. milk and milk product	—	0.15	0.25	0.51	0.99	2.12	3.69	5.93	9.48	11.85	17.48	19.78	25.02	4.17
6. edible oil	0.78	1.21	1.63	1.98	2.33	2.93	3.55	4.16	4.76	5.74	8.02	9.72	19.20	3.45
7. meat, egg, fish	0.34	0.40	0.56	0.97	1.26	1.46	2.02	2.87	3.48	5.36	6.33	13.43	14.54	2.24
8. vegetables	2.03	2.50	3.21	3.81	4.41	5.35	6.24	7.17	7.99	8.84	12.17	12.15	17.72	5.89
9. fruits and nuts	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.15	0.18	0.24	0.37	0.66	0.89	1.54	2.02	2.05	5.22	0.50
10. sugar	0.10	0.20	0.37	0.49	0.64	0.90	1.17	1.56	1.93	2.60	3.64	5.11	8.98	1.22
11. salt	0.16	0.17	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.29	0.56	0.31	0.23
12. spices	0.53	0.71	0.83	1.02	1.17	1.36	1.51	1.69	1.92	2.22	2.64	3.02	4.12	1.46
13. beverage & refreshments	0.20	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.71	0.74	1.13	1.85	2.22	3.49	4.51	11.55	10.72	1.38
14. food total (1-13)	20.77	28.86	36.10	43.69	51.62	60.61	71.67	84.26	96.78	112.07	135.62	156.93	215.41	69.03
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.61	0.80	1.08	1.31	1.41	1.63	1.90	2.19	2.45	3.79	5.66	5.44	0.05	1.96
16. fuel & light	3.12	3.60	4.44	4.90	5.46	5.97	6.22	6.98	7.77	8.72	10.08	10.67	14.36	6.25
17. clothing	0.17	0.36	0.70	1.14	1.82	2.64	4.04	6.79	11.37	17.80	33.39	51.59	96.94	6.22
18. footwear	—	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.06	0.14	0.23	0.43	0.76	1.22	2.68	4.9	6.06	0.41
19. misc. goods & services	1.35	2.18	2.88	3.78	4.55	5.87	7.76	9.91	15.42	22.48	29.60	42.49	71.03	8.56
20. durable goods	—	0.01	0.06	0.11	0.19	0.25	0.32	0.64	1.39	3.19	4.83	6.43	28.46	0.89
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.25	7.00	9.24	11.35	13.50	16.51	20.46	26.94	39.16	57.22	86.23	121.56	223.88	24.70
22. total expd. (14+21)	26.03	35.87	45.35	55.05	65.13	77.13	92.14	111.22	135.96	169.30	221.86	278.51	439.29	93.75
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.09	0.38	0.53	0.71	0.03
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	—
25. no. of sample hhs.	57	225	566	836	896	1378	1116	1278	636	545	186	55	93	7867



TABLE 2-4R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

GUJARAT : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 254

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	9.50	16.09	18.59	19.18	19.92	22.33	24.71	27.60	28.71	31.71	33.78	31.79	36.79	26.49
2. gram	—	—	0.06	0.01	0.10	0.07	0.15	0.21	0.28	0.31	0.43	0.49	0.45	0.20
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	0.10	0.06	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.02	0.19	0.02
4. pulses	1.00	2.23	2.53	2.65	3.39	3.98	4.22	5.18	5.72	7.18	8.51	8.71	10.36	5.21
5. milk and milk product	0.14	0.47	1.97	4.45	6.83	8.86	10.90	14.86	20.55	26.17	30.30	30.61	36.09	15.68
6. edible oil	1.62	1.85	2.38	3.52	4.76	5.77	7.47	8.77	10.25	12.27	14.80	14.95	23.89	8.84
7. meat, eggs, fish	0.41	0.88	0.54	0.80	0.61	0.93	1.07	1.30	1.25	1.52	1.02	1.26	2.33	1.16
8. vegetables	2.77	2.50	3.81	4.81	5.31	6.20	7.05	7.74	8.83	10.39	12.29	12.55	12.35	7.88
9. fruits and nuts	0.22	0.21	0.38	0.17	0.38	0.55	0.85	1.11	2.22	2.64	3.21	6.79	7.14	1.55
10. sugar	1.66	1.18	1.73	3.23	3.53	4.22	5.24	5.73	6.98	8.30	8.72	8.89	14.23	5.95
11. salt	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.12	0.15	0.11
12. spices	0.77	1.50	1.70	2.06	2.00	2.21	2.71	2.93	3.04	3.49	4.22	4.42	4.95	2.87
13. beverage & refreshments	0.35	0.40	1.12	1.79	2.84	3.84	3.78	4.67	5.81	7.22	8.23	12.54	19.74	5.20
14. food total (1-13)	18.44	27.36	34.98	42.81	49.76	59.05	68.26	80.23	93.78	111.35	125.70	133.16	168.71	81.16
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	3.28	2.84	2.45	2.90	2.48	3.11	3.29	3.58	3.89	4.62	3.95	4.34	7.56	3.64
16. fuel & light	3.66	4.33	4.87	5.46	5.86	6.66	7.50	8.60	9.22	10.62	12.48	12.87	14.22	8.44
17. clothing	—	0.49	0.58	0.23	0.78	0.84	2.39	4.78	6.50	14.59	28.93	52.02	114.14	9.11
18. footwear	—	—	0.05	0.05	0.33	0.42	0.95	1.15	1.25	2.31	2.14	4.59	4.78	1.23
19. misc. goods & services	0.40	2.41	2.96	4.00	5.97	7.87	9.96	12.84	20.41	26.56	40.48	45.22	76.97	16.54
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.19	0.08	0.15	0.58	1.00	2.20	7.16	19.84	57.83	2.59
21. non-food total (15-20)	7.38	10.07	10.91	12.65	15.61	18.97	24.23	31.51	42.25	60.88	95.14	138.86	275.48	41.54
22. total exped. (14+21)	25.85	37.45	45.90	55.49	65.39	78.03	92.51	111.75	136.05	172.25	220.86	272.03	444.21	122.72
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.02	—	0.10	0.18	0.21	0.45	0.55	2.04	1.23	4.01	0.42
24. corp. tax cess	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.12	0.26	0.31	0.21	0.73	0.98	0.17
25. no. of sample hhs.	3	13	36	82	143	360	356	531	337	333	132	55	75	2456



TABLE 2.5 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

HARYANA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 100

Items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	9.64	14.57	11.31	21.05	19.80	23.24	25.06	26.32	28.00	30.72	32.75	37.74	40.29	28.31	
2. gram	3.57	—	0.10	—	0.01	0.05	0.06	0.15	0.18	0.41	0.41	0.39	1.26	0.28	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	3.14	0.87	1.99	1.37	2.42	2.76	3.41	4.36	4.69	5.20	5.62	8.03	4.03	
5. milk and milk product	0.73	1.73	7.50	7.86	12.29	13.70	19.79	28.01	34.19	47.19	60.99	70.04	86.13	37.22	
6. edible oil	0.57	0.57	0.40	2.57	1.64	2.74	2.36	2.49	3.46	3.35	2.93	3.59	10.71	3.35	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.13	0.21	0.64	0.63	1.40	1.16	0.63	4.66	0.93	
8. vegetables	1.07	2.29	0.96	1.85	2.84	3.10	3.85	4.50	4.91	6.58	7.75	9.17	13.09	5.58	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	0.15	0.14	0.18	0.37	0.41	0.75	0.88	1.83	2.42	2.16	5.73	1.36	
10. sugar	1.83	2.61	2.43	3.04	3.91	4.88	5.43	6.00	7.19	8.28	9.78	12.41	16.93	7.55	
11. salt	0.07	0.20	0.08	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.17	0.14	0.14	0.19	0.20	0.15	
12. spices	0.57	1.07	0.69	1.65	1.77	1.98	2.33	2.63	2.73	3.21	3.20	3.98	4.53	2.80	
13. beverage & refreshments.	—	0.71	8.30	1.51	2.37	2.74	3.56	3.54	4.29	5.28	8.75	6.95	10.92	4.95	
14. food total (1-13)	18.11	26.88	32.90	41.80	46.12	55.46	65.95	78.58	90.95	113.07	135.47	152.86	202.47	96.50	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants.	—	2.29	1.32	1.56	1.84	2.05	2.65	2.95	3.96	4.20	4.88	7.54	10.96	4.01	
16. fuel & light	3.30	4.44	4.37	5.35	6.08	6.92	8.13	9.11	9.57	11.14	12.95	15.20	16.58	10.05	
17. clothing	—	—	0.33	0.39	1.55	1.53	3.43	4.93	9.50	10.80	25.49	49.53	54.43	12.89	
18. footwear	—	—	0.38	0.12	0.67	1.20	1.09	1.96	2.96	4.02	6.89	8.47	11.59	3.54	
19. misc. goods & services	1.31	2.65	5.70	6.44	8.25	10.33	11.12	14.03	19.80	25.48	31.64	37.40	75.18	22.25	
20. durable goods	—	—	1.56	—	1.01	0.42	0.49	0.48	0.47	2.38	3.71	3.94	20.65	2.52	
21. non-food total (15-20)	4.60	9.38	13.67	13.87	19.41	22.45	26.93	33.45	46.19	58.03	85.56	122.07	189.39	55.26	
22. total expd. (14+21)	22.71	36.26	46.57	55.68	65.54	77.92	92.89	112.06	137.16	171.11	221.04	274.95	391.88	151.78	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.01	0.01	—	0.03	0.15	0.05	0.27	0.04	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.16	0.04	
25. no. of sample hhs.	9	30	74	104	177	162	173	95	44	73	952				



TABLE 2-6R : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

HIMACHAL PRADESH : RURAL

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	—	15.63	22.61	22.13	26.78	28.86	31.83	34.71	38.32	42.95	45.55	46.88	54.55	37.73	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.14	0.16	0.23	0.35	0.65	0.57	0.79	1.28	0.40	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.04	—	0.11	—	0.03	
4. pulses	—	1.88	2.25	3.30	3.88	4.65	5.29	5.77	6.15	7.11	8.54	9.92	14.19	6.57	
5. milk and milk product	—	3.76	3.08	6.27	7.74	8.99	11.07	16.85	21.65	26.31	34.86	39.17	52.12	21.45	
6. edible oil	—	1.57	2.03	2.80	3.27	4.40	5.12	5.89	6.38	8.02	9.28	11.19	16.05	6.93	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	0.10	0.42	0.91	1.04	1.61	2.43	2.94	3.75	6.40	1.78	
8. vegetables	—	1.63	2.49	2.82	3.08	3.49	4.24	4.82	5.52	6.52	8.28	9.36	12.76	5.78	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.13	0.05	0.31	0.39	0.45	0.86	1.22	2.37	2.14	7.24	1.16	
10. sugar	—	1.25	1.13	1.68	2.40	3.52	3.76	4.45	4.90	5.82	7.33	8.94	12.69	5.25	
11. salt	—	0.14	0.20	0.16	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.23	0.23	0.29	0.18	
12. spices	—	0.61	0.99	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.38	2.78	3.11	3.66	4.68	6.10	2.79	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	0.28	0.28	0.59	0.96	1.40	2.19	2.55	3.63	4.77	6.86	10.32	32.09	4.98	
14. food-total (1-13)	—	26.73	35.03	41.08	49.89	58.06	67.09	79.30	92.38	102.17	130.48	147.49	215.81	95.03	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	1.41	1.12	1.88	2.09	2.13	2.64	3.01	3.91	4.81	6.34	6.31	13.03	4.19	
16. fuel & light	—	5.13	6.98	7.23	8.21	8.88	10.60	11.51	12.79	15.51	17.83	26.67	25.84	13.64	
17. clothing	—	—	—	0.33	0.24	1.12	1.89	4.19	9.17	16.01	30.17	38.76	94.83	14.19	
18. foot-wear	—	—	0.98	0.84	0.74	1.14	1.12	2.41	2.76	4.13	5.75	8.56	16.19	3.59	
19. misc. goods & services	—	3.19	2.67	4.08	4.28	6.76	9.29	11.56	15.84	20.74	28.88	45.41	72.40	18.40	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.39	0.06	—	0.19	0.29	0.85	2.12	0.75	25.53	1.74	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	9.75	11.76	14.38	15.95	20.10	25.53	32.87	44.75	62.04	91.09	126.44	247.83	55.76	
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	36.50	46.81	55.48	65.87	78.18	92.64	112.19	137.17	171.23	221.60	273.96	463.64	150.81	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.22	0.91	2.47	4.13	0.43	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.10	0.17	0.23	0.05	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	2	13	22	62	118	181	377	329	428	182	97	147	1958	



TABLE 2.7R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

JAMMU & KASHMIR : RURAL NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 273

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	expenditure classes	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	12.50	14.70	19.97	23.35	27.46	31.21	36.28	39.93	42.86	48.68	54.31	54.51	92.98	41.58	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.07	0.92	0.12	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	1.12	1.40	2.29	2.57	2.89	2.90	3.19	3.89	4.50	5.78	4.95	13.21	3.79	
5. milk and milk product	—	0.23	2.33	6.27	5.46	8.26	10.68	14.00	17.40	21.36	23.92	19.94	26.94	14.64	
6. edible oil	0.63	3.95	3.25	3.99	4.32	5.29	5.63	6.46	7.00	8.06	9.62	9.64	14.42	6.79	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	0.33	0.10	0.28	1.17	1.85	3.06	4.90	5.37	7.58	9.76	16.12	16.15	5.18	
8. vegetables	3.42	2.65	3.35	2.92	4.25	4.24	4.91	5.62	6.22	7.44	7.29	9.27	8.60	5.81	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.10	0.04	0.13	0.22	0.36	0.54	0.95	2.75	2.37	1.74	0.59	
10. sugar	—	0.69	1.09	1.89	1.67	1.88	1.88	1.90	2.49	2.87	4.40	3.17	7.01	2.40	
11. salt	0.33	0.25	0.32	0.18	0.23	0.27	0.32	0.34	0.35	0.41	0.42	0.54	0.44	0.34	
12. spices	1.25	1.36	1.67	1.66	1.83	1.93	2.35	2.84	3.10	3.65	4.18	4.39	6.32	2.93	
13. beverage & refreshments	1.88	1.67	2.02	1.66	2.20	2.75	3.68	4.69	7.15	7.33	12.43	13.55	13.56	5.67	
14. food total (1-13)	20.00	26.93	35.44	44.54	51.20	60.71	71.94	84.29	96.48	112.96	135.29	138.49	202.27	90.02	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxic ants	0.67	0.66	0.97	1.29	1.54	1.51	1.98	2.19	2.74	3.88	3.75	4.32	7.76	2.62	
16. fuel & light	5.96	7.52	6.49	5.08	6.27	7.42	9.18	10.14	11.31	13.52	16.68	18.94	16.17	10.72	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	0.06	0.66	1.30	3.22	8.89	16.77	36.11	60.87	69.28	9.57	
18. footwear	—	—	0.15	0.27	0.52	0.87	0.86	1.46	2.28	3.89	4.54	8.96	13.06	2.29	
19. misc. goods & services	2.01	2.20	3.20	4.31	5.95	6.54	7.53	10.08	13.74	17.40	22.77	41.36	44.95	12.62	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.12	0.06	0.11	0.41	0.44	2.09	1.83	4.16	27.06	1.40	
21. non-food total (15-20)	8.63	10.38	10.81	10.95	14.46	17.05	20.95	27.49	39.39	57.55	85.68	138.59	178.28	39.23	
22. total expd. (14+21)	28.63	37.30	46.29	55.54	65.68	77.78	92.91	111.80	135.90	170.53	221.00	277.11	380.57	129.27	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.01	—	—	0.02	1.88	0.26	0.04	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25. no. of sample hhs.	1	4	10	49	70	245	405	695	417	428	150	52	68	2594	



TABLE 2.8R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

KARNATAKA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 320

Items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	11.75	15.36	18.87	21.18	24.73	28.78	33.57	37.96	40.41	46.30	52.75	50.81	71.28	35.09	
2. gram	0.03	0.12	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.26	0.26	0.32	0.44	0.65	0.45	0.81	1.56	0.36	
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.02	—	0.03	0.03	
4. pulses	1.06	1.57	2.22	2.40	2.87	3.63	4.08	4.83	5.59	6.89	8.27	10.02	11.96	4.76	
5. Milk and milk product	0.87	1.06	2.33	2.31	3.24	3.72	5.00	5.93	6.71	9.24	10.90	16.62	20.91	6.00	
6. edible oil	1.04	1.45	1.65	1.87	2.20	2.67	3.21	3.70	4.06	4.90	5.94	7.89	11.17	3.63	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.46	0.61	0.92	1.02	1.55	2.12	2.59	3.55	4.55	5.71	7.05	8.99	12.50	3.52	
8. vegetables	1.10	2.02	2.42	2.65	2.72	3.29	3.72	4.42	5.05	5.81	6.61	7.22	10.29	4.26	
9. fruits and nuts	0.02	0.22	0.29	0.82	0.88	1.50	2.20	2.98	4.07	5.64	7.50	9.34	14.64	3.21	
10. sugar	0.70	0.90	1.64	1.89	2.20	2.63	3.06	3.70	4.20	4.96	5.64	7.12	9.78	3.54	
11. salt	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.20	0.16	0.39	0.16	
12. spices	1.27	1.52	1.95	2.24	2.60	3.12	3.37	3.97	4.46	5.09	5.24	8.31	8.31	3.74	
13. beverages & refreshments	1.04	1.18	1.54	2.34	2.57	3.33	3.85	5.06	7.63	8.62	14.53	16.60	22.37	5.81	
14. food total (1-13)	19.47	26.13	34.09	39.01	45.98	55.25	65.15	76.68	87.40	104.04	125.16	141.40	195.26	74.16	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.06	1.42	1.83	2.55	2.85	3.35	3.42	4.25	5.23	5.89	6.69	7.95	11.04	4.24	
16. fuel & light	3.29	4.76	5.65	6.97	7.72	8.53	9.15	10.40	11.04	11.97	12.76	14.39	17.52	9.71	
17. clothing	0.08	0.41	0.22	0.72	1.40	1.54	3.00	5.24	12.43	22.63	35.42	57.37	70.39	10.62	
18. foot-wear	—	—	0.02	0.21	0.08	0.22	0.25	0.40	0.78	1.31	1.70	2.94	5.24	0.68	
19. misc. goods & services	1.94	2.84	3.93	5.73	6.62	7.97	10.13	13.48	17.48	24.17	34.66	37.63	78.48	15.31	
20. durable goods	0.02	—	0.17	0.05	0.07	0.31	0.41	1.10	2.02	2.09	7.37	10.63	26.97	2.12	
21. non food total (15-20)	6.40	9.43	11.81	16.23	18.74	22.33	26.97	34.88	48.98	68.07	98.61	130.81	209.64	42.68	
22. total expd. (14+21)	25.87	35.58	45.92	55.26	64.72	77.59	92.12	111.56	136.38	172.10	223.76	272.21	404.90	116.84	
23. consumer rent	—	0.01	—	0.06	0.05	0.16	0.45	0.24	0.24	0.57	0.46	1.58	1.92	0.33	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.15	0.59	0.03	0.42	0.42	0.80	
25. no. of sample hhs.	22	80	115	235	247	382	354	565	361	377	150	81	119	3088	



TABLE 2.9 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

KERALA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 315

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	10.78	13.17	17.72	22.18	23.29	27.21	29.88	33.38	37.54	41.59	46.12	49.40	61.58	35.09	
2. gram	—	0.14	0.08	0.11	0.15	0.07	0.18	0.27	0.25	0.28	0.47	0.46	0.84	0.25	
3. cereal substitutes	0.51	0.73	1.28	1.05	1.64	1.91	2.15	2.60	2.69	3.26	2.63	2.62	2.29	2.36	
4. pulses	0.12	0.30	0.50	0.71	0.82	0.95	1.46	1.83	2.15	3.07	4.37	4.99	7.86	2.34	
5. mi and milk product	0.37	0.50	0.76	1.04	1.42	1.70	2.63	4.11	5.81	8.33	12.42	15.58	22.48	5.97	
6. edible oil	0.56	0.58	1.24	1.82	1.93	2.48	2.77	3.32	4.11	4.83	6.23	7.66	10.35	3.96	
7. meat, egg, fish	1.04	2.41	2.78	3.62	4.05	4.70	6.04	7.29	8.92	11.51	13.99	18.67	26.33	8.97	
8. vegetables	0.47	0.64	1.26	1.43	1.74	2.24	2.76	3.5	3.90	5.32	7.07	7.62	12.19	4.13	
9. fruits and nuts	0.60	1.81	2.17	2.50	3.43	4.23	4.85	6.72	8.13	10.73	13.41	16.63	24.48	8.12	
10. sugar	0.69	1.41	1.24	1.52	1.63	1.91	2.17	2.55	3.04	3.46	4.37	5.15	7.27	2.94	
11. salt	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.22	3.13	
12. spices	0.81	1.38	1.52	2.00	2.12	2.40	2.84	3.32	3.74	4.21	4.92	5.28	6.79	3.49	
13. beverage & refreshments	1.54	3.72	3.64	4.28	5.27	6.43	8.86	9.67	11.84	15.31	19.39	24.28	28.73	11.71	
14. food total (1-13)	17.59	27.19	34.28	42.42	47.66	56.39	66.79	78.65	92.33	112.13	135.65	158.57	211.52	89.54	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.98	1.25	1.65	2.12	2.62	3.11	3.25	3.99	5.00	5.67	6.70	8.80	8.52	4.50	
16. fuel & light	4.44	4.17	4.23	4.72	5.68	6.30	7.04	7.82	8.80	9.92	11.43	12.18	16.89	8.45	
17. Clothing	—	—	0.31	0.37	0.84	1.58	1.98	3.70	6.90	9.64	18.63	29.09	65.06	9.27	
18. footwear	—	—	0.03	0.08	0.11	0.16	0.33	0.56	0.86	1.37	1.75	2.22	5.12	0.95	
19. misc. goods & se vices	1.55	3.26	5.20	6.26	8.03	10.13	12.64	16.49	22.25	30.22	40.63	52.40	98.40	23.84	
20. durable goods	—	—	0.09	—	0.31	0.14	0.33	0.56	1.27	3.02	5.82	9.66	130.19	8.64	
21. non-food total (15-20)	7.96	8.68	11.52	13.55	17.60	21.41	25.58	33.12	45.09	59.85	84.96	114.35	324.18	55.66	
22. total exped. (14+21)	25.56	35.87	45.79	55.98	65.27	77.81	92.38	111.77	137.42	171.98	220.62	272.93	535.69	145.20	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.08	0.27	0.36	0.58	1.36	0.20	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.18	0.52	0.05	
25. no. of sample hhs.	6	18	57	94	166	346	365	549	422	464	266	120	232	3105	



TABLE 2-10R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MADHYA PRADESH : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 574

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	15.02	20.24	24.35	28.69	31.94	36.09	39.44	41.37	42.74	43.38	46.85	45.23	62.25	36.33
2. gram.	0.02	0.40	0.25	0.32	0.42	0.24	0.27	0.43	0.77	0.73	6.88	1.28	2.65	0.46
3. cereals substitutes.	0.70	0.37	0.32	0.20	0.16	0.10	0.09	0.13	0.12	0.15	0.25	0.19	0.16	0.16
4. pulses	0.71	1.40	2.42	2.84	3.33	4.06	4.70	5.74	7.26	8.70	9.81	10.36	16.23	4.98
5. milk and milk product	0.23	0.67	1.15	1.73	2.71	3.53	5.14	7.63	11.12	14.99	19.44	23.48	33.00	6.42
6. edible oil	0.62	1.06	1.72	1.96	2.60	3.18	3.79	4.62	6.05	7.86	10.16	12.26	23.15	4.31
7. meat, egg, fish	0.35	0.37	0.62	0.83	0.98	1.20	1.39	1.55	2.44	2.35	3.21	3.52	3.98	1.45
8. vegetables	1.06	1.39	1.99	2.42	2.82	3.53	4.04	4.83	5.91	6.47	7.48	10.09	10.92	4.10
9. fruits and nuts	0.11	0.25	0.19	0.33	0.41	0.57	0.78	1.00	1.44	2.15	2.44	5.70	5.87	0.98
10. sugar	0.39	0.74	0.98	1.29	1.62	2.15	2.68	3.36	4.45	5.65	6.68	8.26	17.23	3.01
11. Salt.	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.28	0.16
12. spices	0.76	1.03	1.30	1.45	1.64	1.94	2.15	2.46	2.86	3.26	3.67	4.64	6.00	2.19
13. beverage & refreshments	0.17	0.33	0.54	0.83	1.02	1.31	1.85	2.46	3.88	5.58	6.55	10.10	10.67	2.31
14. food total (1-13)	20.27	28.36	35.96	43.02	49.80	58.05	66.49	75.77	89.23	101.48	117.62	135.35	192.45	66.87
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.59	1.00	1.26	1.75	1.80	2.39	2.78	3.25	4.55	5.32	7.44	8.20	11.63	3.05
16. fuel & light	3.26	3.78	4.40	5.01	5.58	6.36	6.74	7.75	9.07	10.00	10.96	13.21	16.04	6.98
17. clothing	0.63	0.53	0.85	1.45	2.69	3.34	5.90	9.64	13.45	24.81	39.55	61.86	86.60	9.86
18. foot-wear	0.07	0.16	0.15	0.27	0.37	0.52	0.78	1.24	1.63	2.55	3.08	3.92	9.71	1.09
19. misc. goods & service	1.19	1.92	2.67	3.62	4.68	6.05	8.56	11.67	15.90	21.39	35.04	40.81	68.51	10.63
20. durable goods	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.22	0.24	0.45	0.98	1.86	3.01	5.73	8.40	9.85	35.41	2.20
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.75	7.40	9.35	12.33	15.37	19.13	25.74	35.40	47.61	69.80	104.46	137.84	227.94	33.63
22. total expd. (14+21)	26.01	35.78	45.32	55.36	65.18	77.19	92.24	111.18	136.85	171.29	222.11	273.21	420.39	100.52
23. consumer rent	—	0.91	9.01	3.01	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.10	0.07	0.23	0.45	0.79	1.00	0.10
24. con. tax cess	—	0.01	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.17	0.08	0.05	0.03	—	0.37	0.05
25. no. of sample hhs.	48	195	362	534	607	923	737	793	465	467	189	94	140	5554



TABLE 2.11R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MAHARASHTRA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 559

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
1. total cereals	8.98	13.86	16.85	20.00	22.93	24.90	28.59	30.49	32.12	35.09	39.68	39.46	48.91	28.10	
2. gram	—	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.08	0.09	0.13	0.14	0.16	0.24	0.30	0.40	0.66	0.15	
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.07	0.19	0.24	0.32	0.43	0.51	0.72	0.86	1.25	1.23	1.37	1.74	0.64	
4. pulses	1.11	1.97	2.94	3.20	3.91	4.22	5.05	5.52	6.25	7.35	8.61	9.02	14.10	5.28	
5. milk and milk product	0.75	0.81	1.21	1.74	2.29	3.37	4.38	6.15	8.24	10.45	15.73	18.10	23.16	5.88	
6. edible oil	1.15	1.95	2.63	3.16	3.58	4.25	4.93	5.80	6.94	8.91	10.76	11.93	19.38	5.73	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.33	0.83	0.87	1.58	1.77	2.29	2.90	3.43	4.95	6.62	9.20	9.18	12.46	3.63	
8. vegetables	1.10	1.47	2.15	2.67	3.18	3.59	4.15	4.85	5.44	6.57	7.36	8.66	10.12	4.48	
9. fruits and nuts	0.11	0.40	0.52	0.84	1.09	1.60	1.94	2.76	3.46	4.73	6.14	7.45	9.89	2.58	
10. sugar	0.92	1.60	2.17	2.49	2.79	3.20	3.78	4.29	4.83	5.72	6.67	7.34	12.21	4.07	
11. salt	0.09	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.28	0.14	
12. sepicces	1.13	1.70	2.00	2.24	2.46	2.76	3.00	3.27	3.31	3.95	4.60	5.08	6.43	3.10	
13. beverage & refreshments	0.89	1.22	1.55	1.63	1.88	2.63	3.02	4.29	5.24	7.20	7.85	11.00	18.30	4.09	
14. food total (1-13)	16.60	26.05	33.29	40.05	46.44	53.51	62.58	71.92	82.00	98.33	118.36	129.25	177.73	67.91	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.61	1.28	1.67	1.95	2.08	2.49	2.93	3.37	3.92	4.67	5.93	7.28	8.31	3.23	
16. fuel & light	3.72	4.37	5.34	6.13	7.17	8.15	9.14	9.67	10.65	11.82	12.73	13.40	16.41	9.08	
17. clothing	0.59	0.40	0.79	1.44	2.19	3.91	5.45	9.80	17.13	23.85	39.69	54.88	71.17	11.45	
18. foot-wear	—	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.32	0.38	0.67	0.88	1.27	2.00	2.44	4.16	5.18	0.96	
19. miscs. goods & service	2.99	3.27	4.21	5.58	6.78	8.74	11.11	14.87	20.52	27.32	37.25	48.34	91.94	15.80	
20. durable goods	—	0.05	0.07	0.14	0.13	0.19	0.40	1.11	1.48	3.87	5.52	13.67	33.02	1.99	
21. non-food total (15-20)	7.91	9.49	12.24	15.47	18.67	23.86	29.70	39.70	54.97	73.55	103.57	141.74	226.03	42.52	
22. total expd. (14+21)	24.54	35.56	45.54	55.53	65.12	77.37	92.29	111.63	136.97	171.88	221.92	270.97	403.76	110.44	
23. consumer rent	—	—	0.04	0.06	0.12	0.07	0.13	0.28	0.51	1.05	0.88	2.02	4.35	0.41	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.15	0.13	0.30	0.45	0.15	1.36	0.15	
25. no. of sample hhs.	24	86	262	415	518	858	751	910	557	552	242	136	163	5474	



TABLE 2.12 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MANIPUR : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 120

(0)	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													(14)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	all expenditure classes
1. total cereals	—	20.00	22.79	32.27	40.85	47.73	53.06	56.75	60.89	67.21	72.54	75.61	83.65	59.12
2. gram.	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	0.01	0.02	0.02	—	—	0.14	0.01
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.01	0.01	—	—	0.16	0.01
4. pulses	—	—	—	1.31	1.18	2.14	1.64	3.56	5.00	5.21	5.21	8.44	9.49	3.96
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	0.33	—	0.17	0.80	1.04	1.88	1.76	0.97	0.65	2.41	1.24
6. edible oil	—	—	—	0.88	0.92	1.45	1.95	2.72	3.26	3.48	3.26	3.94	4.13	2.77
7. meat, egg, fish	—	2.86	5.37	4.27	5.49	5.14	5.72	10.60	12.25	16.28	20.01	31.56	34.99	11.81
8. vegetables	—	4.65	6.69	3.96	4.17	4.55	6.20	6.82	8.50	8.64	9.18	8.38	9.92	7.38
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.04	0.07	0.16	0.19	0.63	0.85	1.06	0.96	—	0.97	0.66
10. sugar	—	—	0.54	0.62	0.59	0.38	1.05	0.82	1.25	1.44	1.46	2.07	13.37	1.18
11. salt	—	0.44	0.51	0.44	0.52	0.40	0.39	0.41	0.43	0.39	0.71	0.63	0.57	0.43
12. spices	—	0.43	2.18	1.68	1.32	1.35	1.41	1.82	2.56	3.72	4.34	4.83	6.18	2.49
13. beverage & refreshments	—	0.79	0.97	1.29	0.80	0.91	1.56	2.57	3.14	3.97	3.71	4.49	5.68	2.76
14. food total (1-13)	—	29.14	39.03	47.09	55.88	64.39	73.97	87.74	100.00	113.17	122.30	140.57	171.62	93.81
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	0.28	2.13	1.76	3.06	3.15	4.64	5.67	7.34	11.17	11.32	17.60	5.53
16. fuel & light	—	6.04	7.13	6.41	5.61	6.23	7.63	8.70	10.40	11.05	14.26	17.09	16.56	9.60
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	0.27	0.96	2.59	3.87	11.24	22.55	26.50	53.90	5.98
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.48	0.39	0.99	3.08	5.81	11.93	8.14	20.25	3.16
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	0.28	1.27	1.72	3.02	6.42	7.52	11.99	16.70	26.80	31.73	27.03	11.24
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.12	1.28	2.55	9.36	31.56	50.12	2.19
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	6.04	7.68	9.80	9.14	13.07	18.55	24.54	36.28	54.68	96.04	126.35	185.46	37.69
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	35.18	46.70	56.89	65.03	77.47	92.52	112.29	136.28	167.84	218.33	266.92	357.07	131.50
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	2	4	18	39	100	138	247	248	247	81	29	13	1166



TABLE 2-13R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MEGHALAYA : RURAL  
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 91

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	17.15	21.24	27.58	32.96	36.76	40.75	41.41	42.20	48.27	52.52	59.85	65.46	75.55	46.06
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.31	0.01	—	—	0.04	0.04
3. cereal substitutes	1.51	0.67	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.15	0.09	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	—	0.07
4. pulses	—	0.22	0.66	0.89	0.95	1.11	1.87	1.61	1.99	2.08	2.35	3.15	2.76	1.68
5. milk and milk product	—	—	0.34	0.62	0.68	1.11	1.56	2.69	2.99	2.33	3.98	3.05	4.10	2.08
6. edible oil	—	0.87	0.78	1.19	1.26	1.39	1.89	2.65	3.06	3.86	5.55	5.40	6.28	2.85
7. meat, egg, fish	0.16	1.34	2.01	3.86	4.01	5.86	7.55	10.31	15.05	20.26	27.16	36.70	36.19	13.65
8. vegetables	2.96	3.73	3.89	4.17	5.61	6.74	7.85	9.60	13.69	16.70	17.72	21.53	28.32	11.61
9. fruits and nuts	1.70	0.57	0.47	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.99	0.97	1.73	1.95	2.01	1.69	3.38	1.33
10. sugar	—	0.59	0.31	0.37	1.24	1.59	2.44	2.90	3.54	4.69	5.24	6.08	6.68	3.09
11. salt	0.26	0.19	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.27	0.27	0.37	0.41	0.49	0.53	0.77	0.69	0.38
12. spices	0.26	0.64	0.40	0.52	0.48	0.66	0.71	1.15	1.33	1.48	1.61	2.18	2.30	1.10
13. beverage & refreshments	—	1.67	1.64	1.55	2.60	2.85	3.62	5.94	5.41	7.16	10.86	16.54	15.83	5.76
14. food total (1-13)	23.99	31.71	38.35	47.05	54.49	63.11	70.24	80.42	97.81	113.53	138.87	162.58	182.07	89.68
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.50	1.73	1.56	2.49	3.06	4.62	6.53	9.69	10.84	15.96	30.88	24.29	41.72	12.05
16. fuel & light	2.71	3.35	4.13	3.78	4.21	4.69	5.24	7.18	9.77	10.89	15.38	17.63	22.97	8.62
17. clothing	—	—	0.10	0.54	0.52	0.42	1.90	2.56	4.34	5.67	5.81	10.29	24.00	3.83
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.01	0.22	0.07	0.19	0.81	0.76	1.23	2.20	3.88	4.40	0.92
19. misc. goods & services	0.35	1.19	1.29	1.88	2.64	3.97	7.38	10.46	12.47	21.77	29.83	41.03	78.91	14.99
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.24	0.17	0.44	0.66	0.99	1.35	2.37	1.95	11.66	7.55	1.61
21. non food total (15-20)	3.55	6.30	7.10	8.94	10.82	14.21	21.90	31.69	39.54	57.89	86.05	108.79	179.56	42.03
22. total expd. (14+21)	27.53	38.01	45.46	55.99	65.32	77.34	92.14	112.12	137.35	171.43	222.92	271.38	361.68	131.72
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	—	0.17	0.06	0.13	—	1.67	0.11
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—
25. no. of sample hhs.	4	13	37	64	82	120	72	90	84	147	79	37	45	874



TABLE 2.15R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ORISSA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 309

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	14.29	23.19	30.34	35.25	40.56	46.68	53.40	57.56	64.71	68.55	72.63	77.29	71.13	49.97	
2. gram.	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.11	0.18	0.09	0.06	0.29	0.06	
3. cereal substitutes	0.93	0.48	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.02	—	—	—	0.04	0.02	0.07	
4. pulses	0.14	0.18	0.37	0.63	0.93	1.24	1.85	2.30	3.24	4.80	5.62	10.96	8.92	2.04	
5. milk and milk product	0.15	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.39	0.58	0.95	1.75	2.79	4.46	6.65	10.26	7.68	1.50	
6. edible oil	0.31	0.46	0.83	1.20	1.53	1.95	2.45	3.23	4.08	5.11	6.99	9.18	8.81	2.67	
7. meat, egg and fish	0.30	0.60	0.89	1.24	1.73	2.12	2.85	4.08	4.86	7.07	9.18	9.78	15.47	3.30	
8. vegetable	1.01	1.65	2.39	3.04	3.68	4.51	5.39	6.76	8.54	11.36	12.98	16.35	16.95	5.84	
9. fruits and nuts	0.05	0.11	0.13	0.52	0.88	0.63	0.71	0.89	1.11	1.91	3.24	3.29	6.75	0.94	
10. sugar	0.04	0.19	0.39	0.57	0.74	0.98	1.27	1.94	2.47	3.46	4.19	5.45	6.99	1.55	
11. salt	0.20	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.27	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.38	0.33	0.26	
12. spices	0.51	0.69	0.85	1.04	1.24	1.41	1.54	2.03	2.45	3.02	3.35	4.19	4.57	1.73	
13. beverage & refreshments	0.41	0.18	0.29	0.54	1.08	1.70	1.53	2.91	4.02	5.09	12.66	15.23	35.30	2.79	
14. food total (1-13)	18.34	27.97	37.08	44.49	53.09	62.13	72.23	83.79	98.69	115.32	137.93	162.51	183.29	72.72	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.80	1.05	1.26	1.68	1.47	1.91	2.07	2.89	3.42	4.40	6.24	8.14	15.46	2.59	
16. fuel & light	3.13	4.41	4.72	4.91	5.55	6.34	7.22	8.28	9.19	10.72	15.30	15.98	18.03	7.38	
17. clothing	0.68	0.82	1.02	1.83	1.86	2.40	4.37	6.11	10.58	13.67	26.00	34.44	53.90	6.09	
18. foot-wear	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.14	0.09	0.23	0.35	0.78	1.26	2.67	5.64	0.29	
19. misc. goods service	1.03	1.04	1.63	2.02	2.80	4.18	5.77	8.95	12.06	20.65	33.40	46.64	51.80	8.10	
20. durable goods	—	0.13	0.02	0.13	0.40	0.31	0.43	0.67	0.87	3.96	3.36	6.76	54.97	1.55	
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.62	7.47	8.67	10.59	12.11	15.28	19.95	27.12	36.46	54.19	85.56	114.60	119.79	26.01	
22. total exped. (14+21)	23.99	35.45	45.75	55.09	65.22	77.42	92.19	110.93	135.17	169.52	223.50	277.11	383.09	98.75	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.01	0.43	0.16	1.53	1.98	0.10	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.38	—	—	—	0.04	
25. no. of sample hhs.	39	107	192	261	300	472	435	512	296	272	84	23	63	3056	



TABLE 2.16R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

PUNJAB : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 256

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	2.91	10.56	10.59	16.51	15.96	17.88	19.91	21.80	24.00	26.08	27.55	26.83	37.03	24.52
2. gram	—	—	0.05	0.01	0.10	0.11	0.22	0.18	0.29	0.38	0.44	0.58	0.93	0.35
3. cereals substitute	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	0.02	—	—	0.08	—	0.01
4. pulses	—	1.87	1.84	2.89	2.82	3.45	3.55	4.24	4.70	5.38	5.80	6.35	8.94	5.05
5. milk and milk product	2.57	3.56	4.75	6.86	8.99	11.84	14.29	20.73	25.91	35.20	44.48	48.71	68.19	31.11
6. edible oil	0.59	2.11	1.92	2.83	3.39	4.01	4.60	5.13	5.44	6.37	6.40	6.82	11.55	5.99
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	0.05	0.08	0.30	0.29	0.61	0.74	1.07	1.71	2.13	4.86	6.29	1.78
8. vegetables	0.21	2.71	2.19	3.62	3.65	4.28	5.01	5.93	6.44	7.81	8.37	9.56	12.12	7.09
9. fruits and nuts	0.36	—	0.02	0.06	0.21	0.35	0.47	0.77	1.25	1.63	2.38	3.45	5.01	1.64
10. sugar	2.57	3.56	3.08	4.95	5.22	6.47	7.70	8.73	9.66	11.03	13.86	13.30	20.85	10.80
11. salt	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.20	0.18	0.23	0.16
12. spices	0.30	0.93	0.86	1.82	1.92	2.09	2.26	2.65	3.01	3.42	4.01	4.34	5.77	3.27
13. beverage & refreshment	1.07	1.64	6.47	2.83	3.82	4.36	5.61	5.89	7.77	8.35	10.88	14.30	15.68	8.36
14. food total (1-13)	10.59	26.99	31.89	42.52	46.47	55.25	64.38	76.93	89.70	107.53	126.50	139.37	192.63	100.13
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	5.71	0.85	1.61	0.89	1.38	1.86	2.68	2.28	2.69	3.87	5.21	6.57	11.74	4.01
16. fuel & light	1.58	4.30	5.02	5.45	6.56	7.68	9.04	9.89	11.05	12.51	13.69	15.83	18.13	11.68
17. clothing	—	—	—	0.09	0.55	1.65	1.72	5.03	9.45	13.21	32.11	50.41	93.97	19.86
18. foot-wear	—	—	0.85	0.17	0.93	0.90	1.27	2.20	3.16	4.59	6.09	10.22	13.84	4.49
19. misc. goods & services	8.00	4.36	5.28	6.14	9.42	10.45	12.81	16.31	19.65	25.98	34.30	41.23	71.81	25.89
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.07	0.05	0.31	0.32	0.66	1.10	3.05	4.19	6.29	31.92	4.45
21. non-food total (15-20)	15.29	9.51	12.75	12.80	18.90	22.84	27.84	36.36	47.10	63.21	95.60	130.54	241.41	70.37
22. total exped.(14+21)	25.92	36.58	44.65	55.35	65.40	78.12	92.24	113.41	136.79	170.75	222.11	269.92	433.04	170.52
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.20	0.11	0.15	—	0.09
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	—	—	0.01	0.07	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.04
25. no. of sample hhs.	1	4	11	21	70	141	202	388	382	530	322	165	271	2508



TABLE 2-17R : VALUE (RS.0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES 359

RAJASTHAN : RURAL

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	16.33	20.55	24.01	25.27	27.29	28.48	29.17	30.85	31.88	34.85	37.51	39.81	45.94	30.69
2. gram	1.27	0.11	0.06	0.20	0.17	0.23	0.14	0.42	0.34	0.72	0.84	2.21	1.49	0.45
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.06	0.01	—	—	0.04	—	0.01	0.08	0.05	—	—	—	0.02
4. pulses	0.57	0.92	1.14	1.39	1.71	1.93	2.48	2.85	3.40	4.05	4.65	5.24	10.90	3.03
5. milk & milk pro- duct	0.50	1.53	3.08	5.47	7.97	11.02	16.73	19.45	24.99	34.65	44.54	45.54	65.27	21.01
6. edible oil	0.57	0.96	1.59	2.06	2.55	3.14	3.42	4.21	5.26	5.36	6.38	7.12	21.94	4.62
7. meat, egg, fish	0.10	0.07	0.20	0.32	0.32	0.52	0.70	0.75	1.01	1.84	1.39	2.54	4.35	0.99
8. vegetables	0.45	0.73	1.15	1.50	1.73	2.27	2.67	3.02	3.77	4.50	5.18	6.33	9.37	3.21
9. fruits and nuts	0.08	0.12	0.10	0.19	0.29	0.30	0.47	0.70	1.19	1.17	1.72	2.33	5.18	0.89
10. sugar	0.32	0.92	1.40	1.99	2.69	3.43	4.20	5.48	6.48	7.77	9.17	12.03	29.11	5.96
11. salt	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.21	0.13
12. spices	1.15	1.33	1.66	1.87	2.09	2.38	2.65	2.90	3.15	3.62	3.98	4.69	6.30	2.90
13. beverage & refreshments	0.20	0.35	0.92	1.27	1.73	2.00	2.09	2.94	3.44	4.23	5.92	7.54	13.83	3.25
14. food total (1-13)	21.66	27.78	35.44	41.62	48.51	55.83	64.80	73.68	85.12	102.95	121.41	135.52	213.91	77.14
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.89	1.33	1.70	2.33	2.62	2.72	3.02	3.50	4.31	4.63	5.08	6.47	12.67	3.78
16. fuel & light	2.75	4.21	4.50	5.58	6.16	6.76	7.06	8.05	8.43	9.57	10.72	11.95	16.50	7.92
17. clothing	0.92	0.43	0.33	1.22	2.03	3.48	5.49	9.52	14.39	23.84	36.91	56.28	90.84	14.69
18. foot-wear	0.04	0.05	0.28	0.41	0.94	1.19	2.14	2.93	3.33	4.75	6.54	7.83	11.08	2.96
19. misc. goods & ser- vices	0.57	1.66	2.55	3.85	4.51	6.87	9.10	12.85	18.30	22.47	33.26	36.86	70.89	15.28
20. durable goods	—	0.05	0.05	0.12	0.33	0.50	0.55	1.12	2.62	3.80	8.13	16.10	76.39	5.21
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.17	7.74	9.42	13.52	16.57	21.52	27.36	37.98	51.37	69.06	100.63	135.48	278.37	49.85
22. total exped. (14+21)	26.83	35.53	44.87	55.16	65.10	77.36	92.18	111.68	136.51	172.02	222.06	271.02	492.30	127.00
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.03	—	0.01	0.07	0.11	0.09	0.14	0.40	0.41	1.29	0.14
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.01	—	0.01	0.03	0.08	0.03	0.08	0.09	0.21	0.08	0.09	0.04
25. no. of sample hhs.	27	92	159	226	260	415	412	525	351	474	216	121	221	3499



TABLE 2-18R : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

SIKKIM : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 23

Items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above			
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	12.40	—	24.56	22.13	24.37	33.80	36.62	41.97	49.54	52.43	63.74	63.18	40.08	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.10	0.12	—	0.03	0.08	0.22	0.27	0.16	0.48	0.12	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.21	—	—	0.01	
4. pulses	—	1.60	—	1.22	1.91	2.94	3.51	3.05	5.08	6.37	6.56	5.20	9.21	4.42	
5. milk & milk product	—	—	—	—	5.88	6.82	5.96	12.42	14.35	14.63	26.08	16.60	39.09	13.35	
6 edible oil	—	3.02	—	3.43	3.01	3.76	5.27	4.93	5.83	8.41	8.41	10.99	17.99	6.07	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	12.00	—	4.77	7.69	11.10	6.73	10.50	12.90	16.96	13.69	15.81	36.96	12.74	
8. vegetables	—	2.50	—	6.08	7.43	6.32	7.62	7.75	9.44	11.13	13.83	12.76	19.61	9.38	
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	—	—	0.26	0.58	0.55	1.24	0.57	0.61	1.32	1.72	2.20	0.87	
10. sugar	—	—	—	0.68	1.48	0.96	1.36	1.69	2.37	1.98	2.89	2.51	4.54	1.93	
11. salt	—	0.24	—	0.30	0.27	0.25	0.37	0.36	0.41	0.52	0.59	0.61	0.50	0.41	
12. spices	—	0.76	—	0.94	1.18	1.16	1.78	1.60	1.76	1.81	2.30	2.39	3.83	1.75	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	0.80	—	0.80	1.51	3.02	2.91	3.21	4.66	4.64	5.35	4.99	19.10	4.25	
14. food total (1-13)	—	33.30	—	42.72	52.85	61.39	69.87	83.42	99.42	115.22	133.95	137.44	216.75	95.38	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	0.22	—	3.75	1.64	4.30	4.32	7.48	7.10	10.76	5.86	8.28	13.90	7.06	
16. fuel & light	—	3.70	—	7.61	6.29	5.60	6.62	5.90	7.09	8.66	10.24	13.81	15.89	7.55	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	1.13	1.15	4.61	6.57	14.95	18.38	44.16	37.91	60.04	14.37	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.55	0.18	0.10	1.15	1.10	1.60	3.56	6.50	3.15	15.01	2.35	
19. misc. goods & services	12.02	0.80	—	0.94	4.38	4.67	6.79	7.71	9.15	10.37	26.44	15.21	49.90	10.68	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.46	—	—	1.17	1.02	2.23	2.45	53.15	17.55	3.61	
21. non-food total (15-20)	12.02	4.70	—	12.84	14.08	15.81	23.50	29.93	40.91	53.95	95.64	131.51	172.26	45.63	
22. total exped. (14+21)	12.13	38.00	—	55.61	66.93	77.21	93.38	113.86	140.32	169.19	229.60	268.98	389.05	141.01	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	1.18	0.91	0.73	0.51	0.25	0.52	1.56	1.56	15.73	1.11	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	—	
25. no. of sample hhs.	2	1	—	3	10	16	20	49	36	39	20	12	17	225	



TABLE 2-19 R 1 VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

TAMIL NADU : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 450

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
1. total cereals	11.74	18.04	22.58	26.67	30.45	33.97	39.26	42.24	49.35	53.20	58.29	61.85	75.85	39.21
2. gram	—	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.12	0.32	0.43	0.82	0.09
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.28	0.05	0.21	0.14	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.10
4. pulses	0.62	0.88	1.31	1.61	2.02	2.63	3.29	4.22	4.76	6.10	8.06	9.24	13.49	3.83
5. milk & milk pro- duct	0.11	0.17	0.29	0.61	0.86	1.44	2.46	4.00	4.99	8.01	11.30	11.54	18.04	3.73
6. edible oil	0.76	1.07	1.48	1.74	2.15	2.75	3.22	4.01	4.59	5.90	7.42	7.45	12.60	3.73
7. meat, egg, fish	0.47	0.75	1.15	1.84	2.11	2.64	3.34	4.52	6.27	7.77	7.85	11.59	13.45	4.20
8. vegetables	1.09	1.64	2.13	2.49	2.91	3.33	3.70	4.45	5.37	6.13	7.54	9.15	12.44	4.26
9. fruits & nuts	0.08	0.38	0.41	0.62	0.80	1.13	1.38	1.72	2.44	3.25	5.03	6.24	9.81	1.92
10. sugar	0.07	0.21	0.34	0.48	0.78	1.15	1.42	2.02	2.44	2.96	3.95	4.13	8.05	1.79
11. salt	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.26	0.16
12. spices	1.30	1.97	2.40	2.81	3.03	3.36	3.83	4.23	4.75	5.33	6.11	7.11	8.51	3.97
13. beverage & refreshments	0.80	1.21	1.88	2.57	3.05	3.75	4.66	6.24	7.14	9.97	12.79	17.11	24.94	5.98
14. food total (1-13)	17.16	26.77	34.18	41.85	48.49	56.50	66.87	78.00	92.54	109.03	128.96	146.14	198.39	73.01
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.09	1.51	1.61	1.98	2.46	2.82	3.60	4.24	4.81	6.00	5.79	6.66	11.46	3.81
16. fuel & light	2.90	4.23	4.74	5.33	5.94	6.61	7.01	8.06	9.29	10.36	12.24	12.90	16.67	7.69
17. clothing	0.47	0.15	0.71	0.98	1.04	2.09	2.84	5.47	9.46	15.22	30.02	48.85	67.72	8.21
18. foot-wear	—	—	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.11	0.16	0.37	0.56	0.70	1.34	1.63	4.62	0.45
19. misc. goods & services	1.80	3.14	4.15	4.92	6.61	8.86	11.26	14.58	18.94	26.62	35.98	48.68	77.45	15.37
20. durable goods	—	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.30	0.33	0.52	0.80	1.26	3.60	6.92	7.82	81.55	3.68
21. non-food total (15-20)	6.29	9.06	11.33	13.33	16.43	20.83	25.38	33.53	44.32	62.50	92.27	126.56	259.46	39.20
22. total exped (14+21)	23.47	35.84	45.52	55.19	64.93	77.34	92.27	111.54	136.87	171.54	221.23	272.70	457.86	112.23
23. consumer rent	—	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.14	0.22	0.34	0.29	0.82	1.19	1.81	2.49	0.38
24. con. tax cess	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.12	0.11	0.29	0.18	0.53	0.09
25. no. of sample hhs.	76	145	243	316	392	616	524	727	381	466	205	96	160	4347



TABLE 2.20 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

TRIPURA : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 85

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	19.61	27.71	27.93	32.34	37.30	42.22	47.23	49.09	54.54	56.75	48.55	59.04	45.11	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.10	0.05	0.01	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.09	0.01	0.05	0.01	—	0.01	—	0.03	
4. pulses	—	0.30	0.51	1.37	1.28	1.63	2.20	2.58	3.11	4.19	4.85	5.38	6.91	2.81	
5. milk and milk product	—	0.08	—	0.71	1.34	2.12	3.72	4.51	6.99	9.62	14.56	13.57	20.50	5.83	
6. edible oil	—	0.68	1.26	2.12	2.30	2.75	3.33	4.18	5.72	7.88	9.48	9.77	10.59	4.88	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	0.76	2.20	4.52	5.70	6.35	8.50	10.77	12.88	18.99	27.28	34.06	39.59	12.67	
8. vegetables	—	3.76	2.77	4.09	3.58	5.29	5.51	6.89	7.71	9.63	11.00	13.72	18.76	7.22	
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	1.05	0.68	0.75	1.16	1.22	1.34	1.82	3.24	3.26	6.36	7.58	1.91	
10. sugar	—	0.73	0.05	1.06	0.96	1.17	1.46	1.84	2.41	2.88	3.50	5.07	4.62	4.03	
11. salt	—	0.30	0.23	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.29	0.32	0.40	0.48	0.56	0.30	
12. spices	—	0.91	1.51	1.62	1.45	1.96	2.10	2.61	2.75	3.17	3.50	6.18	5.62	2.61	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	0.09	0.19	0.86	1.43	1.11	1.56	2.26	4.45	5.11	8.29	10.39	39.38	3.90	
14. food total (1-13)	—	27.21	37.50	45.20	51.34	61.08	72.20	84.55	97.27	142.95	153.71	213.32	89.32	89.32	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	0.44	1.91	2.52	3.03	3.78	4.32	4.97	6.67	6.46	7.10	11.17	20.33	5.46	
16. fuel & light	—	3.13	4.10	4.25	4.26	4.84	5.47	6.41	7.41	8.37	10.77	13.07	14.44	6.78	
17. clothing	—	—	—	1.01	2.24	2.73	3.54	5.33	8.01	13.81	18.47	29.41	53.37	8.15	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	0.32	0.31	0.43	0.77	1.14	2.55	3.58	4.60	16.20	1.47	
19. misc. goods & services	—	4.57	0.79	2.96	4.18	4.79	6.28	8.34	12.41	22.41	32.29	43.61	63.72	12.88	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.05	0.35	0.09	0.38	0.67	2.82	1.58	5.78	14.11	27.42	2.12	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	8.16	6.86	10.79	14.39	16.55	20.42	26.49	38.46	55.20	78.00	116.02	195.48	36.87	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	35.42	44.36	56.01	65.73	77.64	92.64	111.06	135.74	174.82	220.96	269.74	408.74	126.21	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	0.06	—	0.17	0.06	0.32	2.39	4.10	5.48	6.66	0.94	
24. non tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	3	9	30	40	103	139	177	111	106	54	25	32	829	



TABLE 2.21R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

UTTAR PRADESH : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 979

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	12.94	17.53	20.87	24.19	26.77	29.43	31.23	33.72	35.01	36.91	37.71	40.16	51.89	30.46
2. gram	0.27	0.53	0.47	0.27	0.39	0.44	0.46	0.84	0.82	0.82	1.05	1.24	2.30	0.59
3. cereal substitutes	0.22	0.06	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.05	0.10	0.02	0.05	0.05	—	—	0.05
4. pulses	1.74	1.84	2.61	2.98	3.54	4.05	4.86	5.70	6.29	7.24	7.91	8.68	11.98	4.88
5. milk & milk pro- duct	0.07	0.66	1.56	2.20	3.29	5.71	8.65	11.24	15.95	22.30	25.88	36.41	40.13	9.90
6. edible oil	1.39	1.77	2.18	2.59	3.14	3.58	4.17	4.98	5.80	6.90	9.62	10.80	22.93	4.70
7. meat, egg, fish	0.10	0.30	0.43	0.68	0.87	1.15	1.43	1.95	2.51	3.17	3.85	4.72	9.56	1.74
8. vegetables	1.57	2.26	2.92	3.55	4.25	4.77	5.22	6.10	6.71	7.80	8.88	10.10	14.22	5.45
9. fruits & nuts	0.04	0.11	0.14	0.20	0.30	0.42	0.54	0.88	1.11	1.85	2.55	3.70	4.78	0.82
10. sugar	0.67	0.91	1.22	1.61	2.01	2.43	2.91	3.67	4.68	5.81	7.02	8.68	15.01	3.38
11. salt	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.26	0.32	0.15
12. spices	0.85	1.12	1.37	1.54	1.74	1.92	2.16	2.48	2.93	3.29	3.91	4.25	6.13	2.29
13. beverage & re- freshments	0.04	0.21	0.23	0.45	0.70	0.95	1.35	2.06	2.54	3.40	5.22	7.74	9.88	1.77
14. food total (1-13)	20.02	27.41	34.12	40.42	47.16	55.01	63.17	73.67	84.54	99.73	113.87	136.73	189.16	66.16
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.66	0.91	1.22	1.53	1.65	1.96	2.28	2.70	3.14	4.00	5.19	6.03	9.60	2.53
16. fuel & light	3.89	4.43	5.21	5.89	6.53	7.34	7.95	8.94	9.89	13.78	12.79	13.85	18.91	8.18
17. clothing	0.24	0.43	0.81	1.54	2.25	3.90	6.38	8.98	14.79	23.21	38.80	53.01	84.24	10.17
18. foot-wear	0.06	0.07	0.18	0.28	0.36	0.44	0.74	1.17	1.89	2.49	3.94	5.87	9.23	1.20
19. misc. goods & services	1.78	2.60	3.66	5.19	6.74	8.21	10.75	15.05	19.99	27.10	39.13	50.20	81.22	14.22
20. durable goods	0.05	0.13	0.15	0.23	0.37	0.52	0.92	1.16	2.46	3.64	6.38	6.45	38.42	2.02
21. non-food total (15-20)	6.69	8.58	11.26	14.66	17.91	22.37	29.03	38.01	52.16	71.22	106.23	135.42	241.62	38.32
22. total exped. (14+21)	26.72	36.00	45.38	55.09	65.08	77.39	92.22	111.70	136.71	170.97	220.11	272.16	430.80	104.49
23. consumer rent	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02	0.13	0.20	0.01	0.84	0.04
24. non. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.01	—	0.09	0.01
25. no of sample hhs.	74	216	556	851	935	1429	1200	1522	941	902	355	179	252	9412



TABLE 2.22R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

WEST BENGAL : RURAL NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 494

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	12.69	22.21	27.77	32.31	36.41	42.07	48.03	52.00	58.73	63.29	74.10	85.15	89.77	47.08
2. gram	—	0.07	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.16	0.05
3. cereals substitutes	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.14	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.13	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.22	0.10	0.10
4. pulses	0.37	0.60	0.60	0.92	1.23	1.48	1.91	2.50	2.95	3.55	4.63	4.90	5.67	2.09
5. milk & milk product	—	0.14	0.29	0.46	0.89	1.63	2.64	4.06	5.56	8.26	12.13	13.80	19.47	3.66
6. edible oil	0.64	1.31	1.67	2.13	2.47	3.30	3.77	4.50	5.35	6.54	9.06	12.37	14.94	4.18
7. meat, egg, fish	2.27	1.36	1.45	1.91	2.81	3.12	4.37	5.91	7.65	11.36	15.30	20.91	25.45	5.70
8. vegetables	1.93	2.44	3.18	3.73	5.02	5.46	6.56	7.64	9.55	11.18	14.59	18.60	20.22	7.15
9. fruits & nuts	0.02	0.09	0.17	0.20	0.18	0.35	0.49	0.82	1.43	2.28	3.17	3.10	5.94	0.90
10. sugar	0.09	0.31	0.52	0.72	0.86	1.11	1.36	1.88	2.45	3.20	4.63	5.53	6.60	1.73
11. salt	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.26	0.28	0.31	0.32	0.39	0.45	0.51	0.28
12. spices	0.47	0.70	0.87	1.13	1.35	1.50	1.64	1.92	2.50	2.87	3.87	4.75	5.14	1.87
13. beverage & refreshments	0.13	0.41	0.64	0.75	1.26	1.48	2.35	2.59	3.62	5.15	6.13	8.55	13.30	2.59
14. food total (1-13)	18.98	30.05	37.61	44.71	52.80	61.89	73.49	84.39	100.29	118.32	148.29	178.54	207.35	77.41
15. pan, tobacco, & intoxicants	0.52	0.88	1.26	1.62	1.97	2.00	2.45	2.76	3.29	3.97	4.49	4.71	7.45	2.56
16. fuel & light	3.83	3.53	3.80	4.55	5.12	5.65	6.14	6.72	8.07	9.23	10.37	12.25	15.84	6.53
17. clothing	0.14	0.38	0.80	1.22	1.19	2.34	2.84	6.07	8.24	13.96	22.06	25.30	41.32	5.89
18. foot-wear	—	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.15	0.57	0.74	1.49	2.83	2.88	3.77	0.55
19. misc. goods services	0.59	1.37	2.15	3.03	4.09	5.06	7.16	10.28	14.87	21.88	29.98	41.02	66.16	10.41
20. durable goods	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.27	0.15	0.28	0.65	1.04	1.67	3.98	5.99	34.48	1.22
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.14	6.20	8.07	10.58	12.69	15.29	19.02	27.06	36.24	52.19	73.72	92.16	169.02	27.17
22. total exped. (14+21)	24.09	36.25	45.70	55.30	65.49	77.20	92.53	111.47	136.55	170.52	222.02	270.68	376.37	104.59
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.09	0.10	0.24	0.37	0.09	1.63	0.09
24. con. tax ccss	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.03	—	0.28	0.02
25. no. of sample hhs.	65	137	241	367	480	736	733	807	463	479	198	76	92	4874



TABLE 2.23 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS : RURAL NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 77

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	21.21	17.23	14.70	23.96	28.50	28.85	33.25	33.52	35.60	40.38	45.52	50.01	34.03	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.03	0.15	0.03	0.03	0.40	0.21	0.48	0.13	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	0.99	1.25	0.75	0.18	0.40	0.42	0.42	0.56	0.47	0.02	0.12	0.43	
4. pulses	—	1.19	1.71	2.11	1.61	3.24	4.73	4.29	6.35	6.51	9.47	10.85	12.10	6.02	
5. milk & milk product	—	—	1.46	1.46	1.33	1.84	1.75	3.99	5.68	7.86	10.80	10.21	21.29	6.46	
6. edible oil	—	2.73	2.75	3.53	4.84	4.44	6.11	6.60	9.61	10.36	11.75	14.39	18.96	8.95	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	4.19	5.28	9.18	5.13	8.71	11.09	14.48	19.88	23.75	30.75	35.34	15.77	
8. vegetables	—	0.77	1.00	1.27	3.78	4.68	6.75	7.58	7.06	9.91	10.44	13.00	17.97	8.39	
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	1.55	6.99	2.03	2.31	4.05	3.17	3.92	4.00	6.80	9.01	10.61	4.64	
10. sugar	—	1.07	1.59	2.05	2.49	2.64	3.33	3.09	3.97	4.41	4.78	5.54	6.63	3.87	
11. salt	—	0.26	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.25	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.46	0.47	0.50	
12. spices	—	1.69	1.44	1.44	2.27	2.81	3.46	3.71	4.74	4.84	6.58	7.82	9.30	4.65	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	0.57	1.46	1.60	2.97	2.45	2.81	3.2	6.46	8.85	16.70	19.56	39.19	9.72	
14 food total (1-13)	—	29.54	35.57	41.84	55.39	58.52	71.31	83.00	96.52	113.17	142.75	167.48	222.64	103.41	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants.	—	1.30	2.25	2.25	3.98	3.20	4.60	5.25	9.07	9.10	14.63	20.23	25.84	9.16	
16. fuel & light	—	5.37	2.87	3.10	3.40	4.48	5.34	5.42	7.50	7.73	11.87	13.04	13.70	7.36	
17. clothing	—	—	1.87	3.89	0.40	4.33	4.55	8.04	9.39	25.28	29.50	34.85	75.73	18.40	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	1.25	0.38	1.00	0.24	0.70	1.33	1.58	2.82	4.57	6.19	1.71	
19. misc. goods & services	—	1.02	3.67	5.24	3.85	6.82	6.97	9.16	13.40	13.65	21.06	28.21	41.68	14.15	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.26	0.27	1.00	1.08	1.92	3.72	15.42	2.05	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	7.76	10.66	15.72	12.00	19.86	21.94	28.85	41.68	58.40	81.80	104.62	178.55	52.82	
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	37.31	46.23	57.57	67.42	78.42	93.27	111.84	138.22	171.59	224.55	272.12	401.18	156.24	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.17	—	0.05	0.19	0.19	0.15	0.03	0.82	5.81	2.78	0.67	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.02	0.09	0.03	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	1	9	10	17	45	67	106	100	119	92	55	122	743	



TABLE 2.26 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI : RURAL NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 31

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
1. total cereals	—	—	22.57	23.72	28.43	28.13	29.99	31.54	29.93	32.62	33.45	39.50	36.38	28.66
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02	1.00	0.09	—	—	—	—	—	0.14
3. cereals substitutes	—	—	—	0.04	0.25	0.04	—	0.08	0.18	0.05	—	—	—	0.11
4. pulses	—	—	2.96	3.85	5.16	6.89	7.75	9.37	13.42	12.38	9.09	15.70	14.83	7.19
5. milk & milk product	—	—	0.28	0.18	0.45	1.52	2.92	5.51	9.68	15.99	22.52	36.81	27.70	4.11
6. edible oil	—	—	0.81	1.37	1.54	2.21	2.88	3.60	6.21	8.02	7.78	13.80	10.12	3.02
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	1.34	3.10	2.26	2.70	4.46	5.26	5.74	5.32	4.70	19.62	14.53	3.62
8. vegetables	—	—	4.39	4.35	4.86	5.61	6.59	7.39	8.86	12.73	9.77	15.30	12.59	6.44
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	0.08	0.48	0.31	0.25	1.38	1.20	0.91	1.38	1.07	4.23	1.19	0.70
10. sugar	—	—	0.79	0.30	0.61	1.43	2.00	2.83	4.78	6.91	7.04	10.59	8.21	2.11
11. salt	—	—	0.14	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.13	0.22	0.19	0.13
12. spices	—	—	1.23	1.31	1.62	1.76	1.77	1.72	2.50	2.82	2.29	3.20	2.82	1.79
13. beverage & refreshments	4.50	5.00	0.41	0.91	1.18	2.44	3.82	5.01	12.21	7.94	7.38	34.58	68.08	4.33
14. food total (1-13)	4.50	5.00	34.99	39.71	47.77	53.20	64.64	73.71	94.51	106.32	105.19	183.51	196.64	62.32
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	3.09	3.81	5.23	6.83	8.10	11.76	9.47	12.42	10.14	9.96	8.49	7.19
16. fuel & light	—	—	5.33	6.86	7.59	7.78	8.92	9.74	12.69	13.81	14.18	26.08	22.20	8.97
17. clothing	—	14.10	0.52	0.97	0.61	2.68	1.18	2.85	4.53	10.48	35.02	21.13	17.80	3.32
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	0.10	0.13	0.09	0.32	0.32	1.23	1.21	0.68	3.98	0.27
19. misc goods & services	20.63	18.15	2.97	4.40	4.78	5.74	7.72	12.55	15.20	25.87	34.40	37.66	42.20	9.35
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	0.27	0.97	1.43	0.68	0.11	20.95	0.18	79.65	1.62
21. non-food total (15-20)	20.63	32.25	11.91	16.04	18.31	23.44	26.98	38.65	42.89	63.91	115.91	95.69	174.39	30.73
22. total expd (14+21)	25.13	37.25	46.90	55.76	65.09	76.63	91.63	112.37	137.38	170.22	22.11	279.21	371.04	93.05
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.10	0.47	0.28	1.07	1.50	0.78	4.00	4.25	0.37
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25. no. of sample hhs.	2	1	12	28	55	57	38	36	19	30	6	7	10	301



TABLE 2.27R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

DELHI : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 7

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	14.42	—	—	16.79	19.63	17.35	23.38	28.05	25.17	30.64	23.32	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.11	0.73	0.77	—	0.33	1.59	0.67	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	—	—	2.00	—	—	3.14	4.15	3.47	5.64	4.90	5.83	5.20	4.79	
5. milk & milk product	—	—	—	5.01	—	—	18.29	19.28	32.82	53.41	79.16	53.43	82.20	48.85	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	4.13	—	—	3.70	6.91	9.37	7.93	10.31	5.69	5.65	6.94	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	2.50	—	—	5.93	2.18	2.46	2.67	4.52	3.49	6.50	3.72	
8. vegetables	—	—	—	4.42	—	—	6.95	8.72	12.56	11.68	13.59	12.81	9.69	10.62	
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.69	3.47	2.09	1.00	2.15	4.74	9.93	3.48	
10. sugar	—	—	—	4.00	—	—	2.91	4.65	5.30	5.06	6.88	7.14	9.63	6.12	
11. salt	—	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.37	0.26	0.22	0.20	
12. spices	—	—	—	1.75	—	—	3.26	2.71	3.20	2.21	5.60	3.84	3.09	2.99	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	1.34	—	—	1.66	2.70	9.34	4.90	4.28	5.16	16.34	7.12	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	39.72	—	—	63.43	74.65	98.85	118.83	159.76	127.85	180.72	119.18	
15. pan, tobacco, & intoxicants	—	—	—	0.92	—	—	2.76	5.45	7.26	4.40	3.51	7.22	8.05	5.79	
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	1.80	—	—	12.88	10.73	11.02	13.59	15.26	18.44	16.02	13.64	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.44	—	10.06	8.83	50.46	57.70	21.29	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	1.00	—	—	0.18	1.94	0.29	1.99	13.24	9.70	11.21	4.93	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	9.59	—	—	15.61	15.32	22.91	23.72	32.77	48.02	53.49	30.77	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.36	—	0.95	1.27	—	4.90	99.71	21.54	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	13.30	—	—	31.78	35.87	42.43	55.00	73.57	138.73	246.15	97.94	
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	—	—	53.02	—	—	95.24	110.53	141.30	173.85	233.36	266.62	426.89	217.14	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.45	0.09	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	10	7	17	4	10	15	67	



TABLE 2.28 R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

GOA, DAMAN AND DIU : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees																all expenditure classes
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)		
1. total cereals	—	—	—	—	19.20	24.75	34.68	35.64	30.46	38.03	43.12	50.59	73.71	33.62	38.74		
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.13	0.36	0.09	0.18	0.26	0.30	—	0.42	0.22		
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
4. pulses	—	—	—	—	2.20	0.78	1.40	1.65	2.51	2.63	2.46	2.73	1.41	4.19	2.40		
5. milk & milk product	—	—	—	—	4.51	0.47	1.58	3.60	3.47	8.02	4.08	18.47	28.79	17.93	7.38		
6. edible oil	—	—	—	—	4.50	1.30	1.46	1.91	5.43	3.66	4.32	4.56	5.96	6.65	4.00		
7. meat, eggs, fish	—	—	—	—	—	2.03	2.34	6.80	9.25	11.09	15.19	28.30	30.24	30.21	14.06		
8. vegetables	—	—	—	—	3.80	3.51	3.22	3.46	4.25	5.00	5.74	6.42	5.43	10.15	5.32		
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	—	—	0.40	5.57	3.87	6.41	6.86	10.09	13.92	11.62	10.27	19.75	10.55		
10. sugar	—	—	—	—	1.20	1.04	2.44	2.89	3.43	4.58	4.60	5.77	7.50	7.02	4.31		
11. salt	—	—	—	—	0.05	0.12	0.18	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.24	0.32	0.26	0.18	0.21		
12. spices	—	—	—	—	2.00	2.07	2.71	2.83	2.98	3.72	4.58	5.75	7.66	5.36	4.01		
13. beverages & refreshments	—	—	—	—	2.01	4.37	4.53	5.45	6.89	9.11	13.89	15.46	20.65	82.03	16.78		
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	—	39.85	46.03	58.59	71.15	75.83	96.30	112.47	150.32	192.01	217.60	108.03		
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	—	4.40	3.40	2.32	3.55	8.06	6.62	7.55	5.54	11.85	23.19	7.80		
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	—	9.60	5.57	7.50	8.30	8.24	10.17	12.54	15.18	12.40	19.02	11.22		
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.66	0.74	2.65	—	8.92	0.79	—	13.00	4.09		
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	0.43	0.69	0.47	0.86	0.92	1.09	2.85	0.91	4.33	1.35		
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	—	6.00	7.39	7.49	10.66	16.38	18.48	27.95	41.74	53.45	162.67	34.89		
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.79	—	1.88	1.22	0.10	5.31	—	7.66	1.72		
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	—	20.00	16.76	19.46	23.74	38.07	37.41	58.15	71.41	78.62	229.90	61.08		
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	—	—	—	59.81	62.83	78.03	94.89	113.90	133.72	170.64	221.72	270.63	447.48	169.11		
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02	0.21	0.44	—	5.46	32.70	3.39		
24. con. tax cesses	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	0.01	0.07	0.02	0.04	0.17	0.42	0.59	0.11		
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	—	1	10	7	25	30	26	32	11	2	16	160		



TABLE 2.30R : VALUE (RS. [0.00] OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

MIZORAM : RURAL

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	27.33	33.48	33.52	36.13	41.74	44.54	46.23	42.75	39.71	45.00	40.93	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	—	—	—	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.10	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.09	—	—	0.06	
4. pulses	—	—	—	1.45	0.90	1.49	1.72	2.45	3.00	4.05	4.65	4.62	—	2.58	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	0.68	0.05	1.30	1.74	2.96	4.25	5.91	9.20	14.21	20.00	3.36	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	2.28	1.98	2.67	3.25	3.82	4.77	5.96	8.13	9.57	18.10	4.16	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	4.44	4.29	5.73	8.66	9.13	11.21	15.64	22.04	33.04	10.00	10.25	
8. vegetables	—	—	—	4.32	4.80	6.03	7.53	9.44	11.68	13.52	13.79	14.38	18.00	9.78	
9. fruits & nuts	—	—	—	—	0.16	0.51	0.81	0.63	0.77	1.01	1.05	0.19	—	0.73	
10. sugar	—	—	—	—	0.41	1.67	2.03	2.57	3.44	4.78	6.43	10.01	18.00	2.93	
11. salt	—	—	—	0.59	0.88	0.59	0.70	0.68	0.76	0.85	0.87	0.81	3.00	0.72	
12. spices	—	—	—	0.59	0.99	0.75	0.93	0.95	1.07	1.24	1.50	2.37	6.00	1.01	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	0.86	1.22	1.58	2.08	2.40	2.84	3.18	5.69	5.55	10.00	2.51	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	42.53	49.13	55.84	65.68	76.83	88.34	102.36	116.19	134.40	148.10	78.99	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	2.27	3.50	5.31	5.68	7.11	7.84	10.90	9.80	17.09	10.00	7.37	
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	10.20	9.94	11.63	12.14	14.01	15.71	18.59	21.56	20.55	29.00	14.51	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	0.94	1.33	2.87	3.93	6.10	12.46	22.64	40.68	120.00	5.53	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	0.38	1.39	2.03	3.89	6.35	8.41	19.42	—	2.86	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	2.50	1.34	3.84	4.85	8.07	12.81	17.14	30.61	25.47	51.00	9.65	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	0.10	0.36	0.32	1.20	0.94	8.05	9.27	—	0.75	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	14.95	15.70	22.59	27.27	35.47	47.54	66.37	101.06	132.47	210.00	40.66	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	—	57.49	64.83	78.42	92.95	112.29	135.88	168.73	217.25	266.85	358.10	119.65	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.21	0.06	3.74	1.85	30.0	0.14	
24. con. tax cesses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	2	12	110	187	395	270	204	32	11	1	1224	



TABLE 2-31R : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES.

PONDICHERRY : RURAL

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES : 16

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	15.32	18.54	26.82	29.04	29.48	32.39	41.90	40.55	44.00	43.72	54.44	50.71	67.04	35.90
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	0.08	0.03	0.13	—	—	—	0.03
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.04	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	0.21	—	—	—	0.02
4. pulses	0.32	0.63	0.75	1.70	0.99	2.13	2.35	2.96	4.39	5.37	11.62	8.29	10.73	2.72
5. milk and milk pro- duct	—	0.38	0.57	0.86	0.21	2.09	4.28	3.35	10.16	9.24	5.10	7.50	18.84	3.55
6. edible oil	0.19	0.78	1.17	1.86	1.23	2.35	3.07	3.50	5.60	6.76	9.78	7.47	7.30	3.13
7. meat, egg, fish	0.04	0.43	0.61	2.35	3.38	3.81	3.07	4.97	5.37	7.23	9.90	17.67	2.14	3.93
8. vegetables	0.37	0.86	1.69	2.02	2.11	2.48	3.25	4.37	4.88	6.33	12.20	6.76	7.73	3.43
9. fruits & nuts	—	0.09	0.16	0.30	0.25	0.75	0.63	1.19	2.22	2.20	8.45	3.85	4.78	1.10
10. sugar	—	0.17	0.36	0.39	0.29	0.80	0.97	1.18	2.61	2.85	5.77	2.84	3.32	1.18
11. salt	0.01	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.20	0.18	0.16	0.20	0.13
12. spices	0.55	1.26	2.47	2.73	3.29	4.05	4.01	4.91	5.07	5.98	10.72	4.89	5.28	4.07
13. beverage & refreshments	0.29	1.30	0.54	2.08	2.83	4.81	5.60	5.55	9.46	10.77	6.45	5.64	68.78	5.62
14. food total (1-13)	17.16	24.61	35.26	43.47	44.28	55.90	69.35	72.86	94.01	101.08	134.60	115.85	196.25	64.88
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.11	2.10	1.72	2.26	8.31	6.56	7.11	8.38	3.74	10.83	14.09	9.11	3.39	6.38
16. fuel & light	1.38	2.20	4.17	4.27	4.17	5.60	5.86	7.61	9.44	11.24	14.21	9.80	12.35	6.37
17. clothing	—	—	—	0.05	2.17	1.22	0.50	3.23	11.35	15.06	6.08	39.73	51.64	4.39
18. footwear	—	—	0.05	0.06	—	0.10	0.11	—	—	2.11	—	—	—	0.20
19. misc. goods ser- vices	1.90	5.38	2.73	3.87	5.54	8.59	8.20	15.55	18.09	31.05	47.36	40.28	25.76	11.96
20. durable goods	—	0.57	—	0.83	0.14	0.20	0.15	3.28	—	1.77	1.68	41.86	42.32	1.81
21. non-food total (15-20)	4.40	10.30	8.69	11.38	20.33	22.30	21.93	28.04	42.62	72.07	83.47	140.70	135.48	31.11
22. total expd.	21.61	34.86	43.95	54.88	64.63	78.22	91.28	110.92	136.55	173.17	218.06	256.61	331.72	96.01
23. consumer rent	—	0.44	0.21	—	—	—	0.80	—	0.08	2.00	—	—	—	0.30
24. con. tax cesses	—	—	—	—	0.09	0.04	0.03	—	0.05	0.15	—	—	—	0.04
25. no. of sample hhs.	3	5	12	12	19	21	23	20	14	18	4	3	3	157



TABLE 2.0U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 4327

ALL INDIA : URBAN

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture above classes
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	8.35	15.73	19.15	21.76	24.19	27.22	29.42	31.05	33.49	34.46	35.72	36.52	38.27	31.85	
2. gram	—	0.02	0.05	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.16	0.21	0.30	0.37	0.48	0.54	0.69	0.31	
3. cereal substitutes	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.15	0.19	0.19	0.25	0.13	
4. pulses	0.58	1.17	1.92	2.44	2.93	3.27	3.85	4.52	5.33	6.03	7.10	7.65	8.97	5.29	
5. milk and milk product	0.39	0.95	1.38	2.44	3.58	4.83	6.53	9.70	12.95	17.69	23.47	29.39	41.74	15.15	
6. edible oil	0.72	1.43	2.23	2.79	3.41	4.13	5.07	6.43	7.75	9.20	11.13	12.60	15.68	7.94	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.42	0.82	1.28	1.64	2.00	2.58	3.32	4.16	5.28	6.71	8.44	10.18	14.80	5.92	
8. vegetables	0.98	1.91	2.66	3.28	3.84	4.56	5.50	6.54	7.81	9.21	11.01	12.78	16.49	8.17	
9. fruits and nuts	0.19	0.27	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.93	1.19	1.70	2.48	3.50	5.29	7.04	12.59	3.46	
10. sugar	0.50	0.87	1.32	1.70	2.02	2.38	2.83	3.45	3.97	4.59	5.36	5.94	7.42	4.03	
11. salt	0.08	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.22	0.25	0.18	
12. spices	0.80	1.24	1.60	1.79	2.04	2.26	2.57	2.94	3.29	3.68	4.22	4.68	5.49	3.33	
13. beverage & refreshments	1.48	2.37	2.09	2.66	2.80	3.78	4.70	5.94	7.92	10.48	15.79	21.51	40.08	11.21	
14. food total (1-13)	14.57	26.93	34.20	41.31	47.81	56.27	65.38	76.90	90.87	106.76	128.40	149.24	202.72	96.97	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants.	0.88	1.17	1.27	1.66	1.73	2.02	2.63	3.14	3.58	4.42	5.42	6.37	9.04	4.01	
16. fuel & light	2.63	4.05	4.88	5.67	6.44	7.22	8.19	9.44	10.79	12.57	14.82	16.22	21.45	11.36	
17. clothing	0.11	0.13	0.38	0.40	0.82	1.38	2.33	3.57	5.83	10.92	18.85	26.56	63.25	12.52	
18. foot-wear	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.18	0.19	0.31	0.50	0.78	1.18	1.75	2.81	3.80	7.37	1.80	
19. misc. goods services.	3.67	3.49	4.80	6.24	8.14	10.00	13.23	17.58	24.02	33.71	49.46	65.14	120.77	33.68	
20. durable goods	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.08	0.12	0.21	0.27	0.59	0.92	1.83	2.88	5.75	27.45	3.69	
21. non-food total (15-20)	7.35	8.88	11.50	14.23	17.44	21.14	27.15	35.10	46.32	65.20	94.24	123.84	249.33	67.06	
22. total exped. (14+21)	21.92	35.81	45.70	55.54	65.25	77.41	92.53	112.00	137.19	171.96	222.64	273.08	452.05	164.03	
23. consumer rent	0.80	0.47	0.68	0.71	0.93	1.37	1.97	2.60	3.88	5.75	9.24	13.71	22.50	5.93	
24. con. tax cesses	—	—	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.06	0.07	0.14	0.24	0.36	0.75	0.91	2.77	0.50	
25. no. of sample hhs.	92	164	409	932	1424	3037	3604	6178	5316	7441	4430	2843	6113	41983	



TABLE 2.1 U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

ANDHRA PRADESH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 342

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- penditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	1.80	13.45	19.65	21.25	24.52	26.66	27.51	31.38	33.27	35.01	35.16	37.48	42.53	31.70	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.03	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	0.01	—	
4. pulses	0.15	0.75	1.79	2.50	2.56	3.18	3.67	4.17	5.13	5.84	7.59	7.56	9.83	5.06	
5. milk and milk product	0.44	1.11	1.90	2.27	3.29	3.93	5.35	7.47	11.09	12.77	17.52	20.40	26.66	10.52	
6. edible oil	0.13	1.05	2.17	2.98	3.50	3.95	4.62	5.77	6.96	7.83	10.09	10.89	14.55	6.88	
7. meat, eggs, fish	0.06	0.69	1.14	2.45	2.54	3.71	4.62	5.29	7.73	8.01	8.90	10.73	18.64	7.00	
8. vegetables	0.16	1.37	2.44	3.14	3.52	3.90	4.84	5.54	6.46	7.27	8.78	9.88	12.93	6.40	
9. fruits and nuts	0.08	0.27	0.35	0.50	0.56	0.85	0.89	1.45	2.20	2.53	3.80	4.94	8.13	2.33	
10. sugar	0.01	0.30	0.72	1.00	1.09	1.53	1.64	2.17	2.60	3.05	3.78	4.23	5.35	2.57	
11. salt	0.01	0.08	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.23	0.17	
12. spices	0.13	1.22	2.01	2.54	2.72	3.02	3.41	3.79	3.99	4.47	4.91	5.15	6.68	4.02	
13. beverages & refreshments	3.92	5.97	2.92	3.07	3.19	4.52	7.21	6.96	8.28	11.79	13.00	18.49	26.81	9.78	
14. food total (1-13)	6.89	26.29	35.26	41.85	47.65	55.45	63.98	74.21	87.95	98.84	113.82	130.05	171.98	86.51	
15. pan tobacco & intoxicants.	0.79	1.64	1.45	1.80	2.09	2.62	3.51	4.52	4.50	5.95	6.85	6.00	8.70	4.72	
16. fuel & light	0.75	3.89	4.13	5.39	5.68	6.44	7.32	8.67	9.70	11.12	12.82	13.55	17.82	9.68	
17. clothing	0.76	0.49	0.05	0.09	0.62	1.58	3.02	3.05	6.17	15.53	25.94	40.15	82.14	14.24	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.10	0.08	0.29	0.38	0.60	0.99	1.46	2.16	3.46	6.47	1.36	
19. misc. goods & services	6.39	3.63	5.03	6.14	9.22	10.96	14.01	20.30	26.56	37.90	56.00	72.04	125.41	33.75	
20. durable goods	0.24	—	—	0.12	0.13	0.31	0.25	0.48	1.20	2.63	4.13	6.27	26.67	3.23	
21. non-food total (15-20)	8.90	9.70	10.66	13.63	17.81	22.20	28.49	37.61	49.12	74.58	107.90	141.47	267.18	66.97	
22. total exped. (14+21)	15.76	36.01	45.94	55.49	65.47	77.65	92.48	111.82	137.08	173.43	221.73	271.52	439.17	153.48	
23. consumer rent	—	0.26	1.01	0.67	1.79	2.00	2.98	4.15	5.94	8.54	14.80	16.82	28.36	7.62	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.05	0.13	0.28	0.39	0.44	0.24	1.79	0.31	
25. no. of sample hhs.	24	20	37	89	134	288	362	548	456	557	292	200	343	3350	



TABLE 2.2U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES]

ASSAM : URBAN]

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 85

items]	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- penditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	—	26.95	31.44	27.37	34.82	39.88	43.22	48.75	51.29	53.67	52.46	52.64	46.27	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.11	0.12	0.14	0.27	0.24	0.37	0.14	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.05	—	—	—	0.01	
4. pulses	—	—	1.64	1.18	1.97	2.59	2.81	3.63	3.92	4.36	5.91	5.87	8.74	4.12	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	0.40	1.57	3.51	3.37	7.03	7.70	11.01	16.12	18.30	28.07	9.35	
6. edible oil]	—	—	2.41	2.33	3.86	3.38	4.07	5.55	6.10	6.74	8.44	8.20	11.98	6.14	
7. meat, egg, fish]	—	—	6.30	2.70	5.95	3.83	6.12	8.38	9.13	13.88	16.76	21.99	26.88	11.18	
8. vegetables	—	—	2.73	3.36	4.43	5.36	6.71	7.17	9.30	9.65	12.14	14.59	21.53	9.16	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.01	0.41	0.38	2.54	0.76	0.79	1.24	2.08	2.53	3.66	1.12	
10. sugar ]]	—	—	0.70	0.73	1.26	2.05	2.15	2.93	3.31	3.63	4.51	4.17	6.18	3.26	
11. salt]	—	—	0.18	0.24	0.22	0.31	0.30	0.34	0.37	0.38	0.50	0.44	0.71	0.38	
12. spices]	—	—	0.88	0.67	1.15	1.11	1.34	1.52	1.76	2.00	2.45	2.77	4.23	1.85	
13. beverage & refreshments]	—	—	1.40	2.38	1.49	3.09	3.11	4.52	8.91	9.73	14.73	24.26	39.28	9.34	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	43.12	45.41	49.67	60.43	70.49	85.18	100.15	114.12	137.57	155.83	204.27	102.31	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	1.35	1.28	2.00	1.87	2.35	3.05	3.84	4.57	6.29	10.54	15.73	4.44	
16. fuel & light	—	—	2.55	5.03	6.21	7.51	7.92	9.65	11.55	12.61	14.69	15.78	24.77	11.49	
17. clothing	—	—	—	0.71	1.31	1.14	1.71	3.13	2.67	6.56	16.60	23.51	38.34	7.08	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.29	—	0.11	0.45	0.58	1.19	1.71	3.61	5.09	5.80	1.58	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	1.49	3.92	4.41	6.53	8.31	11.66	17.71	26.84	37.16	45.79	117.26	23.48	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.45	1.09	2.97	6.62	16.06	33.09	3.63	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	5.39	11.22	13.94	17.16	20.78	28.51	38.05	55.27	84.97	116.73	234.96	51.69	
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	—	48.51	56.67	63.64	77.60	91.28	113.70	138.20	169.38	222.55	272.59	439.26	154.01	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	1.03	1.27	0.99	1.05	1.89	4.55	5.54	7.50	10.73	52.30	16.00	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.18	0.15	0.04	—	0.67	0.10	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	1	11	10	33	64	113	118	210	111	59	87	817	



TABLE 2.3U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

BIHAR : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 212

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- pen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	18.33	22.48	22.88	31.34	34.67	39.08	42.42	45.66	47.08	49.47	52.77	50.92	54.73	44.31	
2. gram	—	0.13	0.24	0.16	0.31	0.33	0.38	0.62	1.02	1.27	1.75	1.85	2.32	0.86	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.01	
4. pulses	—	0.64	2.24	1.89	2.71	2.86	3.62	4.46	5.05	6.12	6.83	7.19	8.78	4.64	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	0.54	0.29	1.25	1.76	3.62	5.20	10.42	14.60	17.63	20.96	32.36	8.80	
6. edible oil	1.33	1.16	2.01	2.34	2.60	3.54	4.55	5.58	6.65	8.79	10.46	11.15	14.88	6.35	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	0.15	0.37	0.66	1.26	2.33	2.70	4.00	5.44	6.14	11.83	13.23	17.21	5.25	
8. vegetables	3.70	1.72	3.51	4.06	4.82	5.59	6.69	8.2	8.90	11.37	12.74	14.68	17.88	8.64	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	0.07	0.13	0.25	0.18	0.41	0.83	1.04	1.90	3.04	4.01	4.36	1.23	
10. sugar	—	0.61	0.98	0.68	0.89	1.32	1.91	2.18	2.72	3.49	3.91	4.96	6.07	2.52	
11. salt	0.23	0.15	0.18	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.21	0.23	0.21	0.24	0.24	0.22	0.29	0.22	
12. spices	0.67	0.56	0.98	1.03	1.19	1.50	1.62	1.87	2.11	2.63	3.16	3.39	4.47	2.10	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	1.60	1.63	1.82	2.02	2.39	2.93	4.25	6.17	9.64	12.27	20.09	35.03	7.21	
14. food total (1-13)	24.23	29.23	35.61	44.57	52.15	61.08	71.06	82.73	96.81	115.67	136.68	152.71	198.56	92.14	
15. pan, tobacco & Intoxicant	—	0.78	1.15	1.30	1.08	1.63	2.28	2.50	2.82	3.39	5.61	5.43	9.92	3.04	
16. fuel & light	2.17	3.38	4.80	4.91	5.50	6.10	7.15	7.85	9.12	11.20	13.05	14.51	18.04	8.92	
17. clothing	—	0.06	0.03	0.40	1.20	1.96	2.26	4.39	7.82	13.33	30.29	27.58	71.56	11.07	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.02	0.09	0.19	0.22	0.34	1.60	1.03	2.38	2.27	7.10	1.09	
19. misc. goods & services	1.33	1.44	3.41	4.22	5.44	6.48	8.91	13.46	18.41	27.28	33.81	62.63	78.48	19.84	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.11	0.07	0.24	0.39	0.68	0.81	5.06	39.29	2.41	
21. non-food total (15+20)	3.50	5.67	9.40	10.85	13.34	16.47	20.38	28.77	40.15	56.92	85.94	117.45	224.36	46.37	
22. total exped. (14+21)	27.70	34.91	45.01	55.44	65.50	77.57	91.95	111.51	136.98	172.60	222.62	270.19	422.91	138.53	
23. consumer rent	—	0.10	0.19	0.37	0.56	0.84	0.96	1.60	2.50	4.90	6.36	10.70	17.08	3.28	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.18	1.58	0.52	0.13	
25. no. of sample hhs.	1	11	25	71	97	208	231	321	263	329	207	115	219	2098	



TABLE 2.4U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

GUJARAT : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 228

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- pen- diture classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(13)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(14)
1. total cereals	—	13.33	9.75	17.43	17.11	20.69	21.29	23.50	25.44	26.89	28.73	27.22	29.33	25.02	
2. gram	—	—	—	0.17	0.12	0.13	0.22	0.23	0.39	0.37	0.53	0.58	0.62	0.35	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.12	0.05	
4. pulses	—	0.79	2.52	2.58	4.35	4.31	4.58	5.15	6.59	6.78	8.10	9.07	10.05	6.41	
5. milk and milk product	—	0.05	5.02	4.74	6.19	8.54	10.33	13.56	18.26	24.37	30.11	35.43	49.30	20.87	
6. edible oil	—	1.35	5.00	3.70	5.72	7.39	8.52	10.75	13.47	15.02	18.25	19.73	22.87	13.50	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	0.88	1.21	2.06	2.02	2.00	2.15	2.55	2.36	3.14	3.81	2.34	
8. vegetables	—	4.08	3.88	5.43	5.58	6.18	7.37	8.71	10.36	11.81	14.20	15.20	18.85	10.79	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	1.17	0.20	0.52	0.90	1.16	1.29	2.02	2.98	4.48	4.44	9.29	2.72	
10. sugar	—	0.97	2.43	2.57	3.25	3.71	4.40	5.22	5.81	6.13	7.04	7.75	9.32	5.83	
11. salt	—	0.06	0.04	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.18	0.13	0.09	
12. spices	—	1.63	0.96	1.71	2.40	2.24	2.53	2.67	3.15	3.44	4.04	4.12	4.74	3.20	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	6.40	2.52	2.54	2.56	3.42	4.52	5.45	7.93	9.48	12.04	20.33	33.77	9.76	
14. food total (1-13)	—	28.68	33.46	42.03	49.10	59.67	67.07	78.67	95.72	110.01	130.10	147.23	191.99	100.96	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicant	—	1.58	1.75	1.43	1.43	1.60	2.75	2.84	2.89	3.01	4.13	4.68	7.69	3.31	
16. fuel & light	—	3.74	5.58	4.44	6.14	6.56	7.88	9.24	10.66	12.62	14.79	16.10	21.00	11.45	
17. clothing	—	—	—	0.58	0.56	0.35	1.65	3.41	2.87	8.83	20.13	34.03	70.96	11.83	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.47	0.66	0.68	0.78	0.84	1.04	2.01	2.91	3.76	6.08	1.80	
19. misc. good & services	—	0.87	5.33	5.13	7.57	9.38	12.72	16.88	22.93	32.05	48.45	61.37	111.86	31.70	
20. durable goods	—	—	0.83	0.07	0.10	0.14	0.27	0.57	1.17	1.16	1.86	3.26	23.23	2.55	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	6.18	13.35	12.13	16.45	18.70	26.04	33.77	41.56	59.68	92.26	123.18	240.83	62.64	
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	34.87	46.94	54.17	65.55	78.38	93.12	112.45	137.29	169.69	222.37	270.42	432.81	163.61	
23. consumer rent	—	—	1.41	—	0.49	0.90	1.06	2.77	4.13	5.24	10.16	13.25	19.98	5.59	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	0.14	0.09	0.01	0.17	0.31	0.23	1.10	1.25	0.41	0.35	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	3	1	14	30	111	175	390	342	472	254	151	247	2190	



TABLE 2.5U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

HARYANA : URBAN

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- penditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 49															
1. total cereals	—	10.40	—	21.50	21.08	22.45	24.65	23.26	24.56	26.65	28.38	29.00	33.51	26.30	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	0.18	0.13	0.67	0.40	0.57	0.79	1.17	0.70	0.57	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	—	—	1.92	2.54	2.54	4.06	3.80	4.49	4.92	6.89	8.03	8.69	5.25	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	3.68	9.83	6.96	11.19	18.23	30.66	32.47	44.19	56.94	58.82	31.73	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	3.34	5.63	4.41	5.65	6.25	7.15	8.02	11.11	9.85	15.74	8.48	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	—	0.85	0.91	0.96	0.67	1.37	2.04	4.09	5.26	1.84	
8. vegetables	—	3.00	—	2.82	2.90	5.31	6.13	6.25	7.36	10.29	11.37	13.97	16.21	9.35	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.23	0.60	1.32	0.58	2.17	2.92	5.00	6.60	9.52	13.88	5.06	
10. sugar	—	1.42	—	2.86	3.37	3.95	4.32	5.06	5.49	5.70	8.11	7.83	12.90	6.57	
11. salt	—	0.20	—	0.14	0.09	0.12	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.26	0.22	0.30	0.19	
12. spices	—	0.16	—	2.41	2.02	2.62	2.27	2.29	2.61	2.92	4.14	4.37	5.07	3.17	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	0.82	2.49	3.73	4.13	5.65	6.88	8.71	11.25	12.09	23.41	9.35	
14. food total (1-13)	—	15.26	—	39.71	50.53	54.43	64.18	74.76	93.39	106.81	135.18	157.12	194.52	107.90	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	1.80	—	2.65	1.48	1.80	1.85	2.76	2.55	5.15	3.07	3.71	7.52	3.70	
16. fuel & light	—	10.48	—	7.03	6.36	9.45	8.92	9.46	11.80	12.71	16.52	15.20	18.30	12.58	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	1.71	0.87	3.19	3.03	9.59	11.18	23.31	85.03	16.72	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.28	1.94	2.53	1.71	1.63	3.73	6.64	10.17	3.37	
19. misc. goods & services	—	6.38	—	4.79	7.70	10.54	14.26	20.22	24.43	34.73	48.98	62.08	113.39	39.98	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	0.39	0.50	2.20	0.47	11.09	9.33	2.61	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	18.64	—	14.46	15.58	23.77	28.10	38.54	44.00	66.01	83.93	122.03	243.74	78.96	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	33.90	—	54.17	66.06	78.22	92.29	113.31	137.39	172.81	219.13	279.14	438.27	186.86	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.55	2.09	1.89	1.57	6.16	6.69	9.37	11.37	4.77	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.80	0.11	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	1	—	4	5	25	34	62	61	94	64	40	76	466	



TABLE 2-6U : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BOARD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

HIMACHAL PRADESH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 37

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	16.13	25.27	20.38	30.00	25.34	31.96	36.63	36.46	36.38	36.88	34.13	
2. gram	—	—	—	0.53	—	0.11	0.39	0.40	0.27	0.65	0.82	1.02	1.35	0.82	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.01	
4. pulses	—	—	—	2.43	2.96	4.30	4.28	4.93	6.69	6.51	7.63	7.56	10.16	7.38	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	10.52	6.34	10.54	9.77	18.14	22.86	27.02	33.81	41.37	58.02	35.18	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	4.48	4.56	5.66	5.65	6.87	8.80	9.20	11.73	12.77	15.15	10.91	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.06	1.28	0.82	2.85	5.46	5.01	10.78	5.09	
6. vegetables	—	—	—	1.72	2.99	4.49	4.74	5.78	7.16	8.96	11.56	12.25	17.77	11.19	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.73	—	0.53	0.46	0.69	1.47	2.72	2.96	3.12	10.01	4.35	
10. sugar	—	—	—	3.21	3.91	4.65	4.19	4.62	6.24	6.06	7.52	8.23	10.67	7.42	
11. salt	—	—	—	0.09	0.07	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.18	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.33	0.25	
12. spices	—	—	—	1.38	1.56	2.23	2.26	2.44	2.74	3.44	3.96	4.45	5.46	3.90	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	0.64	1.02	1.87	2.44	3.84	3.75	10.33	9.25	15.63	47.61	19.30	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	41.91	48.64	54.88	64.35	74.52	92.92	114.64	131.48	148.21	224.35	140.00	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	—	—	1.05	3.52	2.27	3.72	4.18	6.99	7.09	18.01	8.25	
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	5.46	8.97	8.80	11.03	11.17	16.40	16.31	18.84	27.44	25.80	19.08	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.49	4.30	3.65	5.32	11.77	19.53	71.19	25.20	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.35	2.02	1.62	3.93	6.64	9.91	22.64	9.44	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	8.41	8.32	9.55	12.26	17.53	18.96	24.82	43.29	57.15	110.12	51.62	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.99	—	—	—	0.05	1.35	3.46	0.33	14.90	5.03	
21. non-food total (15+20)	—	—	—	13.82	18.28	19.89	28.65	37.30	44.38	55.89	91.01	121.46	262.65	118.62	
22. total exped. (14+21)	—	—	—	55.77	66.92	74.78	93.00	111.81	137.31	170.55	222.49	269.69	487.00	258.62	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.02	1.59	1.64	2.66	3.25	6.65	9.54	26.00	10.19	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.33	0.03	0.04	0.95	0.63	0.76	0.45	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	2	2	6	11	17	18	73	44	34	131	348	



TABLE 2.7U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

JAMMU AND KASHMIR : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 146

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes	
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		(13)
1. total cereals	—	—	—	14.25	22.14	23.38	26.48	31.57	31.99	34.88	36.44	37.75	38.09	49.20	34.48
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.11	0.10	0.06	0.05	0.13	0.11	0.13	0.24	0.35	0.87	0.17
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.04	—
4. pulses	—	—	—	2.63	2.06	2.26	2.67	2.09	2.70	2.98	3.25	4.26	4.45	10.36	3.36
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	7.14	5.14	6.24	8.25	11.14	14.36	18.34	22.96	28.56	41.16	51.56	20.11
6. edible oil	—	—	—	4.19	3.40	4.22	5.32	6.66	7.77	9.00	10.41	11.34	14.00	23.82	9.54
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	0.89	2.11	2.78	4.89	6.39	8.05	9.79	11.04	17.95	23.18	8.63
8. vegetables	—	—	—	2.56	3.80	3.65	4.42	5.35	0.53	7.58	9.34	10.67	11.15	14.00	7.89
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.42	0.19	0.16	0.56	0.76	1.18	2.49	4.24	9.71	1.40
10. sugar	—	—	—	2.25	1.38	1.77	1.74	1.65	1.96	2.24	2.56	3.75	4.21	7.35	2.58
11. salt	—	—	—	0.10	0.18	0.20	0.23	0.31	0.33	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.36	0.48	0.35
12. spices	—	—	—	1.60	1.56	1.52	1.96	2.57	3.14	3.43	4.04	4.13	4.51	5.31	3.46
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	0.81	1.93	3.29	3.04	3.65	4.66	5.80	7.61	10.05	18.35	29.36	7.45
14. food total(1-13)	—	—	—	35.51	42.56	49.16	57.11	70.07	80.52	93.54	108.10	124.68	158.82	225.29	99.43
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	3.00	1.49	1.67	2.11	2.04	3.04	4.60	6.68	9.11	12.21	14.91	5.35
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	4.40	6.59	5.38	7.67	10.18	12.18	14.80	17.25	20.20	18.67	23.63	14.61
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	0.81	0.35	0.67	1.75	4.35	9.33	21.75	25.05	63.40	9.08
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.75	0.70	0.79	1.43	1.69	3.36	3.82	5.16	8.88	2.45
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	4.88	6.30	7.20	9.40	9.42	13.74	17.46	26.06	41.33	50.76	92.21	23.61
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.23	0.12	0.10	0.81	1.76	0.24	8.23	0.77
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	12.28	14.64	15.79	20.23	23.33	32.24	42.99	63.48	97.95	112.08	211.24	55.85
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	—	47.79	57.29	64.97	77.35	93.41	112.77	136.53	171.59	222.64	270.92	436.53	155.29
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.69	1.35	0.49	0.72	1.39	1.75	3.38	6.77	12.96	2.12
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	0.04	0.28	0.27	0.21	0.06
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	1	7	15	59	112	284	305	319	137	77	98	1414



TABLE 2.8U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

item	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	9.45	13.77	17.72	20.73	21.97	24.88	28.67	30.91	36.13	37.43	40.06	38.92	45.30	33.41	
2. gram	—	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.13	0.17	0.20	0.25	0.35	0.50	0.56	0.44	0.84	0.37	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.02	—	—	—	
4. pulses	1.30	1.79	2.00	2.95	3.65	3.46	4.28	4.89	5.83	6.79	7.55	8.13	10.38	5.91	
5. milk and milk products	0.44	0.81	1.45	2.30	3.84	4.32	5.45	7.42	9.41	12.23	16.29	21.96	32.58	11.66	
6. edible oil	0.56	1.07	1.74	2.60	3.14	3.18	4.15	4.79	5.77	6.41	7.52	9.96	13.81	6.15	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.02	1.09	1.26	1.01	1.93	2.61	2.88	4.04	5.61	6.97	7.76	9.89	11.31	5.58	
8. vegetables	1.82	2.10	2.21	2.87	3.38	3.24	4.40	5.12	5.78	6.70	7.92	9.82	12.67	6.26	
9. fruits and nuts	0.25	0.64	0.15	0.50	0.97	1.46	1.68	2.38	3.52	5.03	7.16	9.61	16.29	4.89	
10. sugar	0.39	0.92	1.43	2.10	2.41	2.46	3.17	3.45	3.95	4.35	5.01	5.24	7.18	4.01	
11. salt	0.13	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.19	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.17	0.23	0.16	
12. spices	1.15	1.43	1.56	1.92	2.59	2.72	3.14	3.66	4.04	4.38	5.07	5.65	6.23	4.02	
13. beverage & refreshments	1.23	1.26	2.77	2.59	2.97	5.46	5.00	7.32	11.17	16.78	20.47	25.97	41.40	14.18	
14. food total (1-13)	16.75	25.06	32.45	39.75	47.11	54.16	63.20	74.43	91.56	107.81	125.63	145.85	198.29	96.65	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.18	1.76	2.06	1.87	1.68	2.30	3.16	4.16	4.83	4.96	5.53	5.98	8.45	4.58	
16. fuel & light	4.16	4.49	5.16	5.63	7.24	7.64	9.48	10.34	11.80	13.46	14.85	16.48	19.21	11.89	
17. clothing	—	—	0.19	0.79	0.58	1.47	1.80	2.93	5.45	10.87	20.20	31.95	74.89	14.70	
18. foot-wear	—	0.08	0.02	0.23	0.25	0.18	0.42	0.37	0.81	1.20	2.58	3.45	7.30	1.65	
19. misc. goods & services	1.71	3.76	5.54	6.88	8.31	11.07	14.40	18.69	22.56	33.49	52.79	63.98	105.84	33.86	
20. durable goods	—	0.02	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.11	0.31	1.48	1.09	1.51	1.44	8.26	18.05	3.09	
21. non-food total (15-20)	7.10	10.12	13.03	15.46	18.12	22.76	29.56	37.97	46.54	65.49	97.38	130.08	233.73	69.66	
22. total exped. (14+21)	23.84	35.19	45.49	55.21	65.24	76.93	92.76	112.40	138.11	173.31	223.02	275.94	432.02	166.32	
23. consumer rent	—	0.34	1.43	0.56	1.10	2.22	2.94	4.19	4.19	6.98	12.30	19.01	24.22	7.59	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	0.03	0.07	0.05	0.24	0.05	0.36	0.28	1.15	0.65	1.39	0.43	
25. no. of sample hhs.	6	17	31	65	91	177	194	309	278	362	245	130	348	2261	



TABLE 2.9U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON, FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

KERALA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 142

item	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	11.44	14.11	15.20	20.85	22.67	25.10	28.95	32.49	36.11	37.48	42.71	46.13	47.70	34.35	
2. gram	—	—	0.12	0.06	0.14	0.13	0.18	0.24	0.35	0.31	0.59	0.55	0.94	0.35	
3. cereal substitutes	0.06	0.69	0.78	0.60	0.39	0.44	0.59	0.80	1.13	1.25	0.61	0.35	0.69	0.78	
4. pulses	0.22	0.17	0.36	0.53	0.84	1.02	1.06	2.06	2.68	2.89	4.94	5.09	8.72	3.02	
5. milk and milk product	—	0.64	0.49	1.61	1.09	1.89	2.74	4.76	6.57	9.03	15.29	18.41	29.81	9.02	
6. edible oil	0.46	1.13	1.67	1.66	2.21	2.51	3.21	3.63	4.87	5.13	6.59	7.03	12.21	5.04	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.77	2.02	3.81	4.17	4.28	5.15	7.08	8.26	10.06	12.14	14.77	21.27	29.16	11.62	
8. vegetables	0.97	0.91	1.16	1.29	1.72	1.97	2.37	3.41	3.82	5.06	7.51	7.75	14.27	4.99	
9. fruits and nuts	1.60	0.79	1.89	3.44	3.69	4.72	5.34	6.92	8.97	10.27	12.81	16.52	24.42	9.76	
10. sugar	1.64	0.89	1.57	1.54	1.79	2.05	2.27	2.78	3.16	3.64	4.49	3.95	7.13	3.39	
11. salt	0.08	0.09	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.20	0.14	
12. spices	1.08	1.22	1.46	2.02	2.22	2.38	2.71	3.13	3.81	4.09	5.00	4.94	6.74	3.76	
13. beverages & refreshments	0.82	2.06	5.18	5.14	5.93	7.70	8.01	11.09	13.53	18.95	21.41	39.70	56.35	18.44	
14. food total (1-13)	19.19	24.80	33.84	43.05	47.15	55.22	64.70	79.77	95.26	110.48	136.96	171.95	238.41	104.73	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.81	1.63	0.97	1.99	1.96	2.31	3.48	3.68	3.66	4.80	5.53	5.49	8.32	4.23	
16. fuel & light	3.35	4.18	5.20	5.02	5.83	6.41	7.51	8.18	9.37	10.99	13.03	14.32	20.26	10.23	
17. clothing	—	0.63	0.23	0.21	1.31	1.54	1.98	3.21	5.46	10.43	16.86	14.85	78.69	14.35	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.20	0.28	0.35	0.39	0.68	1.08	1.23	1.90	2.98	7.63	1.69	
19. misc. goods & services	2.52	4.51	5.08	4.92	8.74	11.31	14.48	15.67	22.25	31.85	44.56	62.64	128.28	34.67	
20. durable goods	—	—	0.46	0.07	0.09	0.20	0.13	0.65	0.96	2.58	5.17	4.61	44.72	6.45	
21. non-food total (15-20)	6.70	10.97	11.95	12.41	18.19	22.11	27.96	32.06	42.78	61.89	87.06	104.89	287.89	71.63	
22. total exped. (14+21)	25.89	35.77	45.78	55.47	65.35	77.34	92.68	111.83	138.05	172.38	224.02	276.83	526.29	176.36	
23. consumer	—	—	0.42	—	0.06	0.11	0.69	0.42	0.89	1.96	5.15	8.74	16.70	3.28	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.01	0.10	0.05	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.93	0.18	
25. no. of sample hhs.	5	10	19	35	59	117	128	189	173	224	124	77	235	1395	



TABLE 2.10U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 256		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	[ all expen- diture classes		
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above				
1. total cereals	22.52	20.90	19.07	23.65	[25.71	26.54	[28.87	29.99	31.80	35.68	35.98	38.72	37.23	31.14			
2. gram	—	—	0.10	0.04	0.32	0.31	0.17	0.23	0.37	0.39	0.33	0.51	0.62	0.31			
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.12	0.13	0.33	0.16	0.35	0.11			
4. pulses	0.43	2.07	2.80	3.04	3.78	3.91	5.17	5.54	7.01	7.82	8.93	10.20	10.78	6.34			
5. milk and milk product	0.24	0.76	1.42	2.31	3.45	5.03	7.11	10.91	12.63	18.34	25.09	31.77	39.55	13.66			
6. edible oil	0.36	0.99	2.66	2.89	3.52	4.28	5.40	6.94	8.11	10.04	11.98	13.97	18.14	7.94			
7. meat, egg, fish	0.08	0.45	0.54	0.56	0.61	0.96	1.80	2.34	2.78	3.13	3.58	4.71	8.33	2.63			
8. vegetables	0.41	1.48	2.30	3.28	3.68	4.88	5.23	6.18	7.73	9.67	10.99	12.75	17.08	7.56			
9. fruits and nuts	—	0.17	0.22	0.39	0.33	0.76	0.99	1.47	2.08	2.62	3.88	6.43	9.10	2.25			
10. sugar	0.85	0.69	1.53	1.88	2.27	2.98	3.56	3.97	4.32	5.75	6.92	7.80	8.34	4.51			
11. salt	0.08	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.20	0.23	0.26	0.28	0.17			
12. spices	0.11	0.52	1.50	1.60	1.68	1.95	2.31	2.55	2.84	3.14	3.67	4.56	5.02	2.77			
13. beverage & re- freshments	0.40	0.24	0.97	2.02	2.26	3.25	4.46	6.19	6.55	9.01	13.16	15.92	32.19	8.01			
14. food total (1-13)	25.56	28.41	33.27	41.85	47.80	55.08	65.27	76.57	86.53	105.95	125.12	147.81	187.06	87.44			
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.42	0.49	1.92	1.44	1.61	2.36	2.62	3.13	4.33	4.91	4.65	6.52	10.71	3.92			
16. fuel & light	2.56	5.27	5.39	6.64	6.58	7.55	8.17	9.06	10.19	12.47	14.82	16.22	20.75	10.50			
17. clothing	—	—	0.56	0.22	1.38	1.30	2.82	4.72	9.12	13.87	18.67	27.58	67.08	11.06			
18. foot-wear	—	—	0.08	0.60	0.27	0.48	0.53	1.00	1.16	1.95	2.51	4.01	6.43	1.51			
19. misc. goods & services	0.80	2.42	3.48	4.95	7.38	10.47	13.29	16.69	23.88	32.25	52.12	63.88	126.58	28.21			
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.13	0.13	0.24	0.17	1.01	1.21	1.60	5.38	4.21	18.06	2.23			
21. non-food total (15-20)	3.80	8.18	11.42	13.97	17.35	22.39	27.60	35.62	49.90	67.03	98.15	122.41	249.62	57.43			
22. total expen- diture (14+21)	29.36	36.60	44.69	55.84	65.15	77.48	92.88	112.20	136.43	172.99	223.27	270.23	436.68	144.87			
23. consumer rent	—	0.26	0.23	0.27	0.43	1.35	1.63	1.89	3.33	5.50	10.39	12.32	20.89	4.41			
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	0.02	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.09	0.22	0.29	0.24	0.46	0.24	0.14			
25. no. of sample hhs.	3	8	20	63	105	225	263	459	337	400	191	124	246	2444			







TABLE 2.12U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

MANIPUR : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 60

Items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expenditure classes	
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		(13)
1. total cereals	5.22	—	—	—	5.00	45.09	45.67	50.69	55.35	62.13	65.76	70.02	66.22	91.40	59.15
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.40	0.03	0.06	0.04	—	—	0.04
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	0.02	0.04	—	—	—	0.02
4. pulses	0.33	—	—	—	4.50	4.06	2.03	3.50	4.17	6.96	6.70	7.01	6.15	12.71	5.67
5. milk and milk product	0.07	—	—	—	—	—	0.74	1.72	1.64	1.72	3.22	4.52	8.51	15.33	2.33
6. edible oil	0.32	—	—	—	2.03	3.68	1.90	3.20	2.77	3.54	4.15	3.77	6.44	9.18	3.44
7. meat, egg, fish	0.68	8.00	—	—	6.25	6.56	7.14	8.49	8.49	11.15	15.56	18.23	25.28	40.83	11.63
8. vegetables	0.71	—	—	—	2.50	2.98	3.70	4.31	5.39	8.98	8.65	9.80	7.85	11.91	7.36
9. fruits and nuts	0.48	—	—	—	—	—	0.34	0.54	0.50	1.21	1.58	2.21	0.39	4.86	1.09
10. sugar	0.28	1.40	—	—	—	0.09	0.64	1.15	1.36	1.80	2.39	2.31	5.37	5.75	1.81
11. salt	0.05	0.82	—	—	0.63	0.26	0.32	0.30	0.34	0.33	0.39	0.40	0.53	0.82	0.35
12. spices	0.12	2.40	—	—	4.75	1.04	1.53	1.40	1.71	1.85	2.46	3.17	4.04	7.45	2.03
13. beverage & refreshments	0.28	1.20	—	—	—	0.06	1.30	1.55	3.00	3.68	5.88	5.41	8.97	4.35	3.88
14. food total (1-13)	8.52	13.80	—	—	25.63	63.81	63.48	75.59	84.74	103.37	116.83	126.84	139.71	204.50	98.78
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.59	—	—	—	7.50	—	3.58	3.31	5.40	5.63	8.62	9.36	29.42	7.06	6.59
16. fuel & light	1.30	6.80	—	—	21.28	4.53	7.17	8.43	8.61	10.21	11.67	13.94	20.33	35.61	10.27
17. clothing	1.07	—	—	—	—	—	0.39	0.52	2.02	2.35	7.17	28.25	15.33	23.96	5.33
18. foot-wear	0.25	12.40	—	—	—	0.52	0.80	0.43	1.50	4.17	5.85	9.96	13.62	29.68	4.13
19. misc. goods & services	1.24	—	—	—	—	—	3.62	3.53	9.77	10.09	15.75	21.58	25.98	36.94	11.44
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.11	0.05	0.43	1.39	7.31	25.56	48.30	1.72
21. non-food total (15-20)	4.44	19.20	—	—	28.75	5.02	15.56	16.34	27.35	32.87	50.46	90.38	130.22	181.50	39.47
22. total expd. (14+21)	12.96	33.02	—	—	54.38	68.86	79.04	91.92	112.10	136.24	167.29	217.21	269.93	385.99	138.25
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.63	0.47	0.45	0.39	0.40	3.17	—	0.48
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25. no. of sample hhs.	3	1	—	—	1	2	23	44	123	161	149	50	16	5	578



TABLE 2.13U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

MEGHALAYA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 35

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	—	37.50	30.91	27.68	30.14	36.23	37.89	43.66	43.49	52.81	48.52	43.47
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.37	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.25	0.32	0.12
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	1.00	—	0.03	—	0.01	0.09	0.04	0.12	0.03	0.06	0.06
4. pulses	—	—	—	—	1.26	1.18	2.60	2.79	3.05	3.40	3.89	4.38	5.82	6.13	4.43
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	—	—	5.19	5.51	4.46	6.72	6.46	7.87	14.64	17.79	21.51	12.53
6. edible oil	—	—	—	—	0.63	1.45	3.28	4.34	4.62	6.75	6.93	9.48	9.87	12.28	8.41
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	3.25	4.00	2.54	6.82	7.48	14.12	15.86	19.02	23.84	42.10	21.19
8. vegetables	—	—	—	—	4.69	5.73	8.88	8.11	10.32	10.86	13.60	15.71	19.90	24.37	15.94
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.24	0.68	0.47	1.49	1.87	4.09	3.34	6.37	3.12
10. sugar	—	—	—	—	—	2.32	3.30	3.12	3.12	3.88	4.19	4.48	7.47	6.98	4.93
11. salt	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.27	0.42	0.26	0.25	0.53	0.48	0.42	0.47	0.55	0.45
12. spices	—	—	—	—	0.56	0.82	1.00	1.59	1.17	1.46	1.79	2.02	2.44	3.20	2.07
13. beverage & re-freshments	—	—	—	—	0.50	2.46	2.77	2.92	5.39	6.77	8.91	13.45	20.01	31.61	14.72
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	—	49.64	54.32	56.63	65.81	78.84	93.74	109.13	131.34	164.05	204.01	131.47
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	—	0.94	3.64	1.49	6.02	7.10	6.13	10.30	13.06	22.13	21.51	13.26
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	—	4.63	3.55	6.64	6.00	6.97	8.65	12.29	13.02	18.04	20.10	13.35
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.79	—	1.13	4.76	5.54	12.24	3.71	37.29	12.52
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.18	1.40	2.64	3.01	4.05	12.58	4.42
19. misc. goods & ser- vices	—	—	—	—	3.31	5.27	10.17	13.12	19.03	22.91	32.57	44.88	58.31	101.79	48.45
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.47	0.69	1.94	1.88	17.52	4.46
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	—	8.88	12.46	18.29	25.93	34.41	44.30	64.01	88.15	108.11	210.77	96.44
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	—	—	58.50	66.77	74.92	91.74	113.25	138.03	173.14	219.50	272.16	414.78	227.91
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.40	3.10	6.94	8.18	9.79	12.77	14.97	33.05	14.96
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.21	—	—	0.15	0.06	0.14	0.33	0.32	0.17
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	—	1	1	3	9	27	28	69	51	44	104	337



TABLE 2.14 U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 32

NAGALAND : URBAN

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	—	—	—	—	30.00	35.00	54.35	39.74	40.92	43.44	47.82	42.47	39.25	42.72	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.03	—	—	—	0.01	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	—	—	—	3.33	1.83	0.88	3.53	2.98	4.13	5.50	7.62	6.37	4.56	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	—	—	10.02	0.86	11.65	10.02	10.70	11.60	10.76	14.58	11.07	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	—	2.70	2.50	0.18	3.91	3.40	4.32	5.26	5.59	6.01	4.47	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	7.83	7.83	13.62	10.83	11.16	17.87	23.50	22.90	30.72	18.28	
8. vegetables	—	—	—	—	5.33	3.83	5.24	7.73	8.09	9.54	13.55	13.66	15.01	10.56	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.60	1.28	0.98	1.79	2.74	5.34	1.74	
10. sugar	—	—	—	—	—	2.00	2.28	3.43	2.54	2.96	3.89	2.67	3.64	3.11	
11. salt	—	—	—	—	0.33	0.17	0.13	0.33	0.28	0.30	0.34	0.37	0.35	0.32	
12. spices	—	—	—	—	—	1.17	1.57	1.85	2.19	3.08	3.71	4.63	5.10	3.17	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	—	—	3.85	1.16	4.71	8.66	11.52	31.24	53.29	95.14	26.12	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	—	41.67	68.25	80.26	88.31	91.50	108.86	148.16	166.67	221.45	126.11	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	—	9.33	2.50	1.28	2.55	3.50	5.34	4.34	7.61	18.09	6.01	
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	—	13.33	6.88	5.80	10.51	16.84	19.36	20.52	21.89	18.80	17.82	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.55	2.45	7.39	10.23	22.82	30.11	9.76	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.70	1.01	2.92	4.42	1.77	7.60	2.85	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	—	1.50	4.00	1.98	10.26	20.11	26.57	33.08	52.88	75.14	31.48	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	—	0.63	3.26	—	0.48	0.84	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	—	24.03	13.38	11.02	24.87	43.90	62.20	75.86	106.95	150.16	68.74	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	—	—	65.83	81.53	91.28	113.19	135.41	171.06	224.01	273.65	371.74	194.86	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.83	0.90	2.89	7.15	8.95	14.50	21.62	42.49	13.39	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	—	1	1	3	18	45	72	63	49	71	313	



TABLE 2.15 U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

ORISSA : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 92

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all expen- diture classes
	all													
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
1. total cereals . . . . .	22.48	22.44	25.44	30.45	35.70	41.22	46.91	51.51	49.48	50.20	50.38	54.79	53.24	47.75
2. grain . . . . .	—	—	—	0.15	—	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.20	0.41	0.09	0.08
3. cereal substitutes . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.01
4. pulses . . . . .	—	0.26	0.58	0.60	1.25	1.65	2.68	3.35	4.69	5.77	6.69	8.19	8.75	4.32
5. milk and milk product . . . . .	—	—	—	0.03	0.31	0.85	1.05	2.40	4.87	8.54	12.78	11.75	25.67	6.10
6. edible oil . . . . .	—	0.56	1.55	1.71	2.42	2.93	3.33	4.18	6.08	7.78	8.57	9.24	14.13	5.90
7. meat, egg, fish . . . . .	—	—	1.16	1.35	1.85	2.75	2.63	4.92	6.85	9.90	11.37	17.83	17.57	7.16
8. vegetables . . . . .	1.42	2.19	3.10	3.91	4.01	6.00	6.58	8.07	10.72	13.14	12.95	16.12	18.83	10.00
9. fruits and nuts . . . . .	—	—	0.01	0.08	0.28	0.48	0.46	0.63	1.52	2.07	3.08	4.10	6.43	1.67
10. sugar . . . . .	—	—	0.62	1.26	0.83	1.61	1.49	2.22	3.13	3.98	4.03	4.44	6.05	2.88
11. salt . . . . .	0.02	0.21	0.20	0.22	0.21	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.28	0.26
12. spices . . . . .	—	0.62	1.05	1.13	1.44	1.62	1.87	2.22	2.85	3.43	3.22	4.04	4.99	2.68
13. beverage & refreshments . . . . .	—	0.10	0.57	2.35	2.09	2.26	2.88	4.11	6.19	8.02	22.43	31.40	46.85	10.08
14. food total (1-13)	24.00	26.46	34.26	43.23	50.38	61.62	70.14	83.90	96.70	113.20	136.11	162.62	202.90	98.89
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants . . . . .	—	0.75	0.78	2.11	1.42	2.30	2.46	3.10	3.41	3.88	4.99	6.87	10.33	3.79
16. fuel & light . . . . .	1.97	4.79	5.83	5.34	6.20	7.06	8.55	9.39	10.74	11.49	13.23	15.39	18.32	10.45
17. clothing . . . . .	—	—	0.83	0.20	1.76	0.71	2.47	4.96	7.25	13.88	17.09	34.10	59.06	11.76
18. foot-wear . . . . .	—	—	—	—	0.34	0.01	0.15	0.25	1.15	1.60	3.52	4.00	5.71	1.36
19. misc. goods & services . . . . .	0.85	2.48	3.36	4.43	4.74	6.39	7.84	9.17	17.14	27.25	42.02	50.87	81.42	21.87
20. durable goods . . . . .	—	—	0.10	1.08	0.10	0.53	0.43	0.35	0.84	1.66	2.46	1.91	32.92	3.29
21. non-food total (15-20)	2.80	8.05	10.93	13.15	14.56	17.00	21.88	27.21	40.53	59.76	83.31	113.11	207.75	52.51
22. total expd. (14+21)	26.81	34.51	45.18	56.40	64.95	78.64	92.05	111.13	137.24	172.97	219.43	275.74	410.65	151.42
23. consumer rent . . . . .	—	—	0.74	—	0.29	0.84	1.03	1.20	2.71	4.52	4.89	12.58	13.07	3.46
24. con. tax cess . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.05	0.02	0.44	0.35	0.50	0.36	0.16
25. no. of sample hhs. . . . .	2	3	10	19	37	78	88	143	128	136	86	62	122	914



TABLE 2.16U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

PUNJAB : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 176

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals . . . . .	—	11.59	13.85	13.63	14.77	16.33	19.27	20.42	21.43	22.48	23.28	31.03	28.69	22.12	
2. gram . . . . .	—	—	0.17	0.02	0.07	0.10	0.23	0.24	0.37	0.56	0.51	0.72	0.84	0.43	
3. cereal substitutes . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses . . . . .	—	2.14	2.00	2.45	2.76	3.10	3.55	4.37	4.54	5.44	5.93	7.16	7.75	5.08	
5. milk and milk product . . . . .	—	4.10	5.42	6.84	8.64	14.06	15.49	19.64	23.97	28.95	38.50	43.48	58.61	28.99	
6. edible oil . . . . .	—	2.67	3.16	3.22	3.90	5.17	6.00	7.14	8.53	9.61	10.76	12.49	13.10	8.81	
7. meat, eggs, fish . . . . .	—	—	—	0.75	0.15	0.56	0.53	0.63	1.09	1.85	3.69	3.37	8.81	2.46	
8. vegetables . . . . .	—	2.55	3.15	2.40	4.34	4.71	6.33	7.12	8.29	9.04	11.50	13.54	15.31	9.07	
9. fruits and nuts . . . . .	—	—	—	0.50	0.09	0.51	0.46	1.25	1.71	2.91	4.13	5.56	12.54	3.48	
10. sugar . . . . .	—	2.33	3.26	3.91	4.77	4.91	5.81	5.98	7.22	8.31	8.30	9.77	10.74	7.49	
11. salt . . . . .	—	0.46	0.14	0.09	0.10	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.21	0.23	0.25	0.19	
12. spices . . . . .	—	0.69	1.25	1.30	1.70	1.99	2.09	2.64	3.15	3.37	3.97	4.51	5.03	3.25	
13. beverage & refreshments . . . . .	—	0.89	1.19	6.88	2.35	3.31	5.29	5.85	7.75	10.51	14.34	20.10	33.78	12.00	
14. food total (1-13) . . . . .	—	27.40	33.52	42.01	43.61	54.92	65.19	75.44	88.23	103.26	125.16	151.96	195.50	103.37	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants . . . . .	—	0.50	1.13	0.71	1.65	1.45	1.76	1.96	2.14	3.32	5.02	9.93	10.12	3.99	
16. fuel & light . . . . .	—	2.83	4.37	5.67	7.06	7.81	9.37	11.22	13.09	14.28	19.60	19.20	23.15	14.24	
17. clothing . . . . .	—	—	1.79	0.07	—	0.83	0.87	2.62	5.00	11.12	13.60	20.14	56.98	13.49	
18. foot-wear . . . . .	—	0.15	0.22	0.11	0.20	1.10	0.40	0.98	1.83	2.93	4.74	3.59	10.76	3.23	
19. misc. goods & services . . . . .	—	4.10	5.20	6.27	12.13	11.94	14.45	20.25	25.65	34.98	53.11	62.96	114.85	40.37	
20. durable goods . . . . .	—	—	—	0.15	0.13	0.62	0.21	0.34	0.58	1.07	2.67	6.97	41.07	6.50	
21. non-food total (15-20) . . . . .	—	7.58	12.72	12.97	21.17	23.76	27.06	37.37	48.28	67.70	98.73	122.79	256.90	81.81	
22. total expd. (14+21) . . . . .	—	35.01	46.26	55.02	64.79	78.69	92.27	112.83	136.53	170.98	223.91	274.76	452.42	185.20	
23. consumer rent . . . . .	—	0.45	—	0.12	2.38	1.61	1.15	2.54	1.90	3.98	7.98	11.30	15.99	5.30	
24. con. tax cess . . . . .	—	—	—	0.10	—	0.04	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.19	0.22	0.31	0.54	0.17	
25. no. of sample hhs. . . . .	—	3	6	20	27	102	106	224	221	348	218	105	337	1717	



TABLE 2-17 U : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	8.87	9.14	19.06	18.47	21.24	23.41	25.50	26.15	27.32	27.57	29.06	31.83	34.69	26.88	
2. gram	—	—	—	0.11	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.10	0.17	0.23	0.44	0.37	0.41	0.20	
3. cereal substitutes	0.44	0.73	1.04	1.93	1.72	2.29	3.07	3.42	3.77	4.44	5.09	6.58	7.27	3.97	
4. pulses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
5. milk and milk product	0.33	5.06	4.57	5.92	6.98	9.70	12.55	16.17	22.73	27.37	35.24	43.79	58.01	23.67	
6. edible oil	0.34	3.24	2.71	3.70	4.48	4.99	6.55	7.47	7.34	9.27	11.40	14.71	16.68	8.56	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.05	1.12	0.38	0.85	0.84	1.46	2.00	2.13	2.49	2.39	3.33	2.81	5.03	2.40	
8. vegetables	0.53	1.58	1.66	2.42	2.61	3.36	3.70	4.84	5.46	7.06	8.23	8.59	13.25	6.00	
9. fruits and nuts	0.19	0.91	0.37	0.41	0.55	0.61	0.74	1.21	1.82	2.79	4.57	4.83	11.78	2.71	
10. sugar	0.52	1.38	1.65	2.29	2.74	3.59	3.95	4.87	5.69	6.64	7.70	10.53	12.46	6.00	
11. salt	0.06	0.05	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.22	0.14	0.18	0.22	0.15	
12. spices	0.78	1.43	1.68	1.59	1.95	2.41	2.56	3.21	3.42	3.76	4.04	4.63	5.87	3.42	
13. beverage & refreshments	0.77	0.96	1.59	3.90	3.80	3.26	3.69	5.44	6.28	8.71	11.07	15.23	25.01	8.09	
14. food total (1-13)	12.88	25.70	34.82	41.68	47.05	55.25	64.57	75.12	86.63	100.47	120.35	144.12	190.74	92.08	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	2.47	—	0.38	2.04	0.93	2.19	2.96	3.37	4.17	4.96	4.91	6.22	11.99	4.27	
16. fuel & light	3.40	4.15	4.77	5.65	7.12	7.92	8.12	9.70	10.88	11.88	12.48	14.00	18.60	10.79	
17. clothing	—	—	1.87	0.88	1.27	1.42	2.59	4.49	10.99	15.74	27.47	37.38	70.66	15.52	
18. footwear	—	—	—	0.74	0.38	0.53	0.98	1.53	2.38	3.22	4.62	7.20	13.11	3.16	
19. misc. goods & services	2.22	5.09	4.18	5.50	8.47	10.06	12.08	17.48	21.66	31.48	43.95	54.22	93.86	28.53	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.11	0.09	0.33	0.61	0.70	0.76	4.55	7.06	9.69	42.20	5.46	
21. non-food total (15-20)	8.10	9.24	11.20	14.91	18.26	22.44	27.33	37.26	50.83	71.84	100.49	128.71	250.32	67.83	
22. total exped. (14+21)	21.00	34.94	46.03	56.60	65.33	77.71	91.92	112.39	137.46	172.32	220.84	272.85	441.07	159.92	
23. consumer rent	0.61	—	—	0.31	0.04	1.07	1.04	1.83	2.51	4.34	4.49	7.08	10.47	3.25	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.21	0.08	0.15	0.17	0.27	0.26	0.37	0.49	0.35	0.67	1.16	0.40	
25. no. of sample hhs.	5	3	15	38	54	121	154	260	221	305	165	109	212	1662	



TABLE 2.18 U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER-CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

SIKKIM : URBAN	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees												all expenditure classes	
	NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 20													
Items	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals	5.32	2.02	7.70	0.11	19.38	23.60	20.33	25.09	26.79	26.46	33.55	44.82	40.52	30.34
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	1.74	0.37	4.25	4.88	4.98	4.98	5.12	6.10	7.70	6.54	9.65	6.36
4. pulses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5. milk and milk product	2.40	4.12	4.33	2.92	6.39	1.85	5.85	12.91	10.60	17.09	19.48	26.29	40.24	19.22
6. edible oil	5.71	—	2.04	3.04	4.25	3.82	7.92	6.67	8.23	9.49	11.85	13.38	14.47	9.93
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	3.75	9.77	6.30	9.49	15.50	16.79	23.90	19.57	37.90	18.68
8. vegetables	15.89	32.30	2.76	41.08	4.16	7.92	7.55	8.38	9.60	11.21	15.82	19.76	27.61	14.11
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	—	0.44	0.21	0.45	1.19	1.03	2.29	2.58	2.98	6.53	2.54
10. sugar	—	—	1.87	—	4.93	0.37	1.57	2.78	2.51	3.45	4.13	4.56	6.53	3.71
11. salt	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.25	0.20	0.24	0.28	0.29	0.33	0.43	0.56	0.33
12. spices	—	—	0.80	—	1.26	1.36	1.63	1.97	2.56	2.72	3.25	3.58	5.38	3.02
13. beverage & refreshments	0.32	1.43	1.08	1.20	1.02	5.11	3.90	4.33	5.98	12.59	9.78	11.72	42.26	13.95
14. food total (1-13)	0.08	0.02	1.79	0.08	1.63	1.78	3.90	4.33	5.98	12.59	9.78	11.72	42.26	13.95
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.06	1.13	0.38	0.82	0.94	1.40	3.19	3.79	6.79	8.16	13.66	17.25	17.88	9.78
16. fuel & light	0.32	2.02	2.83	2.02	4.09	6.42	8.74	7.43	11.58	12.11	18.61	17.12	18.94	12.95
17. clothing	0.47	0.85	1.09	1.92	2.05	2.05	4.32	6.44	6.44	7.28	12.65	10.27	70.65	17.72
18. footwear	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19. misc. goods & services	16.19	26.00	23.24	0.11	0.60	0.95	0.71	18.02	18.83	35.89	41.88	55.25	133.79	47.81
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21. non-food total (15-20)	16.19	34.60	29.22	—	17.09	22.66	28.91	35.61	47.81	67.18	90.75	115.25	286.67	99.96
22. total expnd. (14+21)	15.86	34.59	48.02	—	67.84	78.47	94.75	114.33	136.57	176.45	224.17	269.71	519.54	223.27
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

4 3 2 1 2 8 25 23 38 20 25 47 198



TABLE 2.19U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PERCAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

TAMIL NADU : URBAN	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 412.
	all														
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300-350	350-400	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)		
1. total cereals	8.62	18.03	19.82	23.42	26.68	31.45	34.09	38.88	41.71	44.06	44.43	46.86	48.14	38.58	
2. gram	—	—	—	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.18	0.22	0.22	0.32	0.12	
3. cereal substitutes	0.24	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.01	
4. pulses	0.37	0.94	1.29	1.58	2.24	2.79	3.27	4.14	5.24	6.52	7.93	8.52	10.07	5.20	
5. milk and milk products	0.04	0.38	0.62	1.38	2.05	2.67	4.37	6.13	8.15	12.01	15.96	21.32	29.71	9.88	
6. edible oil	0.59	1.17	1.58	1.81	2.49	2.79	3.29	4.32	5.42	6.79	8.75	9.97	12.04	5.63	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.12	0.75	1.23	1.86	1.88	2.55	4.21	5.22	7.37	9.38	11.18	13.77	13.77	5.87	
8. vegetables	0.81	1.57	2.02	2.36	3.18	3.57	4.46	5.19	6.48	7.61	8.80	10.44	13.69	6.49	
9. fruits and nuts	0.11	0.30	0.43	0.82	0.88	1.14	1.44	1.84	2.65	3.64	5.45	7.35	11.76	3.43	
10. sugar	0.06	0.46	0.48	0.79	1.02	1.37	1.79	2.15	2.65	3.18	4.04	4.49	5.96	2.71	
11. salt	0.06	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.20	0.15	
12. spices	1.06	1.74	2.38	2.27	2.84	2.96	3.57	3.98	4.58	4.89	5.72	6.01	6.84	4.37	
13. beverage & refreshments	1.59	2.38	3.54	4.41	4.74	5.67	6.29	7.46	9.26	12.51	18.56	18.72	52.83	13.21	
14. food total (1-13)	13.73	27.86	33.54	40.89	48.20	57.17	65.99	78.55	91.30	108.99	129.51	145.35	205.43	95.70	
15. pan., tobacco & intoxicants	0.83	0.77	1.38	1.98	2.06	2.04	2.42	2.98	3.70	3.85	5.27	5.92	6.95	3.59	
16. fuel & light	2.86	4.08	4.52	5.01	5.67	6.65	7.61	9.13	10.29	12.16	14.88	16.19	20.28	10.67	
17. clothing	—	—	0.08	0.26	0.67	1.08	1.50	2.32	3.96	8.18	15.35	25.57	77.06	11.79	
18. footwear	—	—	0.08	0.11	0.09	0.11	0.11	0.48	0.52	1.06	1.76	3.07	5.32	1.12	
19. misc. goods & services	4.33	3.90	5.95	7.57	8.53	10.03	13.96	18.14	26.46	35.20	54.32	70.77	138.47	35.50	
20. durable goods	—	0.03	0.24	0.10	0.10	0.14	0.48	0.58	1.14	1.22	2.13	4.50	51.12	15.37	
21. non-food total (15-20)	8.02	8.80	12.24	15.02	17.12	20.04	26.07	33.63	46.06	61.67	93.72	126.53	299.20	68.04	
22. total expnd. (14+21)	21.75	36.66	45.81	55.91	65.34	77.22	92.07	112.19	137.36	170.67	223.23	271.89	504.63	163.74	
23. consumer rent	1.68	0.57	1.31	1.94	1.30	2.35	3.54	3.63	6.47	8.90	14.82	19.91	34.04	8.84	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.07	0.20	0.29	0.17	0.51	0.32	2.69	0.40	
25. no. of sample hhs.	15	15	59	116	169	374	427	626	491	653	362	249	464	4035	



TABLE 2.20 U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PERCAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 28

TRIPURA : URBAN

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	—	24.94	26.84	34.35	33.37	34.81	41.37	44.40	48.47	52.65	49.54	47.96	43.84	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.02	—	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	
4. pulses	—	—	0.78	1.13	2.16	2.37	2.41	2.77	3.23	3.54	4.67	4.65	5.37	3.54	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	0.89	1.75	2.73	4.24	4.37	9.23	13.00	16.58	35.47	27.99	12.87	
6. edible oil	—	—	1.95	2.09	3.46	4.14	4.68	5.41	7.15	8.05	9.92	11.48	12.33	7.69	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	3.06	5.35	3.56	7.21	9.38	10.84	16.52	19.48	27.35	30.29	39.18	19.73	
8. vegetables	—	—	2.19	2.95	5.43	4.41	5.46	6.27	7.74	8.45	12.09	11.87	15.17	8.80	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	0.17	0.46	—	1.02	0.84	1.05	1.46	2.90	3.46	4.06	6.14	2.63	
10. sugar	—	—	0.70	0.63	0.79	1.63	2.04	2.07	2.84	3.33	3.60	4.92	5.10	3.08	
11. salt	—	—	0.20	0.23	0.23	0.28	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.39	0.40	0.37	0.42	0.35	
12. spices	—	—	0.96	1.41	1.27	1.29	1.78	1.80	1.94	3.02	3.72	3.33	3.43	2.41	
13. beverage & refreshment	—	—	1.03	0.52	0.24	3.66	2.82	4.04	5.01	7.43	9.37	13.29	15.40	7.37	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	35.99	42.51	53.25	62.18	68.75	80.34	99.87	118.11	142.85	169.31	178.63	112.36	
15. Pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	1.19	2.53	0.76	2.19	2.52	3.25	3.15	4.29	6.82	7.59	9.06	4.75	
16. fuel & light	—	—	4.18	5.41	7.38	6.91	5.89	8.61	9.98	11.61	14.49	14.37	18.68	11.37	
17. clothing	—	—	—	1.30	—	0.71	2.12	3.82	3.55	7.50	5.34	5.38	24.55	7.61	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.24	—	—	0.20	0.52	0.81	0.56	3.17	2.96	3.76	1.39	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	3.02	4.04	3.87	7.16	11.67	14.86	18.55	28.14	45.58	59.54	148.61	43.69	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	0.83	0.26	0.27	1.15	1.03	0.37	18.64	24.65	5.43	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	8.38	13.51	11.97	17.81	22.65	31.33	37.19	53.12	75.76	108.50	229.31	74.24	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	44.37	56.04	65.09	79.98	91.41	111.67	137.07	171.25	218.63	277.83	407.93	186.61	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	0.79	1.56	2.89	4.38	4.05	11.41	12.51	18.83	6.82	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.22	—	—	0.02	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	3	6	2	17	15	35	32	52	38	17	53	270	



TABLE 2-21U: VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PERCAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

UTTAR PRADESH: URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 435

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expenditure classes
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	8.78	16.87	18.05	20.38	22.44	25.70	25.92	27.36	29.04	27.92	31.08	32.06	33.01	26.79	
2. gram	—	—	0.03	0.33	0.16	0.11	0.22	0.30	0.42	0.54	0.63	0.97	1.13	0.38	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	—	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.01	
4. pulses	1.26	1.65	2.65	3.14	3.33	3.95	4.48	5.23	5.97	6.35	7.98	8.22	9.58	5.33	
5. milk and milk product	0.50	2.09	2.02	3.24	4.91	6.43	9.19	12.09	16.29	22.60	28.35	35.44	49.63	15.15	
6. edible oil	0.97	1.93	2.52	2.93	3.47	4.08	5.18	6.17	7.66	9.09	10.70	11.75	17.00	6.82	
7. meat, egg, fish	0.14	0.64	1.05	1.81	2.21	2.07	2.76	3.65	4.10	4.60	5.48	7.43	8.58	3.69	
8. vegetables	1.39	2.19	2.78	3.56	4.00	4.73	5.61	6.44	7.50	8.70	11.29	13.13	15.96	7.06	
9. fruits and nuts	0.04	0.06	0.22	0.28	0.47	0.62	0.91	1.34	2.06	3.02	4.69	6.20	10.55	2.17	
10. sugar	0.62	1.28	1.76	2.13	2.44	2.73	3.41	4.02	4.64	5.21	5.83	6.58	8.60	4.12	
11. salt	0.09	0.13	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.23	0.24	0.16	
12. spices	0.70	1.22	1.31	1.65	1.78	1.90	2.14	2.63	2.84	3.23	3.63	4.15	4.88	2.64	
13. beverages & refreshments	0.18	0.32	0.34	1.22	1.65	2.12	3.16	4.18	5.81	7.90	13.22	20.93	30.97	6.47	
14. food total (1-13)	14.67	28.40	33.26	40.81	47.00	54.59	63.15	73.57	86.49	99.36	123.16	147.17	190.26	80.80	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	1.14	1.11	1.07	1.54	1.74	1.81	2.48	2.91	3.38	4.81	5.99	8.54	10.67	3.56	
16. fuel & light	1.81	4.14	5.23	6.01	7.38	8.09	8.98	10.37	11.48	13.89	16.01	17.11	21.89	10.99	
17. clothing	—	—	0.65	0.30	0.64	1.64	3.24	4.46	6.84	14.71	22.08	24.53	60.88	9.57	
18. foot-wear	—	0.08	0.17	0.16	0.19	0.29	0.77	1.03	1.54	2.03	3.81	4.23	7.60	1.56	
19. misc. goods & services	2.31	3.05	5.31	6.71	8.16	10.54	14.11	18.47	26.56	34.78	48.57	64.53	112.14	26.23	
20. durable goods	0.15	—	0.07	0.04	0.17	0.18	0.33	0.54	0.96	1.88	3.83	8.19	33.12	2.76	
21. non-food total (15-20)	5.43	8.39	12.51	14.76	18.27	22.55	29.89	37.79	50.74	72.09	100.28	127.10	246.29	54.67	
22. total expd. (14+21)	20.10	36.78	45.77	55.58	65.28	77.15	93.04	111.37	137.25	171.46	223.45	274.30	436.55	135.48	
23. consumer rent	—	0.15	0.51	0.51	0.66	0.88	1.49	2.26	2.98	4.68	6.14	11.04	20.12	3.55	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	0.08	0.13	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.13	0.11	0.51	0.64	0.90	2.93	0.35	
25. no. of sample hhs.	8	23	87	195	265	482	448	691	442	611	362	195	391	4190	



TABLE 2-22U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

WEST BENGAL : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 341

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all expen- diture classes												
	0-30		30-40		40-50		50-60		60-70		70-85		85-100			100-125		125-150		150-200		200-250		250-300		300 & above	
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		(14)											
1. total cereals	8.34	12.42	23.41	22.84	28.20	31.56	34.44	37.66	40.05	41.05	39.59	41.44	42.64	37.41													
2. gram	—	—	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.19	0.28	0.28	0.37	0.60	0.22													
3. cereal substitutes	—	0.06	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.10	0.01	0.06													
4. pulses	0.19	0.80	1.55	1.82	1.89	2.28	2.77	3.19	3.64	3.98	4.23	4.74	5.36	3.53													
5. milk and milk product	0.23	0.26	0.42	1.16	2.50	2.78	4.04	6.08	7.89	12.23	15.28	21.45	30.23	10.61													
6. edible oil	0.78	1.25	2.28	3.13	3.13	4.04	4.55	5.67	6.73	8.04	9.59	10.60	14.67	7.24													
7. meat, egg, fish	0.26	1.22	1.85	1.94	3.22	4.39	5.88	7.11	9.40	13.31	19.08	21.13	38.24	12.70													
8. vegetables	1.73	2.11	4.17	5.40	5.54	6.60	7.79	8.92	10.01	11.64	13.27	13.96	18.99	10.55													
9. fruits and nuts	—	0.27	0.09	0.14	0.32	0.32	0.70	1.07	1.46	2.50	3.56	4.84	9.07	2.43													
10. sugar	0.82	0.47	1.06	1.20	1.21	1.54	1.90	2.24	2.67	3.19	3.50	4.07	5.16	2.78													
11. salt	0.11	0.20	0.25	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.29	0.28	0.27	0.30	0.27													
12. spices	0.70	0.75	1.12	1.24	1.32	1.62	1.83	2.04	2.35	2.91	3.41	3.74	4.69	2.59													
13. beverage & refreshment	1.82	6.32	1.19	2.88	1.83	3.17	3.09	5.19	75.97	10.88	21.00	28.71	48.19	12.97													
14. food total (1-13)	15.04	26.19	37.42	42.03	49.49	58.74	67.41	79.72	92.74	110.40	133.18	155.51	218.26	103.40													
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	0.74	1.71	1.03	1.60	1.62	1.69	2.36	3.13	3.46	4.72	7.80	7.10	13.04	4.74													
16. fuel & light	3.52	3.12	4.47	5.53	5.82	6.71	7.58	9.08	10.66	12.37	14.84	16.56	23.52	11.55													
17. clothing	—	0.08	0.25	0.38	0.65	1.00	2.27	2.65	5.71	8.27	16.50	20.67	54.70	11.13													
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	0.04	0.04	0.37	0.59	0.63	1.03	1.81	2.19	4.46	6.69	1.77													
19. misc. goods & services	2.91	3.87	3.12	5.97	7.33	9.21	12.02	16.52	22.91	32.02	46.62	63.28	130.85	34.79													
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.05	0.07	0.17	0.19	0.28	0.68	1.91	2.14	4.67	16.07	2.56													
21. non-food total (15-20)	7.18	8.77	8.88	13.58	15.53	19.15	25.02	32.28	44.44	61.09	90.08	116.75	244.87	66.54													
22. total expd. (14+21)	22.24	34.96	46.32	55.63	65.04	77.90	92.44	112.02	137.19	171.50	223.27	272.26	463.14	169.95													
23. consumer rent	1.78	1.25	0.23	1.74	1.72	1.55	1.83	2.36	3.54	5.71	8.36	13.28	25.94	6.40													
24. con. tax. cess	—	—	—	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.13	0.15	0.20	1.86	0.26													
25. no. of sample hhs.	11	12	30	56	94	208	274	420	424	598	399	283	550	3359													



TABLE 2-23U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER-CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS : URBAN

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all ex- penditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. total cereals.	—	—	—	17.83	16.99	20.96	29.12	26.43	32.68	33.11	33.25	30.39	35.80	32.19
2. gram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.32	0.10	0.15	0.24	0.29	0.44	0.24
3. cereal substitutes.	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.09	—	—	0.09	0.02	—	0.11	0.05
4. pulses	—	—	—	2.63	2.79	3.88	4.48	6.92	6.27	7.79	8.32	9.11	10.26	8.00
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	—	0.93	3.42	3.33	6.14	9.04	10.52	14.06	19.29	31.53	15.41
6. edible oil.	—	—	—	5.68	3.56	6.89	5.09	8.60	1.68	12.06	12.28	15.19	17.02	12.52
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	6.67	2.93	4.14	6.44	5.73	11.24	17.30	20.80	24.45	36.58	20.23
8. vegetables	—	—	—	2.00	4.09	5.98	4.24	6.41	6.71	9.96	12.41	12.97	25.20	12.89
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	—	0.62	—	1.21	7.21	2.06	2.99	5.42	7.74	13.51	5.72
10. sugar	—	—	—	0.83	3.18	1.71	2.39	3.52	3.48	3.96	4.34	6.51	6.01	4.33
11. salt	—	—	—	0.05	0.18	0.32	0.17	0.31	0.27	0.30	0.29	0.32	0.37	0.30
12. spices	—	—	—	1.18	2.22	4.47	3.89	4.27	4.75	6.08	6.60	7.23	9.35	6.48
13. beverage & refresh- ments	—	—	—	4.22	2.25	4.79	2.40	7.40	11.27	7.50	15.74	29.14	46.97	19.65
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	41.02	39.72	56.60	62.89	77.24	98.65	111.89	133.86	160.74	233.27	138.10
15. pan, tobacco & in- toxicants	—	—	—	2.00	0.98	3.46	2.77	5.26	5.70	6.64	10.50	19.46	22.35	11.38
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	6.90	4.41	7.23	7.35	9.16	8.73	10.38	12.59	16.65	19.24	12.69
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	1.18	—	3.43	3.65	5.60	15.04	24.42	15.55	64.15	24.40
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	4.17	2.07	0.70	2.72	0.58	2.02	4.42	3.49	7.57	3.66
19. misc. goods & ser- vices.	—	—	—	9.58	11.15	3.59	11.90	14.58	19.57	28.74	31.28	46.62	114.32	45.83
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.29	—	—	1.23	2.57	10.74	13.13	4.63
21. non-food total (15- 20)	—	—	—	18.48	21.88	16.35	27.40	35.38	40.18	64.04	85.79	112.52	240.75	120.59
22. total expnd. (14+ 21)	—	—	—	59.63	61.63	72.94	90.31	112.63	138.84	175.94	219.66	273.28	474.04	240.70
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	8.33	2.94	—	5.54	4.10	6.16	8.31	6.98	8.81	20.49	9.86
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.20	0.21	0.46	0.30	0.08	0.70	0.36
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	1	3	2	6	18	27	53	54	33	104	301



TABLE 2-25U : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER-CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

CHANDIGARH : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 15

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- pendi- ture clas- ses
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above		
1. total cereals	—	—	—	17.90	—	17.75	15.04	14.52	22.87	23.16	24.14	21.85	24.69	22.77	
2. gram.	—	—	—	1.11	—	2.33	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.68	1.32	1.48	1.42	1.18	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	—	—	3.12	—	3.19	3.90	3.89	5.26	7.01	6.24	6.47	7.28	6.39	
5. milk and milk products	—	—	—	2.25	—	8.01	12.19	16.63	20.15	25.62	31.35	39.31	51.87	35.27	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	3.44	—	5.85	6.08	7.50	10.93	10.68	15.04	13.34	15.21	12.66	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	0.33	—	0.11	0.54	—	1.69	0.79	1.71	1.39	7.63	3.40	
8. vegetables	—	—	—	2.18	—	5.12	5.02	7.63	11.14	12.91	13.82	15.76	20.11	14.94	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.83	—	1.69	1.90	0.64	3.11	4.68	6.15	8.69	15.62	8.70	
10. sugar	—	—	—	5.67	—	4.58	5.11	3.45	6.11	7.55	6.32	6.32	7.85	6.84	
11. salt	—	—	—	0.01	—	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.13	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	
12. spices	—	—	—	0.67	—	1.65	2.25	1.33	3.38	3.25	2.62	3.57	4.21	3.37	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	5.32	—	3.07	6.90	8.56	8.55	8.98	10.48	18.67	61.21	28.47	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	42.93	—	53.44	54.74	64.89	74.04	105.50	119.39	137.07	217.29	144.17	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	1.50	—	1.60	2.11	1.19	4.03	2.30	2.23	1.56	4.66	3.09	
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	8.45	—	7.53	8.36	8.51	11.37	14.53	13.07	15.23	18.73	14.91	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	0.96	2.91	0.41	4.57	6.53	16.35	25.18	51.05	25.08	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	0.37	0.23	0.31	0.69	4.39	9.43	6.87	8.86	6.07	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	1.70	—	11.37	18.84	28.02	23.09	34.43	47.54	80.80	151.19	80.45	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	0.97	0.08	—	0.79	6.15	8.99	7.80	31.81	14.53	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	11.57	—	22.79	32.54	38.43	44.52	68.35	97.63	137.44	266.31	144.13	
22. total expend. (14+21)	—	—	—	54.58	—	76.25	92.29	103.34	138.56	173.85	217.01	274.51	483.60	288.30	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	3.88	2.65	10.32	3.57	7.64	9.08	34.99	47.98	25.16	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.25	0.31	0.20	0.54	0.32	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	1	—	4	5	3	14	22	14	14	64	141	



TABLE 2-27U : VALUE (RS. 0-00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER-CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

DELHI : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 118

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- penditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals.	—	—	—	9.64	13.37	16.15	18.99	18.31	18.59	20.11	22.43	23.63	28.84	21.64	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.29	0.27	0.41	0.48	0.40	0.73	1.10	1.03	1.17	0.77	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	0.03	0.01	
4. pulses	—	—	—	2.22	3.87	4.12	5.06	4.82	5.50	6.17	7.40	7.30	9.18	6.54	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	8.32	6.36	9.89	11.28	18.36	19.22	28.77	33.14	42.11	56.89	31.30	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	2.97	4.43	6.50	7.27	8.13	9.47	11.05	12.33	13.94	15.97	11.26	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	2.15	1.32	1.77	2.68	3.32	2.70	5.50	3.34	6.52	12.23	5.66	
8. vegetables	—	—	—	4.35	5.46	6.64	6.02	8.61	10.70	12.11	15.09	19.20	22.96	13.91	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.10	0.58	1.05	0.86	1.87	2.36	4.07	5.87	9.43	17.36	6.61	
10. sugar	—	—	—	3.08	3.09	3.20	3.64	4.25	4.40	4.80	5.90	5.68	7.06	5.17	
11. salt	—	—	—	0.20	0.24	0.18	0.24	0.22	0.25	0.26	0.29	0.36	0.36	0.28	
12. spices	—	—	—	1.47	2.13	1.96	2.85	2.91	3.27	3.84	4.35	5.17	6.43	4.17	
13. beverage & refreshments.	5.00	—	5.00	2.47	4.97	3.52	3.34	5.28	7.96	11.80	16.35	18.65	40.57	16.45	
14. food total (1-13)	5.00	—	5.00	37.01	46.11	55.31	62.63	76.60	84.85	109.24	127.63	152.95	219.10	123.78	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants.	—	—	—	0.45	0.63	1.89	1.96	2.21	2.54	5.29	3.14	7.89	10.70	5.14	
16. fuel & light	—	—	24.10	5.95	6.51	7.76	8.59	9.57	10.57	12.90	14.39	15.67	23.17	14.04	
17. clothing	—	—	2.50	—	0.31	0.59	1.34	1.31	6.65	4.59	14.42	18.48	54.11	16.61	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	1.46	0.30	0.51	0.55	0.99	1.47	2.10	3.62	3.57	9.37	3.49	
19. misc. goods & services	12.15	—	14.50	9.19	10.32	10.62	17.15	20.83	29.67	36.73	56.26	73.01	145.41	58.85	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.70	0.15	0.75	0.97	2.17	2.53	3.00	27.22	6.90	
21. non-food total (15-20)	12.75	—	41.00	17.05	18.08	22.06	29.72	35.66	51.87	63.78	94.35	121.60	269.16	105.02	
22. total exped. (14+21)	17.75	—	46.00	54.05	64.19	77.38	92.37	112.26	136.72	173.02	221.99	274.56	489.06	228.81	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	0.65	0.71	1.99	2.14	4.59	3.51	9.23	16.82	27.86	10.15	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.34	0.53	0.68	0.68	0.69	2.71	0.95	
25. no. of sample hhs.	1	—	1	4	8	19	42	121	109	206	166	141	334	1152	



TABLE 2.28U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER-CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

GOA, DAMAN AND DIU : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- penditure classes
	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	(14)	
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	23.63	22.10	31.79	24.99	32.78	35.39	40.16	40.87	34.66	40.66	36.67	
2. gram	—	—	—	—	0.36	—	0.07	0.11	0.17	0.22	0.33	0.37	0.51	0.27	
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4. pulses	—	—	—	2.21	1.68	0.92	3.87	2.44	2.31	3.30	4.07	2.85	3.87	3.12	
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	—	0.51	7.05	5.97	5.49	5.63	7.41	17.01	17.77	28.15	13.06	
6. edible oil	—	—	—	1.19	0.99	2.57	6.55	5.13	6.62	6.53	8.60	6.68	9.09	6.69	
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	7.50	5.16	3.20	4.01	9.60	11.31	16.59	17.40	17.04	41.32	18.19	
8. vegetables	—	—	—	2.29	4.02	4.99	7.34	5.73	6.18	6.93	8.59	8.08	13.56	8.03	
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	3.13	5.06	2.22	1.24	6.90	9.22	8.26	10.38	12.09	26.07	11.43	
10. sugar	—	—	—	1.49	3.11	2.57	3.04	2.91	4.73	4.66	5.14	4.50	6.67	4.55	
11. salt	—	—	—	0.17	0.15	0.16	0.12	0.16	0.17	0.20	0.19	0.20	0.31	0.20	
12. spices	—	—	—	1.61	2.82	2.88	2.80	3.82	4.56	4.47	4.81	5.15	6.82	4.74	
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	2.52	3.00	2.27	1.97	8.26	10.40	16.84	16.77	42.06	62.06	24.72	
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	45.95	49.00	60.70	62.04	83.40	95.71	115.65	134.26	151.48	239.18	131.75	
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	—	0.54	4.82	3.11	2.55	5.37	6.30	6.08	8.69	8.92	5.98	
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	2.73	8.26	6.31	15.38	11.32	10.09	13.64	13.91	12.73	20.36	13.60	
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.87	—	7.48	15.64	15.20	31.89	11.45	
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.56	0.20	1.67	2.53	3.23	8.53	2.71	
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	8.52	10.64	3.72	14.27	14.53	24.91	27.13	46.55	60.34	145.53	50.59	
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.04	0.16	1.17	4.40	23.16	12.83	6.36	
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	11.25	19.43	14.85	32.69	29.85	40.72	57.39	89.12	123.39	228.05	90.70	
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	—	57.18	68.44	75.55	94.78	113.25	136.45	173.05	223.37	274.88	467.25	222.45	
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	2.50	1.36	—	2.38	0.88	1.27	2.47	11.78	11.87	26.41	8.73	
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	0.01	—	0.43	0.44	0.23	0.68	0.60	0.67	1.29	0.65	
25. no. of sample hhs.	—	—	—	1	3	3	3	19	10	30	24	25	37	155	



TABLE 2.30U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER-CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

MIZORAM : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 48

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees													all ex- pendi- ture classes (14)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
(0)	0-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-85	85-100	100-125	125-150	150-200	200-250	250-300	300 & above	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	—	—	31.11	30.47	33.63	35.15	36.43	41.21	42.84	41.72	37.65
2. gram.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.09	0.02	0.61	0.10
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.07	0.04	0.03	—	0.03
4. pulses	—	—	—	—	—	1.56	2.42	3.00	3.71	3.83	4.50	5.79	7.33	4.27
5. milk and milk product.	—	—	—	—	—	2.23	2.42	4.53	5.33	9.56	10.33	16.20	18.39	9.67
6. edible oil	—	—	—	—	—	3.56	2.91	4.96	5.37	6.86	7.33	10.54	11.06	7.10
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	—	—	5.56	8.02	11.28	14.18	19.40	24.80	33.58	45.86	21.92
8. vegetables	—	—	—	—	—	3.11	8.90	10.58	13.27	14.79	17.60	22.54	28.34	16.27
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.09	0.58	1.13	0.96	1.14	1.49	3.39	1.23
10. sugar	—	—	—	—	—	3.89	3.24	3.76	4.57	5.39	5.50	6.67	8.23	5.41
11. salt	—	—	—	—	—	0.67	0.74	0.50	0.53	0.60	0.64	0.85	0.79	0.63
12. spices	—	—	—	—	—	0.33	0.55	0.90	1.06	1.49	1.60	2.34	2.74	1.54
13. beverage & refreshments.	—	—	—	—	—	2.01	3.19	3.16	3.37	5.66	8.42	10.48	22.35	7.33
14. food total(1-13)	—	—	—	—	—	54.00	63.92	76.83	87.66	105.08	123.15	153.32	190.77	113.12
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	—	—	33.33	2.91	4.55	7.48	11.29	14.24	18.99	23.07	12.00
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	—	—	18.00	18.15	16.69	17.65	20.51	20.76	25.31	27.10	20.66
17. clothing	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.84	1.00	3.60	6.80	17.48	19.07	45.98	11.93
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.70	1.55	3.01	4.61	8.83	11.25	26.24	7.13
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	—	—	2.78	6.55	12.72	17.84	20.87	31.64	36.88	49.44	24.91
20. durable goods	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.73	0.68	4.39	3.39	6.58	1.77
21. non-food total(15-20)	—	—	—	—	—	24.11	30.16	36.76	50.31	64.76	95.33	115.88	178.38	78.39
22. total exped (14+21)	—	—	—	—	—	78.12	94.07	113.59	137.96	169.84	218.47	269.20	369.16	191.51
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.29	4.97	5.17	10.52	15.19	16.64	7.63
24. con. tax cess.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25. no. of sample bhs.	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	37	54	166	87	63	55	471



TABLE 2.31U : VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

PONDICHERY : URBAN

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS : 16

items	monthly per capita expenditure classes in rupees														all ex- pendi- ture classes
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. total cereals	—	—	—	21.68	26.70	29.17	28.94	36.22	34.08	45.83	36.51	36.11	40.99	63.33	36.62
2. gram.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.31	0.04
3. cereal substitutes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. pulses	—	—	—	1.07	1.97	2.22	2.94	2.42	2.92	3.21	5.52	7.56	7.34	12.77	4.65
5. milk and milk product	—	—	—	1.78	0.86	2.50	3.78	6.55	6.20	9.45	11.01	11.11	20.68	28.73	9.45
6. edible oil	—	—	—	1.70	3.14	2.94	3.19	3.96	4.94	5.76	6.68	9.29	8.72	15.52	5.99
7. meat, egg, fish	—	—	—	1.88	4.87	3.81	3.51	3.92	9.21	12.36	8.20	11.80	11.08	20.77	8.14
8. vegetables	—	—	—	1.86	2.94	2.73	3.40	3.05	4.74	4.93	5.93	5.69	9.37	13.66	5.48
9. fruits and nuts	—	—	—	0.22	0.40	0.42	0.50	0.84	1.05	1.54	1.75	1.76	5.71	13.59	2.72
10. sugar	—	—	—	0.43	0.41	0.49	0.96	1.15	1.53	1.76	2.11	2.47	3.50	6.25	2.00
11. salt	—	—	—	0.11	0.08	0.11	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.22	0.20	0.13
12. spices	—	—	—	2.46	3.54	3.30	3.26	3.26	4.67	4.14	4.60	6.78	6.11	7.07	4.43
13. beverage & refreshments	—	—	—	2.33	1.12	3.72	3.73	5.83	4.82	5.81	17.20	34.59	6.68	18.80	8.62
14. food total (1-13)	—	—	—	35.54	46.07	51.54	54.33	67.38	74.35	94.99	99.71	127.33	120.33	201.07	88.31
15. pan, tobacco & intoxicants	—	—	—	0.32	1.06	4.06	3.32	3.89	5.60	10.53	3.57	14.87	4.59	6.80	4.82
16. fuel & light	—	—	—	3.46	4.86	3.95	6.03	6.62	8.13	8.40	10.62	9.24	12.37	21.54	9.09
17. clothing	—	—	—	0.39	—	—	3.95	1.56	2.43	1.01	29.70	43.36	89.31	142.38	29.08
18. foot-wear	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.07	0.07	0.78	2.35	3.55	0.80	1.67	4.02	1.43
19. misc. goods & services	—	—	—	4.17	5.42	4.95	8.90	12.53	21.49	19.73	28.73	29.10	26.88	86.59	24.41
20. durable goods	—	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.07	—	0.27	0.14	4.26	3.54	11.55	0.77	1.48
21. non-food total (15-20)	—	—	—	8.41	11.33	12.93	23.33	24.69	38.69	42.15	80.44	100.89	146.32	262.09	70.30
22. total expd. (14+21)	—	—	—	43.98	57.40	64.39	77.66	92.05	113.06	137.15	180.15	228.19	266.82	463.14	158.62
23. consumer rent	—	—	—	0.10	0.34	0.88	1.22	1.21	1.76	3.96	4.83	8.99	3.63	24.37	4.89
24. con. tax cess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.31	3.21	0.40
25. no. of sample hhs	—	—	—	4	5	8	26	18	27	6	24	8	8	20	154



KEY RESULTS OF  
LAST THREE QUINQUENNIAL  
N.S.S. ENQUIRIES ON  
EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

*National Sample Survey :  
Thirty-eighth round (January—December 1983)*



## FOREWORD

The National Sample Survey (NSS) conducted a full-fledged employment-unemployment enquiry in its ninth round (1954-55). In the earlier NSS rounds, only a few questions on employment-unemployment were accommodated in the Consumer Expenditure Schedule. Since the ninth round, the employment-unemployment enquiry had been conducted regularly till the late sixties. However, there were wide divergences in the concepts and coverage of those surveys. It was felt that these surveys were not providing adequate materials for measuring the changes in the employment-unemployment pattern over time. Neither the results of these surveys could give adequate measures of the extent of underemployment.

2. In order to have a deeper look into these problems, a committee of experts was set up by the Planning Commission, with Prof. Dantwala as Chairman. The Committee's report (1970) provided useful guidelines for conducting employment-unemployment surveys and for the evaluation and dissemination of the results of the surveys. The International Standards on Employment and Unemployment Statistics were set at the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS 1954). These standards were modified to some extent in 1966 and thoroughly revised at the thirteenth ICLS (1982). It is worth mentioning that the latest International Standards are very similar to those recommended by the Indian Experts in 1970.

3. Adopting the recommendations of the Dantwala Committee, the NSSO in its twenty-seventh round (1972-73) launched a large scale employment-unemployment survey along with the consumer expenditure survey—both the surveys were conducted in the same set of households. Since then, these two subjects of enquiry have been taken up together, once every five years. The second quinquennial survey (NSS 32nd round) was undertaken during July 1977-June 1978. The third quinquennial survey on the same pair of subjects was conducted by the NSS in its thirtyeighth round during the calendar year 1983. The present report contains the preliminary estimates of some key characteristics derived from the 1983 survey data.

4. In close conformity with the concepts and recommendations of the Dantwala Committee the NSSO had designed the schedules of enquiry and translated the concepts in operational terms for the

NSS 27th round Survey (1972-73). The whole matter was reviewed at the preparatory stage of the next quinquennial survey (NSS 32nd round) and certain changes were introduced. There is, however, hardly any difference between the concepts of the NSS 32nd round and (the current) 38th round. The results of these three quinquennial surveys, with necessary adjustments to provide results under uniform concepts, have also, been presented in this report.

5. During the one year survey period of the NSS 38th round, about 8,700 villages and 4,570 urban blocks were covered. The survey period was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration each and an equal number of samples were covered in every sub-round. The tables on employment-unemployment presented in this report are based on the data collected from the sample villages and blocks covered in the first two sub-rounds, that is from about 4,350 villages and 2,285 urban blocks. The total number of persons enumerated in the first two sub-rounds were 176,457 and 94,139 in the rural and urban sectors respectively.

6. The basic results of the first two sub-rounds of the survey were brought out within eight months of the completion of the field work and the tables were delivered to the Planning Commission in August 1984 for their use in drafting the Seventh Five Year Plan. Scrutiny of tables and some fresh tabulation required more time and this report, containing the results of the first two sub-rounds of the NSS 38th round survey on Employment and Unemployment as well as the comparable results of the earlier two quinquennial surveys on the subject was submitted in February 1985.

7. Final tables would be generated after completion of processing of the data collected in the full survey round. These tables would be released in a series of reports on employment and unemployment characteristics under the usual three different sets of concepts, age, sex and education, specific labour force participation rates, distribution of workers by industry and by occupation, characteristics of migrants, rates of various migratory flows etc.

8. Under the current state of facilities of large scale data processing available to the NSSO this achievement of releasing a report within fifteen months of the completion of the field work is quite creditable. This achievement was made possible by the coordinated efforts of the Governing Council, the



functional Divisions of the NSSO and the Computer Centre of the Department of Statistics.

9. I am happy to record my deep appreciation of the timely release of the results of this important survey by the NSSO. The hard work done by some private members of the Governing Council and some

outside experts in the Working Group is gratefully acknowledged.

**B. S. MINHAS**  
*Chairman, Governing Council*  
*National Sample Survey Organisation*

NEW DELHI

DATE : 30-10-1985

The first survey period of the NSSO was in 1953-54. It covered 2,700 villages and 4,700 hamlets. The survey was divided into four sub-surveys of different durations and an equal number of samples were covered in each sub-survey. The table on employment and unemployment presented in this report is based on the data collected from the sample villages and hamlets covered in the first two sub-surveys. The total sample of persons enumerated in the first two sub-surveys was 17,64,97 and 94,139 in the rural and urban areas respectively.

The basic units of the first two sub-surveys of the survey were village and hamlet. The table of the composition of the field work and the table were derived in the Planning Commission in August 1954. The first two sub-surveys covered 1,350 villages and 2,350 hamlets. The total sample of persons enumerated in the first two sub-surveys was 17,64,97 and 94,139 in the rural and urban areas respectively.

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO), in its renewed efforts in the conduct of Employment-Unemployment surveys under a quinquennial work programme with changed conceptual frame work, launched the first survey in the series during its 25th round programme covering the period October 1972 to September 1973. The second survey in the quinquennial series was conducted during the 31st round covering the period July 1977 to June 1978. The third was carried out during the year 1983 as a part of the 38th round survey programme. In this brochure, comparable results on key characteristics of employment and unemployment as obtained from survey data of the three NSS rounds 27, 32 and 38, are presented.

1.2 The survey period for the 38th round was the calendar year 1983. It was split into four sub-rounds each of which was of three months duration. The total sample was selected in the form of four sets of samples, one set each to be surveyed in each sub-round. The sample was so selected that each sub-round sample give an independent estimate for the country for the related period.

1.3 To meet the urgent need of important results within a few months after the completion of the survey, a set of tables relating to some key characteristics have been generated on a priority basis from the data collected in the first two sub-rounds of the 38th round survey (January-June 1983). Due to the urgency of requirement of end results, much time could not be provided for scrutiny and editing of the raw data. So the results for 1983 are based on almost unscrutinised data of a part sample of NSS 38th round and therefore, only provisional.

1.4 Since the present results are based on the data relating to the first two sub-round period, comparable results for the 27th and 32nd rounds particularly for the current employment and unemployment pattern are worked out also for the corresponding periods (second and third sub-round period for 27th round and third and fourth sub-round period for 32nd round). The results pertaining to the usual work pattern, however, relate to the entire round sample for the 27th and 32nd rounds and in that respect, for those results, the sample size of 27th and 32nd rounds is almost double that of 38th round size.

1.5 Section 2 of this document gives briefly scope, coverage and sample design of the 38th round.

Salient features of the conceptual frame work adopted in the three rounds are presented in Section 3. Comparable Summary results on key indicators of employment and unemployment obtained from the three rounds 27, 32 and 38 are discussed in section 4. The tables giving distribution of population by activity status and industrial distribution of workers separately for males and females for all India and states as obtained from 38th round data are also presented.

## 2. SCOPE, COVERAGE AND SAMPLE DESIGN OF NSS 38TH ROUND

### 2.1 Geographical coverage :

The 38th round survey covered the whole of Indian Union excepting (i) Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and (ii) Rural areas of Nagaland. The present results, however, exclude in addition to the above areas, also the states/union territories of Arunachal Pradesh and Lakshadweep.

### 2.2 Subject Coverage :

Apart from the regular price enquiry two subjects—Employment-Unemployment and Consumer Expenditure were covered in this round. Schedules relating to the latter two subjects were canvassed from the same set of samples in order to have a meaningful correlated study of the employment-unemployment and level of living of the population.

### 2.3 Sample Design :

The sampling design adopted in the survey was a stratified two stage one with census villages in the rural areas and NSSO urban frame survey blocks in urban areas as first stage units and households as second stage units. The sample villages were selected with probability proportional to size and with replacement in the form of two independent interpenetrating sub-samples (IPNS). Sample blocks were selected with equal probability also in the form of two IPNS. The sample households in the second stage (ten from each first stage unit were selected circular systematically after arranging all the households of a first stage units in a specified manner.

### 2.4 Survey period and sub-round formation :

The survey was started in the month of January 1983 and was completed in December 1983. The entire survey period of one year was divided into four sub-round periods of three months' duration coinciding approximately with the four agricultural seasons.



The four sub-round periods were :

Sub-round 1	:	January — March 1983
Sub-round 2	:	April — June 1983
Sub-round 3	:	July — September 1983
Sub-round 4	:	October—December 1983

The samples were distributed over the four sub-rounds in a manner so as to provide equally valid estimates for the country for each of the related sub-round period. 38th round results presented in this report are based on the sub-rounds 1 and 2 pooled data.

### 2.5 Sample size :

In all the survey covered about 1.3 lakhs households over about 8700 sample villages and 4570 sample blocks. The present results are based on about one half of the above sample.

### 2.6 Estimation procedure :

The estimation procedure adopted in 38th round is based on a weighted sum of the sample values. Denoting by  $\hat{Y}$  the unbiased estimate of  $Y$  (the state/region total of any variate) it is given by :

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_i \frac{D_{si}e_{si}}{P_{si}} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j Y_{sij} \dots (1)$$

for the rural sector except Arunachal Pradesh and

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_i D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j Y_{sij} \dots (2)$$

for the urban sector as well as for rural sector of Arunachal Pradesh, where,

$s$ ,  $i$  and  $j$  are suffixes for stratum village/urban block and household respectively;

$P_s$ ,  $N_s$  and  $n_s$  give the stratum-values of selection population, number of villages/blocks in frame and number of sample villages/blocks respectively;

$D_{si}$ ,  $e_{si}$ ,  $P_{si}$  stand for respectively, number of hamlet groups/sub-blocks formed, number of census villages contained in a larger revenue village actually surveyed and the selection population of the sample village;

$H_{si}$  and  $h_{si}$  stand for the total number of households listed and number of sample households; and finally  $y$  is the observed value of the variate for a sample household.

Sub-sample-wise (also sub-round-wise) estimates of  $y$  are obtained by restricting the summation ( $\sum_i$ ) to units belonging to the concerned sub sample with  $n_s$  representing the number of such units.

Estimates of ratios such as percentages, averages, etc. are obtained by first calculating the unbiased estimates of the numerators and denominators concerned and then by division.

## 3 SALIENT FEATURES OF THE CONCEPTUAL FRAME AND PROCEDURE OF DATA COLLECTION.

3.1 In all the three quinquennial surveys on employment-unemployment carried out during the 27th, 32nd and 38th rounds the main objective was to measure the nature and extent of employment and unemployment in quantitative terms disaggregated by meaningful correlates, such as sex, age, education, residence status etc. To achieve this objective the attempt in all the three surveys was to classify the population of age 5 years and above as belonging to different activity categories adopting three different approaches namely—

(i) usual status approach with a reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey,

(ii) current week status approach with a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey and

(iii) current day status approach reference period being each day of the 7 days preceding the date of survey.

The various activity categories used in the 32nd and 38th round surveys were as under.\*

Code**	Description
01—04	working with an employer under obligation but work not specifically compensated by any wage/salary.
11	worked (self-employed) in household enterprises
21	worked as helper in household enterprises
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works
51	worked as casual wage labour in other types of work
61	did not work though there was work in household enterprise

\*Though the activity categories used in the 27th round differed from those used in the latter rounds, comparison was possible at certain activity category group levels.

\*\*Codes 61, 71, 82 and 99 were applicable only in the case of current week and day status approaches.



- 71 did not work but had regular salaried/wage employment
- 81 sought work
- 82 did not seek but was available for work
- 91 attended educational institutions
- 92 attended domestic duties only
- 93 attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, fire-wood, cattle feed etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use
- 94 too young to work/to attend school/to seek employment
- 95 old and disabled
- 96 rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients etc.
- 97 beggars, prostitutes, etc.
- 98 others
- 99 did not work due to temporary sickness (for casual workers only)

Persons reported to be engaged in any one or more of the activities listed under the category codes 01-71 (01-51 for usual status) during the specified period were considered 'working' (or employed). A person assigned the activity category code 81 or 82 was considered seeking and/or available for work (or unemployed). The two together constituted the labour force. Any person reported to be engaged in one or more of the activities under the category codes 91-99 was classified as 'not in labour force'.

### 3.2 Classification according to usual status approach :

In the 38th round survey the status of activity (or inactivity) on which a person spent relatively longer time of the preceding 365 days prior to the date of survey was considered the principal usual activity status of the person. Accordingly a person's principal usual status was considered 'working' (or employed), if he/she was engaged relatively for a longer time during the reference period of 365 days in any one or more work activities viz. activities coded 01-51, 'seeking or available for work' or unemployed if he/she was not working but was either seeking or was available for work (activity code 81) for a relatively longer time of the specified reference period and 'not in labour force' if he/she was engaged for a relatively longer period in any one or more of the non-gainful activities (activities coded 91-98). Within the two broad activity categories 'working' and 'not in labour force' the detailed activity category was

determined on the basis of time spent criterion. A person categorised as a worker on the basis of his/her principal status is referred to herein after as 'main worker'. Those of the 'non-workers' who pursued in a subsidiary capacity some gainful activity as well, along with their principal usual activity (non-gainful) are hereinafter referred to as marginal workers. These two groups viz main workers and 'marginal workers' together constitute 'all workers'. The same concept was adopted in the NSS 32nd round also for classification of population according to usual status. In the 27th round survey however, for a person, his or her activity (or inactivity) which dominated for a long period of time in the past (say one year or so) and which also was likely to continue in the future was considered as his/her usual activity. Accordingly a person was considered 'working' if he/she was pursuing any gainful activity for a long period in the past, say one year which was likely to continue in the future also. Even person (excepting full time regular students) who were pursuing gainful activities marginally only were considered as workers. Thus the estimates of usual 'workers' based on the 27th round data included both the categories of workers, those pursuing gainful activities in the principal capacity and those pursuing gainful activities in the subsidiary capacity or in other words both 'main' and 'marginal' workers. The estimates of workers—main & marginal taken together as obtained from the 32nd and 38th rounds would, thus, be comparable with the estimates 'workers' as obtained from the 27th round.

### 3.3 Classification according to current weekly status approach :

For classification of persons according to current weekly status, he/she had to be initially assigned a unique activity status with reference to a period of 7 days preceding the date of survey. This posed no problem in the case of persons having only one status during the reference week. But for persons pursuing more than one activity during the week, their classification under a unique status was made by adopting a priority-cum-time spent rule. Under the priority rule the status of 'working' got priority over the status of 'not working but seeking/available for work' and the status of 'seeking/available for work' got priority over the status of 'not working and not seeking/not available for work'. But for classification of a person categorised according to the priority criterion under the broad status category 'working' or 'not

\*The concepts of 'main/marginal' worker used in NSS are not strictly the same as those of the 1981 census.



working, the detailed activity category status which would be assigned to the person was determined by time spent criterion i.e. the detailed activity category on which major time was spent was considered his/her current weekly status. Thus a person was considered 'working' (or employed) if he was engaged in any one or more of the gainful activities (01-71) at least one hour on any one day of the reference week but was assigned that out of the different gainful activities (01-71) on which more working time was spent during the reference week. A person who had not worked for at least one hour on any one day of the week, but had been seeking work or had been available for work (although not seeking) at any time during the week was considered 'seeking available for work' (or unemployed) others were considered 'not available' for work (or not in labour force). Each member of the sample household was, thus, assigned a unique activity status for the week. Aggregates of persons under the different activity status thus assigned provided the distribution of persons by activity on an average in a week of the survey period of one year quarters.

#### 3.4 Classification according to current day status approach\*:

The activity pattern of the population particularly in the unorganised sector is such that a person might be pursuing more than one activity during a week and sometimes even during a day. Many people particularly women might undertake nominal work in their household enterprises along with other non-gainful activities thus pursuing both gainful and non-gainful activities on the same day. According to 'current day status approach', therefore, each person was assigned one single activity status or two at the most most on each day of the reference week depending on whether he had been pursuing one or more than one activity on each of the seven days of the reference week. The unit of classification was, thus, half day according to 'current day status' approach. In assigning the activity status on a day a person was considered 'working' (employed) for the entire day if he had worked 4 hours or more on the day. But if he worked one hour or more but less than 4 hours he was considered 'working' (or employed) for half day and 'seeking/available for work' (unemployed) or 'not available for work' (not in labour force) for the other half of the day depending on whether he was seeking/available for work or not, on the day. On the other hand, if a person was not engaged in

any gainful work even for one hour on the day but was seeking or available for work for four hours or more he was considered 'unemployed' for the entire day. But if he was available for work for less than four hours only he was considered 'unemployed' for half day and 'not in labour force' for the other half of the day. A person who was having neither any gainful work to do nor was available for work even for half of the day was considered 'not in labour force' for the entire day and assigned the one or two of the non-gainful activity statuses which he had during the day. The aggregate of persons classified under the different activity categories for all the seven days of the week divided by seven would give the distribution of persons (strictly person-days) by activity category on an average day over the survey period of one year/quarter.

## 4. RESULTS

4.0 Based on the data collected through the three approaches adopted by NSSO in its quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment three different estimates of 'employed' and 'unemployed' are obtained for the population of 5 years and above. The three estimates are :

- (i) number of persons usually employed/unemployed
- (ii) number of persons employed/unemployed on an average in a week and
- (iii) number of persons employed/unemployed on an average in a day

#### 4.1 Usual work pattern :

It was already mentioned that in the 32nd and 38th round surveys usual status of a person was determined on the basis of a 'relatively longer time spent' criterion with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. Thus, the estimate of 'usual status work' force obtained on a classification of population adopting the time criterion used in the 32nd and 38th rounds indicate the proportion of person working relatively for a longer time during a period of 365 days or in others words, say, main workers. However the additional information collected in these two rounds on the subsidiary work status of persons initially categorised as 'non-workers' had enabled NSS to obtain estimates of usual 'marginal workers'. These two estimates of workers-main and marginal-taken together obviously give the total proportion of 'workers' which it is expected would be comparable with the estimates of 'workers' as

\*This was termed 'labour time disposition' in the 27th round.



obtained from the NSS 27th round, wherein, a usual worker was defined as one who was engaged in gainful pursuits for a long past (say 365 days preceding the date of survey). Obviously the estimate of 'workers' as

obtained from 27th round included both the main and marginal workers. In table (1) are given the comparative estimates of usual 'work force' as obtained from the three rounds for all-India.

TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE USUALLY WORKING AS OBTAINED FROM THE THREE NSS ROUNDS FOR ALL-INDIA BY SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS

round & type of work force*	rural		urban	
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
27—main & marginal	63.84	37.53	57.09	15.53
32—main only	62.25	28.82	56.22	14.03
32—main & marginal	64.06	38.48	57.48	17.80
38—main only	61.10	28.38	56.29	13.81
38—main & marginal	63.23	38.74	57.71	17.31

\*27th and 32nd round estimates are based on all the four sub-round data while 38th round estimates are based on only the first two sub-round data.

The work force participation level of males, both rural and urban, is found to be almost constant throughout the ten year period 1972-73 to 1983, it being about 63 to 64 percent for rural males and about 57 to 58 percent for urban males. On the other hand, while for rural females it remained almost constant at about 38 percent level, for urban females there appears to be a slight increase in the late seventies and early eighties compared to the early seventies. The proportion of marginal workers is only of order of about 2 percent amongst rural males and about 1 percent amongst urban males. Unlike males, in the case of females as high as about 10 percent of them are found to be working only in a marginal capacity in rural areas. The proportion of marginal workers amongst urban female is comparatively less being about 3-4 percent.

#### 4.2 Composition of work force :

For a person classified as 'working' additional information was being collected in the surveys on the type of employment in which the person was engaged, related sector of industry, type of job function etc. Three broad categories of employment were used for further classification of workers namely, (i) self employment (ii) regular wage/salaried employment and (iii) casual wage labour. In table (2) are presented the percentage break downs of all workers (main & marginal) by the above three

categories of employment as obtained from results of the three quinquennial rounds of surveys. In rural area, both in the case of males as well as females there has been a fall in the self-employment opportunities in the recent years compared to early seventies. The proportion of self-employed rural males in the total rural male work force was 66 p.c. in 1972-73 which fell to 63 p.c. in 1977-78 and to 60 p.c. in 1983. In the case of rural females, from 64 p.c. in 1972-73 the proportion of self-employed fell to 62 p.c. in 1977-78 which remained constant in the subsequent years. The proportion of regular wage/salaried earners also declined during 1977-83 period compared to 1972-73 year both for males and females in the rural areas. Naturally casual wage labour has increased in the later years. For urban males, whereas, the proportion of self-employed has been observed to be steady over the years there has been a fall in the regular wage/salaried employment opportunities over time. This has obviously caused an increasing trend in the portion of casual wage labour amongst urban male work force. For urban females, there has been however, an increase in the portion of self-employed during 1977-78 compared to 1972-73 and then a fall in the subsequent years. Opportunities for regular employment for them, fell during 1977-78 and then improved in the subsequent years. The overall effect was an increasing trend in casual wage labour over the ten year period.



TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ALL WORKERS (MAIN PLUS MARGINAL) ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS BY CATEGORY OF EMPLOYMENT SEPARATELY FOR MALES AND FEMALES IN RURAL AND URBAN INDIA

category of employment (1)	male			female		
	round			round		
	27th	32nd	38th	27th	32nd	38th
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>rural</b>						
self-employment	65.90	62.77	60.40	64.48	62.10	62.21
regular wage/salaried work	12.06	10.57	10.77	4.08	2.84	3.10
casual wage labour	22.04	26.66	28.83	31.44	35.06	34.69
<b>urban</b>						
self-employment	39.25	40.38	40.67	48.40	49.47	46.50
regular wage/salaried work	50.69	46.41	44.58	27.89	24.94	26.23
casual wage labour	10.06	13.21	14.75	23.71	25.59	27.27

#### 4.3 Industrial distribution of work force :

In all the three quinquennial surveys for each person categorised as a worker, information relating to the sector of work (industry) in which the person was employed was also collected in detailed break downs. In table (3) is presented, the distribution of all workers (main & marginal) according to usual status by the broad industry (division level) as obtained from the 27th, 32nd and 38th round survey data in rural areas over two thirds of the male workers and nearly 90 p.c. of the female workers are found to be engaged in the activities relating to agricultural sector including hunting, forestry and fishing. But over the 10 year period 1973-83 there has been a steady fall in the proportion of workers in the agricultural sector, from 83 p.c. in 1972-73 to 77 p.c. in 1983 for males and from 90 p.c. in 1972-73 to

87 p.c. in 1983 for females. This fall has been absorbed mainly by activities relating to manufacturing, 'trade' and 'community, social and personal services.' Amongst the urban male workers a little over one quarter are engaged in 'manufacturing' activities and around one-fifth each in the activities relating to trade and community, social & personal services. There appears to be a fall by about 3 p.c. levels in proportion of urban male workers engaged in, social community and personal services during the late seventies and eighties compared to early seventies which has been absorbed a little each by other sectors excepting agriculture and trade. As regards urban females and increased participation in the activities of manufacturing and trade is observed in the later years compared to early seventies. The corresponding fall in participation has occurred in the agricultural sector.

TABLE (3) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ALL WORKERS (MAIN PLUS MARGINAL) ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS BY INDUSTRY DIVISION SEPARATELY FOR MALES AND FEMALES FOR RURAL AND URBAN INDIA

industry	male			female			male			female		
	round			round			round			round		
	27th	32nd	38th	27th	32nd	38th	27th	32nd	38th	27th	32nd	38th
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing	83.23	80.62	76.80	89.67	88.13	86.73	10.71	10.57	10.25	32.75	31.89	28.65
mining & quarrying	0.44	0.51	0.55	0.19	0.23	0.32	0.95	0.93	1.48	0.72	0.50	0.75
manufacturing	5.73	6.41	7.21	4.65	5.94	6.91	26.86	27.58	27.39	25.02	29.58	27.39
electricity, gas and water	0.10	0.19	0.21	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.77	1.05	1.15	0.11	0.12	0.22

0.65



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
construction	1.56	1.71	2.57	1.05	0.62	0.87	4.26	4.18	5.05	3.26	2.22	3.64
wholesale & retail trade etc.	3.06	4.04	4.43	1.46	1.98	2.06	20.12	21.55	20.10	9.39	8.70	10.40
transport, storage and communication	1.00	1.24	1.78	0.04	0.06	0.05	9.04	9.79	10.17	0.94	0.98	1.54
financing, real estate etc.	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.01	0.01	0.02	2.96	2.93	3.10	0.37	0.61	1.05
community, social and personal services	4.65	5.07	5.90	2.81	3.01	3.02	24.00	21.36	21.30	26.66	25.33	26.36
others	0.10	0.01	-	0.10	0.01	-	0.33	0.06	-	0.78	0.07	-

4.4. *Current status work force participation rates* : It was seen from table (2) that the usual pursuits (judged on the basis of 'time') of a very high proportion of the rural work force are activities relating to agriculture. Naturally, those persons engaged in the activities of agriculture and agriculture based industries are likely to change their usual vocations during the lean seasons in agriculture. Some may temporarily take up jobs relating to other sectors, some may become unemployed and some may even remain outside the labour force. This pattern may change for an individual from one week to another during a particular season or from one day to another day of even a week. These intermittent changes in the activity pattern of the population are not brought out by the estimates thrown up by the data obtained through usual status approach. The work pattern on an average obtaining for a week is given by the 'current week status' estimates and the

pattern obtaining on an average for a day is given by the 'current day status' estimates.

4.5 *Estimates of 'work force' according to current week' and current day' status approaches* : The current week status estimates indicate the average picture of the proportion of 5+ population who had pursued some economic activities in a week. The current day status estimates give the proportion of working person-days of persons of age 5 years and above, on an average, in a day. The relevant comparative estimate as obtained from the three rounds (27th, 32nd and 38th) are presented in table (4) separately by sex and rural-urban residence status. (The estimates presented in the table for the 27th, 32nd and 38th rounds relate to the same period 'January to June' respectively of the years 1973, 1978 and 1983).

TABLE (4): PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE 'WORKING' ACCORDING TO 'CURRENT WEEK' AND 'CURRENT DAY' STATUS APPROACHES

round	ALL-INDIA			
	current week status		current day status	
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	<b>rural</b>			
27	61.42 ✓	30.52 ✓	57.99 ✓	25.22 ✓
32	59.94 ✓	25.92 ✓	56.12 ✓	21.63 ✓
38	58.98 ✓	25.02 ✓	55.43 ✓	21.76 ✓
	<b>urban</b>			
27	56.34 ✓	13.98 ✓	54.72 ✓	12.19 ✓
32	56.05 ✓	14.75 ✓	54.13 ✓	13.00 ✓
38	56.02 ✓	13.81 ✓	53.77 ✓	12.49 ✓



It is seen that on an average around 60 p.c. of the rural males and a little over 55 p.c. of the urban males have some work in a week during the January-June period. While for the urban males, the work participation rate is found to be almost constant during the period 1973-83, for rural males, there has been slight fall in the participation rate over the years (from 61.42 p.c. in 1973 to 59.98 p.c. in 1983). For urban females, around 14 p.c. of them are found to have some work in a week during January-June period. This proportion is found to be almost steady over the 10 year period, beginning in 1973. But for rural females there appears to be a fall in the weekly status work participation rate during the period 1977-83 compared to 1972-73. In fact the rate has fallen from nearby 31 p.c. in 1973 to around 25 p.c. during 1977-83. NSS, in an earlier report\*, reviewing the comparable results obtained from the 27th and 32nd round data had brought out that this fall in 1977-78 compared to 1972-73 might have been due to the introduction of a new activity sub-category for persons engaged in domestic duties which might have led to misclassification of some rural females mainly engaged in house chores alongwith some economic pursuits which were nominal or marginal in nature, as 'house workers' in the 32nd round.

4.6. As pointed out earlier, the week status rates do not reflect the fluctuations in employment within a week. In fact the week rates tend to overestimate employment. The day status rates, therefore, depict a more realistic picture of the real pattern of the employment-unemployment situation. It is seen that in rural areas for both males and females, the day status work force participation rates are lower by about 4-5 p.c. levels than the corresponding week

rates throughout the period 1973-83 as thrown up by the 27th, 32nd and 38th round data. Obviously about 4-5 p.c. of the rural males as well as females classified as having some work in a week do not find work on all the days of the week and remain under-utilised. The corresponding proportion for urban males and females vary between 1 p.c. to 2 p.c. during the entire period 1973-1983.

4.7. *Regional variation in employment* : The level of employment varies from state to state and within a state between rural and urban areas. Though at all-India level not much variation is observed over time, for some states there may be fall or improvement in the employment opportunities over the period under study. Table (5) gives the employment levels determined according to the three approaches of measurement as obtained from the 27th, 32nd and 38th round survey data for the various states and Union-Territories. Amongst all the states and union-territories, some improvement in employment level of rural males is observed only for Punjab, West Bengal, Delhi and Meghalaya. In the other states either the employment level has remained almost steady or there has been some deterioration. As regards rural females, some definite improvement is observed for Assam, Bihar, West Bengal and Goa, Daman and Diu. On the other hand for them, deterioration in employment level is observed in Karnataka, Orissa and Rajasthan. For urban males improvement in the employment level is seen in the states of Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh and Tripura. Similarly for urban females, of the major states, improvement in the employment level is observed for Kerala, Punjab, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal only.

TABLE (5) : PERCENTAGE OF WORKERS TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE		RURAL					MALES					
sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status				current weekly status			current day status			
		27th round	32nd round	38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round	
(1)	(2)	(3)	unad-justed (4)	ad-justed (5)	unad-justed (6)	ad-justed (7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	72.36	69.67	71.15	69.57	70.82	67.72	66.54	64.69	63.54	61.82	60.38
2.	Assam	58.18	58.54	59.39	55.02	56.86	56.62	57.20	55.60	55.68	52.99	53.59
3.	Bihar	60.47	59.95	60.74	57.29	50.07	58.54	57.30	55.98	55.74	53.93	52.86
4.	Gujarat	61.40	61.49	63.00	59.05	61.44	60.34	59.06	59.58	57.31	55.59	55.59

\*Employment-Unemployment situation in India during the seventies—A comparative study based on the results of the NSS 27th and 32nd round surveys, Servekshana, Vol. III, No. 3.



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	9	10	11	12	13
5. Haryana		58.41	57.03	59.12	55.77	58.62	58.06	54.61	56.35	56.53	52.41	55.15
6. Himachal Pradesh		61.08	62.33	69.48	60.68	62.99	61.73	59.84	60.10	60.29	56.07	59.83
7. Jammu & Kashmir		64.09	61.19	63.90	58.78	61.53	56.97	58.88	51.58	55.52	56.40	50.48
8. Karnataka		67.34	66.12	67.25	66.77	68.46	63.05	63.41	63.96	59.17	58.42	58.43
9. Kerala		54.26	49.37	57.70	50.61	55.01	49.66	48.23	47.79	41.15	38.39	40.56
10. Madhya Pradesh		66.97	66.41	67.08	65.31	66.75	63.44	62.31	62.31	61.54	59.72	60.69
11. Maharashtra		64.41	63.53	65.28	62.66	64.35	63.34	61.78	59.52	58.41	58.25	56.00
12. Manipur		51.96	56.83	57.03	49.01	49.30	51.32	52.31	48.84	49.74	50.27	48.31
13. Meghalaya		63.78	66.41	66.60	64.63	67.33	64.88	65.63	64.38	61.47	60.77	62.93
14. Nagaland		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
15. Orissa		67.13	64.23	64.86	63.85	65.03	62.35	60.94	61.52	58.27	55.82	57.59
16. Punjab		62.82	62.53	64.60	63.25	66.01	62.74	61.22	62.45	60.79	58.61	59.40
17. Rajasthan		68.63	64.77	67.79	60.69	63.29	65.58	62.17	58.15	64.22	60.50	57.08
18. Sikkim		x	x	x	55.07	56.40	x	x	54.13	x	x	53.55
19. Tamil Nadu		69.53	67.80	69.30	65.76	67.50	66.68	64.96	60.45	61.57	57.51	52.71
20. Tripura		59.26	65.00	66.09	54.16	54.79	58.48	63.57	54.03	55.33	60.23	52.54
21. Uttar Pradesh		62.26	59.17	61.01	58.59	61.54	60.76	57.62	58.46	58.72	55.66	56.38
22. West Bengal		59.57	59.77	61.84	58.95	61.30	57.72	58.55	56.50	52.39	54.47	50.68
23. Andaman & Nicobar Islands		x	x	x	56.60	58.49	x	x	57.51	x	x	56.48
24. Arunachal Pradesh		x	64.63	64.98	—	—	x	61.72	—	—	58.44	—
25. Chandigarh		x	x	x	75.59	88.05	x	x	76.82	x	x	76.82
26. Dadra & Nagar Haveli		x	x	x	67.20	67.43	x	x	62.97	x	x	54.84
27. Delhi		52.03	53.52	53.52	61.04	64.76	52.96	57.40	55.45	50.78	56.60	53.85
28. Goa, Daman & Diu		57.60	52.21	57.14	49.62	62.64	53.22	52.98	47.36	51.25	48.54	46.02
29. Lakshadweep		x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
30. Mizoram		x	x	x	62.84	62.84	x	x	62.64	x	x	62.53
31. Pondicherry		60.98	58.07	61.78	60.44	61.59	62.26	54.38	52.24	57.82	44.11	46.95
32. All India		63.84	62.25	64.06	61.10	63.23	61.42	59.94	58.98	57.99	56.12	55.43

TABLE (5) : PERCENTAGE OF WORKERS TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS.

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE

RURAL

FEMALES

sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status						current weekly status			current day status		
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round	
			unad-justed	ad-justed	unad-justed	ad-justed							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1. Andhra Pradesh		52.53	45.40	51.71	46.05	53.41	36.98	38.95	37.88	29.81	35.47	33.0	
2. Assam		9.00	7.50	13.45	7.90	13.69	6.85	6.62	8.16	6.48	5.81	7.59	
3. Bihar		22.97	19.14	24.51	17.38	27.34	18.53	15.20	15.66	15.77	13.02	14.23	
4. Gujarat		44.51	33.38	45.16	34.76	43.28	39.34	32.56	32.75	28.33	25.55	25.49	
5. Haryana		34.79	12.72	31.25	18.23	31.11	34.04	19.42	15.29	22.13	13.48	14.36	
6. Himachal Pradesh		52.87	51.90	66.85	45.89	52.50	51.00	41.35	35.28	31.27	30.83	31.31	
7. Jammu & Kashmir		27.04	13.64	44.34	4.37	29.01	21.50	15.65	4.07	16.76	10.97	3.70	
8. Karnataka		50.38	37.60	43.51	37.30	46.26	38.68	32.58	33.30	32.35	26.76	28.36	
9. Kerala		39.27	21.06	46.46	19.91	34.31	23.53	22.31	18.38	17.71	14.75	14.52	
10. Madhya Pradesh		52.79	43.37	49.83	43.18	51.57	41.34	33.51	34.92	39.44	30.07	32.06	
11. Maharashtra		53.57	47.00	54.59	47.06	51.79	43.48	38.47	35.44	36.37	33.14	31.36	
12. Manipur		33.93	33.87	37.71	29.29	34.27	28.90	25.88	27.27	25.49	23.52	26.45	
13. Meghalaya		54.92	62.73	63.16	45.28	50.13	55.21	54.77	46.93	50.52	51.90	45.46	
14. Nagaland		x	x	x	45.27	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
15. Orissa		35.93	25.85	31.40	26.48	34.60	24.50	17.14	21.46	21.04	14.39	18.93	
16. Punjab		31.21	10.09	31.75	6.00	31.12	30.49	20.02	12.45	23.47	12.84	9.00	
17. Rajasthan		63.09	38.33	62.70	40.38	53.85	55.65	39.75	40.35	48.12	34.70	37.61	
18. Sikkim		x	x	x	20.69	23.27	x	x	22.44	x	x	22.12	



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
19. Tamil Nadu		51.21	39.45	50.90	41.83	51.02	41.59	38.31	34.72	33.97	31.05	28.06
20. Tripura		23.91	36.71	41.04	4.94	6.57	18.70	33.09	5.40	14.97	29.33	4.65
21. Uttar Pradesh		28.14	18.77	24.90	16.97	29.85	24.57	19.21	18.00	19.72	16.29	15.51
22. West Bengal		15.47	10.91	20.33	10.62	22.56	11.70	10.15	10.40	9.49	8.55	8.57
23. Andaman & Nicobar Islands		x	x	x	11.71	15.22	x	x	11.55	x	x	11.28
24. Arunachal Pradesh		x	63.88	64.12	—	—	x	59.67	—	x	55.14	—
25. Chandigarh		x	x	x	2.01	21.84	x	x	21.84	x	x	11.93
26. Dada & Nagar Haveli		x	x	x	63.06	63.06	x	x	27.18	x	x	21.75
27. Delhi		48.86	9.24	9.24	12.77	38.90	50.98	3.21	25.67	28.84	3.17	18.29
28. Goa, Daman & Diu		46.46	40.39	51.31	19.25	48.20	27.47	32.97	20.38	24.06	28.07	17.99
29. Lakshadweep		x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
30. Mizoram		x	x	x	29.84	30.17	x	x	29.18	x	x	28.95
31. Pondicherry		34.41	18.34	34.70	29.09	32.59	22.94	19.97	27.00	20.58	13.40	21.80
32. All India		37.53	28.82	38.48	28.38	38.74	30.52	25.92	25.02	25.22	21.63	21.76

TABLE (5): PERCENTAGE OF WORKERS TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS.

PERIOD : JANUARY-JUNE

URBAN

MALES

sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status				current weekly status			current day status			
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round
			unad-justed	ad-justed	unad-justed	ad-justed						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	57.34	57.73	59.28	57.82	59.80	56.02	56.10	57.10	54.01	53.86	54.59
2.	Assam	55.41	53.59	54.02	49.33	50.28	49.36	55.26	49.47	49.67	54.09	48.43
3.	Bihar	54.51	53.92	54.49	54.92	55.74	54.96	54.44	54.67	53.48	53.02	53.50
4.	Gujarat	54.73	54.63	55.53	55.37	57.55	55.02	55.49	55.49	52.94	54.01	53.26
5.	Haryana	53.26	53.91	54.87	60.62	61.20	50.04	55.19	60.54	48.72	54.12	59.34
6.	Himachal Pradesh	65.12	61.21	63.24	58.97	60.16	67.91	63.67	60.43	67.70	62.77	59.67
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	54.95	55.37	56.12	58.55	59.61	54.46	54.39	58.84	53.59	53.96	58.21
8.	Karnataka	56.20	55.19	56.14	56.41	57.54	54.92	55.21	56.18	53.43	52.34	52.51
9.	Kerala	50.80	49.39	55.73	51.54	54.61	49.62	48.69	50.43	43.45	40.75	43.67
10.	Madhya Pradesh	53.97	53.56	54.54	55.15	56.47	50.42	52.62	53.53	49.42	51.57	51.99
11.	Maharashtra	58.16	55.83	57.31	56.86	57.80	57.86	55.79	56.46	55.68	54.43	54.70
12.	Manipur	45.98	54.34	54.64	45.61	45.61	44.67	50.06	46.02	43.30	57.25	44.88
13.	Meghalaya	57.83	53.12	53.13	51.12	51.70	56.26	56.11	51.76	55.07	55.20	51.64
14.	Nagaland	60.62	60.07	60.07	60.67	60.67	60.98	58.14	60.66	60.70	58.14	60.46
15.	Orissa	60.42	56.17	56.87	56.45	58.02	61.00	53.59	55.38	59.38	51.87	53.17
16.	Punjab	60.00	61.74	62.56	58.70	59.47	56.52	74.03	61.73	55.28	59.80	59.47
17.	Rajasthan	54.66	52.59	53.93	51.88	53.23	54.95	52.55	51.03	53.72	51.74	50.05
18.	Sikkim	x	x	x	68.86	69.56	x	x	68.33	x	x	66.91
19.	Tamil Nadu	59.03	59.02	60.85	58.81	60.33	58.54	58.16	57.85	56.64	54.59	53.62
20.	Tripura	47.92	50.53	51.12	49.48	50.30	49.26	52.14	51.06	38.52	51.03	51.04
21.	Uttar Pradesh	57.60	56.29	57.10	55.32	56.97	57.39	55.38	54.80	56.32	53.95	53.12
22.	West Bengal	60.22	58.64	59.70	57.32	58.90	60.98	59.49	57.64	59.58	57.70	55.56
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	x	x	x	63.51	63.51	x	x	62.96	x	x	61.90
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	x	68.00	68.00	—	—	x	62.99	60.52	x	61.76	—
25.	Chandigarh	52.54	56.87	56.88	52.08	54.56	49.46	63.10	60.39	49.23	62.71	60.62
26.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27.	Delhi	58.73	58.84	58.87	57.07	58.46	57.68	60.42	59.13	56.65	59.91	58.18
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	56.38	52.41	55.89	61.48	62.68	57.80	51.90	58.84	56.44	50.65	56.71
29.	Lakshadweep	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
30.	Mizoram	x	x	x	51.21	51.81	x	x	51.57	x	x	51.36
31.	Pondicherry	48.97	51.13	51.94	55.87	55.04	48.08	46.70	53.39	47.17	44.50	50.38
32.	All India	57.09	56.22	57.48	56.29	57.71	56.34	56.05	56.02	54.72	54.13	53.77



TABLE (5) : PERCENTAGE OF WORKERS TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE		URBAN						FEMALES				
sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status				current weekly status			current day status			
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	unad-justed	adju-justed	unad-justed	adju-justed	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	21.23	20.75	24.42	19.03	21.94 21.54	16.42	20.59	18.52	14.04	18.43	16.00
2.	Assam	5.13	5.25	6.24	6.30	8.45	3.76	4.95	7.06	3.46	4.60	7.04
3.	Bihar	10.96	8.88	10.64	10.64	13.58 13.54	10.15	9.56	11.44	8.81	8.87	11.05
4.	Gujarat	14.21	10.77	15.02	11.00	14.74	13.10	13.51	12.10	10.52	11.58	10.21
5.	Haryana	10.82	10.30	14.56	8.23	10.87	8.54	11.96	9.29	6.46	9.77	9.17
6.	Himachal Pradesh	12.49	15.33	17.87	15.04	19.64	15.58	13.36	15.06	13.45	11.46	14.78
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	8.12	6.57	14.49	6.48	10.08	6.10	8.88	6.68	5.68	7.75	6.68
8.	Karnataka	19.60	17.71	20.75	17.26	20.72	13.58	16.25	16.95	12.51	14.33	15.17
9.	Kerala	21.29	15.51	32.54	15.64	25.16	20.02	18.68	14.82	16.15	13.85	12.72
10.	Madhya Pradesh	17.53	14.06	16.11	13.86	17.26	14.69	12.29	12.90	14.23	12.13	11.94
11.	Maharashtra	17.11	15.38	17.79	14.07	16.43	16.15	14.99	13.18	14.25	13.82	12.13
12.	Manipur	25.74	23.90	25.74	27.15	28.11 28.16	23.18	21.15	26.93	20.60	19.77	26.67
13.	Meghalaya	15.72	19.82	20.26	21.03	21.62	14.60	22.15	21.93	14.07	21.70	21.61
14.	Nagaland	14.09	12.77	14.36	11.29	11.29	14.47	14.10	11.29	14.68	13.49	11.29
15.	Orissa	18.38	14.93	17.04	10.16	11.50	13.20	13.63	9.25	12.51	11.84	8.85
16.	Punjab	12.33	7.58	16.01	12.75	17.97	13.00	11.66	11.89	11.25	9.20	37.05 16.80
17.	Rajasthan	23.64	11.60	23.10	15.27	20.70	23.28	14.87	15.15	19.00	12.43	14.20
18.	Sikkim	x	x	x	17.78	18.91	x	x	17.78	x	x	17.17
19.	Tamil Nadu	19.35	22.93	27.40	19.31	23.85	19.09	23.84	19.09 19.07	17.13	20.92	16.59
20.	Tripura	2.90	13.73	14.09	12.61	12.61	8.58	12.88	12.61	8.49	12.88	12.61
21.	Uttar Pradesh	9.37	8.90	10.80	8.76	11.61	9.39	10.27	9.85	8.06	8.96	8.99
22.	West Bengal	9.65	9.50	11.26	10.66	14.76	9.32	9.88	11.48	8.19	9.16	10.61
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	x	x	x	9.58	10.69	x	x	9.62	x	x	9.33
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	x	12.85	12.86	—	—	x	11.19	—	—	9.79	—
25.	Chandigarh	4.32	9.59	9.59	25.01	27.39	6.42	4.90	20.03	3.27	4.90	18.68
26.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27.	Delhi	9.14	10.22	10.41	12.66	13.35	8.14	10.79	12.91	7.52	10.14	12.55
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	20.73	25.76	33.66	20.38	28.33	20.96	25.83	22.83	18.73	24.18	20.31
29.	Lakshadweep	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
30.	Mizoram	x	x	x	18.03	20.62	x	x	17.73	x	x	17.19
31.	Pondicherry	12.24	10.22	12.99	16.40	17.61	12.13	9.73	18.52	11.88	8.67	16.12
32.	All India	15.53	14.03	17.80	13.81	17.31	13.98	14.75	13.81	12.19	13.00	12.49

## 4.8 Unemployment :

As mentioned earlier for measuring unemployments three estimates have been generated from the survey data of all the three quinquennial surveys undertaken during the 27th, 32nd and 38th round operations. The three estimates are (i) number of persons usually unemployed, (ii) number of persons unemployed on an average in a week and (iii) number of persons unemployed on an average on a day. The first one will reveal the magnitude of the unemployed during a period of one year judged on the basis of relatively longer time criterion and in that sense may be considered as chronically unemployed. (In the 27th round a chronically unemployed was one who was

not working but was seeking or was available for work for a long past and was likely to be unemployed in the future also). The second one i.e. the rate of unemployment according to current week status includes both the chronic unemployment which lingered during the reference year and the intermittent or short term unemployment caused due to the fall in labour demand during different seasons of the year of those categorised as usually employed. The third rate reveals the average volume of unemployment on a day taking into account of the days of unemployment of chronically unemployed and usually employed but had some unemployment in a week.



4.9 *Chronically unemployed* : The estimates of chronically unemployed persons of age 5 years and above in terms of percentages to total population of age 5 years and above by sex and rural-urban residence as obtained from the 27th, 32nd and 38th round data are presented in table (6) it may be noted that in the 32nd and 38th rounds classification of population was done according to time spent on criterion and therefore those marginal workers

who had spent relatively less time on work but had been available for work for a relatively longer time during the reference year obviously must have been categorised as chronically unemployed. In the 27th round they might have been classified as usually working. In order to get a complete comparable picture over the three rounds the table also gives the adjusted estimates of chronically unemployed by excluding the marginal workers from the total unemployed for the 32nd and 38th rounds.

TABLE (6) : PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE USUALLY (CHRONICALLY) UNEMPLOYED AS OBTAINED FROM THE THREE NSS ROUNDS FOR ALL-INDIA BY SEX AND RESIDENCE STATUS.

round*	rural		urban	
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
27	0.75 ✓	0.18 ✓	2.87 ✓	1.00 ✓
32 (unadjusted)	1.41 ✓	1.68 ✓	3.90 ✓	3.03 ✓
32 (adjusted)	0.83 ✓	0.79 ✓	3.28 ✓	2.52 ✓
38 (unadjusted)	1.45 ✓	0.51 ✓	3.56 ✓	1.22 ✓ 2.45 ✓
38 (adjusted)	0.97 ✓	0.32 ✓	3.11 ✓	1.05 ✓

It is seen that for rural males there has been a slight but steady increase in the chronic unemployment level since the early seventies. For urban males also there has been a general increase in the unemployment level compared to 1972-73 period. But for them during early eighties there has been a slight fall in the level compared to the late seventy period. The same trend observed for urban males is seen for females of both the rural and urban areas. The rise

in the chronic unemployment during late seventies and the subsequent fall in the early eighties are but more sharp in their case.

4.10 *Current status unemployment rates* : Table 7 gives the estimates of 'unemployed' based on the current week status and current day status for the population of age 5 years and above by sex and rural/urban residence status.

TABLE (7) : PERCENTAGE OF 'UNEMPLOYED' ACCORDING TO CURRENT WEEK STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS APPROACHES.

round*	ALL-INDIA			
	current week status		current day status	
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	<b>rural</b>			
27	2.22 ✓	2.26 ✓	4.75 ✓	3.70 ✓
32	2.34 ✓	1.40 ✓	4.45 ✓	2.45 ✓
38	2.61 ✓	1.55 ✓	4.79 ✓	2.52 ✓
	<b>urban</b>			
27	3.53 ✓	1.53 ✓	4.76 ✓	2.04 ✓
32	4.06 ✓	1.68 ✓	5.35 ✓	2.11 ✓
38	4.04 ✓	1.33 ✓	5.45 ✓	1.72 ✓

\*27th and 32nd round estimates are based on all the four sub-round data while 38th round estimates are based on only the first two sub-round data.



For rural males the proportion of persons who did not have even an hours work and were available for work on an average during a period of was 2.2 p.c. during 1972-73 which remained almost constant for the next five years and then slightly rose to 2.6 p.c. by 1983. It may be noted that in the current week status approach any person who did even half days work was considered as employed even if he or she was unemployed for the entire remaining period of the reference week. Taking into account of such unemployment also, it is seen that the level of unemployment on an average during a day was about 4 to 5 p.c. of the total person-days of persons of age 5 years and above during the ten year period beginning in 1972-73, the level remaining almost constant throughout the period. For urban males, the current week status unemployment stood at 3.5 p.c. level during 1972-73 which rose to 4 p.c. level during 1977-78 and then remained stable for the next five years whereas the day rate was 4.8 p.c. during 1972-73 rising to 5.4 p.c. during 1977-78 period. For rural females the current status unemployment level appeared to have declined during the 1977-83 period compared to 1972-73. But for urban females the level remained almost constant throughout the ten year period.

4.11 *Regional variation in unemployment* ; Table (8) gives the unemployment rates obtained

TABLE (8) : PERCENTAGE OF UNEMPLOYED TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS.

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE

RURAL

MALES

sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status					current weekly status			current day status		
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round
			unad-justed	ad-justed	unad-justed	ad-justed						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.46	1.46	0.69	1.18	0.74	3.74	3.04	2.73	6.90	5.67	5.59
2.	Assam	0.44	0.94	0.75	1.51	1.23	1.30	0.76	1.38	1.46	0.76	1.88
3.	Bihar	1.17	1.28	0.97	1.48	0.97	2.92	2.82	2.07	5.67	5.73	4.24
4.	Gujarat	0.46	0.74	0.40	0.89	0.52	1.18	2.16	0.83	3.48	4.49	3.02
5.	Haryana	1.18	2.13	1.30	1.72	1.13	1.46	2.87	2.49	2.25	3.99	3.41
6.	Himachal Pradesh	0.39	1.15	0.27	1.15	0.67	0.62	1.40	1.02	0.61	2.03	1.17
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	0.26	0.96	0.45	0.62	0.48	4.00	3.31	7.37	5.24	4.94	8.36
8.	Karnataka	0.67	0.92	0.68	0.63	0.47	2.11	1.67	1.62	4.65	4.48	4.69
9.	Kerala	3.13	7.74	2.83	6.93	4.58	6.22	7.48	8.60	12.84	13.70	13.39
10.	Madhya Pradesh	0.11	0.18	0.14	0.32	0.21	1.34	1.26	1.11	2.19	1.94	1.56
11.	Maharashtra	0.52	0.91	0.42	1.02	0.78	1.78	1.81	2.39	5.60	3.44	3.99
12.	Manipur	0.31	0.50	0.50	0.48	0.48	0.48	1.59	0.48	1.25	1.82	0.48
13.	Meghalaya	—	0.14	0.14	0.48	0.48	0.02	0.14	0.24	0.50	0.18	1.38
14.	Nagaland	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
15.	Orissa	0.85	1.32	1.24	1.19	0.85	3.26	2.03	2.20	6.31	4.52	5.09
16.	Punjab	0.59	1.15	0.89	1.85	1.25	1.30	1.58	2.55	2.89	2.94	4.08
17.	Rajasthan	0.27	0.41	0.17	0.57	0.34	2.71	2.07	2.45	3.25	2.65	3.09
18.	Sikkim	x	x	x	1.18	1.18	x	x	1.18	x	x	1.59

according to usual status approach, current week status approach and current day status approach for the three periods 1972-73, 1977-78 and 1983 separately for each state and Union Territories. It also gives adjusted estimates for the latter two years excluding the marginal workers.

Among the major states Kerala is observed to be having the highest unemployment, the proportion of chronically unemployed during 1983 being nearly 7 p.c. for rural males, 4 p.c. for rural females, 8 p.c. for urban males and 5 p.c. for urban females. Next to Kerala unemployment is found to be relatively more in the major states of Tamil Nadu and West Bengal (about 2-3 p.c.) for rural males in Tamil Nadu (2 p.c.) for rural female in West Bengal (7 p.c.) Tamil Nadu (5 p.c.) Assam Orissa & Karnataka (4 p.c. each) for Bihar Gujarat & Haryana (3 p.c.) each for urban males in West Bengal (about 3 p.c.) and in Assam, Bihar Himachal Pradesh Punjab & Tamil Nadu about 2 p.c. each for urban females. The relatively higher current status employment rates in Kerala and Tamil Nadu indicate that in those states a good proportion of persons categorised as employed do not find work throughout the year. Even among the persons who have some work in a week compared to the other States the proportion of persons who do not find work throughout the week is much higher in Kerala and Tamil Nadu.



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
19.	Tamil Nadu	0.86	1.94	1.30	2.80	1.68	3.09	3.34	6.39	7.19	8.36	12.00
20.	Tripura	0.49	0.92	0.57	0.47	0.47	0.60	1.09	0.59	3.44	2.61	1.24
21.	Uttar Pradesh	0.34	0.98	0.57	0.94	0.64	0.91	1.51	1.23	1.95	2.46	2.16
22.	West Bengal	1.54	2.19	1.48	2.39	1.51	2.47	2.66	4.45	7.23	5.70	8.80
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	x	x	x	4.38	4.10	x	x	4.06	x	x	5.09
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	x	0.09	0.04	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
25.	Chandigarh	x	x	x	2.47	1.24	x	x	2.47	x	x	2.47
26.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	x	x	x	0.83	0.83	x	x	3.31	x	x	10.54
27.	Delhi	0.46	3.74	3.74	3.72	1.86	0.81	2.87	9.31	2.54	3.60	10.91
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	1.00	3.18	1.43	2.25	0.09	2.54	5.29	2.25	4.03	8.70	2.99
29.	Lakshadweep	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	—	x	—
30.	Mizoram	x	x	x	0.08	0.08	x	x	—	x	x	0.02
31.	Pondicherry	3.14	5.64	3.32	0.97	0.48	2.18	5.61	7.60	5.32	14.12	12.08
32.	All India	0.75	1.41	0.83	1.45	0.97	2.22	2.34	2.61	4.75	4.45	4.79

TABLE (8) : PERCENTAGE OF UNEMPLOYED TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS.

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE

RURAL

FEMALES

sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status						current weekly status			current day status		
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round	
			unad-justed	ad-justed	unad-justed	ad-justed							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.14	2.50	0.82	0.58	0.19	5.80	4.31	2.78	8.44	6.29	4.70	
2.	Assam	0.15	0.47	0.47	0.25	0.25	0.28	0.07	0.32	2.30	0.09	0.50	
3.	Bihar	0.16	0.79	0.53	0.15	0.15	2.60	1.06	1.21	3.50	1.78	1.92	
4.	Gujarat	0.07	0.59	0.39	0.38	0.20	0.85	0.69	0.69	2.07	1.88	1.67	
5.	Haryana	0.07	3.34	1.36	0.07	0.07	0.16	0.50	0.23	0.23	0.63	0.29	
6.	Himachal Pradesh	0.08	0.32	0.22	0.14	0.11	0.04	0.04	0.23	0.04	0.14	0.23	
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	0.09	0.83	0.32	0.16	0.13	0.54	0.31	0.20	0.83	0.36	0.21	
8.	Karnataka	0.12	1.62	1.02	0.28	0.24	2.67	2.19	1.37	4.64	4.07	3.15	
9.	Kerala	1.32	8.68	3.40	3.96	2.80	4.48	4.13	4.85	7.28	6.61	6.56	
10.	Madhya Pradesh	—	0.33	0.14	0.04	0.03	1.72	1.12	0.53	2.52	1.58	0.67	
11.	Maharashtra	0.06	0.90	0.27	0.10	0.08	2.34	2.24	1.44	5.93	4.09	2.69	
12.	Manipur	—	0.19	0.05	—	—	0.32	0.11	—	1.29	0.11	—	
13.	Meghalaya	—	0.10	0.10	—	—	—	—	—	0.77	0.02	1.21	
14.	Nagaland	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
15.	Orissa	0.14	1.20	0.73	0.31	0.09	4.66	1.35	1.51	6.01	1.55	2.68	
16.	Punjab	0.16	1.68	0.51	1.00	0.96	0.41	0.31	1.01	0.43	0.33	1.16	
17.	Rajasthan	0.12	1.14	0.17	0.02	0.02	1.61	0.89	0.67	1.80	0.99	0.92	
18.	Sikkim	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	0.34	
19.	Tamil Nadu	0.17	2.64	1.02	1.98	0.96	2.75	1.59	4.84	7.01	5.32	8.55	
20.	Tripura	0.29	1.58	0.87	2.91	2.24	0.89	0.52	2.97	1.97	1.11	3.03	
21.	Uttar Pradesh	0.05	0.62	0.43	0.04	0.03	0.64	0.30	0.35	0.85	0.54	0.50	
22.	West Bengal	0.46	3.42	2.07	0.54	0.39	1.65	0.36	2.30	0.62	0.98	3.15	
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	x	x	x	1.03	0.90	—	x	1.25	—	x	1.50	
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	x	0.05	0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25.	Chandigarh	x	x	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
26.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	x	x	x	0.61	0.61	—	—	2.86	—	—	5.47	
27.	Delhi	—	0.45	0.45	—	—	—	—	—	0.50	—	—	
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	1.99	2.21	1.58	1.25	1.25	6.80	6.54	2.54	8.36	7.21	4.59	
29.	Lakshadweep	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—	
30.	Mizoram	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	0.09	x	x	0.09	
31.	Pondicherry	0.25	8.76	3.14	0.51	0.51	1.76	0.89	4.25	3.91	2.00	9.37	
32.	All India	0.18	1.68	0.79	0.51	0.32	2.26	1.40	1.55	3.70	2.45	2.52	



TABLE (8) : PERCENTAGE OF UNEMPLOYED TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS.

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE		URBAN									MALES	
sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status					current weekly status			current day status		
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round
			unad-justed	adju-justed	unad-justed	adju-justed						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4.12	4.42	3.50	2.89	2.62	5.24	5.36	3.38	6.87	6.77	4.95
2.	Assam	1.81	2.69	2.47	4.30	3.65	1.12	1.90	4.67	1.45	1.90	5.34
3.	Bihar	3.29	3.47	3.20	3.33	3.00	3.76	3.57	3.51	5.10	4.56	4.24
4.	Gujarat	1.65	2.23	1.92	3.52	3.35	2.85	2.38	4.16	5.78	3.49	5.50
5.	Haryana	2.99	3.11	2.79	3.25	3.25	2.16	2.97	3.87	2.79	3.67	4.61
6.	Himachal Pradesh	1.71	3.27	2.34	4.49	4.10	1.36	3.11	4.10	1.50	3.71	4.27
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	1.43	2.01	1.88	2.65	2.52	2.18	3.05	2.86	2.95	4.15	3.29
8.	Karnataka	3.03	3.52	3.18	4.01	3.13	3.58	3.84	3.94	4.70	5.73	6.34
9.	Kerala	5.90	9.56	5.20	7.50	6.04	7.46	8.52	8.21	12.53	13.76	12.76
10.	Madhya Pradesh	2.06	2.38	2.26	2.16	2.06	1.98	1.65	3.30	2.52	3.44	3.81
11.	Maharashtra	3.08	3.93	3.12	2.75	2.53	3.34	4.44	3.30	5.14	5.47	4.32
12.	Manipur	1.12	0.66	0.66	0.23	0.23	1.23	0.63	0.23	2.25	0.63	0.23
13.	Meghalaya	0.89	0.77	0.77	2.78	2.78	0.28	0.20	2.62	1.29	0.14	2.62
14.	Nagaland	2.59	—	—	—	—	1.44	0.35	—	0.22	0.35	—
15.	Orissa	2.71	3.89	3.56	4.34	3.47	3.60	3.78	4.64	4.94	4.40	6.22
16.	Punjab	1.52	2.05	1.82	2.01	1.97	2.75	2.75	2.47	3.84	2.45	3.90
17.	Rajasthan	1.49	2.01	1.58	2.00	1.94	2.75	2.30	2.73	3.53	2.87	3.18
18.	Sikkim	x	x	x	5.42	5.42	x	x	6.46	x	x	7.77
19.	Tamil Nadu	3.90	5.09	4.10	5.46	4.47	4.52	5.37	6.51	5.97	8.04	9.43
20.	Tripura	2.56	7.54	7.30	4.52	3.95	4.02	10.03	4.20	4.73	10.26	4.40
21.	Uttar Pradesh	1.31	2.40	2.13	2.31	1.99	1.87	2.40	2.78	2.63	3.49	3.95
22.	West Bengal	4.48	6.36	5.82	6.57	5.60	4.64	5.77	6.38	5.83	7.05	7.51
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	x	x	x	6.09	6.09	x	x	6.64	x	x	7.46
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
25.	Chandigarh	1.32	1.29	1.29	8.05	6.02	1.55	—	9.47	1.78	0.34	9.54
26.	Dadra & Nagar Havli	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27.	Delhi	2.04	3.74	3.71	1.68	1.56	2.57	3.90	1.74	3.25	4.21	2.42
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	2.60	4.11	2.95	3.38	2.89	2.48	3.34	4.59	3.04	4.52	6.27
29.	Lakshadweep	x	x	x	—	x	x	x	—	—	x	—
30.	Mizoram	x	x	x	0.82	0.82	x	x	1.10	x	x	1.06
31.	Pondicherry	3.98	7.92	7.72	5.75	5.33	3.23	9.22	8.23	3.67	11.15	11.12
32.	All India	2.87	3.90	3.28	3.56	3.11	3.53	4.06	4.04	4.76	5.35	5.45



TABLE (8) : PERCENTAGE OF UNEMPLOYED TO TOTAL PERSONS OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS, CURRENT WEEKLY STATUS AND CURRENT DAY STATUS DURING THE 27TH, 32ND AND 38TH ROUNDS OF NSS.

PERIOD : JANUARY—JUNE		URBAN						FEMALES				
sl. no.	state/union territory	usual status					current weekly status			current day status		
		27th round	32nd round		38th round		27th round	32nd round	38th round	27th round	32nd round	38th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	unad-justed	adju-sted	unad-justed	adju-sted	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1.51	4.12	3.10	0.93	0.56	2.42	2.08	0.83	3.30	2.79	1.79
2.	Assam	0.33	1.09	1.09	1.75	1.75	0.08	0.25	1.66	0.06	0.25	1.68
3.	Bihar	0.40	1.86	1.67	1.91	0.26	1.01	0.74	0.21	1.67	0.96	0.52
4.	Gujarat	0.60	1.14	0.89	0.37	0.30	0.86	0.58	0.43	1.37	0.82	0.67
5.	Haryana	1.20	2.96	2.61	0.22	0.22	0.62	0.67	0.37	0.54	0.73	0.44
6.	Himachal Pradesh	1.17	4.10	3.77	2.22	2.22	0.58	2.78	2.22	0.54	2.83	2.22
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	0.46	2.66	2.37	1.26	1.26	0.79	2.03	1.34	0.80	2.07	1.37
8.	Karnataka	1.04	3.67	3.32	1.21	1.21	1.74	1.68	1.82	1.99	2.55	2.41
9.	Kerala	3.59	10.12	6.43	5.31	4.68	3.68	3.10	4.91	5.37	4.74	5.29
10.	Madhya Pradesh	0.46	1.29	1.07	0.41	0.40	0.53	0.49	0.57	0.71	0.63	0.79
11.	Maharashtra	1.12	2.90	2.43	1.10	1.02	2.14	2.45	1.45	2.88	2.61	1.68
12.	Manipur	—	0.72	0.72	—	—	0.40	—	—	1.62	—	—
13.	Meghalaya	0.73	2.17	1.88	4.85	4.53	—	1.17	7.79	0.19	0.96	7.90
14.	Nagaland	—	—	—	—	—	0.50	0.26	—	—	0.51	—
15.	Orissa	0.69	2.07	1.54	1.22	1.18	2.18	0.57	1.29	2.55	1.08	1.55
16.	Punjab	0.57	2.00	1.44	1.76	1.66	1.18	1.02	1.84	1.15	1.04	2.99
17.	Rajasthan	0.46	0.94	0.64	0.23	0.14	1.06	0.37	0.17	1.25	0.52	0.55
18.	Sikkim	x	x	x	0.93	0.93	x	x	0.93	x	x	1.47
19.	Tamil Nadu	1.18	4.42	3.73	2.30	1.83	1.92	3.28	2.52	2.95	4.66	3.48
20.	Tripura	1.79	7.78	7.65	3.87	3.87	1.58	4.60	3.87	1.46	4.60	3.87
21.	Uttar Pradesh	0.15	1.07	1.01	0.30	0.30	0.26	0.33	0.30	0.28	0.38	0.41
22.	West Bengal	1.48	3.77	3.39	2.60	2.12	1.68	1.31	2.54	1.86	1.52	2.75
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	x	x	x	5.42	5.42	x	x	6.70	x	x	6.99
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
25.	Chandigarh	0.91	3.32	3.32	3.58	3.58	2.60	1.52	5.97	1.01	1.52	5.74
26.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27.	Delhi	1.48	4.83	4.79	0.52	0.52	2.12	4.75	0.54	1.98	4.73	0.74
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	0.57	9.95	2.55	4.18	2.62	0.48	2.94	3.20	1.72	3.81	4.11
29.	Lakshadweep	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	—	x	x	—
30.	Mizoram	x	x	x	0.38	0.38	x	x	0.38	x	x	0.38
31.	Pondicherry	2.33	3.63	2.96	3.34	3.34	1.93	2.52	0.86	1.98	2.74	3.27
32.	All India	1.00	3.03	2.52	2.45	1.05	1.53	1.68	1.33	2.04	2.11	1.72

1.22



*LIST OF TABLES*

Table series 1 : All-India & States

Percentage distribution of population of age 5 years and above by activity status (usual, current week & current day) and sex.

Table series 2 : All-India & States

Percentage distribution of workers (main, marginal & all) by industry division.

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**NOTES :**

1. The current week and day status estimates presented in Table (1) relate to the same period 'January to June' respectively of the years 1973 (for 27th round), 1978 (for 32nd round) and 1983 (for 38th round).

2. The descriptions of the codes used in the tables are :

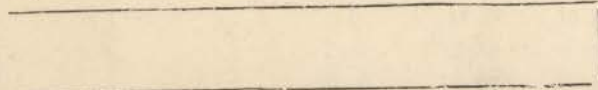
(a) *activity status* :

as given in page S-108

(b) *industry division* :

(i) 0 —agricultural sector including hunting, forestry and fishing.

(ii) 1—9 —all non-agricultural sectors.



3. All results presented are **PROVISIONAL**

4. The totals may not tally due to rounding off errors



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ALL-INDIA										RURAL	
activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04 . . . . .	X	0.42	0.04	0.43	0.05	0.41	0.04	X	X		
	0	22.11	4.14	22.75	7.44	21.63	4.34	X	X		
11 . . . . .	1-9	6.05	1.16	6.05	1.16	6.21	1.34	X	X		
	0	7.26	9.18	8.45	14.42	7.16	7.96	X	X		
21 . . . . .	1-9	0.94	1.08	0.94	1.08	0.99	1.18	X	X		
61 . . . . .	0	X	X	X	X	0.38	0.15	X	X		
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.09	0.01	X	X		
11, 21, 61 . . . . .	0	29.37	13.32	31.20	21.86	29.17	12.45	28.47	11.28		
	1-9	6.99	2.24	6.99	2.24	7.29	2.53	6.98	2.24		
	0-9	36.36	15.56	38.19	24.10	36.46	14.98	35.45	13.52		
31, 71 . . . . .	0	2.18	0.41	2.21	0.45	2.16	0.39	2.61	0.41		
	1-9	4.17	0.70	4.17	0.70	4.16	0.76	4.04	0.74		
41 . . . . .	X	0.53	0.11	0.53	0.11	0.74	0.26	X	X		
51 . . . . .	0	14.58	10.38	14.84	12.15	11.38	7.04	9.55	5.57		
	1-9	2.86	1.18	2.86	1.18	3.67	1.55	3.78	1.52		
41, 51 . . . . .	0-9	17.97	11.67	18.23	13.44	15.79	8.85	13.33	7.07		
01-71 . . . . .	X	61.10	28.38	63.23	38.74	58.98	25.02	55.43	21.76		
81 . . . . .	X	1.45	0.51	0.97	0.32	1.84	0.91	X	X		
82 . . . . .	X	X	X	X	X	0.77	0.64	X	X		
81, 82 . . . . .	X	1.45	0.51	0.97	0.32	2.61	1.55	4.79	2.52		
01-82 . . . . .	X	62.55	28.85	64.20	39.06	61.59	26.57	60.22	24.28		
91 . . . . .	X	21.74	11.21	20.48	10.99	20.53	10.77	20.55	10.77		
92 . . . . .	X	0.39	23.85	0.35	20.16	0.68	26.65	1.13	28.03		
93 . . . . .	X	0.70	18.35	0.60	12.23	0.85	16.91	1.00	17.62		
94 . . . . .	X	10.04	11.73	10.04	11.73	9.96	11.67				
95 . . . . .	X	3.07	4.55	2.89	4.46	3.05	4.55				
96 . . . . .	X	0.25	0.25	0.23	0.23	0.25	0.22	16.54	18.95		
97 . . . . .	X	0.14	0.10	0.13	0.09	0.15	0.10				
98 . . . . .	X	1.12	1.07	1.08	1.05	2.50	2.26				
99 . . . . .	X	X	X	X	X	0.44	0.30	0.56	0.35		
91-99 . . . . .	X	37.45	71.11	35.80	60.94	38.41	73.43	39.78	75.72		
01-99 . . . . .	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
estimated persons (00) male : 2244585									female : 2170911		
sample persons male : 89988									female : 86469		

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ALL-INDIA										URBAN	
activity codes.		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	X	0.11	0.01	0.12	0.03	0.12	0.01	X	X		
	0	2.81	0.82	2.71	0.82	2.56	0.85	X	X		
11	1-9	15.80	2.23	16.19	3.89	15.65	2.37	X	X		
	0	0.63	0.72	0.63	0.72	0.59	0.64	X	X		
21	1-9	3.28	1.51	3.86	2.62	3.27	1.64	X	X		
61	0	X	X	X	X	0.07	0.01	X	X		
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.29	0.06	X	X		
11, 21, 61	0	3.44	1.54	3.42	1.54	3.22	1.50	3.10	1.35		
	1-9	19.08	3.74	20.05	6.51	19.21	4.07	18.75	3.68		
	0-9	22.52	5.28	23.47	8.05	22.43	5.57	21.85	5.03		
31, 71	0	0.39	0.05	0.39	0.05	0.36	0.05	0.39	0.05		
	1-9	25.07	4.37	25.22	4.46	25.39	4.48	25.25	4.37		
41	X	0.40	0.08	0.40	0.08	0.39	0.07	X	X		
51	0	1.51	1.54	1.51	1.54	1.19	1.11	0.93	0.85		
	1-9	6.29	2.48	6.60	3.10	6.14	2.52	5.35	2.19		
41, 51	0-9	8.20	4.10	8.51	4.72	7.72	3.70	6.28	3.04		
01-71	X	56.29	13.81	57.71	17.31	56.02	13.81	53.77	12.49		
81	X	3.56	1.22	3.11	1.05	3.39	0.96	X	X		
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.65	0.37	X	X		
81, 82	X	3.56	1.22	3.11	1.05	4.04	1.33	5.45	1.72		
01-82	X	59.85	15.03	60.82	18.36	60.06	15.14	59.22	14.21		
91	X	29.23	23.26	28.49	23.10	28.12	22.63	28.18	22.63		
92	X	0.53	41.08	0.51	39.13	0.50	41.71	0.72	42.41		
93	X	0.21	9.43	0.17	8.26	0.17	8.19	0.19	8.29		
94	X	5.04	5.76	5.04	5.76	4.84	5.60	11.41	12.32		
95	X	2.73	4.18	2.65	4.16	2.62	4.17				
96	X	1.14	0.46	1.08	0.45	1.13	0.42				
97	X	0.15	0.07	0.15	0.07	0.15	0.07				
98	X	1.12	0.73	1.09	0.71	2.19	1.96				
99	X	X	X	X	X	0.22	0.11	0.28	0.14		
91-99	X	40.15	84.97	39.18	81.64	39.94	84.86	40.78	85.79		
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) male : 747340

female : 670700

sample persons male : 49446

female : 44667

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL), CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ANDHRA PRADESH

RURAL

activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status **	
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	X	1.12	0.05	1.14	0.08	0.96	0.06	X	X
	0	18.95	3.23	19.22	4.84	17.96	3.21	X	X
11	1-9	7.79	2.57	7.79	2.57	7.65	2.53	X	X
21	0	7.49	11.62	8.13	14.32	6.65	9.10	X	X
	1-9	1.55	2.98	1.55	2.98	1.63	3.07	X	X
61	0	X	X	X	X	0.31	0.12	X	X
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.07	—	X	X
11, 21, 61	0	26.44	14.85	27.35	19.16	24.92	12.43	24.37	11.41
	1-9	9.34	5.55	9.34	5.55	9.35	5.70	8.93	5.25
	0-9	35.78	20.40	36.69	24.71	34.27	18.13	33.30	17.66
31, 71	0	3.99	0.31	4.09	0.34	4.03	0.24	4.92	0.26
	1-9	4.36	1.27	4.36	1.27	4.35	1.46	4.32	1.43
41	X	0.03	—	0.03	—	0.06	0.04	X	X
51	0	20.95	22.33	21.17	25.32	16.14	15.38	13.59	12.45
	1-9	3.34	1.69	3.34	1.69	4.88	2.57	4.25	2.25
41, 51	0-9	24.32	24.02	24.54	27.01	21.08	17.99	17.84	14.60
01-71	X	69.57	46.05	70.82	53.41	64.69	37.88	60.38	33.05
81	X	1.18	0.58	0.74	0.19	1.93	1.65	X	X
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.80	1.13	X	X
81, 82	X	1.18	0.58	0.74	0.19	2.73	2.78	5.59	4.70
01-82	X	70.75	46.63	71.56	53.60	67.42	40.66	65.97	37.75
91	X	18.29	9.30	17.74	9.25	16.91	8.81	16.90	8.83
92	X	0.24	21.56	0.22	17.35	0.39	24.39	0.76	26.46
93	X	0.33	8.03	0.27	5.35	0.99	8.55	1.06	8.92
94	X	6.31	8.88	6.31	8.88	5.98	8.85	14.10	17.01
95	X	2.95	4.64	2.83	4.63	2.98	4.54		
96	X	0.23	0.28	0.21	0.26	0.24	0.25		
97	X	0.31	0.13	0.27	0.13	0.34	0.13		
98	X	0.59	0.55	0.59	0.55	3.73	3.04		
99	X	X	X	X	X	0.97	0.78	1.21	1.03
91-99	X	29.25	53.37	28.44	46.40	32.58	59.34	34.03	62.25
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons	(00)	male : 178469		female : 179654					
sample persons		male : 5856		female : 5922					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 : 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ANDHRA PRADESH										URBAN
activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	X	0.08	0.03	0.08	0.05	0.16	0.03	X	X	
	0	2.46	0.85	2.45	0.87	2.45	0.99	X	X	
11	1-9	16.98	3.87	17.45	4.92	17.06	3.91	X	X	
21	0	0.59	0.80	0.59	0.80	0.63	0.72	X	X	
	1-9	3.10	3.12	3.42	4.08	2.90	3.26	X	X	
61	0	X	X	X	X	—	—	X	X	
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.12	0.08	X	X	
11, 21, 61	0	3.05	1.65	3.04	1.67	3.08	1.71	2.92	1.44	
	1-9	20.08	6.99	20.87	9.00	20.08	7.25	19.46	6.61	
	0-9	23.13	8.64	23.91	10.67	23.16	8.96	22.38	8.05	
31, 71	0	0.52	0.03	0.62	0.03	0.62	0.07	0.67	0.09	
	1-9	25.31	3.91	25.39	4.05	25.00	4.05	24.90	3.64	
41	X	0.22	—	0.22	—	0.20	—	X	X	
51	0	1.78	3.13	1.78	3.13	1.52	2.21	1.25	1.58	
	1-9	6.68	3.29	6.80	4.01	6.44	3.20	5.39	2.64	
41, 51	0-9	8.68	6.42	8.80	7.14	8.16	5.41	6.64	4.22	
01-71	X	57.82	19.03	58.80	21.94	57.10	18.52	54.59	16.00	
81	X	2.89	0.93	2.62	0.56	2.95	0.49	X	X	
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.43	0.34	X	X	
81, 82	X	2.89	0.93	2.62	0.56	3.38	0.83	4.95	1.79	
01-82	X	60.71	19.96	61.42	22.50	60.48	19.35	59.54	17.79	
91	X	29.61	21.92	29.05	21.78	28.72	21.54	28.67	21.63	
92	X	0.49	44.92	0.49	43.33	0.40	45.15	0.60	46.27	
93	X	0.04	2.91	0.04	2.23	0.06	2.67	0.10	2.77	
94	X	4.15	4.82	4.16	4.82	3.72	4.62	10.62	11.21	
95	X	2.84	4.24	2.82	4.24	2.83	4.03			
96	X	1.10	0.59	1.03	0.55	1.22	0.64			
97	X	0.08	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.08	0.05			
98	X	0.97	0.59	0.91	0.50	2.18	1.69			
99	X	X	X	X	X	0.31	0.26	0.47	0.33	
91-99	X	39.29	80.04	38.58	77.50	39.52	80.65	40.45	82.21	
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
estimated persons (00)		male : 57207	female : 55145							
sample persons		male : 3479	female : 3378							

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04, 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ASSAM										RURAL	
activity codes		usual status		usual status adjusted*		current week status		current day status**			
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	X	0.27	0.02	0.27	0.02	0.29	0.02	X	X		
	0	27.56	0.54	28.77	4.84	27.61	0.58	X	X		
11	1-9	5.34	0.37	5.34	0.37	5.72	0.45	X	X		
21	0	1.55	0.52	1.95	1.38	1.57	0.61	X	X		
	1-9	0.13	—	0.13	—	0.05	—	X	X		
61	0	X	X	X	X	0.08	—	X	X		
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.02	—	X	X		
11 21, 61	0	29.11	1.06	30.72	6.22	29.26	1.19	28.20	1.09		
	1-9	5.47	0.37	5.47	0.37	5.79	0.45	5.62	0.41		
	0-9	34.58	1.43	36.19	6.59	35.05	1.64	33.82	1.50		
31, 71	0	6.67	3.68	6.69	3.68	6.64	3.87	6.79	3.67		
	1-9	3.69	0.75	3.69	0.75	3.82	0.79	3.63	0.77		
41	X	0.42	0.09	0.48	0.11	0.44	0.11	X	X		
51	0	7.16	1.29	7.31	1.90	7.07	1.31	6.85	1.17		
	1-9	2.23	0.64	2.23	0.64	2.29	0.42	2.50	0.48		
41 51	0-9	9.81	2.02	10.02	2.65	9.80	1.84	9.35	1.65		
01-71	X	55.02	7.90	56.86	13.69	55.60	8.16	53.59	7.59		
81	X	1.55	0.25	1.23	0.25	1.29	0.28	X	X		
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.09	0.04	X	X		
81-82	X	1.55	0.25	1.23	0.25	1.38	0.32	1.88	0.50		
01-82	X	56.57	8.15	58.09	13.94	56.98	8.48	55.47	8.09		
91	X	25.15	19.85	24.03	19.56	24.78	19.71	24.79	19.71		
92	X	0.96	32.31	0.86	31.49	1.00	32.91	1.41	33.10		
93	X	1.00	22.45	0.88	17.82	0.97	21.46	1.12	21.64		
94	X	11.53	11.08	11.53	11.08	11.57	11.01	17.12	17.46		
95	X	2.92	4.41	2.84	4.36	2.80	4.36				
96	X	0.24	0.14	0.21	0.14	0.24	0.14				
97	X	0.08	0.11	0.08	0.11	0.08	0.11				
98	X	1.55	1.50	1.48	1.50	1.51	1.82				
99	X	X	X	X	X	0.07	—	0.09	—		
91-99	X	43.43	91.85	41.91	86.06	43.02	91.52	44.53	91.91		
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
estimated persons (00)		male : 58878		female : 51403							
sample persons		male : 4379		female : 3834							

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ASSAM										URBAN
activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	7	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	X	0.14	0.25	0.14	0.25	0.40	0.25	X	X	
11	0	4.46	—	4.46	—	4.46	—	X	X	
21	1-9	14.96	1.23	15.75	3.09	15.00	1.63	X	X	
61	0	0.16	—	0.16	—	0.25	—	X	X	
	1-9	0.82	0.04	0.98	0.04	0.59	0.34	X	X	
	0	X	X	X	X	—	—	X	X	
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.08	—	X	X	
11, 21, 61	0	4.62	—	4.62	—	4.71	—	4.69	—	
	1-9	15.78	1.27	16.73	3.13	15.67	1.97	15.68	1.97	
	0-9	20.40	1.27	21.35	3.13	20.38	1.97	20.37	1.97	
31, 71	0	0.46	—	0.46	—	0.46	—	0.70	—	
	1-9	22.67	4.26	23.67	4.26	22.88	4.32	22.27	4.55	
41	X	0.27	—	0.27	—	0.31	—	X	X	
51	0	0.35	—	0.35	—	—	—	—	—	
	1-9	5.04	0.52	5.04	0.81	5.04	0.52	5.09	0.52	
41, 51	0-9	5.66	0.52	5.66	0.81	5.35	0.52	5.09	0.52	
01-71	X	49.33	6.30	50.28	8.45	49.47	7.06	48.43	7.04	
81	X	4.30	1.75	3.65	1.75	4.53	1.66	X	X	
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.14	—	X	X	
81 82	X	4.30	1.75	3.65	1.75	4.67	1.66	5.34	1.68	
01-82	X	53.63	8.05	53.93	10.20	54.15	8.72	55.77	8.72	
91	X	34.39	33.05	34.23	33.05	34.23	32.96	34.40	32.98	
92	X	0.23	42.88	0.23	41.50	0.07	44.40	0.18	44.35	
93	X	0.11	6.68	0.11	5.90	0.11	4.27	0.11	4.27	
94	X	6.21	2.88	6.21	2.88	5.98	3.25			
95	X	3.08	4.71	2.94	4.71	3.08	4.71			
96	X	1.29	0.97	1.29	0.97	1.16	0.80	11.54	9.68	
97	X	—	—	—	—	—	—			
98	X	1.06	0.79	1.06	0.79	1.23	0.88			
99	X	X	X	X	X	—	—	—	—	
91-99	X	46.37	91.96	46.07	89.80	45.86	91.27	46.23	91.28	
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
estimated persons (00)		male : 5749	female : 4465							
sample : persons		male : 967	female : 742							

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

BIHAR										RURAL	
status	activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
		industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	X	0.70	0.14	0.71	0.17	0.66	0.09	X	X		
11	0	19.78	2.95	20.60	5.21	20.21	2.93	X	X		
	1-9	5.85	1.27	5.85	1.27	6.05	1.35	X	X		
21	0	5.02	3.08	5.83	8.12	5.08	3.19	X	X		
	1-9	0.77	0.73	0.77	0.73	0.81	0.80	X	X		
61	0	X	X	X	X	0.19	0.02	X	X		
	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.03	0.02	X	X		
11, 21,	0	24.80	6.03	26.43	13.33	25.48	6.14	24.98	5.88		
61	1-9	6.62	2.00	6.62	2.00	6.89	2.17	6.57	1.99		
	0-9	31.42	8.03	33.05	15.33	32.37	8.31	31.55	7.87		
31, 71	0	1.49	0.09	1.50	0.13	1.39	0.09	1.97	0.16		
	1-9	3.00	0.23	3.00	0.23	3.01	0.20	2.99	0.20		
41	X	0.14	0.03	0.14	0.03	0.18	0.03	X	X		
51	0	18.72	8.38	18.85	10.97	15.79	6.18	13.82	5.25		
	1-9	1.82	0.48	1.82	0.48	2.58	0.76	2.53	0.75		
41, 51	0-9	20.68	8.89	20.81	11.48	18.55	6.97	16.35	6.00		
01-71	X	57.29	17.38	59.07	27.34	55.98	15.66	52.86	14.23		
81	X	1.48	0.15	0.97	0.15	1.69	0.49	X	X		
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.38	0.72	X	X		
81, 82	X	1.48	0.15	0.97	0.15	2.07	1.21	4.24	1.92		
01-82	X	58.77	17.53	60.04	27.49	58.05	16.87	57.10	16.15		
91	X	18.93	6.32	18.05	6.28	18.59	6.24	18.60	6.25		
92	X	0.50	26.51	0.47	24.96	0.56	28.14	0.62	28.29		
93	X	2.03	26.58	1.84	18.37	2.05	25.15	2.09	25.64		
94	X	15.78	16.48	15.78	16.46	15.63	16.26	21.30	23.51		
95	X	2.33	4.81	2.19	4.74	2.33	4.85				
96	X	0.27	0.39	0.27	0.35	0.25	0.40				
97	X	0.13	0.07	0.12	0.05	0.13	0.05				
98	X	1.26	1.31	1.24	1.30	2.16	1.89				
99	X	X	X	X	X	0.25	0.15	0.29	0.16		
91-99	X	41.23	82.47	39.96	72.51	41.95	83.13	42.90	83.85		
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
estimated persons (00) :		male : 249380	female : 248113								
sample persons :		male : 8928	female : 8889								

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

BIHAR

URBAN

status (1)	activity codes industry (2)	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male (3)	female (4)	male (5)	female (6)	male (7)	female (8)	male (9)	female (10)
01-04	X	0.05	—	0.12	0.13	0.02	—	X	X
11	0	3.26	0.17	3.26	0.18	2.78	0.13	X	X
	1-9	18.52	1.45	18.82	2.11	18.61	1.63	X	X
	0	0.82	0.29	0.82	0.29	0.77	0.29	X	X
21	1-9	3.39	2.68	3.81	4.20	3.41	2.70	X	X
	0	X	X	X	X	—	—	X	X
61	1-9	X	X	X	X	0.08	—	X	X
	0	4.08	0.46	4.08	0.47	3.55	0.42	3.49	0.47
11, 21	1-9	22.91	4.13	22.63	6.31	22.10	4.33	21.80	4.18
61	0-9	25.99	4.59	26.71	6.78	25.65	4.75	25.29	4.65
	0	0.12	—	0.12	—	0.11	—	0.14	—
31, 71	1-9	20.05	2.86	20.05	2.89	20.26	3.31	20.19	3.26
41	X	0.51	0.31	0.51	0.31	0.51	0.36	X	X
51	0	2.08	1.56	2.08	1.56	2.02	1.81	1.61	1.68
51	1-9	6.12	1.32	6.15	1.93	6.10	1.21	6.27	1.46
41, 51	0-9	8.71	3.19	8.74	3.80	8.63	3.38	7.88	3.14
01-71	X	54.92	10.64	55.74	13.50	54.67	11.44	53.50	11.05
81	X	3.33	0.25	3.08	0.26	2.56	0.21	X	X
82	X	X	X	X	X	0.95	—	X	X
81, 82	X	3.33	0.25	3.08	0.26	3.51	0.21	4.24	0.52
01-82	X	58.25	10.90	58.82	13.76	58.18	11.65	57.74	11.57
91	X	27.77	16.13	27.39	16.13	27.22	15.88	27.22	15.88
92	X	0.50	42.69	0.50	41.57	0.84	41.76	0.99	41.82
93	X	0.48	11.10	0.43	9.36	0.48	10.66	0.48	10.66
94	X	9.41	12.97	9.41	12.97	9.43	12.69	13.50	19.98
95	X	2.25	4.44	2.16	4.44	2.09	4.43		
96	X	0.47	0.17	0.47	0.17	0.47	0.17		
97	X	0.12	0.12	0.07	0.12	0.12	0.10		
98	X	0.75	1.48	0.75	1.48	1.10	2.60		
99	X	X	X	X	X	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.09
91-99	X	41.75	89.10	41.18	86.24	41.82	88.15	42.26	88.43
01-99	X	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male : 39960

female : 34435

sample persons

male : 2506

female : 2143

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE OF DISTRIBUTION POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## GUJARAT

Status	activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjustment)		current week status		current day status**	
		industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.49	0.15	0.49	0.15	0.59	0.13	x	x
11	0	21.44	4.30	21.60	7.08	21.56	5.18	x	x
	1-9	4.10	0.39	4.10	0.39	4.21	0.61	x	x
21	0	8.18	12.98	9.69	17.25	9.17	12.48	x	x
	1-9	0.73	0.88	0.73	0.88	0.94	0.79	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.19	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.13	0.03	x	x
11,21	0	29.62	17.28	31.29	24.33	30.92	18.29	29.95	14.16
61	1-9	4.83	1.27	4.83	1.27	5.28	1.43	4.86	1.01
	0-9	34.45	18.55	36.12	25.60	36.20	19.72	34.81	15.17
31, 71	0	0.51	0.28	0.55	0.28	0.66	0.36	1.25	0.34
	1-9	4.07	0.80	4.07	0.80	3.91	0.71	3.80	0.77
41	x	1.35	0.36	1.35	0.36	1.42	0.39	x	x
51	0	15.98	14.17	16.21	15.64	13.90	10.62	11.95	8.29
	1-9	2.65	0.45	2.65	0.45	2.90	0.83	3.78	0.93
41, 51	0-9	19.88	14.98	20.21	16.45	18.22	11.84	15.73	9.22
01-71	x	59.50	34.76	61.44	43.28	59.58	32.75	55.59	25.49
81	x	0.89	0.30	0.52	0.20	0.52	0.53	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.30	0.16	x	x
81, 82	x	0.89	0.38	0.52	0.20	0.83	0.69	3.02	1.67
01-82	x	60.39	35.14	61.96	43.48	60.41	33.44	58.61	27.16
91	x	24.05	13.63	22.79	13.21	22.74	13.10	22.74	13.13
92	x	0.31	20.00	0.31	17.60	0.36	23.18	1.06	28.21
93	x	0.95	14.43	0.86	9.12	0.98	12.26	1.09	13.15
94	x	9.89	10.66	9.89	10.66	9.93	10.56	16.18	18.01
95	x	3.44	5.07	3.34	4.95	3.51	5.25		
96	x	0.33	0.25	0.21	0.16	0.33	0.15		
97	x	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03		
98	x	0.61	0.79	0.61	0.79	1.50	1.79		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.21	0.24	0.32	0.34
91-99	x	39.61	64.86	38.04	56.32	39.59	66.56	41.39	72.84
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male : 97964

female : 94711

sample persons : male 3229

female : 3147

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

GUJARAT										URBAN
status	activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day** status		
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	x	0.15	—	0.15	—	0.19	—	x	x	
11	0	2.83	0.47	2.86	0.47	1.79	0.46	x	x	
21	1-9	12.93	0.90	12.99	2.59	13.22	1.70	x	x	
	0	0.78	1.12	0.78	1.12	0.59	0.99	x	x	
	1-9	2.58	1.14	4.27	2.79	2.84	1.52	x	x	
61	0	x	x	x	x	x	—	x	x	
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.11	0.05	s		
11,21,	0	3.61	1.59	3.64	1.59	2.38	1.45	2.27	1.13	
61	1-9	15.51	2.04	17.26	5.38	16.17	3.27	15.79	2.54	
	0-9	19.12	3.63	20.90	6.97	18.55	4.72	18.06	3.67	
31, 71	0	0.10	—	0.10	—	0.06	—	0.15	—	
	1-9	27.19	3.40	27.54	3.48	27.71	3.51	27.34	3.53	
41	x	0.42	0.24	0.42	0.24	0.33	0.07	x	x	
51	0	1.51	1.61	1.51	1.61	1.49	1.15	1.24	0.83	
	1-9	6.88	2.12	7.37	2.44	7.16	2.65	6.47	2.18	
41, 51	0-9	8.81	3.97	9.30	4.29	8.98	3.87	7.71	3.01	
01-71	x	55.37	11.00	57.99	14.74	55.49	12.10	53.26	10.21	
81	x	3.52	0.37	3.35	0.30	2.95	0.22	x	X	
82	x	x	x	x	x	1.21	0.21	5.58	X	
81, 82	x	3.52	0.37	3.35	0.30	4.16	0.43	5.38	0.67	
01-82	x	58.89	11.37	61.34	15.04	59.65	12.53	58.76	10.88	
91	x	29.63	22.75	27.65	22.64	27.78	22.07	27.92	22.11	
92	x	0.55	46.56	0.55	44.29	0.51	45.11	0.59	46.61	
93	x	0.48	7.22	0.13	5.93	0.50	6.85	0.50	6.90	
94	x	4.55	6.34	4.55	6.34	4.30	5.93	} 11.99	} 13.43	
95	x	3.60	4.96	3.51	4.96	3.41	5.02			
96	x	0.93	0.25	0.93	0.25	0.79	0.23			
97	x	0.68	—	0.68	—	0.68	—			
98	x	0.69	0.55	0.66	0.55	2.19	2.19			
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.19	0.07	0.24	0.07	
91-99	x	41.11	88.63	38.66	84.96	40.35	87.47	41.24	89.12	
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
estimated persons (00)	male : 53079	female : 46453								
sample persons	male : 2625	female : 2410								

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01, 04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TOTAL (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## HARYANA

## RURAL

activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	1.75	0.22	1.75	0.22	1.74	0.16	x	x
11	0	21.81	3.90	22.53	7.53	23.32	2.81	x	x
	1-9	6.07	0.26	6.07	0.26	5.97	0.27	x	x
21	0	8.04	9.00	9.89	17.57	8.61	8.97	x	x
	1-9	0.73	—	0.73	—	0.50	0.06	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.16	0.06	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11,21,	0	29.85	12.90	32.42	25.10	32.09	11.84	32.28	11.27
61	1-9	6.80	0.26	6.80	0.26	6.47	0.33	60.41	0.29
	0-9	36.65	13.16	39.22	25.36	38.56	12.17	38.69	11.56
31,71	0	3.40	0.75	3.48	0.75	3.63	0.75	5.50	0.76
	1-9	4.99	0.71	4.99	0.71	4.90	0.70	4.88	0.78
41	x	0.48	0.12	0.48	0.12	0.51	0.04	x	x
51	0	4.79	2.60	4.99	3.28	3.52	1.32	2.59	1.12
	1-9	3.71	0.67	3.71	0.67	3.49	0.15	3.49	0.14
41,51	0-9	8.98	3.39	9.18	4.07	7.52	1.51	6.08	1.26
01-71	x	55.77	18.28	58.62	31.11	56.35	15.29	55.15	14.36
81	x	1.72	0.07	1.13	0.07	2.25	0.23	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.74	—	x	x
81,82	x	1.72	0.07	1.13	0.07	2.99	0.23	3.91	0.29
01-82	x	57.49	18.30	59.75	31.18	59.34	15.52	59.06	14.65
91	x	27.39	11.91	26.37	11.68	26.41	11.49	26.22	11.42
92	x	0.79	12.01	0.57	10.62	0.17	16.35	0.29	16.33
93	x	0.81	41.20	0.67	30.02	0.21	38.85	0.23	39.53
94	x	0.01	12.08	8.01	12.08	7.67	12.19	14.05	17.89
95	x	3.03	4.03	2.81	3.95	2.99	3.80		
96	x	0.37	0.06	0.37	0.06	0.37	0.06		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	1.57	0.41	1.45	0.41	2.71	1.56		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.13	0.18	0.15	0.18
91-99	x	42.51	81.70	40.25	68.82	40.66	84.48	40.94	85.35
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)	male :	48113		female :	44049				
sample persons :	male :	1598		female :	1478				

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

HARYANA										URBAN	
activity codes	status	indus-try	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	0.09	—	0.09	—	0.09	—	x	x		
11	0	6.40	2.11	6.39	2.12	5.80	2.47	x	x		
21	1-9	18.20	1.12	18.58	3.26	17.80	1.28	x	x		
	0	1.04	1.07	1.04	1.07	0.81	1.07	x	x		
61	1-9	4.01	0.89	4.22	1.38	4.17	0.89	x	x		
	0	x	x	x	x	0.11	—	x	x		
11,21,	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.82	—	x	x		
	0	7.44	3.18	7.43	3.19	6.72	3.54	6.77	3.49		
61	1-9	22.21	2.01	22.80	4.64	22.59	2.17	22.53	8		
	0-9	29.65	5.19	30.23	7.83	29.31	5.71	29.30	5.67		
31,71	0	0.34	—	0.34	—	0.29	—	0.38	—		
	1-9	23.82	2.53	23.82	2.53	24.12	2.99	23.89	2.98		
41	x	0.97	—	0.97	—	1.13	—	x	x		
	0	1.33	0.22	1.33	0.22	1.19	0.30	1.02	0.23		
51	1-9	4.42	0.29	4.42	0.29	4.41	0.29	4.75	0.29		
	0-9	6.72	0.51	6.72	0.51	6.73	0.59	5.77	0.52		
41,51	0-9	6.72	0.51	6.72	0.51	6.73	0.59	5.77	0.52		
01-71	x	60.62	8.23	61.20	10.87	60.54	9.29	59.34	9.17		
81	x	3.25	0.22	3.25	0.22	3.48	0.37	x	x		
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.39	—	x	x		
81,82	x	3.25	0.22	3.25	0.22	3.87	0.37	4.61	0.44		
01-82	x	63.87	8.45	64.45	11.09	64.41	9.66	63.95	9.61		
91	x	28.35	25.53	27.77	25.53	27.92	24.98	28.07	24.76		
92	x	0.36	31.42	0.36	29.75	0.36	31.92	0.36	32.12		
93	x	0.42	26.02	0.42	25.05	0.52	24.30	0.52	24.45		
94	x	3.25	4.21	3.25	4.21	3.09	4.18	7.10	9.06		
95	x	2.56	3.93	2.56	3.93	2.43	3.53				
96	x	0.56	0.44	0.56	0.44	0.56	0.44				
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—				
98	x	0.63	—	0.63	—	0.71	0.99				
99	x	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—		
91-99	x	36.13	91.55	35.55	88.91	35.59	90.34	36.05	90.39		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
estimated persons (00)	male :	14097	female :	11943							
sample persons	male :	711	female :	587							

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

HIMACHAL PRADESH

RURAL

activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
	status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.16	—	0.16	—	0.09	—	x	x
11	0	31.44	8.30	31.75	9.89	29.68	8.70	x	x
	1-9	3.95	0.11	3.95	0.11	4.79	0.11	x	x
21	0	11.85	35.59	13.75	40.61	11.20	24.40	x	x
	1-9	0.65	0.60	0.65	0.60	0.82	0.60	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.39	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.04	—	x	x
11, 21,	0	43.29	43.89	45.50	50.50	41.27	33.10	41.37	9.40
61	1-9	4.60	0.71	4.60	0.71	5.65	0.71	5.59	0.65
	0-9	47.89	44.60	50.10	51.21	46.92	33.81	46.96	30.05
31, 71	0	0.54	0.06	0.54	0.06	0.38	0.06	0.54	0.08
	1-9	5.33	0.69	5.33	0.69	5.29	0.73	5.19	0.61
41	x	2.34	0.11	2.34	0.11	2.98	0.21	x	x
51	0	1.85	0.40	1.95	0.40	1.62	0.25	1.56	0.25
	1-9	2.57	0.03	2.57	0.03	2.82	0.22	5.58	0.32
41, 51	0-9	6.76	0.54	6.86	0.54	7.42	0.68	7.14	0.57
01-71	x	60.68	45.89	62.99	52.50	60.10	35.28	59.83	31.31
81	x	1.15	0.14	0.67	0.11	0.88	0.16	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.14	0.07	x	x
81, 82	x	1.15	0.14	0.67	0.11	1.02	0.23	1.17	0.23
01-82	x	61.83	46.03	63.66	52.61	61.12	35.51	61.00	31.54
91	x	28.93	18.30	27.61	17.60	28.65	18.40	28.73	18.41
92	x	—	8.50	—	7.63	0.19	8.93	0.27	11.77
93	x	0.35	16.32	0.25	11.57	0.95	26.54	1.12	27.63
94	x	5.24	7.01	5.24	7.01	4.88	6.35	8.65	10.61
95	x	3.07	3.49	2.85	3.42	2.11	3.50		
96	x	0.29	0.35	0.10	0.16	0.17	0.16		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	0.29	—	0.29	—	0.70	0.57	0.23	0.04
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.23	0.04		
91-99	x	38.17	53.97	36.34	47.39	38.88	64.49	39.00	68.46
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)	male : 16894		female : 17787						
sample persons	male : 2111		female : 2222						

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 : 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (I) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## HIMACHAL PRADESH

## URBAN

status (1)	activity codes industry (2)	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male (3)	female (4)	male (5)	female (6)	male (7)	female (8)	male (9)	female (10)
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11	0	3.43	2.20	3.42	2.18	3.42	2.75	x	x
	1-9	14.90	1.73	15.50	3.92	15.13	1.07	x	x
21	0	0.47	3.08	0.47	3.08	0.47	2.70	x	x
	1-9	0.61	—	1.21	1.87	0.61	0.25	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.29	—	x	x
11, 21	0	3.90	5.28	3.89	5.26	3.89	5.45	4.10	5.45
	1-9	15.51	1.73	16.71	5.79	16.03	1.32	16.18	1.28
61	0-9	19.41	7.01	20.60	11.05	19.92	6.77	20.28	6.72
31, 71	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	34.76	7.19	34.76	7.19	35.92	7.19	35.18	7.08
41	x	0.96	—	0.96	—	0.75	0.25	x	x
51	0	0.32	—	0.32	—	0.32	—	0.32	—
	1-9	3.52	0.85	3.52	1.40	3.52	0.85	3.89	0.98
41, 51	0-9	4.80	0.85	4.80	1.40	4.59	1.10	4.21	0.98
01-71	x	58.97	15.05	60.16	19.64	60.43	15.06	59.67	14.78
81	x	4.49	2.22	4.10	2.22	3.64	1.29	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.46	0.93	x	x
81, 82	x	4.49	2.22	4.10	2.22	4.10	2.22	4.27	2.22
01-82	x	63.46	17.27	64.26	21.66	64.53	17.28	63.94	17.00
91	x	28.28	29.05	28.28	29.05	27.53	28.25	27.60	28.25
92	x	1.52	23.71	1.14	22.85	0.57	22.80	0.98	22.84
93	z	—	24.88	0.00	21.15	—	24.63	0.05	24.87
94	x	3.21	2.54	3.21	2.54	2.94	2.22	} 7.43	} 7.04
95	x	2.10	2.55	2.10	2.55	2.10	2.55		
96	x	1.22	—	1.01	—	1.22	—		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	0.21	—	—	—	1.11	2.27		
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—
91-99	x	36.54	82.73	35.74	78.14	35.47	82.72	36.05	83.00
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)		male : 1122		female : 949					
sample persons		male : 270		female : 233					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

JAMMU &amp; KASHMIR

RURAL

status	activity codes industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.14	0.05	0.14	0.05	0.50	0.02	x	x
11	0	28.20	2.10	28.74	9.86	24.49	1.71	x	x
	1-9	5.27	0.16	5.27	0.16	5.86	0.21	x	x
21	0	7.50	1.13	9.71	17.74	5.80	1.91	x	x
	1-9	1.22	0.12	1.22	0.12	1.11	0.15	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.15	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.03	—	x	x
11, 21, 61	0	35.70	3.23	38.45	27.60	30.44	2.62	30.19	2.27
	1-9	6.49	0.28	6.49	0.28	7.00	0.36	6.71	0.35
	0-9	42.19	3.51	44.94	27.88	37.44	2.98	36.90	2.62
31, 71	0	0.64	0.05	0.64	0.05	0.68	0.08	0.87	0.14
	1-9	4.33	0.39	4.33	0.39	4.39	0.55	4.67	0.51
41	x	2.82	—	2.82	—	2.20	0.07	x	x
51	0	2.48	0.18	2.18	0.45	1.41	0.10	1.31	0.10
	1-9	6.18	0.19	6.18	0.19	4.96	0.27	6.73	0.33
41, 51	0-9	11.48	0.37	11.48	0.64	8.57	0.44	8.04	0.43
01-71	x	58.78	4.37	61.53	29.01	51.58	4.07	50.48	3.70
81	x	0.62	0.16	0.48	0.13	1.05	0.06	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	6.32	0.14	x	x
81, 82	x	0.62	0.16	0.48	0.13	7.37	0.20	8.36	0.21
01-82	x	59.40	4.53	62.01	29.14	58.95	4.27	58.84	3.91
91	x	24.23	13.57	21.89	11.95	23.47	13.48	24.48	13.48
92	x	0.12	13.22	0.12	11.40	0.21	16.42	0.25	16.63
93	x	0.72	50.97	0.55	29.84	0.74	47.42	0.74	47.57
94	x	11.21	13.89	11.21	13.89	10.95	13.65	} 16.42	} 18.38
95	x	3.00	2.88	2.97	2.86	3.08	2.89		
96	x	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.05		
97	x	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12		
98	x	1.05	0.81	1.00	0.79	2.09	1.79		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.26	0.03	0.27	0.03
91-99	x	40.60	95.47	37.99	70.86	41.05	95.73	41.16	96.09
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)		male : 22195		female : 20490					
sample persons		male : 3448		female : 3108					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce,

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41,



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS AND ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

JAMMU &amp; KASHMIR

URBAN

activity code	status	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	x	0.25	—	0.25	—	0.39	0.13	x	x	
11	0	3.24	0.28	3.24	0.27	2.88	0.22	x	x	
	1-9	21.09	1.31	21.39	3.32	21.04	1.17	x	x	
21	0	0.43	0.32	0.43	0.32	0.39	0.35	x	x	
	1-9	5.87	0.99	6.54	2.37	5.53	1.10	x	x	
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.55	—	x	x	
11, 21, 61	0	3.67	0.60	3.67	0.59	3.27	0.57	0.33	0.55	
	1-9	26.96	2.30	27.93	5.69	27.12	2.27	26.96	2.25	
	0-9	30.63	2.90	31.60	6.28	30.39	2.84	30.29	2.80	
31, 71	0	0.92	—	0.92	—	0.79	—	0.79	0.06	
	1-9	23.32	3.25	23.32	3.39	23.80	3.43	23.94	3.54	
41	x	0.39	0.00	0.39	—	0.45	—	x	x	
51	0	0.31	0.13	0.31	0.13	0.29	0.13	0.27	0.13	
	1-9	2.73	0.20	2.82	0.28	2.73	0.15	2.92	0.15	
41, 51	0-9	3.43	0.33	3.52	0.41	3.47	0.28	3.19	0.28	
01 71	x	58.55	6.48	59.61	10.08	58.84	6.68	58.21	6.68	
81	x	2.65	1.26	2.52	1.26	2.14	1.30	x	x	
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.72	0.04	x	x	
81, 82	x	2.65	1.26	2.52	1.26	2.86	1.34	3.29	1.37	
01-82	x	61.20	7.74	62.13	11.34	61.70	8.02	61.50	8.05	
91	x	28.39	24.99	27.63	24.72	28.08	24.70	27.82	24.72	
92	x	0.63	35.28	0.63	34.34	0.46	38.80	0.47	38.84	
93	x	0.21	21.83	0.21	19.44	0.17	18.05	0.17	18.02	
94	x	5.21	7.00	5.21	7.00	5.19	7.02	9.91	10.33	
95	x	2.14	2.58	2.14	2.58	2.30	2.42			
96	x	1.03	0.17	0.86	0.17	0.85	0.17			
97	x	0.03	—	0.03	—	0.03	—			
98	x	1.16	0.41	1.16	0.41	1.12	0.78			
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.10	0.04	0.13	0.04	
91-99	x	38.80	92.26	37.87	88.66	38.30	91.98	38.50	91.95	
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

estimated persons (00) male : 5259

female : 4440

sample persons male : 1850

female : 1598

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce,

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

KARNATAKA

RURAL

status	activity codes industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.68	0.08	0.68	0.08	0.67	0.06	x	x
11	0	22.42	4.15	22.61	5.54	21.73	4.41	x	x
	1-9	4.13	0.63	4.13	0.63	4.42	0.98	x	x
21	0	10.37	10.69	11.64	16.32	10.27	9.48	x	x
	1-9	0.97	0.85	0.97	0.85	1.05	0.82	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.22	0.06	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.03	—	x	x
11, 21, 61	0	32.79	14.84	34.25	21.86	32.22	13.95	30.74	12.43
	1-9	5.10	1.48	5.10	1.48	5.50	1.80	5.19	1.62
	0-9	37.89	16.32	39.35	23.34	37.72	15.75	35.93	14.05
31, 71	0	1.25	0.68	1.27	0.68	1.25	0.58	1.95	0.65
	1-9	2.34	0.27	2.34	0.27	2.28	0.30	2.23	0.29
41	x	0.36	0.11	0.36	0.11	0.61	0.26	x	x
51	0	20.30	17.06	20.51	19.00	15.93	12.83	13.29	10.10
	1-9	3.95	2.78	3.95	2.78	5.50	3.53	5.02	3.26
41, 51	0-9	24.61	19.95	24.82	21.89	22.04	16.61	18.31	13.36
01-71	x	66.77	37.30	68.46	46.26	63.95	33.30	58.43	28.36
81	x	0.63	0.28	0.47	0.24	1.22	0.48	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.40	0.89	x	x
81, 82	x	0.63	0.28	0.47	0.24	1.62	1.37	4.69	3.15
01-82	x	67.40	37.58	68.93	46.50	65.58	34.67	63.12	31.51
91	x	17.03	10.01	15.90	9.64	16.31	9.79	16.33	9.80
92	x	0.70	21.54	0.64	18.34	0.75	25.49	1.24	27.47
93	x	0.74	13.88	0.66	8.69	0.74	10.71	1.24	11.56
94	x	8.61	10.75	8.61	10.75	8.20	10.45	17.24	19.30
95	x	4.02	4.66	3.83	4.54	3.90	4.66		
96	x	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.17	0.19	0.22	0.83	0.36
97	x	0.19	0.11	0.19	0.11	0.13	0.08		
98	x	1.12	1.28	1.05	1.26	3.54	3.67		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.66	0.26		
91-99	x	32.60	62.42	31.07	53.50	34.42	65.53	36.88	68.49
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) : male : 113243  
sample persons male 3823

female : 113428  
female : 3834

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71, includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

KARNATAKA										URBAN	
status	activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
		industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	0.26	—	0.26	—	0.27	—	x	x		
11	0	3.23	0.57	3.22	0.59	2.86	0.44	x	x		
21	1-9	12.39	1.66	12.49	2.68	12.00	1.92	x	x		
	0	1.12	1.57	1.12	1.57	1.06	1.15	x	x		
61	1-9	2.79	1.42	3.31	2.31	2.50	1.35	x	x		
	0	x	x	x	x	0.06	—	x	x		
11, 21, 61	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.48	0.04	x	x		
	0	4.35	2.14	4.34	2.16	3.98	1.95	3.89	1.82		
	1-9	15.18	3.08	15.80	4.99	14.98	3.31	14.14	2.88		
31, 71	0-9	19.53	5.22	20.14	7.15	18.96	5.26	18.03	4.70		
	0	0.24	0.11	0.24	0.11	0.19	0.11	0.39	0.11		
	1-9	25.26	5.11	25.64	5.18	26.03	5.32	25.86	5.24		
41	x	0.30	0.14	0.30	0.14	0.29	0.14	x	x		
51	0	2.88	2.96	2.88	2.96	2.27	2.29	2.24	1.77		
	1-9	7.94	3.72	8.48	5.18	7.68	3.83	5.99	3.35		
41 51	0-9	11.12	6.82	11.66	8.28	10.73	6.26	8.23	5.12		
01-71	x	56.41	17.26	57.94	20.72	56.18	16.95	52.51	15.17		
81	x	4.01	1.21	3.13	1.21	3.66	1.10	x	x		
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.28	0.72	x	x		
81, 82	x	4.01	1.21	3.13	1.21	3.94	1.82	6.34	2.41		
01-82	x	60.42	18.47	61.07	21.93	60.12	18.77	58.85	17.58		
91	x	27.57	25.46	27.00	25.39	26.30	24.74	26.37	24.63		
92	x	0.36	41.41	0.36	39.20	0.15	41.79	0.53	42.57		
93	x	0.10	4.51	0.10	3.45	0.10	3.41	0.12	3.60		
94	x	4.92	4.27	4.92	4.27	4.61	3.95	13.85	11.44		
95	x	3.33	3.88	3.26	3.85	3.32	3.91				
96	x	1.23	0.66	1.23	0.66	1.21	0.62	0.28	0.18		
97	x	0.09	—	0.09	—	0.09	—				
98	x	1.98	1.34	1.97	1.25	3.86	2.74				
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.24	0.07				
91-99	x	39.58	81.53	38.93	78.07	39.88	81.23	41.15	82.42		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) : male : 49654

female : 47018

sample persons : male : 2688

female : 2533

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

KERALA										RURAL	
status	activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	. . . .	x	—	—	0.02	—	—	—	x	x	
11	. . . .	0	9.80	2.26	12.07	13.91	9.28	2.51	x	x	
		1-9	8.14	2.40	8.14	2.40	8.07	2.56	x	x	
21	. . . .	0	1.09	0.52	1.96	1.80	1.43	0.41	x	x	
		1-9	0.81	0.97	0.81	0.97	1.00	0.96	x	x	
61	. . . .	0	x	x	x	x	0.35	0.06	x	x	
		1-9	x	x	x	x	0.02	—	x	x	
11,21,61	. . . .	0	10.89	2.78	14.03	15.71	11.06	2.98	10.52	2.57	
		1-9	8.95	3.37	8.95	3.37	9.09	3.52	8.36	2.79	
		0-9	19.84	6.15	22.98	19.08	20.15	6.50	18.88	5.36	
31,71	. . . .	0	2.08	1.12	2.10	1.19	2.10	1.05	2.22	1.08	
		1-9	6.88	2.47	6.88	2.47	6.79	2.69	6.51	2.58	
41	. . . .	x	0.19	—	0.19	—	0.25	—	x	x	
51	. . . .	0	15.00	6.78	16.22	8.18	12.24	4.83	8.38	3.05	
		1-9	6.62	3.39	6.62	3.39	6.26	3.31	4.57	2.45	
41,51	. . . .	0-9	21.81	10.17	23.03	11.57	18.75	8.14	12.95	5.50	
01-71	. . . .	x	50.61	19.91	55.01	34.31	47.79	18.38	40.56	14.52	
81	. . . .	x	6.93	3.96	4.58	2.80	6.59	3.62	x	x	
82	. . . .	x	x	x	x	x	2.01	1.23	x	x	
81,82	. . . .	x	6.93	3.96	4.58	2.80	8.60	4.85	13.39	6.56	
01-82	. . . .	x	57.54	23.87	59.59	37.11	56.39	23.23	53.95	21.08	
91	. . . .	x	33.11	27.92	32.18	27.26	32.15	26.77	32.18	26.77	
92	. . . .	x	1.53	32.85	1.35	24.42	2.02	35.32	3.01	36.87	
93	. . . .	x	0.19	7.55	0.13	3.65	0.14	6.26	0.23	6.69	
94	. . . .	x	2.36	2.38	2.36	2.38	2.27	2.27			
95	. . . .	x	3.95	4.72	3.40	4.47	3.81	4.55			
96	. . . .	x	0.44	0.21	0.22	0.21	0.46	0.21	9.66	8.45	
97	. . . .	x	—	0.02	—	0.02	—	0.07			
98	. . . .	x	0.88	0.48	0.77	0.48	2.00	1.21			
99	. . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.76	0.11	0.97	0.14	
91-99	. . . .	x	42.46	76.13	40.41	62.89	43.61	76.77	46.05	78.92	
01-99	. . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
estimated persons (00) male 81251			female : 87586								
sample persons male 3305 :			female : 3562.								

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

KERALA

URBAN

activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	female	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.08	—	0.08	—	0.08	—	x	x
11	0	4.62	1.66	4.63	1.66	.44	1.41	x	x
	1-9	10.75	2.22	12.41	10.23	10.37	1.99	x	x
	0	0.31	0.19	0.31	0.19	0.36	0.23	x	x
21	1-9	1.03	0.43	1.37	1.85	1.24	0.47	x	x
	0	x	x	x	x	0.04	—	0	x
61	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.17	0.11	x	x
11,21,	0	4.93	1.85	4.94	1.85	4.84	1.64	3.72	1.09
61	1-9	11.78	2.65	13.78	12.08	11.78	2.57	11.41	2.21
	0-9	16.71	4.50	18.72	13.93	16.62	4.21	15.13	3.30
	0	0.94	—	0.94	—	0.99	—	0.86	—
31,71	1-9	15.41	6.45	15.75	6.45	16.07	6.39	15.96	6.33
41	x	0.49	—	0.49	—	0.42	—	x	x
	0	5.69	1.09	5.69	1.09	4.75	1.10	3.08	0.61
51	1-9	12.32	3.60	12.94	3.69	11.50	3.12	8.64	2.48
41,51	0-9	18.50	4.69	19.12	4.78	16.67	4.22	11.72	3.09
01-71	x	51.64	15.64	54.61	25.16	50.43	14.82	43.67	12.72
81	x	7.50	4.31	6.04	4.68	5.97	3.50	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	2.24	1.41	x	x
81,82	x	7.50	5.31	6.04	4.68	8.21	4.91	12.76	5.29
01-82	x	59.14	20.95	60.65	29.84	58.64	19.73	56.43	18.01
91	x	31.48	28.27	31.05	27.95	30.84	27.76	30.87	27.78
92	x	1.14	38.01	1.02	32.08	1.70	39.40	2.43	40.79
93	x	0.10	5.67	0.07	3.25	0.10	5.16	0.10	5.32
94	x	2.33	1.09	2.33	1.09	2.13	1.03	9.85	7.89
95	x	3.91	4.70	3.49	4.56	3.93	4.86		
96	x	1.03	0.76	0.60	0.68	1.11	0.76		
97	x	—	0.10	—	0.10	—	0.10		
98	x	0.82	0.45	0.79	0.45	1.30	1.01		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.25	0.19	0.32	0.21
91-99	x	40.86	79.05	39.35	70.16	41.36	80.27	43.57	81.99
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00) male : 17536				female : 19103					
sample persons male : 1589				female : 1747					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MADHYA PRADESH										RURAL	
status	activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
		industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	. . . .	x	0.51	0.03	0.51	0.03	0.47	0.03	x	x	
11	. . . .	0	25.24	2.60	25.40	2.89	24.36	3.05	x	x	
		1-9	3.26	0.43	3.26	0.43	3.66	0.58	x	x	
21	. . . .	0	13.47	23.11	14.61	29.73	12.62	18.04	x	x	
		1-9	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.80	0.41	0.95	x	x	
61	. . . .	0	x	x	x	x	0.52	0.35	x	x	
		1-9	x	x	x	x	0.05	0.06	x	x	
11,21,61	. . . .	0	38.71	25.71	40.01	32.62	37.50	21.44	36.93	20.05	
		1-9	3.74	1.23	3.74	1.23	4.12	1.59	4.01	1.42	
		0-9	26.94	26.94	26.94	33.85	41.62	23.03	40.94	21.37	
31,71	. . . .	0	2.89	0.70	2.93	0.78	2.65	0.37	3.13	0.38	
		1-9	3.32	0.86	3.32	0.86	3.43	0.88	3.36	0.82	
41	. . . .	x	0.41	0.09	0.41	0.09	1.02	0.36	x	x	
51	. . . .	0	14.58	13.92	14.68	15.32	11.16	9.19	10.56	8.18	
		1-9	1.15	0.64	1.15	0.64	1.96	1.06	2.70	1.21	
41,51	. . . .	0-9	16.14	14.65	16.24	16.05	14.14	10.61	13.26	9.39	
01-71	. . . .	x	65.31	43.18	66.75	51.57	62.31	34.92	60.69	32.06	
81	. . . .	x	0.32	0.04	0.21	0.03	0.68	0.18	x	x	
82	. . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.43	0.35	x	x	
81,82	. . . .	x	0.32	0.04	0.21	0.03	1.11	0.53	1.56	0.67	
01-82	. . . .	x	65.43	43.22	66.96	51.60	63.42	35.45	62.25	32.73	
91	. . . .	x	17.60	6.46	15.97	3.34	15.04	5.90	15.04	5.89	
92	. . . .	x	0.20	18.39	0.15	13.99	1.11	22.73	1.35	24.42	
93	. . . .	x	0.44	9.83	0.41	6.14	0.85	11.66	0.97	12.22	
94	. . . .	x	13.31	16.40	13.31	16.40	13.71	16.54	19.92	24.31	
95	. . . .	x	2.40	4.74	2.31	4.59	2.41	4.74			
96	. . . .	x	0.06	0.09	0.09	0.07	0.08	0.08			
97	. . . .	x	0.20	0.13	0.20	0.11	0.18	0.10			
98	. . . .	x	0.66	0.74	0.83	0.74	2.88	2.25			
99	. . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.33	0.28	0.47	0.38	
91-99	. . . .	x	34.37	56.78	33.04	48.40	36.58	64.55	37.75	67.27	
01-99	. . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

estimated persons (00) male : 177836

female 170458

sample persons male : 6546

female 6283.

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MADHYA PRADESH

URBAN

activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
status	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04 . . . . .	x	0.11	0.03	0.11	0.03	0.14	—	x	—
	0	3.07	0.47	3.07	0.45	2.80	0.59	x	x
11 . . . . .	1-9	13.73	1.56	13.88	2.27	13.08	1.43	x	x
	0	1.13	1.72	1.13	1.72	1.16	1.10	x	x
21 . . . . .	1-9	4.04	1.27	4.88	2.83	3.97	1.53	x	x
	0	x	x	x	x	0.15	—	x	x
61 . . . . .	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.26	0.02	x	x
	0	4.20	2.19	4.20	2.17	4.11	1.69	4.02	1.71
11,21, . . . . .	1-9	17.77	2.83	18.76	5.10	17.31	2.98	16.90	2.78
61 . . . . .	0-9	21.97	5.02	22.96	7.27	21.42	4.67	20.92	4.49
	0	0.46	0.01	0.46	0.01	0.47	0.01	0.50	0.01
31,71 . . . . .	1-9	23.93	3.53	24.07	3.58	24.12	3.79	23.93	3.69
41 . . . . .	x	0.57	0.22	0.57	0.22	0.40	0.21	x	x
	0	1.51	2.31	1.51	2.31	0.84	1.26	0.70	1.03
51 . . . . .	1-9	6.60	2.74	6.79	3.84	6.14	2.96	5.94	2.72
41,51 . . . . .	0-9	8.68	5.27	8.87	6.37	7.38	4.43	6.64	3.75
01-71 . . . . .	x	55.15	13.86	56.47	17.26	53.53	12.90	51.99	11.94
81 . . . . .	x	2.16	0.41	2.06	0.40	2.80	0.44	x	x
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.50	0.13	x	x
81,82 . . . . .	x	2.16	0.41	2.06	0.40	3.30	0.57	3.81	0.79
01-82 . . . . .	x	57.31	14.27	58.53	17.66	56.83	13.47	55.80	12.73
91 . . . . .	x	32.65	23.90	31.64	23.75	30.43	22.11	30.51	22.13
92 . . . . .	x	0.40	44.78	0.40	42.39	0.41	45.85	0.51	46.26
93 . . . . .	x	0.14	5.13	0.11	4.34	0.11	4.48	0.16	4.58
94 . . . . .	x	5.61	7.39	5.61	7.39	5.54	7.35	12.68	14.25
95 . . . . .	x	1.83	3.52	1.79	3.52	1.86	3.34		
96 . . . . .	x	1.04	0.39	0.92	0.39	0.98	0.39		
97 . . . . .	x	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.07		
98 . . . . .	x	0.95	0.55	0.95	0.55	3.51	2.92		
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.26	0.02	0.34	0.05
91-99 . . . . .	x	42.69	85.73	41.47	82.34	43.17	86.53	44.20	87.27
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male : 47944

female : 42014

sample persons male : 3278

female : 2876

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MAHARASHTRA

RURAL

activity codes	status	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	x	0.14	—	0.14	—	0.12	—	x	x	
11	0	21.46	8.53	22.26	9.43	21.04	6.85	x	x	
	1-9	4.95	0.96	4.95	0.96	5.38	1.09	x	x	
21	0	5.22	12.97	5.78	15.40	4.86	10.06	x	x	
	1-9	0.63	0.56	0.63	0.56	0.70	0.71	x	x	
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.47	0.32	x	x	
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.13	0.02	x	x	
11,21,61	0	26.58	21.50	28.04	24.83	26.37	17.23	25.75	16.18	
	1-9	5.58	1.52	5.58	1.52	6.21	1.82	6.00	1.63	
	0-9	32.26	23.02	33.62	26.35	32.58	19.05	31.75	17.81	
31,71	0	3.47	0.14	3.49	0.15	3.43	0.13	3.61	0.14	
	1-9	5.32	0.58	5.32	0.56	5.29	0.58	5.19	0.57	
41	x	0.58	0.37	0.59	0.39	1.57	1.37	x	x	
51	0	18.22	21.56	18.52	22.93	12.21	11.61	10.39	9.32	
	1-9	2.67	1.41	2.67	1.41	4.32	2.80	5.06	3.52	
41,51	0-9	21.47	23.34	21.78	24.73	18.10	15.68	15.45	12.84	
01-71	x	62.66	47.06	64.35	51.79	59.52	35.44	56.00	31.36	
81	x	1.02	0.10	0.78	0.08	1.48	0.90	x	x	
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.91	0.54	x	x	
81,82	x	1.02	0.10	0.78	0.08	2.39	1.44	3.99	2.69	
01-82	x	63.68	47.16	65.13	51.87	61.91	36.88	59.99	34.05	
91	x	24.56	14.16	23.51	13.93	22.37	13.38	22.38	13.35	
92	x	0.19	17.64	0.15	4.59	1.27	20.18	2.61	28.46	
93	x	0.38	5.90	0.33	4.50	0.52	5.53	0.62	5.88	
94	x	6.67	9.29	6.67	9.29	7.12	9.47	13.78	17.44	
95	x	3.61	5.27	3.35	5.25	3.59	5.36			
96	x	0.26	0.12	0.22	0.12	0.30	0.11			
97	x	0.09	0.11	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.11			
98	x	0.46	0.35	0.55	0.34	2.27	2.20			
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.53	0.78	0.62	0.82	
91-99	x	36.32	52.84	34.87	48.13	38.09	63.12	40.01	65.95	
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

estimated persons (00) : male 171524

female : 174949

sample persons : male 6305

female : 6372.

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY AND SEX.

MAHARASHTRA										URBAN	
activity codes	status	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	0.03	0.03	—	x	x		
11 . . . . .	0	1.59	0.71	1.57	0.70	1.45	0.56	x	x		
11 . . . . .	1-9	13.71	2.15	14.13	3.18	13.73	2.64	x	x		
	0	0.28	0.22	0.28	0.22	0.20	0.17	x	x		
21 . . . . .	1-9	2.59	0.93	2.89	1.45	2.75	0.98	x	x		
	0	x	x	x	x	0.02	—	x	x		
61 . . . . .	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.19	0.03	x	x		
	0	1.87	0.93	1.85	0.92	1.67	0.73	1.60	0.74		
11,21, . . . . .	1-9	16.30	3.08	17.02	4.63	16.67	3.65	16.20	3.30		
61 . . . . .	0-9	18.17	4.01	18.87	5.55	10.34	4.38	17.80	4.04		
31,71 . . . . .	0	0.54	0.04	0.64	0.04	0.52	—	0.51	—		
	1-9	31.06	4.80	31.14	4.93	31.42	5.00	31.32	4.82		
41 . . . . .	x	0.41	0.07	0.41	0.09	0.47	0.03	x	x		
	0	1.01	2.05	1.01	2.05	0.65	0.98	0.54	0.79		
51 . . . . .	1-9	5.57	3.10	5.73	3.74	5.03	2.79	4.53	2.48		
41,51 . . . . .	0-9	6.99	5.22	7.15	5.88	6.15	3.80	5.07	3.27		
01-71 . . . . .	x	56.86	14.07	57.80	16.43	56.46	13.18	54.70	12.13		
81 . . . . .	x	2.75	1.10	2.53	1.02	2.74	1.05	x	x		
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.56	0.40	x	x		
81,82 . . . . .	x	2.75	1.10	2.53	1.02	3.30	1.45	4.32	1.68		
01-82 . . . . .	x	59.61	15.17	60.33	17.45	59.76	14.63	59.02	13.71		
91 . . . . .	x	32.13	25.92	31.56	25.77	30.63	24.78	30.69	24.80		
92 . . . . .	x	0.36	45.80	0.35	44.30	0.60	46.93	1.08	47.64		
93 . . . . .	x	0.04	4.64	0.04	0.04	0.03	3.51	0.05	3.59		
94 . . . . .	x	3.37	3.31	3.37	3.31	3.26	3.34	8.93	10.12		
95 . . . . .	x	2.11	4.14	2.01	4.13	2.03	4.19				
96 . . . . .	x	1.68	0.30	1.65	0.30	1.66	0.32				
97 . . . . .	x	0.07	0.14	0.07	0.14	0.05	0.14				
98 . . . . .	x	0.63	0.58	0.62	0.56	1.76	2.12				
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.22	0.04	0.23	0.04		
91-99 . . . . .	x	40.39	84.83	39.67	82.55	40.24	85.37	40.98	86.19		
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) male: 98637

female: 86126

sample persons male: 6257

female : 5555

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION, OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MANIPUR										RURAL	
activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04 . . . . .	x	0.22	—	0.22	0.09	0.45	0.06	x	x		
	0	34.94	11.61	35.02	14.21	34.59	11.36	x	x		
11 . . . . .	1-9	3.27	3.89	3.27	3.89	3.72	3.49	x	x		
	0	5.63	12.31	5.84	14.60	5.21	10.69	x	x		
21 . . . . .	1-9	0.29	0.92	0.29	0.92	0.24	1.01	x	x		
	0	x	x	x	x	0.06	—	x	x		
61 . . . . .	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x		
	0	40.57	23.92	40.86	28.81	39.86	22.05	38.89	20.92		
11, 21, . . . . .	1-9	3.56	4.81	3.56	4.81	3.96	4.50	4.33	4.82		
61 . . . . .	0-9	44.13	28.73	44.22	33.62	43.82	26.55	43.22	25.74		
	0	0.20	0.09	0.20	0.09	0.20	0.09	0.51	0.15		
31,71 . . . . .	1-9	3.89	0.37	3.89	0.37	4.08	0.37	4.22	0.36		
41 . . . . .	x	0.21	—	0.21	—	0.21	—	x	x		
	0	0.28	0.10	0.28	0.10	0.08	0.20	0.08	0.20		
51 . . . . .	1-9	0.08	—	0.08	—	—	—	0.28	—		
41, 51 . . . . .	0-9	0.57	0.10	0.57	0.10	0.29	0.20	0.36	0.20		
01-71 . . . . .	x	49.01	29.29	49.30	34.27	48.84	27.27	48.31	26.45		
81 . . . . .	x	0.48	—	0.48	—	0.48	—	x	x		
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x		
81, 82 . . . . .	x	0.48	—	0.48	—	0.48	—	0.48	—		
01-82 . . . . .	x	49.49	29.29	49.78	34.27	49.32	27.27	48.79	26.45		
91 . . . . .	x	31.06	22.97	30.77	22.79	30.66	22.50	30.66	22.50		
92 . . . . .	x	0.59	14.46	0.59	13.42	0.64	15.65	0.63	15.65		
93 . . . . .	x	0.38	16.65	0.38	12.89	0.63	17.32	0.63	17.51		
94 . . . . .	x	15.64	13.47	15.64	13.47	15.42	13.47	19.23	17.89		
95 . . . . .	x	2.03	2.99	2.03	2.99	1.89	3.14				
96 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—				
97 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—				
98 . . . . .	x	0.81	0.17	0.81	0.17	1.38	0.65	0.06	—		
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.06	—	0.06	—		
91-99 . . . . .	x	50.51	70.71	50.22	65.73	50.68	72.73	51.21	73.55		
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
estimated persons (00) male : 4017					female: 3473						
sample persons male: 1478					female: 1283						

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MANIPUR

URBAN

activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	femal	male	female
status		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
01-04 . . . . .	x	0.50	—	0.50	0.09	0.33	—	x	x
11 . . . . .	0	19.88	3.09	19.88	3.10	20.28	5.46	x	x
	1-9	7.58	5.85	7.58	6.71	7.55	3.16	x	x
21 . . . . .	0	0.12	13.15	0.12	13.15	0.26	12.98	x	x
	1-9	1.23	2.60	1.23	2.60	1.24	2.87	x	x
61 . . . . .	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.12	—	x	x
11, 21, 61 . . . . .	0	20.00	16.24	20.00	16.25	20.54	18.14	20.41	18.41
	1-9	8.81	8.45	8.81	9.31	8.91	6.03	8.88	5.90
	0-9	28.81	24.69	28.81	25.56	29.45	24.47	29.29	24.31
31, 71 . . . . .	0	—	—	—	—	—	0.29	—	0.29
	1-9	16.07	2.23	16.07	2.23	16.01	1.94	15.36	1.84
41 . . . . .	x	—	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.23	x	x
51 . . . . .	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.23	0.23
41, 51 . . . . .	0-9	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
01-71 . . . . .	x	45.61	27.15	45.61	28.11	46.02	26.93	44.88	26.67
81 . . . . .	x	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.23	—	x	x
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
81,82 . . . . .	x	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.23	—
01-82 . . . . .	x	45.84	27.15	45.84	28.11	46.25	26.93	45.11	26.67
91 . . . . .	x	35.43	28.10	35.43	28.10	35.63	28.60	35.61	28.64
92 . . . . .	x	1.70	21.19	1.70	20.95	1.88	20.67	1.89	20.74
93 . . . . .	x	0.19	5.89	0.19	5.17	—	6.17	—	6.18
94 . . . . .	x	14.25	12.68	14.25	12.68	13.72	12.48	17.39	17.77
95 . . . . .	x	2.01	3.45	2.01	3.45	1.92	3.36		
96 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
97 . . . . .	x	—	0.17	—	0.17	—	0.17		
98 . . . . .	x	0.58	1.37	0.58	1.37	0.60	1.62		
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—
91-99 . . . . .	x	54.16	72.85	54.16	71.89	53.75	73.07	54.89	73.33
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male: 2845

female: 2110

sample persons male: 808

female: 674

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YERAS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MEGHALAYA

RURAL

status	activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04		x	—	0.11	—	0.11	—	—	x	x
		0	40.59	25.61	40.87	28.37	37.39	26.88	x	x
11		1-9	4.51	0.37	4.51	0.37	4.58	0.37	x	x
		0	5.73	11.06	8.15	13.00	10.12	11.84	x	x
21		1-9	0.15	—	0.15	—	0.15	0.15	x	x
		0	x	x	x	x	0.15	0.40	x	x
61		1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
		0	46.32	36.67	49.02	41.37	47.66	39.12	46.66	38.30
11, 21,		1-9	4.66	0.37	4.66	0.37	4.73	0.52	4.73	0.51
61		0-9	50.98	37.04	53.68	41.74	52.39	39.64	51.39	38.81
		0	0.81	0.12	0.81	0.12	0.88	0.21	1.46	0.53
31, 71		1-9	4.87	2.32	4.87	2.32	4.87	2.32	4.42	2.20
41		x	2.11	0.37	2.11	0.37	1.98	0.37	x	x
		0	5.04	5.17	5.04	5.33	3.44	3.80	3.01	3.15
51		1-9	0.82	0.14	0.82	0.14	0.82	0.59	2.65	0.77
41, 51		0-9	7.97	5.68	7.97	5.84	6.24	4.76	5.66	3.92
01-71		x	64.63	45.27	67.33	50.13	64.38	46.93	62.93	45.46
81		x	0.48	—	0.48	—	0.12	—	x	x
82		x	x	x	x	x	0.12	—	x	x
81, 82		x	0.48	—	0.48	—	0.24	—	1.38	1.21
01-82		x	65.11	45.27	67.81	50.13	64.62	46.93	64.31	46.67
91		x	25.19	29.84	22.79	29.31	25.38	28.59	25.39	28.59
92		x	0.21	11.34	0.21	9.02	0.12	11.65	0.13	11.66
93			0.31	5.01	0.12	3.16	0.31	4.68	0.31	4.68
94		x	7.99	6.55	7.99	6.55	7.99	5.92	9.59	7.94
95		x	0.38	1.44	0.38	1.44	0.42	1.38		
96		x	—	0.31	—	0.15	—	—		
97		x	—	—	—	—	—			
98		x	0.81	0.24	0.70	0.24	0.99	0.47		
99		x	x	x	x	x	0.17	0.38	0.27	0.46
91-99		x	34.89	54.73	32.29	49.87	35.38	53.07	35.69	53.33
01-99		x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00): male: 4508

female: 4591

sample persons: male: 567

female: 571

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also no the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MEGHALAYA

URBAN

status	activity codes industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04 . . . . .	x	0.32	1.14	0.32	1.14	0.24	1.23	x	x
11 . . . . .	0	0.71	0.26	0.70	0.26	0.95	0.26	x	x
	1-9	13.33	8.38	13.64	8.65	14.12	8.38	x	x
21 . . . . .	0	0.28	—	0.28	—	0.28	0.54	x	x
	1-9	3.09	2.92	3.37	2.92	3.09	2.92	x	x
61 . . . . .	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.64	0.27	—	x
11,21,61 . . . . .	0	0.99	0.26	0.98	0.26	1.23	0.80	1.20	0.95
	1-9	16.42	11.30	17.01	11.57	17.85	11.57	17.89	11.28
	0-9	17.41	11.56	17.99	11.83	19.08	12.37	19.09	12.23
31,71 . . . . .	0	0.23	—	0.23	—	—	—	0.08	—
	1-9	27.29	6.32	27.25	6.32	27.21	6.32	27.85	7.47
41 . . . . .	x	0.08	—	0.08	—	0.08	—	x	x
51 . . . . .	0	0.22	—	0.22	—	0.02	—	0.13	—
	1-9	5.57	2.01	5.57	2.33	4.93	2.01	4.49	1.91
41,51 . . . . .	0-9	5.87	2.01	5.87	2.33	5.23	2.01	4.62	1.91
01-71 . . . . .	x	51.12	21.03	51.70	21.62	51.76	21.93	51.64	21.61
81 . . . . .	x	2.78	4.85	2.78	4.53	2.62	7.43	x	x
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	—	0.36	x	x
81,82 . . . . .	x	2.78	4.85	2.78	4.53	2.62	7.79	2.62	7.90
01-82 . . . . .	x	53.90	25.88	54.48	26.15	54.38	29.72	54.26	29.51
91 . . . . .	x	40.14	37.42	40.14	37.42	39.43	35.07	39.41	35.10
92 . . . . .	x	1.43	29.70	1.43	29.43	1.29	28.01	1.27	28.03
93 . . . . .	x	0.33	—	0.33	—	0.33	—	0.33	—
94 . . . . .	x	0.86	3.15	0.86	3.15	0.86	2.16	4.45	7.36
95 . . . . .	x	0.96	2.77	0.96	2.77	1.74	3.85		
96 . . . . .	x	1.64	1.08	1.06	1.08	1.00	0.92		
97 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98 . . . . .	0	0.74	—	0.74	—	0.69	0.27		
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.28	—	0.28	—
91-99 . . . . .	x	46.10	74.12	45.52	73.85	45.62	70.28	45.74	70.49
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male: 657

female: 561

sample persons male: 328

female: 302

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## NAGALAND

## URBAN

activity codes	usual status	usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
		male	female	male	female	male	female		
status	industry	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04 . . . . .	x	0.21	—	0.21	—	0.21	—	x	x
	0	1.42	0.40	1.42	0.40	1.41	1.07	x	x
11 . . . . .	1-9	18.11	2.22	18.11	2.22	17.48	2.22	x	x
	0	—	1.46	—	1.46	—	0.79	x	
21 . . . . .	1-9	3.06	0.43	3.06	0.43	3.06	0.43	x	x
	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	
61 . . . . .	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	0	1.42	1.86	1.42	1.86	1.41	1.86	1.40	1.76
11,21, . . . . .	1-9	21.17	2.65	21.17	2.65	20.54	2.65	20.65	2.75
61 . . . . .	0-9	22.59	4.51	22.59	4.51	21.95	4.51	22.05	4.51
		—	—	—	—	0.32	—	0.32	—
31,71 . . . . .	1-9	35.70	6.78	35.70	6.78	36.01	6.78	36.17	6.78
41 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
51 . . . . .	1-9	2.17	—	2.17	—	2.17	—	1.92	—
41,51 . . . . .	0-9	2.17	—	2.17	—	2.17	—	1.92	—
01-71 . . . . .	x	60.67	11.29	60.67	11.29	60.66	11.29	60.46	<u>1.29</u> 11.29
81 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
81,82 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
01-82 . . . . .	x	60.67	11.29	60.67	11.29	60.66	11.29	60.46	11.29
91 . . . . .	x	35.00	38.53	35.00	38.53	34.52	35.69	34.52	35.69
92 . . . . .	x	0.44	44.15	0.44	44.15	0.44	44.94	0.44	44.94
93 . . . . .	x	—	1.03	—	1.03	—	1.03	—	1.03
94 . . . . .	x	2.44	1.72	2.44	1.72	2.44	1.72	} 4.58	7.05
95 . . . . .	x	0.49	1.56	0.49	1.56	0.49	1.56		
96 . . . . .	x	0.68	0.34	0.68	0.34	0.68	0.34		
97 . . . . .	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98 . . . . .	x	0.28	1.38	0.28	1.38	0.77	3.43		
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—
91-99 . . . . .	x	39.33	88.71	39.33	88.71	39.34	88.71	39.54	88.71
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00) male: 318				female: 196					
sample persons male: 257				female: 169					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ORISSA										RURAL
activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04 . . . . .	x	0.53	—	0.53	0.02	0.50	—	x	x	
	0	19.29	1.57	19.53	3.15	19.04	1.25	x	x	
11 . . . . .	1-9	6.83	1.51	6.83	1.51	7.93	2.47	x	x	
	0	7.69	8.90	8.38	12.84	6.91	5.40	x	x	
21 . . . . .	1-9	1.41	2.38	1.41	2.38	1.47	2.74	x	x	
	0	x	x	x	x	0.77	0.10	x	x	
61 . . . . .	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.15	0.03	x	x	
	0	26.98	10.47	27.91	15.99	26.72	6.75	26.01	6.35	
11,21, . . . . .	1-9	8.24	3.89	8.24	3.89	9.55	5.24	9.22	4.67	
61 . . . . .	0-9	35.22	14.36	36.15	19.88	36.27	11.99	35.23	11.02	
	0	3.36	0.13	3.36	0.16	3.37	0.13	3.95	0.15	
31,71 . . . . .	1-9	3.16	0.46	3.16	0.46	3.30	0.56	3.17	0.52	
41 . . . . .	x	0.72	0.15	0.74	0.15	0.98	0.31	x	x	
	0	18.54	9.83	18.77	12.38	13.52	6.63	11.39	5.47	
	1-9	2.32	1.55	2.32	1.55	3.58	1.84	3.85	1.77	
41,51 . . . . .	0-9	21.58	11.53	21.83	14.08	18.08	8.78	15.24	7.24	
01-71 . . . . .	x	63.85	26.48	65.03	34.60	61.52	21.46	57.59	18.93	
81 . . . . .	x	1.19	0.31	0.85	0.09	1.58	0.73	x	x	
82 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.62	0.78	x	x	
81,82 . . . . .	x	1.19	0.31	0.85	0.09	2.20	1.51	5.09	2.68	
01-82 . . . . .	x	65.04	26.79	65.88	34.69	63.72	22.97	62.68	21.61	
91 . . . . .	x	20.06	10.67	19.72	10.62	19.89	10.67	10.92	10.67	
92 . . . . .	x	0.42	29.33	0.37	25.46	0.57	31.13	0.93	31.73	
93 . . . . .	x	0.70	17.27	0.59	13.34	0.86	18.58	1.08	19.25	
94 . . . . .	x	9.48	11.15	9.48	11.15	9.23	10.90	} 14.48	} 16.49	
95 . . . . .	x	3.28	3.74	3.06	3.74	3.29	3.85			
96 . . . . .	x	0.24	0.28	0.19	0.23	0.20	0.24			
97 . . . . .	x	0.10	0.15	0.10	0.15	0.12	0.18			
98 . . . . .	x	0.68	0.62	0.61	0.62	1.34	1.25	0.91	0.25	
99 . . . . .	x	x	x	x	x	0.78	0.23	0.91	0.25	
91-99 . . . . .	x	34.96	73.21	34.12	65.31	36.28	77.03	37.32	78.39	
01-99 . . . . .	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

estimated persons (00) male: 100196

female: 103625

sample persons male: 3463

female: 3570

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE OF DISTRIBUTION POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ORISSA										URBAN	
activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week Status		current day status**			
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	—	—	—	0.14	—	—	x	x		
11	0	2.58	0.11	2.57	0.12	2.03	0.14	x	x		
	1-9	11.16	0.35	11.59	0.69	11.23	0.58	x	x		
21	0	0.99	0.60	0.99	0.60	0.89	0.38	x	x		
	1-9	3.27	1.16	3.98	1.88	2.99	1.44	x	x		
61	0	x	x	s	x	0.11	—	x	x		
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.20	—	x	s		
11,21,61	0	3.57	0.71	3.56	0.72	2.83	0.52	2.62	0.52		
	1-9	14.43	1.51	15.57	2.57	14.42	2.02	14.39	1.99		
	0-9	18.00	2.22	19.13	3.29	17.25	2.54	17.01	2.51		
31,71	0	0.37	—	0.37	—	0.45	0.11	0.45	0.11		
	1-9	29.75	3.31	29.75	3.31	29.68	2.99	29.47	2.94		
41	x	2.23	0.41	2.23	0.41	2.27	0.30	x	x		
51	0	1.98	1.49	1.98	1.49	1.40	0.72	1.12	0.72		
	1-9	4.12	2.73	4.56	2.86	4.33	2.59	5.12	2.57		
41,51	0-9	8.33	4.63	8.77	4.76	8.00	3.61	6.24	3.29		
01-71	x	56.45	10.16	58.02	11.50	55.38	9.25	3.17	8.85		
81	x	4.34	1.22	3.47	1.18	4.05	1.17	x	x		
82		x	x	x	x	0.59	0.12	x	x		
81,82	x	4.34	1.22	3.47	1.18	4.64	1.29	6.22	1.55		
01-82	x	60.79	11.38	61.49	12.68	60.02	10.54	59.39	10.40		
91	x	27.81	24.71	27.39	24.71	28.37	24.63	28.38	24.68		
92	x	1.08	44.88	1.03	44.07	0.80	45.59	0.87	45.73		
93	x	0.11	7.59	0.11	7.10	0.30	6.90	0.32	7.02		
94	x	6.64	5.52	6.64	5.52	6.54	5.64	10.80	12.05		
95	x	1.60	4.12	1.60	4.12	1.39	4.01				
96	x	0.74	0.41	0.64	0.41	0.74	0.41				
97	x	0.38	0.33	0.38	0.33	0.38	0.14				
98	x	0.85	1.06	0.72	1.06	1.22	2.02				
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.24	0.12	0.24	0.12		
91-99	x	39.21	88.62	38.51	87.32	39.98	89.46	40.61	89.60		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) male : 17355,

female : 16034

sample persons male : 978

female : 898.

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal worker also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; -51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

PUNJAB										RURAL	
activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted) *		current week status		current day status**		status	industry
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(7)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	0.08	—	0.08	—	0.09	—	x	x		
11	0	24.95	1.63	26.25	14.16	25.23	4.65	x	x		
	1-9	7.43	0.83	7.43	0.83	7.07	1.10	x	x		
21	0	7.98	1.07	9.16	11.62	8.09	3.23	x	x		
	1-9	0.89	0.09	0.89	0.09	0.97	0.16	x	x		
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.27	0.07	x	x		
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.20	0.04	x	x		
11,21,	0	32.93	2.70	35.41	25.78	33.59	7.95	33.15	5.04		
61	1-9	8.32	0.92	8.32	0.92	8.24	1.30	7.82	1.02		
	0-9	41.25	3.62	43.73	26.70	41.83	9.25	40.97	6.06		
31,71	0	2.85	0.36	2.85	0.42	2.92	0.36	3.09	0.34		
	1-9	5.60	0.83	5.60	0.83	5.71	1.06	5.57	1.04		
41	x	0.13	—	0.13	—	0.19	—	x	x		
51	0	10.66	0.86	10.94	2.84	8.89	1.38	7.21	1.21		
	1-9	2.68	0.33	2.68	0.33	2.82	0.40	2.56	0.35		
41, 51	0-9	13.47	1.19	13.75	3.17	11.90	1.78	9.77	1.56		
01-71	x	63.25	6.00	66.01	31.12	62.45	12.45	59.40	9.00		
81	x	1.85	1.00	1.25	0.96	1.82	0.47	x	x		
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.73	0.54	0.73	x		
81,82	x	1.85	1.00	1.25	0.96	2.55	1.01	4.08	1.16		
01-82	x	65.10	7.00	67.25	32.08	65.00	13.46	63.48	10.16		
91	x	22.35	17.16	20.63	16.53	22.14	16.95	22.15	16.97		
92	x	0.26	10.68	0.26	8.52	0.35	15.58	0.88	16.58		
93	x	0.48	52.68	0.31	30.53	0.50	40.40	0.64	42.66		
94	x	5.76	6.23	5.76	6.23	5.04	6.11	12.03	13.53		
95	x	4.73	5.19	4.56	5.14	4.80	5.17				
96	x	0.35	0.09	0.32	0.09	0.27	0.05				
97	x	0.17	0.12	0.17	0.12	0.17	0.12				
98	x	0.80	0.85	0.73	0.76	1.17	2.06				
9	x	x	x	x	x	0.56	0.10	0.82	0.10		
91-99	x	34.90	93.00	32.74	67.92	35.00	86.54	36.52	89.84		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) : male : 55516

female : 49374

sample persons : male : 3437

female : 3036

\*A ustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*1, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 4)



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

PUNJAB											URBAN	
activity codes		usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)			
01-04	x	0.04	—	0.04	0.04	0.03	—	x	x			
11	0	3.47	0.61	3.45	0.60	3.83	0.31	x	x			
	1-9	20.09	3.06	20.35	5.85	19.99	2.35	x	x			
21	0	1.16	0.29	1.16	0.29	0.74	0.31	x	x			
61	1-9	2.40	0.52	2.90	2.29	2.45	0.56	x	x			
	0	x	x	x	x	0.36	—	x	x			
61	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.61	0.09	x	x			
61	0	4.63	0.90	4.61	0.89	4.93	0.62	4.89	0.52			
11, 21,	1-9	22.49	3.58	23.25	8.14	23.05	3.00	22.28	2.46			
61	0-9	27.12	4.48	27.86	9.03	21.98	3.62	27.17	2.92			
31,71,	0	0.39	—	0.39	—	0.54	0.10	0.50	0.07			
	1-9	25.38	6.96	25.41	7.02	26.98	7.01	26.60	6.81			
41	x	0.15	0.03	0.15	0.03	0.15	0.07	x	x			
51	0	0.63	0.26	0.63	0.26	0.13	0.17	0.66	0.09			
	1-9	4.99	1.02	4.99	1.59	5.34	0.92	4.48	0.91			
41, 51	0-9	5.77	1.31	5.77	1.88	6.22	1.16	5.14	1.00			
01-71	x	58.70	12.75	59.47	17.97	61.73	11.89	59.47	10.80			
81	x	2.01	1.76	1.97	1.66	1.66	1.42	x	x			
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.81	0.42	x	x			
81,82,	x	2.01	1.76	1.97	1.66	2.47	1.84	3.90	1.93			
01-82	x	60.71	14.51	61.44	19.63	64.20	13.73	63.37	12.73			
91	x	26.09	24.94	25.50	24.77	25.05	25.81	25.14	26.10			
92	x	1.53	16.75	1.48	16.46	0.44	21.90	0.79	22.38			
93	x	1.15	34.95	1.08	30.29	0.46	29.78	0.69	29.97			
94	x	4.46	4.40	4.46	4.40	3.88	3.27	9.90	8.70			
95	x	4.37	3.88	4.37	3.88	3.54	4.34					
96	x	0.55	0.19	0.55	0.19	0.59	0.19					
97	x	0.21	0.03	0.21	0.03	0.21	0.03					
98	x	0.93	0.35	0.91	0.35	1.54	0.89					
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.09	0.06	0.11	0.12			
91-99	x	39.29	85.49	38.56	80.37	35.00	86.27	36.63	87.27			
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00			

estimated persons (00) male : 20907

female : 17874

sample persons male : 2068

female : 1824

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## RAJASTHAN

## RURAL

activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.11	—	0.11	—	0.11	0.07	x	x
11	0	34.38	13.80	35.96	22.17	30.98	16.05	x	x
	1-9	5.04	0.77	5.04	0.77	5.28	0.85	x	x
21	0	7.67	19.75	8.59	24.20	7.54	16.71	x	x
	1-9	0.57	0.60	0.57	0.60	0.60	0.50	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	1.37	0.96	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.04	—	x	x
11,21,	0	42.05	33.55	44.55	46.37	39.89	33.72	39.57	31.60
61	1-9	5.61	1.37	5.61	1.37	5.92	1.35	5.77	1.28
	0-9	47.66	34.92	50.16	47.74	45.81	35.07	45.34	32.88
31,71	0	0.97	0.11	0.97	0.16	0.80	0.15	0.98	0.19
	1-9	3.89	0.37	3.89	0.37	3.74	0.32	3.68	0.30
41	x	1.10	0.32	1.10	0.37	1.31	0.65	x	x
51	0	4.10	3.09	4.20	3.64	2.96	2.27	2.70	1.89
	1-9	2.86	1.57	2.86	1.57	3.42	1.82	4.38	2.35
41,51	0-9	8.06	4.98	8.16	5.58	7.69	4.74	7.08	4.24
01-71	x	60.69	40.38	63.29	53.85	58.15	40.35	57.08	37.61
81	x	0.57	0.02	0.34	0.02	1.61	0.30	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.84	0.37	x	x
81,82	x	0.57	0.02	0.34	0.02	2.45	0.67	3.09	0.92
01-82	x	61.26	40.40	63.63	53.87	60.60	41.02	60.17	38.53
91	x	21.89	4.63	19.89	4.49	20.22	4.28	20.24	4.30
92	x	0.36	21.47	0.32	15.33	0.94	23.06	1.10	24.54
93	x	0.48	13.76	0.37	6.89	0.48	11.00	0.50	11.90
94	x	11.46	12.51	11.46	12.51	11.24	12.44	17.56	20.52
95	x	2.83	5.03	2.72	4.82	2.95	4.93		
96	x	0.17	0.05	0.17	0.05	0.19	0.06		
97	x	0.30	0.13	0.26	0.13	0.34	0.21		
98	x	1.25	2.02	1.18	2.01	2.63	2.81		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.41	0.19	0.43	0.21
91-99	x	38.74	59.60	36.37	46.13	39.40	58.98	39.83	61.47
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)	male :	120366		female :	112824				
sample persons	male :	4315		female :	4040				

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

RAJASTHAN

URBAN

activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.12	—	0.12	0.84	0.05	—	x	x
11	0	5.74	4.00	5.76	3.98	4.63	4.19	x	x
	1-9	18.38	4.65	19.10	7.66	18.11	4.68	x	x
	0	0.83	2.06	0.83	2.06	0.63	1.45	x	x
21	1-9	2.54	1.62	3.04	3.76	2.63	1.52	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.54	0.10	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.44	0.18	x	x
	0	6.57	6.06	6.59	6.04	5.80	5.74	5.82	5.26
11,21,61	1-9	20.92	6.27	22.14	11.42	21.18	6.38	20.95	6.36
	0-9	27.49	12.33	28.73	17.46	26.98	12.12	26.77	11.62
	0	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.03
31,71	1-9	18.67	1.27	18.72	1.31	18.67	1.44	18.51	1.36
41	x	0.45	—	0.45	0.04	0.48	0.15	x	x
	0	0.71	0.22	0.71	0.22	0.55	0.22	0.46	0.19
51	1-9	4.37	1.42	4.43	1.60	4.25	1.19	4.22	1.00
41,51	0-9	5.53	1.64	5.59	1.86	5.28	1.56	4.68	1.19
01-71	x	51.88	15.27	53.23	20.70	51.03	15.15	50.05	14.20
81	x	2.00	0.23	1.94	0.14	2.38	0.12	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.35	0.05	x	x
81,82	x	2.00	0.23	1.94	0.14	2.73	0.17	3.18	0.55
01-82	x	53.88	15.50	55.17	20.84	53.76	15.32	53.23	14.75
91	x	32.23	16.82	31.16	16.65	31.51	16.71	31.56	16.67
92	x	0.26	40.10	0.26	36.83	0.21	40.33	0.28	40.87
93	x	0.53	9.88	0.41	7.98	0.55	9.43	0.56	9.45
94	x	7.82	11.58	7.82	11.58	7.73	11.26	13.92	18.13
95	x	2.09	4.27	1.99	4.27	1.90	4.14		
96	x	0.97	0.24	0.97	0.24	1.06	0.15		
97	x	0.38	—	0.38	—	0.44	0.11		
98	x	1.84	1.61	1.84	1.61	2.50	2.43		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.34	0.12	0.45	0.13
91-99	x	46.12	84.50	44.83	79.16	46.24	84.68	46.77	85.25
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)	male :	37331		female :	33785				
sample persons	male :	2121		female :	1918				

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total work force.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

SIKKIM											RURAL	
activity codes		usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
status	(1)	industry (2)	male (3)	female (4)	male (5)	female (6)	male (7)	female (8)	male (9)	female (10)		
01-04	.	x	0.38	—	0.38	—	—	—	—	—		
11	.	0	20.30	2.06	20.31	2.79	19.40	1.51	x	x		
		1-9	7.60	1.26	7.60	1.26	7.22	1.26	x	x		
21	.	0	3.71	10.59	5.03	12.11	5.00	12.56	x	x		
		1-9	1.02	0.44	1.02	0.44	0.64	0.44	x	x		
61	.	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x		
		1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x		
11,21	.	0	24.01	12.65	25.34	14.90	24.40	14.07	24.48	14.08		
61	.	1-9	8.62	1.70	8.62	1.70	7.86	1.70	7.59	1.70		
		0-9	32.63	14.35	33.96	16.60	32.26	15.77	32.07	15.78		
31,71	.	0	0.64	0.84	0.64	0.84	0.64	—	0.85	—		
		1-9	12.83	—	12.83	—	12.83	0.84	12.68	0.84		
41	.	x	3.33	1.99	3.33	1.99	2.70	1.99	x	x		
51	.	0	3.54	2.05	3.54	2.38	3.98	2.38	3.92	2.38		
		1-9	1.72	1.46	1.72	1.46	1.72	1.46	4.03	3.12		
41,51	.	0-9	8.59	5.50	3.59	5.83	8.40	5.83	7.95	5.50		
01-71	.	x	55.07	20.69	56.40	23.27	54.13	22.44	53.55	22.12		
81	.	x	1.18	—	1.18	—	1.18	—	x	x		
82	.	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x		
81,82	.	x	1.18	—	1.18	—	1.18	—	1.59	0.34		
81-82	.	x	56.25	20.69	57.58	23.27	55.31	22.44	55.14	22.46		
91	.	x	36.42	33.62	35.09	32.10	36.05	39.24	36.05	34.24		
92	.	x	0.38	27.83	0.38	27.50	1.05	27.45	1.04	27.44		
93	.	x	1.02	9.93	1.02	9.20	0.64	9.42	0.82	9.42		
94	.	x	3.06	4.51	3.06	4.51	3.06	5.56	—	—		
95	.	x	2.87	2.35	2.87	2.35	3.25	2.35	—	—		
96	.	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.31	8.44		
97	.	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	.	x	—	1.07	—	1.07	—	0.54	—	—		
99	.	x	x	x	x	x	0.64	—	0.64	—		
91-99	.	x	43.75	79.31	42.42	76.73	44.69	77.56	44.86	77.54		
01-99	.	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
estimated persons (00) :		male :	1280		female :	1116						
sample persons :		male :	198		female :	176						

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

SIKKIM

URBAN

activity codes	status	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04		x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
11		0	1.13	—	1.13	—	1.13	—	x	x
		1-9	15.57	0.68	16.27	1.81	15.12	0.68	x	x
21		0	0.70	0.61	0.70	0.61	0.70	0.61	x	x
		1-9	3.01	0.49	3.01	0.49	2.68	0.49	x	x
61		0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
		1-9	x	x	x	x	0.35	—	x	x
11,21,		0	1.83	0.61	1.83	0.61	1.83	0.61	1.83	0.61
61		1-9	18.58	1.17	19.28	2.30	18.13	1.17	17.46	1.17
		0-9	20.41	1.78	21.11	2.91	19.96	1.78	19.29	1.78
31,71		0	—	0.99	—	0.99	—	0.99	—	0.85
		1-9	44.66	11.75	44.66	11.75	44.23	11.75	44.18	11.75
41		x	1.30	1.42	1.30	1.42	1.30	1.42	x	x
51		0	—	0.43	—	0.43	—	0.43	—	0.37
		1-9	2.49	1.41	2.49	1.41	2.84	1.41	3.44	2.42
41,51		0-9	3.79	3.26	3.79	3.26	4.14	3.26	3.44	2.79
01-71		x	68.86	17.78	69.56	18.91	68.33	17.78	66.91	17.17
81		x	5.42	0.93	5.42	0.93	4.63	0.93	x	x
82		x	x	x	x	x	1.84	—	x	x
81,82		x	5.42	0.93	5.42	0.93	6.46	0.93	7.77	1.47
01-82		x	74.28	18.71	74.98	19.84	74.79	18.71	74.68	18.64
91		x	19.46	30.32	19.46	30.32	19.35	30.32	19.35	30.32
92		x	0.96	4.95	0.96	34.95	0.80	35.94	0.79	35.93
93		x	1.36	9.02	0.66	7.87	1.36	7.42	1.36	7.42
94		x	2.44	3.43	2.44	3.43	2.20	3.43	} 3.82	} 7.69
95		x	0.16	2.98	0.16	2.98	0.16	3.59		
96		x	1.10	0.61	1.10	0.61	1.10	0.61		
97		x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98		x	0.24	—	0.24	—	0.24	—		
99		x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—
91-99		x	25.72	81.31	25.02	80.16	25.21	81.31	25.32	81.36
01-99		x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male: 244

female: 173

sample persons male: 231

female: 179

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce,

\*\*31,71 includes 01-04 51(1-9); includes 41,



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

TAMIL NADU

RURAL

activity codes	status	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.50	—	0.50	0.02	0.43	0.02	x	x
11	0	16.34	5.28	16.98	8.68	15.71	5.29	x	x
	1-9	7.98	2.39	7.98	2.39	7.65	2.45	x	x
21	0	4.00	7.28	4.34	9.97	3.46	5.53	x	x
	1-9	1.12	2.38	1.12	2.38	1.21	2.13	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.30	0.11	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.19	0.02	x	x
11,21,	0	20.34	12.50	21.32	18.65	19.47	10.93	18.79	9.98
61	1-9	9.10	4.77	9.10	4.77	9.05	4.60	8.16	4.11
	0-9	29.44	17.27	30.42	23.42	28.52	15.53	26.95	14.09
31,71	0	1.60	0.41	1.65	0.42	1.73	0.47	2.47	0.51
	1-9	7.46	1.74	7.46	1.74	7.49	1.97	7.06	1.86
41	x	0.42	0.13	0.42	0.13	0.46	0.18	x	x
51	0	21.19	19.49	21.90	22.50	15.42	13.55	10.91	9.04
	1-9	5.15	2.79	5.15	2.79	6.40	3.00	5.32	2.56
41,51	0-9	26.76	22.41	27.47	25.42	22.28	16.73	16.23	11.60
01-71	x	65.76	41.83	67.50	51.02	60.45	34.72	52.71	28.06
81	x	2.80	1.98	1.88	0.96	4.69	3.47	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	1.70	1.37	x	x
81,82	x	2.80	1.98	1.88	0.96	6.39	4.84	12.00	8.55
01-82	x	68.56	43.81	69.38	51.98	66.84	39.56	64.71	36.61
91	x	21.72	14.52	21.34	14.33	21.22	14.19	21.20	14.15
92	x	0.18	19.06	0.18	15.66	0.53	22.61	1.09	24.37
93	x	0.18	11.44	0.14	7.02	0.22	10.65	0.26	11.32
94	x	4.14	5.56	4.14	5.56	3.97	5.39	} 12.05	} 12.71
95	x	4.03	4.41	3.74	4.36	4.09	4.52		
96	x	0.38	0.64	0.38	0.57	0.38	0.46		
97	x	—	0.07	—	0.07	—	0.04		
98	x	0.81	0.49	0.70	0.45	2.30	1.82		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.45	0.76	0.69	0.84
91-99	x	31.44	56.19	30.62	48.02	33.16	60.44	35.21	63.39
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male: 137258

female: 141928

sample persons male: 4329

female : 4459

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31,71, includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

TAMILNADU

URBAN

activity codes status**	current week status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	11.0	15.0	x	11.0	x	0.02	x	11.0
11	x	8.8	10.2	0	2.84	2.83	1.43	0	2.74
21	x	0.25	1.9	14.56	3.11	14.73	5.82	14.13	3.00
61	x	0.76	1.9	0.44	0.55	0.44	0.55	0.54	0.56
11-21	x	0.02	0	x	x	x	x	0.02	0.02
61	x	0.15	0	x	x	x	x	0.15	0.08
31-71	x	3.06	0	3.28	1.97	3.27	1.98	3.30	2.26
41	x	1.01	1.9	16.88	5.17	17.31	8.51	16.65	5.22
51	x	3.08	0.9	20.16	7.14	20.58	10.49	19.95	7.48
81-82	x	0.11	0	0.52	0.23	0.52	0.23	0.51	0.20
91-99	x	0.54	1.9	25.52	4.93	25.77	5.05	25.14	4.90
01-71	x	0.20	0	0.10	—	0.10	—	0.14	0.02
81	x	0.28	0	2.82	2.62	2.82	2.62	1.67	1.77
81-82	x	1.05	1.9	9.69	4.39	10.54	5.50	9.84	4.65
82	x	1.82	0.9	12.61	7.01	13.46	8.12	11.65	6.44
81-82	x	1.82	0.9	12.61	7.01	13.46	8.12	11.65	6.44
82	x	5.52	x	5.46	2.30	4.47	1.83	5.52	1.72
81-82	x	0.99	x	5.46	2.30	4.47	1.83	6.51	2.52
82	x	21.56	x	64.27	21.61	64.80	25.72	64.36	21.56
91	x	26.47	x	26.47	22.32	25.97	22.10	25.90	21.72
92	x	0.43	x	0.43	0.42	0.43	0.38	0.35	0.52
93	x	0.05	x	0.05	5.70	0.05	4.49	0.01	5.25
94	x	2.84	x	2.84	3.03	2.84	3.03	2.64	2.95
95	x	3.85	x	3.85	4.19	3.83	4.89	3.78	4.91
96	x	1.17	x	1.17	0.66	1.16	0.66	1.16	0.48
97	x	0.35	x	0.35	—	—	—	—	—
98	x	0.33	x	0.35	0.35	0.33	0.33	1.57	1.23
99	x	0.23	x	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.25
91-99	x	0.08	x	0.35	0.73	0.35	0.20	0.35	0.20
01-99	x	100.00	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)	male : 78631				female : 79243				
sample persons :	male : 4206				female : 4262				

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41



TABLE(1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

TRIPURA

RURAL

activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.21	0.11	0.21	0.17	0.21	0.11	x	x
11	0	16.53	1.69	16.54	22.58	16.75	16.68	x	x
1-9	1-9	7.67	0.17	7.67	0.17	7.51	0.25	x	x
21	0	2.73	0.15	3.35	0.83	2.72	0.38	x	x
	1-9	0.94	0.87	0.94	0.87	0.94	0.76	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.05	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11-21	0	19.26	1.84	19.89	3.41	19.52	2.06	20.10	1.85
61	1-9	8.61	1.04	8.61	1.04	8.45	1.01	8.29	0.97
	0-9	27.87	2.88	28.50	4.45	27.97	3.07	28.39	2.82
31-71	0	0.21	—	0.21	—	0.26	0.11	0.80	0.11
	1-9	8.91	0.18	8.91	0.18	8.95	0.29	8.46	0.34
41	x	1.19	0.19	1.19	0.19	1.19	0.24	x	x
51	0	7.11	0.56	7.11	0.56	7.08	0.56	5.81	0.20
	1-9	8.66	1.02	8.66	1.02	8.37	1.02	9.08	1.18
41-51	0-9	16.96	1.77	16.96	1.77	16.64	1.82	14.89	1.38
01-71	x	54.16	4.94	54.79	6.57	54.03	5.40	52.54	4.65
81	x	0.47	2.91	0.47	2.24	0.59	2.97	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
81-82	x	0.47	2.91	0.47	2.24	0.59	2.97	1.24	3.03
01-82	x	54.63	7.85	55.26	8.81	54.62	8.37	53.78	7.68
91	x	26.28	20.11	25.65	20.11	26.05	19.84	25.96	19.84
92	x	0.74	47.66	0.74	46.73	0.85	46.90	0.86	47.00
93	x	—	5.19	—	5.16	—	5.08	0.37	5.66
94	x	13.77	13.71	13.77	13.71	13.48	13.64	18.55	19.14
95	x	2.66	4.31	2.66	4.31	2.66	14.15		
96	x	0.08	0.10	0.08	0.10	0.08	0.10		
97	x	0.74	0.19	0.74	0.19	0.74	0.19		
98	x	1.10	0.88	1.10	0.88	1.27	1.05		
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.25	0.68	0.48	0.68
91-99	x	45.37	92.15	44.74	91.19	45.38	91.63	46.22	92.32
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons(00) male : 8208

female : 7256

sample persons male: 814

female : 731

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE(I) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

TRIPURA

URBAN

activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
11	0	2.73	—	2.72	—	2.74	—	x	x
	1-9	16.17	0.45	16.68	0.45	16.17	0.45		x
21	0	0.85	—	0.85	—	0.85	—	x	x
	1-9	1.76	—	1.76	—	1.76	—	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11, 21,	0	3.58	—	3.57	—	3.59	—	3.60	—
61	1-9	17.93	0.45	18.44	0.45	17.93	0.45	18.00	0.45
	0-9	21.51	0.45	22.01	0.45	21.52	0.45	21.60	0.45
31, 71	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	26.43	11.82	26.43	11.82	27.68	11.82	27.88	11.82
41	x	0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	x	x
51	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	1.29	0.34	1.61	0.34	1.61	0.34	1.56	0.34
41, 51	0-9	1.54	0.34	1.86	0.34	1.86	0.34	1.56	0.34
01-71	x	49.48	12.61	50.30	12.61	51.06	12.61	51.04	12.61
81	x	4.52	3.87	3.95	3.87	4.20	3.87	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
81, 82	x	4.52	3.87	3.95	3.87	4.20	3.87	4.40	3.87
01-82	x	54.00	16.48	54.25	16.48	55.26	16.48	55.44	16.48
91		30.53	30.69	30.53	30.69	30.53	31.14	30.65	31.14
92	x	—	39.85	—	39.85	—	<del>39.84</del> 39.85	—	39.85
93	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
94	x	9.25	6.85	9.25	6.85	8.58	6.40	—	—
95	x	4.52	4.47	4.27	4.47	3.93	4.47	—	—
96	x	0.25	1.39	0.25	1.39	0.50	1.39	13.91	12.53
97	x	0.59	—	0.59	—	0.34	—	—	—
98	x	0.86	0.27	0.86	0.27	0.86	0.27	—	—
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—
91-99	x	46.00	83.52	45.75	83.52	44.74	<del>83.52</del> 83.52	44.56	83.52
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons(00)	male : 904				female : 847				
sample persons	male : 320				female : 302				

\* Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\* 31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY (USUAL CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX (CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY)

UTTAR PRADESH

RURAL

activity codes	current week status		usual status (adjusted)*		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
01-04			x	0.13	0.02	0.14	0.03	0.13		x	x
11	x		0	26.55	3.59	26.84	5.23	26.48	3.98	x	x
21	x		0	6.64	0.74	6.64	0.74	6.63	0.92	x	x
61	x		0	9.47	7.74	11.93	17.58	9.82	8.51	x	x
11,21,61	x		0	1.88	0.95	1.18	0.95	1.24	1.17	x	x
51(1-9)	x		0	x	x	x	x	0.29	0.09	x	x
31,71	x		0	36.02	11.33	38.77	22.81	36.59	12.58	35.83	10.96
51(1-9)	x		0	7.82	10.69	7.82	15.69	8.02	2.09	7.83	1.84
51(1-9)	x		0	43.84	13.02	46.59	24.50	44.61	14.67	43.66	12.80
41	x		0	1.09	0.12	1.09	0.17	1.03	0.16	1.20	0.16
51(1-9)	x		0	2.82	0.16	2.82	0.16	2.86	0.21	2.74	0.18
51(1-9)	x		0	0.69	0.02	0.69	0.02	0.75	0.01	x	x
51(1-9)	x		0	7.70	3.26	7.89	4.60	6.28	2.47	5.58	1.95
51(1-9)	x		0	2.32	0.37	2.32	0.37	2.80	0.48	3.20	0.42
41,51	x		0	10.71	3.65	10.90	4.99	9.83	2.96	8.78	2.37
01-71	x		x	58.59	16.97	61.54	29.85	58.46	18.00	56.38	15.51
81	x		x	0.94	0.04	0.64	0.03	0.81	0.12	x	x
81,82	x		x	0.94	0.04	0.64	0.03	1.23	0.35	2.16	0.50
01-82	x		x	59.53	17.01	62.18	29.88	59.69	18.35	58.54	16.01
91	x		x	22.39	7.38	20.10	7.17	20.27	6.58	20.32	6.58
92	x		x	0.29	0.80	30.39	0.25	26.06	0.47	31.26	0.83
93	x		x	0.58	23.54	0.47	15.37	0.86	21.06	1.17	22.36
94	x		x	13.24	16.23	13.24	16.23	13.29	16.26		
95	x		x	2.74	4.37	2.58	4.27	2.68	4.35		
96	x		x	0.22	0.24	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.24	18.81	22.76
97	x		x	0.13	0.03	0.13	0.03	0.14	0.03		
98	x		x	0.88	0.81	0.83	0.76	2.11	1.80		
99	x		x					0.26	0.07	0.33	0.09
91-99	x		x	40.47	82.99	37.82	70.12	40.31	81.65	41.46	83.99
01-99	x		x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male : 404736 females: 362608  
 sample 'persons' male : 12924 females: 11630

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.  
 \*\*31,71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX

UTTAR PRADESH

RURAL

activity codes status**	current status		usual status (adjusted)*		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
01-04	x	.	0.21	—	0.23	—	0.21	—	x	x
x 11	x	.	3.03	0.42	3.02	0.42	3.15	0.37	x	x
x 21	x	.	0.79	0.39	0.79	0.39	0.79	0.51	x	x
x 61	x	.	5.68	1.64	6.69	3.10	5.51	1.99	x	x
73-8	x	.	0.01	x	x	x	0.03	x	x	x
88-81	x	.	1.9	x	x	x	0.45	0.06	x	x
88-82	x	.	3.82	0.81	3.81	0.81	3.97	0.88	3.85	0.80
88-83	x	.	1.6	3.27	2.74	5.45	2.93	3.77	25.34	3.28
88-84	x	.	0.98	4.08	3.26	6.26	29.90	4.65	29.19	4.08
88-85	x	.	0.53	0.05	0.53	0.05	0.42	0.05	0.41	0.05
88-86	x	.	1.94	3.40	1.10	3.45	19.06	3.54	19.08	3.46
88-87	x	.	0.26	—	0.27	—	0.23	—	x	x
88-88	x	.	0.95	0.42	0.95	0.42	0.89	0.76	0.80	0.70
88-89	x	.	4.35	0.81	4.63	1.43	4.09	0.85	3.64	0.70
88-90	x	.	5.56	1.23	5.85	1.85	5.21	1.61	4.44	1.40
01-71	x	.	55.32	8.76	56.97	11.61	54.80	9.85	53.12	8.99
81	x	.	2.31	0.30	1.99	0.30	2.27	0.22	x	x
81, 82	x	.	2.31	0.30	1.99	0.30	2.78	0.30	3.95	0.41
81-82	x	.	57.63	9.06	58.96	11.91	57.58	10.15	57.07	9.40
91	x	.	28.34	21.37	27.31	21.20	26.48	20.17	26.50	20.09
92	x	.	0.41	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.44	0.37	0.59	0.37
93	x	.	0.19	0.18	0.13	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.16
94	x	.	8.48	9.79	8.48	9.79	8.20	9.64	8.20	9.64
95	x	.	2.17	3.45	2.09	3.39	2.18	3.50	2.18	3.50
96	x	.	1.25	0.31	1.14	0.31	1.35	0.30	15.34	16.23
97	x	.	0.22	0.12	0.22	0.12	0.22	0.08	0.08	0.08
98	x	.	1.31	0.63	1.31	0.63	3.14	2.58	—	—
99	x	.	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.28	0.05	0.35	0.07
91-99	x	.	42.37	90.94	41.04	88.09	42.42	89.85	42.93	90.60
01-99	x	.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male : 93077

female : 80382

sample persons male : 5349

female : 4710

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 : 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

WEST BENGAL										RURAL
activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	x	0.21	—	0.21	0.02	0.22	—	x	x	
11	0	14.93	1.37	16.04	8.05	14.58	1.50	x	x	
	1-9	7.31	1.30	7.31	1.30	7.45	1.44	x	x	
21	0	4.73	0.60	5.66	4.02	4.95	1.09	x	x	
	1-9	1.18	0.55	1.18	0.55	1.20	0.88	x	x	
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.35	—	x	x	
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.10	0.02	x	x	
11, 21, 61	0	19.66	1.97	21.70	12.07	19.88	2.59	18.68	2.37	
	1-9	8.49	1.85	8.49	1.85	8.75	2.34	8.38	1.93	
	0-9	28.15	3.82	30.19	13.92	28.63	4.93	27.06	4.30	
31, 71	0	2.50	0.59	2.53	0.65	2.55	0.59	2.99	0.61	
	1-9	5.09	0.67	5.09	0.67	5.00	0.69	4.81	0.67	
41	x	0.35	0.01	0.35	0.01	0.67	0.08	x	x	
51	0	19.96	4.59	20.24	6.35	15.55	2.97	12.16	2.06	
	1-9	2.69	0.94	2.69	0.94	3.88	1.14	3.66	0.93	
41, 51	0-9	23.00	5.54	23.28	7.30	20.10	4.19	15.82	2.99	
01-71	x	58.95	10.62	61.30	22.56	56.50	10.40	50.68	8.57	
81	x	2.39	0.54	1.51	0.39	3.19	1.21	x	x	
82	x	x	x	x	x	1.26	1.09	x	x	
81, 82	x	2.39	0.54	1.51	0.39	4.45	2.30	8.80	3.15	
01-82	x	61.34	11.16	62.81	22.95	60.95	12.70	59.48	11.72	
91	x	21.99	15.52	20.88	15.34	21.60	15.48	21.72	15.55	
92	x	0.30	27.89	0.30	23.96	0.39	29.35	1.06	29.81	
93	x	0.66	28.01	0.54	20.49	0.70	24.67	0.83	25.04	
94	x	8.86	9.47	8.64	9.47	8.38	9.43	16.26	17.78	
95	x	2.85	3.75	2.68	3.68	2.72	3.72			
96	x	0.37	0.33	0.36	0.29	0.34	0.22			
97	x	0.15	0.30	0.14	0.29	0.19	0.32			
98	x	3.68	3.57	3.65	3.53	4.22	4.03			
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.51	0.08	0.65	0.10	
91-99	x	38.66	88.84	37.19	77.05	39.05	87.30	40.52	88.28	
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
estimated persons (00)	male : 184622			female : 173440						
sample persons	male : 5933			female : 5659						

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 ; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENTWEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

WEST BENGAL										URBAN	
activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**			
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	0.11	0.07	0.11	0.07	0.07	0.01	x	x		
11	0	0.91	0.13	0.90	0.12	0.81	0.13	x	x		
	1-9	15.62	1.65	16.35	4.11	15.83	1.94	x	x		
21	0	0.18	0.04	0.18	0.04	0.20	0.04	x	x		
	1-9	4.23	0.43	4.61	1.70	4.08	0.54	x	x		
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.01	—	x	x		
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.23	0.08	x	x		
11, 21,	0	1.09	0.17	1.08	0.16	1.02	0.17	0.94	0.16		
61	1-9	19.85	2.08	20.96	5.81	20.14	2.56	19.55	2.31		
	0-9	20.94	2.25	22.04	5.97	21.16	2.73	20.49	2.47		
31, 71	0	0.15	0.21	0.15	0.02	0.11	0.02	0.11	0.02		
	1-9	29.22	5.81	29.26	6.00	29.56	6.09	29.38	5.93		
41	x	0.18	—	0.18	—	0.16	—	x	x		
51	0	0.41	0.12	0.41	0.12	0.27	0.05	0.22	0.05		
	1-9	6.31	2.39	6.75	2.58	6.31	2.58	5.36	2.14		
-41, 51	0-9	6.90	2.51	7.34	2.70	6.74	2.63	5.58	2.19		
01-71	x	57.32	10.66	58.90	14.76	57.6 <sup>a</sup>	11.48	55.56	10.61		
81	x	6.57	2.60	5.60	2.12	5.73	2.06	x	x		
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.65	0.48	x	x		
81, 82	x	6.57	2.60	5.60	2.12	6.36	6.38	2.54	7.51	2.75	
01-82	x	63.89	13.26	64.50	16.88	64.02	14.02	63.07	13.36		
91	x	25.80	24.49	25.44	24.04	25.71	24.27	25.72	24.25		
92	x	0.70	43.31	0.65	40.96	0.59	44.36	0.93	44.94		
93	x	—	8.82	—	8.09	—	6.61	0.02	6.68		
94	x	3.57	4.17	3.57	4.17	3.53	4.17	9.98	10.64		
95	x	3.20	4.61	3.07	4.61	2.92	4.58				
96	x	1.43	0.51	1.42	0.45	1.41	0.57				
97	x	0.08	0.17	0.08	0.14	0.10	0.17				
98	x	1.33	0.66	1.27	0.66	1.53	1.13				
99	x	x	x	x	x	0.19	0.12	0.28	0.13		
91-99	x	36.11	86.74	35.50	83.12	35.98	85.98	36.93	86.64		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) male : 68568 female : 57578  
 sample persons male : 3898 female : 3333

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 ; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND

BENGAL RURAL

activity codes	current day status**	current week status	usual status (adjusted)*		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
			male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
10-04	x	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	x	x
11	x	0.07	10.47	1.54	10.47	3.08	8.33	0.93	x	x
21	x	0.11	3.50	0.18	3.50	0.18	3.77	0.18	x	x
61	x	0.04	0.80	0.28	0.80	0.28	0.80	0.28	x	x
11, 21	x	0.08	15.80	7.74	17.49	10.69	15.25	7.28	15.19	7.29
61	x	0.05	4.30	0.46	4.30	0.46	4.57	0.46	4.69	0.35
31, 71	x	0.09	20.10	8.20	21.79	11.15	19.82	7.74	19.88	7.64
41	x	0.05	10.09	0.70	10.16	0.70	9.86	0.45	9.81	0.40
41	x	0.05	18.54	1.84	18.54	1.84	18.82	2.09	18.77	2.07
41, 51	x	0.10	1.55	0.24	1.55	0.24	2.20	0.47	x	x
41, 51	x	0.05	3.41	0.45	3.54	1.10	3.25	0.22	2.97	0.22
41, 51	x	0.05	2.75	0.28	2.75	0.28	3.48	0.58	5.05	0.95
41, 51	x	0.05	7.71	0.97	7.84	1.53	8.93	1.27	8.02	1.17
01-71	x	56.60	11.71	58.49	15.22	57.51	11.55	56.48	11.28	11.28
81	x	4.38	1.03	4.10	0.90	2.42	0.80	x	x	x
81, 82	x	4.38	1.03	4.10	0.90	4.06	1.25	5.09	1.50	1.50
81-82	x	60.98	12.74	62.59	16.12	61.57	12.80	61.57	12.78	12.78
91	x	30.74	30.42	29.13	29.01	29.99	29.42	29.99	29.42	29.42
92	x	14.57	14.57	14.44	14.44	21.93	21.93	21.93	21.93	21.93
93	x	0.23	29.59	0.23	27.75	0.23	22.84	0.23	22.84	22.84
94	x	8.53	8.42	6.53	8.42	6.29	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33
95	x	1.42	4.16	1.42	4.16	1.50	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27
96	x	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
97	x	4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14
98	x	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
99	x	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
91-99	x	39.02	87.26	37.41	83.88	38.43	87.20	38.44	87.22	87.22
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) male : 722 female : 544  
 sample persons male : 848 female : 622

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 ; 51(1-9) includes 41.

\*\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 ; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND

URBAN

activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.20	—	0.20	—	0.20	—	x	x
11	0	1.40	—	1.40	—	0.67	—	x	x
	1-9	4.22	—	4.22	0.58	4.22	—	x	x
21	0	0.20	—	0.20	—	0.20	—	x	x
	1-9	1.31	—	1.31	—	1.31	—	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11, 21	0	1.60	—	1.60	—	0.87	—	0.87	—
61	1-9	5.53	—	5.53	0.58	5.53	—	5.67	—
	0-9	7.13	—	7.13	0.58	6.40	—	6.54	—
31, 71	0	1.89	—	1.89	—	2.26	—	2.08	—
	1-9	45.13	7.40	45.13	7.40	45.32	6.91	45.50	6.91
41	x	3.37	0.55	3.37	0.55	3.07	0.55	x	x
51	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
41, 51	1-9	—	1.63	5.79	2.16	5.71	2.16	7.78	2.42
	0-9	9.16	2.18	9.16	2.71	8.78	2.71	7.78	2.42
01-71	x	63.51	9.58	63.51	10.69	62.96	9.62	61.90	9.33
81	x	6.09	5.42	6.09	5.42	6.08	2.52	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.56	4.18	x	x
81, 82	x	6.09	5.42	6.09	5.42	6.64	6.70	7.46	6.99
01-82	x	69.60	15.00	69.60	16.11	69.60	16.32	69.36	16.32
91	x	27.61	27.80	27.16	27.80	27.61	27.70	27.66	27.70
92	x	0.75	35.95	0.75	35.37	0.56	37.19	0.55	37.19
93	x	—	14.95	—	14.42	—	12.66	0.11	12.66
94	x	1.56	5.05	1.56	5.05	1.56	4.36	2.28	6.13
95	x	—	1.11	—	1.11	0.00	1.11		
96	x	0.48	0.14	0.48	0.14	0.48	0.86		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	—	—	—	—	0.19	—		
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	0.04	—
91-99	x	30.40	85.00	30.40	83.89	30.40	83.68	30.64	83.68
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00) : male : 269      female : 188  
 sample persons : male : 323      female : 229

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04 : 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## CHANDIGARH

## RURAL

activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
stauts	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	x	x
11	0	9.72	2.01	12.18	13.81	8.48	13.81	x	x
	1-9	8.50	-	8.50	-	8.50	-	x	x
21	0	2.47	-	2.47	6.02	2.47	6.02	x	x
	1-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	2.47	-	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	x
11, 21	0	12.19	2.01	14.65	19.83	13.42	19.83	13.44	9.92
	1-9	8.50	-	8.50	-	8.50	-	8.50	-
61	0-9	20.69	2.01	23.15	19.83	21.92	19.83	21.94	9.92
31, 71	0	3.56	-	3.56	2.01	3.56	-	3.56	-
	1-9	31.08	-	31.06	-	31.08	2.01	31.08	2.01
41	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	x	-
51	0	2.47	-	2.47	-	2.47	-	2.47	-
	1-9	17.79	-	17.79	-	17.79	-	17.79	-
41,51	0-9	20.25	-	20.25	-	20.26	-	20.26	-
01-71	x	75.59	2.01	78.05	21.84	76.82	21.84	76.84	11.93
81	x	2.47	-	1.24	-	2.47	-	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	x
81, 82	x	2.47	-	1.24	-	2.47	-	2.47	-
01-82	x	78.06	2.01	79.29	21.84	79.29	21.84	79.29	11.93
91	x	13.44	13.82	13.44	13.82	17.00	19.60	17.00	19.60
92	x	-	23.61	-	19.60	-	19.60	-	24.61
93	x	-	43.21	-	27.39	-	27.39	-	32.29
94	x	6.03	17.35	6.03	17.35	2.47	11.57	3.71	11.57
95	x	-	-	-	-	-	-		
96	x	2.47	-	1.24	-	1.24	-		
97	x	-	-	-	-	-	-		
98	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-
91-99	x	21.94	97.99	20.71	78.16	20.71	78.16	20.71	88.07
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)		male : 216		female : 132					
sample persons		male : 49		female : 31					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

CHANDIGARH

URBAN

activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	×	—	—	—	—	—	0.64	×	×
11	0	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.21	0.26	×	×
	1-9	11.19	6.07	11.19	6.35	13.43	3.08	×	×
21	0	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	×	×
	1-9	1.24	0.86	1.69	1.14	2.40	0.86	×	×
	0	×	×	×	×	—	—	×	×
	1-9	×	×	×	×	0.22	—	×	×
	0	0.23	—	0.23	—	0.21	0.54	0.22	0.28
11,21,	1-9	12.43	6.93	12.88	7.49	16.05	3.94	15.94	3.97
61	0-9	12.66	6.93	13.11	7.49	16.26	4.48	16.16	4.25
	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31,71	1-9	39.19	17.81	41.22	19.63	43.53	14.64	43.55	14.16
41	×	—	—	—	—	—	—	×	×
51	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	0.23	0.27	0.23	0.27	0.60 ✓	0.27	0.91	0.27
41,51	0-9	0.23	0.27	0.23	0.27	0.83 0.60 ✓	0.27	0.91	0.27
01-71	×	52.08	25.01	54.56	27.39	60.39 ✓	20.03	60.62	18.68
81	×	8.05	3.58	6.02	3.58	9.47	5.42	×	×
82	×	×	×	×	×	—	0.55	×	×
81,82	×	8.05	3.58	6.02	3.58	9.47	5.97	9.54	5.74
01-82	×	60.13	28.59	60.58	30.97	69.86 ✓ 76.09 ✓	26.00	70.16	24.42
91	×	32.07	16.63	31.62	16.63	27.52 ✓ 27.29 ✓	17.49	27.20	17.64
92	×	1.82	20.35	2.82	19.05	0.53	23.67	0.54	25.42
93	×	2.12	28.60	2.12	27.50	—	26.09	—	25.72
94	×	1.45	3.95	1.45	3.95	0.75	3.95	2.10	6.80
95	×	2.41	1.90	2.41	1.90	1.34	2.80		
96	×	—	—	—	—	—	—		
97	×	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	×	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
99	×	×	×	×	×	—	—	—	—
91-99	×	39.87	71.43	39.42	69.03	29.91 ✓ 30.14 ✓	74.00	29.84	75.58
01-99	×	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (00)

male : 2231

female : 1837

sample persons

male : 191

female : 157

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

## DADRA &amp; NAGAR HAVELI

## RURAL

activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
	status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	1.41	1.12	1.41	1.12	1.16	0.26	x	x
11	0	18.47	12.25	18.47	12.25	18.38	4.11	x	x
	1-9	1.43	—	1.43	—	1.91	—	x	x
21	0	9.44	30.22	8.67	30.22	7.26	12.24	x	x
	1-9	0.26	0.56	0.26	0.56	0.26	0.56	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.25	0.27	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11,21,61	0	26.91	42.47	27.14	42.47	25.89	16.62	21.17	12.80
	1-9	1.69	0.56	1.69	0.56	2.17	0.56	1.84	0.32
	0-9	28.60	43.03	28.83	43.03	28.06	17.18	23.01	13.12
31,71	0	0.84	0.44	0.84	0.44	0.98	0.44	2.51	0.70
	1-9	14.34	1.72	14.34	1.72	14.32	1.72	13.28	1.62
41	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
51	0	12.05	13.95	12.05	13.95	8.07	4.40	6.32	3.16
	1-9	9.96	2.80	9.96	2.80	10.38	3.18	9.72	3.15
41,51	0-9	22.01	16.75	22.01	16.75	18.45	7.58	16.04	6.31
01-71	x	67.20	63.06	67.43	63.06	62.97	27.18	54.84	21.75
81	x	0.83	0.61	0.83	0.61	1.96	1.35	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	1.35	1.51	x	x
81,82	x	0.83	0.61	0.83	0.61	3.31	2.86	10.54	5.47
01-82	x	68.03	63.67	68.26	63.67	66.28	30.04	65.38	27.22
91	x	19.89	12.78	19.66	12.78	18.17	10.37	18.38	10.37
92	x	0.26	9.28	0.26	9.28	1.02	23.05	1.50	25.78
93	x	0.23	2.13	0.23	2.13	1.29	23.07	1.29	23.10
94	x	9.66	10.82	9.66	10.82	10.65	11.45	} 13.45	} 13.53
95	x	1.39	1.04	1.39	1.04	1.11	1.06		
96	x	0.20	0.28	0.20	0.28	—	—		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	0.34	—	0.34	—	1.48	0.96		
99	x	x	+	x	—	—	—	—	—
91-99	x	31.97	36.33	31.74	36.33	33.72	69.96	34.62	72.78
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)	male 400,			female 381					
sample persons	male 377			female 364					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

DELHI

RURAL

activity codes (1)	industry (2)	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day** status	
		male (3)	female (4)	male (5)	female (6)	male (7)	female (8)	male (9)	female (10)
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
11	0	22.87	1.76	24.73	3.95	22.86	1.74	x	x
	1-9	2.61	—	2.61	—	0.75	2.20	x	x
21	0	5.60	8.81	7.46	32.75	3.74	19.53	x	—
	1-9	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11,21,61	0	28.47	10.57	32.19	36.70	26.60	21.27	25.00	15.93
	1-9	2.61	—	2.61	—	0.75	2.20	0.75	0.16
	0-9	31.08	10.57	34.80	36.70	27.35	23.47	25.75	16.09
31,71	0	5.46	—	5.46	—	5.46	—	5.46	—
	1-9	20.78	2.20	20.78	2.20	20.78	2.20	21.04	2.20
41	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
51	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	3.72	—	3.82	—	1.86	—	1.60	—
41,51	0-9	3.72	—	3.72	—	1.86	—	1.60	—
01-71	x	61.04	12.77	64.76	38.90	55.45	25.67	53.85	18.29
81	x	3.72	—	1.86	—	7.45	—	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	1.86	—	x	x
81,82	x	3.72	—	1.86	—	9.31	—	10.91	—
01-82	x	64.76	12.77	66.62	38.90	64.76	25.67	64.76	18.29
91	x	28.58	15.71	28.58	15.71	28.58	15.71	28.58	15.71
92	x	—	44.21	—	26.65	1.49	45.09	1.48	47.13
93	x	1.49	18.18	1.49	9.61	—	2.20	—	7.55
94	x	3.31	6.05	3.81	6.05	3.31	6.05	5.18	11.32
95	x	—	3.08	—	3.08	—	3.08		
96	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	1.86	—	—	—	1.86	2.20	—	—
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—
91-99	x	35.24	87.23	33.38	61.10	35.24	74.33	35.24	81.71
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)		male : 1600,		female : 1357					
sample persons		male : 75,		female : 62					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

DELHI

URBAN

activity codes		usual status		usual status* (adjusted)		current week status		current day status**	
		status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	×	0.32	—	0.32	×	0.32	×	×	×
11	0	0.67	—	0.36	—	0.57	—	×	×
	1-9	19.38	2.52	19.98	2.80	19.40	2.72	×	×
	0	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.05	×	×
21	1-9	2.94	2.30	3.24	2.48	3.21	2.42	×	×
	0	×	×	×	×	—	—	×	×
61	1-9	×	×	×	×	0.91	0.20	×	×
	0	0.74	0.05	0.73	0.05	0.84	0.05	0.65	0.05
11,21	1-9	22.32	4.82	23.22	5.28	23.52	5.34	23.37	5.15
61	0-9	23.06	4.87	23.95	5.33	24.16	5.39	24.02	5.20
31,71	0	0.13	—	0.13	—	0.19	—	0.34	—
	1-9	27.71	6.25	28.21	6.37	28.92	5.76	29.11	5.74
41	×	0.87	—	0.87	—	0.91	—	×	×
51	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1-9	4.98	1.54	4.98	1.65	4.63	1.76	4.71	1.61
41,51	0-9	5.85	1.54	5.85	1.65	5.54	1.76	4.71	1.61
01-71	×	57.07	12.66	58.46	13.35	59.13	12.91	58.18	12.55
81	×	1.68	0.52	1.56	0.52	1.51	0.49	×	×
82	×	×	×	×	×	0.23	0.05	×	×
81,82	×	1.68	0.52	1.56	0.52	1.74	0.54	2.42	0.74
01-82	×	58.75	13.18	60.02	13.87	60.87	13.45	60.60	13.29
91	×	31.81	27.11	30.82	27.01	30.29	27.28	30.24	27.23
92	×	0.79	31.46	0.79	31.23	0.44	36.26	0.49	36.45
93	×	0.46	19.41	0.46	19.05	—	14.21	—	14.22
94	×	3.09	2.83	3.09	2.83	2.85	2.58	} 8.35	} 8.70
95	×	1.61	3.52	1.61	3.52	1.45	3.45		
96	×	0.90	1.35	0.76	1.35	0.75	0.82		
97	×	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	×	2.59	1.15	2.45	1.15	3.13	1.84		
99	×	×	×	×	×	0.22	0.11	0.22	0.11
91-99	×	41.25	86.83	39.98	86.14	39.13	86.55	39.40	86.71
01-99	×	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00)		male : 30010		female : 24278					
sample persons		male : 1354		female : 1125					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51(1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

RURAL

activity codes	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	0.09	—	0.09	—	0.09	—	x	x
11	0	8.14	0.98	10.98	20.75	6.08	2.27	x	x
	1-9	8.00	1.52	8.00	1.52	9.34	1.47	x	x
21	0	0.35	3.48	9.72	11.66	1.54	4.55	x	x
	1-9	0.15	1.00	0.15	1.00	2.30	1.07	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
11,21,61	0	8.49	4.46	20.70	32.41	7.62	6.82	9.19	7.33
	1-9	8.15	2.52	8.15	2.52	11.64	2.54	10.91	2.29
	0-9	16.64	6.98	28.85	34.93	19.26	9.36	20.10	9.62
31,71	0	1.76	—	1.76	1.00	1.84	—	1.97	—
	1-9	21.19	2.38	21.19	2.38	17.63	3.38	17.45	3.38
41	x	—	—	—	—	—	2.27	x	x
51	0	5.20	8.51	6.01	8.51	2.04	0.54	1.63	0.44
	1-9	4.74	1.38	4.74	1.38	6.50	4.83	4.87	4.55
41,51	0-9	9.94	9.89	10.75	9.89	8.54	7.64	6.50	4.99
01-71	x	49.62	19.25	62.64	48.20	47.36	20.38	46.02	17.99
81	x	2.25	1.25	0.09	1.25	2.25	2.54	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
81,82	x	2.25	1.25	0.09	1.25	2.25	2.54	2.99	4.59
01-82	x	51.87	20.50	62.73	49.45	49.61	22.92	49.01	22.58
91	x	34.55	28.83	29.19	28.83	34.38	27.69	34.38	27.69
92	x	1.34	38.06	—	10.35	—	35.89	0.01	36.08
93	x	—	0.81	—	0.81	—	1.05	0.02	1.20
94	x	3.87	3.80	3.87	3.80	3.87	3.80	15.13	12.37
95	x	6.75	7.50	3.93	6.25	8.08	7.46		
96	x	—	—	—	—	1.48	—		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	1.62	0.50	0.28	0.50	2.58	1.11		
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	0.08	0.47	0.08
91-99	x	48.13	79.50	37.27	50.55	50.39	77.03	57.99	77.42
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

estimated persons (20) male : 2880

female : 3403

sample persons male : 173

female : 192

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

GOA, DAMAN &amp; DIU

URBAN

activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
11	0	3.55	—	3.54	—	3.08	—	x	x
11	1-9	11.23	1.05	11.23	5.15	6.30	2.33	x	x
	0	1.44	0.53	1.44	0.53	1.44	0.53	x	x
21	1-9	—	1.89	1.21	5.74	—	1.89	x	x
	0	x	x	x	—	0.22	x	x	—
61	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	—
	0	4.99	0.53	4.98	0.53	4.74	0.53	4.79	0.53
11,21	1-9	11.23	2.94	12.44	10.89	9.30	4.22	9.41	2.60
61	0-9	16.22	3.42	17.42	11.42	14.04	4.75	14.20	3.13
	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31,71	1-9	37.68	14.37	37.68	14.37	37.70	13.00	36.95	13.00
41	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
51	0	3.53	2.54	3.53	2.54	1.16	3.81	1.18	3.09
	1-9	4.05	—	4.05	—	5.94	1.27	4.38	1.09
41,51	0-9	7.58	2.54	7.58	2.54	7.10	5.08	5.56	4.18
01-71	x	61.48	20.38	62.68	28.33	58.84	22.83	56.71	20.31
81	x	3.38	4.18	2.89	2.62	3.87	1.85	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.72	1.35	x	x
81,82	x	3.3	4.18	2.89	2.62	4.59	3.20	6.27	4.11
01-82	x	64.86	24.56	65.57	30.95	63.43	26.03	62.98	24.42
91	x	28.98	27.35	28.27	26.59	29.48	27.35	29.84	27.35
92	x	—	40.71	—	35.08	0.72	37.17	0.72	38.78
93	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
94	x	0.72	0.76	0.72	0.76	0.22	0.76	6.46	9.45
95	x	3.87	4.55	3.87	4.55	3.87	5.82		
96	x	1.07	—	1.07	—	1.07	—		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	0.50	2.07	0.40	2.07	1.21	2.87		
99	x	x	x	x	—	x	—	—	—
91-99	—	35.14	75.44	34.43	69.05	36.57	73.97	37.02	75.58
01-99	—	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persons (00) male : 2202				female : 2053					
sample persons male : 150				female : 141					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAD) AND SEX

MIZORAM										RURAL	
activity codes	industry	usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		status	
		male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	0.05	—	x	x		
11	0	40.82	8.26	40.82	8.34	40.36	7.73	x	x		
	1-9	1.50	0.80	1.50	0.80	1.65	0.79	x	x		
21	0	14.80	18.56	14.80	19.01	14.35	18.20	x	—		
	1-9	0.08	0.57	0.08	0.57	0.17	0.57	x	x		
61	0	x	x	x	x	0.08	0.09	x	x		
	1-9	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—		
11,21,61	0	55.62	26.82	55.62	27.35	54.79	26.02	53.66	25.28		
	1-9	1.58	1.37	1.58	1.37	1.82	1.36	2.35	1.64		
	0-9	57.20	28.19	57.20	28.72	56.61	27.38	56.01	26.92		
31,71	0	0.16	—	0.16	—	0.23	0.09	0.26	0.09		
	1-9	4.10	1.24	4.10	1.24	4.18	1.32	4.17	1.32		
41	x	0.08	—	0.08	—	0.08	—	x	x		
51	0	0.24	0.08	0.4	0.08	0.74	0.08	0.4	0.15		
	1-9	1.06	0.13	1.06	0.13	1.25	0.31	1.67	0.47		
41, 51	0-9	1.38	0.21	1.38	0.21	1.57	0.39	2.09	0.62		
01-71	x	62.84	29.64	62.84	30.17	62.64	29.18	62.53	8		
81	x	0.08	—	0.08	—	—	—	x	x		
82	x	x	x	x	x	—	0.09	x	x		
81,82	x	0.08	—	0.08	—	—	0.09	0.02	0.09		
01-82	x	62.92	29.64	62.92	30.17	62.64	29.27	62.55	29.04		
91	x	24.70	24.31	24.70	24.22	24.30	24.32	24.30	24.32		
92	x	0.47	5.96	0.47	5.96	0.54	5.62	0.55	5.66		
93	x	0.61	30.46	0.61	30.02	0.94	31.32	0.98	31.50		
94	x	7.83	6.93	7.83	6.93	8.08	6.63	11.62	9.48		
95	x	2.91	2.50	2.91	2.50	2.90	2.52				
96	x	0.09	—	0.09	—	0.09	—				
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—				
98	x	0.47	0.20	0.47	0.20	0.51	0.32				
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—		
91-99	x	37.08	70.36	37.08	69.83	37.36	70.73	37.45	70.96		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) male : 1247

female : 1124

sample persons male : 1311

female : 1171.

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

MIZORAM										URBAN
activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	
status	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	0.09	—	x	x	
11	0	3.12	0.53	3.11	0.53	2.61	0.27	x	x	
	1-9	10.75	6.28	11.36	7.38	11.37	6.19	x	x	
21	0	0.66	1.33	0.66	1.33	0.86	1.09	x	x	
	1-9	2.02	1.97	2.02	3.37	2.02	2.07	x	x	
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x	
	1-9	x	x	x	x	0.23	—	x	x	
11,21,61	0	3.78	1.86	3.77	1.86	3.47	1.36	3.43	1.40	
	1-9	12.77	8.25	13.38	10.75	13.62	8.26	13.47	7.68	
	0-9	16.55	10.11	17.15	12.61	17.09	9.62	16.90	9.08	
31,71	0	0.07	—	0.07	—	0.42	—	0.42	—	
	1-9	29.77	7.36	29.77	7.45	29.35	7.55	29.42	7.55	
41	x	0.87	—	0.87	—	0.87	—	x	x	
51	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	1-9	3.95	0.56	3.95	0.56	3.75	0.56	4.62	0.56	
41,51	0-9	4.82	0.56	4.82	0.56	4.62	0.56	4.62	0.56	
01-71	x	51.21	18.03	51.81	20.62	51.57	17.73	51.36	17.19	
81	x	0.82	0.38	0.82	0.38	0.41	0.38	x	x	
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.69	—	x	—	
81,82	x	0.82	0.38	0.82	0.38	1.10	0.38	1.06	0.38	
01-82	x	52.03	18.41	52.63	21.00	52.67	18.11	52.42	17.57	
								52.46		
91	x	39.06	33.48	38.83	32.87	38.55	33.48	38.55	33.48	
92	x	1.95	24.34	1.95	24.34	1.44	24.44	1.44	24.79	
93	x	1.41	17.38	1.18	15.40	1.61	17.55	1.85	17.44	
94	x	2.37	3.87	2.37	3.87	2.49	3.87	5.74	6.42	
95	x	2.13	2.11	2.13	2.11	2.13	1.68			
96	x	0.44	0.41	0.30	0.41	0.30	0.62			
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—			
98	x	0.61	—	0.61	—	0.81	0.25			
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—			
91-99	x	47.97	81.59	47.37	79.00	46.33	81.89	47.58	82.43	
								47.54		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

estimated persons (00) male : 269

female : 277

sample persons male : 481

female : 489

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS & ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK & CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

PONDICHERRY

RURAL

activity codes		usual status		usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**	
status	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
11	0	15.47	3.49	15.49	3.94	14.52	4.00	x	x
	1-9	6.11	6.23	6.11	6.23	5.37	5.70	x	x
21	0	1.86	0.51	2.99	2.09	2.34	1.06	x	x
	1-0	—	2.63	—	2.63	0.65	2.63	x	x
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	x	x
	1-9	x	x	x	x	1.22	0.53	x	x
11,21,61	0	17.33	4.00	18.48	6.03	16.86	5.06	16.92	5.22
	1-9	6.11	8.86	6.11	8.86	7.24	8.86	7.17	8.71
	0-9	23.44	12.86	24.59	14.89	24.10	13.92	24.09	13.93
31,71	0	2.51	—	2.51	0.45	2.51	—	2.51	0.47
	1-9	12.08	2.53	12.08	2.53	11.60	3.08	10.76	3.00
41	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x
51	0	20.38	13.70	20.38	14.72	12.24	10.00	8.13	4.40
	1-9	2.03	—	2.03	—	1.79	—	1.46	—
41,51	0-9	22.41	13.70	22.41	14.72	14.03	10.00	9.59	4.40
01-71	x	60.44	29.09	61.59	32.59	52.24	27.00	46.95	21.80
81	x	0.97	0.51	0.48	0.51	6.99	3.70	x	x
82	x	x	x	x	x	0.61	0.55	x	x
81-82	x	0.97	0.51	0.48	0.51	7.60	4.25	12.08	9.37
01-82	x	61.41	29.60	62.07	33.10	59.84	31.25	59.03	31.17
91	x	31.43	19.92	30.77	19.33	31.26	19.33	31.26	19.33
92	x	—	26.49	—	26.06	—	25.02	—	25.02
93	x	—	13.38	—	12.49	—	12.30	—	12.30
94	x	1.68	3.54	1.68	3.54	1.68	3.54	} 8.13	} 11.59
95	x	3.87	6.56	3.87	5.97	3.87	6.56		
96	x	—	0.51	—	0.51	—	0.51		
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—		
98	x	1.61	—	1.61	—	2.20	0.90	} 1.57	} 0.59
99	x	x	x	x	x	1.15	0.59		
91-99	x	38.59	70.40	37.93	66.90	40.16	68.85	40.96	68.83
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
estimated persns (00) male : 1066				female : 1187					
sample persons male : 168				female : 181					

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



TABLE (1): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION OF AGE 5 YEARS &amp; ABOVE BY ACTIVITY STATUS (USUAL, CURRENT WEEK &amp; CURRENT DAY) AND SEX.

PONDICHERRY										URBAN	
activity codes	usual status			usual status (adjusted)*		current week status		current day status**		status	
	industry	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
01-04	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x		
11	0	7.35	2.05	7.35	2.05	7.36	2.06	x	x		
	1-9	12.68	5.90	13.46	7.11	12.06	5.90	x	x		
21	0	2.38	0.53	2.38	0.53	2.38	0.53	x	x		
	1-9	1.55	0.27	1.55	0.27	1.55	0.27	x	x		
61	0	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	x		
	1-9	x	x	x	x	1.04	—	x	x		
11,21,61	0	9.73	2.58	9.73	2.58	9.74	2.59	9.73	2.59		
	1-9	14.23	6.17	15.01	7.38	14.65	6.17	14.42	6.17		
	0-9	23.96	8.75	24.74	9.96	23.39	8.76	24.15	8.76		
31,71	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
	1-9	18.95	1.86	18.95	1.86	16.75	1.43	16.88	1.43		
41	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	x		
51	0	2.16	2.34	2.16	2.34	0.70	2.34	0.70	0.67		
	1-9	10.80	3.45	12.19	3.45	11.55	5.99	8.65	5.26		
41,51	0-9	12.96	5.79	14.35	5.79	12.25	8.33	9.35	5.93		
01-71	x	55.87	16.40	58.04	17.61	53.39	18.52	50.38	16.12		
81	x	5.75	3.34	5.33	3.34	8.23	0.43	x	x		
82	x	x	x	x	x	—	0.43	x	—		
81,82	x	5.75	3.34	5.33	3.34	7.23	0.86	11.12	3.27		
01-82	x	61.62	19.74	63.37	20.95	61.62	19.38	61.50	19.39		
91	x	30.06	26.21	28.91	26.21	30.66	27.89	30.66	27.89		
92	x	—	46.49	—	45.28	—	44.99	—	44.99		
93	x	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00	—	1.00		
94	x	2.42	2.25	2.42	2.25	2.42	1.72	7.84	6.73		
95	x	3.05	3.60	3.05	3.60	3.05	4.31				
96	x	1.22	—	1.22	—	1.22	—				
97	x	—	—	—	—	—	—				
98	x	1.03	0.71	1.03	0.71	1.03	0.71				
99	x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	—		
91-99	x	38.38	80.26	36.63	79.05	38.38	80.62	38.50	80.61		
01-99	x	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

estimated persons (00) male : 1284

female : 1247

sample persons male : 163

female : 153

\*Adjustment is made by including marginal workers also in the total workforce.

\*\*31, 71 includes 01-04; 51 (1-9) includes 41.



















TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION  
GUJARAT

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
agriculture	32	84.28	88.63	84.38	93.72	96.97	94.47	8.91	15.96	9.04	74.82	48.75	31.56
	38	79.58	89.65	79.89	92.34	91.66	92.70	9.60	74.87	12.59	29.44	37.15	31.23
mining & quarrying	32	0.56	—	0.54	0.49	—	0.36	0.35	—	0.34	0.13	—	0.09
	38	0.43	—	0.41	0.05	—	0.04	0.07	—	0.07	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	5.97	5.04	5.95	1.94	1.29	1.77	34.98	31.92	34.92	25.55	34.53	28.07
	38	6.79	6.08	6.76	3.03	6.07	3.63	39.75	7.67	38.27	16.78	39.11	22.03
electricity, gas & water	32	0.10	—	0.10	—	—	—	1.11	—	1.09	—	—	—
	38	0.14	—	0.14	—	—	—	0.75	—	0.72	—	—	—
construction	32	0.55	1.36	0.57	0.24	0.17	0.22	2.83	3.99	2.85	3.33	3.52	3.38
	38	2.81	—	2.73	0.58	0.36	0.54	2.33	—	2.22	6.22	—	4.77
trade	32	3.58	4.29	3.60	1.23	0.91	1.15	21.12	36.16	21.39	11.11	4.68	9.30
	38	3.45	2.06	3.38	1.41	1.06	1.33	15.54	14.81	15.46	7.37	13.87	8.89
transport	32	1.29	0.68	1.28	—	0.10	0.03	9.51	2.99	9.40	2.65	1.15	2.23
	38	1.49	2.20	1.44	0.21	—	0.17	8.85	—	8.45	3.50	4.38	3.70
service	32	3.65	—	3.58	2.35	0.56	1.88	21.14	8.98	20.92	32.41	7.37	25.37
	38	5.35	—	5.25	2.37	0.85	2.07	23.08	2.65	22.14	36.69	5.48	29.42
others	32	—	—	—	0.03	—	0.02	0.05	—	0.05	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00































TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

## MANIPUR

Industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
agriculture	32	87.62	34.62	87.08	69.90	37.42	66.62	25.39	100.00	25.65	27.12	27.78	27.18
	38	85.07	71.06	85.00	83.41	37.56	76.69	51.35	—	51.35	62.18	19.36	60.87*
mining & quarrying	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.42	—	0.38
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.86	—	0.86	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	1.90	15.38	2.04	19.87	60.00	23.93	6.43	—	6.41	38.56	50.00	39.38
	38	2.23	28.94	2.39	9.39	59.27	16.70	7.14	—	7.14	20.95	80.64	22.77
electricity, gas & water	32	0.08	—	0.08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	0.14	—	0.14	—	—	—	1.48	—	1.48	—	—	—
construction	32	0.32	—	0.31	—	—	—	2.09	—	2.08	—	—	—
	38	0.53	—	0.53	—	—	—	2.96	—	2.96	—	—	—
trade	32	0.87	50.00	1.38	9.06	2.58	8.41	23.65	—	23.57	22.46	22.22	22.44
	38	3.09	—	3.08	5.47	1.61	4.92	5.06	—	5.06	8.14	—	7.90
transport	32	0.16	—	0.16	—	—	—	1.22	—	1.21	—	—	—
	38	0.30	—	0.30	—	—	—	3.99	—	3.98	—	—	—
services	32	8.69	—	8.60	1.02	—	0.91	41.22	—	41.08	11.02	—	10.24
	38	8.62	—	8.58	1.70	1.56	1.70	27.15	—	27.15	8.72	—	8.46
others	32	0.36	—	0.35	0.15	—	0.13	—	—	—	0.42	—	0.38
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	—	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00







TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION  
NAGALAND

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
agriculture	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	12.03	—	12.03	40.00	50.00	40.74
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.09	—	3.09	10.19	—	10.19
mining & quarring	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.16	—	3.16	—	50.00	3.70
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.02	—	7.02	4.12	—	4.12
electricity gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
construction	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.06	—	5.06	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.97	—	2.97	—	—	—
trade	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	20.25	—	20.25	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	26.04	—	26.04	21.15	—	21.15
transport	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.70	—	5.70	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.92	—	5.92	—	—	—
services	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	53.80	—	53.80	60.00	—	55.56
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	54.94	—	54.94	64.54	—	64.54
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	100.00	—	100.00

Note Survey was not conducted in rural areas.















TABLE (2): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION SIKKIM

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban						
		male			female			male			female			
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
agriculture	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	50.51	100.00	51.69	71.81	100.00	75.06	2.71	—	2.68	6.12	—	5.73	
mining & quarrying	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	2.92	—	2.85	—	—	—	16.11	100.00	16.93	6.06	100.00	11.94	
electricity, gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.87	—	0.86	—	—	—	
construction	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	15.21	—	14.85	17.41	—	15.40	11.59	—	11.47	16.70	—	15.65	
trade	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	14.67	—	14.30	10.79	—	9.55	21.70	—	21.49	2.90	—	2.72	
transport	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	5.55	—	5.43	—	—	—	7.34	—	7.26	—	—	—	
services	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	11.15	—	10.89	—	—	—	39.71	—	39.27	68.24	—	63.86	
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
total	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Note : Survey was not conducted during 32nd round.







TABLE (2): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL BY INDUSTRY DIVISION)

TRIPURA													
industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
agriculture	32	80.63	80.95	80.63	90.78	87.89	90.48	10.68	50.00	11.21	—	25.00	0.85
	38	48.39	100.00	49.00	52.30	42.80	49.96	6.17	—	6.07	—	—	—
mining & quarrying	32	0.88	—	0.87	1.75	—	1.56	0.23	—	0.22	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.66	—	0.65	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	2.65	—	2.60	3.02	6.73	3.41	6.14	—	6.05	1.77	50.00	3.42
	38	9.20	—	9.08	19.19	57.20	28.57	3.18	—	3.09	3.81	—	3.81
electricity, gas and water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.45	—	0.45	—	—	—
	38	0.17	—	0.17	—	—	—	0.70	—	0.69	—	—	—
construction	32	0.79	—	0.78	0.16	—	0.14	2.95	—	2.92	—	—	—
	38	1.57	—	1.55	1.73	—	1.31	2.50	—	2.45	2.86	—	2.86
trade	32	5.38	4.76	5.37	0.16	2.69	0.43	20.00	33.33	20.18	2.65	—	2.56
	38	4.66	—	4.59	—	—	—	22.57	30.55	22.72	—	—	—
transport	32	1.41	—	1.39	—	—	—	7.50	—	7.40	—	—	—
	38	2.64	—	2.61	—	—	—	7.43	38.90	7.97	—	—	—
services	32	8.08	14.29	8.19	4.13	2.69	3.98	52.05	16.67	51.57	95.58	25.00	93.17
	38	33.38	—	32.99	26.76	—	20.16	56.81	30.55	56.34	93.33	—	93.33
others	32	0.18	—	0.17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	—	100.00











S

TABLE (2): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

## ANDAMAN &amp; NICOBAR ISLAND

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban						
		male			female			male			female			
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
agriculture	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	51.09	96.27	52.56	73.82	87.41	76.86	5.53	—	5.53	—	52.63	5.47	
mining & quarring	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	6.77	—	6.57	—	8.89	1.99	10.89	—	10.89	3.88	47.37	8.40	
electricity, gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	2.81	—	2.73	—	—	—	3.81	—	3.81	—	—	—	
construction	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	18.32	—	17.73	3.41	3.71	3.47	18.98	—	18.98	18.91	—	16.95	
trade	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	6.51	—	6.28	2.37	—	1.84	12.19	—	12.19	—	—	—	
transport	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	3.07	—	2.97	—	—	—	14.95	—	14.95	—	—	—	
services	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	11.42	3.73	11.20	20.40	—	15.85	33.63	—	33.63	77.19	—	69.19	
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
total	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Note : Survey was not conducted during 32nd round.



TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

## ARUNACHAL PRADESH

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
agriculture	32	95.50	83.33	95.45	98.69	100.00	98.70	8.06	—	8.06	50.00	100.00	55.56
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
mining & quarrying	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
electricity, gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.23	—	3.23	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
construction	32	1.52	—	1.52	0.58	—	0.58	8.06	—	8.06	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
trade	32	0.21	16.67	0.28	0.44	—	0.43	17.74	—	17.74	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
transport	32	0.35	—	0.34	0.07	—	0.07	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
services]	32	2.42	—	2.41	0.22	—	0.22	62.91	—	62.91	50.00	—	44.44
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	—	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note : 38th round data not tabulated.



TABLE (2): PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION  
CHANDIGARH

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
agriculture	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.14	—	1.14	3.74	—	3.74
	38	22.86	100.00	25.33	100.00	89.88	90.81	0.43	—	0.41	—	23.53	2.05
mining & quarrying	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.57	—	0.57	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.44	—	11.44	7.48	—	7.48
	38	20.99	—	20.33	—	—	—	10.63	—	10.15	6.88	—	6.28
electricity, gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	3.32	—	3.22	—	—	—	1.37	—	1.31	—	—	—
construction	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.15	—	4.15	—	—	—
	38	9.57	—	9.26	—	—	—	0.90	—	0.85	—	—	—
trade	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.16	—	11.16	3.74	—	3.74
	38	9.56	—	9.26	—	—	—	20.05	18.27	19.98	10.31	—	9.42
transport	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.72	—	4.72	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.86	—	4.63	—	—	—
services	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	66.82	—	66.82	85.04	—	85.04
	38	33.68	—	32.61	—	10.12	9.19	61.76	81.73	62.68	82.82	76.47	82.25
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.00	—	100.00	100.00	—	100.00
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note : Survey was not conducted in rural area during 32nd Round.



TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION  
DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban						
		male			female			male			female			
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
agriculture	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	60.68	100.00	60.82	92.33	—	92.33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
mining & quarrying	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	5.95	—	5.94	1.15	—	1.15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
electricity, gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
construction	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	10.89	—	10.85	4.04	—	4.04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
trade	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	1.31	—	1.31	0.89	—	0.89	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
transport	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	8.41	—	8.38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
services	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	12.75	—	12.70	1.60	—	1.60	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	—	100.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note : Survey was not conducted during 32nd round and also in urban area during 38th round.







TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

## GOA, DAMAN &amp; DIU

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
agriculture	32	66.61	80.52	67.79	80.16	88.54	81.96	23.99	55.00	25.95	37.26	74.73	45.96
	38	32.32	100.00	46.72	67.25	96.55	84.86	13.96	100.00	15.65	15.08	64.47	28.95
mining & quarring	32	5.92	—	5.23	2.34	—	1.84	7.09	5.00	6.96	2.55	2.11	2.44
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	12.27	6.49	11.96	6.64	10.03	7.37	14.19	10.00	13.93	8.92	18.95	11.25
	38	21.62	—	17.03	11.86	—	4.73	4.41	—	4.34	7.96	35.53	15.71
electricity, gas & water	32	0.30	—	0.28	—	—	—	0.68	—	0.63	—	—	—
	38	5.24	—	4.12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
construction	32	0.91	—	0.83	0.78	—	0.61	1.69	—	1.58	0.64	—	0.49
	38	5.41	—	4.26	7.18	—	2.86	5.94	—	5.83	—	—	—
trade	32	3.95	6.49	4.17	3.13	1.43	2.76	8.78	10.00	8.86	8.92	—	6.85
	38	10.74	—	8.46	7.18	—	2.86	22.58	—	22.13	10.13	—	7.29
transport	32	3.65	3.25	3.62	—	—	—	5.07	15.00	5.70	—	—	—
	38	3.07	—	2.42	—	—	—	7.42	—	7.26	2.54	—	1.82
services	32	6.39	3.25	6.12	6.95	—	5.46	38.51	5.00	36.39	41.71	4.21	33.01
	38	21.58	—	17.00	6.52	3.45	4.68	45.69	—	44.78	64.28	—	46.23
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
total	32	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	38	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00



TABLE (2) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS (MAIN, MARGINAL AND ALL) BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

## MIZORAM

industry	r o u n d	rural						urban					
		male			female			male			female		
		main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all	main	margi- nal	all
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
agriculture	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	88.69	—	88.69	91.49	84.30	91.37	8.21	100.00	8.87	10.78	40.06	14.27
mining & quarrying	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	0.12	—	0.12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
manufacturing	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.99	—	0.98	—	—	—
	38	1.21	—	1.21	0.32	15.70	0.59	11.12	—	—	—	—	—
electricity, gas & water	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
construction	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.44	—	0.44	1.23	—	—
	38	0.40	—	0.40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.08
trade	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	1.97	—	1.97	4.50	—	—	3.64	—	3.61	1.27	—	1.12
transport	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	0.15	—	0.15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
services	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.22	—	4.19	—	—	—
	38	7.44	—	7.44	3.68	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
others	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	38	100.00	—	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note : Survey was not conducted during 32nd round.







सर्वेक्षण

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श  
सर्वेक्षण  
संगठन संबंधी  
पत्रिका

खण्ड IX, संख्या 4.  
अप्रैल 1986

सांख्यिकी विभाग  
योजना मंत्रालय  
भारत सरकार



सम्पादकीय

1. प्री० बी० एस० मिह्लास
2. प्रो० बी० एम० डांडेकर
3. डा० के० एल० कृष्ण
4. प्रो० पी० विसारिया
5. प्रो० एस० डी० तेंदुलकर
6. श्री एम० जी० सरदाना
7. डा० एस० एन० रे
8. श्री एस० रे
9. श्री एस० रामानाथा अय्यर
10. श्री सुधीर भट्टाचार्य

मूल्य: देश में 25.00 रु०  
विदेश में 2.91 पीण्ड अथवा 9 डालर  
वार्षिक अंशदान  
मूल्य: देश में 100.00 रु०  
विदेश में 11.66 पीण्ड अथवा 36 डालर



विषय सूची

सर्वेक्षण

खण्ड IX, संख्या 4; अप्रैल, 1986

(अंक संख्या 27)

1. उपभोक्ता व्यय के सम्बन्ध में किए गए तीसरे पंचवार्षिक सर्वेक्षण पर एक टिप्पणी : रा. प्र. सर्वे. 38वां दौर
2. रोजगार-बेरोजगारी सम्बन्धी गत तीन पंचवर्षीय राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण जांचों के मुख्य परिणाम।

पृष्ठ संख्या

हि- 5

हि- 10



लेखों और टिप्पणियों में व्यक्त किए गए विचार सहयोगियों के हैं तथा ये अनिवार्य रूप से राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन के विचारों को नहीं दर्शाते हैं।



उपभोक्ता व्यय के सम्बन्ध में किए गए तीसरे पंचवार्षिक सर्वेक्षण पर एक टिप्पणी : रा. प्र. सर्व. 38वां दौर

1. प्रस्तावना

1.0 राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण रा. प्र. सर्व. के अक्टूबर, 1950 में आरम्भ हुए प्रथम दौर से 28वें दौर (1973-74) तक प्रत्येक दौर में घरेलू उपभोक्ता व्यय पर आंकड़े एकत्र किए गए। सर्वेक्षण के 26वें दौर के पश्चात् रा. प्र. सर्व. संगठन की शासी परिषद ने निर्णय किया कि उपभोक्ता व्यय तथा रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी पर सर्वेक्षण 27वें दौर से शुरू करके प्रत्येक पांच वर्षों में एक बार एक साथ किया जाए। इस प्रकार उपभोक्ता व्यय पर प्रथम पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षण 27वें दौर (सितम्बर, 1972-अक्टूबर, 1973) में आयोजित किया गया। कुछेक विशेष तदर्थ आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए, उपभोक्ता व्यय पर एक सर्वेक्षण इस पंचवर्षीय कार्यक्रम से परे 28वें दौर में भी आयोजित किया गया। वर्तमान रिपोर्ट, 38वें दौर के दौरान एकत्र किए गए आंकड़ों से तैयार की गई है अर्थात् जनवरी-दिसम्बर, 1983\* अवधि के दौरान आयोजित उपभोक्ता व्यय पर तीसरे पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षण।

1.1 इस रिपोर्ट में, सर्वेक्षण के कुछेक मूल परिणाम प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। प्रसंगवश यह भी उल्लेखनीय है कि इस दौर में ग्रामीण श्रमिक जांच को शासी परिषद के निर्णय के अनुसार उपभोक्ता व्यय सर्वेक्षण के साथ जोड़ा गया। किन्तु वर्तमान रिपोर्ट में ग्रामीण श्रमिक परिवारों से सम्बन्धित अलग अनुमान शामिल नहीं है।

1.2 38वें दौर का क्षेत्रीय कार्य जनवरी, 1983 में शुरू हुआ तथा एक वर्ष की पूर्ण अवधि को शामिल करके यह दिसम्बर, 1983 तक जारी रहा। उपभोक्ता व्यय पर आंकड़े एकत्र करने की सन्दर्भ अवधि सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पहले 30 दिन थी। अतः इस रिपोर्ट में प्रस्तुत किए गए अनुमान मोटे तौर पर दिसम्बर, 1982 से दिसम्बर, 1983 तक की अवधि से सम्बन्धित हैं।

1.3 सर्वेक्षण की भौगोलिक सीमा क्षेत्र जम्मू तथा कश्मीर के लद्दाख तथा कारगिल जिलों तथा नागालैंड के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को छोड़कर सम्पूर्ण भारत संघ था।

1.4 सर्वेक्षण में 7799 गांवों तथा 4327 खंडों में फ़ैले लगभग 1 लाख 18 हजार परिवार शामिल थे।

1.5 इस दौर में, अंडमान तथा निकोबार द्वीपसमूह, चंडीगढ़, दादरा तथा नागर हवेली तथा लक्षद्वीप को छोड़कर सभी राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों (भौगोलिक सीमा क्षेत्र में शामिल) ने इस सर्वेक्षण में कम से कम समान बराबरी के आधार

पर भाग लिया। इस रिपोर्ट में प्रस्तुत किए गए परिणाम, केन्द्रीय प्रतिदर्श आंकड़ों पर आधारित हैं।

2. संकल्पनाएं तथा परिभाषाएं

2.1 उपभोक्ता व्यय जांच में दी गई संकल्पनाएं तथा परिभाषाएं मोटे तौर पर वही रहनीं जैसी कि पिछले दौरों में थी। कुछेक संकल्पनाएं तथा परिभाषाएं नीचे स्पष्ट की गई हैं।

2.2 परिवार : परिवार का अर्थ व्यक्तियों के ऐसे समूह से है जो साधारण तौर पर इकट्ठे रहते हैं तथा एक ही रसोई से भोजन ग्रहण करते हैं। छात्रावास, होटल अथवा होस्टल को परिवारों के एक समूह के रूप में माना जाता है, जहां प्रत्येक रहने वाला व्यक्ति (अपने आश्रितों अथवा मेहमानों सहित) एक अलग परिवार बनाता है। तथापि ऐसे परिवार जिनके सम्पोषण तथा भोजन की सरकार द्वारा सीधी व्यवस्था की जाती है, जैसे कि जेलों, पुलिस क्वार्टरों, छावनियों, धरण स्थानों, राहत शिविरों में रह रहे परिवार सर्वेक्षण की परिधि में नहीं आते हैं।

2.3 परिवार का सदस्य : किसी भी व्यक्ति को जो प्रतिदर्श परिवार में सामान्य रूप से रह रहा है, परिवार का सदस्य माना जाता है। परिवार के सदस्यों को तीन श्रेणियों अर्थात् वयस्क पुरुष, वयस्क महिला तथा बच्चों में वर्गीकृत किया गया है। एक व्यक्ति को जिसने पूरे 15 वर्ष की आयु प्राप्त कर ली है, वयस्क समझा जाता है।

2.4 परिवार का आकार : परिवार में सदस्यों की कूल संख्या (जैसा कि ऊपर परिभाषित है) को परिवार आकार समझा जाता है।

2.5 परिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय : उपभोक्ता व्यय में परिवार द्वारा किए गए सभी खर्च शामिल है, घर में से जुटाई गई वस्तुओं की खपत अथवा उपहार, ऋण आदि जैसी स्थानान्तरण रसीदों सहित पूर्णतः घरेलू कारणों पर किया गया खर्च इसमें शामिल नहीं है। यद्यपि स्थानान्तरण पावतियों में से किए गए उपभोग को शामिल किया गया है, तथापि सभी प्रकार के स्थानान्तरण भूगतानों (ऋण, उपहार, दान, आर्थिक तथा माल के रूप में जैसे कि अनाज ऋण आदि) को शामिल नहीं किया गया है। आवासीय मकानों की खरीद तथा निर्माण पर व्यय को पूंजीगत लेखों पर किया व्यय समझा जाता है। अतः इन्हें उपभोक्ता व्यय में शामिल नहीं किया गया है, परन्तु आवासीय भवनों के रखरखाव पर किए गए व्यय को परिवार के उपभोक्ता व्यय में शामिल किया गया है। इस सन्दर्भाविधि के दौरान दौरों के परिणाम क्रमशः सर्वेक्षण खंड 11 संख्या 3 तथा खंड

\*उपभोक्ता व्यय सर्वेक्षण के रा. प्र. सर्व. 27वें तथा 28वें 1, संख्या 1 में प्रकाशित किए गए थे।



उपयुक्त भोज्य पदार्थों के आर्थिक मूल्य को भोज्य पदार्थों पर किए गए उपभोक्ता व्यय को दर्शाने के लिए लिया गया है। अर्थ टिकाऊ तथा टिकाऊ वस्तुओं के संबंध में सन्दर्भाविधि के दौरान प्राप्त की गई इन वस्तुओं की खरीद पर किया गया वास्तविक व्यय वस्तुओं के उपभोक्ता व्यय के रूप में माना जाता है। वस्त्रों तथा जूतों जैसी मर्दों के सम्बन्ध में पिछले दौर से मामूली सी भिन्नता है। सन्दर्भाविधि के दौरान प्राप्त की गई तथा प्रथम बार प्रयोग में लाई गई वस्तुओं के आर्थिक मूल्य को सम्बन्धित वस्तुओं पर किए गए उपभोक्ता व्यय के रूप में लिया जाता है।

2.6 सन्दर्भाविधि : उपभोक्ता व्यय की सभी मर्दों के आंकड़े एकत्र करने की सन्दर्भाविधि पिछले 30 दिन है (जांच की तारीख से एक दिन पूर्व समाप्त दिन) इसके अतिरिक्त, वस्त्र तथा जूतों की मर्दों, टिकाऊ वस्तुओं तथा विविध वस्तुओं तथा सेवाओं की कुछ मर्दों के लिए आंकड़े पिछले 365 दिनों की सन्दर्भाविधि के लिए एकत्र किए गए हैं। इस रिपोर्ट में प्रस्तुत किए गए परिणाम केवल 30 दिनों की सन्दर्भाविधि पर आधारित हैं।

### 3. सारणियों पर व्याख्यात्मक टिप्पणियां

3.1 इस रिपोर्ट में भारत के प्रत्येक राज्य तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्र और समस्त भारत के लिए दो विभिन्न प्रकार की सारणियां शामिल हैं। ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग-अलग सारणियां प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। सारणियों की विषय-वस्तु का वर्णन नीचे दिया गया है।

#### 3.2 सारणी श्रृंखला

निम्नलिखित का वितरण दर्शाती है :--

- (1) प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की संख्या।
- (2) अनुमानित परिवारों, व्यक्तियों की प्रतिशतता और
- (3) मासिक प्रतिव्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियों के अनुसार औसतन परिवार आकार (वयस्क पुरुष, वयस्क महिला तथा बच्चे)।

3.3 सारणी 2 श्रृंखला मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियों के अनुसार 30 दिनों की अविधि के लिए प्रति व्यक्ति मर्दों के विस्तृत वर्गों की खपत का मूल्य दर्शाती है। मर्दों के 19 विस्तृत वर्गों के लिए अनुमान दिए गए हैं। वर्ग हैं :

- (1) अनाज, (2) चना, (3) अनाज का अनुकल्प, (4) दाल तथा उपज, (5) दूध तथा उत्पाद, (6) खाद्य तेल, (7) मास, अंडा और मछली, (8) सब्जियां, (9) फल तथा मवे, (10) चीनी, (11) नमक, (12) मसाले, (13) पेय तथा जलपान (14) पान, तम्बाकू तथा मादक द्रव्य, (15) ईंधन तथा बिजली, (16) वस्त्र, (17) जूते, (18) विविध वस्तुएं तथा सेवाएं (किरायों तथा करों सहित), (19) टिकाऊ वस्तुएं। इसके अतिरिक्त, (20) किरायों तथा (21) करों के सम्बन्ध में लगाए गए अनुमान भी अलग से दिखाए गए हैं। परिणाम (1) खाद्य जोड़ (11) खाद्य से भिन्न जोड़ तथा (111) कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय के लिए भी दर्शाए गए हैं।

3.4 मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियां : मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियों के अनुसार अनुमान रूपों में दिए गए हैं, तथा परिणाम के आरांही क्रम में इनकी व्यवस्था की गई है। निम्न-लिखित 14 श्रेणियों में व्यय स्तरों को वर्गीकृत किया गया है :--

क्रम संख्या	मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियां (रुपयों में)	क्रम संख्या	मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियां (रुपयों में)
1	2	1	2
1.	0--30	8.	100--125
2.	30--40	9.	125--150
3.	40--50	10.	150--200
4.	50--60	11.	200--250
5.	60--70	12.	250--300
6.	70--85	13.	300 और अधिक
7.	85--100	14.	सभी व्यय श्रेणियां

टिप्पणी :--वर्ग 0-30, 30-40 आदि 0 रु० से 30 रु० तक, 30 रु० से 40 रु० से कम के लिए है।

3.5 संदर्भ की सुविधा के लिए सारणी संख्याओं को कोडों में बांटा गया है--दशमलव बिन्दु के बाएं का अंक सूचना के स्वरूप का हवाला देता है और बाएं हाथ का अंक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र का हवाला देता है, इसके पश्चात ग्रामीण R सारणियों तथा शहरी U सारणियों का संकेत देता है।

राज्य संघ शासित क्षेत्रों को दिए गए कोड संख्या निम्नलिखित है :--

0. समस्त भारत
1. आन्ध्र प्रदेश
2. असम
3. बिहार
4. गुजरात
5. हरियाणा
6. हिमाचल प्रदेश
7. जम्मू तथा कश्मीर
8. कर्नाटक
9. केरल
10. मध्य प्रदेश



11. महाराष्ट्र
12. मणिपुर
13. मेघालय
14. नागालैंड
15. उड़ीसा
16. पंजाब
17. राजस्थान
18. सिक्किम
19. तमिल नाडू
20. त्रिपुरा
21. उत्तर प्रदेश
22. पश्चिम बंगाल
23. अंडमान तथा निकोबार द्वीप समूह
- \*24. अरुणाचल प्रदेश
25. चंडीगढ़
26. दादरा तथा नागर हवेली
27. दिल्ली
28. गांवा, दमन तथा दिवू
- \*29. लक्षद्वीप
30. मिजोरम
31. पांडिचेरी

\*अरुणाचल प्रदेश तथा लक्षद्वीप को वर्तमान रिपोर्ट में शामिल नहीं किया गया है चूंकी उनके सम्बन्ध में अनुमान उपलब्ध नहीं थे।

#### 4. प्रतिचयन अभिकल्प तथा प्राक्कलन पद्धति

**4.1 विस्तृत अभिकल्प :** इस सर्वेक्षण में अपनाया गया प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प दो स्तरीय था जिसमें ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में गणना गांव तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों में रा.प्र. सर्वे. सं. शहरी ढांचा सर्वेक्षण खंड प्रथम स्तर की इकाइयों तथा परिवार द्वितीय स्तर की इकाइयों के रूप में थे। प्रतिदर्श गांवों को दो स्वतन्त्र अन्तव्याप्त अभिकल्पों के रूप में प्रतिस्थापन सहित आकार के सम्भावित अनुपात से चुना गया था। प्रतिदर्श खंडों को भी दो स्वतन्त्र अन्तव्याप्त अभिकल्पों के रूप में सामान सम्भाव्यता से चुना गया था। दूसरे चरण (प्रत्येक प्रथम स्तरीय इकाइयों में से दस प्रतिदर्श परिवारों का प्रथम स्तरीय इकाइयों के सभी परिवारों को एक विशेष पद्धति में व्यवस्थित करने के पश्चात् वतुल क्रमबद्ध रूप से चुना गया।

#### 4.2 सर्वेक्षण अर्वाधि तथा उप-दौर तैयार करना

यह सर्वेक्षण जनवरी 1983 के महिने में आरम्भ हुआ तथा दिसम्बर 1983 में पूरा हुआ। एक वर्ष की सम्पूर्ण सर्वेक्षण अर्वाधि को चार कृषि ऋतुओं के लगभग अनुरूप तीन तीन महिने की अर्वाधि के चार उप-दौरों में बांटा गया। चार उप-दौर अर्वाधियां थी:

उप-दौर 1 : जनवरी-मार्च 1983

उप-दौर 2 : अप्रैल-जून 1983

उप-दौर 3 : जुलाई-सितम्बर 1983

उप-दौर 4 : अक्टूबर-दिसम्बर 1983

प्रतिदर्श को चार उप-दौरों में सामान रूप से तरीके से बांटा गया है ताकि यह प्रत्येक उप-दौर अर्वाधि से सम्बद्ध समान रूप से वधि अनुमान प्रदान कर सके।

**4.3 प्राक्कलन पद्धति :** 38वें दौर में अपनाई गई प्राक्कलन पद्धति प्रतिदर्श मूल्यों के भारत जोड़ पर आधारित है।  $y_i$  से चिन्हित करने पर  $y$  का निष्पक्ष प्राक्कलन (किसी चर का कुल जोड़), नीचे दिया गया है :

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_i \frac{D_{si} e_{si}}{P_{si}} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \quad \dots (1)$$

ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए और

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_i D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \quad \dots (2)$$

शहरी क्षेत्र के लिए, जहां,

$S, i$  तथा  $j$  क्रमशः स्तर, गांव/शहरी खंड तथा परिवारों के प्रत्यय है,  $P_s, n_s$  और  $H_s$ , क्रमशः जनसंख्या, ढांचे में गांवों/खंडों की संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श गांवों/खंडों की संख्या के स्तर मूल्य देता है,

$D_{si}, e_{si}, P_{si}$  क्रमशः बनाए गए खंडा वर्गों/उप-खंडों, वास्तव में सर्वेक्षण किए गए बड़े राजस्व गांव में गणना गांवों की संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श गांव की जनसंख्या दर्शाता है,  $H_{si}$  और  $h_{si}$  सूचीबद्ध किए गए परिवारों की कुल संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की संख्या दर्शाता है,

और अन्त में  $y_{sij}$  प्रतिदर्श परिवार के लिए विचार की अवलो-कित मूल्य दर्शाता है दो विशेषताओं के अनुपात के अनुमान उनके समाहारों के अनुमानों के अनुपात द्वारा दिए गए हैं।

#### 5. निष्कर्षों का सारांश

**5.1 सर्वेक्षण के विस्तृत परिणाम परिशिष्ट में दिए गए हैं।** इस खंड में परिवारों की उपभोग पद्धति का विस्तृत तुलनात्मक चित्र देने के लिए कुछ महत्वपूर्ण निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं।

**5.2 उपभोक्ता व्यय पद्धति:** उपभोक्ता व्यय पद्धति का तीन विस्तृत पहलुओं के अन्तर्गत अध्ययन किया गया है। पहले, पंच-वार्षिक अन्तरालों में दौरों पैटर्न में हुए परिवर्तन पर चर्चा की गई है तथा इसके पश्चात् राज्यों द्वारा कुल उपभोग व्यय की तुलनात्मक स्थिति प्रस्तुत की गई। अन्त में वर्तमान दौरे के लिए विभिन्न मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियों के अन्तर्गत समस्त भारत स्तर पर उपभोक्ता व्यय पद्धति का अध्ययन किया गया है।



(1) सर्वेक्षण की अवधि के दौरान उपभोक्ता व्यय : मर्दों के विस्तृत वर्गों पर उपभोक्ता व्यय तथा कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय के सम्बन्ध में उनकी प्रतिशतता, चार रा. प्र. सर्वे. दौरों 22, 27, 32 तथा 38 के लिए समस्त भारत स्तर पर सारणी (1) तथा (2) में प्रस्तुत की गई है। ये चार वार्षिक सर्वेक्षण क्रमशः जुलाई 67 जून "68" अक्टूबर 72-सितम्बर "73" जुलाई "77" जून 78 तथा जनवरी-दिसम्बर, 1983 के दौरान आयोजित किए गए। पिछले तीन सर्वेक्षण रा. प्र. सर्वे., पंचवार्षिक सर्वेक्षण कार्यक्रम में थे जबकि रा. प्र. सर्वे. के 22वें दौर को सतत् पंचवर्ष की समाप्ति पर उपभोक्ता व्यय पद्धति में सुधार दर्शाने के लिए पूर्व वार्षिक रा. प्र. सर्वे. कार्यक्रम में से चुना गया है।

इन अनुमानों को देखने से, ये देखा गया है कि सभी मर्दों पर खर्च दौरे\* के दौरान बढ़ गया है, ग्रामीण तथा शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों के लिए 22 वें दौर से आरम्भ करके, जैसी कि कीमतों में वृद्धि के कारण आशा थी। इस प्रकार ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कुल भोजन पर उपभोक्ता व्यय 22 वें दौर में 26 रु. से बढ़कर 27 वें दौर में 32 रु. तथा 32 वें में 44 रु. तथा 38 वें दौर में 74 रु. तक हो गया। शहरी क्षेत्रों में संगत वृद्धि 22 वें दौर में 30 रु. से बढ़कर 27वें दौर में 41 रु. तथा 32वें दौर में 58 रु. तथा 38 वें दौर में 97 रु. रही है। प्रतिशतता के सन्दर्भ में, 5 वर्षों की ऋंखला में अनाजों पर व्यय के अनुपात में 22 वें दौर में 45 प्रतिशत से 27 वें दौर में 41 प्रतिशत तथा 32 वें दौर में 33 प्रतिशत 38 वें दौर में 32 प्रतिशत तक की प्रयाप्त गिरावट रही है। शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए संगत आंकड़े हैं 25 प्रतिशत, 23 प्रतिशत, 21 प्रतिशत, 19 प्रतिशत। खाद्य वर्ग में, ग्रामीण तथा शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में अत्यधिक खर्चीली मर्दें हैं दूध तथा दूध के उत्पाद, दालों, सब्जियां तथा खाद्य तेल। किन्तु यह नोट किया जा सकता है दौरे के दौरान यद्यपि साधारण तौर पर खाद्य मर्दों के प्रतिशत व्यय में गिरावट आई है, तथापि सब्जियों फलों तथा मेषों और मांस, मछली तथा अंडों के प्रतिशत व्यय में वृद्धि हुई है। रा. प्र. सर्वे 22 वां 27 वें दौरे लगभग 1970 के आसपास तथा दो अन्य दौरे 1980 के आसपास हुए हैं। इस प्रकार परिणाम 1970 से 1980 में अनाजों तथा कुल भोजन पर व्यय के अनुपात में प्रत्यक्ष गिरावट का संकेत देते हैं, दूध तथा दूध उत्पादों के लिए सम्पूर्ण अवधि में यह लगभग समान रहा, ईंधन तथा बिजली, वस्त्र, विविध वस्तुओं तथा सेवाओं और टिकाऊ वस्तुओं पर खर्च का अनुपात 1970 से 1980 के दौरान बढ़ गया प्रतीत होता है। इस अवधि के दौरान देखी गई इन विभिन्नताओं को वास्तविक मानने की अनिवार्यता आवश्यक नहीं है। इस अवधि के दौरान विभिन्न वस्तुओं की कीमतों में आए उतार-चढ़ाव से उनकी पद्धति पर प्रभाव पड़ा है।

(11) राज्यों में उपभोक्ता व्यय : ग्रामीण तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के लिए सारणी (3) में अलग-अलग प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 112.42 रु. के राष्ट्रीय औसत के मुकाबले में बहुत अधिक उपभोक्ता व्यय की सूचना देने वाले राज्य हैं दिल्ली

(217.14 रु.), इसके पश्चात् पंजाब (170.52 रु.) गोआ, दमन तथा दिवू (169.11 रु.), अंडमान तथा निकोबार द्वीप-समूह (156.24 रु.) तथा हिमाचल प्रदेश (150.81 रु.) बहुत कम व्यय की रिपोर्ट देने वाले राज्य हैं दादरा तथा नागर हवेली (93.05 रु.), बिहार (93.75 रु.), पांडिचेरी (96.01 रु.) उड़ीसा (98.75 रु.) उत्तर प्रदेश (104.49 रु.), तथा पश्चिम बंगाल (104.59 रु.)। शहरी क्षेत्र में 164.03 रु. की राष्ट्रीय औसत के मुकाबले में अधिक उपभोक्ता की रिपोर्ट देने वाले राज्य हैं। चंडीगढ़ (288.30), हिमाचल प्रदेश (258.62 रु.), दिल्ली (228.81 रु.), सिक्किम (223.27 रु.) तथा गोआ, दमन तथा दिवू (222.45 रु.), दूसरी ओर, जिन राज्यों में कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय तुलनात्मक रूप से कम है वे हैं उत्तर प्रदेश (135.48 रु.), मणिपुर (138.25 रु.), बिहार (138.53 रु.), मध्य प्रदेश (144.87 रु.) तथा उड़ीसा (151.42 रु.)।

(111) मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियों के अनुसार उपभोक्ता व्यय : मर्दों के विस्तृत वर्गों के अनुसार कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय के सम्बन्ध में प्रतिशतता के रूप में उपभोक्ता व्यय अखिल भारतीय स्तर पर ग्रामीण (सारणी 4) तथा शहरी (सारणी 5) क्षेत्रों के लिए अलग प्रस्तुत किया गया है। इन दो क्षेत्रों के लिए भोजन पर औसतन व्यय क्रमशः 66 प्रतिशत तथा 59 प्रतिशत पाया गया। अनाजों तथा नमक और मसालों पर प्रतिशत व्यय का व्यय श्रेणी में वृद्धि के साथ धीरे-धीरे कम होता पाया गया। भोजन की अन्य सभी मर्दें कम से कम आरम्भ में बढ़ती हुईं प्रवृत्ति दर्शाती हैं तथा कुछ मामलों में एक निश्चित व्यय स्तर के पश्चात् गिरनी शुरू हो जाती है। दालों, तेलों तथा सब्जियों पर प्रतिशत व्यय 100-125 व्यय श्रेणी तक बढ़ती हुईं प्रवृत्ति दर्शाती हैं जिसके पश्चात् यह धीरे-धीरे कम हो जाता है। दूध, मांस, अंडे तथा मछली, फलों तथा गिरीदार फलों तथा पेय तथा जलपान जैसी अन्य मर्दों के लिए, प्रतिशत व्यय श्रेणी में वृद्धि के साथ-साथ बढ़ता जाता है। चीनी के लिए भी ऐसा ही कहा जा सकता है परन्तु शहरी क्षेत्रों के लिए इसका प्रतिशत भाग व्यय श्रेणी 125-50 से गिरता है।

भोजन से भिन्न मर्दों के लिए वस्त्रों, विविध वस्तुओं तथा सेवाओं और टिकाऊ वस्तुओं पर खर्च के अनुपात की सदा ही बढ़ती हुईं प्रवृत्ति रही है जबकि ईंधन तथा बिजली के लिए यह बिल्कुल विपरीत है। मादक पदार्थों पर प्रतिशत व्यय बढ़ता जाता है जब तक कि यह 50-60 रु. की खर्च श्रेणी तक नहीं पहुँच जाता, जिसके पश्चात् यह ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में गिरना शुरू हो जाता है, परन्तु शहरी क्षेत्रों में यह लगातार गिरावट की प्रवृत्ति दर्शाती है। मासिक प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय श्रेणियों के दौरान विभिन्न उपयुक्त मर्दों पर व्यय की प्रतिशतता की विभिन्न पद्धतियां व्यय श्रेणियों में विभिन्न वस्तुओं की मांग की लोच में भिन्नता के कारण होती है। अनाजों तथा नमक के लिए मांग



अपेक्षाकृत लोचरहित होने के कारण, कुल व्यय में उनका हिस्सा प्राकृतिक रूप से गिरना चाहिए। इसी प्रकार, कोई भी व्यक्ति अपेक्षाकृत कम अनिवार्य तथा विलासिता की वस्तुओं पर अधिक खर्च करेगा यदि उसके पास अतिरिक्त धन हो। ऐसी वस्तुओं की मांग अपेक्षाकृत बहुत अधिक लोचदार होगी। व्यय श्रेणियों में विविध वस्तुओं तथा सेवाओं और टिकाऊ वस्तुओं पर व्यय

का बढ़ता हुआ अनुपात इस उपभोग व्यवहार तथा इन वस्तुओं की मांग की अपेक्षाकृत उच्च लोच स्पष्ट करता है।

**5.3 कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय का समाहरण अनुपात :** पंचांग वर्ष 1983 के लिए समस्त भारत स्तर पर कुल उपभोक्ता व्यय का समाहरण अनुपात ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए 0.2966 तथा शहरी क्षेत्र के लिए 0.3253 पाया गया।

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## रोजगार—बेरोजगारी संबंधी गत तीन पंचवर्षीय राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण जांचों के मुख्य परिणाम

### प्रस्तावना

1.1 राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन ने परिवर्तित संकल्पनात्मक ढांचे सहित कार्य करने के पंचवर्षीय कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत रोजगार-बेरोजगार सर्वेक्षण करने के अपने नए प्रयासों में अक्टूबर, 1972 से सितम्बर, 1973 तक की अवधि को शामिल करते हुए अपने 27वें दौर के कार्यक्रम के दौरान इस श्रृंखला का प्रथम सर्वेक्षण शुरू किया। पंचवर्षीय श्रृंखला का दूसरा सर्वेक्षण जुलाई, 1977 से जून, 1978 की अवधि को शामिल करते हुए 32वें दौर के दौरान किया गया। 38वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण कार्यक्रम के एक भाग के रूप में तीसरा सर्वेक्षण वर्ष 1983 के दौरान किया गया। इस पुस्तिका में 27वें, 32वें और 38वें दौर के तीन राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षणों के सर्वेक्षण आंकड़ों से प्राप्त रोजगार-बेरोजगारी की मुख्य विशेषताओं के संबंध में तुलनात्मक परिणाम प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं।

1.2 38वें दौर की सर्वेक्षण अवधि कैलेंडर वर्ष 1983 थी। इसे तीन महीने की अवधि वाले चार उप दौरों में विभाजित किया गया। कुल प्रतिदर्श को प्रतिदर्शों के चार सैटों के रूप में चुना गया, प्रत्येक उप-दौर में एक-एक सैट का सर्वेक्षण किया गया। सम्पूर्ण प्रतिदर्श को इस प्रकार से चुना गया कि प्रत्येक उप दौर में, सम्बद्ध अवधि के लिए सम्पूर्ण देश से सम्बन्धित स्वतन्त्र अनुमान प्राप्त हो जायें।

1.3 सर्वेक्षण कार्य पूरा होने के पश्चात् कुछ ही महीनों के अन्दर महत्वपूर्ण परिणामों की तत्काल आवश्यकता को पूरा करने के प्रयोजन से सर्वेक्षण के 38वें दौर (जनवरी-जून 1983 के प्रथम दो उप दौरों में एकत्र किए गए आंकड़ों में से), प्राथमिकता के आधार पर, कतिपय महत्वपूर्ण विशेषताओं से सम्बन्धित सारणियों का एक सैट तैयार किया गया। अन्तिम परिणामों की अत्यावश्यकता होने के कारण माटे तौर पर एकत्र किए गए आंकड़ों की जांच करने तथा इन्हें तैयार के लिए पर्याप्त समय नहीं मिल सका। इसलिए 1983 के परिणाम, अधिकांशतः, रा.प्र. सर्वे. के 38वें दौर के एक प्रतिदर्श भाग के न जांचे गए आंकड़ों पर आधारित है अतः केवल अर्न्तम है।

1.4 चूंकि आंकड़े पहले दो उप दौरों की अवधि से सम्बन्धित हैं इसलिए संगत अवधि के लिए 27वें दौर के दूसरे और तीसरे उप दौर की अवधि तथा 32वें दौर के तीसरे और चौथे उप दौर की अवधि 27वें और 32वें दौर के विशेषतः वर्तमान रोजगार और बेरोजगारी पैटर्न के तुलनीय परिणाम भी निकाले गए हैं। सामान्य कार्य से सम्बन्धित परिणाम तथापि, 27वें और 32वें दौर से सम्पूर्ण प्रतिदर्श दौर से सम्बन्धित हैं, और इन परिणामों के

सन्दर्भ में 38वें दौर के प्रतिदर्श आकार की तुलना में 27वें और 32वें दौर का प्रतिदर्श आकार लगभग दुगुना हो गया है।

1.5 इस अभिलेख के खण्ड 2 में 38वें दौर के कार्यक्षेत्र, व्याप्त तथा प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प का संक्षिप्त वर्णन किया गया है। तीन दौरों में अपनाए गए संकल्पनात्मक ढांचे की प्रमुख विशेषताएं खण्ड 3 में प्रस्तुत की गई हैं। तीन दौरों अर्थात् 27वें, 32वें और 38वें दौर के दौरान रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी के सम्बन्ध में प्राप्त किए गए मूल संकेतकों से सम्बन्धित तुलनीय संक्षिप्त परिणामों की खण्ड 4 में चर्चा की गई है। परिशिष्ट में, समस्त भारत और राज्यों के पुरुषों और महिलाओं के लिए कार्यकलाप के स्तर के अनुसार जनसंख्या वितरण तथा कामगारों के औद्योगिक वितरण का ब्यौरा देते हुए 38वें दौर में प्राप्त किए गए आंकड़ों के अनुसार सारणियां प्रस्तुत की गई हैं।

### 2. रा. प्र. सर्वे. के 38वें दौर का कार्यक्षेत्र, व्याप्त तथा प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प

2.1 भौगोलिक सीमा क्षेत्र :—38वें दौर सर्वेक्षण में, (i) जम्मू और कश्मीर के लद्दाख और कारगिल जिले (ii) नागालैण्ड के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को छोड़कर सम्पूर्ण भारत संघ शामिल है। तथापि वर्तमान परिणामों में उपर्युक्त क्षेत्रों के अतिरिक्त अरुणाचल प्रदेश और लक्षद्वीप के परिणाम भी शामिल नहीं हैं।

2.2 विषय-क्षेत्र इस दौर में नियमित मूल्य जांच के अलावा, रोजगार-बेरोजगारी तथा उपभोक्ता व्यय जैसे दो विषयों को शामिल किया गया है। रोजगार और बेरोजगार जनसंख्या के जीवन स्तर के सम्बन्ध में परस्पर अर्थपूर्ण अध्ययन करने के प्रयोजनार्थ, उसी प्रतिदर्श सैट के अन्तिम दो विषयों से सम्बन्धित अनुसूचियों पर चर्चा की गई है।

2.3 प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प : इस सर्वेक्षण में अपनाया गया प्रतिदर्श अभिकल्प दो स्तरीय था जिसमें, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में गणना गांव तथा शहरी क्षेत्रों में रा. प्रति. सर्वे. सं. शहरी ढांचा सर्वेक्षण खण्ड प्रथम स्तरीय इकाइयों के रूप में तथा परिवार द्वितीय स्तर की इकाइयों के रूप में थे। प्रतिदर्श गांवों का आकार के सम्भाव्य अनुपात में चुना गया था जिसमें प्रतिस्थापन दो स्वतन्त्र परस्पर भेदीय उप प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में था। प्रतिदर्श खंडों का भी दो परस्पर भेदीय उप प्रतिदर्शों के रूप में समान सम्भाव्यता के रूप में चुना गया था। दूसरे स्तर में (प्रत्येक प्रथम स्तर की इकाइयों में से दस) प्रतिदर्श परिवारों को प्रथम स्तरीय इकाई के सभी परिवारों का एक विशिष्ट तरीके से वतुल क्रमबद्ध रूप में व्यवस्थित करने के पश्चात् चुना गया।



2.4 सर्वेक्षण अवधि तथा उप दौर तैयार करना :

सर्वेक्षण जनवरी, 1983 के महीने में शुरू हुआ तथा दिसम्बर, 1983 में पूरा हुआ। एक वर्ष की सम्पूर्ण सर्वेक्षण अवधि को चार कृषि ऋतुओं सहित लगभग अनुरूप तीन महीनों की अवधि की चार उप दौर अवधियों में बांटा गया। चार उप-दौर अवधियां थीं।

- उप दौर 1 : जनवरी—मार्च 1983
- उप दौर 2 : अप्रैल—जून 1983
- उप दौर 3 : जुलाई—सितम्बर 1983
- उप दौर 4 : अक्टूबर—दिसम्बर 1983

प्रतिदर्श को चार उपदौरों में इस तरीके से बांटा गया कि प्रत्येक सम्बन्ध उपदौर अवधि के लिए देश के समान रूप से वैध अनुमान प्रदान किए जा सकें। इस रिपोर्ट में प्रस्तुत 38वें दौर के परिणाम उपदौर 1 तथा 2 के एकात्रित आंकड़ों पर आधारित थे।

2.5 प्रतिदर्श आकार : कुल मिलाकर, इस सर्वेक्षण में लगभग 8700 प्रतिदर्श गांवों तथा 4570 प्रतिदर्श खंडों में फैले लगभग 1.3 लाख परिवार शामिल थे। वर्तमान परिणाम उपर्युक्त प्रतिदर्श के लगभग आधे भाग पर आधारित हैं।

2.6 प्राक्कलन पद्धति : 38वें दौर में अपनाई गई प्राक्कलन पद्धति प्रतिदर्श मूल्यों के भारित योग पर आधारित है।

Y का मूल्य लगाकर Y का निष्पक्ष प्राक्कलन (किसी विचार का राज्य क्षेत्र योग) यह निम्नलिखित द्वारा दिया जाता है।

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{P_s}{n_s} \sum_i \frac{D_{si} e_{si}}{P_{si}} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \dots (1)$$

अरुणाचल प्रदेश को छोड़ कर ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए और अरुणाचल

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{s} \sum_i D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_j y_{sij} \dots (2)$$

प्रदेश के शहरी क्षेत्र और ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए जहां, s, i और j क्रमशः स्तर, गांव/शहरी खंड तथा परिवारों के प्रत्यय हैं, P<sub>s</sub>, N<sub>s</sub> और n<sub>s</sub> क्रमशः चयन जनसंख्या, ढांचे में गांवों/खंडों की संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श गांवों/खंडों की संख्या के स्तरीय मूल्य देते हैं, D<sub>si</sub>, e<sub>si</sub> P<sub>si</sub> का अर्थ है क्रमशः बनाए गए खेड़ा वर्गी/उप खंडों की संख्या, वास्तव में सर्वेक्षित बड़े राजस्व गांव में अन्तर्विष्ट गणना गांवों की संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श गांवों की चूनी हुई जनसंख्या H<sub>si</sub> तथा h<sub>si</sub> का अर्थ है सूचीबद्ध किए गए परिवारों की कुल संख्या तथा प्रतिदर्श परिवारों की संख्या, और अन्त में Y का अर्थ है प्रतिदर्श परिवार के विचर का देखा गया मूल्य।

Y के उप-प्रतिदर्शवार (उप दौरवार भी) अनुमान एसी इकाइयों की संख्या का प्रतिनिधित्व करते हुए सहित सम्बन्धित उप प्रतिदर्श से सम्बन्धित इकाइयों के जोड़ को सीमित करते हुए  $\sum_i$

प्राप्त किया जाता है। प्रतिशतता, औसत आदि जैसी अनुपातों के अनुमान सम्बन्धित अंशों तथा हरो के निष्पक्ष अनुमानों की गणना करके तथा उसके बाद भाग देकर प्राप्त किये जाते हैं।

3. संकल्पनात्मक ढांचे तथा आंकड़े एकत्र करने की पद्धति की प्रमुख विशेषताएं

3.1 कुल मिलाकर रोजगारी-बेरोजगारी पर तीन पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षण, 27वें, 32वें, तथा 38वें दौरों के दौरान किए गए। जिसका मुख्य उद्देश्य था बेरोजगारी के स्वरूप तथा विस्तार का मापन तथा लिंग, आयु शिक्षा, आवास स्तर आदि जैसे अर्थपूर्ण सह-सम्बन्धों के अनुसार परिमाणात्मक शब्दों में बेरोजगारी का मापन। इस उद्देश्य को प्राप्त करने के लिए इन तीनों सर्वेक्षण में तीन विभिन्न दृष्टिकोणों को अपनाते हुए विभिन्न कार्यकलाप श्रेणियों से सम्बन्धित 5 वर्ष तथा इससे अधिक की जनसंख्या का वर्गीकरण करने का प्रयत्न किया गया। ये तीन दृष्टिकोण थे—

- (1) सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 365 दिनों की सन्दर्भाविधि सहित साधारण स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण।
- (2) सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 7 दिनों की सन्दर्भाविधि सहित वर्तमान सप्ताह की स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण।
- (3) वर्तमान दिन की स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण जिसमें सन्दर्भाविधि सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व के 7 दिनों में से एक दिन था।

32वें तथा 38वें दौर सर्वेक्षणों में प्रयोग की गई विभिन्न कार्यकलाप श्रेणियां निम्नलिखित थीं\*

\*यद्यपि 27वें दौर में प्रयोग की गई कार्यकलाप श्रेणियां बाद के दौरों में प्रयोग की गई श्रेणियों से भिन्न थीं, फिर भी तुलनी निश्चित कार्यकलाप श्रेणी वर्ग स्तरों पर सम्भव थी।

कोड*	विवरण
01-04	किसी बाध्यतावश नियोक्ता के साथ काम कर रहे परन्तु कार्य की क्षतिपूर्ति किसी मजदूरी/बेतन द्वारा नहीं की गई हो।
11	उद्यम परिवारों के स्वतः रोजगार में काम किया हो।
21	उद्यम परिवारों में सहायक के रूप में काम किया।
31	नियमित बेतनभोगी/दिहाड़ी कर्मचारी के रूप में काम किया।
41	सार्वजनिक कार्यों में अनियमित दिहाड़ी श्रमिक के रूप में काम किया।
51	अन्य प्रकार के कार्यों में अनियमित दिहाड़ी श्रमिक के रूप में काम किया।
61	काम नहीं किया यद्यपि उद्यम परिवार में काम था।



कोड*	विवरण
71	काम नहीं किया परन्तु नियमित वेतनभोगी/दिहाड़ी रोजगार प्राप्त था।
81	काम की तलाश की।
82	काम की तलाश नहीं की परन्तु काम के लिए उपलब्ध था।
91	शैक्षिक संस्थाओं में भाग लिया।
92	केवल घरेलू कार्यों को किया।
93	घरेलू कार्यों में भाग लिया और माल के निःशुल्क संग्रहण में भी व्यस्त था (सब्जियां, खाद्य, जड़ें, जलाने की लकड़ी, पशुओं को भोजन आदि), परिवार के प्रयोग के लिए सिलाई, दर्जी का कार्य, बुनाई आदि।
94	काम करने/स्कूल जाने/रोजगार खोजने के लिए बहुत छोटा।
95	बूढ़ा तथा विकलांग।
96	वार्षिक आय पाने वाला पेंशनभोगी, भेजी हुई रकम का प्राप्तकर्ता।
97	भिखारी, वेश्याएं, आदि।
98	अन्य।
99	अस्थायी बीमारी के कारण काम नहीं किया (केवल अनियमित कामगारों के लिए)

\*कोड 61, 71 82 तथा 99 केवल वर्तमान सप्ताह तथा दिवस की स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण के मामले में ही लागू थे।

किसी विशेष अवधि के दौरान श्रेणी कोड 01-71 (01-51 साधारण स्थिति के लिए) के अन्तर्गत सूचीबद्ध कार्यकलापों से किसी अन्य एक अथवा एक से अधिक कार्यकलापों में लगे हुए व्यक्तियों को "काम कर रहे (अथवा रोजगार में लगे)" के रूप में माना गया। एक व्यक्ति को, जिसे कार्यकलाप श्रेणी कोड 81 अथवा 82 दिया गया, "खोज कर रहे और/अथवा काम के लिए उपलब्ध" (अथवा बेरोजगार) के रूप में माना गया। इन दोनों ने मिलकर श्रमिक बल का गठन किया। किसी भी ऐसे व्यक्ति को जो श्रेणी कोड 91-99 के अन्तर्गत एक अथवा अधिक कार्यकलापों में व्यस्त था, को "श्रमिक बल में नहीं" के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया।

3.2 सामान्य स्थिति दृष्टिकोण के अनुसार वर्गीकरण : 38वें दौर सर्वेक्षण में, कार्यकलाप की स्थिति को, जिस पर किसी व्यक्ति ने सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पूर्व 365 दिनों का अपेक्षाकृत रूप से अधिक लम्बा समय व्यतीत किया, व्यक्ति की प्रमुख सामान्य कार्यकलाप स्थिति समझा गया। तदनुसार, व्यक्ति की प्रमुख सामान्य स्थिति पर "काम कर रहे" (अथवा रोजगार पर लगे) के रूप में विचार किया गया, यदि वह किसी एक अथवा अधिक कार्यकलाप अर्थात् कोड 01-51 के

अन्तर्गत कार्यकलापों में 365 दिनों की सन्दर्भाविधि के दौरान अपेक्षाकृत रूप से अधिक लम्बे समय के लिए व्यस्त था, "खोज कर रहे अथवा काम के लिए उपलब्ध" (अथवा बेरोजगार), यदि वह काम नहीं कर रहा था/थी, परन्तु या तो काम की तलाश में था अथवा विशेष सन्दर्भाविधि के अपेक्षाकृत रूप से लम्बे समय के लिए काम के लिए उपलब्ध था (कार्यकलाप कोड 81) और "श्रमिक बल में नहीं" यदि वह अलाभप्रद कार्यकलापों (कार्यकलाप कोड 91-98) से किसी एक अथवा अधिक कार्यकलापों में अपेक्षाकृत रूप से अधिक लम्बी अवधि के लिए व्यस्त था। दो विस्तृत कार्यकलाप श्रेणियों के अन्दर, "काम कर रहे" तथा "श्रमिक बल में नहीं" विस्तृत कार्यकलाप श्रेणी, व्यतीत किए गए समय मानदंड के आधार पर निर्धारित की गई थी। उसकी प्रमुख स्थिति के आधार पर "कामगार के रूप में वर्गीकृत व्यक्ति का हवाला "मुख्य कामगार" के पश्चात् यहां दिया गया है "गैर कामगारों" में से उनका जिन्होंने अपने प्रमुख सामान्य कार्यकलाप (अलाभप्रद) के साथ-साथ सहायक कार्यकलाप में कुछ लाभप्रद कार्यकलाप का अनुसरण किया, को इसके पश्चात् "सीमान्त कामगारों" के रूप में उल्लिखित किया गया। ये दो वर्ग अर्थात् "मुख्य कामगार" तथा "सीमान्त कामगार" मिलकर सभी कामगारों का गठन करते हैं\*। यह धारणा रा. प्र. सर्वे. के 32वें दौर में सामान्य स्थिति के अनुसार जनसंख्या के लिए गए वर्गीकरण के लिए भी अपनाई गई थी। किन्तु 27वें दौर सर्वेक्षण में, एक व्यक्ति के लिए, उसके कार्यकलाप (अथवा निष्क्रियता) जिसने विंगत में लम्बे समय के लिए प्रमुख बनाए रखा (अर्थात् लगभग एक वर्ष) तथा जिसकी भविष्य में भी जारी रहने की संभावना थी, उस पुरुष/महिला का सामान्य कार्य समझा गया। तदनुसार किसी व्यक्ति को "कार्यरत" समझा गया यदि वह पुरुष/स्त्री विंगत में लम्बी अवधि अर्थात् एक वर्ष से लाभ का कोई ऐसा कार्य कर रहा हो जिसकी भविष्य में भी जारी रहने की संभावना हो। व्यक्तियों को भी (पूर्णकालिक नियमित छात्रों को छोड़ कर) जो केवल सीमान्त रूप से लाभकर कार्य कर रहे थे, कामगार समझा गया। अतः 27वें दौर के आंकड़ों पर आधारित सामान्य "कामगारों" के अनुमानों में दोनों श्रेणियों के कामगारों को शामिल किया गया है जो मुख्य रूप से लाभकर कार्य कर रहे हैं और जो गौण रूप से लाभकर कार्य कर रहे हैं अथवा दूसरे शब्दों में "मुख्य" और सीमान्त दोनों प्रकार के कामगार। अतः 32वें 38वें दौरसे प्राप्त हुए कामगारों-और सीमान्त के अनुमानों को मिलाने से 27वें से यथा उपलब्ध "कामगारों" के अनुमानों से तुलनीय होंगे।

3.3 वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण के अनुसार वर्गीकरण :

वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्थिति के अनुसार व्यक्तियों के वर्गीकरण के लिए उस पुरुष/स्त्री को प्रारम्भिक रूप से सर्वेक्षण की तारीख राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण में प्रयोग की गई "मुख्य/सीमान्त" श्रमिक की संकल्पनाएं वास्तव में ऐसी नहीं हैं जैसी की 1981 की जनगणना में थीं।



से 7 दिन पूर्व की अवधि के संदर्भ में अप्रतिम कार्य स्थिति करनी पड़ेगी। इससे संदर्भ सप्ताह के दौरान केवल एक पद को रखने वाले व्यक्तियों के मामले में कोई समस्या उत्पन्न नहीं होती। किन्तु सप्ताह के दौरान एक से अधिक कार्य करने वाले व्यक्तियों के लिए एक अप्रतिम पद के अन्तर्गत उनका वर्गीकरण प्राथमिकता एवं समय लगने वाले नियम को अपना कर किया गया। प्राथमिकता नियम के अन्तर्गत "कार्यरत" व्यक्ति के पद को "न कार्यरत किन्तु कार्य के लिए खोज/उपलब्ध" के पद पर प्राथमिकता प्राप्त होती है तथा "कार्य के लिए खोज/उपलब्ध" के पद को "न कार्यरत और कार्य के लिए न खोज/न उपलब्ध" के पद पर प्राथमिकता प्राप्त होती है। किन्तु "कार्यरत" अथवा "न कार्यरत" की व्यापक पद श्रेणी के अन्तर्गत प्राथमिकता मानदण्ड के अनुसार श्रेणीबद्ध किसी व्यक्ति के वर्गीकरण के लिए विस्तृत कार्य श्रेणी पद जो उस व्यक्ति को दिया जाएगा समय लगने वाले मानदण्ड के द्वारा निर्धारित किया जाएगा अर्थात् विस्तृत कार्य श्रेणी जिस पर पर्याप्त समय लगाया गया को उस स्त्री/पुरुष का साप्ताहिक पद समझा गया। अतः किसी व्यक्ति को "कार्यरत" (अथवा नियोजित समझा गया) यदि वह संदर्भ सप्ताह के किसी एक दिन में कम से कम एक घंटे के लिए लाभकर के एक अथवा अधिक कार्यों (01-71) में लगा हुआ हो किन्तु वह उन विभिन्न लाभकर कार्यों (01-71) में से दिया गया हो जिस पर संदर्भ सप्ताह के दौरान अधिक कार्य समय लगाया गया हो। किसी व्यक्ति, जिसने सप्ताह के किसी एक दिन में कम से कम एक घंटे कार्य न किया हो, किन्तु कार्य की खोज कर रहा हो अथवा जो सप्ताह के दौरान किसी भी समय कार्य (यद्यपि खोज न कर रहा हो) के लिए उपलब्ध हो, को "कार्य के लिए खोज/उपलब्ध" (अथवा बेरोजगार) समझा गया। अन्य को "कार्य के लिए अनुपलब्ध" अथवा श्रम बल में नहीं) समझा गया। अतः प्रतिदर्श परिवार के प्रत्येक सदस्य को सप्ताह के लिए अप्रतिम कार्य पद सौंपा गया। इस प्रकार सौंपे गए विभिन्न कार्य पद के अन्तर्गत व्यक्तियों के समूह ने एक वर्ष/तिमाही की सर्वेक्षण अवधि के एक सप्ताह में औसतन कार्य द्वारा व्यक्तियों का वितरण उपलब्ध कराया।

### 3.4 वर्तमान दिन की स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण के अनुसार वर्गीकरण

जनसंख्या की कार्यकलाप पद्धति विशेष रूप से असंगठित क्षेत्र में ऐसी है कि एक व्यक्ति एक सप्ताह के दौरान और कभी-कभी एक दिन में भी एक से अधिक कार्य कर रहा हो। बहुत से लोग, विशेष रूप से महिलाएं अन्य अलाभकर कार्यकलापों सहित अपने पारिवारिक उद्यमों में नाममात्र का कार्य शुरू कर सकती हैं और इस प्रकार उसी दिन लाभकर एवं अलाभकर दोनों कार्य करती हैं। अतः 'वर्तमान दिन की स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण' के अनुसार प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को संदर्भगत सप्ताह के प्रत्येक दिन केवल एक कार्य स्थिति अथवा अधिक से अधिक दो कार्य सौंपे गए थे, यह इस बात पर निर्भर करता है कि क्या वह संदर्भगत सप्ताह के सात दिनों में से प्रत्येक दिन एक अथवा एक से अधिक दिन कार्य कर रहा था। इस प्रकार वर्गीकरण की इकाई 'वर्तमान दिन की स्थिति से सम्बन्धित दृष्टिकोण' के अनुसार आधा दिन थी। एक दिन में कार्य स्थिति निर्धारित

करने में किसी व्यक्ति को सारे दिन के लिए "कार्यरत" (काम पर लगा हुआ) समझा गया यदि उसने उस दिन 4 घंटे अथवा अधिक समय के लिए कार्य किया हो। किन्तु यदि उसने एक घंटे अथवा उससे अधिक समय, लेकिन 4 घंटे से कम कार्य किया हो तो उसको आधे दिन के लिए "कार्यरत" (अथवा काम पर लगा हुआ) और दूसरे आधे दिन के लिए "कार्य के लिए खोज/उपलब्ध" (बेरोजगार) अथवा "कार्य के लिए अनुपलब्ध" (श्रम बल में नहीं) माना गया, यह इस बात पर निर्भर करता है कि क्या वह उस दिन कार्य की खोज करने, उसे उपलब्ध करने वाला था अथवा नहीं। दूसरी तरफ यदि कोई व्यक्ति उस दिन एक घंटे के लिए भी किसी लाभकर कार्य में नहीं लगा हुआ था किन्तु वह चार घंटे अथवा अधिक समय के लिए कार्य करने हेतु खोज करने अथवा उसे उपलब्ध करने में लगा हुआ था तो उसे सारे दिन के लिए "बेरोजगार" माना जाएगा। लेकिन यदि वह केवल चार घंटे से कम समय के लिए कार्य करने हेतु उपलब्ध था तो उसको आधे दिन के लिए "बेरोजगार" माना गया और दिन के दूसरे आधे भाग के लिए "श्रम बल में नहीं" माना गया। कोई व्यक्ति जिसके पास करने के लिए न तो कोई लाभकर कार्य था और न ही वह आधे दिन के लिए भी कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध था, सारे दिन के लिए "श्रम बल में नहीं" माना गया और उसको एक अथवा दो अलाभकर कार्य जिनको वह दिन में कर रहा था, सौंपे गए। सप्ताह के सभी सात दिन के लिए विभिन्न कार्य श्रेणियों के अन्तर्गत वर्गीकृत किए गए व्यक्तियों के समूह को सात से विभाजित किए जाने पर उससे एक वर्ष/तिमाही की सर्वेक्षण अवधि के दौरान औसतन एक दिन में कार्य श्रेणी के अनुसार व्यक्तियों (केवल व्यक्ति-दिन) का वितरण परिलक्षित होगा।

4.0 "रोजगार" और "बेरोजगारी" संबंधी अपने पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों में राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन द्वारा अपनाए गए तीन दृष्टिकोणों के माध्यम से एकात्रित आंकड़ों पर आधारित "बेरोजगार" और बेरोजगार के तीन विभिन्न अनुमान पांच वर्ष और उससे ऊपर की आयु की जनसंख्या के लिए प्राप्त होते हैं।

- (i) सामान्य रूप से बेरोजगार/बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या।
- (ii) एक सप्ताह में औसतन बेरोजगार/बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या और
- (iii) एक दिन में औसतन बेरोजगार/बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों की संख्या।

4.1 सामान्य कार्य पद्धति : इसका पहले ही उल्लेख किया गया था कि सर्वेक्षण के 32वें और 38वें दौर में किसी व्यक्ति की सामान्य स्थिति सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से 365 दिन पूर्व की अवधि के संदर्भ में एक "सापेक्षिक रूप से उम्मा समय लगने वाले" मानदण्ड के आधार पर निर्धारित की गई। इस प्रकार 32वें और 38वें दौरों में प्रयोग किए गए समय मानदण्ड को अपना कर जनसंख्या के वर्गीकरण से प्राप्त "सामान्य स्थिति कार्य बल" का अनुमान 365 दिन की अवधि के दौरान इस 27वें दौर में "श्रम समय स्थिति" शब्दों में व्यक्त किया गया।



लम्बे समय के लिए सार्पक्षक रूप से कार्य कर रहे व्यक्तियों अथवा अन्य शब्दों में मानों "मुख्य कामगार" का अनुपात दर्शाएगा। किन्तु "गैर श्रमिक" के रूप में प्रारम्भिक रूप से श्रेणीबद्ध किए गए व्यक्तियों की सहायक कार्य स्थिति के संबंध में इन दो दौरों में एकात्रित की गई अतिरिक्त सूचना से राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षणों के लिए सामान्य "सीमान्त श्रमिकों" के अनुमान प्राप्त करना सम्भव हो सका था। श्रमिकों—मुख्य एवं सीमान्त—के इन दो अनुभागों को एक साथ लेने से प्रत्यक्षतः "श्रमिकों" के कूल अनुपात प्राप्त होते हैं जो आशा है,

सारणी (1)—लिंग और निवास की स्थिति के अनुसार समस्त-भारत के लिए तीन राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षणों से यथा प्राप्त सामान्य रूप से कार्यरत 5 वर्ष और अधिक आयु के व्यक्तियों की प्रतिशतता।

दौर और कार्य बल का प्रकार\*

1	ग्रामीण		शहरी	
	पुरुष	महिला	पुरुष	महिला
27--मुख्य एवं सीमान्त	63.84	37.53	57.09	15.53
32--केवल मुख्य	62.25	28.82	56.22	14.03
32--मुख्य एवं सीमान्त	64.06	38.48	57.48	17.80
38--केवल मुख्य	61.10	28.38	56.29	13.81
38--मुख्य और सीमान्त	63.23	38.74	57.71	17.31

\*27वें और 32वें दौर के अनुमान सभी चार उप दौरों के आंकड़ों पर आधारित हैं जबकि 38वें दौर के अनुमान केवल पहले दो उप दौरों के आंकड़ों पर आधारित हैं।

पुरुषों, ग्रामीण एवं शहरी दोनों का कार्य बल सह-भागिता स्तर 1972-73 से 1983 तक की दस वर्ष की सारी अवधि में लगभग स्थिर रहा, जो ग्रामीण पुरुषों के लिए लगभग 63 से 64 प्रतिशत और शहरी पुरुषों के लिए लगभग 57 से 58 प्रतिशत रहा। दूसरी तरफ जबकि यह ग्रामीण महिलाओं के लिए लगभग 38 प्रतिशत के स्तर पर अधिकांशतः स्थिर रहा और शहरी महिलाओं के लिए प्रारम्भिक स्तर के दशक की तुलना में सत्तर के दशक के अन्त में अस्सी के दशक के शुरू में मामूली सी वृद्धि हुई प्रतीत होती है। सीमान्त श्रमिकों का अनुपात केवल ग्रामीण पुरुषों के मध्य लगभग 2 प्रतिशत है और शहरी पुरुषों में लगभग एक प्रतिशत है। पुरुषों के विपरीत, महिलाओं के मामले में लगभग 10 प्रतिशत के ऊंचे स्तर तक महिलाएं ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में केवल सीमान्त क्षमता में कार्यरत पाई गईं। शहरी महिलाओं के मध्य सीमान्त श्रमिकों का अनुपात तुलनात्मक रूप से कम है जो लगभग 3-4 प्रतिशत है।

4.2 कार्यशक्ति का संयोजन : 'कार्यशील' के रूप में वर्गीकृत व्यक्ति के लिए रोजगार के उस प्रकार के बारे में सर्वेक्षणों में अतिरिक्त सूचना एकात्रित की जा रही थी जिसमें व्यक्ति, उद्योग के क्षेत्र से संबंधित व्यवसाय संबंधी कार्य आदि में कार्यरत था। कामगारों के और आगे वर्गीकरण हेतु रोजगार की तीन वृहत् श्रेणियां अपनाई गईं यथा (1) स्व-नियोजन (2) नियमित मजदूरी/वैतनिक रोजगार एवं (3) आकस्मिक मजदूरी पाने वाले श्रमिक। रोजगार की उपर्युक्त तीनों श्रेणियों से प्राप्त

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 27वें दौर से यथाप्राप्त "श्रमिकों" के अनुमानों से तुलनीय होंगे, 27वें दौर में एक सामान्य श्रमिक परिभाषित किया गया है जो पिछले काफी समय (अर्थात् सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से 365 दिन पूर्व) से लाभकर कार्य में लगा हुआ था। स्पष्टतः 27वें दौर से यथा प्राप्त "श्रमिकों" के अनुमान में मुख्य और सीमान्त दोनों श्रमिकों को शामिल किया गया। सारणी (1) में समस्त-भारत के तीन दौरों से यथा प्राप्त सामान्य "कार्य बल" के तुलनात्मक अनुमान दिए गए हैं।

होने वाले सर्वेक्षण के तीन पंचवर्षीय दौरों के परिणामों से सभी कामगारों (प्रमुख एवं सीमान्त) की गिरती हुई प्रतिशतता सारणी (2) में प्रस्तुत की गई है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पुरुष व महिलाओं दोनों मामलों में सत्तरवें दशक के प्रारम्भिक वर्षों की तुलना में हाल ही के वर्षों में स्व-नियोजन में गिरावट आई है। कूल ग्रामीण पुरुष कार्य शक्ति में स्व-नियोजित ग्रामीण महिलाओं का अनुपात वर्ष 1972-73 में 66 प्रतिशत था जो कि घटकर वर्ष 1977-78 में 63 प्रतिशत तथा वर्ष 1983 में 60 प्रतिशत हो गया था। ग्रामीण महिलाओं के मामले में स्व-नियोजन का अनुपात वर्ष 1972-73 में 64 प्रतिशत से घटकर वर्ष 1977-78 में 62 प्रतिशत रह गया जो परवर्ती वर्षों में एक सा बना रहा। वर्ष 1972-73 की तुलना में वर्ष 1977-83 की अवधि के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पुरुष व महिलाओं दोनों के सन्दर्भ में नियमित मजदूरी/वैतनिक पाने वालों के अनुपात में भी कमी आई है। आकस्मिक मजदूरी पाने वाले श्रमिकों में बाद के वर्षों में निःसन्देह वृद्धि हुई है जबकि शहरी पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में 'स्व-नियोजित' का अनुपात वर्षों के दौरान एक समान रहा तथापि इस दौरान नियमित मजदूरी/वैतनिक रोजगार संबंधी अवसरों में गिरावट आई है। जिसके कारण शहरी पुरुष कार्य शक्ति में आकस्मिक मजदूरी पाने वाले श्रमिक के अनुपात में स्पष्टतः वृद्धि हुई जबकि शहरी महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में वर्ष 1972-73 की तुलना में वर्ष 1977-78 के दौरान स्व-नियोजित भाग में वृद्धि हुई और तदनन्तर परवर्ती वर्षों में गिरावट आई।



सारणी (2)--भारत के ग्रामीण शहरी क्षेत्रों में पुरुषों एवं महिलाओं के तंदर्भ में प्रलग-प्रलग रोजगार की श्रेणियों के द्वारा सामान्य स्तर के अनुसार (प्रमुख वसीमान्त) सभी कामगारों का प्रतिशत वितरण।

रोजगार की श्रेणी	पुरुष			महिला		
	27 वॉ	32 वॉ	38 वॉ	27 वॉ	32 वॉ	38 वॉ
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>ग्रामीण</b>						
स्व-नियोजन	65.90	62.77	60.40	64.43	62.10	62.21
नियमित मजदूरी/वैतनिक कार्य	12.06	10.57	10.77	4.08	2.84	3.10
आकस्मिक मजदूरी वाले श्रमिक	22.04	26.66	28.83	31.44	35.06	34.69
<b>शहरी</b>						
स्व-नियोजन	39.25	40.38	40.67	48.40	49.47	46.50
नियमित मजदूरी/वैतनिक कार्य	50.69	46.41	44.58	27.89	24.94	26.23
आकस्मिक मजदूरी वाले श्रमिक	10.06	13.21	14.75	23.71	25.59	27.27

इनके सन्दर्भ में, वर्ष 1977-78 के दौरान नियमित रोजगार के अवसरों में गिरावट आई है तथा परवर्ती वर्षों में वृद्धि हुई है। कुल मिलाकर दस वर्ष से अधिक की अवधि में आकस्मिक मजदूरी वाले श्रमिकों में वृद्धि हुई।

4.3 कार्य शक्ति का आँछाँगिक वितरण : तीनों पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षणों में कामगार के रूप में श्रेणीबद्ध प्रत्येक व्यक्ति के लिए कार्य (उद्योग) के उस क्षेत्र से संबंधित सूचना भी विस्तृत व्यौरों में संग्रहीत की गई थी जिसमें व्यक्ति नियोजित था। सारणी (3) में सामान्य स्तर के अनुसार 27 वॉ, 32 वॉ एवं 38वॉ दौर में हुए सर्वेक्षणों के आंकड़ों से बड़े उद्योग (प्रभागीय स्तर) द्वारा प्राप्त होने वाले समस्त कामगारों (प्रमुख एवं सीमान्त) का वितरण प्रस्तुत किया गया है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में दो तिहाई से अधिक पुरुष कामगार एवं लगभग 90 प्रतिशत महिला कामगार कृषि क्षेत्र से संबंधित कार्यकलाप में लगे हुए पाए गये हैं इसमें शिकार, वानिकी एवं मत्स्य पालन सम्मिलित है। परन्तु वर्ष 1973-83 की 10 वर्ष की अवधि के बाद कृषि क्षेत्र में कामगारों के अनुपात में निरन्तर गिरावट आई है, पुरुषों के संदर्भ में यह वर्ष 1972-73 में 83 प्रतिशत से घटकर वर्ष 1983 में 77 प्रतिशत तथा महिलाओं के संदर्भ में वर्ष 1972-73 में 90 प्रतिशत से घटकर वर्ष 1983 में 87 प्रतिशत रह गई। यह गिरावट प्रमुख रूप से निर्माण कार्य,

व्यापार एवं सामुदायिक सामाजिक व निजी सेवाओं से सम्बन्धित कार्यकलाप द्वारा दृष्टिगोचर होती है। शहरी पुरुष कामगारों में, एक चौथाई से कूल अधिक निर्माणकारी कार्यकलाप में लगे हुए हैं तथा लगभग पांचवा भाग 'व्यापार' एवं 'सामुदायिक', सामाजिक एवं निजी सेवाओं से संबंधित कार्यकलाप में से प्रत्येक में कार्यरत है ऐसा प्रतीत होता है कि 1970 से पूर्व के वर्षों की तुलना में, 1970 के बाद के वर्षों तथा 1980 से पूर्व के वर्षों में, सामाजिक सामुदायिक तथा निजी सेवाओं में नियोजित शहरी पुरुष कामगारों के अनुपात के स्तर में लगभग 3 प्रतिशत की गिरावट आई है जो, कृषि तथा व्यापार के अतिरिक्त अन्य क्षेत्रों में कम देखी गई है। जहाँ तक शहरी महिलाओं का सम्बन्ध है, 1970 के पूर्व के वर्षों की तुलना में, उन्होंने, विनिर्माण तथा व्यवसाय सम्बन्धी कार्यकलापों में अत्यधिक भाग लिया है। कृषि क्षेत्र में उनकी सहभागिता में तदनुसारी गिरावट आई है।

4.4 वर्तमान स्तर के अनुसार कार्य शक्ति की सहभागिता दर-- सारणी (2) में यह देखा गया कि ग्रामीण कार्य शक्ति के एक बहुत बड़े अनुपात के सामान्य व्यवसाय ('समय' के आधार पर निर्धारित) के कार्यकलाप कृषि से संबंधित है। निःसन्देह जो व्यक्ति कृषि संबंधी कार्यकलाप एवं कृषि पर आधारित उद्योगों में कार्यरत हैं कृषि में मन्द (लीन) सौसभ के दौरान सम्भवतः



अपना आम व्यवसाय बदल लेते हैं। कुछ अस्थायी रूप से, अन्य क्षेत्रों से सम्बन्धित व्यवसाय अपना लेते हैं कुछ बेरोजगार हो जाते हैं तथा कुछ कार्यशक्ति से बाहर भी रह जाते हैं। यह पैटर्न किसी विशेष मौसम अथवा एक सप्ताह के एक दिन से दूसरे दिन तक के दौरान एक सप्ताह से दूसरे सप्ताह के लिए अलग-अलग व्यक्तियों के लिए बदलाव हो सकता है। जनसंख्या के कार्यकलाप संबंधी पैटर्न में ये आवर्तक परिवर्तन सामान्य स्तर सम्बन्धी दृष्टिकोण के माध्यम से प्राप्त होने वाले आंकड़ों द्वारा उल्लिखित अनुमानों से प्रकाशित नहीं हुए हैं। एक सप्ताह के लिए औसत रूप से प्राप्त होने वाला कार्य पैटर्न 'वर्तमान सप्ताह के स्तर' द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया है तथा एक दिन के लिए औसत रूप से प्राप्त होने वाला पैटर्न 'वर्तमान दैनिक स्तर' के अनुमानों द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया है।

सारणी (4) "वर्तमान सप्ताह" एवं "वर्तमान दिनों" के स्तर सम्बन्धी दृष्टिकोण के अनुसार 5 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु वाले कार्यरत व्यक्तियों की प्रतिशतता।

समस्त भारत

दौर	वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर		वर्तमान दैनिक स्तर	
	पुरुष	महिला	पुरुष	महिला
1	2	3	4	5
ग्रामीण				
27	61.42	30.52	57.99	25.22
32	59.94	25.92	56.12	21.63
38	58.98	25.02	55.43	21.76
शहरी				
27	56.34	13.93	54.72	12.19
32	56.05	14.75	54.13	13.00
38	56.02	13.31	53.77	12.49

ऐसा देखा गया कि औसत रूप से लगभग 60 प्रतिशत ग्रामीण पुरुषों एवं 55 से कुछ ही अधिक शहरी पुरुषों के पास जनवरी-जून की अवधि के दौरान एक सप्ताह में कुछ न कुछ काम रहा जबकि शहरी पुरुषों के लिए, काम में भागीदारी की दर वर्ष 1973-83 की अवधि के दौरान अधिकांश रूप से एक सी पाई गई, ग्रामीण पुरुषों के लिए वर्षों के बाद सहभागिता की दर में मामूली सी गिरावट आई (वर्ष 1973 में 61.42 प्रतिशत से घटकर वर्ष 1983 में 59.98 प्रतिशत रह गई)। शहरी महिलाओं में से लगभग 14 प्रतिशत महिलाओं के पास जनवरी-जून के दौरान एक सप्ताह में कुछ न कुछ काम पाया गया है। वर्ष 1973 से आरम्भ होने वाली 10 वर्षों की अवधि तक यह अनुपात अधिकांश रूप से एक जैसा पाया गया। परन्तु ग्रामीण महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में वर्ष 1972-73 की तुलना में वर्ष 1977-

4.5 'वर्तमान सप्ताह' एवं 'वर्तमान दिन' के स्तर सम्बन्धी दृष्टिकोण के अनुसार "कार्यशक्ति" के अनुमान :--वर्तमान सप्ताह के स्तर के अनुमान 5\* जनसंख्या के अनुपात का औसत आकार दर्शाते हैं जो कि एक सप्ताह में कुछ आर्थिक कार्यकलाप जारी रखे गये थे। वर्तमान दैनिक स्तर के अनुमान औसत रूप से एक दिन में 5 वर्ष और उससे अधिक आयु के व्यक्तियों में से काम करने वाले व्यक्तियों और दिनों का अनुपात प्रस्तुत करते हैं। संगत तुलनात्मक अनुमान जो कि तीन दौरों (27 वें, 32 वें एवं 38 वें) से प्राप्त हुए हैं, लिंग व ग्रामीण रहन-सहन संबंधी स्तर के अनुसार सारणी (4) में अलग से प्रस्तुत किये गये हैं। (27 वें, 32 वें एवं 38 वें) दौरों के लिए सारणी में प्रस्तुत किये गये अनुमान क्रमशः 1973, 1978 एवं 1983 के वर्षों के जनदरों से जून तक उसी अवधि से सम्बद्ध हैं।

83 की अवधि के दौरान साप्ताहिक स्तर में कार्य की सहभागिता में गिरावट दृष्टिगोचर होती है। वास्तव में वर्ष 1973 में लगभग 31 प्रतिशत से घटकर यह दर वर्ष 1977-83 के दौरान लगभग 25 प्रतिशत रह गई। एक प्रारम्भिक रिपोर्ट में रा.प्र. सर्व. ने उन तुलनात्मक परिणामों की संवीक्षा की जो कि 27 वें एवं 32 वें दौर में प्राप्त हुए थे तथा यह दर्शाते हैं कि वर्ष 1972-73 की तुलना में वर्ष 1977-78 में जो गिरावट आई है वह घरेलू कार्यों से लगे हुए व्यक्तियों के लिए एक नवीन कार्यकलाप संबंधी उप-श्रेणी के आरम्भ होने के कारण है। जो कुछ ऐसे आर्थिक व्यवसायों सहित जो 32 वें दौर में 'घरेलू कामगार' के रूप में मूलतः, न्यूनतम अथवा सीमान्त थे, प्रमुख रूप से घरेलू कामों में लगी हुईं कुछ ग्रामीण महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में गलत वर्गीकरण की वजह से हो सकती है।

\*1970 के दौरान भारत में रोजगार-बेरोजगारी की स्थिति-सर्वेक्षण के खण्ड III, संख्या 3 के रा.प्र. सर्व. के 27 वें एवं 32 वें दौरों से प्राप्त परिणामों के आधार पर एक तुलनात्मक अध्ययन।



4.6 जैसा कि पहले ही स्पष्ट कर दिया गया है साप्ताहिक स्तर की दरें एक सप्ताह में रोजगार में घटवृद्ध नहीं दर्शाती हैं। वास्तव में साप्ताहिक दरें अत्यानुमानित रोजगार की ओर अभिमुख होती हैं। अतः दैनिक स्तर की दरें रोजगार बेरोजगारी की स्थिति के वास्तविक पैटर्न का और अधिक यथार्थवादी चित्रण दर्शाती हैं। ऐसा देखा गया कि पुरुष व महिलाओं दोनों के लिए ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में दैनिक स्तर की कार्यक्षिति संबंधी सहभागिता की दरें वर्ष 1973-83 की अवधि के दौरान 27वें, 32वें एवं 38 वें दौर के आंकड़ों द्वारा दर्शायी गई साप्ताहिक अनुकूल दरों की अपेक्षा लगभग 4-5 प्रतिशत कम हैं। स्पष्टतः, सप्ताह में कुछ काम करने वालों के रूप में वर्गीकृत किए गए ग्रामीण पुरुष एवं महिलाओं के लगभग 4-5 प्रतिशत भाग को सप्ताह के सभी दिनों के दौरान कोई काम नहीं मिलता और उनका उपयोग नहीं हो पाता। शहरी पुरुषों एवं महिलाओं का इस सम्बन्ध में अनुपात 1973-1983 की सारी अवधि के दौरान एक प्रतिशत से दो प्रतिशत के बीच रहा।

4.7 रोजगार स्तर में क्षेत्रीय विभिन्नता : रोजगार का स्तर अलग-अलग राज्यों में भिन्न-भिन्न है और एक राज्य में भी ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के बीच रोजगार का स्तर भिन्न-भिन्न है। यद्यपि इस अवधि के दौरान अखिल भारतीय स्तर पर बहुत अधिक भिन्नता नहीं देखी गई अध्ययन की अवधि के दौरान कुछ राज्यों के रोजगार अवसरों में गिरावट आ सकती है अथवा वृद्धि हो सकती है। सारणी (5) विभिन्न राज्यों और संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के संबंध में 27 वें, 32 वें एवं 38 वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण के आंकड़ों से यथा प्राप्त, मापन के आंकड़ों के अनुसार निर्धारित किए गए रोजगार स्तर को दर्शाती है। सभी राज्यों एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में से केवल पंजाब, पश्चिम बंगाल, दिल्ली और मद्रास में ही ग्रामीण पुरुषों के रोजगार स्तर में कुछ सुधार देखा गया है। राज्यों में रोजगार स्तर या तो लगभग स्थिर रहा अथवा उसमें कुछ गिरावट आई। जहाँ तक ग्रामीण महिलाओं का प्रश्न है, असम, बिहार, पश्चिम बंगाल और गोवा, दमन व दीव में कुछ सुधार देखा गया है। दूसरी तरफ उनके संबंध में कर्नाटक, उड़ीसा और राजस्थान में रोजगार स्तर में गिरावट देखी गई है। शहरी पुरुषों के लिए पश्चिम प्रदेश, गुजरात, हरियाणा, जम्मू व कश्मीर, केरल, मध्य प्रदेश और त्रिपुरा राज्यों में रोजगार स्तर में सुधार पाया गया है। इसी प्रकार शहरी महिलाओं के लिए प्रमुख राज्यों—केरल, पंजाब, तमिलनाडु और पश्चिम बंगाल में ही रोजगार स्तर में सुधार देखा गया है।

4.8 बेरोजगारी : जैसा कि पहले उल्लेख किया है, बेरोजगारी के मापने के लिए 27वें, 32वें तथा 38वें दौरों के दौरान किए गए सभी तीन पंचवर्षीय सर्वेक्षण के सर्वेक्षण आंकड़ों से तीन अनुमान प्राप्त हुए हैं। वे तीन अनुमान हैं : (1) साधारण तौर पर काम पर लगे व्यक्तियों की संख्या, (2) सप्ताह में औसतन काम पर लगे व्यक्तियों की संख्या, और (3) किसी भी दिन औसतन काम पर लगे व्यक्तियों की संख्या। प्रथम अनुमान से

अपेक्षाकृत रूप से अधिक लम्बे समय के मापदण्ड के आधार पर मूल्यांकित एक वर्ष की अवधि के दौरान "बेरोजगारों की संख्या" स्पष्ट होगी और इस अर्थ में चिरकालिक बेरोजगारों के रूप में इस पर विचार किया जाए। (27वें दौर में "चिरकालिक बेरोजगार" वह था जिसे रोजगार नहीं मिला था और पिछले काफी समय से वह रोजगार की तलाश कर रहा था अथवा कार्य के लिए उपलब्ध था तथा भविष्य में भी उसके बेरोजगार रहने की सम्भावना थी)। दूसरे अनुमान अर्थात् वर्तमान सप्ताह के अनुसार बेरोजगारी की दर, जिसमें चिरकालिक बेरोजगारी जो सन्दर्भ वर्ष के दौरान चिरकालिक रही, तथा वर्ष की विभिन्न ऋतुओं के दौरान श्रमिकों की मांग में गिरावट के कारण उत्पन्न सतत अथवा अल्पावधि बेरोजगारी को भी साधारण रूप से बेरोजगार के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया था, शामिल है तीसरे अनुमान, चिरकालिक बेरोजगार तथा साधारण रूप से कार्य पर लगे परन्तु जो सप्ताह में कुछ समय के लिए बेरोजगार रहे, की बेरोजगारी के दिनों पर विचार करते हुए बेरोजगारी के औसतन आकार को स्पष्ट करता है।

4.9 चिरकालिक बेरोजगार : 27वें, 32वें तथा 38वें दौर के आंकड़ों से प्राप्त लिंगवार तथा ग्रामीण-शहरी आवास के अनुसार 5 वर्ष तथा इससे अधिक की आयु की कुल जनसंख्या के सम्बन्ध में प्रतिशतता के सन्दर्भ में 5 वर्ष तथा इससे अधिक की आयु के व्यक्तियों की "चिरकालिक बेरोजगारी" के अनुमान सारणी (6) में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं। यह भी नोट किया जाए कि 32वें तथा 38वें दौरों में, जनसंख्या का वर्गीकरण व्यतीत किए गए समय के अनुसार किया गया था, अतः वे "सीमान्त कामगार" जिन्होंने "काम" पर अपेक्षाकृत कम समय व्यतीत किया जो सन्दर्भ वर्ष के दौरान अपेक्षाकृत लम्बे समय के लिए काम करने हेतु उपलब्ध थे, को चिरकालिक बेरोजगार के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया। 27वें दौर में, उन्हें सम्भवतः प्रायः काम करने वालों के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया हो। तीनों दौरों की पूर्ण तुलनात्मक छवि प्राप्त करने के उद्देश्य से, यह सारणी, 32वें तथा 38वें दौर के कुल "बेरोजगारों" में से सीमान्त कामगारों को हटाकर चिरकालिक बेरोजगारी के समायोजित अनुमान प्रस्तुत करती है। यह देखा गया है कि 1970 के प्रारम्भिक वर्षों से ग्रामीण पुरुषों के चिरकालिक स्तर में मामूली परन्तु नियमित वृद्धि हुई है। शहरी पुरुषों के सम्बन्ध में भी, 1972-73 अवधि के मुकाबले में बेरोजगारी स्तर में साधारण वृद्धि हुई है। परन्तु उनके सम्बन्ध में भी, 1980 के प्रारम्भिक वर्षों में, 1970 के अन्तिम वर्षों की अवधि की तुलना में स्तर में मामूली सी गिरावट आई है। शहरी पुरुषों के सम्बन्ध में देखी गई यही प्रवृत्ति ग्रामीण तथा शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों की महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में भी देखी जा सकती है। 1970 के अन्तिम वर्षों के दौरान चिरकालिक बेरोजगारी में वृद्धि तथा 1980 के प्रारम्भिक वर्षों में तदनुवृत्ति गिरावट शहरी और ग्रामीण दोनों क्षेत्रों की महिलाओं के मामले में अपेक्षाकृत तीव्र है।



सारणी (6) लिंग तथा आवास स्थिति के अनुसार समस्त भारत के लिए सा० प्र० सर्वे० के तीनों दौरों से प्राप्त स्धारण तौरपर बेरोजगार (चिरकालिक) 5 वर्ष तथा इससे अधिक की आयु के व्यक्तियों की प्रतिशतता।

दौर*	ग्रामीण		शहरी	
	पुरुष	महिला	पुरुष	महिला
27	0.75	0.18	2.87	1.00
32 (असमायोजित)	1.41	1.68	2.90	3.03
32 (समायोजित)	0.83	0.79	3.28	2.52
38 (असमायोजित)	1.45	0.51	3.56	2.45
38 (समायोजित)	0.97	0.32	3.11	1.05

\*27वें तथा 28वें दौर के अनुमान, चार उप-दौर आंकड़ों पर आधारित हैं जबकि 38वें दौर के अनुमान केवल प्रथम दो उप-दौर आंकड़ों पर आधारित हैं।

4.10 वर्तमान स्थिति के अनुसार रोजगारी दर<sup>1</sup> :—सारणी (7), लिंग तथा ग्रामीण/शहरी आवास स्थिति के अनुसार 5 वर्ष तथा इससे अधिक की आयु की जनसंख्या के लिए वर्तमान सप्ताह से सम्बन्धित स्थिति और वर्तमान दिवस से सम्बन्धित स्थिति पर आधारित बेरोजगारी के अनुमान प्रस्तुत करती हैं।

सारणी (7) : वर्तमान सप्ताह की स्थिति तथा वर्तमान दिवस की स्थिति दृष्टिकोणों के अनुसार बेरोजगारी की प्रतिशतता।

समस्त भारत

दौर	वर्तमान सप्ताह स्थिति		वर्तमान दिवस स्थिति	
	पुरुष	महिला	पुरुष	महिला
1	2	3	4	5
	ग्रामीण			
27	2.22	2.26	4.75	3.70
32	2.34	1.40	4.45	2.45
38	2.61	1.55	4.79	2.52
	शहरी			
27	3.53	1.53	4.76	2.04
32	4.06	1.68	5.35	2.11
38	4.04	1.33	5.45	1.72

ग्रामीण पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में व्यक्तियों का अनुपात, जिनके पास एक घण्टे तक का कार्य नहीं था तथा जो 7 दिनों की अवधि के दौरान औसतन काम के लिए उपलब्ध थे, 1972-73 के दौरान 2.2 प्रतिशत था जो अगले पांच वर्षों तक लगातार एक जैसा रहा तथा 1983 तक 2.6 प्रतिशत तक मामूली बढ़ गया। यह भी नोट किया जाए कि वर्तमान सप्ताह के स्थिति दृष्टिकोण में, ऐसे व्यक्ति को, जिसने केवल आधा दिन ही कार्य किया नौकरी पर लगा हुआ माना गया चाहे वह सन्दर्भ सप्ताह की सम्पूर्ण

अवधि के दौरान बेरोजगार था/थी। ऐसी बेरोजगारी पर भी विचार करने पर यह देखा गया है कि किसी भी दिन औसतन बेरोजगारी का स्तर 1972-73 से आर करके दस वर्षों की अवधि के दौरान 5 वर्ष तथा उससे अधिक की आयु के व्यक्तियों के कूल व्यक्ति दिवसों का लगभग 4 रु प्रतिशत था, यह स्तर सम्पूर्ण अवधि के दौरान लगभग सर रहा। शहरी पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में, वर्तमान सप्ताह स्थिति के अनुसार बेरोजगारी का स्तर 1972-73 के दौरान 3.5 प्रतिशत रहा जो 1977-78



के दौरान 4 प्रतिशत तक बढ़ गया तथा अगले पांच वर्षों के दौरान स्थिर रहा, जबकि दिवस दर 1972-73 के दौरान 4.8 प्रतिशत थी जो 1977-78 की अवधि के दौरान 5.4 प्रतिशत तक बढ़ गयी। ग्रामीण महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में वर्तमान स्थिति के अनुसार बेरोजगारी स्तर में 1972-73 के मुकाबले में 1977-83 अवधि के दौरान कुछ गिरावट आ गयी प्रतीत होती है। परन्तु शहरी महिलाओं के लिए यह स्तर सम्पूर्ण दस वर्षों की अवधि में लगभग समान रहा।

**4.11. बेरोजगारी की दरों में क्षेत्रीय भिन्नता : सारणी (8),** राज्यों तथा संघ शासित क्षेत्रों के लिए 1972-73, 1977-78 तथा 1983 की अलग-अलग तीन अवधियों के लिए साधारण स्थिति दृष्टिकोण, वर्तमान सप्ताह की स्थिति सम्बन्धी दृष्टिकोण तथा वर्तमान दिवस स्थिति सम्बन्धी दृष्टिकोण के अनुसार प्राप्त बेरोजगारी दरें प्रस्तुत करती हैं। यह सीमान्त कामगारों को छोड़कर बाद के दो वर्षों के समायोजित अनुमान भी प्रस्तुत करती हैं।

प्रमुख राज्यों में से केरल में सर्वाधिक बेरोजगारी देखी गई है, ग्रामीण पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में 1983 के दौरान चिरकालिक

बेरोजगारी का अनुपात 7 प्रतिशत, ग्रामीण महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में 4 प्रतिशत, शहरी पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में 8 प्रतिशत तथा शहरी महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में 5 प्रतिशत था। केरल के पश्चात ग्रामीण पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में बेरोजगारी तमिलनाडु तथा पश्चिम बंगाल में अपेक्षाकृत अधिक (लगभग 2-3 प्रतिशत) पाई गई, ग्रामीण महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में तमिलनाडु में (2 प्रतिशत), शहरी पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में पश्चिम बंगाल में (7 प्रतिशत), तमिलनाडु (5 प्रतिशत), असम, उड़ीसा, तथा कर्नाटक (प्रत्येक 4 प्रतिशत) और शहरी पुरुषों के सन्दर्भ में बिहार, गुजरात तथा हरियाणा (3 प्रतिशत प्रत्येक); शहरी महिलाओं के सन्दर्भ में पश्चिम बंगाल में लगभग (3 प्रतिशत) तथा असम, बिहार, हिमाचल प्रदेश, पंजाब तथा तमिलनाडु में (प्रत्येक लगभग 2 प्रतिशत)। केरल तथा तमिलनाडु में अपेक्षाकृत उच्च वर्तमान स्थिति से सम्बन्धित बेरोजगारी दरें यह दर्शाती हैं कि "रोजगार पर लगे" व्यक्तियों के रूप में वर्गीकृत व्यक्तियों के बड़े अनुपात को पूरे वर्ष कोई काम नहीं मिला। अन्य राज्यों की तुलना में उन व्यक्तियों के बीच भी, जिनके पास सप्ताह में कुछ काम था, जिन्हें पूरे सप्ताह कोई काम नहीं मिला, का अनुपात केरल तथा तमिलनाडु में बहुत अधिक है।