

THE NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY

FOURTEENTH ROUND : JULY 1958—JUNE 1959

NUMBER 128

**TABLES WITH NOTES
ON
INTERNAL MIGRATION
(RURAL)**



सत्यमेव जयते

Issued by

**THE CABINET SECRETARIAT
GOVT. OF INDIA
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THE NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY

FOURTEENTH ROUND : JULY 1958—JUNE 1959

TABLES WITH NOTES ON INTERNAL MIGRATION

*The report entitled—'Tables with notes on Internal Migration (Rural), 14th round : July 1958—June 1959' was prepared by the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta. The views contained in the Report are not necessarily those of Government of India.**

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION AND CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

1.1. This report on internal migration is based on the data collected from the rural samples of the National Sample Survey (NSS), fourteenth round alongwith the enquiry on employment and unemployment. Results obtained from the urban samples have been presented earlier in another report (NSS Draft Report, No. 134). The data on migration collected in the ninth through thirteenth rounds were presented in the National Sample Survey, Report Nos. 16 and 53.

1.2. In the NSS 18th round (Jan. 1963—Jan. 1964) a survey on internal migration was conducted on a much larger scale. The survey had been planned not only to provide useful information for a study on internal migration but also to throw estimates comparable to the Registrar General's sample census on internal migration.

1.3. From the tables presented in this report, the general mobility rate, rate of urban to rural migration, and the rate of inter district and inter state migration can be derived. These rates multiplied by the respective population will provide quantitative estimates of different types of population movements within the country. It may be pointed out here that this report is based on the data of first sub-round only which covered a period of two months (July & August, 1958).

Concepts and Definitions

1.4. Household.—[A household has been defined as consisting of a person or a group of persons who normally pass nights under the same roof and ordinarily take food from the same kitchen. Each independent boarder of hostels or boarding houses was considered as a separate household in the NSS. Thus, for the enquiry on employment and unemployment and migration, only normally resident members (which excludes guests and includes temporary absentees) were considered in determining the household size.]

1.5. In-migrant.—[The volume of internal migration is dependent on the extent of the geographical area in relation to which the term is defined. The volume will be small when the geographical area chosen is large because, many small distance movements occurring within the area will not then be considered as events of migration. In NSS fourteenth round the area chosen was a village or a town. That is movements within a village or a town were not considered as events of migration. All other movements were migratory movements (by movement a change in normal residence was meant). Provision was also made to record the state, district and area (rural or urban) from where the migrants came; so that the volume of inter-district, inter-state or rural-urban migration might also be obtained.]

1.6. Native place.—[The native place is generally the place where the parents or forefathers of a person reside or resided more or less permanently and with which the person has or had at least some occasional connection. If a person is enumerated at a village/town other than the person's native village/town, then the person is an in-migrant at the place of enumeration. The native place of a married woman denotes the native place prior to her marriage.]

*The draft report (No. D163) was first submitted by the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta, to the Government of India in April, 1967. It was revised subsequently and re-submitted in December, 1967.

CHAPTER II

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

2.1 In this chapter some important findings on the characteristics of in-migrants have been presented. The table numbers given within brackets refer to the corresponding table in the Appendix II.

2.2. *Migration particulars by concept of residence one year ago.*—In the NSS fourteenth round it was enquired whether the residence on the date 365 days preceding the day of survey was the same as the place of enumeration. If the person had been a resident in the village/town of enumeration on that day, the person would not be considered as an in-migrant, and all others were treated as in-migrants.

2.3. *Rural-urban migration.*—Most of the events of in-migration in rural areas were event of movement of individuals from one village to another. Movements from towns to a village were much rare events. However in case of in-migrants in urban areas, events of movements from urban to urban and from rural to urban were equally important. The results obtained from the survey [Table (1) of Appendix II] was applied on the estimated population to derive the net population gain by urban areas, out of the rural-urban population redistribution over a period of one year. The population of the rural and urban areas for the first sub-round of the NSS 14th round were estimated at 342.38 and 73.77 millions respectively. Out of the estimated 9.00 million in-migrants in rural areas, 8.52 million came from other villages and only 0.45 million from urban areas. In urban areas, out of the estimate of 2.63 million in-migrants, 1.24 million came from rural areas and 1.38 from other towns. Thus the urban areas had a net gain of 0.79 million persons in one year due to rural-urban population redistribution alone. In other words, the urban areas gained 1.07 percent and rural areas lost 0.23 percent of the respective estimated total population in one year.

2.4. Out of every 10,000 residents in the rural areas 263 persons shifted their residence within a period of one year. This index is 232 for males and 294 for females. Usually a woman, after her marriage moves to her husband's place. This is also reflected in the higher in-migration indices at marriageable ages for women [Table (3)].

2.5. More than 59 percent of the female in-migrants in rural areas changed residence on non-economic sequential reasons. Most of these movements were movements consequent to marriage. On all other reasons the proportion of male movers far outweighed the female movers [Table (4)].

2.6. In rural India, the proportion of inter-state migrants was higher for persons in labour force which is suggestive of lower dependency load at the place of work for long range migrants. Of all in-migrants in rural areas, 94.71 percent of the movements were restricted within the state, 4.96 percent from other states and only 0.33 percent of those were from other countries. About 91 percent of the movements were from one village to another [Tables (5) & (6)].

2.7. Among the in-migrants, 55.53 percent were females and 44.47 percent were males. About 53 percent of the in-migrants were outside labour force of which nearly three-fourths were females [Table (7)].

2.8. *Migration particulars by concept of native place.*—A little more than 30 percent of the population of rural India had been residing in villages other than their native villages or towns. Males recorded a much lower proportion (12.34 percent), of in-migrants compared to the corresponding proportion for females (48.51 percent) [Table (10)].

2.9. According to this definition (an in-migrant is one who had been residing at a village/town other than one's native village or town), the ratio of female to male migrant is nearly as four is to one. The distribution by place of origin shows that a high proportion (76.97 percent) of female migrants had their native place in the rural areas of the same district and only 2.45 percent of them had their native places in urban areas [Table (12)].

2.10. The distribution of migrants by sex and reason for migration presents the general nature of migratory movements. It is to be noted in particular that 85.94 percent of the female migrants left native place after marriage. But for these migratory movements, consequent to marriage, mobility of females was extremely low in rural areas. Contrary to this, the movements of male population were due to diverse reasons. Over 24 percent of the male in-migrants in rural areas came in search of employment or for better employment. Among the male in-migrants again, 3.19 percent came under transfer on service contract and 21.51 percent came as dependents with earning members of the family [Table (13)].

2.11. It is observed that 58.51 percent of the in-migrants in rural areas severed connections with their native places ten years back or even earlier, 6.41 percent left native place within last one year, 4.89 percent left between one year and two years and 4.30 percent more than two years and upto three years. Generally the proportion of permanent in-migrants was higher than that for the temporary in-migrants [Table (8.5)].

APPENDIX I

SAMPLE DESIGN AND ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

1.1. *Stratification.*—In each state strata were formed by grouping contiguous tehsils which are homogeneous with respect to population density, altitude above sea level and cultivation of food crops. At the same time the population of each stratum was made approximately the same. The number of strata in a state was taken as one-twelfth of the allocation of sample villages for the state, since two investigators had to be posted in every stratum, each surveying a sub-sample of six villages. There were all together 218 strata in the rural areas of India.

1.2. *Allocation.*—The sample size for this round was 2616 villages. These were allocated to the states on a joint consideration of their population, geographical area, crop acreage and number of persons engaged in household enterprise obtained on the basis of 1951 census. Within a state the allocation of the sample size to the strata was in proportion to the strata populations.

1.3. *Investigation zones.*—Larger strata were further sub-divided into compact investigation zones each of which had an area not greater than 6000 square miles with a view to providing approximately the same geographical coverage for each investigator. In all other cases the stratum itself was taken as an investigation zone. Thus each stratum consisted of one or more investigation zones. Where there were two or more investigation zones, two zones were selected with probability proportional to the number of villages in them and with replacement.

1.4. Two sets of samples of six villages each with independent random starts were selected from each investigation zone circular systematically after arranging the villages within the investigation zone in a specified order. The two sets were surveyed by two different sets of investigators forming two independent sub-samples.

1.5. *Selection of households.*—The number of sample households of one sub-sample of six villages in stratum was fixed at 24. These were allocated to the six villages in proportion to their 1951 census population.

1.6. *Sub-rounds.*—In this round there were six sub-rounds each of two months' duration. The sample selected, as described above, was surveyed once during each sub-round period. Thus for each sample household for any characteristic, there were six observations taken during the year at an interval of two months each.

1.7. *Estimation procedure.*—For any sub-sample following are the notations :

- s = subscript for the sth stratum,
- i = subscript for the ith village or selected hamlet,
- j = subscript for the jth household,
- k = number of strata,
- V = total number of villages,
- v = number of sample villages surveyed in the sub-sample (including uninhabited villages),
- D = number of hamlet groups (D=1 in case no hamlet selection was made),
- H = total number of households,
- h = number of sample households,
- y = value of the characteristic,

the estimated total of any characteristic

$$\hat{y} = \sum_{s=1}^k \frac{V_s}{v_s} \sum_{i=1}^{v_s} D_{si} \frac{H_{si}}{h_{si}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{si}} y_{sij}$$

the arithmetic average of the two sub-sample estimates gives the pooled estimate for the rural areas of India. This procedure is applicable for each of the sub-rounds.

Table (1.1) : Statewise allocation of sample villages

state	number of sample villages
(1)	(2)
1. Andhra Pradesh	216
2. Assam (including Manipur and Tripura)	96
3. Bihar	228
4. Bombay	312
5. Jammu & Kashmir	324
6. Kerala	72
7. Madhya Pradesh	252
8. Madras	180
9. Mysore	120
10. Orissa	120
11. Punjab (including Delhi & Himachal Pradesh)	96
12. Rajasthan	120
13. Uttar Pradesh	312
14. West Bengal	168
15. total	2616

Total number of sample households = 10348.

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TABLE(1) : *Percentage distribution of in-migrants in rural and urban areas by place of residence one year ago and sex*

place of residence one year ago	all India rural			all India urban		
	males	females	persons	males	females	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. migrants from rural areas :						
(i) within state	83.63	90.33	87.34	39.43	37.59	38.65
(ii) from other states	9.38	5.74	7.37	9.81	6.43	8.39
2. migrants from urban areas :						
(i) within state	3.91	3.49	3.68	41.64	49.73	45.04
(ii) from other states	2.39	0.44	1.28	8.63	5.98	7.52
3. from Pakistan	..	..	..	0.33	0.09	0.23
4. from other countries	0.75	..	0.33	0.16	0.18	0.17
5. total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
6. percentage of in-migrants	2.32	2.94	2.63	3.94	3.16	3.57

TABLE (2) : *Number of in-migrants per 10,000 residents by place of residence one year ago*

state	within state		from other states		from Pakistan	from other countries	all migrants
	rural	urban	rural	urban			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1. Rajasthan	114	13	15	17	..	..	159
2. Punjab	100	24	10	..	..	..	134
3. Jammu & Kashmir	430	..	2	..	..	..	432
4. Delhi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Himachal Pradesh	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Uttar Pradesh	201	7	15	6	..	..	229
7. Madhya Pradesh	262	12	8	..	..	..	282
8. Bihar	77	7	12	6	..	..	102
9. Orissa	257	..	4	..	..	..	261
10. West Bengal	111	2	11	2	..	2	128
11. Assam	1210	..	..	..	..	..	1210
12. Manipur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Tripura	484	..	..	..	..	..	484
14. Andhra Pradesh	234	10	12	3	..	..	259
15. Madras	247	113	3	..	..	..	363
16. Kerala	210	..	33	..	..	..	243
17. Gujarat	505	..	4	..	..	19	528
18. Maharashtra	223	42	..	4	..	..	269
19. Mysore	171	26	3	..	..	..	200
20. all-India rural ?	229	19	10	9	..	1	263

TABLE (3): *In-migration rate (number of in-migrants per 10,000 residents) by age and sex*

age group (years)	sex		
	males	females	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
00—11	193	181	187
12—14	155	245	200
15	225	456	329
16—17	431	670	541
18—21	226	769	487
22—26	306	506	412
27—36	319	356	338
37—46	282	277	279
47—61	290	213	251
62 & above	196	206	201
not recorded	123	114	119
total	232	294	263
no. of sample persons	819	927	1746

TABLE (4): *Percentage distribution of in-migrants by reason for movement and sex*

reason for movement	sex		
	males	females	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<i>voluntary reasons</i>			
1. economic reasons	33.05	8.18	19.28
2. non-economic reasons	8.95	8.40	8.65
3. all voluntary reasons	42.00	16.58	27.93
<i>sequential reasons</i>			
4. economic reasons	11.26	1.98	6.13
5. non-economic reasons	21.24	59.55	42.44
6. all sequential reasons	32.50	61.35	48.67
7. born after migration of the household	0.08	..	0.04
8. not recorded	25.42	21.89	23.46
9. all reasons	100.00	100.00	100.00
number of sample persons	819	927	1746

TABLE (5): *Percentage distribution of in-migrants (by place of residence one year ago) and non-migrants by broad activity status*

place of residence one year ago	broad activity status				total	number of sample persons
	gainfully employed	un-employed	not in labour force	not recorded		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. rural areas	42.64	2.41	53.65	1.30	100.00	1654
2. urban areas	53.08	2.63	44.29	..	100.00	88
3. same district	42.37	2.18	54.12	1.33	100.00	1484
4. other district same state	44.26	2.71	52.45	0.58	100.00	198
5. other state	57.84	4.82	35.59	1.75	100.00	60
6. neighbouring areas within 10 miles	43.44	1.52	53.18	1.86	100.00	1175
7. non-neighbouring areas more than 10 miles	43.64	3.21	52.54	0.61	100.00	567
8. Pakistan	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. other countries	15.54	84.46	..	..	100.00	4
10. all in-migrants	43.45	2.71	52.66	1.18	100.00	1746
11. all non-migrants	41.67	1.68	55.86	0.79	100.00	51622
12. all persons	41.72	1.71	55.76	0.81	100.00	5336

TABLE (6): *Percentage distribution of in-migrants (by place of residence one year ago) by broad activity status*

base : each activity status=100

place of residence one year ago*	ALL-INDIA				RURAL
	broad activity status				
	gainfully employed	un-employed	not in labour force	not recorded	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1. rural areas	89.32	81.17	92.73	100.00	91.02
2. urban areas	10.56	8.41	7.27	..	8.65
3. same district	71.40	59.18	75.25	82.15	73.23
4. other district same state	21.87	21.56	21.39	10.49	21.48
5. other state	6.61	8.84	3.36	7.36	4.96
6. neighbouring areas within 10 miles	46.02	25.60	46.49	72.44	46.03
7. non-neighbouring areas more than 10 miles	53.86	63.78	53.51	27.56	53.64
8. Pakistan . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..
9. other countries	0.12	10.42	..	..	0.33
number of sample persons	698	32	998	18	1746

* under any column the sum of the entries in line 1, 2, 8 & 9 =
the sum of the entries in lines 3, 4, 5, 8 & 9 =
the sum of the entries in lines 6, 7, 8 & 9

TABLE (7): *Percentage distribution of in-migrants by activity status and sex*

activity status	ALL-INDIA			RURAL	
	base : all persons			base : persons of each sex	
	male	female	total	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1. employees	15.82	5.51	21.33	35.57	9.93
2. employers	0.44	0.33	0.77	0.99	0.59
3. own account workers	11.14	1.57	12.71	25.05	2.83
4. unpaid family enterprise workers	2.17	6.57	8.74	4.88	11.83
5. gainfully employed persons	29.57	13.98	43.55	66.49	25.18
6. unemployed persons	1.03	1.40	2.43	2.31	2.52
7. persons in labour force	30.60	15.38	45.98	68.80	27.70
8. students	3.27	1.63	4.90	7.35	2.93
9. house workers . . . . .	..	23.65	23.65	..	42.59
10. rentiers, pensioners	0.19	..	0.19	0.43	..
11. too young	9.22	10.81	20.03	20.73	19.48
12. too old	0.19	1.03	1.22	0.43	1.48
13. permanently disabled	0.05	0.12	0.17	0.11	0.22
14. others	0.74	1.94	2.68	1.67	3.49
15. persons not in labour force	13.66	39.18	52.84	30.72	70.55
16. not recorded	0.21	0.97	1.18	0.48	1.75
17. all status	44.47	55.53	100.00	100.00	100.00
number of sample persons	X	X	1742	815	927

Note : People coming from other countries were not taken into account in preparing the above table.

TABLE (8): Percentage distribution of in-migrants (by place of residence one year ago) and non-migrants by age.

base : persons of each place=100

ALL-INDIA

RURAL

place of residence one year ago	age group (in years)											all ages	number of sample persons
	0—11	12—14	15	16—17	18—21	22—26	27—36	37—46	47—61	62 and above	not recorded		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. rural areas	10.73	15.06	8.60	3.49	6.28	10.35	12.60	14.09	9.12	7.96	1.72	100.00	1654
2. urban areas	13.77	15.43	..	2.06	2.79	19.05	11.47	23.10	9.53	2.41	0.39	100.00	88
3. same district	11.50	16.56	8.19	3.71	6.03	11.27	12.00	13.00	8.82	7.21	1.71	100.00	1484
4. other district same state	10.57	13.08	7.00	2.95	5.37	8.90	14.17	20.05	9.71	6.57	1.63	100.00	198
5. other state	5.36	2.19	6.57	..	7.88	18.30	12.57	20.14	11.80	15.19	..	100.00	60
6. neighbouring areas within 10 miles	10.85	15.27	9.91	3.56	5.97	11.79	11.42	13.47	9.36	6.21	2.19	100.00	1175
7. non-neighbouring areas more than 10 miles	11.11	14.94	6.09	3.20	5.98	10.52	13.42	16.09	8.99	8.56	1.10	100.00	567
8. Pakistan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. other countries	..	..	..	15.55	..	28.15	..	28.15	28.15	..	..	100.00	4
10. all in-migrants	10.96	15.05	7.83	3.40	5.96	11.16	12.45	14.92	9.22	7.45	1.60	100.00	1746
11. all non-migrants	15.51	19.91	6.21	1.60	3.14	7.01	9.60	13.82	9.72	9.79	3.59	100.00	51622
12. all persons	15.39	19.78	6.25	1.65	3.21	7.12	9.67	13.95	9.71	9.73	3.54	100.00	53368

TABLE (9): Percentage distribution of in-migrants by place of residence one year ago and age.

base : in-migrants in each age group = 100

place of residence one year ago*	ALL-INDIA											RURAL
	age group (in years)											
	0—11	12—14	15	16—17	18—21	22—26	27—36	37—46	47—61	62 & above	not recorded	all ages
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. rural areas	89.13	91.13	100.00	93.25	95.95	84.40	92.03	85.98	90.05	97.20	97.91	91.02
2. urban areas	10.87	8.87	..	5.23	4.05	14.76	7.97	13.39	8.93	2.70	2.09	8.65
3. same district	76.84	80.61	76.62	79.86	74.09	73.91	70.55	63.80	70.02	70.93	78.08	73.23
4. other district same state	20.73	18.67	19.21	18.62	19.34	17.11	24.44	28.87	22.61	18.94	21.92	21.48
5. other state	2.43	0.72	4.17	..	6.57	8.14	5.01	6.70	6.35	10.13	..	4.96
6. neighbouring areas within 10 miles	45.60	46.72	58.24	48.11	46.15	48.62	42.21	41.64	46.72	38.39	63.03	46.03
7. non-neighbouring areas more than 10 miles	54.40	53.28	41.76	50.37	53.85	50.54	57.79	57.83	52.26	61.61	36.97	53.64
8. Pakistan . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. other countries . . . . .	..	..	..	1.52	..	0.84	..	0.63	1.02	..	..	0.33
10. all in-migrants	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
no. of sample persons	184	286	122	55	84	181	200	274	170	143	47	1746

*under any column, the sum of the entries in lines 1, 2, 8 & 9 = the sum of the entries in lines 3, 4, 5, 8 & 9 = the sum of the entries in lines 6, 7, 8 & 9

TABLE (10) : Number of in-migrants per 10,000 residence by sex and broad activity status.

broad activity status (1)	ALL-INDIA			RURAL
	males (2)	females (3)	persons (4)	number of sample persons (5)
1. gainfully employed	1593	6852	3282	6905
2. unemployed	1502	6520	4329	322
3. not in labour force	745	3990	2759	7850
4. not recorded	1212	5647	3958	167
5. total	1234	4831	3014	15244
number of sample persons	3202	12042	15244	X

TABLE (11) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants (by place of origin) and non-migrants by broad activity status.

place of origin (1)	ALL-INDIA				RURAL	
	gainfully employed (2)	un- employed (3)	not in la- bour force (4)	not re- corded (5)	total (6)	number of sample persons (7)
1. rural areas	45.90	2.49	50.77	0.84	100.00	14233
2. urban areas	35.20	2.38	60.92	1.50	100.00	391
3. same district	46.34	2.72	50.15	0.79	100.00	11768
4. other district same state	40.12	1.72	57.05	1.11	100.00	2134
5. other state	51.02	1.40	46.50	1.08	100.00	722
6. neighbouring areas within 10 miles	48.52	2.48	48.16	0.84	100.00	8650
7. non-neighbouring areas more than 10 miles	41.99	2.49	54.64	0.88	100.00	5974
8. Pakistan	40.09	1.08	51.84	6.99	100.00	575
9. other countries	61.05	6.02	32.93		100.00	45
10. all in-migrants	45.43	2.45	51.06	1.06	100.00	15244
11. all non-migrants	40.12	1.38	57.80	0.70	100.00	38124
12. all persons	41.72	1.71	55.76	0.81	100.00	53368

TABLE (12) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants by location and distance of place of origin and sex

place of origin (1)	distance of place of origin (2)	ALL-INDIA			RURAL	
		base : all migrants			base : migrants of each sex	
		males (3)	females (4)	persons (5)	males (6)	females (7)
(i) rural areas :						
1. same district	within 10 miles	8.22	40.40	48.62	39.70	50.94
	more than 10 miles	4.74	20.64	25.38	22.91	26.03
	all	12.96	61.04	74.00	62.61	76.97
2. other district (same state)	within 10 miles	0.39	2.73	3.12	1.91	3.44
	more than 10 miles	2.72	8.94	11.66	13.15	11.28
	all	3.11	11.67	14.78	15.06	14.72
3. other state	within 10 miles	0.15	0.45	0.60	0.74	0.57
	more than 10 miles	1.53	2.50	4.03	7.38	3.15
	all	1.68	2.95	4.63	8.12	3.72
(ii) urban areas :						
4. same district	within 10 miles	0.10	0.24	0.34	0.46	0.30
	more than 10 miles	0.30	0.68	0.98	1.46	0.87
	all	0.40	0.92	1.32	1.92	1.17
5. other district (same state)	within 10 miles	0.02	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.11
	more than 10 miles	0.39	0.66	1.05	1.90	0.82
	all	0.41	0.74	1.15	1.97	0.93

TABLE (12) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants by location and distance of place of origin and sex—contd.

		ALL-INDIA			RURAL	
place of origin	distance of place of origin	base : all migrants			base : migrants of each sex	
		males	females	persons	males	females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6. other state	within 10 miles	..	0.03	0.03	..	0.04
	more than 10 miles	0.26	0.25	0.51	1.24	0.31
	all	0.26	0.28	0.54	1.24	0.35
7. all internal migrants	within 10 miles	8.88	49.93	52.81	42.88	55.40
	more than 10 miles	9.94	33.67	43.61	48.04	42.46
	all	18.82	77.60	96.42	90.92	97.86
(iii) Other countries :						
8. Pakistan		1.77	1.50	3.27	8.54	1.90
9. other countries		0.11	0.20	0.31	0.54	0.24
10. all migrants		20.70	79.30	100.00	100.00	100.00
number of sample persons		X	X	15244	3202	12042

TABLE (13) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants by reasons for in-migration and sex

		ALL-INDIA			RURAL	
reason for in-migration		base : all migrants			base : migrants of each sex	
		males	females	persons	males	females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
<i>voluntary reasons</i>						
1. in search of employment for the first time		1.36	0.31	1.67	6.55	0.39
2. in search of employment not for the first time		0.79	0.17	0.90	3.54	0.21
3. for better employment		2.89	0.25	3.14	13.98	0.32
4. other economic reasons		2.31	0.63	2.94	11.16	0.79
✓ 5. for studies		0.35	0.10	0.45	1.69	0.19
✓ 6. health reasons		0.04	0.01	0.05	0.21	0.01
7. religious grounds		0.06	0.08	0.14	0.27	0.10
8. for better security		0.40	0.23	0.63	1.93	0.29
9. for better social amenities		0.15	0.12	0.27	0.73	0.16
10. social visits, tourism, on vacation, rest.		0.04	0.04	0.08	0.17	0.05
11. other non-economic reasons		0.87	0.95	1.82	4.21	1.19
12. all voluntary reasons		9.20	2.89	12.09	44.44	3.64
<i>sequential reasons :</i>						
13. under transfer on service contract		0.66	0.07	0.73	3.19	0.09
14. other economic reasons		0.97	0.25	1.22	4.68	0.32
✓ 15. on marriage		1.09	67.67	68.75	5.21	85.34
16. with earning members of the household		4.45	4.62	9.07	21.51	5.83
17. with dependent members of the household		0.65	0.55	1.20	3.13	0.69
18. under other social connections		0.60	0.53	1.13	2.90	0.66
✓ 19. retirement or discharge		0.02	0.04	0.06	0.11	0.04
20. political change (refugee)		1.43	0.79	2.22	6.92	0.99
21. becoming indigent		0.04	0.03	0.07	0.17	0.05
✓ 22. splitting of families		0.21	0.11	0.32	1.01	0.15
23. other non-economic reasons		0.67	0.75	1.42	3.23	0.95
24. all sequential reasons		10.78	75.41	86.19	52.06	95.10
25. born after migration of the household		0.48	0.52	1.00	2.34	0.65
26. not recorded		0.24	0.48	0.72	1.16	0.61
27. all persons		20.70	79.30	100.00	100.00	100.00
28. number of sample persons		X	X	15244	3202	12042

TABLE (14): Percentage distribution of in-migrants by place of origin and period elapsed since in-migration

period elapsed since migration	ALL-INDIA									RURAL
	place of origin									number of sample persons
	rural areas			urban areas			other countries		all places	
(1)	same district	other district (same state)	other state	same district	other district (same state)	other state	Pakistan	other countries	(10)	(11)
<i>temporary visitors :</i>										
1. upto 3 months	59.97	21.73	15.51	0.99	1.80	..	..	..	100.00	120
2. more than 3 months and upto 6 months	65.34	13.68	13.27	3.67	2.10	..	1.29	0.65	100.00	106
3. more than 6 months and upto 1 year	52.83	24.64	2.68	1.70	13.91	..	4.24	..	100.00	118
4. more than 1 year and upto 2 years	61.52	14.14	14.19	1.92	0.32	2.77	5.14	..	100.00	182
5. more than 2 years and upto 3 years	51.05	22.01	15.07	7.08	0.02	3.34	1.43	..	100.00	152
6. more than 3 years and upto 5 years	57.21	14.12	8.02	2.28	11.48	4.74	1.56	0.59	100.00	220
7. more than 5 years and upto 7 years	61.63	16.62	15.74	0.41	0.80	..	4.55	0.25	100.00	162
8. more than 7 years and upto 10 years	63.16	12.40	9.77	2.24	0.27	..	12.16	..	100.00	194
9. above 10 years	70.01	12.07	9.06	1.45	1.49	..	5.58	0.34	100.00	553
10. all temporary visitors	62.36	15.37	10.82	2.13	3.37	1.21	4.49	0.25	100.00	1807
<i>permanent in-migrants :</i>										
11. upto 3 months	83.30	10.19	4.66	1.24	0.61	..	..	..	100.00	144
12. more than 3 months and upto 6 months	65.78	30.26	2.45	..	..	1.26	0.25	..	100.00	182
13. more than 6 months and upto 1 year	74.69	20.90	2.16	0.94	0.74	0.58	..	..	100.00	266
14. more than 1 year and upto 2 years	74.08	16.22	8.00	0.81	0.67	0.22	..	..	100.00	538
15. more than 2 years and upto 3 years	77.29	13.64	3.28	1.53	0.77	0.66	2.01	0.82	100.00	509
16. more than 3 years and upto 5 years	73.71	13.98	2.53	1.97	1.52	0.19	5.91	0.19	100.00	1082
17. more than 5 years and upto 7 years	79.36	12.17	5.19	2.30	0.33	0.10	0.34	0.21	100.00	939
18. more than 7 years and upto 10 years	68.24	11.09	3.78	1.53	1.38	0.55	12.92	0.51	100.00	1174
19. above 10 years	77.09	15.13	3.41	0.99	0.77	0.47	1.82	0.32	100.00	8448
20. all permanent in-migrants	75.88	14.75	3.65	1.21	0.84	0.44	2.92	0.31	100.00	13282
21. not recorded	56.56	9.78	11.64	0.54	..	0.73	20.58	0.17	100.00	155
22. all in-migrants	74.00	14.78	4.63	1.32	1.15	0.54	3.27	0.31	100.00	15244

TABLE (15) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants by reasons for in-migration and broad activity status

reason for in-migration	ALL-INDIA				RURAL	
	broad activity status				total	number of sample persons
	gain-fully employed	unemployed	not in labour force	not recorded		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<i>voluntary reasons :</i>						
1. in search of employment for the first time	92.27	0.58	7.15	..	100.00	221
2. in search of employment not for the first time	87.54	5.35	7.11	..	100.00	193
3. for better employment	86.68	2.73	10.02	0.57	100.00	441
4. other economic reasons	76.89	0.71	21.01	1.39	100.00	480
5. for studies	12.26	4.51	83.23	..	100.00	53
6. health reasons	63.32	..	36.68	..	100.00	7
7. religious grounds	46.47	..	53.53	..	100.00	27
8. for better security	64.12	2.45	32.42	1.01	100.00	111
9. for better social amenities	69.15	1.67	29.18	..	100.00	41
10. social visits, tourism, on vacation, rest	21.84	..	78.16	..	100.00	15
11. other non-economic reasons	49.62	0.23	49.87	0.28	100.00	259
12. all voluntary reasons	74.26	1.73	23.43	0.58	100.00	1,788
<i>sequential reasons :</i>						
13. under transfer on service contract	97.96	..	2.04	..	100.00	110
14. under transfer on business contract	83.69	0.53	15.78	..	100.00	14
15. other economic reasons	76.02	3.87	19.26	0.85	100.00	182
16. on marriage	40.43	2.73	55.85	0.99	100.00	10,392
17. with earning member of the household	36.88	2.11	60.03	0.96	100.00	1,337
18. with dependent members of the household	46.20	0.69	53.11	..	100.00	184
19. under other social connections	55.17	3.97	39.45	1.41	100.00	165
20. retirement or discharge	74.42	..	25.58	..	100.00	8
21. political change (refugee)	47.21	1.69	49.58	1.52	100.00	511
22. becoming indigent	53.06	..	46.94	..	100.00	11
23. splitting of families	60.51	3.35	30.82	5.32	100.00	50
24. other non-economic reasons	43.31	1.89	53.48	1.32	100.00	205
25. all sequential reasons	41.66	2.60	54.74	1.00	100.00	1,3169
26. born after migration of the household	15.41	..	77.68	6.91	100.00	146
27. not recorded	54.94	..	37.17	7.89	100.00	141
28. all persons	45.43	2.45	51.06	1.06	100.00	15,244

APPENDIX III
TABLES BY HALF-SAMPLE

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TABLE (S1) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants in rural and urban areas by place of residence one year ago

place of residence one year ago	ALL-INDIA			RURAL & URBAN		
	all India rural			all India urban		
	sample 1	sample 2	combined	sample 1	sample 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. migrants from rural areas						
(i) within state	87.24	87.46	87.34	34.45	43.71	38.65
(ii) from other states	6.82	8.08	7.37	8.47	8.29	8.39
2. migrants from urban areas						
(i) within state	3.64	3.73	3.68	47.70	41.84	45.04
(ii) from other states	1.71	0.73	1.29	8.86	5.91	7.52
3. from Pakistan . . . . .	..	..	..	0.28	0.17	0.23
4. from other countries	0.59	..	0.33	0.24	0.08	0.17
5. total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
6. percentage in-migrants	3.00	2.26	2.63	3.89	3.25	3.57

TABLE (S2) : Number of in-migrants per 10,000 residents by broad activity status (place of origin—native place)

broad activity status	ALL-INDIA			RURAL
	sample 1	sample 2	combined	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	
(1)				
1. gainfully employed	3,164	3,396	3,282	
2. unemployed	3,955	4,677	4,329	
3. not in labour force	2,794	2,725	2,759	
4. total	2,975	3,052	3,014	
number of sample persons	7489	7755	15244	

TABLE (S3) : Number of in-migrants per 10,000 residents by broad activity status (place of origin—residence year ago)

broad activity status	ALL-INDIA			RURAL
	sample 1	sample 2	combined	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	
(1)				
1. gainfully employed	274	273	273	
2. unemployed	520	320	416	
3. not in labour force	313	184	248	
4. not recorded	316	473	386	
5. total	300	226	263	
number of sample persons	1022	724	1746	

TABLE (S₄) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants by reasons for in-migrations

(place of origin—native place)			
ALL-INDIA			RURAL
reason for in-migration	sample 1	sample 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
VOLUNTARY REASONS			
<i>economic :</i>			
1. in search of employment for the first time	1.73	1.61	1.67
2. in search of employment not for the first time	0.74	1.05	0.90
3. for better employment	3.19	3.10	3.15
4. other economic reasons	2.91	2.97	2.94
<i>non-economic :</i>			
5. for studies	0.48	0.42	0.45
6. health reasons	0.04	0.06	0.05
7. religious grounds	0.12	0.15	0.13
8. for better security	0.63	0.63	0.63
9. for better social amenities	0.34	0.21	0.27
10. social visits, tourism, on vacation, rest	0.14	0.02	0.06
11. other non-economic reasons	1.44	2.18	1.82
12. all voluntary reasons	11.76	12.40	12.09
SEQUENTIAL REASONS			
<i>economic :</i>			
13. under transfer on service contract	0.70	0.75	0.73
14. under transfer on business contract	0.19	0.08	0.13
15. other economic reasons	1.03	1.14	1.09
<i>non-economic :</i>			
16. on marriage	69.55	67.98	68.75
17. with earning members of the household	8.95	9.19	9.08
18. with dependent members of the household	1.13	1.27	1.20
19. under other social connections	1.30	0.96	1.13
20. retirement or discharge	0.07	0.05	0.05
21. political change (refugee)	1.81	2.60	2.32
22. becoming indigent	0.08	0.07	0.07
23. splitting of families	0.27	0.38	0.32
24. other non-economic reasons	1.47	1.38	1.42
25. all sequential reasons	86.55	85.85	86.19
26. born after migration of the household	1.06	0.93	1.00
27. not recorded	0.61	0.82	0.72
28. all persons	100.00	100.00	100.00
number of sample persons	7499	7755	15244

TABLE (85) : Percentage distribution of in-migrants by period elapsed since migration

[place of origin—native place]

	ALL-INDIA		RURAL
period elapsed since migration	sample 1	sample 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<i>temporary visitors :</i>			
1. upto 3 months	0.78	0.85	0.82
2. more than 3 months and upto 6 months	0.74	0.65	0.69
3. more than 6 months and upto 1 year	1.08	0.68	0.88
4. more than 1 year and upto 2 years	1.50	1.22	1.36
5. more than 2 years and upto 3 years	1.18	0.81	0.97
6. more than 3 years and upto 5 years	2.39	1.16	1.76
7. more than 5 years and upto 7 years	1.37	1.01	1.18
8. more than 7 years and upto 10 years	1.31	1.06	1.18
9. above 10 years	4.08	3.57	3.82
10. all temporary visitors	14.38	11.01	12.66
<i>permanent immigrants :</i>			
11. upto 3 months	0.97	0.86	0.92
12. more than 3 months and upto 6 months	1.49	1.30	1.39
13. more than 6 months and upto 1 year	2.00	1.43	1.71
14. more than 1 year and upto 2 years	3.73	3.35	3.53
15. more than 2 years and upto 3 years	3.47	3.19	3.33
16. more than 3 years and upto 5 years	6.49	7.50	7.00
17. more than 5 years and upto 7 years	5.71	6.19	5.95
18. more than 7 years and upto 10 years	6.70	9.18	7.97
19. above 10 years	54.82	55.03	54.69
20. all permanent immigrants	84.88	88.04	86.49
21. not recorded	0.74	0.95	0.85
22. all in-migrants	100.00	100.00	100.00
number of sample persons	7489	7755	15244

APPENDIX IV

Facsimile of the schedule canvassed

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY REPORTS ALREADY PUBLISHED

- | | |
|------------|---|
| No. | 1 General Report No. 1 on the First Round (October 1950-March 1951) |
| | 2 Tables with Notes on the Second Round (April-June 1951) |
| | 3 Tables with Notes on the Third Round (August-November 1951) |
| | 4 Special Report on the Survey of Persons in the "Live-Register" of Delhi Employment Exchange(August-September 1951) |
| | 5 Technical Paper on Some Aspects of the Development of the Sample Design |
| | 6 Survey of Faridabad Township (March-April 1951) |
| | 7 Couple Fertility (Second Round, April-June, 1951 and Fourth Round, April - September 1952) |
| | 8 Report on Preliminary Survey of Urban Unemployment (September 1953) |
| | 9 Report on the Sample Survey of Displaced Persons in the Urban Areas of the Bombay State (July-September 1953) |
| | 10 First Report on Land Holdings, Rural Sector (Eighth Round : July 1951-March 1955) |
| | 11 Report on Sample Survey of Manufacturing Industries, 1949-50 |
| | 12 A Technical Note on Age Grouping |
| | 13 Report on Household Transport Operations (Seventh Round : October 1953-March 1954) |
| | 14 Report on Some Characteristics of the Economically Active Population (Fourth to Seventh Round : April 1952-March 1954) |
| | 15 Report on Sample Survey of Manufacturing Industries, 1951 |
| | 16 Report on Employment and Unemployment (Ninth Round : Preliminary, May-November 1955) |
| | 17 Report on Sample Survey of Employment in Calcutta (September 1953) |
| | 18 Tables with Notes on Consumer Expenditure (Fourth Round : April-September 1952) |
| | 19 Report on Small Scale Manufacture : Household Enterprises smaller than Registered Factories (Seventh round October 1953-March 1954) |
| | 20 Report on Pattern of Consumer Expenditure (Second to Seventh Round : April 1951-March 1954) |
| | 21 Household Small Scale Manufacturing Establishments (Ninth Round : May-November 1955) |
| | 22 Report on Sample Survey of Manufacturing Industries, 1952 |
| | 23 Report on Sample Survey of Manufacturing Industries, 1953 |
| | 24 Report on Household Retail Trade (Seventh to Ninth Round : October 1953-September 1955) |
| | 25 Sample Verification of Livestock Census : 1956 |
| | 26 A Preliminary Report on Housing Condition (Seventh Round : October 1953-March 1954) |
| | 27 Technical Records of Sample Design, Instructions to Field Workers and List of Sample Villages and Urban Blocks (Ninth Round : May-November 1955) |
| | 28 Report on Sample Survey of Manufacturing Industries, 1954 (1) |
| | 29 Notes on Some Results of the Land Utilisation Survey (Tenth Round : December 1955-May 1956) |
| | 30 Report on Land Holdings (2) : Operational Holdings in Rural India (Eighth Round : July 1954-April 1955) |
| | 31 Tables with Notes on Household Transport Operation (Eighth to Tenth Round : July 1954-May 1956) |
| 32(I) | Some Aspects of Costs of Cultivation of Paddy, Wheat, Jowar and Bajra (Fifth to Seventh Round : October 1952-March 1954) |
| 32(II) | Some Aspects of Costs of Cultivation of Barley, Maize, Ragi, Gram, Small Millets, Groundnut, Cotton and Jute (Fifth to Seventh Round : October 1952-March 1954) |
| 32(III) | Some Aspects of Costs of Cultivation of Minor Cereals, Pulses, Sugarcane, Oil Seeds, Potato, Spices and Tobacco (Fifth to Seventh Round : October 1952-March 1954) |
| | 33 Tables with Notes on Wages, Employment, Income and Indebtedness of Agricultural Labour Households in Rural Area (Eleventh and Twelfth Round : August 1956-August 1957) |
| | 34 Tables with Notes on Employment and Unemployment (Tenth Round : December 1955-May 1956) |
| | 35 Tables with Notes on Livestock Products (Fifth to Seventh Round : April 1952-March 1954) |
| | 36 Report on Land Holdings (3) : Some Aspects of Ownership Holdings (Eighth Round : July 1954-April 1955) |
| | 37 Survey of Book Reader's Preference in India (Thirteenth Round : September 1957-May 1958) |
| | 38 Some Results of the Land Utilisation Survey and Crop-cutting Experiments : (Thirteenth Round:September 1957-May 1958) |
| | 39 Tables with Notes on Consumer Expenditure (Ninth Round : July 1954-March 1955) |
| | 40 Tables with Notes on Consumer Expenditure (Ninth Round : May-November 1955) |
| | 41 Household Retail Trade (Tenth Round : December 1955-May 1956) |
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