



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION  
NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE



*Sustainable Development Goals*  
**NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORK**

*Version 3.1*



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Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation  
Sustainable Development Goals- National Indicator Framework  
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National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
<b>Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere</b>		
1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than USD 1.25 a day		
1.1.1: Poverty Gap Ratio	NITI Aayog	5 Years
Target 1.2: By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions		
1.2.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line	NITI Aayog	5 Years
Target 1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable		
1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
1.3.2: Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Scheme - ICDS	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
1.3.3: Persons provided employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	Department of Rural Development, Ministry of Rural Development	Annual
1.3.4: Number of Self Help Groups (SHGs) provided bank credit linkage	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)	Annual
1.3.5: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
1.3.6: Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Senior Citizen Homes/Day Care Centers funded by the Government	Department of Social Justice & Empowerment, Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment	Annual
1.3.7: Number of beneficiaries added under Employee's Pension Scheme (EPS) during the year	Ministry of Labour and Employment	Annual
1.3.8: Coverage of New Pension scheme (NPS)	Ministry of Finance	Annual

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Target 1.4: By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance		
1.4.1: Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services	M/o Jal Shakti, M/o Power, M/o Health and Family Welfare, M/o Education, M/o Petroleum and Natural Gas	Annual
1.4.2: Number of telephone subscriptions as percentage of total population	Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications	Annual
Target 1.5: By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters		
1.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (similar to Indicator 11.5.1 and 13.1.1)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
1.5.3: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, (similar to Indicator 11.b.1 and 13.1.2)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
1.5.4: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies, (similar to Indicator 11.b.2 and 13.1.3)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 1.a: Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development co- operation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions		
1.a.2: Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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Target 1.b: Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender- sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions		
1.b.1: Proportion of budget earmarked under gender budget	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture		
Target 2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round		
2.1.1: Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
2.1.2: Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution	Annual
Target 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons		
2.2.1: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
2.2.2: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are wasted	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
2.2.3: Percentage of women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
2.2.4: Percentage of pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0g/ dl)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
2.2.5: Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years

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Target 2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment

2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of wheat and rice, (in kg per hectare)	AS Division, DAC&FW , Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	Annual
2.3.2: Gross Value Added in agriculture per worker	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
2.3.3: Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output	(a) Numerator: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare (b) Denominator: National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

Target 2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality

2.4.1: Proportion of Net Sown Area to Cultivable land	SDDS , DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	Annual
2.4.2: Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card	INM, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	Annual
2.4.3: Percentage of net area under organic farming	INM, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	Annual

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Target 2.5: By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed		
2.5.1: Number of (a) plant and (b) animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities (in number)	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, DARE, (a) National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBPGR) and (b) National Bureau of Animal Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBAGR)	Annual
2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource, (in number)	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, DARE, National Bureau of Fish Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBFGR)	Annual
Target 2.a: Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries		
2.a.1: The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
2.a.2: Percentage share of expenditure in Intellectual Property Product (R&D) in agriculture to GVA in agriculture	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 2.b: Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round		
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Target 2.c: Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility		
2.c.1: Percentage of agriculture mandis enrolled in e-market	Agri Marketing, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare (MoA&FW)	Annual
Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages		
Target 3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 1,00,000 live births		
3.1.1: Maternal Mortality Ratio, (per 1,00,000 live births)	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
3.1.2: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 5 years)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.1.3: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 1 year)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.1.4: Percentage of women aged 15-49 years with a live birth, for last birth, who received antenatal care, four times or more (Period 5 years/1 year)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
Target 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births		
3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate, (per 1,000 live births)	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
3.2.2: Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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Target 3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water- borne diseases and other communicable diseases		
3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National AIDS Control Organisation)	Annual
3.3.2: Tuberculosis incidence per 1,00,000 population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (RNTCP Division)	Annual
3.3.3: Malaria incidence per 1,000 population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division)	Annual
3.3.4: Prevalence of Hepatitis 'B' per 1,00,000 population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
3.3.5: Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division)	Annual
3.3.6: Proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy, (Per million population)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
3.3.7: Percentage of blocks reporting < 1 Kala Azar case per 10,000 population out of the total endemic blocks	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division)	Annual
3.3.8: Percentage of districts reporting < 1% Microfilaria rate (MF) out of Targeted Endemic districts	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division)	Annual
Target 3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being		
3.4.1: Number of deaths due to cancer	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
3.4.2: Suicide mortality rate, (per 1,00,000 population)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual



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Target 3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol		
3.5.1: Percentage of population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years)) who drink alcohol about once a week out of total population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years)) who drink alcohol	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.5.2: Number of persons treated in de-addiction centres (in number)	Department of Social Justice & Empowerment, Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment	Annual
3.5.3: Percentage of population (men (15-54 years) and women (15-49 years)) who consume alcohol	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
Target 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents		
3.6.1: People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population)(similar to 11.2.2)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes		
3.7.1: Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.7.2: Adolescent birth rate (aged 15–19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
3.7.3: Percentage of Institutional Births (5 years/1 years)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years

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3.7.4: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods (similar to Indicator 3.8.1 and 5.6.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.7.5: Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all		
3.8.1: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods (similar to Indicator 3.7.4 and 5.6.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.8.2: Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income	SDRD, MoSPI	5 years
3.8.3: Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National AIDS Control Organisation)	Annual
3.8.4: Prevalence of hypertension among men and women age 15-49 years	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.8.5: Percentage of population in age group 15-49 who reported sought treatment out of total population in that age group having diabetes	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.8.6: Percentage of women aged 15-49 who have ever undergone Cervix examinations	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.8.7: Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (RNTCP Division)	2 Years
3.8.8: Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population, (similar to Indicator 3.c.1)	Public health Division, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual

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Target 3.9: By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination		
3.9.2: Proportion of men and women reporting Asthma in the age group 15-49 years	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.9.3: Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning, (per 1,00,000 population)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 3.a: Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate		
3.a.1: Percentage of adults 15 years and above with use of any kind of tobacco (smoking and smokeless)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (Global Adult Tobacco Survey)	5 Years
Target 3.b: Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS agreement and public health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the agreement on trade-Related aspects of Intellectual property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all		
3.b.1: Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
3.b.2: Budgetary allocation for Department of Health Research, (in Rs. crore)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
Target 3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States		
3.c.1: Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population, in percentage (similar to Indicator 3.8.8)	Public health Division, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual

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3.c.2: Percentage of government spending (including current and capital expenditure) in health sector to GDP	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 3.d: Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks		
3.d.1: International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, NCDC	Annual
Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all		
Target 4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes		
4.1.1: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.1.2: Gross Intake Ratio to the last grade (primary, upper primary and secondary)	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.1.3: Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.1.4: Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.1.5: Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.1.6: Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/ secondary levels	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
4.1.7: Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual

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Target 4.2: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education		
4.2.1: Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.2.2: Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 4.3: By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university		
4.3.1: Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
4.3.2: Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education	Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education	Annual
4.3.3: Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education	Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship		
4.4.1: Proportion of youth and adults with information and communication technology (ICT) skills	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
Target 4.5: By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations		
4.5.1: Gender Parity indices for Primary/ Secondary/Higher Secondary/Tertiary education	Ministry of Education	Annual
4.5.2: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual

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Target 4.6: By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy		
4.6.1: Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years
Target 4.7: By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development		
4.7.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment (Similar to Indicators 12.8.1 and 13.3.1)	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all		
4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to:(a) electricity; (b) computers for pedagogical purposes;(c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp andtoilets;(d)basic drinkingwater;(e)single-sex basic sanitation facilities;and(f)basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions), (in percentage)	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 4.b: By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries		
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Target 4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States		
4.c.1: Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education)	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls		
Target 5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere		
5.1.1: Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non- discrimination on the basis of sex, (in percentage)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
5.1.2: Per lakh women that have been subjected to dowry offences during the year	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
5.1.3: Sex Ratio at Birth (in Per 1,000 male live births)	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
5.1.4: Rate of crimes against women per 1,00,000 female population	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation		
5.2.1: Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
5.2.2: Per lakh women who have experienced sexual crimes during the year	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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5.2.3: Per lakh women who have experienced cruelty/ physical violence by husband or his relative during the calendar year	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
5.2.4: Proportion of sexual crime against girl children to total crime against children during the calendar year	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
5.2.5: Proportion of trafficking of girl children to total children trafficked during the calendar year	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
5.2.6: Percentage of ever married women age 15-49 years who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
5.2.7: Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years) (females per 1,000 males)	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years
Target 5.3: Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation		
5.3.1: Percentage of women aged 20-24 years who were married by exact age 18 years	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
5.3.2: Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate		
5.4.1: Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work	TUS, NSS, MoSPI	3 Years
Target 5.5: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life		
5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government (similar to Indicators 10.2.2 and 16.7.1)	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Rajya Sabha Secretariat (3) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	5 years for Lok Sabha and PRI; 2 Years for Rajya Sabha

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5.5.2: Proportion of women in managerial positions including women in Board of Director, in listed companies, (per 1,000 persons)	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	Annual
5.5.3: Number of women candidates out of total candidates contesting elections (in percentage)	Election Commission of India	5 Years
Target 5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the programme of Action of the International Conference on population and Development and the Beijing platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences		
5.6.1: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning (similar to Indicators 3.7.4 and 3.8.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
5.6.2: Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
5.6.3: Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive knowledge of HIV/ AIDS	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey)	3 Years
Target 5.a: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws		
5.a.1: Operational land holdings - (female operated operational holding)	Agriculture Census, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	5 years
5.a.2: No. of borrowers per 1,00,000 adults (Male and Female)	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
5.a.3: Wages of casual labourers (gender wise) other than public works, (Rs. per day)	PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	Annual, giving quarterly estimates
5.a.4: Average agricultural wage earnings from casual labour work other than public works, (Rs. per day)	PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	Annual, giving quarterly estimates

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5.a.5: Exclusive women SHGs in Bank linked SHGs, (in percentage)	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)	Annual
5.a.6: Percentage of adult having an account at a formal financial institution	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
5.a.7: Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
Target 5.b: Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women		
5.b.1: Percentage of women employed in IT and ITes industry	Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology	Annual
Target 5.c: Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels		
5.c.1: Number of Central Ministries and States having Gender Budget Cells (GBCs)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all		
Target 6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all		
6.1.1: Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS)	Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS for Rural and MIS, NSS, MoSPI for Urban	Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban
6.1.2: Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural)	DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
Target 6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations		
6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural)	Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS for Rural and MIS, NSS, MoSPI for Urban	Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban
6.2.2: Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target	DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual

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6.2.3: Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 6.3: By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally		
6.3.1: Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
6.3.2: Proportion of Water Bodies with Good Ambient Water Quality	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
6.3.3: Proportion of waste water treatment capacity created vis-a-vis total generation	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 6.4: By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity		
6.4.1: Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability	CGWB, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
6.4.2: Per capita storage of water, (in m <sup>3</sup> /person)	CWC, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
6.4.3: Per capita availability of water (in m <sup>3</sup> /person)	CWC, Ministry of Jal Shakti	5 Years
Target 6.5: By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate		
6.5.1: Percentage area of river basins brought under integrated water resources management	Ministry of Jal Shakti	3 Years
Target 6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes		
6.6.1: Percentage of blocks/mandals/taluka over-exploited	CGWB, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
6.6.2: Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers	Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual

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6.6.3: Biological assessment information of surface water bodies	Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
Target 6.a: By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 6.b: Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management		
6.b.1: Proportion of villages with Village Water & Sanitation Committee [VWSC]	DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all		
Target 7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services		
7.1.1: Percentage of households electrified	Ministry of Power	Annual
7.1.2: Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas	Annual
Target 7.2: By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix		
7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total installed electricity generation	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy	Annual
Target 7.3: By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency		
7.3.1: Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP, (in mega joules per rupee)	Ministry of Coal, Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas and Central Electricity Authority	Annual
Target 7.a: By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 7.b: By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support		
7.b.1: Installed renewable energy generating capacity in the country (in watts per capita) (Similar to 12.a.1)	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy	Annual



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Goal 8: promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all		
Target 8.1: Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent GDP growth per annum in the least developed countries		
8.1.1: Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors		
8.2.1: Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.2.2: Total number of patents issued (granted), (similar to Indicator 8.3.2 and 9.5.3)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
8.2.3: Annual growth in manufacturing sector, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.2.4: Annual growth in agriculture sector, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 8.3: promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of MSME, including through access to financial services		
8.3.1: Percentage of workers in informal sector among total workers engaged in non-agriculture sector	PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.3.2: Total number of patents issued (granted) (similar to indicators 8.2.2 and 9.5.3)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
8.3.3: Outstanding Credit to MSME (in rupees crore)	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Annual
8.3.4: Number of MSME units registered under the online Udyog Aadhaar registration	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Annual

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8.3.5: Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
Target 8.4: Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and Endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10Year Framework of programmes on Sustainable Consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead		
8.4.1: Proportion of waste recycled vs. waste generated	CPCB, Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
8.4.2: Per capita fossil fuel consumption, (in Kg.)	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas	Annual
Target 8.5: By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value		
8.5.1: Average hourly earnings of employees, by sex, age, occupation (in Rs.)	PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.5.2: Unemployment rate	PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 8.6: By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training		
8.6.1: Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET)	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
Target 8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms		
8.7.1: Human trafficking cases per 10,00,000 population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
8.7.2: Number of missing children, (similar to Indicator 16.2.3)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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Target 8.8: protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment		
8.8.1: Number of accidents in factories	Ministry of Labour and Employment	Annual
8.8.2: Percentage of migrant workers	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years
8.8.3: Percentage of households receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	Ministry of Rural Development	Annual
Target 8.9: By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products		
8.9.1: Direct contribution of Tourism to total GDP and in growth rate	Ministry of Tourism	Annual
8.9.2: Percentage change in number of visits by tourists (domestic & foreign) over previous year	Ministry of Tourism	Annual
Target 8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all		
8.10.1: (a): Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population, (b) Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
8.10.2: Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population (similar to 1.4.5)	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
8.10.3: Indicator on financial inclusion	Department of Financial Services, Ministry of Finance	Annual

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Target 8.a: Increase aid for trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for trade-related technical assistance to Least Developed Countries		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 8.b: By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs pact of the International Labour Organization		
8.b.1: Existence of a developed and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy	Ministry of Labour and Employment	Annual
Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation and foster innovation		
Target 9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all		
9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
9.1.2: Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport	(1) Railway Board is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by Railways (2) Research Wing of Ministry of Road Transport and Highway is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by Roads (3) Ministry of Civil Aviation is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by air	Annual
9.1.3: Gross Capital Formation by industry of use, (in Rs. crore)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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Target 9.2: promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries		
9.2.1: Manufacturing Value Added (MVA) as a proportion of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and per capita	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.2.2: Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment	PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.2.3: Percentage share of GVA in Manufacturing to Total GVA	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 9.3: Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets		
9.3.1: Share of household sector in total industry value added	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.3.2: Percentage of credit flow to MSME as a percentage of Total Adjusted Net Bank Credit	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Annual
Target 9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities		
9.4.1: Total CO <sub>2</sub> emissions of power sector per unit of GDP (in Tonne/Rupees Crore)	Central Electricity Authority, Ministry of Power	Annual
9.4.2: Energy use intensity of manufacturing value added, (Tonne of Oil Equivalent/000' rupees)	ESD, MoSPI	Annual
Target 9.5: Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending		
9.5.1: Research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.5.2: Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million population	Ministry of Science and Technology	Annual

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9.5.3: Total number of patents issued (granted), (similar to Indicator 8.2.2 and 8.3.2)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
Target 9.a: Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 9.b: Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities		
9.b.1: Share of IPP in total Gross Fixed Capital Formation	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.b.2: Share of GVA of Information and Computer related activities in total GVA	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020		
9.c.1: Number of Internet Subscriptions as percentage of total population	Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications	Annual
9.c.2: Number of broadband subscribers per 10,000 persons	Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications	Annual
Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries		
Target 10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average		
10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population	National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	5 Years
10.1.2: Gini Coefficient of household expenditure	National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	5 Years



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Target 10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status		
10.2.1: Percentage of people living below 50 per cent of median per capita household expenditure	National Sample Survey, NSO, MoSPI	5 Years
10.2.2: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government, (similar to Indicators 5.5.1 and 16.7.1)	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Rajya Sabha Secretariat (3) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	5 years for Lok Sabha & PRI; 2 Years for Rajya Sabha
10.2.3: Proportion of SC/ST persons in Elected bodies, (Lok Sabha) (similar to 16.7.2)	Election Commission of India	5 Years
Target 10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality		
10.4.1: Labour Share of GDP	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
10.4.2: Percentage of budget allocated to North Eastern States	Ministry of Finance	Annual
10.4.3: Percentage of budget allocated for welfare of SCs and STs	Ministry of Finance	Annual
Target 10.5: Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 10.6: Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions		
10.6.1: Whether the Country is a member and has voting rights in international organizations (similar to Indicator 16.8.1)	Ministry of External Affairs	Annual

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Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies		
10.7.1: Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of monthly income earned in country of destination	Ministry of External Affairs	Annual
Target 10.a: Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 10.b: Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to states where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 10.c: By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent		
10.c.1: Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted(cost of Sending/Receiving USD 200 in Public Sector Banks)	Reserve Bank of India	Annual
Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable		
Target 11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums		
11.1.1: Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
Target 11.2: By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons		
11.2.1: Proportion of Households in urban areas having convenient access to public transport	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years

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11.2.2: People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to 3.6.1)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 11.3: By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries		
11.3.1: Proportion of cities with Master plans (similar to 11.a.1)	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
Target 11.4: Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage		
11.4.1: Total per capita expenditure on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage	Ministry of Culture	Annual
Target 11.5: By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global GDP caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations		
11.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (similar to Indicator 1.5.1 and 13.1.1)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management		
11.6.1: Percentage of waste processed	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
11.6.2: Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
11.6.3: Number of days the levels of fine particulate matter (PM2.5 and PM10) above mean level	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
11.6.4: Percentage of wards with 100% door to door waste collection	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual

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Target 11.7: By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities		
11.7.1: Proportion of households reporting an open space within 500 meters from premises (urban)	MIS, NSS, MoSPI	3 years
Target 11.a: Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning		
11.a.1: Proportion of cities with Master plans (similar to 11.3.1)	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
Target 11.b: By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels		
11.b.1: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 (similar to Indicator 1.5.3 and 13.1.2)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
11.b.2: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies, (similar to Indicator 1.5.4 and 13.1.3)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 11.c: Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials		
National indicator is under development		
Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns		
Target 12.1: Implement the 10-Year Framework of programmes on Sustainable Consumption and production patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries		
12.1.1: Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual

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Target 12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources		
12.2.1: Percentage variation in per capita use of natural resources	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 12.3: By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses		
12.3.1: Per capita food availability, (Kg per year per person)	FE, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	Annual
12.3.2: Post harvest storage and distribution losses of central/states pool stocks of wheat and rice	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution	Annual
Target 12.4: By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment		
12.4.1: Whether the country has ratified international Multilateral Environmental Agreements on hazardous waste and other chemicals	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
12.4.2: (a) Hazardous waste generated per capita (in MT/person); and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 12.5: By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse		
12.5.1: Number of waste recycling plants installed	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
12.5.2: Number of Urban Local Bodies using waste segregation techniques	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
12.5.3: Number of municipal corporations banning single use plastic	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
Target 12.6: Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle		
12.6.1: Proportion of companies publishing sustainability reports.	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	Annual

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Target 12.7: promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities		
12.7.1: Green public procurement policy developed and adopted by the Central Ministries/States/UTs	Ministry of Finance	Annual
Target 12.8: By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature		
12.8.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment (Similar to Indicators 4.7.1 and 13.3.1)	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 12.a: Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production		
12.a.1: Installed renewable energy generating capacity in the country (in watts per capita) (Similar to 7.b.1)	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy	Annual
Target 12.b: Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products		
12.b.1: Implementation of standard accounting tools to monitor the economic and environmental aspects of tourism sustainability	Ministry of Tourism	Annual
Target 12.c: Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities		
12.c.1: Amount of fossil fuel subsidy per unit of GDP	a) Numerator - Ministry of Finance b) Denominator - National Accounts Division, MoSPI	Annual



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Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts		
Target 13.1: Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries		
13.1.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (similar to Indicator 1.5.1 and 11.5.1)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
13.1.2: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, (similar to Indicator 1.5.3 and 11.b.1)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
13.1.3: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies, (similar to Indicator 1.5.4 and 11.b.2)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 13.2: Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.		
13.2.1: Pre-2020 action: Achievement of pre-2020 goals as per country priority (percentage reduction in emission intensity of GDP, over 2005 level)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
13.2.2: Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals in post 2020 period	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 13.3: Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning		
13.3.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment (Similar to Indicators 4.7.1 and 12.8.1), 2020	Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education	Annual
Target 13.a: Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible		
The target is not relevant in the national context		

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Target 13.b: promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities		
The target is not relevant in the national context		
Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development		
Target 14.1: By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution		
14.1.1: Coastal Water Quality Index	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
14.1.2: Percentage use of nitrogenous fertilizer to total fertilizer (N, P & K)	INM, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare	Annual
Target 14.2: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans		
14.2.1: Percentage change in area under mangroves, (similar to indicator 14.5.2)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
14.2.2: Percentage of coastal marine protected areas in relation to Territorial Seas (Similar to 14.5.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
Target 14.3: Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels		
14.3.1: Average marine acidity (pH) measured at agreed site of representative sampling stations	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
Target 14.4: By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics		
14.4.1: Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) in fishing, (in Million Tonne/Year)	Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries	Annual

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Target 14.5: By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information		
14.5.1: Percentage of coastal marine protected areas in relation to Territorial Seas (Similar to 14.2.2)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
14.5.2: Percentage change in area under mangroves, (similar to indicator 14.2.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
Target 14.6: By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 14.7: By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 14.a: Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries		
14.a.1: Allocation of budget resources (Budget Estimates) for Ocean Services, Modelling, Applications, Resources and Technology (OSMART) scheme, (in Rs. crore)	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
Target 14.b: provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets		
14.b.1: Assistance to the traditional/artisanal fishers for procurement of FRP boats and other associated fishing implements, (in Number & in Rs. lakh)	Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries	Annual
Target 14.c: Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of "The future we want"		
14.c.1: Compliance of international laws	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual

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Goal 15: protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss		
Target 15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and dry lands, in line with obligations under international agreement		
15.1.1: Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
15.1.2: Protected area as percentage of total geographical area	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
15.1.3: Area of Ramsar sites as a percentage of total wetland area	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally		
15.2.1: Percentage change in Forest Cover	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
15.2.2: Total area covered under different afforestation schemes (in Hectare)	SSD, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
15.2.3: Tree cover as percentage of total geographical area	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years
Target 15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world		
15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area	National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Department of Space	5 Years
Target 15.4: By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development		
15.4.1: Percentage change in forest cover in hill districts	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	2 Years

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15.4.2: Percentage change in per capita income of Himalayan States over previous year	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 15.5: Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species		
15.5.1: Red List Index	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 15.6: promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed		
15.6.1: Whether country has adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change and Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare	Annual
Target 15.7: Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products		
15.7.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.c.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 15.8: By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species		
15.8.1: Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Target 15.9: By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts		
15.9.1 (a) Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategies Plan for Biodiversity, 2011-2020; (b) Integration of biodiversity into national accounting and reporting systems, defined as implementation of the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting.	MoSPI	Annual

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Target 15.a: Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 15.b: Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation		
15.b.1: Percentage of government spending on environmental protection to total government expenditure	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 15.c: Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities		
15.c.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.7.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change	Annual
Goal 16: promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels		
Target 16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere		
16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 1,00,000 population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.1.3: Per 1,00,000 Population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children		
16.2.1: Proportion of Crime Committed against Children during the year, (Per 1,00,000 children)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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16.2.2: Number of victims rescued from human trafficking per 1,00,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.2.3: Number of Missing Children, (similar to Indicator 8.7.2)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 16.3: promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all		
16.3.1: Number of courts per lakh population	Ministry of Law and Justice	Annual
16.3.2: Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.3.3: Number of Judges (all levels) per lakh population	Ministry of Law and Justice	Annual
Target 16.4: By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime		
16.4.1: Number of cases under the Arms Act	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.4.2: Value of Property Stolen & Recovered (in Rs. crore) and Percentage Recovery, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms		
16.5.1: Cases reported under Prevention of Corruption Act and related section of IPC per 1,00,000 population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels		
16.6.1: Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget	DEA, Ministry of Finance	Annual



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16.6.2: Percentage of RTI queries responded, (similar to Indicator 16.10.1)	Central Information Commission	Annual
16.6.3: Number of Government services provided online to citizens	Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology	Annual
Target 16.7: Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels		
16.7.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government (similar to Indicators 5.5.1 and 10.2.2)	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Rajya Sabha Secretariat (3) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	5 Years for Lok Sabha & PRI; 2 Years for Rajya Sabha
16.7.2: Proportion of SC/ST persons in the elected bodies (Lok Sabha) (similar to indicator 10.2.3)	Election Commission of India	5 Years
Target 16.8: Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance		
16.8.1: Whether the Country is a member and has voting rights in international organizations (similar to Indicator 10.6.1)	Ministry of External Affairs	Annual
Target 16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration		
16.9.1: Percentage of births registered	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.9.2: Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar	Unique Identification Authority of India	Annual
Target 16.10: Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements		
16.10.1: Percentage of RTI queries responded, (similar to Indicator 16.6.2)	Central Information Commission	Annual
Target 16.a: Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime		
16.a.1: Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles	National Human Rights Commission of India	Annual

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Target 16.b: promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development		
National Indicator is under development		
Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global partnership for Sustainable Development		
Target 17.1: Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection		
17.1.1: Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source	a) Numerator - Ministry of Finance b) Denominator - National Accounts Division, MoSPI	Annual
17.1.2: Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes	Ministry of Finance	Annual
Target 17.2: Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries		
The target is not relevant in the national context		
Target 17.3: Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources		
17.3.1: Foreign Direct Investment as proportion of Gross National Income	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India and (b) Denominator: National Accounts Division, MoSPI	Annual
17.3.2: Volume of remittances as a proportion of total GDP	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India and (b) Denominator: National Accounts Division, MoSPI	Annual
Target 17.4: Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress		
17.4.1: Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services	Reserve Bank of India	Annual

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Target 17.5: Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.6: Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism		
17.6.1: Fixed internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed	(a) Numerator - Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications (b) Denominator - Office of the Registrar General, India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
Target 17.7: promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.8: Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.9: Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.10: promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.11: Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020		
17.11.1: Share of India's exports in Global exports, (in percentage)	DGFT, Ministry of Commerce & Industry	Annual

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Target 17.12: Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.13: Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence		
17.13.1: Macroeconomic Dashboard	Ministry of Finance	Annual
Target 17.14: Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.15: Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development		
National Indicator is under development		
Target 17.16: Enhance the Global partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries		
17.16.1: Number of States having a State Monitoring Framework that supports the achievement of the sustainable development goals	SSD, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
Target 17.17: Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships		
17.17.1: Amount of Indian Rupees spent on Public-Private Partnership (PPP) for infrastructure	Ministry of Finance	Annual
Target 17.18: By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts		
17.18.2: Whether the country has national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	MoSPI	Annual

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Target 17.19: By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries

17.19.1: Budget allocated to different Ministries for strengthening statistics, (in Rs. Lakh)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
17.19.2: Proportion of States/UTs that have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration	Office of the Registrar General , India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual