

Report No. 400

HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT SITUATION IN INDIA

January June 1993

NSS FORTY-NINTH ROUND



**NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY ORGANISATION
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
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PREFACE

The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) has been carrying out All-India surveys quinquennially on consumer expenditure, employment & unemployment. In order to have an understanding on short-term changes in consumer expenditure patterns, the NSSO began collecting consumer expenditure data in its annual round from the 42nd round (1986-87) onwards with two households per sample village/block. Number of households was increased to four in the 49th round. Some basic characteristics on employment and unemployment were added in these annual rounds from the 45th round (1989-90).

The present report is the 7th in the series and is based on data collected in the 49th round (January - June 1993) socio-economic survey. The report consists of four sections and one appendix. Sections one and two of the report give introduction and a brief note on sample design and estimation procedure respectively as adopted in the 49th round. While section three deals with summary results on consumer expenditure, section four contains survey results on employment and unemployment. The report also includes comparative information from previous surveys.

The schedule design for the survey was the same as adopted in previous annual rounds. While the field work for the survey was handled, as usual, by the Field Operations Division of the organisation, the collected data were processed and tabulated by the Data Processing Division of NSSO. The report has been prepared by the Survey Design and Research Division. I am grateful to the members of the Governing Council, Heads of various Divisions of NSSO and their colleagues for their efforts in preparing the report which, hopefully, can serve as a reference document to planners and policy makers.

Comments/suggestions from the readers of the report will be most welcome.

New Delhi
March 1996

S S Srivastava
Chief Executive Officer
National Sample Survey Organisation

SECTION ONE

Introduction

1.0 Beginning from the first round (1950-51) of the National Sample Survey (NSS) data on household consumer expenditure were collected in every round up to the 28th (1973-74). After the 26th round of the survey the Governing Council of NSSO decided that the surveys on consumer expenditure and employment situation might be undertaken together once every five years. Accordingly "quinquennial" surveys on consumer expenditure and employment were conducted in the 27th, 32nd, 38th, 43rd and 50th rounds of NSS, at roughly 5-year intervals. In these rounds both survey schedules - sch 10 dealing with household consumer expenditure and sch 10 with employment - were canvassed in each sample household.

1.1 The need for an annual series of data on consumer expenditure was also felt at the same time by planners and research workers. The Governing Council therefore decided that while the quinquennial consumer-expenditure-cum-employment surveys would be carried on as before every other round of NSS, starting from the 42nd (1986-87) might include a consumer expenditure enquiry on a reduced scale (usually 2 sample households per sample village/block) with a slightly abridged version of sch 10. From the 45th round, it was decided to extend the scope of this "annual" survey by introducing some important questions on activity status of household members so as to be able to generate some indicators on employment and unemployment as well.

1.2 The present report gives the results of the 49th round survey (Jan-June 1993) on consumer

expenditure and employment, the seventh of the "annual" series.

1.3 In the 49th round survey sch 10 was canvassed in 4 sample households per sample village/block instead of the usual 2. In all 5072 villages and 2928 blocks were selected for the central sample. This resulted in an all-India sample size more than twice that of the preceding (annual) round, the 48th. The survey, however, did not have the advantage of being spread over all twelve months of the year.

1.4 The geographical coverage of the survey was to be the whole of the Indian Union except Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir, 768 interior villages of Nagaland and 172 villages in Andaman & Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year. However certain districts of Jammu & Kashmir viz., Doda, Anantnag, Pulwama, Srinagar, Badgam, Baranulla and Kupwara, as well as Amritsar district in Punjab, had to be excluded from the survey coverage due to unfavourable field conditions.

1.5 This report contains four sections including this introductory section. Section Two elucidates the sample design and the estimation procedure of the survey. Section Three presents the results on consumer expenditure after explaining the terms used and the main concepts involved while Section Four discusses the results on employment & unemployment after setting out the relevant concepts and definitions. The Appendix gives the results in detail - at all-India level - for both consumer expenditure and employment situation.

SECTION TWO

Sample Design & Estimation Procedure

2.0 The 49th round of NSS had "Housing Condition and Migration" with special emphasis on slum dwellers as its principal subject of enquiry. The annual survey on consumer expenditure and employment was conducted along with this.

2.1 **Sample Design** A stratified two-stage sampling design was adopted, with census villages as first stage units in the rural sector and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban, except for a few newly declared towns of the 1991 census, for which UFS frames were not available, and census EB's were used as first stage units. Households formed the second stage units in both rural and urban sector.

2.2 **Sampling frame for rural's** In the rural sector the sampling frame in most of the districts was the 1981 census list of villages. However, in Assam and in 8 districts of Madhya Pradesh, 1971 census lists of villages were used. For Nagaland, the villages situated within 5 km of a bus route constituted the sampling frame. For the Andaman & Nicobar Islands the list of accessible villages was used as sampling frame. In the urban sector the lists of NSS Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks were the sampling frames used in most cases. However 1991 census house listing enumeration blocks were considered as the sampling units for some of the newly declared towns of the 1991 population census, for which UFS frames were not available.

2.3 **Stratification** Each state/union territory (u.t.) was divided into one or more agro-economic regions by grouping contiguous districts which are similar with respect to population density and crop pattern. In Gujarat however some districts were sub-divided for the purpose of region formation on the basis of location of dry areas and the distribution of tribal population in the state. The total number of regions formed in the whole of India was 78.

2.3.1 In the rural sector within each region each district with a rural population of less than 1.8

million according to the 1981 census formed a single basic stratum. Districts with larger population were divided into two or more strata, depending on population by grouping contiguous tehsils, similar as far as possible in respect of rural population density and crop pattern. In Gujarat, however in the case of districts extending over more than one region the portion of a district falling in each region constituted a separate stratum even if the rural population of the district as a whole was less than 1.8 million. Further in Assam, the strata formed for the earlier NSS rounds on the basis of 1971 census rural population exactly in the above manner, but with a cut-off point of 1.5 million population were retained as the strata for rural sampling.

2.3.2 In the urban sector, strata were formed, within NSS regions, on the basis of 1981 (1991 in some of the new towns) census population of towns. Each city with a population 10 lakhs or more formed a separate stratum by itself. The remaining towns of each region were grouped to form three different strata on the basis of 1981 (1991 in a few cases) census population. The strata were thus formed as detailed below.

stratum	composition
1	all towns with population less than 50,000
2	all towns with population 50,000 - 99,999
3	all towns with population 100,000 - 999,999
4	each city with population 1 million or more

2.4 **Sub-stratification of urban strata** In order to be able to allocate a larger proportion of the

first-stage sample to slum-dominated areas than would otherwise be possible, each stratum in the urban sector was divided into two "sub-strata" as follows. Sub-stratum 1 was constituted of the UFS blocks in the stratum with a "slum area" indicated in the frame. Sub-stratum 2 was constituted of the remaining blocks of the stratum.

2.5 Allocation of sample A total all-India sample of 8000 first stage units (5072 villages and 2928 urban blocks) - determined on the basis of investigator strength in different states/ u.t.'s and the expected workload per investigator - was first allocated to the states/u.t.'s in proportion to central field staff available. The sample thus obtained for each state/u.t. was then allocated to its rural and urban sectors considering the relative sizes of the rural and urban population with double weightage for the urban sector. Within each sector of a state/u.t. the allotted sample size was re-allocated to the different strata in proportion to stratum population. Stratum-level allocations were adjusted so that the sample size for a stratum (rural or urban) was at least a multiple of 4. This was done in order to have equal-sized samples in each sub-sample and sub-round (see paras 2.7 and 2.10). In the urban sector stratum-level allocations were further allocated to the two sub-strata in proportion to the number of UFS blocks in the sub-strata, with double weightage to sub-stratum 1 with a minimum sample size of 4 blocks to sub-stratum 1 (2 if stratum allocation was only 4). Sub-stratum level allocations were made even in number.

2.6 Selection of fsu's Sample villages except in Arunachal Pradesh - were selected by PPS systematic sampling with population as the size variable and sample blocks by simple random sampling without replacement. In both sectors the sample of fsu's was drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples.

2.6.1 In Arunachal Pradesh the sample of villages was drawn by a cluster sampling procedure. The field staff were supplied with a list of sample "nucleus" villages and were advised to select clusters of villages building up each cluster around a nucleus village - according to prescribed guidelines. The nucleus villages were selected circular systematically with equal probability, in the form of two independent sub-samples.

2.7 Sub-rounds The six-month survey period was split into two "sub-rounds" of three months each. One half of the sample villages/blocks in each stratum were surveyed during sub-round 1 and the other half during sub-round 2.

2.8 Selection of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks To reduce workload larger sample villages and blocks were divided - according to usual NSS practice - into a suitable number of "hamlet-groups"/"sub-blocks" of roughly equal population content. The second-stage sampling frame was constituted of the households belonging to only two of these hamlet-groups/sub-blocks (instead of the whole village/block). Which two of the hamlet-groups/sub-blocks (h.g./s.b.'s) were chosen for this purpose was determined as follows. In case the fsu contained some slum households the h.g./s.b. having maximum concentration of slum dwellers was designated h.g./s.b.'0' and thus, together with another h.g./s.b. randomly selected from the remaining h.g./s.b.'s and designated h.g./s.b.'1', became the frame for sample household selection. In case the sample fsu contained no slum households, the h.g./s.b. with maximum population was designated h.g./s.b.'0' while h.g./s.b.'1' was selected randomly from the remaining as before.

2.9 Selection of households Sample households for the consumer expenditure enquiry were selected from the second-stage sampling frame as follows. In smaller fsu's where no h.g./s.b. formation (see para 2.8 above) was done, 4 sample households were selected circular systematically from the fsu. In fsu's where h.g./s.b.'s had been formed, 2 sample households were selected circular systematically from each of the two selected h.g./s.b.'s. In both cases the households in the fsu/h.g./s.b. were first arranged according to means of livelihood. For rural areas, this meant that households "self-employed in agriculture" were placed first, followed by "rural labour" households, and then the remaining. In urban areas "self-employed" households were placed first then "casual labour" households, and then the remaining households.

2.10 Sample size In all, the survey covered 29991 households spread over 4822 sample villages and 2791 sample blocks. The number of sample villages and blocks allotted and surveyed and the number of sample households and persons surveyed, are given for different state/u.t.'s and all-India in Statement 0 separately for rural and urban sectors.

STATEMENT C NUMBER OF SAMPLE VILLAGES AND BLOCKS ALLOTTED AND SURVEYED AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS SURVEYED BY STATE/U T AND SECTOR

state/u t	no of villages		no of blocks		no of surveyed			
	allot- ted	sur- veyed	allot- ted	sur- veyed	households		persons	
					rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	356	354	212	211	1371	844	6203	3909
Arunachal Pradesh	80*	101	16	16	397	64	2150	265
Assam	224	206	72	71	823	284	4256	1294
Bihar	472	443	132	124	1718	496	8744	2497
Goa	20	20	12	12	60	48	303	205
Gujarat	160	160	144	144	640	573	3299	2751
Haryana	72	72	40	40	284	160	1647	755
Himachal Pradesh	132	129	28	28	495	112	2543	397
Jammu & Kashmir	184	64	92	27	253	108	1388	553
Karnataka	184	184	156	156	730	624	3758	3200
Kerala	204	190	92	88	723	352	3533	1640
Madhya Pradesh	376	374	192	192	1446	766	7861	4002
Maharashtra	328	321	344	323	1260	1287	6375	6176
Manipur	68	68	44	44	268	171	1487	1017
Meghalaya	72	69	32	30	276	120	1316	518
Mizoram	64	64	28	28	248	112	1323	557
Nagaland	36	36	20	20	132	80	614	347
Orissa	224	201	68	63	799	252	3928	1164
Punjab	152	119	124	118	475	466	2602	2082
Rajasthan	208	208	116	116	827	459	4558	2384
Sikkim	28	28	12	12	112	48	530	178
Tamil Nadu	268	268	264	264	1058	1046	4391	4250
Tripura	124	107	32	32	402	128	1824	551
Uttar Pradesh	620	620	276	275	2452	1096	13894	5873
West Bengal	300	300	216	216	1180	863	6037	3781
Andaman & Nicobar Is	44	44	24	24	176	96	922	391
Chandigarh	8	8	16	16	32	61	151	271
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	20	20	4	4	80	16	397	75
Daman & Diu	8	8	12	12	32	48	207	246
Delhi	8	8	84	61	28	242	137	1082
Lakshadweep	8	8	12	12	20	48	123	341
Pondicherry	20	20	12	12	76	48	359	201
all-India	5072	4822	2928	2791	19873	11118	96860	52953

* 20 nucleus villages

2.11 Estimation procedure

2.11.1 The aggregate Y of any characteristic for the rural and urban sectors of a state/u.t. is estimated by Y* according to the estimation formulae given in para 2.11.3

2.11.2 Estimates of ratios The estimate of a ratio of the form $R = Y/X$ where Y and X are the population

totals of the values of two characters, is given by

$$R^* = Y^* / X^*$$

where Y* and X* are obtained using the formula for estimation of total at the level at which R is required.

That is to say if R is required at state level, Y and X are first obtained at state level and then R is obtained by division. Examples of ratio estimates are rates and percentages

2.11.3 Formula for estimation of aggregates

For the rural sector of states/u.t.'s other than Arunachal Pradesh,

$$Y^* = \sum_s \frac{Z_s}{n_s} \sum_{t=1}^{n_s} \frac{1}{C_{st} P_{st}} \left[\frac{H_{st}}{h_{st}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{st}} y_{stjk} + (D_{st} - 1) \frac{H_{st}}{h_{st}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{st}} y_{stjk} \right]$$

For the rural sector of Arunachal Pradesh,

$$Y^* = \sum_s \frac{N_s}{n_s} \sum_{j=1}^{n_s} \frac{H_{sj}}{h_{sj}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{sj}} y_{sjk}$$

For the urban sector of a state/u.t.

$$Y^* = \sum_{st=1}^2 \sum_{nt} \frac{N_{st}}{n_{st}} \sum_{j=1}^{n_{st}} \left[\frac{H_{stj}}{h_{stj}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{stj}} y_{stjk} + (D_{stj} - 1) \frac{H_{stj}}{h_{stj}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{stj}} y_{stjk} \right]$$

where y observed value of the same characteristic in a sample household

s stratum suffix

t sub-stratum suffix

j sample village/block suffix

k sample household suffix

0 & 1 hamlet-group/sub-block suffix

p population of village as in sampling frame

Z population of stratum as in sampling frame

N number of blocks in the frame of an urban sub-stratum, also for Arunachal Pradesh,

number of villages in the frame of a rural stratum

n number of village/blocks surveyed

H number of households listed

h number of sample households surveyed

D number of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks formed in the sample village/block

C adjustment factor when a revenue village bigger than the census (sample) village is surveyed in place of the latter. C = number of census villages surveyed in the revenue village, in all other cases C = 1

SECTION THREE

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS : HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

3.0 The survey findings of the enquiry on consumer expenditure are summarised in this section. Most of the results presented here relate to household monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE) and its pattern of variation over the country. Sectoral and inter-state variation in average MPCE, as well as in the way households and persons are distributed over different ranges of MPCE, are discussed. The way in which the major components of per capita expenditure vary over sectors, states and overall spending levels is investigated in detail. Other aspects of household living standards such as nature of occupancy of dwelling, energy source used for cooking and lighting and use of ration or fair price shops, are also discussed on the basis of information collected through sch. I 0.

3.1 The important definitions adopted for the survey are given below. They are broadly the same as followed in recent earlier rounds.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

3.2 **Household** A group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen constitutes a household. The word "normally" means that temporary visitors are excluded but temporary stay-aways are included. Thus a son or daughter residing in a hostel for studies is excluded from the household of his/her parents, but a resident employee or resident domestic servant or paying guest (but not just a tenant in the house) is included in the employer/host's household. "Living together" is usually given more importance than "sharing food from a common kitchen" in drawing the boundaries of a household in case the two criteria are in conflict; however, in the special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say in a shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members is taken to include the person also. Each inmate of a mess, hotel, boarding and lodging house, hostel, etc. is considered as a single-member household except that a family living in a hotel (say)

is considered as one household only, the same applies to residential staff of such establishments.

3.3 **Adult** A person who has completed 15 years of age.

3.4 **Household size** The size of a household is the total number of persons in the household.

3.5 **Household consumer expenditure** The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period is the household's consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure is the total of the monetary values of consumption of various groups of items namely: (i) food and (betel leaves), tobacco, intoxicants and fuel & light, (ii) clothing and footwear and (iii) miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles.

For groups (i) and (ii) the total value of consumption is derived by aggregating the monetary value of goods actually consumed during the reference period. An item of clothing and footwear is considered to have been consumed if it is brought into maiden or first use during the reference period. The consumption may be out of (a) purchases made during the reference period or earlier, (b) home grown stock, (c) receipt in exchange of goods and services, (d) any other receipt like gift, charity, borrowing and (e) free collection. Home produce is evaluated at the ex farm or ex factory rate. For evaluating the consumption of the items of group (iii) i.e. items categorised as miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles, a different approach is followed. In this case, the expenditure made during the reference period for the purchase of goods and services is considered as consumption.

It is pertinent to mention here that the consumer expenditure of a household on food items relates to the actual consumption by the normal resident members of the household and also by the guests whether during ceremonies or otherwise. To avoid

double counting, transfer payments like charity, loan advance, etc made by the household are not considered as consumption for items of groups (i) and (ii) since transfer receipts of these items have been taken into account. However, the item "cooked meals" is an exception to the rule. Meals prepared in the household kitchen and provided to the employees and/or others would automatically get included in domestic consumption of employer (payer) household. There is a practical difficulty of estimating the quantities and values of individual items used for preparing the meals served to employees or to others. Thus, to avoid double counting, cooked meals received as perquisites from employer household or as gift or charity are not recorded in the recipient household. As a general principle, cooked meals purchased from the market for consumption of the normal resident members and for guests and employees will also be recorded in the purchaser household.

This procedure of recording cooked meals served to others in the expenditure of the serving households leads to bias-free estimates of average per capita consumption as well as total consumer expenditure. However, as the proportions of donors and recipients of free cooked meals are likely to vary in opposite directions over the expenditure classes, the nutritional intake derived from the consumer expenditure survey data may present a somewhat distorted picture. These derived nutrition intakes may get inflated for the rich (net donors) and somewhat understated for the poor (net recipients). This point has to be kept in mind while using the NSS consumer expenditure data for any nutritional studies relating to the nutritional status of households.

3.6 Milk and milk products This includes ghee, butter, curd, ice-cream etc. Milk-based sweetmeats (pera, rasogolla etc) come under "beverages, refreshments and processed food" unless they are prepared from milk, sugar etc within the household. In the latter case consumption of milk, sugar etc is accounted separately instead of the entire consumption being accounted under "milk products".

3.7 Clothing and footwear This category includes bedsheets, bedcovers, pillows, curtains, mattresses, blankets, rugs, mats and matings, cotton yarn, wool and knitting wool. It, however, excludes tailoring


charges which come under "miscellaneous goods and services".

3.8 Miscellaneous goods and services This is a residual group containing items other than food, pan, tobacco, intoxicants, fuel and light, clothing, footwear, rent, taxes and durable goods.

3.9 Durable goods This term refers to durable goods apart from clothing and footwear; items included here are distinguished from miscellaneous goods by having a longer expected lifetime of use (roughly one year or more). Expenditure incurred on repairs and construction of durables used for domestic purpose is included in "expenditure on durable goods".

3.10 The monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) classes for which estimates are presented at all-India level in this report are the same as were adopted in the last quinquennial round, i.e. the 43rd round. They are (in Rs.)

	<u>Rural</u>	<u>Urban</u>
1	less than 65	less than 90
2	65 - 80	90 - 110
3	80 - 95	110 - 135
4	95 - 110	135 - 160
5	110 - 125	160 - 185
6	125 - 140	185 - 215
7	140 - 160	215 - 255
8	160 - 180	255 - 310
9	180 - 215	310 - 385
10	215 - 280	385 - 520
11	280 - 385	520 - 700
12	385 & above	700 & above

Estimates are also occasionally ed by the following broader MPCE classes for both sectors to facilitate comparison between rural and urban data.

- 1 less than 110
- 2 110 - 215
- 3 215 - 385
- 4 385 & above

3.11 Broad groups of items Results on break-up of MPCE on different items of consumption are presented for 24 broad item groups. These are (1) cereals (2) gram (3) cereal substitutes (4) pulses & pulse products (5) milk and milk products (6) edible oil (7) meat, fish & egg (8) vegetables (9) fruits & nuts (10) sugar (11) salt (12) spices (13) beverages, refreshments & processed food (14) pan, tobacco &

intoxicants (15) fuel & light (16) clothing (17) footwear (18) miscellaneous goods and services (19) durable goods (20) rent (21) taxes. In addition, sub-totals of MPCE on (a) food and (b) non-food are also provided.

3.12 The major findings of the survey on consumer expenditure are now discussed. A series of tables called "statements" to distinguish them from the Appendix tables are included in the text for ready reference. Most of these statements give state-level results in a summary form while a few attempt comparison of results of different NSS rounds.

3.13 The word **sector** is used for the rural-urban demarcation: rural and urban are the two sectors involved wherever the term occurs. The term "major states" will be used to mean the following states of India: Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. The remaining states and union territories of India are divided into three groups - called North-Eastern, North-Western and Southern - for the purpose of presentation of estimates. These groups have been formed as follows:

North-Eastern Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tripura

North-Western Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal

Pradesh, Chandigarh, Delhi

Southern Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Goa, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep, Pondicherry

The abbreviation **MPCE** is used everywhere in preference to its expanded form: monthly per capita (consumer) expenditure.

3.14 Distributions of households and persons by MPCE and average MPCE in rural and urban sectors: all-India

3.14.1 One may begin the study of consumption expenditure with a broad grouping of households on the basis of MPCE. First, a look at the estimated relative strengths in the population of the different groups or classes of households thus formed. Statement 3.1 gives these, as well as the estimated relative sizes of population in the different classes of household MPCE, separately for rural and urban sectors. In what follows a person's MPCE is understood as that of the household to which he/she belongs. This allows us to speak of the number of persons belonging to a particular MPCE class, and hence of the distribution of persons by MPCE classes.

STATEMENT 3.1 PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY BROAD MPCE CLASS IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS

ALL-INDIA

MPCE class	no. per 1000 of			
	hhs		persons	
	R	U	R	U
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
below 110	47	12	57	15
110 - 215	445	182	493	237
215 - 385	383	375	354	410
385 & above	125	431	96	338
all	1000	1000	1000	1000

One observes that a significantly lower proportion of the urban population (24%) belonged to the Rs 110-215 range of MPCE compared to the rural (49%), and that a much higher proportion belonged to the highest class - Rs 385 & above - for the urban population (34%) than the rural (less than 10%)

3.15 Distributions and averages of MPCE: inter-state comparison

3.15.1 Distributions of rural and urban households and persons by MPCE class are given in alternative 3.2 (R & U) and 3.3 (R & U) for each state and sector. In these statements a more detailed MPCE classification is used than in Statement 3.1.

State level averages of MPCE which are of considerable interest in themselves have been included in Statements 3.3R and 3.3U (col 15). A brief look at these averages shows for instance that

(c) rural areas of the 3 states Haryana, Kerala and Punjab were markedly ahead of the other major states in terms of average MPCE (SS-1)

3.15.2 The distributions of households and persons by MPCE may be used for quick enumerations of percentages of households and persons below or above a selected MPCE level. Inter-state comparisons of such percentages can be quite illuminating. For instance, one may use Statement 3.3R to extract information of the following kind:

One notes that the percentage of rural population with MPCE less than Rs 215 ranged from 21% for Punjab to 75% for Bihar (SS-2). The proportion of population above the MPCE level of Rs 280 on the other hand was around 50% for Punjab and Kerala, 20% for Tamil Nadu, and only 10% for Bihar. From Statement 3.3U information of a similar nature can be obtained. In the urban sector spending levels

were, of course, higher and the extent of inter-state disparity somewhat lower. Here the percentage of population below the MPCE level of Rs 215 (SS-4) ranged between 21% and 42% for 12 major states, while the

proportion for Punjab was only 7%. The average

(a) in the rural sector is more as 10 of the 15 major states had average MPCE between Rs 220 and Rs 270

(b) in the urban sector the average MPCE for the 15 major states was more evenly spread - over the range Rs 290-Rs 450 - and

SS-1 Average MPCE of 15 major states			
rural		urban	
average MPCE (Rs)	no. of states	average MPCE (Rs)	no. of states
180-220	2	290-330	2
220-270	10	330-370	5
270-320	-	370-410	5
320-360	3	410-450	3

SS-2 Percentage of rural population with MPCE below Rs 215	
Bihar	75
Orissa	71
Madhya Pradesh	65
Uttar Pradesh	59
7 other major states	47-55
Rajasthan	42
Haryana	34
Kerala	26
Punjab	24
all-India	55

SS-3 Percentage of rural population with MPCE Rs 280 or more	
Punjab	53
Kerala	49
Haryana	43
Rajasthan	34
Gujarat	29
6 other major states	22-25
Tamil Nadu	20
Madhya Pradesh	19
Orissa	14
Bihar	10
all-India	24

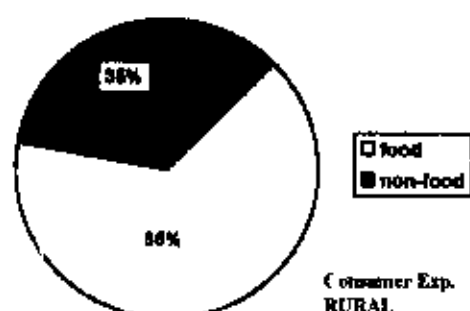
SS-4 Percentage of urban population with MPCE below Rs 215

Bihar	42
Uttar Pradesh	34
Orissa	33
Karnataka	30
Andhra Pradesh	30
Madhya Pradesh	28
6 other major states	21-25
Haryana	17
Assam	16
Punjab	7
all-India	25

proportion of persons above the MPCE level of Rs.385 (SS-5) for urban India as a whole was 34%. the state-level proportions ranged from 21% to 50%.

3.16 Composition of MPCE by item group all-India

3.16.1 Break-up of MPCE by item group at state and all-India level is given for rural and urban sectors in Statements 3.4R and 3.4U respectively. The item groups considered are 21 in number (see para 3.11) and include 13 food groups and 8 non-food groups.

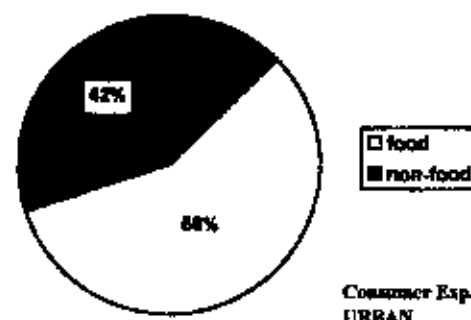


Before going into the differences in consumption pattern among persons in different MPCE classes, one may first of all use Statements 3.4R and 3.4U ("all-India" columns) to study broad differences in expenditure levels between rural and urban sectors. Non-food expenditure per person in urban areas was nearly double that in rural areas. Food expenditure per capita, too, was higher - by about Rs 60. Total expenditure per person was about 57% higher in the urban sector.

SS-5 Percentage of urban population with MPCE Rs 385 or more

Punjab	50
Haryana	42
Maharashtra	40
Gujarat	37
7 other major states	31-36
Uttar Pradesh	27
Orissa	25
Madhya Pradesh	22
Bihar	21
all-India	34

3.16.2 Statements 3.5R and 3.5U express the figures in Statements 3.4R and 3.4U as percentages of total MPCE and thus give the percentage distribution of MPCE by item group at state and all-India level for each sector. For the present, one may use these



statements to identify (see the "all-India" columns) important differences in rural and urban consumption patterns at the all-India level, which will be discussed in greater detail later. The share of cereals in total consumption expenditure is much higher in the rural sector (26%) than in the urban (15%). The share of non-cereal food is slightly higher in the urban sector. The share of non-food items is appreciably higher in the urban sector (42%) than in the rural (35%).

3.16.3 A more detailed study of rural-urban differences (SS-6) in consumption can be made from Statements 3.4R and 3.4U. The largest differences in per capita consumption are seen in "rents" (Rs.16 per month for urban compared to less than Re 1 for rural), "miscellaneous goods & services" (Rs 75 for urban, Rs 35 for rural) and "beverages refreshments & processed food" (Rs 28 for urban compared to

SS-6 Per capita expenditure over a 30-day period on important expenditure heads - all-India

item group	rural (Rs)	urban (Rs)
cereals	63	56
milk & milk products	23	41
beverages, refreshments & processed food	10	28
vegetables	14	20
edible oil	12	18
pulses & pulse products	10	12
meat fish & egg	9	14
other food	20	30
all food	159	220
miscellaneous goods & services	35	75
fuel & light	19	22
clothing & footwear	15	22
rents	1	16
other non-food	16	22
all non-food	85	162
all items	244	382

Rs 10 for rural) It may be observed that urban per capita expenditure levels exceeded rural levels for all the item groups considered here except "cereals" (which includes cereal substitutes)

SS-7 Percentage of consumer expenditure accounted by selected food and non-food item groups - all-India

item group	rural	urban
milk & milk products	9.4%	10.7%
vegetables	5.7%	5.2%
beverages, refreshments & processed food	3.9%	7.3%
fuel & light	7.6%	7.0%
clothing & footwear	6.0%	5.8%
miscellaneous goods & services	14.2%	19.5%

3.16.4 Statements 3.5R and 3.5U show also that for most item groups, there was not much difference between sectors (SS-7) in shares of the different item groups in total expenditure. The exceptions were "cereals", already discussed in para 3.16.2 above "miscellaneous goods & services", which accounted for over 19% of urban consumer expenditure but only 14% for rural, and "beverages, refreshments & processed food" (over 7% for urban compared to 4% for rural)

3.17 Food and non-food components of total expenditure inter-state variation

SS-8 Distribution of 15 major states by monthly per capita expenditure on food in rural areas

30 days' per capita food expenditure	no of states
Rs 130-150	3
Rs 150-175	9
Rs 175-215	3

3.17.1 In studying inter-state differences in composition of MPCE from Statements 3.4R and Statement 3.4U, one may first take up the broad division of total expenditure into food and non-food categories. For most of the "major" states, per capita rural expenditure on food over a period of 30 days ranged between Rs.150 and Rs.175 (SS-8). The lowest figures were those for Bihar Orissa and Madhya Pradesh (all around Rs.140)

In the urban sector average state-level monthly per

SS-9 Distribution of 15 major states by monthly per capita expenditure on food in urban areas

30 days' per capita food expenditure	no of states
Rs 190-215	7
Rs 215-250	8

SS-10 Distribution of 15 major states by monthly percapita non-food expenditure in rural areas

30 days' per capita non-food expenditure	no of states
Rs 50- 70	1
Rs 70- 95	10
Rs 95-160	4

capita expenditures on food ranged between Rs 190 and Rs 250 (SS-9)

Though the highest state-level per capita monthly non-food expenditure in the rural sector (Rs 159)

SS-11 Distribution of 15 major states by monthly per capita non-food expenditure in urban areas

30 days per capita non-food expenditure	no of states
Rs 100-130	2
Rs 130-170	10
Rs 170-200	3

was as much as three times the lowest (Rs.52), the figures for as many as 10 states (SS-10) fell within the narrow range Rs 70-95. The same tendency was noticed in the previous round also

In the urban sector state-level per capita non-food expenditures were all between Rs 100 and Rs 200 with quite a large number of states in the range Rs 130-170 (SS-11)

3.18 Consumption of cereals sectoral and inter-state variation

3.18.1 Variation over sectors and states of per capita quantity and value of consumption of cereals is shown in Statement 3.6 (R & U). Per capita cereal consumption was 13.6 kg in rural areas and 10.5 kg in urban areas - a difference of about 3 kg. In other words, rural consumption per person per day was about 100 gms higher than urban. For individual

SS-12 Per capita quantity of cereals consumed - all-India

cereal	30 days' per capita consumption (kg)	
	rural	urban
rice	7.2	5.3
wheat	4.5	4.5
jowar	0.8	0.4
bajra	0.5	0.1
maize	0.3	0.1
other cereals	0.3	0.1
total cereals	13.6	10.5

cereals as well rural per capita consumption levels were higher than urban levels (SS-12). At state level, urban consumption levels sometimes exceeded rural levels for particular cereals - e.g. rice consumption in Haryana and Punjab, or wheat consumption in Assam, Orissa and West Bengal. But this invariably occurred not in case of the "major" cereal consumed in the region, but for "minor" cereals. Total cereal consumption per capita was highest in Orissa for both rural (16.7 kg) and urban (13.4 kg) sectors

3.18.2 Value of cereal consumption per capita over a period of 30 days varied more over states than over sectors (SS-13). The all-India figure was Rs 63 for

SS-13 Value of per capita cereal consumption (30 days) - selected states

state	rural	urban
Punjab	Rs 42	Rs 43
Gujarat	Rs 43	Rs 43
Haryana	Rs 48	Rs 44
Rajasthan	Rs 49	Rs 45
all-India	Rs 63	Rs 58
Bihar	Rs 77	Rs 75
Orissa	Rs 81	Rs 73
West Bengal	Rs 85	Rs 74
Assam	Rs 83	Rs 83

the rural sector and Rs 58 - only Rs 5 less - for the urban. For the eastern states of Assam, West Bengal, Orissa and Bihar the figure was in the range Rs 75-85 for both sectors, compared to Rs 42-43 for

Punjab and Gujarat. This pattern of inter-state variation is similar to that observed in earlier rounds

3.19 Break-up of MPCE by item group inter-state comparisons

3.19.1 One may now return to Statement 3.4 (R & U) to investigate inter-state differences in

consumption pattern in greater detail than has been done so far. Inter-state variation in cereal consumption was discussed in para 3.18 above. Among other food groups, variation in state-level per capita expenditures was, as observed in earlier rounds, low in case of "edible oil", "pulses & pulse products" and "vegetables", but high in case of "milk & milk products", "meat, fish & egg" and, to some extent, "sugar".

SS-14 Value of monthly per capita consumption of selected groups of items in rural areas of 11 major states

state*	milk & milk pro- ducts	meat fish & egg	sug- ar	veg- eta- bles	bev ref & proc food	misc goods & serv- ices	fuel & light
Bihar	11	5	4	14	4	22	15
Orissa	5	10	4	15	6	25	18
M P	19	5	8	12	6	29	18
Tamil Nadu	11	11	4	13	15	33	15
U P	29	4	9	14	7	35	18
W Bengal	11	18	4	18	8	30	17
Gujarat	36	3	12	19	16	38	20
Rajasthan	60	3	12	11	9	36	24
Punjab	71	2	19	20	12	45	31
Kerala	18	30	8	12	27	65	18
Haryana	78	1	15	13	9	60	19

* selected states, states arranged in ascending order of ^{rural} MPCE

SS-15 Value of monthly per capita consumption of selected groups of items in ^{urban} areas of 12 major states

state*	milk & milk pro- ducts	meat fish & egg	sug- ar	veg- eta- bles	bev ref & proc food	misc goods & serv- ices	fuel & light
Bihar	24	10	6	20	16	44	21
M P	38	8	11	19	16	55	23
U P	45	7	11	18	18	63	24
Orissa	18	21	7	25	21	55	29
Tamil Nadu	26	17	6	17	40	69	25
Gujarat	57	4	13	22	27	75	29
Rajasthan	64	7	12	19	21	66	27
Kerala	23	32	9	13	37	79	23
W Bengal	25	33	6	26	29	71	31
Maharashtra	45	16	10	19	37	97	30
Haryana	81	6	12	24	19	93	35
Punjab	79	4	16	25	27	99	37

* selected states states arranged in ascending order of urban MPCE

Differences in state-level expenditures on non-food groups could generally be accounted for by differences in overall spending levels between the states concerned (SS - 14 & 15). This seems to be true, for instance, for "miscellaneous goods & services" which formed a sizeable chunk of non-food expenditure in every state. However for food groups, and especially for the two groups "milk & milk products" and "meat fish & egg" (total) MPCE differences among states clearly had little to do with the observed variation in consumption of the items. Per capita spending on "fuel & light", as usual exhibited very little variation over states. For durable goods, it is difficult to say how much of the observed variation is due to sampling fluctuations.

3 19 2 Statement 3 5 (R & U) is Statement 3 4 in percentage form. The percentages, obviously are the estimated shares of the different item groups in total household expenditure. In both sectors, the range of inter-state variation (over the major states) in percentage shares is seen to be relatively wide for "meat, fish & egg" and "milk & milk products", narrow for "fuel & light" and "vegetables", and moderately wide (viewed in relation to the average share for the country as a whole) for "beverages, refreshments & processed food" and "clothing & footwear". For both the groups "meat, fish & egg" and "milk & milk products" the range of variation

was wider in the rural sector than in the urban. For "beverages, refreshments & processed food", the all India rural percentage share is lower than the lowest urban major-state-level share, and the same is true of "miscellaneous goods & services" (SS-16).

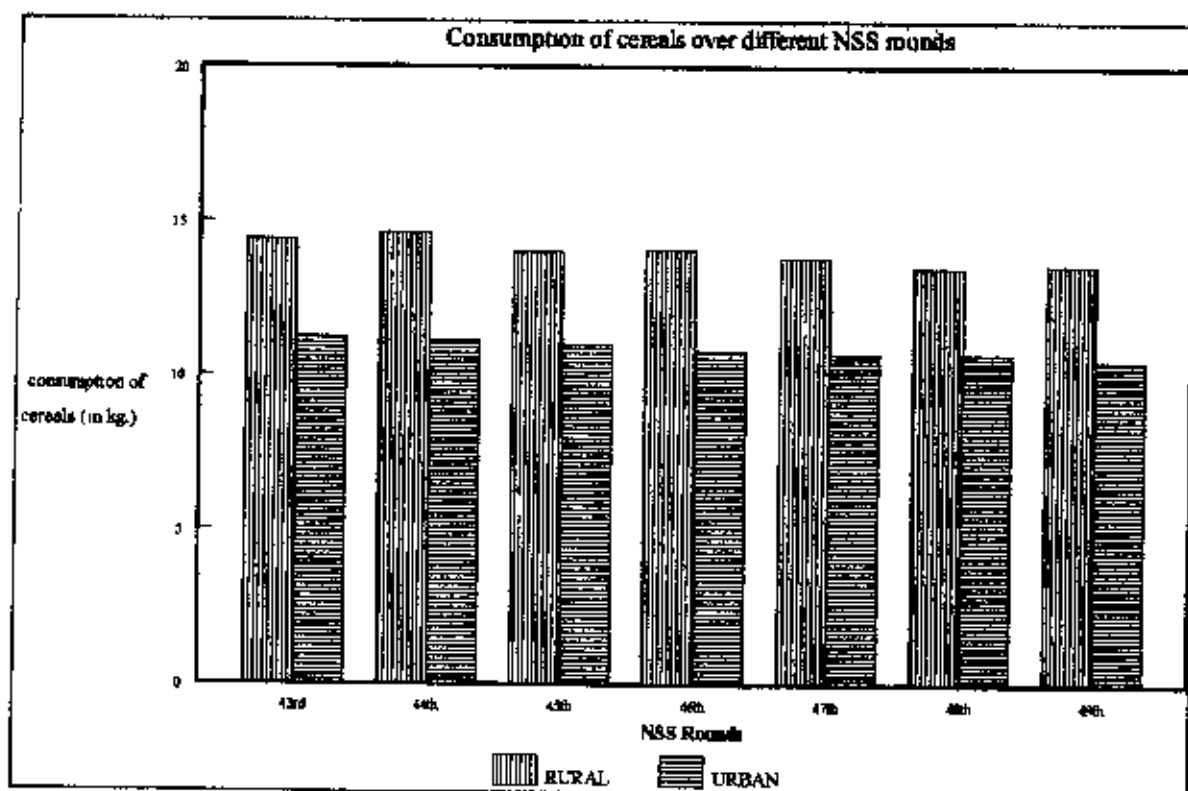
3 20 Differences in consumption pattern at different MPCE levels

3 20 1 In Statement 3 7 item-group-wise break-ups of MPCE are shown, at all-India level, for the four broad MPCE classes encountered earlier in Statement 3 1 separately for rural and urban sectors. Percentage break-ups are shown in Statement 3 8. These statements illustrate differences in consumption patterns of segments of the population at different economic statuses. In moving from low to high MPCE ranges, increases in average per capita consumption (rupees) are seen (Statement 3 7) to be most pronounced in case of such item groups as "durable goods", "miscellaneous goods & services", "clothing & footwear", and "milk & milk products" and very gradual for "cereals", "fuel & light" and "vegetables". The changes in percentage shares are seen (Statement 3 8) to be positive (increase in share with rise in MPCE) for the item groups of the first-mentioned kind and negative (fall in share with rise in MPCE) for the second kind.

SS-16 Share in total expenditure of selected item groups - all-India

item group	rural		urban	
	range of variation in % share over 15 major states	% share at all-India level	range of variation in % share over 15 major states	% share at all-India level
milk & milk products	2 2-22 7	9 4	5 3-19 1	10 7
meat, fish & egg	0 3- 8 6	3 6	1 0- 8 6	3 7
clothing & footwear	2 6- 9 5	6 0	3 7- 9 4	5 8
beverages etc	2 0- 7 9	3 9	4 4-10 6	7 3
misc goods & services	8 1-19 1	14 2	14 7-22 5	19 5
vegetables	3 5- 7 4	5 7	3 3- 7 3	5 2
fuel & light	5 3- 9 6	7 6	5 9- 8 4	7 0

3.21 Trends in consumption of cereals all-India



3.21.1 The findings of different NSS rounds from the 43rd (July 1987 - June 1988) to the 49th (Jan - June 1993) on quantity and value of all-India per capita consumption of important cereals are shown in Statement 3.9. That there has been a marginal decline - of the order of 5%, perhaps slightly more in the rural sector - in per capita quantity of cereal consumption over this period appears now to be reasonably clear. It is confirmed by the data of the 50th Round, according to which the average quantity of cereals consumed in rural and urban India was 13.4 and 10.6 kg. respectively. The decline appears to be spread mainly over the two cereal types wheat and jowar. The rural-urban differential in absolute monthly cereal consumption per capita has remained stable over rounds. The rural-urban difference in value of per capita consumption - though rising from Rs 4 to around Rs 6 - has remained stable in percentage terms with the value for the average urban Indian remaining about 10% lower than that of his rural counterpart.

3.22 Trends in composition of household MPCE all-India

3.22.1 Statement 3.10 shows percentage composition of household MPCE at the all-India level for each NSS round from the 43rd to the 49th, separately for rural and urban sectors. Here the same 21 broad groups of items are considered as in Statements 3.7 and 3.8. One observes that

(a) the share of food in total expenditure has remained stable at around 64-65% in the rural sector and around 56-57% in the urban.

(b) proportion of expenditure on cereals, after falling by about 1 percentage point in both sectors between the 43rd and 47th rounds, appears to have regained its earlier level of 26% in the rural sector and of 15% in the urban.

(c) the share of clothing and footwear appears to have fallen by about 1 percentage point in both sectors over the period covered by these rounds

(d) shares of other groups considered here have not changed perceptibly over these 7 rounds (the apparent changes in the share of durable goods may be caused by sampling fluctuations).

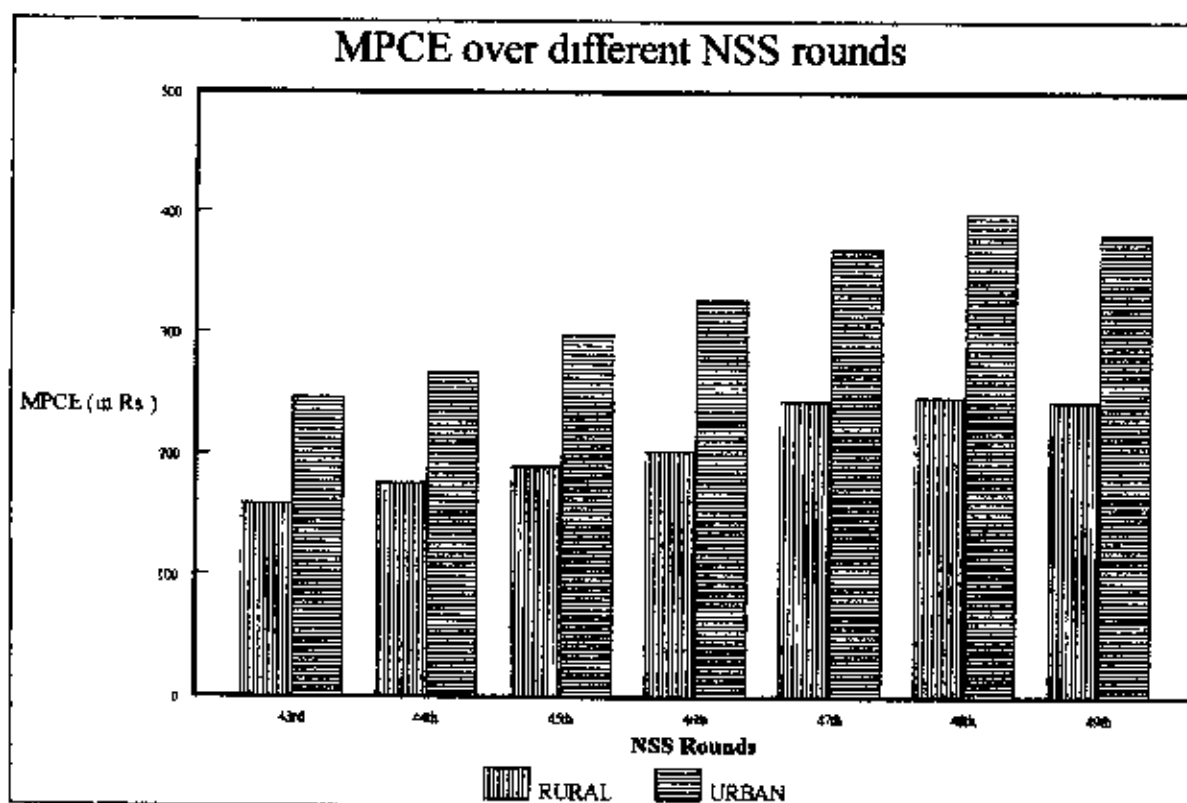
3.23 Other trends

3.23.1 Trends, if any, in certain other parameters of interest, such as average household size, average MPCE, and selected percentiles (20th, 50th and 80th) of the distribution of persons by MPCE, may be studied from Statement 3.11, separately for rural and urban sectors. No trend is observed in average household size. Average MPCE has increased by about 60% over the period covered by these rounds. Average urban MPCE, after a steady increase appears to have fallen in the 49th round from the

level of Rs 399 reached in the previous round. Comparison of the detailed break-up of MPCE for these two rounds (see SS-17) shows, however, that

(a) Neither total per capita food expenditure nor any of its major components, differs appreciably between these two rounds. The slight differences could be due to seasonal fluctuations in employment (the 49th round survey was a six-month survey covering mainly the second half of the agricultural year

(b) Of the fall of Rs.17 in total urban MPCE Rs 14 is accounted by two item groups - miscellaneous goods & services and durable goods - estimates of which are known to be subject to sampling fluctuations to a much greater extent than other components of MPCE as the expenditures by a household are incurred irregularly over the year unlike expenditures on, say food and fuel. The percentile values appear to be consistent with the average MPCE figures.



SS-17 Per capita consumption expenditure on selected item groups for 47th, 48th and 49th rounds all-India

item group	value of monthly per capita consumption (Rs)					
	rural			urban		
	47th rd	48th rd	49th rd	47th rd	48th rd	49th rd
cereals	59	65	63	52	59	58
milk, milk products	22	23	23	37	42	41
edible oil	13	12	12	21	20	18
meat, egg, fish	8	8	9	13	14	14
vegetables	15	14	14	21	20	20
processed food	9	10	10	26	26	28
all food	154	161	159	208	224	221
fuel & light	17	17	18	24	25	27
clothing & footwear	14	16	15	24	25	22
miscellaneous goods & services	32	35	35	73	83	75
durable goods	15	9	8	17	17	11
all non-food	90	87	85	163	175	162
all items	244	247	244	370	399	382

3.24 Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

3.24.1 Perception of food availability on the part of the population was investigated, as usual, through the question "Do all members of your household get two square meals A throughout the year ? B only some months of the year ? C not even some months of the year ?" The responses are tabulated (estimated proportions of households in each category) statewise in Statement 3.12

3.24.2 At the all India level the proportion of chronically hungry (not getting two square meals even some months of the year) households was

found as in the previous NSS round, to be less than 1% for rural areas and less than 0.5% for urban. As for seasonal hunger, 54 per 1000 households in rural areas and 21 per 1000 households in urban areas reported getting sufficient food only some months of the year (SS-18)

3.24.3 At state level too, the problem of hunger is seen to be mainly seasonal. The proportion of those (categories B and C) experiencing hunger of some kind (chronic or seasonal) was under 8% for urban areas of all major states. For rural areas the proportion was under 10% for all these states except West Bengal and Orissa, where it was of the order of 17%-18%.

SS-18 Per thousand no of households by availability of food all-India

period during which all hh members got enough to eat	rural		urban	
	49th rd	48th rd	49th rd	48th rd
throughout the year	938	923	977	973
only some months	54	70	21	23
not even some months	8	7	2	4

3.25 Other population characteristics

3.25.1 Per 1000 number of persons at different marital statuses in selected age-groups are given in Statement 3.13 at all-India level separately for males and females in rural and urban sectors. The figures enable various comparisons of marital status between the four population groups - urban males urban females, rural males and rural females or between different age-groups (SS-19)

3.25.2 Occupancy position of households, or their break-up according to whether they owned rented or otherwise occupied their dwelling units, is given in Statement 3.14 (R & U) by state and sector. As observed in earlier rounds, the proportion of households living in dwelling units owned by them was 93% in rural areas and only about 57% in urban areas where 34% lived in rented dwelling units. Among individual states in the urban sector the proportion of households owning their dwelling unit was highest for Kerala (85%), lowest for Tamil Nadu (43%), and between 48% and 72% for all other major states (SS-20)

3.25.3 Per 1000 distribution of households by primary source of energy for cooking is presented by state and sector in Statement 3.15. Rural and urban patterns of energy consumption were in conformity with what was observed in the preceding two rounds. In rural areas "firewood and chips" was the predominant energy source with 80% (SS-21) of all households in the country dependent on it. "Dung cake" had some importance in four major states -

SS-19 Percentage currently married in selected age-groups for different population groups all-India

population group	15 and above	25-29
urban males	64%	66%
rural males	69%	79%
urban females	69%	91%
rural females	75%	93%

Punjab (36%) Uttar Pradesh (29%) Harvna (21%) and Bihar(19%) Other energy sources such as LPG and kerosene had little role to play in the rural sector. Urban households in the country were broadly divided into 3 major categories 31% depending on firewood and chips, 27% on LPG, and 24% on

SS-20 No per thousand of households by type of dwelling unit - all-India

type of dwelling unit	rural	urban
owned	932	572
rented	41	344
otherwise occupied	27	84

kerosene. In urban areas, dependence on firewood and chips was greater in Kerala than in any other major state (71%). The only two states where

SS-21 Distribution of households by primary source of energy for cooking all-India

primary source of energy for cooking	percentage of households	
	rural	urban
coke/coal	1.3	7.6
firewood & chips	80.0	30.9
LPG	2.0	26.9
dung cake	9.8	2.4
kerosene	2.0	24.1

"coke/coal" was used more commonly than firewood and chips were Bihar (46%) and West Bengal (41%).

3.25.4 As for the break-up of households by principal source of energy for lighting (Statement 3.16), the two major sources - kerosene and electricity - had the same relative importance as was observed in the preceding two rounds. In rural areas 62% of households depended on kerosene and 36% on electricity. In urban areas only 18% depended on kerosene and as many as 81% households depended on electricity (SS-22). The

SS-22 Distribution of households by primary source of energy for lighting all-India

primary source of energy for lighting	percentage of households	
	rural	urban
kerosene	62	18
electricity	36	81

proportion of electricity varied widely among states in the rural sector from 5% in Bihar and 8% in West Bengal to 83% in Punjab. In the urban sector more than 64% of households in all major states relied on electricity - the proportion for Punjab was as high as 95%.

3.25.5 Statement 3.17 provides, by state and sector the proportion of households with at least one member having taken any meal from

SS-23 Percentage of households having taken any meal from outside and performed any ceremony during the last 30 days by sector all-India

sector	taken any meal from outside	performed any ceremony
rural	16.2	2.6
urban	20.5	3.0

outside during the last 30 days, and the proportion of households having performed any ceremony during the same reference period. At the all-India level, the proportion of households reporting at least one meal taken from outside during the last 30 days was about 16% in the rural sector and 20-21% in the urban (SS-23). As observed in the previous round, the two southern states Kerala and Tamil Nadu had the highest percentages of households in this category. The proportion of households in the country having performed any ceremony during the last 30 days was found to be around 2.5-3% in both sectors. For nearly all major states the proportion was below 5% in both sectors.

3.25.6 Per 1000 number of households having purchased any cereal from ration / fair price shop or at subsidised rate during the last 30 days is tabulated for the 46th, 47th, 48th and 49th rounds by state and sector in Statement 3.18. The proportion of such households at the all-India level was a very stable 46% for the rural sector and an equally stable 49% or slightly less for the urban. In both sectors Kerala and Punjab had respectively the highest and lowest percentages of households in this category among the major states over the period covered by these rounds.

STATEMENT 3 2R PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER MPCE CLASSES BY STATES IN RURAL SECTOR

STATE	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure Class (in Rs.)													average hh. size	no. of households																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	00-05	05-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50-55	55-60	60-65		65-70	70-75	75-80	80-85	85-90	90-95	95-100	100-105	105-110	110-115	115-120	120-125	125-130	130-135	135-140	140-145	145-150	150-155	155-160	160-165	165-170	170-175	175-180	180-185	185-190	190-195	195-200	200-205	205-210	210-215	215-220	220-225	225-230	230-235	235-240	240-245	245-250	250-255	255-260	260-265	265-270	270-275	275-280	280-285	285-290	290-295	295-300	300-305	305-310	310-315	315-320	320-325	325-330	330-335	335-340	340-345	345-350	350-355	355-360	360-365	365-370	370-375	375-380	380-385	385-390	390-395	395-400	400-405	405-410	410-415	415-420	420-425	425-430	430-435	435-440	440-445	445-450	450-455	455-460	460-465	465-470	470-475	475-480	480-485	485-490	490-495	495-500	500-505	505-510	510-515	515-520	520-525	525-530	530-535	535-540	540-545	545-550	550-555	555-560	560-565	565-570	570-575	575-580	580-585	585-590	590-595	595-600	600-605	605-610	610-615	615-620	620-625	625-630	630-635	635-640	640-645	645-650	650-655	655-660	660-665	665-670	670-675	675-680	680-685	685-690	690-695	695-700	700-705	705-710	710-715	715-720	720-725	725-730	730-735	735-740	740-745	745-750	750-755	755-760	760-765	765-770	770-775	775-780	780-785	785-790	790-795	795-800	800-805	805-810	810-815	815-820	820-825	825-830	830-835	835-840	840-845	845-850	850-855	855-860	860-865	865-870	870-875	875-880	880-885	885-890	890-895	895-900	900-905	905-910	910-915	915-920	920-925	925-930	930-935	935-940	940-945	945-950	950-955	955-960	960-965	965-970	970-975	975-980	980-985	985-990	990-995	995-1000	1000-1005	1005-1010	1010-1015	1015-1020	1020-1025	1025-1030	1030-1035	1035-1040	1040-1045	1045-1050	1050-1055	1055-1060	1060-1065	1065-1070	1070-1075	1075-1080	1080-1085	1085-1090	1090-1095	1095-1100	1100-1105	1105-1110	1110-1115	1115-1120	1120-1125	1125-1130	1130-1135	1135-1140	1140-1145	1145-1150	1150-1155	1155-1160	1160-1165	1165-1170	1170-1175	1175-1180	1180-1185	1185-1190	1190-1195	1195-1200	1200-1205	1205-1210	1210-1215	1215-1220	1220-1225	1225-1230	1230-1235	1235-1240	1240-1245	1245-1250	1250-1255	1255-1260	1260-1265	1265-1270	1270-1275	1275-1280	1280-1285	1285-1290	1290-1295	1295-1300	1300-1305	1305-1310	1310-1315	1315-1320	1320-1325	1325-1330	1330-1335	1335-1340	1340-1345	1345-1350	1350-1355	1355-1360	1360-1365	1365-1370	1370-1375	1375-1380	1380-1385	1385-1390	1390-1395	1395-1400	1400-1405	1405-1410	1410-1415	1415-1420	1420-1425	1425-1430	1430-1435	1435-1440	1440-1445	1445-1450	1450-1455	1455-1460	1460-1465	1465-1470	1470-1475	1475-1480	1480-1485	1485-1490	1490-1495	1495-1500	1500-1505	1505-1510	1510-1515	1515-1520	1520-1525	1525-1530	1530-1535	1535-1540	1540-1545	1545-1550	1550-1555	1555-1560	1560-1565	1565-1570	1570-1575	1575-1580	1580-1585	1585-1590	1590-1595	1595-1600	1600-1605	1605-1610	1610-1615	1615-1620	1620-1625	1625-1630	1630-1635	1635-1640	1640-1645	1645-1650	1650-1655	1655-1660	1660-1665	1665-1670	1670-1675	1675-1680	1680-1685	1685-1690	1690-1695	1695-1700	1700-1705	1705-1710	1710-1715	1715-1720	1720-1725	1725-1730	1730-1735	1735-1740	1740-1745	1745-1750	1750-1755	1755-1760	1760-1765	1765-1770	1770-1775	1775-1780	1780-1785	1785-1790	1790-1795	1795-1800	1800-1805	1805-1810	1810-1815	1815-1820	1820-1825	1825-1830	1830-1835	1835-1840	1840-1845	1845-1850	1850-1855	1855-1860	1860-1865	1865-1870	1870-1875	1875-1880	1880-1885	1885-1890	1890-1895	1895-1900	1900-1905	1905-1910	1910-1915	1915-1920	1920-1925	1925-1930	1930-1935	1935-1940	1940-1945	1945-1950	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	2050-2055	2055-2060	2060-2065	2065-2070	2070-2075	2075-2080	2080-2085	2085-2090	2090-2095	2095-2100	2100-2105	2105-2110	2110-2115	2115-2120	2120-2125	2125-2130	2130-2135	2135-2140	2140-2145	2145-2150	2150-2155	2155-2160	2160-2165	2165-2170	2170-2175	2175-2180	2180-2185	2185-2190	2190-2195	2195-2200	2200-2205	2205-2210	2210-2215	2215-2220	2220-2225	2225-2230	2230-2235	2235-2240	2240-2245	2245-2250	2250-2255	2255-2260	2260-2265	2265-2270	2270-2275	2275-2280	2280-2285	2285-2290	2290-2295	2295-2300	2300-2305	2305-2310	2310-2315	2315-2320	2320-2325	2325-2330	2330-2335	2335-2340	2340-2345	2345-2350	2350-2355	2355-2360	2360-2365	2365-2370	2370-2375	2375-2380	2380-2385	2385-2390	2390-2395	2395-2400	2400-2405	2405-2410	2410-2415	2415-2420	2420-2425	2425-2430	2430-2435	2435-2440	2440-2445	2445-2450	2450-2455	2455-2460	2460-2465	2465-2470	2470-2475	2475-2480	2480-2485	2485-2490	2490-2495	2495-2500	2500-2505	2505-2510	2510-2515	2515-2520	2520-2525	2525-2530	2530-2535	2535-2540	2540-2545	2545-2550	2550-2555	2555-2560	2560-2565	2565-2570	2570-2575	2575-2580	2580-2585	2585-2590	2590-2595	2595-2600	2600-2605	2605-2610	2610-2615	2615-2620	2620-2625	2625-2630	2630-2635	2635-2640	2640-2645	2645-2650	2650-2655	2655-2660	2660-2665	2665-2670	2670-2675	2675-2680	2680-2685	2685-2690	2690-2695	2695-2700	2700-2705	2705-2710	2710-2715	2715-2720	2720-2725	2725-2730	2730-2735	2735-2740	2740-2745	2745-2750	2750-2755	2755-2760	2760-2765	2765-2770	2770-2775	2775-2780	2780-2785	2785-2790	2790-2795	2795-2800	2800-2805	2805-2810	2810-2815	2815-2820	2820-2825	2825-2830	2830-2835	2835-2840	2840-2845	2845-2850	2850-2855	2855-2860	2860-2865	2865-2870	2870-2875	2875-2880	2880-2885	2885-2890	2890-2895	2895-2900	2900-2905	2905-2910	2910-2915	2915-2920	2920-2925	2925-2930	2930-2935	2935-2940	2940-2945	2945-2950	2950-2955	2955-2960	2960-2965	2965-2970	2970-2975	2975-2980	2980-2985	2985-2990	2990-2995	2995-3000	3000-3005	3005-3010	3010-3015	3015-3020	3020-3025	3025-3030	3030-3035	3035-3040	3040-3045	3045-3050	3050-3055	3055-3060	3060-3065	3065-3070	3070-3075	3075-3080	3080-3085	3085-3090	3090-3095	3095-3100	3100-3105	3105-3110	3110-3115	3115-3120	3120-3125	3125-3130	3130-3135	3135-3140	3140-3145	3145-3150	3150-3155	3155-3160	3160-3165	3165-3170	3170-3175	3175-3180	3180-3185	3185-3190	3190-3195	3195-3200	3200-3205	3205-3210	3210-3215	3215-3220	3220-3225	3225-3230	3230-3235	3235-3240	3240-3245	3245-3250	3250-3255	3255-3260	3260-3265	3265-3270	3270-3275	3275-3280	3280-3285	3285-3290	3290-3295	3295-3300	3300-3305	3305-3310	3310-3315	3315-3320	3320-3325	3325-3330	3330-3335	3335-3340	3340-3345	3345-3350	3350-3355	3355-3360	3360-3365	3365-3370	3370-3375	3375-3380	3380-3385	3385-3390	3390-3395	3395-3400	3400-3405	3405-3410	3410-3415	3415-3420	3420-3425	3425-3430	3430-3435	3435-3440	3440-3445	3445-3450	3450-3455	3455-3460	3460-3465	3465-3470	3470-3475	3475-3480	3480-3485	3485-3490	3490-3495	3495-3500	3500-3505	3505-3510	3510-3515	3515-3520	3520-3525	3525-3530	3530-3535	3535-3540	3540-3545	3545-3550	3550-3555	3555-3560	3560-3565	3565-3570	3570-3575	3575-3580	3580-3585	3585-3590	3590-3595	3595-3600	3600-3605	3605-3610	3610-3615	3615-3620	3620-3625	3625-3630	3630-3635	3635-3640	3640-3645	3645-3650	3650-3655	3655-3660	3660-3665	3665-3670	3670-3675	3675-3680	3680-3685	3685-3690	3690-3695	3695-3700	3700-3705	3705-3710	3710-3715	3715-3720	3720-3725	3725-3730	3730-3735	3735-3740	3740-3745	3745-3750	3750-3755	3755-3760	3760-3765	3765-3770	3770-3775	3775-3780	3780-3785	3785-3790	3790-3795	3795-3800	3800-3805	3805-3810	3810-3815	3815-3820	3820-3825	3825-3830	3830-3835	3835-3840	3840-3845	3845-3850	3850-3855	3855-3860	3860-3865	3865-3870	3870-3875	3875-3880	3880-3885	3885-3890	3890-3895	3895-3900	3900-3905	3905-3910	3910-3915	3915-3920	3920-3925	3925-3930	3930-3935	3935-3940	3940-3945	3945-3950	3950-3955	3955-3960	3960-3965	3965-3970	3970-3975	3975-3980	3980-3985	3985-3990	3990-3995	3995-4000	4000-4005	4005-4010	4010-4015	4015-4020	4020-4025	4025-4030	4030-4035	4035-4040	4040-4045	4045-4050	4050-4055	4055-4060	4060-4065	4065-4070	4070-4075	4075-4080	4080-4085	4085-4090	4090-4095	4095-4100	4100-4105	4105-4110	4110-4115	4115-4120	4120-4125	4125-4130	4130-4135	4135-4140	4140-4145	4145-4150	4150-4155	4155-4160	4160-4165	4165-4170	4170-4175	4175-4180	4180-4185	4185-4190	4190-4195	4195-4200	4200-4205	4205-4210	4210-4215	4215-4220	4220-4225	4225-4230	4230-4235	4235-4240	4240-4245	4245-4250	4250-4255	4255-4260	4260-4265	4265-4270	4270-4275	4275-4280	4280-4285	4285-4290	4290-4295	4295-4300	4300-4305	4305-4310	4310-4315	4315-4320	4320-4325	4325-4330	4330-4335	4335-4340	4340-4345	4345-4350	4350-4355	4355-4360	4360-4365	4365-4370	4370-4375	4375-4380	4380-4385	4385-4390	4390-4395	4395-4400	4400-4405	4405-4410	4410-4415	4415-4420	4420-4425	4425-4430	4430-4435	4435-4440	4440-4445	4445-4450	4450-4455	4455-4460	4460-4465	4465-4470	4470-4475	4475-4480	4480-4485	4485-4490	4490-4495	4495-4500	4500-4505	4505-4510	4510-4515	4515-4520	4520-4525	4525-4530	4530-4535	4535-4540	4540-4545	4545-4550

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STATEMENT 3 2U PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS OVER MPCE CLASSES BY STATE IN URBAN SECTOR

STATE	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure Class (in Rs.)													average hh. size	no. of households	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		(14)	total (16)
ANDHRA PRADESH	11	8	15	65	65	89	104	186	109	142	128	90	1000	4.5	35272	844
ASSAM	0	0	0	11	17	60	99	172	161	164	128	179	1000	4.6	3745	284
BIHAR	5	15	45	70	87	104	104	128	117	135	105	87	1000	4.9	17617	498
GUJARAT	0	8	14	9	53	70	95	135	158	208	168	105	1000	4.7	23218	573
HARYANA	0	0	3	25	49	61	87	112	181	180	203	98	1000	4.8	7052	100
KARNATAKA	5	5	14	96	63	83	101	118	98	187	142	106	1000	5.0	25560	624
KERALA	2	7	17	49	30	77	110	125	137	162	95	169	1000	4.5	13637	382
MADHYA PRADESH	2	4	33	38	69	87	155	164	162	140	66	80	1000	5.1	25861	768
MAHARASHTRA	2	3	24	29	49	57	93	128	740	177	108	100	1000	4.6	58671	1267
ORISSA	9	8	13	24	50	135	164	161	85	140	105	105	1000	4.9	5015	252
PUNJAB	9	1	5	5	13	25	87	126	151	252	181	134	1000	4.4	12631	406
RAJASTHAN	0	9	18	30	28	83	139	116	147	163	149	116	1000	4.9	17335	459
TAMIL NADU	19	18	19	36	66	72	139	134	123	120	137	133	1000	3.9	47293	1046
UTTAR PRADESH	9	11	26	48	72	104	132	123	119	149	108	90	1000	5.3	48196	1098
WEST BENGAL	1	5	7	23	38	70	125	125	130	164	171	138	1000	4.2	37087	883
NORTH EASTERN	0	1	1	2	15	46	101	181	176	242	137	117	1000	4.7	2652	723
NORTH WESTERN	0	0	4	7	12	33	55	105	107	142	147	410	1000	4.0	21480	823
SOUTHERN	1	0	1	3	25	31	59	71	143	235	192	229	1000	4.0	1855	304
ALL INDIA	5	7	16	58	52	74	112	134	129	162	128	141	1000	4.6	408668	11118

STATEMENT 3 3R PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS OVER MPCE CLASSES BY STATE IN RURAL SECTOR

STATE	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure Class (in Rs.)													average MPCE (Rs.)	no. of persons	
	0-25	25-50	50-75	75-100	100-125	125-150	150-175	175-200	200-225	225-250	250-275	275-300	300 & above all classes		estd. (16)	sample (17)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
ANDHRA PRADESH	1	2	6	18	41	80	115	121	140	220	140	94	1000	241	400018	4008
ASSAM	1	6	4	11	18	58	49	53	250	300	174	52	1000	246	178260	4250
BIHAR	5	15	27	64	81	91	102	140	181	152	71	51	1000	180	502356	8744
GUJARAT	3	1	6	5	24	57	104	73	219	215	180	110	1000	280	200820	3211
HARYANA	2	1	0	3	6	30	50	108	123	226	203	226	1000	358	118761	1847
KARNATAKA	1	14	5	42	40	59	82	137	147	213	153	101	1000	247	290375	3788
KERALA	4	0	2	11	6	19	25	47	100	251	248	241	1000	543	180572	3535
MADHYA PRADESH	4	8	24	47	80	89	90	122	204	171	120	63	1000	322	400536	7881
MAHARASHTRA	2	13	28	51	58	78	94	88	155	207	157	88	1000	281	400067	6375
ORISSA	4	5	28	71	98	82	114	128	183	148	84	58	1000	213	257580	3028
PUNJAB	0	0	2	3	22	32	32	43	137	232	321	205	1000	308	113461	2802
RAJASTHAN	5	4	2	10	25	38	81	78	171	236	199	145	1000	254	303394	4528
TAMIL NADU	8	0	25	49	44	76	92	104	158	238	149	56	1000	229	342272	4391
UTTAR PRADESH	1	4	14	44	87	78	108	109	164	194	122	95	1000	241	400074	6037
WEST BENGAL	1	2	4	18	21	40	97	101	238	259	192	95	1000	241	400074	6037
NORTH EASTERN	0	3	6	2	25	14	30	63	166	317	253	122	1000	276	54850	6244
NORTH WESTERN	0	0	0	7	10	23	38	58	150	204	239	273	1000	355	78400	4219
SOUTHERN	0	0	4	7	23	21	27	61	96	200	227	244	1000	318	11014	2311
ALL INDIA	3	6	14	34	48	84	98	106	177	209	145	96	1000	244	562893	9080

STATEMENT 3 3U PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS OVER MPCE CLASSES BY STATE IN URBAN SECTOR

STATEMENT 3.30 PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS OVER MPCE CLASSES OF STATE IN ORDER SECTOR																
Monthly Per Capita Expenditure Class (in Rs.)																
STATE	0-25	25-50	50-75	75-100	100-125	125-150	150-175	175-200	200-225	225-250	250-275	275-300	300-325	325-350	350-400	400 & above all classes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
ANDHRA PRADESH	12	13	22	69	82	102	97	188	106	129	100	72	1000	368	163008	3608
ASSAM	0	0	0	21	40	96	147	207	181	153	76	119	1000	388	17120	1294
BIHAR	2	25	67	80	115	119	107	161	105	106	63	36	1000	308	80568	2487
GUJARAT	0	14	26	17	73	92	110	148	164	181	108	87	1000	381	100742	2781
HARYANA	0	0	3	34	63	84	104	120	178	141	186	81	1000	422	30068	788
KARNATAKA	10	4	22	112	82	75	121	163	105	180	106	30	1000	540	127305	3300
KERALA	3	7	13	79	58	100	130	151	126	142	78	132	1000	381	61297	1840
MADHYA PRADESH	3	4	42	48	81	101	168	182	167	154	82	38	1000	817	130923	4002
MAHARASHTRA	2	5	33	40	58	76	94	142	151	169	101	129	1000	429	308850	6178
ORISSA	20	15	20	27	64	184	189	148	74	101	80	68	1000	541	36672	1104
PUNJAB	0	2	6	8	18	33	107	189	154	285	133	115	1000	442	59180	2062
RAJASTHAN	0	7	26	39	40	108	174	161	149	153	88	56	1000	355	84346	2384
TAMIL NADU	7	21	24	47	68	86	180	181	124	122	108	83	1000	282	102229	4020
UTTAR PRADESH	12	16	49	64	89	119	155	137	104	129	71	68	1000	337	255625	3673
WEST BENGAL	1	7	11	37	64	101	147	145	185	148	129	87	1000	403	167851	3781
NORTH EASTERN	0	1	1	2	21	57	124	182	184	248	102	60	1000	390	11825	3435
NORTH WESTERN	0	0	6	12	17	46	44	135	120	186	198	280	1000	686	80242	2305
SOUTHERN	2	9	1	4	41	33	38	95	170	281	159	137	1000	484	7823	1459
ALL INDIA	5	10	28	49	65	94	128	152	130	148	100	49	1000	383	1884192	32953

STATEMENT 3.4R AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL SECTOR BY STATE

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)									
	ANDHRA PRADESH	ASSAM	BIHAR	GUJARAT	HARYANA	KARNA- TAKA	KERALA	MADHYA PRADESH	MAHARA- SHTRA	ORISSA
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
CEREALS	70.3	83.0	76.5	42.6	48.0	61.7	62.6	63.6	46.5	80.7
GRAM	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.1
CEREAL SUBST	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	-	0.0	2.5	0.2	1.4	0.1
PULSES & PROD	10.1	6.7	7.5	13.0	8.4	10.0	5.8	10.7	13.0	6.1
MILK & PROD	13.8	11.3	11.5	36.0	77.8	19.0	18.2	18.7	15.9	4.6
EDIBLE OIL	11.8	9.9	8.9	20.3	9.3	8.9	11.6	11.3	13.9	7.6
MEAT, EGG, FISH	12.3	19.6	5.1	3.4	1.2	7.5	29.6	4.6	9.8	9.9
VEGETABLES	12.0	17.9	14.1	19.0	13.2	10.3	12.1	12.1	11.8	15.2
FRUITS & NUTS	3.6	3.0	1.5	4.6	3.3	7.9	23.1	1.9	8.1	2.1
SUGAR	4.3	5.1	3.7	12.3	14.7	8.3	8.4	7.7	10.8	4.1
SALT	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7
SPICES	9.0	4.7	4.1	7.3	6.7	7.1	8.5	5.5	7.1	4.2
BEVERAGES etc	9.8	10.8	3.9	15.9	9.4	12.9	27.0	6.1	11.5	5.7
FOOD TOTAL	157.5	173.0	138.7	175.2	193.1	154.4	210.7	143.4	150.5	141.1
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	12.5	11.8	4.2	7.4	10.3	9.1	11.2	8.7	7.1	6.6
FUEL & LIGHT	15.8	18.6	15.4	20.2	19.3	20.5	18.3	17.6	20.7	17.9
CLOTHING	13.4	6.3	7.5	9.1	26.4	12.4	15.0	14.1	14.9	12.4
FOOTWEAR	1.1	1.4	0.6	2.1	7.1	1.2	3.1	1.7	1.0	0.8
MISC. GOODS & SERVICES	35.5	19.9	22.0	37.8	59.6	44.5	65.4	28.9	40.5	25.3
RENTS	1.0	0.5	0.1	0.8	0.7	1.1	1.5	0.1	2.0	0.1
TAX, CESSSES	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1
DURABLE GOODS	3.9	14.5	1.6	7.0	35.9	3.6	17.4	7.6	14.7	8.6
NON-FOOD TOTAL	83.4	73.1	51.6	84.6	159.4	92.5	132.1	78.7	101.2	71.8
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	240.9	246.1	190.3	259.8	352.5	246.9	342.8	222.1	251.7	212.9
SAMPLE HHLS	1371	823	1716	640	284	730	723	1446	1260	799

STATEMENT 3.4R AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL SECTOR BY STATE

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)								
	PUNJAB	RAJAS- THAN	TAMIL NADU	UTTAR PRADESH	WEST BENGAL	NORTH- EASTERN	NORTH- WESTERN	SOUTHERN	ALL- INDIA
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
CEREALS	42.1	48.7	68.7	53.1	84.6	83.3	67.3	76.5	62.9
GRAM	1.0	0.1	0.3	0.8	0.1	0.0	1.1	0.4	0.5
CEREAL SUBST	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3
PULSES & PROD	11.4	7.2	10.1	11.6	5.5	6.3	14.4	9.0	9.6
MILK & PROD	70.8	59.8	11.5	29.4	11.0	10.8	54.0	20.3	23.0
EDIBLE OIL	17.6	10.6	9.8	11.7	10.9	10.1	17.2	14.9	11.5
MEAT,EGG,FISH	1.6	2.9	10.9	4.0	17.7	32.0	6.4	31.1	8.8
VEGETABLES	20.0	11.1	12.6	14.0	17.5	21.5	17.3	16.2	14.0
FRUITS & NUTS	3.1	1.9	4.8	2.9	2.9	3.0	5.1	15.7	4.3
SUGAR	18.6	12.0	4.2	8.6	4.4	4.5	11.1	6.4	7.6
SALT	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.5
SPICES	7.6	7.6	10.2	6.2	5.5	5.2	7.6	12.0	6.6
BEVERAGES etc	12.1	8.8	15.3	6.8	7.7	10.5	13.4	20.1	9.6
FOOD TOTAL	206.4	171.1	158.9	149.5	168.5	188.3	215.6	223.2	159.2
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	6.3	10.2	6.8	6.7	7.6	18.7	13.4	14.8	8.1
FUEL & LIGHT	31.3	24.4	15.3	17.6	17.5	25.8	24.7	19.2	18.5
CLOTHING	9.3	14.3	5.5	16.4	12.1	6.0	17.9	6.7	12.7
FOOTWEAR	4.9	3.9	0.5	2.8	1.2	3.1	8.0	1.3	2.0
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	44.6	36.0	33.1	34.9	28.4	29.8	52.2	42.9	34.6
RENTS	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.1	0.6	3.0	3.9	0.7
TAX, CESSSES	—	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
DURABLE GOODS	22.3	2.9	7.6	7.3	6.0	3.6	19.9	6.2	8.2
NON-FOOD TOTAL	118.4	92.4	69.9	86.1	72.9	87.9	139.3	95.2	84.9
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	325.8	263.5	228.8	235.6	241.4	276.2	354.9	318.4	244.1
SAMPLE HHLDs	475	827	1058	2452	1180	1635	808	444	18873

STATEMENT 3 4U AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR URBAN AREAS BY STATE

ITEM	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)									
	ANDHRA PRADESH	ASSAM	BIHAR	GUJARAT	HARYANA	KARNA- TAKA	KERALA	MADHYA PRADESH	MAHARA- SHTRA	ORISSA
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
CEREALS	68.0	82.9	75.3	42.7	43.9	66.5	59.4	55.8	52.9	72.7
GRAM	0.1	0.5	2.0	0.6	0.9	0.3	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.4
CEREAL SUBST	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	-	0.0	1.7	0.4	1.2	0.0
PULSES & PROD	11.7	8.9	10.4	13.5	10.7	12.3	6.5	13.3	14.3	11.4
MILK & PROD	27.1	26.0	24.2	57.0	80.7	29.5	22.9	37.6	44.7	18.0
EDIBLE OIL	15.4	17.1	14.7	28.2	17.8	12.3	13.8	17.3	21.9	13.8
MEAT, FISH, EGG	14.8	34.5	10.2	4.3	6.0	12.1	31.8	7.5	15.8	20.8
VEGETABLES	14.8	24.1	19.6	22.1	23.5	12.1	12.8	19.4	19.5	24.8
FRUITS & NUTS	7.7	9.0	5.7	11.5	8.7	10.6	24.7	6.8	15.9	7.0
SUGAR	6.5	7.0	6.4	12.8	12.2	9.1	9.3	10.8	10.3	6.7
SALT	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
SPICES	9.2	5.7	5.7	7.3	8.3	7.7	8.2	6.6	7.6	6.1
BEVERAGES etc	23.1	23.8	18.2	27.4	18.7	28.0	36.8	16.0	36.5	20.6
FOOD TOTAL	198.9	240.3	191.0	227.9	232.1	201.1	229.5	192.7	241.8	203.0
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	10.7	15.5	3.7	8.3	16.4	8.9	9.3	10.9	8.9	9.0
FUEL & LIGHT	22.8	26.0	21.3	29.4	34.6	25.5	22.9	23.5	30.1	23.7
CLOTHING	31.6	11.3	19.9	12.4	16.4	17.3	21.3	15.3	17.1	20.2
FOOTWEAR	2.8	3.5	1.0	2.4	7.6	2.4	4.0	2.8	3.2	3.6
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	68.9	58.6	44.3	74.6	92.7	69.8	79.5	54.7	96.7	54.9
RENTS	25.6	20.5	8.7	8.3	9.9	21.6	3.9	10.6	15.6	15.7
TAX, CESSSES	1.2	0.4	0.2	1.0	6.7	0.9	0.9	0.5	2.6	0.4
DURABLE GOODS	5.3	23.2	7.7	16.6	5.5	2.1	19.9	6.0	13.0	10.5
NON-FOOD TOTAL	168.9	159.0	106.8	152.9	189.8	138.5	161.7	124.3	187.2	138.0
TOT CONS EXP	367.8	399.3	297.8	380.8	421.9	339.6	391.2	317.0	429.0	341.0
SAMPLE HHLS	844	284	496	573	180	624	352	766	1287	262

STATEMENT 3-40 AVERAGE PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (Rs.) ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR URBAN AREAS BY STATE

ITEM	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)								ALL INDIA
	PUNJAB	RAJAS- THAN	TAMIL NADU	UTTAR PRADESH	WEST BENGAL	NORTH - EASTERN	NORTH - WESTERN	SOUTHERN	
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
CEREALS	42.7	45.0	66.4	47.7	74.4	66.9	44.0	73.8	58.1
GRAM	1.5	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.6	0.7
CEREAL SUBST	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3
PULSES & PROD	13.0	9.1	13.8	12.2	8.3	8.2	15.4	10.1	12.1
MILK & PROD	78.6	64.2	25.8	44.6	25.1	19.4	90.5	44.6	41.0
EDIBLE OIL	21.2	17.0	13.5	14.9	16.8	14.8	25.6	18.8	17.5
MEAT FISH,EGG	4.3	6.9	16.7	7.2	33.5	45.0	10.8	42.1	14.3
VEGETABLES	24.8	18.6	16.8	18.1	25.6	28.0	40.4	19.5	19.9
FRUITS & NUTS	8.3	6.7	9.3	7.9	8.7	5.5	24.4	24.2	10.8
SUGAR	16.2	12.4	6.4	10.5	6.4	6.3	11.6	9.2	9.4
SALT	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.6
SPICES	8.3	8.2	10.7	7.3	7.4	5.7	9.3	13.3	7.9
BEVERAGES etc	27.0	21.4	40.3	18.3	29.2	19.9	49.1	40.6	27.9
FOOD TOTAL	246.5	210.4	220.7	188.9	236.7	240.9	322.9	297.5	220.6
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	7.3	12.1	6.5	9.4	12.5	19.1	12.7	9.2	9.6
FUEL & LIGHT	37.0	27.2	25.2	23.9	31.5	31.6	30.2	29.6	26.8
CLOTHING	12.4	8.8	13.4	26.2	18.0	8.7	21.2	7.7	18.8
FOOTWEAR	8.7	4.5	1.5	5.1	2.5	7.8	5.3	1.7	3.4
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	98.6	65.7	69.0	62.9	71.4	61.8	148.3	76.6	74.6
RENTS	10.8	17.5	26.8	7.7	13.1	16.1	34.8	38.5	16.1
TAX, CESSSES	0.6	2.0	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.4	3.4	0.6	1.3
DURABLE GOODS	19.7	6.6	17.8	11.7	16.7	3.9	7.5	2.8	11.4
NON-FOOD TOTAL	195.1	144.4	161.0	147.3	166.5	149.3	263.4	166.7	162.0
TOT CONS EXP	441.6	354.8	381.7	337.2	403.2	390.2	586.3	464.2	382.5
SAMPLE HHLS	466	459	1046	1086	883	723	523	304	11118

STATEMENT 3.5R PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL AREAS BY STATE

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)									
	ANDHRA PRADESH	ASSAM	BIHAR	GUJARAT	HARYANA	KARNA- TAKA	KERALA	MADHYA PRADESH	MAHARA- SHTRA	ORISSA
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
CEREALS	29.2	33.7	40.2	16.4	13.6	25.0	18.3	28.6	18.5	37.9
GRAM	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0
CEREAL SUBST	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.0
PULSES & PROD	4.2	2.7	3.9	5.0	2.4	4.1	1.7	4.8	5.2	2.9
MILK & PROD	5.7	4.6	6.0	13.9	22.1	7.7	5.3	8.4	6.3	2.2
EDIBLE OIL	4.9	4.0	4.7	7.8	2.6	3.6	3.4	5.1	5.5	3.6
MEAT, EGG, FISH	5.1	8.0	2.7	1.3	0.3	3.0	8.6	2.1	3.9	4.7
VEGETABLES	5.0	7.3	7.4	7.3	3.7	4.2	3.5	5.4	4.7	7.1
FRUITS & NUTS	1.5	1.2	0.8	1.8	0.9	3.2	6.7	0.9	3.2	1.0
SUGAR	1.8	2.1	1.9	4.7	4.2	3.4	2.5	3.5	4.3	1.9
SALT	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
SPICES	3.7	1.9	2.2	2.8	1.9	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.0
BEVERAGES etc	4.1	4.4	2.0	6.1	2.7	5.2	7.9	2.7	4.6	2.7
FOOD TOTAL	65.4	70.3	72.9	67.4	54.8	62.5	61.5	64.6	59.8	66.3
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	5.2	4.8	2.2	2.8	2.9	3.7	3.3	3.9	2.8	3.1
FUEL & LIGHT	6.6	7.6	8.1	7.8	5.5	8.3	5.3	7.9	8.2	8.4
CLOTHING	5.6	2.6	3.9	3.5	7.5	5.0	4.4	6.3	5.9	5.8
FOOTWEAR	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.8	2.0	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.4
MISC. GOODS & SERVICES	14.7	8.1	11.6	14.5	16.9	18.0	19.1	13.0	16.1	11.9
RENTS	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8	0.0
TAX, CESSSES	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
DURABLE GOODS	1.6	5.9	0.8	2.7	10.2	1.5	5.1	3.4	5.8	4.0
NON-FOOD TOTAL	34.6	29.7	27.1	32.6	45.2	37.5	38.5	35.4	40.2	33.7
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

STATEMENT 3 SR PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR RURAL AREAS BY STATE

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)								
	PUNJAB	RAJAS- THAN	TAMIL NADU	UTTAR PRADESH	WEST BENGAL	NORTH- EASTERN	NORTH- WESTERN	SOUTHERN	ALL- INDIA
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
CEREALS	12.9	18.5	30.0	22.5	35.0	30.2	19.0	24.0	25.8
GRAM	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2
CEREAL SUBST	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
PULSES & PROD	3.5	2.7	4.4	4.9	2.3	2.3	4.1	2.8	3.9
MILK & PROD	21.7	22.7	5.0	12.5	4.6	3.9	15.2	6.4	9.4
EDIBLE OIL	5.4	4.0	4.3	5.0	4.5	3.7	4.8	4.7	4.7
MEAT, EGG, FISH	0.5	1.1	4.8	1.7	7.3	11.6	1.8	9.8	3.6
VEGETABLES	6.1	4.2	5.5	5.9	7.2	7.8	4.9	5.1	5.7
FRUITS & NUTS	1.0	0.7	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	4.9	1.8
SUGAR	5.7	4.6	1.8	3.7	1.8	1.6	3.1	2.0	3.1
SALT	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
SPICES	2.3	2.9	4.5	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.1	3.8	2.7
BEVERAGES etc.	3.7	3.3	6.7	2.9	3.2	3.8	3.8	6.3	3.9
FOOD TOTAL	63.4	64.9	69.4	63.5	69.8	68.2	60.7	70.1	65.2
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	1.9	3.9	3.0	2.8	3.1	6.8	3.8	4.6	3.3
FUEL & LIGHT	9.6	9.3	6.7	7.5	7.2	9.3	7.0	6.0	7.6
CLOTHING	2.9	5.4	2.4	7.0	5.0	2.2	5.0	2.1	5.2
FOOTWEAR	1.5	1.5	0.2	1.2	0.5	1.1	2.3	0.4	0.8
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	13.7	13.7	14.5	14.8	11.8	10.8	14.7	13.5	14.2
RENTS	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.8	1.2	0.3
TAX, CESSSES	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
DURABLE GOODS	6.8	1.1	3.3	3.1	2.5	1.4	5.6	1.9	3.4
NON-FOOD TOTAL	36.6	35.1	30.6	36.5	30.2	31.8	39.3	29.9	34.8
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

STATEMENT 3.5U PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR URBAN AREAS BY STATE

ITEM	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)									
	ANDHRA PRADESH	ASSAM	BIHAR	GUJARAT	HARYANA	KARNA- TAKA	KERALA	MADHYA PRADESH	MAHARA- SHTRA	ORISSA
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
CEREALS	18.5	20.8	25.3	11.2	10.4	19.6	15.2	17.6	12.3	21.3
GRAM	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
CEREAL SUBST	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.0
PULSES & PROD	3.2	2.2	3.5	3.6	2.5	3.6	1.7	4.2	3.3	3.3
MILK & PROD	7.4	6.5	8.1	15.0	19.1	8.7	5.9	11.9	10.4	5.3
EDIBLE OIL	4.2	4.3	4.9	7.4	4.2	3.6	3.5	5.5	5.1	4.0
MEAT, FISH, EGG	4.0	8.6	3.4	1.1	1.4	3.6	8.1	2.4	3.7	6.1
VEGETABLES	4.0	6.0	6.6	5.8	5.6	3.6	3.3	6.1	4.5	7.3
FRUITS & NUTS	2.1	2.3	1.9	3.0	2.1	3.2	6.3	2.1	3.7	2.1
SUGAR	1.8	1.8	2.1	3.4	2.9	2.7	2.4	3.4	2.4	2.0
SALT	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
SPICES	2.5	1.4	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.8
BEVERAGES etc	6.3	6.0	5.4	7.2	4.4	8.2	9.4	5.0	8.5	8.0
FOOD TOTAL	54.1	60.2	64.1	59.8	55.0	59.2	58.7	60.8	56.4	58.5
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	2.9	3.9	1.2	2.2	3.9	2.6	2.4	3.4	2.1	2.6
FUEL & LIGHT	6.2	6.5	7.2	7.7	8.2	7.5	5.9	7.4	7.0	7.0
CLOTHING	8.6	2.8	6.7	3.3	3.9	5.1	5.4	4.8	4.0	5.9
FOOTWEAR	0.8	0.9	0.3	0.6	1.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.7	1.1
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	18.7	14.7	14.9	19.6	22.0	17.6	20.3	17.3	22.5	18.1
RENTS	7.0	5.1	2.9	2.2	2.3	6.4	1.0	3.3	3.6	4.6
TAX, CESSSES	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.1
DURABLE GOODS	1.4	5.8	2.6	4.3	1.3	0.6	5.1	1.9	3.0	3.1
NON-FOOD TOTAL	45.9	39.8	35.9	40.2	45.0	40.8	41.3	39.2	43.6	40.5
TOT CONS EXP	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

STATEMENT 3 5U PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR URBAN AREAS BY STATE

ITEM	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs)								
	PUNJAB	RAJAS- THAN	TAMIL NADU	UTTAR PRADESH	WEST BENGAL	NORTH - EASTERN	NORTH - WESTERN	SOUTHERN	ALL - INDIA
(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
CEREALS	97	127	174	141	185	223	75	159	152
GRAM	03	01	01	02	01	00	02	01	02
CEREAL SUBST	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	01
PULSES & PROD	29	26	38	36	21	21	26	22	32
MILK & PROD	178	181	68	132	62	50	154	96	107
EDIBLE OIL	48	48	35	44	42	38	44	40	46
MEAT, FISH, EGG	10	19	44	21	83	115	18	91	37
VEGETABLES	56	52	44	54	63	72	69	42	52
FRUITS & NUTS	19	19	24	23	22	14	42	52	28
SUGAR	37	35	17	31	16	16	20	20	25
SALT	01	02	01	01	02	03	01	02	02
SPICES	19	23	28	22	18	15	16	29	21
BEVERAGES etc	61	60	106	54	72	51	84	87	73
FOOD TOTAL	55.8	58.3	57.8	56.3	58.7	61.7	55.1	64.1	57.6
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	17	34	17	28	31	49	22	20	25
FUEL & LIGHT	84	77	66	71	78	81	52	64	70
CLOTHING	28	25	35	78	45	22	36	17	49
FOOTWEAR	20	13	04	15	06	20	09	04	09
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	223	185	181	187	177	158	253	165	195
RENTS	24	49	70	23	32	41	59	83	42
TAX, CESSSES	01	06	02	01	02	01	06	01	03
DURABLE GOODS	45	19	47	35	41	10	13	06	30
NON-FOOD TOTAL	44.2	40.7	42.2	43.7	41.3	38.3	44.9	35.9	42.4
TOT CONS EXP	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

STATEMENT 3 6R QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY STATE IN RURAL AREAS

STATE	RURAL AREAS					Value (in Rs.)										OTHER CEREALS	TOTAL CEREALS	SAMPLE HHILDS
	Quantity (in kg.)																	
	RICE	WHEAT	JOWAR	BAJRA	MAIZE	OTHER CEREALS	TOTAL CEREALS	RICE	WHEAT	JOWAR	BAJRA	MAIZE						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)			
ANDHRA PRADESH	12.4	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.3	13.6	65.6	0.9	2.5	0.2	0.1	1.0	70.3	137.1			
ASSAM	12.5	0.6	0.0	-	0.0	-	13.1	80.2	2.8	0.0	-	0.0	-	83.0	823			
BIHAR	8.2	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	14.2	51.3	23.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.4	76.5	1718			
GUJARAT	1.9	3.9	0.4	3.4	1.2	0.1	10.9	12.3	15.7	1.6	10.6	2.3	0.1	42.6	640			
HARYANA	0.6	12.1	-	1.1	0.0	0.0	13.8	4.0	41.2	-	2.7	0.1	0.0	48.0	254			
KARNATAKA	5.1	0.9	8.6	0.0	0.2	2.8	12.6	32.5	4.8	14.6	0.0	0.8	9.0	61.7	730			
KERALA	9.3	0.8	-	-	0.0	0.0	10.1	57.9	4.7	-	-	0.0	0.0	62.6	723			
MADHYA PRADESH	8.4	6.2	1.2	0.1	0.7	0.0	14.6	34.9	23.6	3.0	0.1	1.8	0.2	63.6	1446			
MAHARASHTRA	2.8	2.4	4.9	1.2	0.1	0.2	11.6	17.5	10.9	13.7	3.4	0.1	0.9	46.5	1260			
ORISSA	15.8	0.4	-	-	-	0.5	16.7	76.8	2.3	-	-	-	1.7	80.8	799			
PUNJAB	0.5	10.6	-	-	0.2	-	11.3	3.7	37.6	-	-	0.8	-	42.1	475			
RAJASTHAN	0.2	9.9	0.2	2.7	1.1	0.0	14.1	1.5	35.4	0.6	7.8	3.3	0.1	48.7	827			
TAMIL NADU	10.8	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.8	12.2	63.2	1.2	0.4	0.8	0.0	3.0	68.7	1058			
UTTAR PRADESH	4.3	9.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	14.2	21.5	30.5	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	53.2	2452			
WEST BENGAL	14.1	1.1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.2	79.6	5.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	84.6	1180			
NORTH-EASTERN	12.5	0.2	-	-	0.2	0.1	13.0	80.7	1.1	-	-	0.8	0.7	83.3	1835			
NORTH-WESTERN	4.3	6.4	-	0.0	3.5	0.1	14.3	28.4	26.8	-	0.1	11.8	0.2	67.3	808			
SOUTHERN	9.2	2.0	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	11.5	63.7	11.9	0.2	0.4	-	0.4	76.5	444			
ALL INDIA	7.2	4.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.3	13.6	40.5	16.6	2.5	1.5	0.9	0.9	62.9	18875			

STATEMENT 3 6U QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS BY STATE IN URBAN AREAS

STATE	Quantity (in kg.)					Value (in Rs.)					OTHER CEREALS	TOTAL CEREALS	SAMPLE HHILDS		
	RICE	WHEAT	JOWAR	BAJRA	MAIZE	RICE	WHEAT	JOWAR	BAJRA	MAIZE					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
ANDHRA PRADESH	10.1	0.8	0.3	0.0	-	0.1	11.3	61.7	4.8	1.2	0.0	-	0.3	68.0	844
ASSAM	10.8	1.2	-	-	-	0.0	12.0	75.6	7.2	-	-	-	0.0	82.8	264
BIHAR	7.0	5.9	-	-	0.0	0.0	12.9	47.6	27.6	-	-	0.1	0.0	75.3	498
GUJARAT	1.9	5.2	0.2	1.1	0.3	-	8.7	14.1	23.2	0.9	3.9	0.6	-	42.7	573
HARYANA	1.1	9.0	-	0.0	-	-	10.1	6.6	35.3	-	0.0	-	-	43.9	160
KARNATAKA	6.6	1.4	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	10.8	46.9	8.3	7.2	0.0	0.1	4.0	66.5	624
KERALA	8.6	1.1	0.0	-	-	0.0	9.7	53.5	5.8	0.1	-	-	0.0	59.4	352
MADHYA PRADESH	4.0	6.9	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	11.2	25.5	29.6	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	55.8	766
MAHARASHTRA	2.9	4.2	1.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	9.2	21.8	28.6	6.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	52.9	1287
ORISSA	11.5	1.8	-	-	-	0.1	13.4	62.2	10.1	-	-	-	0.4	72.7	252
PUNJAB	1.0	8.0	-	-	0.0	-	9.0	7.5	34.9	-	-	0.3	-	42.7	468
RAJASTHAN	0.5	9.8	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	11.0	4.5	38.6	0.0	1.7	0.2	0.1	45.0	458
TAMIL NADU	9.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	9.9	61.8	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	66.3	1046
UTTAR PRADESH	2.6	8.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	15.9	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	47.7	1096
WEST BENGAL	8.9	2.9	-	-	0.0	-	11.8	58.8	14.6	-	-	0.0	-	74.4	865
NORTH-EASTERN	12.4	0.5	-	-	0.0	0.0	12.9	83.4	3.3	-	-	0.2	0.0	86.9	723
NORTH-WESTERN	1.9	6.7	-	-	0.1	0.0	8.7	13.7	30.1	-	-	0.2	0.0	44.0	523
SOUTHERN	8.8	2.1	0.2	0.0	-	-	11.1	58.9	13.7	1.1	0.1	-	-	73.8	304
ALL INDIA	5.3	4.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	10.5	35.3	20.3	1.6	0.5	0.1	0.3	58.1	11118

STATEMENT 3.7 AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE ON BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS BY BROAD MPCE CLASS IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (in Rs.)									
	RURAL					URBAN				
	MPCE Class (Rs)					MPCE Class (Rs)				
	0- 110	110- 215	215- 385	385 & above	all	0- 110	110- 215	215- 385	385 & above	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
CEREALS	39.7	58.1	69.2	78.7	62.9	27.5	49.5	58.5	65.1	58.1
GRAM	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.1	0.7
CEREAL SUBST	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3
PULSES & PROD	4.6	7.9	10.9	16.8	9.6	4.3	8.0	11.3	16.3	12.1
MILK & PROD	2.8	11.7	30.8	65.0	23.0	4.0	13.9	31.5	73.2	41.0
EDIBLE OIL	5.0	8.7	13.2	23.5	11.5	4.6	10.1	16.0	25.1	17.6
MEAT,EGG,FISH	2.2	5.6	11.3	19.7	8.8	2.8	6.8	11.9	22.8	14.3
VEGETABLES	6.7	11.4	16.2	23.3	14.0	6.0	11.1	17.9	29.3	19.9
FRUITS & NUTS	0.8	2.1	5.5	12.7	4.3	1.2	3.0	7.0	21.3	10.8
SUGAR	2.5	5.2	9.1	17.7	7.6	3.2	6.0	8.9	12.8	9.4
SALT	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6
SPICES	3.4	5.3	7.7	11.0	6.6	3.1	5.3	7.5	10.5	7.9
BEVERAGES etc	2.1	5.6	11.7	26.6	9.8	4.3	8.1	17.3	55.6	27.9
FOOD TOTAL	70.5	122.5	167.1	297.3	159.2	61.5	122.6	189.2	334.2	220.5
PAN,TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	3.3	6.1	9.7	15.6	8.1	3.9	5.8	8.0	14.6	9.8
FUEL & LIGHT	10.2	14.6	22.0	30.9	18.5	8.9	18.2	23.6	38.9	26.8
CLOTHING	0.8	3.6	13.6	63.4	12.7	1.3	2.6	9.2	42.5	18.8
FOOTWEAR	0.2	0.6	2.1	9.4	2.0	0.0	2.4	1.7	7.8	3.4
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	8.8	17.5	37.7	126.6	34.6	14.1	21.8	43.7	151.8	74.6
RENTS	0.0	0.2	0.8	3.4	0.7	1.2	2.7	8.9	34.8	16.1
TAX, CESSSES	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.6	3.0	1.3
DURABLE GOODS	0.1	0.7	3.1	70.0	8.2	0.1	0.5	1.6	31.2	11.4
NON-FOOD TOTAL	23.4	43.3	89.1	320.0	84.9	29.5	50.1	97.3	324.6	162.0
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	93.9	165.8	276.2	617.3	244.1	91.0	172.7	286.5	658.8	382.5

STATEMENT 3.8 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS BY BROAD MPCE CLASS IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure As Percentage Of Total MPCE									
	RURAL					URBAN				
	MPCE Class (Rs)					MPCE Class (Rs)				
	0-110	110-215	215-385	385 & above	all	0-110	110-215	215-385	385 & above	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
CEREALS	42.3	35.0	25.1	12.7	25.8	30.2	28.7	20.4	9.9	15.2
GRAM	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
CEREAL SUBST	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
PULSES & PROD	4.9	4.8	3.9	2.7	3.9	4.7	4.6	3.9	2.5	3.1
MILK & PROD	3.0	7.1	11.2	10.5	9.4	4.4	8.0	11.0	11.1	10.7
EDIBLE OIL	5.3	5.2	4.8	3.8	4.7	5.1	5.8	5.6	3.8	4.6
MEAT, EGG, FISH	2.3	3.4	4.1	3.2	3.6	3.1	3.9	4.2	3.5	3.7
VEGETABLES	7.1	6.9	5.9	3.8	5.7	6.6	6.4	6.2	4.4	5.2
FRUITS & NUTS	0.9	1.3	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.3	1.7	2.4	3.2	2.8
SUGAR	2.7	3.1	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.5	3.5	3.1	1.9	2.5
SALT	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
SPICES	3.6	3.2	2.8	1.8	2.7	3.4	3.1	2.6	1.6	2.1
BEVERAGES etc	2.2	3.4	4.2	4.3	3.9	4.7	4.7	6.0	8.4	7.3
FOOD TOTAL	75.1	73.9	67.7	48.2	65.2	67.6	71.0	66.0	50.7	57.6
PAN, TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	3.5	3.7	3.5	2.5	3.3	4.3	3.4	2.8	2.2	2.5
FUEL & LIGHT	10.9	8.8	8.0	5.0	7.6	9.8	9.4	8.2	5.9	7.0
CLOTHING	0.9	2.2	4.9	10.3	5.2	1.4	1.5	3.2	6.5	4.9
FOOTWEAR	0.2	0.4	0.8	1.5	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.2	0.9
MISC. GOODS & SERVICES	9.4	10.6	13.6	20.5	14.0	15.5	12.6	15.3	23.0	19.6
RENTS	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.3	1.3	1.6	3.1	5.3	4.2
TAX, CESSSES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.3
DURABLE GOODS	0.1	0.4	1.1	11.3	3.3	0.1	0.3	0.6	4.7	3.0
NON-FOOD TOTAL	24.9	26.1	32.3	51.8	34.8	32.4	29.0	34.0	49.3	42.4
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

STATEMENT 3.9 AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA QUANTITY & VALUE OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS IN RURAL & URBAN AREAS OVER DIFFERENT NSS ROUNDS

SECTOR	CEREAL	Average Monthly Per Capita Consumption													
		Quantity (kg)							Value (Rs)						
		43rd round	44th round	45th round	46th round	47th round	48th round	49th round	43rd round	44th round	45th round	46th round	47th round	48th round	49th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
RURAL	RICE	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.2	25.0	27.3	28.0	30.1	35.6	40.0	40.5
	WHEAT	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.5	11.4	12.3	12.0	14.1	16.0	17.9	16.6
	JOWAR	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.7	3.2	2.5
	BAJRA	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.5
	MAIZE	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.9
	TOTAL CEREAL	14.4	14.6	14.0	14.1	13.8	13.5	13.6	41.3	45.5	45.4	49.6	58.2	65.1	63.0
URBAN	RICE	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.3	21.7	24.0	25.2	26.5	29.7	34.0	35.3
	WHEAT	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.5	13.6	15.0	15.0	17.0	19.8	22.6	20.3
	JOWAR	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.6
	BAJRA	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.5
	MAIZE	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
	TOTAL CEREAL	11.2	11.1	11.0	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.5	37.2	41.3	42.3	45.5	51.5	59.4	58.1

STATEMENT 9 10 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MPCE OVER BROAD GROUPS OF ITEMS FOR DIFFERENT NSS ROUNDS IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS

I T E M	Average Monthly Per Capita Expenditure As Percentage Of Total MPCE													
	RURAL							URBAN						
	43rd round	44th round	45th round	46th round	47th round	48th round	49th round	43rd round	44th round	45th round	46th round	47th round	48th round	49th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
CEREALS	25.3	26.0	24.5	24.7	24.0	26.4	25.9	15.0	15.5	14.2	13.9	13.9	14.9	15.1
GRAM	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
CEREAL SUBST	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
PULSES & PROD	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.1
MILK & PROD	8.6	8.9	9.6	9.4	9.0	9.4	9.4	9.5	10.0	9.9	9.9	10.0	10.4	10.7
EDIBLE OIL	5.0	4.3	4.8	6.0	5.5	5.0	4.7	5.3	4.7	4.9	5.9	5.8	5.1	4.1
MEAT EGG, FISH	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.8	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.7
VEGETABLES	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.3	6.0	5.4	5.7	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.5	5.5	5.1	5.1
FRUITS & NUTS	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.6
SUGAR	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.8	3.1	2.4	4.4	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.5
SALT	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
SPICES	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1
BEVERAGES etc	3.9	3.7	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9	6.6	6.6	7.0	7.3	7.0	6.6	7.3
FOOD TOTAL	64.0	63.9	64.5	66.0	63.1	65.0	65.2	56.4	57.1	55.8	56.8	56.0	56.0	57.6
PAN TOBACCO & INTOXICANTS	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.6	4.5	3.3	3.3	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5
FUEL & LIGHT	7.5	7.3	7.6	7.7	7.0	7.0	7.6	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.3	7.0
CLOTHING	6.7	7.5	6.4	4.8	5.0	5.6	5.2	5.9	6.2	6.6	4.8	5.7	5.4	4.9
FOOTWEAR	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
MISC GOODS & SERVICES	14.5	13.6	14.6	14.1	13.0	14.1	14.2	23.2	19.5	19.1	19.5	19.6	20.9	19.6
RENTS	@	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	@	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.5	4.2
TAX CESSSES	@	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	@	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3
OUR BLE GOODS	3.1	3.2	2.3	2.5	6.3	3.6	3.3	4.1	2.9	5.1	4.3	4.6	4.3	3.0
NON-FOOD														
TOTAL	36.0	36.2	35.5	34.0	36.9	35.0	34.8	43.6	42.9	44.6	43.2	44.0	44.0	42.4
TOTAL CONS EXPENDITURE	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
NO OF SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS	12981	15003	14503	18750	8842	8324	16673	45853	9695	14241	14805	5005	4806	11116

@ Rent & Taxes are included in Misc Goods & Services during 43rd round

STATEMENT 3 11 AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD, AVERAGE MPCE, 20TH, 50TH & 80TH PERCENTILES (MPCE) WITH RESPECT TO POPULATION AND AVERAGE MONTHLY PER CAPITA QUANTITY OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS OVER DIFFERENT NSS ROUNDS

Characteristic	RURAL							URBAN						
	43rd round	44th round	45th round	46th round	47th round	48th round	49th round	43rd round	44th round	45th round	46th round	47th round	48th round	49th round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1 Average hh size	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.1	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.6
2 Average MPCE (Rs)	158	175	189	202	244	247	244	246	266	298	327	370	399	382
3 Percentile Value of MPCE(Rs)														
(i) 20th	91	101	112	121	139	142	146	123	136	148	165	188	196	198
(ii) 50th	131	145	160	172	199	206	205	190	208	229	258	288	308	298
(iii) 80th	202	223	252	266	298	321	310	322	353	380	436	488	534	510
4 Monthly per capita quantity(kg) of consumption of cereals	14.4	14.6	14.0	14.1	13.8	13.5	13.6	11.2	11.1	11.0	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.5

STATEMENT 3 12 . PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY FOOD AVAILABILITY STATUS IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS OF DIFFERENT STATES

STATE	RURAL				URBAN			
	no per thousand of households getting two square meals a day				no per thousand of households getting two square meals a day			
	through-out the year	only some months of the year	not even in some months of the year	all	through-out the year	only some months of the year	not even in some months of the year	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANDHRA PRADESH	962	36	2	1000	990	10	0	1000
ASSAM	904	90	6	1000	980	20	0	1000
BIHAR	910	62	8	1000	968	27	5	1000
GUJARAT	992	8	0	1000	983	15	2	1000
HARYANA	992	0	8	1000	1000	0	0	1000
KARNATAKA	938	59	3	1000	974	26	0	1000
KERALA	912	82	6	1000	925	55	20	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	962	35	3	1000	988	12	0	1000
MAHARASHTRA	974	24	2	1000	986	11	3	1000
ORISSA	835	157	8	1000	932	66	2	1000
PUNJAB	1000	0	0	1000	995	5	0	1000
RAJASTHAN	996	4	0	1000	994	4	2	1000
TAMIL NADU	949	51	0	1000	958	40	2	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	986	12	2	1000	991	9	0	1000
WEST BENGAL	814	174	12	1000	940	54	6	1000
NORTH EASTERN	934	50	16	1000	986	14	0	1000
NORTH WESTERN	993	5	2	1000	994	6	0	1000
SOUTHERN	992	8	0	1000	996	4	0	1000
ALL INDIA	938	54	8	1000	977	21	2	1000

**STATEMENT 3.13 : PER 1000 NUMBER OF PERSONS
NEVER MARRIED, CURRENTLY MARRIED, AND
WIDOWED IN SELECTED AGE-GROUPS BY SEX
IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS**

ALL-INDIA

	AGE GROUP	PER 1000 NUMBER OF PERSONS		
		NEVER MARRIED	CURRENTLY MARRIED	WIDOWED
URBAN MALE	15-19	970	0	-
	20-24	764	233	2
	25-29	335	660	3
	30-34	103	881	12

	60+	18	818	162
	15+	336	638	24
RURAL MALE	15-19	925	73	1
	20-24	556	435	5
	25-29	198	787	10

	60+	20	777	200
	15+	266	689	41
URBAN FEMALE	15-19	829	168	1
	20-24	323	658	12
	25-29	74	907	11

	60+	18	337	641
	15+	193	686	114
RURAL FEMALE	15-19	639	354	5
	20-24	136	849	8
	25-29	39	933	15

	60+	18	387	592
	15+	118	749	126

**STATEMENT 3 14R PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF RURAL HOUSEHOLDS BY
TYPE OF OCCUPANCY FOR MAJOR STATES &
ALL-INDIA**

RURAL					
STATE	TYPE OF OCCUPANCY				
	OWNED	RENTED	OTHERS	NO DWELLING	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
ANDHRA PRADESH	900	61	39	-	1000
ASSAM	915	26	59	-	1000
BIHAR	990	6	4	-	1000
GUJARAT	916	60	24	-	1000
MARYANA	987	12	1	-	1000
KARNATAKA	880	93	27	-	1000
KERALA	900	70	30	-	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	959	22	19	-	1000
MAHARASHTRA	873	90	36	1	1000
ORISSA	947	15	38	-	1000
PUNJAB	955	19	26	-	1000
RAJASTHAN	955	26	19	-	1000
TAMIL NADU	877	67	56	-	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	969	25	6	-	1000
WEST BENGAL	936	12	52	-	1000
NORTH EASTERN	943	25	32	-	1000
NORTH WESTERN	906	76	18	-	1000
SOUTHPRN	875	94	31	x	1000
ALL-INDIA	932	41	27	-	1000
ALL-INDIA 48TH ROUND	931	39	28	2	1000
ALL-INDIA 47TH ROUND	931	38	30	-	1000

**STATEMENT 3 140 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF RURAL HOUSEHOLDS BY
TYPE OF OCCUPANCY FOR MAJOR STATES &
ALL-INDIA**

URBAN

STATE	TYPE OF OCCUPANCY				
	OWNED	RENTED	OTHERS	NO DWELLING	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
ANDHRA PRADESH	482	437	80	1	1000
ASSAM	546	366	88	-	1000
BIHAR	539	360	100	1	1000
GUJARAT	586	292	122	-	1000
HARYANA	722	207	71	-	1000
KARNATAKA	513	389	98	-	1000
KERALA	850	103	47	-	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	658	300	42	-	1000
MAHARASHTRA	519	373	107	1	1000
ORISSA	542	304	154	-	1000
PUNJAB	710	252	38	-	1000
RAJASTHAN	632	325	43	-	1000
TAMIL NADU	435	466	98	1	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	699	231	70	-	1000
WEST BENGAL	545	363	92	-	1000
NORTH-EASTERN	641	284	75	-	1000
NORTH-WESTERN	580	386	34	-	1000
SOUTHERN	415	316	269	-	1000
ALL-INDIA	572	344	84	-	1000
ALL-INDIA 48TH ROUND	578	351	69	2	1000
ALL-INDIA 47TH ROUND	562	366	70	2	1000

STATEMENT 3 15 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY PRIMARY
SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING FOR MAJOR STATES
AND ALL-INDIA

RURAL

STATE	PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING						ALL
	COKE/ COAL	FIREWOOD & CHIPS	LPG	DUNG CAKE	KEROSENE	OTHERS	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ANDHRA PRADESH	4	930	12	14	12	28	1000
ASSAM	2	916	31	1	8	42	1000
BIHAR	46	669	6	189	2	88	1000
GUJARAT	-	804	74	54	50	18	1000
HARYANA	-	743	34	218	5	-	1000
KARNATAKA	1	932	22	5	33	7	1000
KERALA	2	924	48	-	11	15	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	6	911	13	53	8	9	1000
MAHARASHTRA	-	825	36	15	58	66	1000
ORISSA	17	853	5	64	7	54	1000
PUNJAB	-	540	41	365	35	19	1000
RAJASTHAN	1	909	14	28	21	27	1000
TAMIL NADU	2	939	6	4	23	26	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	4	648	12	288	17	31	1000
WEST BENGAL	68	642	7	79	4	200	1000
NORTH EASTERN	2	975	7	4	10	2	1000
NORTH-WESTERN	0	776	94	27	90	13	1000
SOUTHERN	-	767	90	-	141	12	1000
ALL-INDIA	13	800	20	98	20	49	1000
ALL-INDIA 48TH RD	23	802	17	99	23	36	1000
ALL-INDIA 47TH RD	19	794	16	110	24	38	1000

**STATEMENT 3 15 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY PRIMARY
SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING FOR MAJOR STATES
AND ALL-INDIA**

URBAN

STATE	PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING						
	COKE/ COAL	FIREWOOD & CHIPS	LPG	DUNG CAKE	KEROSENE	OTHERS	ALL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ANDHRA PRADESH	39	430	237	1	253	40	1000
ASSAM	4	415	385	-	175	21	1000
BIHAR	465	187	131	58	65	94	1000
GUJARAT	5	156	417	35	342	44	1000
HARYANA	11	221	413	94	258	3	1000
KARNATAKA	-	392	228	6	271	103	1000
KERALA	5	706	156	4	44	85	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	113	469	268	19	99	32	1000
MAHARASHTRA	13	146	345	6	402	88	1000
ORISSA	117	440	201	8	113	121	1000
PUNJAB	6	163	381	48	370	32	1000
RAJASTHAN	9	403	276	39	229	44	1000
TAMIL NADU	1	441	178	3	259	118	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	21	409	269	89	153	39	1000
WEST BENGAL	406	127	146	8	131	182	1000
NORTH EASTERN	4	542	233	3	174	44	1000
NORTH-WESTERN	4	34	441	14	428	79	1000
SOUTHERN		304	396	1	221	78	1000
ALL-INDIA	76	309	269	24	241	81	1000
ALL-INDIA 48TH RD	76	315	267	24	224	73	1000
ALL-INDIA 47TH RD	76	298	279	26	250	72	1000

STATEMENT 3 16 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY
PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING FOR
MAJOR STATES AND ALL-INDIA

RURAL

STATE	PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING			
	KERO- SENE	ELEC- TRICITY	OTHERS	ALL
1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ANDHRA PRADESH	491	502	7	1000
ASSAM	840	154	6	1000
BIHAR	914	55	31	1000
GUJARAT	348	640	12	1000
HARYANA	249	733	18	1000
KARNA AKA	438	548	14	1000
KERALA	456	534	10	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	546	436	18	1000
MAHARASHTRA	388	606	6	1000
ORISSA	863	134	3	1000
PUNJAB	145	834	21	1000
RAJASTHAN	545	425	30	1000
TAMIL NADU	494	483	23	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	823	153	24	1000
WEST BENGAL	916	80	4	1000
NORTH-EASTERN	570	381	49	1000
NORTH-WESTERN	120	843	35	1000
SOUTHERN	209	780	11	1000
ALL-INDIA	624	359	17	1000
ALL INDIA 48TH ROUND	641	343	16	1000
ALL-INDIA 47TH ROUND	628	357	15	1000

STATEMENT 3 16 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY
PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING FOR
MAJOR STATES AND ALL-INDIA

URBAN				
STATE	PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING			
	KERO- SENF	ELEC- TRICITY	OTHERS	ALL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ANDHRA PRADESH	160	840	-	1000
ASSAM	222	765	13	1000
BIHAR	323	660	17	1000
GUJARAT	115	879	6	1000
HARYANA	93	901	6	1000
KARNATAKA	230	769	1	1000
KERALA	283	709	8	1000
MADHYA PRADESH	166	820	14	1000
MAHARASHTRA	84	913	3	1000
ORISSA	328	667	5	1000
PUNJAB	31	950	19	1000
RAJASTHAN	126	866	8	1000
TAMIL NADU	191	805	4	1000
UTTAR PRADESH	250	736	14	1000
WEST BENGAL	337	642	21	1000
NORTH-EASTERN	97	880	23	1000
NORTH-WESTERN	26	967	7	1000
SOUTHERN	63	935	2	1000
ALL-INDIA	184	814	7	1000
ALL-INDIA 46TH ROUND	195	790	15	1000
ALL-INDIA 47TH ROUND	17	811	12	1000

STATEMENT 3 17 NUMBER PER 1000 OF RURAL
HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING (I) MEAL
TAKEN FROM OUTSIDE (II)
PERFORMANCE OF ANY CEREMONY DURING
THE LAST 30 DAYS FOR MAJOR STATES
AND ALL-INDIA

RURAL

STATE	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS (PER 1000 HHS) REPORTING	
	TAKING ANY MEAL/MEALS FROM OUTSIDE	PERFORMING ANY CEREMONY
(1)	(2)	(3)
ANDHRA PRADESH	166	23
ASSAM	161	39
BIHAR	44	16
GUJARAT	189	17
HARYANA	267	50
KARNATAKA	223	45
KERALA	346	34
MADHYA PRADESH	110	16
MAHARASHTRA	156	44
ORISSA	99	57
PUNJAB	81	2
RAJASTHAN	100	14
TAMIL NADU	340	14
UTTAR PRADESH	169	22
WEST BENGAL	125	30
NORTH-EASTERN	93	21
NORTH-WESTERN	149	33
SOUTHERN	157	28
ALL-INDIA	162	26
ALL-INDIA 48TH RD	195	42
ALL-INDIA 47TH RD	185	42

STATEMENT 3 17 NUMBER PER 1000 OF RURAL
HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING (I) MEAL
TAKEN FROM OUTSIDE (II)
PERFORMANCE OF ANY CEREMONY DURING
THE LAST 30 DAYS FOR MAJOR STATES
AND ALL-INDIA

STATE	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS (PER 1000 HHS) REPORTING	
	TAKING ANY MEAL/MEALS FROM OUTSIDE	PERFORMING ANY CEREMONY
(1)	(2)	(3)
ANCHRA PRADESH	252	40
ASSAM	186	51
BIHAR	177	2
GUJARAT	187	17
HARYANA	155	41
KARNATAKA	205	53
KERALA	388	2
MADHYA PRADESH	145	21
MAHARASHTRA	200	26
ORISSA	183	63
PUNJAB	158	7
RAJASTHAN	175	30
TAMIL NADU	338	45
UTTAR PRADESH	190	37
WEST BENGAL	138	23
NORTH-EASTERN	86	30
NORTH-WESTERN	126	23
SOUTHERN	168	1
ALL-INDIA	205	37
ALL-INDIA 48TH RD	265	47
ALL-INDIA 47TH RD	263	42

STATEMENT 3 18

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS PER 1000 REPORTING
PURCHASE OF ANY CEREAL FROM RATION / FAIR
PRICE SHOP OR AT SUBSIDISED RATE DURING THE
LAST 30 DAYS FOR RURAL AND URBAN SECTORS OF
MAJOR STATES AND ALL- INDIA OVER DIFFERENT
NSS ROUNDS

STATE	RURAL				URBAN			
	46TH	47TH	48TH	49TH	46TH	47TH	48TH	49TH
	ROUND	ROUND	ROUND	ROUND	ROUND	ROUND	ROUND	ROUND
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANDHRA PRADESH	665	726	670	709	496	507	534	580
ASSAM	497	530	561	482	387	391	251	426
BIHAR	276	328	340	460	293	285	309	347
GUJARAT	753	730	759	771	584	539	579	591
HARYANA	286	396	323	369	516	326	221	259
KARNATAKA	638	705	747	719	619	610	694	720
KERALA	807	824	911	849	824	824	830	849
MADHYA PRADESH	307	300	290	310	369	358	306	313
MAHARASHTRA	641	570	60	594	557	507	575	510
ORISSA	457	371	246	324	302	413	323	338
PUNJAB	212	110	98	92	195	90	79	133
RAJASTHAN	264	259	277	207	255	311	189	195
TAMIL NADU	698	734	764	766	613	657	706	644
UTTAR PRADESH	260	277	213	210	402	441	337	310
WEST BENGAL	415	367	339	211	428	430	452	433
NORTH- EASTERN	552	508	560	578	400	384	398	535
NORTH- WESTERN	632	385	480	461	604	602	648	638
SOUTHERN	850	564	846	898	607	827	727	788
ALL-INDIA	454	466	457	460	487	486	491	485

SECTION FOUR

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

4.0 INTRODUCTION

As indicated in Section One collection of data to generate an annual series of key indicators of 'employment' and 'unemployment' was resumed with the 45th round survey operations. The collection of data for this purpose has been integrated with the annual survey on consumer expenditure with appropriate provision being made in the 'demographic' block of the schedule used for collection of data on consumer expenditure.

4.1 CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK ADOPTED FOR THE SURVEY

4.1.1 The main objective being to generate annual indicators of employment and unemployment, the

information collected is aimed at classifying the population into different activity categories on the basis of the activities pursued by the respondents during specified reference periods adopting two different approaches. The approaches are

- (i) usual status approach with a reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey
- (ii) current weekly status approach with a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey

The various activity categories along with the corresponding codes used in the 49th round were as follows

code	description
working (or employed)	
11	worked (self-employed) in household enterprises
21	worked as helper in household enterprises
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works
51	worked as casual wage labour in other types of work
61	did not work due to sickness though there was work in household enterprise
62	did not work due to other reasons though there was work in household enterprise
71	did not work due sickness but had regular salaried/wage employment
72	did not work due other reasons but had regular salaried/wage employment
not working but available for work (or unemployed)	
81	sought work
82	did not seek but was available for work

code	description
	neither working nor available for work (or not in labour force)
91	attended educational institutions
92	attended domestic duties only
93	attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots firewood, cattle feed, etc) tailoring, weaving, etc for household use
94	rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients etc
95	not able to work due to disability
96	beggars, prostitutes, etc
97	others
98	did not work due to sickness (for casual workers only)
99	children of age 0-4 years

Codes 61 62, 71, 72, 82 and 98 were applicable only for current weekly status approach

Persons reported as engaged in any one or more of the activities listed under the category codes 11 to 72 (11 to 51 for usual status) during the specified reference period constituted the 'working' (or employed) A person assigned the activity category code 81 or 82 (81 for usual status) was considered 'seeking and/or available for work' (or unemployed). The employed and unemployed together constituted the 'labour force'. Any person reported to be engaged in or as belonging to one or more of the activities under the categories 91 to 99 (91 to 97 and 99 for usual status) was classified as 'not in labour force'.

4.1.2 Classification according to usual status approach In the usual status approach the status of activity on which a person spent a relatively longer time of the reference period of one year preceding the date of survey is first considered for deciding the principal usual activity status of the person. The activities pursued by a person are grouped into three broad categories (i) working or employed, (ii) seeking or available for work i.e. unemployed and (iii) not in labour force. Within the broad principal usual category identified for a person, detailed principal status is assigned on the basis of the relative duration of time spent on different activities. A person categorised as a 'worker' or 'employed' on the basis of his principal status is referred to as principal status worker. A non-worker' (on the basis of principal usual activity status) who pursued some gainful activity in a subsidiary capacity was considered to be usually working in a subsidiary capacity and is referred to as 'subsidiary status worker'. These two groups viz. principal status workers' and 'subsidiary status workers' together constituted 'all workers' according to the usual status classification. These concepts are identical to the concepts adopted in the past NSS

quinquennial surveys for classification of population according to usual status. The structure of this classification can be understood from Chart 1 on page 51. This chart explains the percentage of population of all ages falling into various categories according to the usual status classification taking into account the subsidiary status workers also.

4.1.3 Classification according to current weekly status approach For classification of persons according to current weekly status they had to be initially assigned a unique activity status with reference to a period of 7 days preceding the date of survey. This posed no problem in the case of persons having only one status during the reference week. But a unique status was assigned to persons pursuing more than one activity during the week by adopting a priority-cum-major-time rule. For assigning broad activity category (status) the status of 'working' got priority over the status of 'not working but seeking/available for work' and the status of 'seeking/available for work' got priority over the status of 'not working and not seeking/not available for work'. But within the broad category of 'working' or 'not working', the detailed activity category was assigned by major activity criterion, i.e., the activity in which a major part of time was spent was considered the current weekly activity. More specifically a person was considered 'working' (or employed) if he was engaged in any one or more of the gainful activities (11 to 72) for at least one hour on any one day of the reference week. Further he was assigned that gainful activity category (11 to 72) in which he spent major share of the working time during the reference week. A person who had

not worked for even one hour on any one day of the week, but had been seeking work or had been available for work (although not seeking) at any time during the week was considered 'seeking/available for work' (or unemployed). Others were considered 'not available for work' (or not in labour force). Each member of the sample household was, thus, assigned a unique activity status for the week. Aggregates of persons under different activity statuses thus assigned provided the distribution of persons by activity during an average week of the survey period of six months.

4.2 DEFINITIONS

(a) **Gainful activity** Gainful activity (or work) is the activity pursued for pay, profit or family gain or in other words the activity which adds value to the 'national product'. Normally it is an activity which results in production of goods and services for exchange. However, the activities in 'agriculture' (i.e. all activities relating to industry section 0) in which a part or whole of the agricultural production is used for own consumption and does not go for sale, are also considered 'gainful'. Execution of household chores or social commitments, etc. however are not considered 'gainful' activities. The activities such as prostitution, begging, etc., which may result in earnings are by convention, not considered 'gainful'.

(b) **Workers (or employed)** Persons engaged in any gainful activity are considered 'workers' (or employed). They are assigned any one or more of the nine activity categories under the first broad activity category, i.e. 'working or employed' in para 4.11.

(c) **Seeking or available for work (or unemployed)** Persons who, owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing conditions of work and remuneration are considered unemployed.

(d) **Labour force** Persons categorised as 'working' (or employed) or as 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed) together constitute the labour force.

(e) **Not in labour force** Persons categorised as neither 'working' nor 'seeking or available for work' are considered to be engaged in non-gainful activities or 'not in labour force'. The persons falling in this category are students, those engaged in

domestic chores, retirees, pensioners, those living on alms, recipients of remittance, infirm and disabled persons, children of age 0-4 years etc.

(f) **Worked (self-employed) in household enterprises - usual and current status code 11** Persons who are engaged in their own farm or non-farm enterprises are defined as 'self-employed' - the term used to designate their activity status. There are different kinds of self-employed. Some may operate their enterprise without hiring any labour. Some others may occasionally hire a few labourers. There is also a third category who, by and large, regularly run their enterprises by hiring labour. The first two groups of self-employed are called own-account workers and the third, employers.

(g) **Worked as helper in household enterprise - usual and current status code 21** The helpers are a category of working persons who work full or part time in household enterprise and do not receive any cash payment or any share of the family earnings in return for the work performed for the enterprise. They are household members, a large number of them being related to the household head and dependent on the household head and work for the family enterprise. They get food and shelter as members of the household. One may also come across persons in a household who do not receive any cash remuneration for their work in the household enterprise but have a share in the family earnings out of such enterprise. Such persons are not 'helpers' but 'self-employed'. On the other hand, if any member of the household works in the household enterprise for which he is paid wage/salary, he should be treated as an employee.

(h) **Worked as regular salaried/wage employee - usual and current status code 31** Persons working in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting in return salary or wages on a regular basis and not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract) are treated as regular salaried/wage employees. The category 'salaried/wage employees' will include not only salaried and wage earners getting time wage but also earners getting piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part time.

(i) **Worked as casual wage labour - usual and current status code 41 & 51** Persons engaged in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting in return wages according to the terms of a daily or periodic work contract are treated as casual wage labour. In the rural areas and also at the Government project sites casual labourers of a type can be seen who normally engage themselves in public works activities,

including works taken up by the Government or local bodies for construction of roads, bunds, digging of ponds, etc., as relief measures/employment generation schemes, etc. Casual labourers doing only such public works activities are 'casual labour in public works'. The rest are 'casual wage labourers in other types of works'.

(j) Had work in household enterprise but did not work due to sickness/ other reasons - current status code 61/62 and had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to sickness/other reasons - current status code 71/72. Persons engaged in farm or non-farm enterprises or working in others' farm or non-farm enterprises as salaried/wage employees but absenting from work temporarily due to sickness/for enjoying leave or holiday or for other reasons belong to these two categories 61/62 and 71/72 respectively depending on whether they are self-employed in household (farm or non-farm) enterprises or employed in others' (farm or non-farm) enterprises as wage/salaried employees.

(k) Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods, sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc., for household use - usual and current status code 93. In rural areas in general and particularly in the tribal areas domestic work usually includes among other things a lot of work in free collection of vegetables, roots, firewood, etc. and in spinning and weaving of cloth for household use. Persons found to be regularly spending some of their time in performing the above activities along with household chores belong to this category.

4.3 Summary of findings

4.3.1 The key indicators of employment and unemployment based on the two different approaches mentioned in para 4.1.1 obtained from the 49th round survey are presented below. The all-India estimates are shown along with corresponding results obtained from the earlier surveys, starting with the second quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment. This provides a comparative picture of the employment-unemployment situation from 1977-78 (corresponding to 32nd round) to the present survey period (January-June 1993). In addition, some key estimates obtained from the 49th round survey are presented for each of the major states in statements no. 4.7 to 4.11. Detailed all-India tables are given in the appendix to the report.

4.3.2 While interpreting the survey results of various rounds on the key characteristics discussed

below, it is to be noted that the results pertaining to 1977-78, 1983 and 1987-88 are based on quinquennial surveys of a relatively large number of households, while those from 1989-90 (corresponding to the 45th round of NSS) are based on surveys conducted in a smaller number of households. Further, the 47th and current round are half rounds covering a six month period. The 47th round covered the period from July to December 1991 while the present one covered the period January to June 1993.

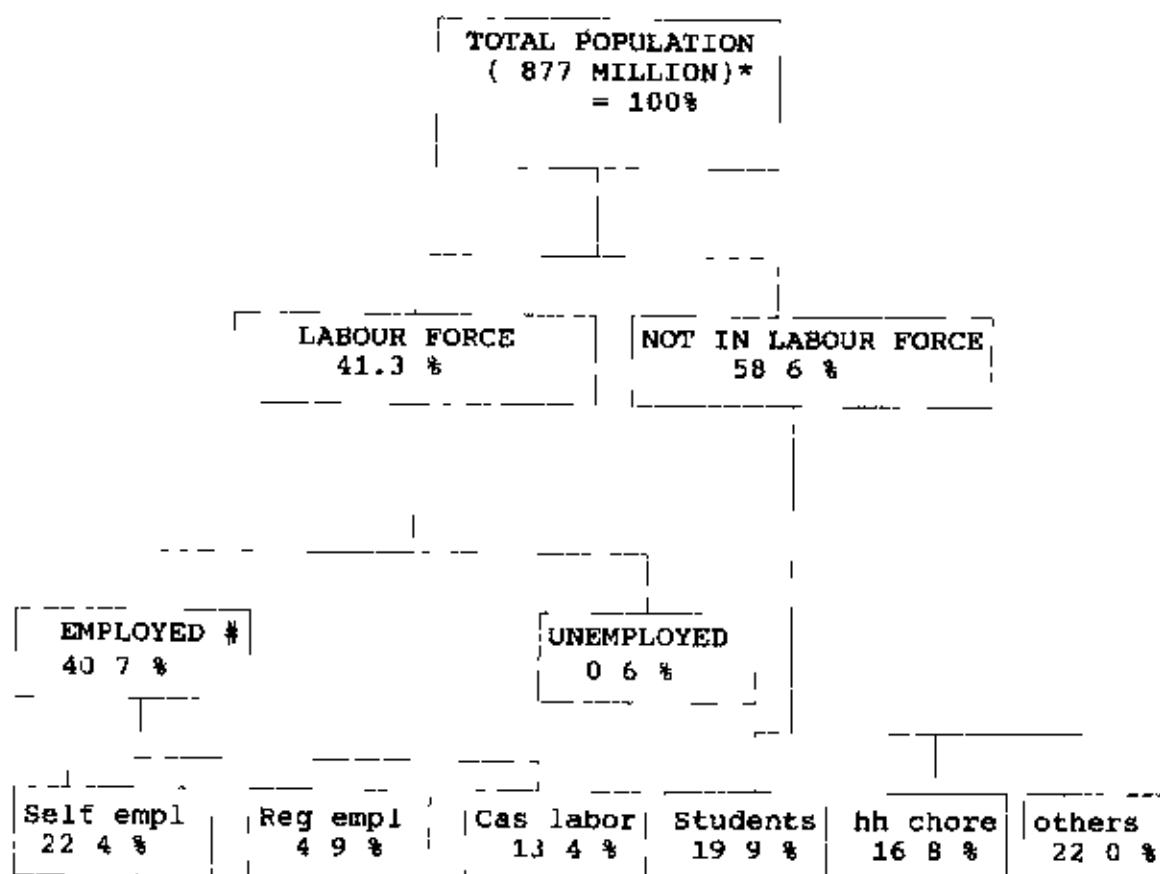
4.4 Employed

4.4.1 The estimates of the employed based on two approaches- usual status and current weekly status are given in Statement 4.1. The employed- in terms of usual status, are classified into 'principal status workers' (ps) and 'all workers' (principal and subsidiary status workers taken together). The usual status approach provides the long term picture of employment and does not reflect the seasonal fluctuations in the activity pattern. The current weekly status approach based on a week's situation reflects the overall effects caused by intermittent changes in the activity pattern during the year. In the following discussions the term 'usually working' is used to mean both the principal and subsidiary status working. Statement 4.1 gives the number of persons employed per 1000 persons or the Worker Population Ratio (WPR) also called the Work Force Participation Rate (WFPR).

4.4.1.1 From the statement, it is seen that at the all-India level the employment scenario has remained rather stable over the years. The higher WPR observed for rural males in the first annual survey (i.e., 45th round) in comparison to the previous quinquennial surveys is found to be almost at the same level of around 55 per cent for the usual status. In the case of urban males the worker population ratio has remained almost constant at around 51 per cent. In general, the female participation rates show some fluctuations varying from 29 to 32 per cent in the rural sector and from 13 to 15 per cent in the urban sector.

4.4.1.2 Further, except in the case of urban males, for whom the present estimates are closer to the previous year's figures, the WPR's for the rest of the groups show a decrease. The lower WPR's are a result of lower labour force participation as the proportion of unemployed in the usual status has not shown any corresponding increase as will be seen subsequently. This is indicative of a withdrawal from the labour force in these groups. The period January to June covered in this survey is known to

CHART 1 :DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION ACCORDING TO USUAL STATUS



* Projected population as on 1.4.93, the mid point of survey period

Includes all those who were employed either in the principal or subsidiary capacity

Percentages are to the total population of all ages

be a slack season for agricultural activities. As the urban workforce is less likely to be affected by the seasonality in the economic activities with a preponderance of regular wage salaried workforce, the WPR for urban males is seen to be more or less at the same level. As for the urban female workforce, their participation rate is very low and in general has been subject to fluctuations. The WPR for 47th round, which in fact covered the period of July to December, considered to be

inclusive of peak agricultural activity, was more or less similar in magnitude to the present estimate. However it is to be remembered that the country had below normal agricultural production during 1991-92. Though the usual status rates have a long reference period of one year, the reporting of usual status also might get affected by the immediate situation obtaining for the surveyed persons to some extent.

Statement 4.1 Number of persons employed per 1000 persons according to usual status and current weekly status approaches

round (year)	all-India					
	male			female		
	usual	status	current	usual	status	current
	pe	all	weekly status	pe	all	weekly status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
RURAL						
49 (Jan-June 93)	532	545	527	243	311	232
48 (Jan-Dec 92)	541	556	536	250	313	244
47 (July-Dec 91)	538	546	534	244	294	238
46 (1990-91)	542	553	535	242	292	230
45 (1989-90)	537	548	528	252	319	230
43 (1987-88)	517	539	504	245	323	220
38 (1983)	528	547	511	248	340	227
32 (1977-78)	537	552	519	248	331	232
URBAN						
49 (Jan-June 93)	506	509	504	113	130	109
48 (Jan-Dec 92)	502	507	501	125	146	122
47 (July-Dec 91)	511	516	509	120	132	117
46 (1990-1991)	508	513	506	123	143	124
45 (1989-90)	501	512	503	124	146	121
43 (1987-88)	496	506	492	118	152	119
38 (1983)	500	512	492	120	151	118
32 (1977-78)	497	508	490	123	156	125

4.4.1.3 The current weekly status proportions also show a similar behaviour and are not very different from the usual status proportions except that they are marginally lower than the usual status rates in most cases as is to be expected.

4.4.2 Age specific work participation rates (ASWPR)

The WPRs for 'all-workers' for certain broad age groups are given in Statement 4.2. The detailed tables in the appendix provide ASWPR for 5 yearly age-groups. These have been plotted in the accompanying graph for the males and females in

the rural and urban sectors. From this Statement, it can be seen that the WPR is 879 per 1000 for the working age population i.e. the 15-59 age group, for rural males and 790 for urban males. The WPR for the 5-14 age group represents the child labour component of the working population. Calculations show that these rates have been showing a decrease over the years, though the absolute numbers of child workers may show an increase. Though the school attendance rates are not available from the annual surveys, a reasonably good idea of these rates can be obtained by considering children reporting their usual status as students. These proportions are 624 and 491 for rural males and rural females. The

corresponding figures for urban males and females are 787 and 762. These proportions also have

shown an increase over the survey rounds

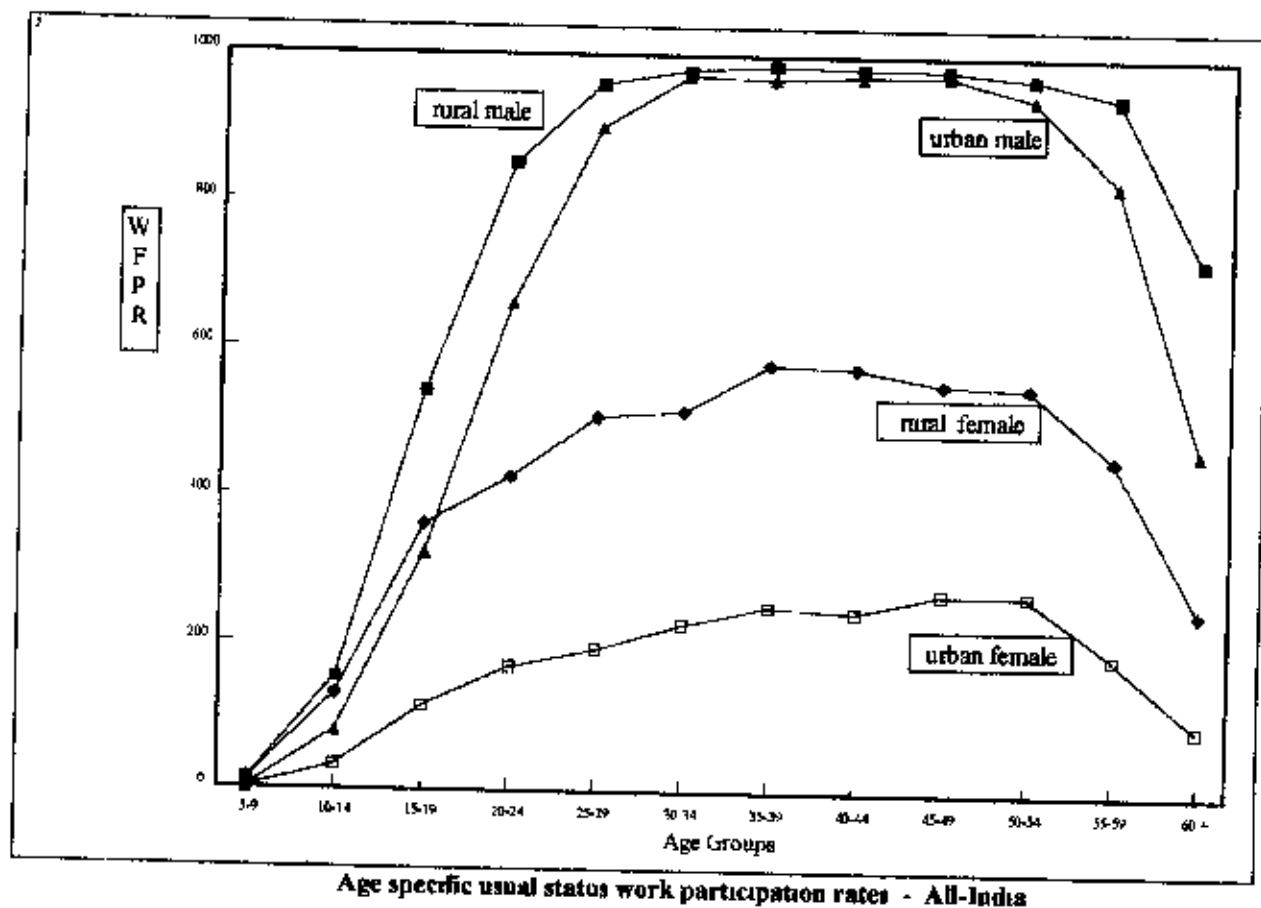
Statement (4.2) Number of persons usually employed (ps + es) per 1000 persons for broad age-groups

age-group (years)	all-India			
	rural		urban	
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
5-14	73	67	41	16
15-29	764	431	607	158
30-59	983	550	954	242
60 +	725	248	467	90
15-59	879	494	790	201
5 +	621	356	571	146

4.4.3 Distribution of usually employed by category of employment

Persons employed are categorised into three broad groups according to their category of employment. These groups are (i) self-employed (ii) regular employees and (iii) casual labour. The distribution of the usually employed by category of employment is given in Statement 4.3. The basic structure of the employed as revealed from the Statement shows that more than half of the employed in the rural

areas are in the self-employed category. The percentages of regular employees among the usual principal status employed are about 8 per cent and 3 per cent for males and females respectively in the rural sector. However, there is a noticeable increase in the proportion of casual labour among all categories. This has been mostly at the cost of the self-employed. The percentage of regular employed has also been recorded lower except in the case of urban males.



Statement 4.3 Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment

round *	all-India					
	usually employed					
	principal status			all		
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	self employed	regular employees	casual labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

RURAL MALES

49	583	81	336	591	79	330
48	601	85	314	608	83	309
47	593	91	316	595	92	313
46	552	131	317	557	128	315
45	591	100	309	597	98	305
43	575	104	321	586	100	314
38	595	106	299	605	103	292
32	622	108	270	628	106	266

RURAL FEMALES

49	531	29	440	585	23	392
48	548	36	416	591	32	377
47	524	37	439	568	31	401
46	545	45	410	586	38	376
45	565	33	399	609	28	363
43	549	49	402	608	37	355
38	541	37	422	619	28	353
32	563	37	400	621	28	351

URBAN MALES

49	387	397	216	389	395	216
48	406	399	195	412	394	193
47	425	401	174	489	399	172
46	404	445	151	407	442	151
45	413	421	166	423	413	164
43	410	444	146	417	437	146
38	402	445	153	409	437	154
32	399	472	189	404	464	132

URBAN FEMALES

49	345	301	354	407	262	331
48	368	396	296	425	288	287
47	425	308	267	470	280	250
46	439	301	260	490	259	251
45	435	331	234	486	292	222
43	393	342	265	471	275	254
38	373	318	309	458	258	284
32	422	308	270	495	249	256

* (for survey period refer Statement 4.1)

4.4.4 Distribution of usually employed by broad groups of Industry The shift of the work force away from the agriculture sector (primary sector) to manufacturing and tertiary sector is an important aspect in the study of the structure of employment

Statement 4.4 gives the per 1000 distribution of usually working by broad groups of industry. The industry sections (0-9) are grouped as (i) primary (0) (ii) secondary(1-5) and tertiary(6-9)*

* Industry section codes agriculture-0 mining and quarrying-1 manufacturing-2 & 3 electricity-4 construction-5 wholesale & retail trade and restaurant and hotels-6 transport, storage & communication services-7, financial, insurance real estates and business services-8, community social & personal services-9

It had been clearly established from the quinquennial survey results that there is a steady decrease in the percentage of usually working in the primary sector. However, the results of the last three annual surveys in general present a different

trend. In this round however the distribution of the employed by broad industry show a slight decrease in the agricultural sector for the males. For the females there is an increase in the share of agricultural sector.

Statement 4.4 Per 1000 distribution of usually working by broad groups of industry

all-India												
round	male						female					
	primary		secondary		tertiary		primary		secondary		tertiary	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
RURAL												
49	749	750	110	109	141	141	862	872	77	74	61	54
48	753	757	106	104	141	139	858	862	78	78	64	60
47	748	749	112	112	140	139	859	863	79	79	62	58
46	705	710	123	121	172	169	842	849	83	81	75	70
45	716	717	120	121	164	162	800	814	130	124	70	61
43	739	745	123	121	138	134	825	847	112	100	63	53
38	772	775	102	100	123	122	862	875	78	74	57	48
32	804	806	99	88	107	105	868	881	71	67	61	51
URBAN												
49	101	102	345	344	554	554	232	258	306	306	462	436
48	104	107	345	343	551	550	195	224	304	308	501	468
47	95	95	306	307	539	538	217	237	278	282	505	481
46	91	92	336	336	573	572	223	249	318	316	459	435
45	95	100	323	319	582	582	214	241	297	303	489	456
43	85	91	343	340	572	569	218	294	324	317	458	389
38	97	103	344	342	551	550	255	310	307	306	430	376
32	102	106	338	338	560	557	251	319	327	324	421	357

4.5 Unemployed

4.5.1 As for the 'employed', for the 'unemployed' also two different estimates are obtained from the annual survey data viz. (i) persons unemployed based on the usual status classification and (ii) persons unemployed based on the weekly status classification. The first estimate relates to persons unemployed for a relatively longer period of the reference period of 365 days and approximates to an indicator of the chronically unemployed. Two estimates of the usually unemployed are presented—usually unemployed in terms of their principal status (ps) and usually unemployed excluding the subsidiary status workers (usual adjusted). Some of the unemployed identified on the basis of principal status might be working in a subsidiary capacity. Hence the unemployment rate derived on the basis of adjusted usual status is expected to be lower than that based on principal status. The other estimate i.e. the current weekly status gives the average weekly picture of unemployment during the survey year and covers both chronic and also the intermittent unemployment caused by seasonal

fluctuations in the employment of those categorised as usually employed.

4.5.2 **Unemployment rates (UR)** Number of persons unemployed per thousand persons in the labour force (i.e. total of employed and unemployed) is termed as the unemployment rate. Statement 4.5.1 gives the UR along with the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons. Compared to the previous round, the proportions of unemployed in the total population both according to the usual status and current weekly status have rather remained at the same level in the rural sector and slightly below that of the previous round in the urban sector. The unemployment rate does not show any deterioration during the survey period. In the case of urban females the unemployment rate is seen to be much below that of the previous survey. However, the size of the urban female labour force is very small and the unemployment rate is much more susceptible to changes in the labour force due to withdrawal from labour force etc.

4.5.3 Under-utilisation of labour time of the usually employed. The two important aspects of the employment scenario in the Indian context are the dominant role of agriculture and agriculture related activities in providing work and the 'self

employed' status of those employed. Both these factors help to absorb a large number of persons at very low productivity level and with a marginal engagement.

Statement 4.5.1 Unemployment rates (number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons in the labour force)

round	all-India					
	male			female		
	usual status	usual adjusted	current weekly status	usual status	usual adjusted	current weekly status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
rural						
49	17	13	20	8	6	13
	(9)	(7)	(11)	(2)	(2)	(3)
48	16	12	22	12	6	12
	(9)	(7)	(12)	(3)	(2)	(3)
47	18	16	22	12	7	12
	(10)	(9)	(12)	(3)	(2)	(3)
46	13	11	22	4	3	21
	(7)	(6)	(12)	(1)	(1)	(5)
45	16	13	26	8	6	21
	(9)	(7)	(13)	(2)	(2)	(5)
43	28	18	42	35	24	44
	(15)	(10)	(22)	(9)	(8)	(10)
38	21	14	37	14	7	43
	(12)	(8)	(20)	(4)	(2)	(10)
32	22	13	36	55	20	41
	(12)	(7)	(19)	(14)	(7)	(10)
urban						
49	38	36	44	42	37	44
	(20)	(19)	(23)	(5)	(5)	(5)
48	46	43	46	67	58	62
	(24)	(23)	(24)	(9)	(9)	(8)
47	45	41	48	55	43	56
	(24)	(22)	(26)	(7)	(6)	(7)
46	45	45	51	54	47	53
	(24)	(24)	(27)	(7)	(7)	(7)
45	44	39	45	39	27	40
	(23)	(21)	(24)	(5)	(4)	(5)
43	61	52	66	85	62	92
	(32)	(28)	(35)	(11)	(10)	(12)
38	59	51	67	69	49	75
	(31)	(27)	(35)	(9)	(8)	(10)
32	65	54	71	178	124	109
	(34)	(29)	(37)	(27)	(22)	(15)

Note: The figures in the parentheses are the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons

As agriculture related activities are highly seasonal persons may not find enough work in lean seasons though they may get categorised as employed as per their 'usual status'. A classification of the usually employed by their weekly status helps to reveal this dimension. Statement 4.5.2 gives the distribution of the usually employed (taking into account both the principal and subsidiary status employed) by

their current weekly status. The corresponding results obtained from the surveys from 43rd onwards are also presented in the statement. Compared to the last couple of rounds, the distribution of the usually employed by their current weekly status shows a change in the 49th round only for the rural females. The percentage of persons 'not in labour force' according to the current

weekly status has not increased for the other categories, the usual status reported by them was

rather close to their current weekly statuses

Statement 4 5 2 Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (ps+ss) by their broad current weekly status

all-India												
current weekly status	male						female					
	round						round					
	49	48	47	46	45	43	49	48	47	46	45	43
rural												
emp	964	961	972	962	961	931	738	768	799	762	708	675
unemp	7	8	7	10	11	23	3	3	4	10	9	8
not in LF	29	31	21	26	28	46	259	227	197	228	283	317
urban												
emp	983	983	982	980	977	967	827	827	885	843	826	768
unemp	6	3	8	8	7	17	3	3	5	6	8	17
not in LF	11	14	10	12	16	16	170	170	110	151	166	215

4 6 Sub-Sample Estimates

4 6 1 As mentioned in the section dealing with the sampling design, the first stage units are drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples of equal sizes each capable of providing independent and reliable estimates. In fact, three sets of results are generated from the survey data - two based on the two sub-samples and one from the combined set of data. The results presented so far is the ones from the combined set of data. Closeness of the estimates based on the two sub-samples can be taken as an indicator of the consistency and reliability of the results presented. In the Statement 4 6 below we present certain key estimates based on the sub-

samples as also the combined sample. It can be seen that the estimates obtained from the two sub-samples are rather close to each other.

4 7 Regional estimates

4 7 1 In view of the small sample size in the annual surveys on consumer expenditure and employment-unemployment, the detailed state-level tables are not presented in the Appendix to the report. Key results, however are presented for the major states and groups of smaller states and union territories in Statement 4 7 to 4 11. The titles of statements are listed below.

Statement 4 6 Sub-sample estimates for key indicators (per 1000)

all-India				
Items	sex	SS 1	SS 2	combined
rural				
WPR				
Usual status				
p.s	M	535	532	532
	F	244	238	243
	P	394	391	393
p.s + a.s	M	544	545	545
	F	313	308	311
	P	433	431	431
Current weekly status				
	M	529	527	527
	F	235	226	232
	P	389	381	385
Unemployed				
usual principal				
	M	9	8	9
	F	3	2	2
	P	6	5	6
Current weekly				
	M	11	9	11
	F	3	3	3
	P	7	7	7
urban				
WPR				
Usual status				
p.s	M	507	502	506
	F	112	111	113
	P	321	319	319
p.s + a.s	M	512	509	509
	F	126	136	130
	P	329	330	331
Current weekly				
	M	504	499	504
	F	108	109	109
	P	317	314	316
Unemployed				
usual principal				
	M	21	20	20
	F	7	3	5
	P	14	12	13
Current weekly				
	M	22	22	23
	F	7	4	5
	P	15	14	14

Legends SS 1 Sub-sample 1 SS 2 sub-sample 2 M Male F Female; P Person

Statement 4 7 Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad current weekly activity

Statement 4 8 Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad usual activity (principal)

Statement 4 9 Per 1000 distribution of persons by broad usual activity (principal and subsidiary)

Statement 4 10 Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons by broad groups of industry

Statement 4 11 Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons (principal and subsidiary) by broad current weekly activity

The first three statements give the distribution of population by broad activity status according to usual status (principal) usual status (principal and subsidiary) and current weekly status respectively

The groups of smaller states/union territories are

- i) North Eastern Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim & Tripura
- ii) North Western Jammu & Kashmir Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh & Delhi
- iii) Southern Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Goa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep & Pondicherry

Broad activity status used for the purpose are

(i) self-employed, (ii) regular employees, (iii) casual labour, (iv) unemployed, (v) students, (vi) engaged in domestic duties and (vii) others not in labour force

In these statements the last column gives the estimated population totals for each of the states. These totals can be used to combine the proportions for any group of states. However it is to be noted that the population estimates of NSS are generally lower than the census population due to differences in coverage, methodology etc and therefore should not be used for generating absolute figures under any category. To do this one is advised to use the NSS proportion on either the census population or projected population.

The distribution of usually working according to the principal status and both the principal as well as subsidiary statuses by the three broad groups of industry sections-primary, secondary and tertiary is presented in Statement 4 10. The broad current weekly activity ('working' 'unemployed' and 'not in labour force') distribution of the usually employed in the principal and subsidiary statuses is given in Statement 4 11.

In the Statements and subsequent tables a '-' and '0' represent 'no sample persons in the specified class' and 'the estimated value is negligible' cases respectively.

STATEMENT 4 7 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY

RURAL					MALE					
states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour others	force all	estd persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A P	287	37	236	560	13	188	10	229	427	237781
Assam	316	56	128	500	22	292	17	169	478	97963
Bihar	272	27	180	479	9	226	23	263	512	296984
Gujarat	309	50	238	597	5	186	4	208	398	161559
Haryana	286	57	125	468	2	295	22	213	530	59649
Karnataka	298	42	221	561	2	200	7	230	437	150151
Kerala	225	57	223	505	35	271	14	175	460	92078
M P	378	29	146	553	4	167	15	262	443	253352
M r a s h r a	253	70	189	512	17	233	13	229	471	251661
Orissa	313	34	189	536	17	199	13	235	447	133197
Punjab	294	65	188	547	8	234	7	204	445	59408
Rajasthan	409	37	76	522	5	225	9	239	473	157553
T N	249	60	290	599	15	207	5	174	386	169663
U P	359	29	108	496	6	211	13	274	498	577293
W B	284	51	196	531	16	203	9	241	453	244549
N E	363	58	86	507	4	289	30	170	489	28205
N W	356	83	87	526	18	293	5	198	456	39170
Southern	223	127	188	538	23	251	18	170	439	5855
All-India	311	43	173	527	11	215	12	235	462	3016071

Note The figures in cols (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000
N E -North Eastern ; N W - North Western

STATEMENT 4 7 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY

RURAL					FEMALE					
states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged i dom- estic duties	labour others force all	estd persons (00)	
(1)	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A P	199	4	209	412	1	131	230	226	587	231737
Assam	13	17	27	57	8	228	493	214	935	80306
Bihar	38	2	58	98	1	113	511	277	901	265371
Gujarat	160	2	141	303	2	142	337	216	695	144261
Haryana	71	10	34	115	2	189	437	257	683	57142
Karnataka	123	11	171	305	1	146	343	199	694	140425
Kerala	50	30	77	157	22	220	455	146	821	94494
M P	186	7	102	295	1	102	312	290	704	233187
Madhya Pradesh	162	4	184	350	5	167	252	226	645	235327
Orissa	107	3	86	196	3	139	402	260	801	134403
Punjab	15	5	6	26	1	197	578	198	973	54053
Rajasthan	300	3	49	352	-	79	274	295	648	145810
T N	163	17	247	427	0	174	256	143	573	172609
U P	107	4	28	139	1	102	462	296	860	514830
W B	27	13	53	93	4	164	494	245	903	240525
N E	200	21	23	244	0	268	314	174	756	26454
N W	280	10	2	292	1	234	295	178	707	36230
Southern	101	14	82	197	3	204	428	168	800	5759
All-India	126	7	99	232	3	140	380	245	765	2812922

N E -North Eastern , N W = North Western Note The figures in cols (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY

URBAN

MALE

states	w o r k i n g			all	un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour force		estd. persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our					others	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	181	232	109	522	17	261	6	194	461	82832
Assam	259	213	43	515	22	304	21	138	463	9474
Bihar	197	165	89	451	13	309	18	209	536	46878
Gujarat	202	190	116	508	20	261	9	202	472	57057
Haryana	205	219	97	521	6	291	16	166	473	20398
Karnataka	157	156	215	528	16	256	6	195	457	67627
Kerala	165	130	197	492	66	275	11	156	442	28823
M.P.	186	179	101	466	26	291	13	204	508	70645
M'rasht'ra	155	267	77	499	19	274	5	203	482	144617
Orissa	164	238	105	507	22	274	8	189	471	19949
Punjab	262	183	77	522	24	299	7	148	454	29504
Rajasthan	229	178	54	461	7	305	7	220	532	43478
T.N.	176	235	160	571	29	236	11	153	400	92446
U.P.	252	126	79	457	10	249	9	275	533	135888
W.B.	202	228	104	534	43	237	11	175	423	86214
N.E.	205	198	57	460	7	378	13	142	533	6132
N.W.	201	242	17	515	33	274	14	164	452	47011
Southern	124	320	140	584	71	187	17	141	345	3923
All India	195	202	107	504	23	265	9	199	473	992896

N.E.= North Eastern; N.W.= North Western

Note : The figures in cols.(5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.7 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY

states	FEMALE									
	w o r k i n g				un-	not	in	labour	force	estd. persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all	emp- loy- ed	stud- ents	engaged in dom- estic duties	others	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	56	35	64	155	16	225	405	199	829	80264
Assam	6	40	11	57	-	316	494	133	943	7646
Bihar	22	6	28	56	1	211	482	250	943	39580
Gujarat	35	27	25	87	4	216	485	208	909	52685
Haryana	33	48	20	101	-	245	506	146	899	16230
Karnataka	33	44	56	133	2	232	437	196	865	59679
Kerala	45	46	75	166	30	239	425	140	804	32474
M.P.	40	17	37	94	1	230	478	197	905	61978
M'lashora	39	43	40	122	4	240	451	183	874	124233
Orissa	24	33	24	81	2	245	466	206	917	18923
Punjab	12	30	2	44	6	267	525	158	950	26695
Rajasthan	47	28	19	94	1	201	436	268	905	40867
T.N.	88	46	72	206	9	226	426	133	785	89783
U.P.	18	19	14	51	1	204	490	254	948	119937
W.B.	22	31	20	73	5	208	556	158	922	71337
N.E.	98	74	30	202	11	340	304	143	787	5742
N.W.	14	64	3	81	5	299	455	160	914	39323
Southern	36	23	31	90	8	245	502	155	902	3902
All-India	38	34	37	109	5	229	464	193	886	891286

N.E.=North Eastern ; N.W.=North Western

Note : The figures in cols. (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL)

RURAL					MALE					
states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour others force	all	estd. persons (00)
(1)	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	289	39	246	574	7	198	12	209	419	237781
Assam	315	55	129	499	23	298	14	166	478	97963
Bihar	272	28	179	479	8	224	21	268	513	296984
Gujarat	273	48	273	594	3	201	4	198	403	161559
Haryana	287	53	126	466	3	305	8	218	531	59649
Karnataka	302	41	225	568	1	209	5	217	431	150151
Kerala	228	59	232	519	31	288	9	153	450	92078
M.P.	387	28	146	561	1	180	12	246	438	253352
M'rashtia	259	69	197	525	12	260	8	201	469	251661
Orissa	308	36	214	558	14	201	9	218	428	133197
Punjab	293	65	188	546	7	235	8	204	447	59408
Rajasthan	406	34	82	522	4	236	9	229	474	157553
T.N.	251	58	292	601	14	214	5	166	385	169663
U.P.	361	28	110	499	5	218	12	266	496	577293
W.B.	281	51	201	533	15	204	9	239	452	244549
N.E.	366	55	86	507	4	286	31	172	489	28205
N.W.	288	84	75	527	17	295	6	155	456	39170
Southern	215	127	201	543	21	289	19	128	436	5855
All-India	310	43	179	532	9	224	10	225	459	3016071

N.E.- North Eastern; N.W.- North Western

Note : The figures in cols. (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL)

RURAL					FEMALE					
states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour force others all	estd. persons (00)	
(1)	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	201	3	234	438	2	136	204	220	560	231737
Assam	14	16	27	57	10	231	490	212	933	80306
Bihar	42	2	65	109	0	111	499	281	891	265371
Gujarat	126	2	177	305	2	150	337	206	693	144261
Haryana	64	7	35	103	-	196	445	256	897	57142
Karnataka	132	12	184	328	1	155	330	186	671	140425
Kerala	59	25	87	171	31	239	421	138	798	94494
M.P.	199	8	107	314	0	109	294	283	686	233187
M'rashtia	183	3	193	379	0	183	226	213	621	235327
Orissa	109	1	98	208	3	142	391	256	789	134403
Punjab	15	5	4	24	1	197	579	189	975	54053
Rajasthan	314	2	49	365	-	79	262	294	635	145810
T.N.	160	16	258	434	-	177	248	141	566	172609
U.P.	106	3	30	139	1	106	461	293	860	514830
W.B.	29	13	54	96	4	157	491	242	900	240525
N.E.	207	21	25	253	1	262	297	187	746	26454
N.W.	275	10	2	287	1	236	380	96	712	36230
Southern	96	14	93	203	3	239	418	137	794	5759
All-India	129	7	107	243	2	145	369	241	755	2812922

N.E.=North Eastern ; N.W.= North Western

Note : The figures in cols.(5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL)

URBAN					MALE					
states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour others	force all	estd. persons (00)
(1)	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	182	233	121	536	14	276	6	168	450	82832
Assam	264	208	43	515	22	305	19	139	463	9474
Bihar	195	165	90	450	12	311	19	208	538	46878
Gujarat	208	190	117	515	15	273	10	187	470	57057
Haryana	206	210	97	513	9	293	16	169	478	20398
Karnataka	157	156	219	532	12	260	7	189	456	67627
Kerala	163	126	213	502	51	286	10	151	447	28823
M.P.	190	176	103	469	25	313	10	183	506	70645
M'rashtre	153	268	77	498	19	288	5	190	483	144617
Orissa	163	235	107	505	23	289	10	173	472	19949
Punjab	264	183	77	524	23	300	7	146	453	29504
Rajasthan	227	176	55	458	6	312	7	217	536	43478
T.N.	177	235	163	575	28	240	11	146	397	92446
U.P.	252	127	79	458	7	257	8	270	535	135888
W.B.	205	226	103	534	39	241	13	173	427	86214
N.E.	206	200	52	458	11	374	14	143	531	6132
N.W.	201	240	75	516	33	272	15	164	451	47011
Southern	121	320	144	585	69	212	15	119	346	3921
All-India	196	201	109	506	20	275	9	190	474	992896

N.E.=North Eastern; N.W.= North Western

Note : The figures in cols.(5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.8 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL)

URBAN										
FEMALE										
states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour others force all	estd. persons (00)	
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	55	34	76	165	13	242	407	173	822	80264
Assam	6	41	10	57	-	317	488	138	943	7646
Bihar	20	5	30	55	1	217	478	249	944	39680
Gujarat	43	27	24	94	4	244	475	183	902	52685
Haryana	33	48	17	98	-	242	514	146	902	16230
Karnataka	39	44	56	139	2	239	433	187	859	59679
Kerala	52	41	82	175	26	254	421	124	799	32474
M.P.	39	17	43	99	1	253	466	181	900	61978
M'rasht'ra	42	43	47	132	3	253	440	172	865	124233
Orissa	20	36	24	80	2	258	460	200	918	18923
Punjab	12	30	2	44	6	268	524	158	950	26695
Rajasthan	54	28	19	101	1	232	420	246	898	40867
T.N.	85	46	75	206	9	228	426	131	785	89783
U.P.	17	18	17	52	-	215	485	248	948	119937
W.B.	21	32	18	71	6	212	553	158	923	71337
N.E.	98	73	29	200	14	340	304	142	786	5742
N.W.	14	63	3	80	5	300	455	160	915	39232
Southern	40	23	30	93	8	277	500	122	899	3902
All-India	39	44	40	113	5	241	456	183	882	891286

N.E.=North Eastern; N.W.=North Western; Note : The figures in cols. (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL & SUBSIDIARY)

RURAL

MALE

states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour force		estd. persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all				others	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	293	39	248	580	7	194	11	208	413	237781
Assam	339	55	137	531	14	278	13	164	455	97963
Bihar	280	28	179	487	6	219	21	267	507	296984
Gujarat	280	48	274	602	3	196	3	196	395	161559
Haryana	297	53	129	479	1	297	8	215	520	59649
Karnataka	309	41	228	578	0	232	5	215	422	150151
Kerala	239	59	234	532	25	263	9	151	443	92078
M.P.	400	28	148	576	1	170	10	243	423	253353
M'rasht'ra	270	70	198	538	11	251	7	193	451	251661
Orissa	315	26	215	566	10	200	9	215	424	133197
Punjab	297	65	188	550	6	233	8	203	444	59408
Rajasthan	413	34	82	529	4	231	8	228	467	157553
T.N.	257	58	295	610	9	211	5	165	381	169663
U.P.	376	28	111	515	5	205	11	264	480	577293
W.B.	298	51	203	552	10	196	8	234	438	244549
N.E.	375	55	87	517	4	278	30	171	479	28205
N.W.	409	84	77	570	8	262	5	155	422	39170
Southern	231	127	201	559	20	276	19	126	421	5855
All-India	322	43	180	545	7	215	10	223	448	3016071

N.E.=North Eastern; N.W.=North Western; Note : The figures in cols. (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL & SUBSIDIARY)

RURAL

FEMALE

states	w o r k i n g				un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	labour force		estd. persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all				others	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	234	3	252	489	1	134	157	219	510	231737
Assam	76	16	33	125	8	219	438	210	867	80306
Bihar	67	4	77	148	0	111	460	281	852	265371
Gujarat	180	2	212	394	2	147	251	206	604	144261
Haryana	186	7	61	254	-	191	299	256	746	57142
Karnataka	181	12	210	403	1	153	259	184	596	140425
Kerala	88	25	91	204	31	238	391	136	765	94494
M.P.	265	8	125	398	0	103	217	282	602	233187
M'rashttra	226	3	211	440	0	181	167	158	506	235327
Orissa	156	1	117	274	3	141	329	253	723	134403
Punjab	98	6	7	111	1	187	492	199	888	54053
Rajasthan	403	2	54	459	-	78	171	292	541	145810
T.N.	189	17	270	476	-	173	212	139	524	172609
U.P.	157	3	40	200	1	104	403	292	799	514830
W.B.	104	14	70	188	4	162	405	241	808	240525
N.E.	236	21	29	286	1	254	274	185	713	26454
N.W.	420	10	3	433	1	203	185	178	566	36230
Southern	178	15	101	294	2	216	351	137	704	5759
All-India	182	7	122	311	2	142	306	239	687	2812922

N.E.=North Eastern; N.W.=North Western; Note : The figures in cols. (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL & SUBSIDIARY)

URBAN

MALE

States	w o r k i n g			all	un- emp- loy- ed	not stud- ents	in engaged in dom- estic duties	others	labour force all	estd. persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	183	234	121	538	14	276	6	166	448	82832
Assam	268	208	44	520	22	300	19	139	458	9474
Bihar	196	165	90	451	12	310	19	208	537	46878
Gujarat	209	190	119	518	13	272	10	187	469	57057
Haryana	210	219	97	526	6	283	16	169	468	20398
Karnataka	159	156	220	535	12	258	7	188	453	67627
Kerala	172	126	213	511	49	286	10	144	440	28823
M.P.	194	178	103	475	25	309	10	181	500	70645
M'rasht'ra	158	268	77	503	17	287	4	189	480	144617
Orissa	164	235	107	506	23	289	10	172	471	19949
Punjab	264	183	77	524	23	300	7	146	453	29504
Rajasthan	234	176	55	465	5	308	7	215	530	43478
T.N.	179	236	164	579	27	237	11	146	394	92446
U.P.	255	127	79	461	7	255	8	269	532	135888
W.B.	214	226	104	544	33	237	13	173	423	86214
N.E.	210	200	53	463	11	370	13	143	526	6132
N.W.	202	241	75	518	32	271	15	164	450	47011
Southern	127	319	146	592	67	209	14	118	341	3921
All-India	198	201	110	509	19	274	9	189	472	992896

N.E.=North Eastern; N.W.=North Western; Note : The figures in cols. (5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4.9 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY BROAD USUAL ACTIVITY
(PRINCIPAL & SUBSIDIARY)

URBAN

FEMALE

states	w o r k i n g				un-	not	in	labour force		estd. persons (00)
	self- empl- oyed	regu- lar empl- oyees	cas- ual lab- our	all	emp- loy- ed	stud- ents	engaged in dom- estic duties	others	all	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
A.P.	65	34	80	179	13	242	393	173	808	80264
Assam	7	41	13	61	-	317	485	137	939	7646
Bihar	26	5	31	62	1	217	471	249	937	39680
Gujarat	57	29	28	114	4	243	456	183	862	52685
Haryana	46	48	31	125	-	242	487	146	875	16230
Karnataka	55	46	65	166	2	239	407	186	832	59679
Kerala	69	41	87	197	24	254	401	124	779	32474
M.P.	57	17	49	123	1	253	442	181	876	61978
M'rashtia	59	43	55	157	2	252	418	171	841	124233
Orissa	33	36	29	98	2	258	445	197	900	18923
Punjab	23	32	3	58	6	266	513	157	936	26695
Rajasthan	71	29	24	124	1	232	399	244	875	40867
T.N.	96	46	76	218	9	227	415	131	773	89783
U.P.	39	19	19	77	-	211	464	248	923	119937
W.B.	26	32	20	78	5	212	547	158	917	71337
N.E.	106	74	29	209	14	340	295	142	777	5742
N.W.	18	63	4	85	5	299	451	160	910	39232
Southern	51	23	33	107	7	269	495	122	866	3902
All-India	53	34	43	130	5	240	442	183	865	891286

N.E.=North Eastern; N.W.=North Western; Note : The figures in cols.(5), (6) and (10) add up to 1000

STATEMENT 4 10 PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS
BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY

RURAL

MALE

state	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
A P	756	756	94	94	150	150
Assam	708	721	49	51	243	228
Bihar	798	798	89	98	113	114
Gujarat	729	732	172	170	99	98
Haryana	617	627	159	136	224	217
Karnataka	803	804	87	88	110	108
Kerala	534	539	182	180	284	281
M P	882	883	51	49	67	68
M'rasht'ra	760	760	102	101	138	139
Orissa	828	830	70	69	102	101
Punjab	761	762	101	101	138	137
Rajasthan	714	717	143	142	143	141
T N	687	692	158	156	155	152
U P	743	752	114	108	143	140
W B	673	678	145	145	182	177
N E	727	729	58	57	215	214
N W	625	652	123	115	252	233
Southern	578	590	148	144	274	266
All-India	749	750	110	109	141	141

N E = North Eastern, N W = North Western, ps - principal status

STATEMENT 4.10: PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS
BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY

RURAL		FEMALE				
state	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)	
	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers	ps workers	all workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
A.P.	841	844	81	79	78	77
Assam	683	791	130	117	187	92
Bihar	923	939	55	44	22	17
Gujarat	798	839	163	125	39	36
Haryana	773	888	83	43	154	69
Karnataka	884	887	53	53	63	60
Kerala	515	555	278	260	207	185
M.P.	949	946	34	35	17	19
M'rasht'ra	935	943	24	20	37	37
Orissa	908	907	76	80	16	13
Punjab	656	899	43	17	301	84
Rajasthan	890	905	63	54	47	41
T.N.	835	837	97	94	68	69
U.P.	871	895	51	41	78	64
W.B.	622	634	259	270	119	96
N.E.	855	863	26	23	113	114
N.W.	939	954	7	6	54	40
Southern	832	866	69	47	99	87
All-India	862	872	77	74	61	54

N.E. = North Eastern; N.W. = North Western; ps - principal status

STATEMENT 4.10: PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS
BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY

URBAN		MALE				
state	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
A.P.	95	94	279	279	626	627
Assam	97	100	134	133	769	767
Bihar	123	125	356	354	521	521
Gujarat	112	112	352	352	536	536
Haryana	90	88	371	377	539	535
Karnataka	147	148	392	391	461	461
Kerala	230	233	329	323	441	444
M.P.	152	155	266	262	582	583
M'rashtia	95	99	379	375	526	526
Orissa	122	122	269	270	609	608
Punjab	68	68	269	269	663	663
Rajasthan	94	94	301	298	605	607
T.N.	77	78	411	412	512	510
U.P.	111	113	309	310	580	577
W.B.	52	54	414	412	534	534
N.E.	187	192	129	127	684	663
N.W.	14	16	382	381	604	603
Southern	83	90	330	327	587	473
All-India	101	102	345	344	554	556

N.E.= North Eastern; N.W.= North Western; ps - principal status

STATEMENT 4.10: PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS
BY BROAD GROUPS OF INDUSTRY

state	URBAN				FEMALE	
	primary (0)		secondary (1-5)		tertiary (6-9)	
	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
A.P.	239	242	310	304	451	453
Assam	47	71	42	50	911	869
Bihar	341	352	316	300	343	348
Gujarat	267	302	128	163	605	535
Haryana	177	193	111	193	712	613
Karnataka	322	333	344	357	334	310
Kerala	275	328	318	304	407	368
M.P.	343	367	193	220	464	413
M'rashtira	280	291	254	233	466	476
Orissa	155	237	310	252	535	511
Punjab	102	104	118	242	780	654
Rajasthan	319	373	240	238	441	389
T.N.	172	173	496	507	332	320
U.P.	118	249	381	367	501	384
W.B.	125	143	325	327	550	530
N.E.	287	292	102	112	611	596
N.W.	36	71	7	6	957	923
Southern	232	290	270	241	498	469
All-India	232	258	306	306	462	436

N.E. = North Eastern; N.W. = North Western; ps = principal status

STATEMENT 4.11 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY EMPLOYED
(PRINCIPAL & SUBSIDIARY STATUS) BY BROAD
CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY

state	RURAL								
	male			female			person		
	work- ing	unem- ployed	not in labour force	work- ing	unem- ployed	not in labour force	work- ing	unem- ployed	not in labour force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
A.P.	963	10	27	843	2	155	908	6	86
Assam	936	16	48	452	2	546	857	14	129
Bihar	973	5	22	654	4	642	905	5	90
Gujarat	985	2	13	751	0	249	899	1	100
Haryana	973	2	25	450	8	542	796	4	200
Karnatk.	969	3	28	757	2	241	885	3	112
Kerala	951	20	29	754	3	243	894	15	91
M.P.	953	6	41	733	1	266	867	4	129
Maha	953	13	34	793	10	197	883	12	105
Orissa	948	13	39	707	-	293	869	9	122
Punjab	993	3	4	229	-	771	873	3	124
Rajasth.	985	2	13	767	-	233	888	1	111
T.N.	979	10	11	895	0	105	942	6	52
U.P.	961	1	38	681	-	319	889	1	110
W.B.	956	13	31	478	6	516	837	11	152
N.E.	972	0	28	844	-	156	929	0	71
N.W.	922	18	60	669	-	331	818	10	172
S'thern	951	4	45	670	1	329	956	3	141
All- India	964	7	29	738	3	259	885	6	109

N.E.= North Eastern; N.W.= North Western

STATEMENT 4.11 : PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY EMPLOYED
(PRINCIPAL & SUBSIDIARY STATUS) BY BROAD
CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY

URBAN

state	male			female			person		
	work- ing	unem- ployed	not in labour force	work- ing	unem- ployed	not in labour force	work- ing	unem- ployed	not in labour force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
A.P.	968	6	26	853	9	138	940	7	53
Assam	992	1	7	939	-	61	987	1	12
Bihar	995	-	5	877	-	123	982	-	18
Gujarat	976	14	10	777	-	223	943	11	46
Haryana	993	-	7	807	-	193	964	-	36
Karnatk.	985	2	13	797	-	203	945	1	54
Kerala	961	18	21	852	9	139	928	15	57
M.P.	981	2	17	764	1	235	940	2	58
Maha.	986	5	9	778	7	215	943	5	52
Orissa	990	-	10	812	-	188	962	-	38
Punjab	996	2	2	777	-	223	977	2	21
Rajasth.	983	2	13	741	1	258	934	2	64
T.N.	985	5	10	945	1	54	974	4	22
U.P.	987	3	10	649	-	351	944	2	54
W.B.	974	19	7	922	6	72	968	18	14
N.E.	988	-	12	945	-	55	975	-	25
N.W.	995	1	4	938	-	62	988	1	11
S'thern	984	5	11	802	12	186	956	6	38
All- India	983	6	11	827	3	170	953	5	42

N.E.= North Eastern; N.W.= North Western

List of Tables

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APPENDIX

Detailed Tables

Notes on Tables

1. Tables are presented separately for rural and urban sectors
2. The totals/sub-totals presented in different tables may not exactly agree with each other due to rounding of figures
3. The descriptions of activity codes used in tables 12 - 16 are as given in para 4.1 of Section Four
4. In tables 5, 6 and 7 "all age-groups" include "not recorded" cases also
5. NR stands for "not recorded"

TABLE (1): ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY SEX FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL-INDIA

NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822

RURAL

MPCE CLASS (Rs.)	ESTIMATED NUMBER (00) OF					SAMPLE				
	HOUSE HOLDS	PERSONS			SEX RATIO	HOUSE HOLDS	PERSONS			
		MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL			MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
00 - 65	3892	8517	7227	15744	848	51	121	102	223	
65 - 80	4893	16776	17074	33850	1018	83	294	287	581	
80 - 95	13759	39606	43569	83175	1100	216	640	663	1303	
95 - 110	32223	97644	100001	197645	1024	489	1519	1511	3030	
110 - 125	46217	139058	138415	277473	995	736	2252	2203	4455	
125 - 140	64496	189579	183760	373339	969	1001	2975	2888	5863	
140 - 160	101390	294900	278786	573686	945	1532	4485	4310	8795	
160 - 180	108729	320316	298089	618405	931	1698	5045	4661	9706	
180 - 215	192697	538483	493472	1031955	916	2986	8460	7890	16350	
215 - 280	248468	631410	586958	1218368	930	4199	10948	10108	21056	
280 - 385	189776	439991	403163	843154	916	3294	7870	7170	15040	
385 & ABOVE	143755	298957	261759	560716	876	2585	5498	4945	10443	
NOT RECORDED	364	834	649	1483	777	3	8	7	15	
ALL CLASSES	1150659	3016071	2812922	5828993	933	18873	50115	46745	96860	
SAMPLE NO.	18873	50115	46745	96860	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	

TABLE (1): ESTIMATED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY SEX FOR EACH MONTHLY PERCAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL-INDIA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791

URBAN

MPCB CLASS (Rs.)	ESTIMATED NUMBER (00) OF					SAMPLE				
	HOUSE HOLDS	PERSONS			SEX RATIO	HOUSE HOLDS	PERSONS			
		MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL			MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
00 - 90	1964	5166	4926	10092	954	45	123	126	255	
90 - 110	3014	8145	10357	18502	1271	76	223	274	503	
110 - 135	7494	26690	26394	53084	989	205	712	708	1420	
135 - 160	16379	47446	45397	92843	957	379	1239	1176	2415	
160 - 185	21241	61112	61068	125180	953	550	1687	1666	3353	
185 - 215	30414	91299	85198	176497	933	830	2506	2367	4873	
215 - 255	45834	124452	116377	240829	935	1277	3545	3388	6933	
255 - 310	54280	150148	135070	285218	900	1505	4246	3921	8067	
310 - 385	32845	128492	116009	244501	903	1612	4030	3653	7683	
385 - 520	65546	148950	131227	280177	881	1897	4411	3805	8216	
520 - 700	52464	102073	86678	188751	849	1328	2611	2258	4869	
700 & ABOVE	57610	95918	72594	168512	757	1413	2443	1920	4363	
NOT RECORDED	2	4	2	6	500	1	2	1	3	
ALL CLASSES	408657	992895	891287	1884182	898	11118	27790	25163	52953	
SAMPLE NO.	11118	27790	25163	52953	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	

TABLE (2) PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS AND NO OF PERSONS AND ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS FOR DIFFERENT MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

ALL-INDIA NO OF SAMPLE VILLAGES 4822 RURAL

AVERAGE NUMBER PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS											
MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS (RS)	HOUSE- HOLDS	PERSONS	ALL PERSONS			ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS					
			ADULT		CHILDREN	ALL INCL NR	ADULT		CHILDREN	ALL INCL NR	
			MALE	FEMALE			MALE	FEMALE			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
00 - 65	3	3	1033	1302	1710	4045	853	829	55	1757	
65 - 80	4	6	1693	1773	3452	6918	1476	1027	244	2747	
80 - 95	12	14	1456	1526	3063	6045	1279	850	179	2288	
95 - 110	26	34	1587	1656	2891	6134	1381	788	117	2296	
110 - 125	40	48	1593	1618	2793	6004	1413	731	119	2263	
125 - 140	56	64	1579	1608	2599	5789	1391	661	103	2155	
140 - 160	88	98	1614	1629	2415	5658	1432	712	132	2276	
160 - 180	94	106	1710	1673	2305	5688	1502	676	94	2272	
180 - 215	167	177	1647	1569	2139	5355	1423	561	88	2072	
215 - 280	218	209	1599	1562	1742	4904	1385	551	65	2000	
280 - 385	165	145	1577	1455	1411	4443	1318	459	39	1816	
385 AND ABOVE	125	96	1491	1331	1078	3901	1203	366	33	1602	
NOT RECORDED	0	0	1757	1540	783	4080	1002	1001	-	2003	
ALL CLASSES	8	998	1000	1597	1510	1928	5066	1371	567	77	2015
EST NUMBER (00)	1150659	5826993	1837245	172251	2219019	5828993	1578049	651981	88601	2318680	
SAMPLE NUMBER	18873	96860	30613	29511	36716	96860	25930	10729	1081	38045	

* THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL (2) & COL (3) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW HAVING MAX ENTRY MAKING COL-SUM OF ENTRIES IN COL (2) & COL (3), EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (2): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS AND NO OF PERSONS AND ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS FOR DIFFERENT MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES

ALL-INDIA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791

URBAN

MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES (RS.)		AVERAGE NUMBER PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS									
		HOUSE- HOLDS	PERSONS	ALL PERSONS			ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS				
				ADULT		CHILDREN	ALL INCL. NR	ADULT		CHILDREN	ALL INCL. NR
				MALE	FEMALE			MALE	FEMALE		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
00 - 90		5	5	1153	1120	2866	5139	930	254	56	1240
90 - 110		7	10	1230	1563	3346	6139	1144	469	62	1675
110 - 135		18	28	1771	1818	3495	7084	1552	466	129	2147
135 - 160		38	49	1585	1658	2794	6037	1395	452	105	1952
160 - 185		52	66	1730	1722	2441	5893	1455	439	107	2001
185 - 215		74	94	1695	1657	2451	5803	1391	356	44	1791
215 - 255		112	128	1569	1598	2091	5258	1306	319	65	1690
255 - 310		134	152	1746	1600	1851	5197	1364	271	25	1660
310 - 385		129	130	1671	1503	1451	4627	1300	180	19	1500
385 - 520		162	149	1630	1416	1228	4274	1253	176	11	1440
520 - 700		128	100	1468	1236	866	3598	1094	146	8	1250
700 AND ABOVE		141	89	1336	1008	581	2925	991	189	5	1185
NOT RECORDED		0	0	1000	1000	1000	3000	-	-	-	-
ALL CLASSES @		998	999	1588	1442	1580	4611	1252	249	33	1533
EST. NUMBER (00)		408657	1884182	648820	589119	645766	1884182	511556	101631	13284	626606
SAMPLE NUMBER		11118	52953	18207	16710	18030	52953	14312	2996	342	17652

@: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL. (2) & COL. (3) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW HAVING MAX. ENTRY MAKING COL-SUM OF ENTRIES IN COL. (2) & COL. (3) EQUALS TO 1000.

TABLE (31): QUANTITY (KG. 0.00) AND VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS, GRAM AND CEREAL SUBSTITUTES PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 10 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL-INDIA															RURAL	
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822																
ITEM	MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES (RS.)														PER 1000 HRS	SAMPLE HRS
	00-65	65-80	80-95	95-110	110-125	125-140	140-160	160-180	180-215	215-260	260-335	335 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL CLASSES	REPTNG CONSM.	REPTNG CONSM.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
QUANTITY (0.00) KG.																
RICE	1.35	2.29	4.34	5.20	5.55	5.83	6.70	7.10	7.67	7.93	7.51	7.71	-	7.15	915	17352
WHEAT	0.92	2.27	2.17	3.14	3.67	3.77	3.59	4.04	4.17	4.51	5.35	6.87	-	4.47	690	12515
JOWAR	0.78	1.53	1.92	1.32	1.26	1.08	0.82	0.79	0.66	0.71	0.76	0.45	-	0.80	116	1903
BAGRA	0.63	0.41	0.32	0.23	0.33	0.34	0.64	0.43	0.64	0.49	0.52	0.64	-	0.52	75	1145
MAIZE	0.63	0.37	0.31	0.19	0.35	0.58	0.44	0.31	0.32	0.25	0.27	0.22	-	0.32	55	1497
OTHER CEREALS	1.22	1.29	0.60	0.33	0.35	0.34	0.25	0.32	0.24	0.28	0.24	0.22	-	0.29	80	1522
TOTAL CEREALS	5.23	8.15	9.56	10.41	11.51	11.94	12.44	12.99	13.70	14.19	14.65	16.11	-	13.65	369	18730
GRAM CEREAL	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.11	-	0.05	141	2627
SUBSTS	0.11	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.07	0.10	0.13	-	0.06	88	1561
VALUE RS. (0.00)																
RICE	5.26	12.61	22.42	26.73	28.62	31.38	36.34	39.01	42.73	45.77	44.57	47.41	-	40.54	915	17352
WHEAT	3.45	8.00	7.52	11.21	13.05	13.28	13.10	14.63	15.50	16.77	20.32	26.44	-	16.59	690	12515
JOWAR	1.47	4.18	4.41	3.52	3.27	3.05	2.49	2.44	2.19	2.40	2.69	1.72	-	2.50	116	1903
BAGRA	1.64	0.84	0.35	0.59	0.86	0.87	1.77	1.24	1.92	1.39	1.60	1.74	-	1.47	75	1145
MAIZE	1.79	1.05	0.95	0.49	1.02	1.75	1.01	0.87	0.93	0.74	0.82	0.71	-	0.87	55	1497
OTHER CEREALS	3.94	3.73	2.06	1.13	1.19	1.11	0.86	1.09	0.83	0.93	0.92	0.69	-	0.97	80	1522
TOTAL CEREALS	17.55	30.41	38.21	43.66	48.01	51.34	55.51	59.23	64.10	68.00	70.92	78.71	-	62.94	989	18730
GRAM CEREAL	0.04	0.14	0.10	0.21	0.17	0.27	0.34	0.29	0.39	0.50	0.70	1.00	-	0.48	141	2627
SUBSTS	0.36	0.10	0.24	0.08	0.06	0.14	0.09	0.17	0.19	0.34	0.44	0.45	-	0.26	88	1561
SAMPLE HRS	51	83	316	469	736	1001	1532	1698	2986	4199	3294	2585	3	18873	XXX	XXX

TABLE 131: QUANTITY (KG. 0.00) AND VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF CEREALS, GRAM AND CEREAL SUBSTITUTES PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791													URBAN	
ITEM	MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES (RS.)														PER 1000 HHS	SAMPLE HHS
	00- 90	90- 110	110- 135	135- 160	160- 185	185- 215	215- 255	255- 310	310- 385	385- 520	520- 700	700 & NOT ABOVE RECD.	ALL CLASSES	REPTNG CONSM.	REPTNG CONSM.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
QUANTITY (0.00) KG.																
RICE	1.58	3.86	3.15	5.23	5.37	5.37	5.60	5.81	5.34	5.38	5.45	4.83	-	5.32	903	10255
WHEAT	1.95	2.42	3.94	3.31	3.77	4.22	4.45	4.39	4.90	5.02	4.93	5.25	-	4.54	839	9243
JOWAR	0.98	0.49	1.02	0.65	0.69	0.55	0.45	0.39	0.30	0.31	0.23	0.15	-	0.41	94	989
BAJRA	0.00	0.01	0.20	0.12	0.29	0.18	0.20	0.13	0.15	0.10	0.06	0.02	-	0.13	43	427
MAIZE	-	0.64	0.26	0.06	0.12	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.01	-	0.04	10	146
OTHER																
CEREALS	0.17	0.06	0.02	0.21	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.11	0.07	0.16	0.11	0.05	-	0.10	41	399
TOTAL																
CEREALS	4.68	7.48	6.59	9.58	10.34	10.45	10.77	10.85	10.79	10.98	10.81	10.31	-	10.53	941	10687
GRAM																
CEREAL	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.11	-	0.05	211	2335
SUBSTS	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	-	0.04	97	973
VALUE RS. (0.00)																
RICE	7.85	21.15	18.37	30.91	31.90	32.37	34.71	37.28	36.33	37.62	40.12	39.34	-	35.28	903	10255
WHEAT	6.83	9.01	15.37	13.65	15.42	17.29	18.44	19.22	22.07	23.32	23.98	27.54	-	20.34	839	9243
JOWAR	3.40	1.26	2.79	2.29	2.26	1.95	1.69	1.68	1.34	1.47	1.11	0.63	-	1.59	94	989
BAJRA	0.00	0.02	0.57	0.40	0.86	0.64	0.65	0.47	0.54	0.36	0.23	0.08	-	0.46	43	427
MAIZE	-	0.66	0.71	0.17	0.22	0.15	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.04	0.11	0.04	-	0.11	10	146
OTHER																
CEREALS	0.64	0.24	0.06	0.70	0.39	0.26	0.18	0.40	0.22	0.53	0.40	0.18	-	0.34	41	399
TOTAL																
CEREALS	18.72	32.34	37.87	48.12	51.04	52.66	55.72	59.12	60.87	63.34	65.95	66.81	-	58.12	941	10687
GRAM																
CEREAL	0.03	0.27	0.19	0.20	0.27	0.30	0.39	0.62	0.64	0.89	0.97	1.43	-	0.65	211	2335
SUBSTS	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.16	0.17	0.16	0.25	0.43	0.36	0.39	0.37	-	0.27	97	974
SAMPLE HHS.	45	76	205	379	550	830	1277	1505	1612	1897	1928	1413	1	11118	XXX	XXX

TABLE (4): VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUP OF FOOD & NON-FOOD ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS

ALL-INDIA				NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4022												RURAL		
ITEM	MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES (RS.)														PAGE PER 1000 SAMP.			
	00-65	65-80	80-95	95-110	110-125	125-140	140-160	160-180	180-215	215-280	280-385	385 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL CLASSES	TO TOTAL EXPEND.	HHS. REP. CON.	HHS. REP. CON.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
CEREALS	17.55	30.41	38.21	43.67	48.01	51.03	55.52	59.24	64.10	68.00	70.92	78.71	-	62.94	25.89	989	18730	
GRAM	0.04	0.14	0.10	0.21	0.17	0.27	0.34	0.29	0.39	0.50	0.70	1.08	-	0.48	0.19	141	2627	
CEREAL SUBST.	0.36	0.10	0.24	0.08	0.08	0.14	0.09	0.17	0.19	0.34	0.44	0.45	-	0.26	0.10	88	1561	
PULSE & PROD.	1.84	3.53	4.29	5.07	6.07	6.71	7.50	7.86	9.05	10.02	12.16	16.82	-	9.62	3.94	969	18164	
MILK & PROD.	0.79	2.64	1.92	3.37	4.88	7.18	8.99	12.02	16.45	25.07	38.99	65.02	-	23.06	9.44	700	12898	
EDIBLE OIL	2.13	3.73	4.97	5.46	6.32	7.19	7.96	8.86	10.28	11.90	15.20	23.50	-	11.53	4.72	981	18404	
MEAT, EGG, FISH	0.59	1.27	2.13	2.57	2.96	3.61	4.75	5.81	7.33	9.88	13.35	19.73	-	8.77	3.59	576	11552	
VEGETABLES	3.24	6.64	6.67	6.96	8.27	9.34	10.66	11.47	13.32	15.13	17.77	23.24	-	13.96	5.71	989	18725	
FRUITS & NUTS	0.65	0.91	0.83	0.80	1.23	1.47	1.53	2.37	3.71	4.46	6.96	12.73	-	4.25	1.74	634	11643	
SUGAR	1.38	1.90	2.39	2.84	3.47	4.24	4.55	5.49	6.26	8.08	10.52	17.73	-	7.64	3.12	924	17376	
SALT	0.28	0.31	0.34	0.38	0.37	0.40	0.41	0.44	0.48	0.50	0.56	0.67	-	0.49	0.19	989	18710	
SPICES	3.25	2.83	3.18	3.55	4.09	4.59	5.00	5.32	6.07	7.14	8.42	11.04	-	6.58	2.69	989	18617	
BEVERAGE, REF.	2.31	1.13	1.60	2.53	2.82	4.06	4.88	6.24	6.92	10.10	14.10	26.59	-	9.59	3.92	892	16951	
FOOD-TOTAL	34.11	55.54	66.87	77.49	88.76	100.23	112.18	125.57	143.58	171.12	210.09	297.31	-	159.17	65.24	999	18868	
PAN, TOB, INTOX	3.00	2.88	2.96	3.55	4.20	4.77	5.77	6.41	6.98	8.80	10.97	15.63	-	8.11	3.32	760	14685	
FUEL & LIGHT	6.75	9.03	9.68	10.88	11.64	12.52	13.88	14.62	16.53	20.09	24.76	30.89	-	18.53	7.58	993	18777	
CLOTHING	-	0.31	0.54	1.05	1.35	1.61	2.11	3.77	5.66	8.92	20.33	63.43	-	12.73	5.21	246	4562	
FOOT-WEAR	0.23	0.07	0.12	0.22	0.17	0.28	0.44	0.61	0.85	1.36	3.29	9.42	-	1.96	0.80	149	3106	
MS. GOODS&SERV	8.00	6.38	7.93	9.62	11.17	12.83	15.25	17.87	21.90	30.75	47.77	126.64	-	34.61	14.18	995	18625	
RENTS	-	0.01	-	0.00	0.18	0.07	0.06	0.15	0.27	0.58	1.02	3.37	-	0.68	0.27	37	709	
TAX, CESSSES	-	0.08	-	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.04	0.08	0.19	0.71	-	0.13	0.08	21	420	
DURABLE GOODS	0.09	0.09	0.03	0.19	0.40	0.45	0.45	0.94	0.92	2.22	4.41	69.95	-	8.19	3.35	122	2258	
NONFOOD-TOTAL	18.07	18.85	21.26	26.51	29.22	32.53	37.97	44.44	53.15	72.80	112.74	320.04	-	84.97	34.76	999	18847	
TOT. CONS. EXP.	52.18	74.39	88.13	103.00	117.98	132.76	150.15	170.01	196.73	243.92	322.83	617.35	-	244.14	100.00	1000	18870	
SAMPLE HHLDS.	51	83	216	489	736	1001	1832	1698	2986	4199	3294	2585	3	18873	XXX	XXX	XXX	

TABLE (4): VALUE (RS. 0.00) OF CONSUMPTION OF BROAD GROUP OF FOOD & NON-FOOD ITEMS PER PERSON FOR A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASS.
ALL-INDIA
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791

ITEM	MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE CLASSES (RS.)														PAGE PER 1000 SAMP.		
	00-90	90-110	110-135	135-160	160-185	185-215	215-255	255-310	310-385	385-520	520-700	700 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL CLASSES	TO TOTAL EXPEND.	HHS. REP.	HHS. REP.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
CEREALS	18.73	32.34	37.87	48.11	51.04	52.66	55.73	59.12	60.58	63.34	65.95	66.81	-	58.11	15.19	941	10687
GRAM	0.03	0.27	0.19	0.20	0.27	0.30	0.39	0.62	0.64	0.89	0.97	1.43	-	0.65	0.16	211	2335
CEREAL SUBST.	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.16	0.17	0.16	0.25	0.43	0.36	0.39	0.37	-	0.27	0.07	97	974
PULSE & PROD.	2.95	5.07	6.61	6.59	8.08	9.10	10.07	10.87	13.04	14.35	16.68	19.23	-	12.11	3.16	927	10555
MILK & PROD.	2.57	4.71	8.21	10.19	13.22	18.01	23.54	29.81	41.45	54.58	72.87	104.62	-	41.03	10.72	848	9449
EDIBLE OIL	2.96	5.51	7.93	8.08	10.33	11.74	13.61	15.33	19.21	21.54	24.64	31.65	-	17.53	4.58	936	10625
MEAT, EGG, FISH	1.45	3.47	4.82	5.53	6.40	8.40	9.97	12.06	13.75	17.18	23.95	30.97	-	14.27	3.73	579	6889
VEGETABLES	3.63	7.38	8.34	9.41	11.09	12.68	16.04	17.34	20.23	24.02	28.58	38.86	-	19.92	5.20	931	10618
FRUITS & NUTS	0.90	1.42	1.62	2.43	2.94	3.67	4.99	6.69	9.29	13.65	19.74	35.74	-	10.78	2.81	823	9036
SUGAR	2.13	3.73	4.80	4.97	5.97	6.79	7.79	8.61	10.19	11.71	12.63	14.94	-	9.43	2.46	914	10380
SALT	0.26	0.31	0.33	0.36	0.42	0.46	0.50	0.52	0.60	0.64	0.74	0.82	-	0.57	0.14	936	10635
SPICES	2.17	3.65	4.21	4.85	5.23	6.00	6.98	7.30	8.17	9.41	10.44	12.43	-	7.93	2.07	931	10601
BEVERAGE, REF.	3.53	4.68	4.98	6.82	8.46	9.56	12.61	18.00	21.09	30.77	46.22	105.16	-	27.88	7.29	979	10863
FOOD-TOTAL	41.36	72.54	89.96	107.61	123.61	139.54	162.38	186.52	218.67	262.44	325.80	463.03	-	220.48	57.58	999	11107
PAN, TOB, INTOX	4.64	3.46	3.77	4.41	6.06	6.84	6.89	8.40	8.61	10.71	14.73	20.86	-	9.63	2.51	571	6763
FUEL & LIGHT	6.81	10.00	13.31	13.68	16.27	18.43	21.11	22.72	27.03	31.83	38.52	51.15	-	26.80	7.00	968	10905
CLOTHING	1.57	1.07	0.91	2.19	2.13	3.60	5.85	8.92	12.87	23.42	36.92	80.47	-	18.78	4.91	216	2442
FOOT-WEAR	0.03	0.05	0.37	0.30	0.35	0.58	1.10	1.71	2.35	3.95	7.55	14.31	-	3.43	0.89	161	1914
MS. GOODS & SERV	13.54	14.46	14.32	17.54	21.36	26.52	30.09	41.82	59.40	85.88	129.27	286.82	-	74.64	19.63	996	11047
RENTS	0.37	1.65	1.08	1.98	2.33	3.86	5.40	8.70	12.49	19.98	31.70	63.13	-	16.07	4.20	340	3487
TAX, CESSSES	-	0.02	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.14	0.27	0.75	0.62	1.09	2.23	7.00	-	1.26	0.32	120	1291
DURABLE GOODS	0.15	0.04	0.04	0.79	0.97	0.55	0.87	1.68	2.31	4.85	10.79	97.81	-	11.35	2.96	112	1231
NONFOOD TOTAL	27.11	30.75	33.88	40.43	49.53	60.52	71.58	94.70	125.68	181.61	271.71	621.55	-	161.96	42.42	998	11095
TOT. CONS. EXP.	68.47	103.29	123.84	148.04	173.14	200.06	233.96	281.22	344.35	444.05	597.51	1084.58	-	382.44	100.00	1000	11116
SAMPLE HHDS.	45	76	205	379	550	830	1277	1505	1612	1897	1328	1413	-	11118	XXX	XXX	XXX

ALL-INDIA

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822

CUR. WEEKLY ACT.			AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														RURAL				MALE		
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	A(LI GROUPS	ESTD. PEPSOME (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)					
11, 21, 61 & 62	0	-	4	63	214	382	413	406	402	456	464	484	487	468	250	248	751019	12806					
	1-5	-	0	4	19	42	36	37	38	42	59	40	47	19	-	22	66630	903					
	6-9	-	0	7	39	64	80	85	84	72	76	62	75	43	-	41	123282	1901					
	0-9	-	4	74	272	488	528	528	524	570	599	586	609	530	250	311	940931	15610					
31, 71 & 72	0	-	1	4	7	11	12	14	12	19	19	7	8	5	-	7	21825	419					
	1-5	-	-	1	7	17	27	25	23	20	18	20	14	3	-	11	31837	433					
	6-9	-	0	2	6	29	50	59	61	68	61	65	55	4	-	25	75696	1444					
	0-9	-	1	7	20	57	89	98	96	107	98	92	77	16	-	43	129158	2296					
41 & 51	0	-	2	39	151	201	245	263	281	231	228	233	203	125	-	134	404632	6270					
	1-5	-	0	8	35	50	56	52	58	50	26	78	33	17	-	27	81430	1318					
	6-9	-	0	2	16	29	24	22	20	19	15	15	11	6	-	12	35102	624					
	0-9	-	2	49	202	280	325	337	359	300	269	286	247	148	-	173	521164	8212					
10-72	0	-	7	106	372	594	670	683	695	706	711	724	698	598	250	389	1177476	19495					
	1-5	-	9	13	61	109	118	114	119	112	103	98	94	39	-	60	179897	2654					
	6-9	-	0	11	61	122	154	166	165	159	152	142	141	57	-	78	234080	3969					
	0-9	-	7	130	494	825	942	963	979	977	966	964	933	694	250	527	1591453	26118					
81	X	-	1	3	24	42	19	7	4	0	3	2	4	1	-	9	26848	453					
62	X	-	0	0	4	4	4	3	-	1	3	5	1	1	-	2	5177	83					
81 & 82	X	-	1	3	28	46	23	10	4	1	6	7	5	2	-	11	32025	536					
11-82	X	-	3	133	522	871	965	973	981	978	972	971	938	636	250	538	1623478	26654					
91	X	-	555	669	410	99	12	1	2	4	1	0	4	5	403	215	646948	11367					
92	X	-	13	19	16	9	5	4	5	4	1	4	10	19	-	9	28525	552					
93	X	-	3	8	4	3	2	1	3	3	2	2	0	5	-	3	9325	214					
94-97	X	-	421	171	48	17	14	18	7	9	24	23	45	271	347	111	334012	5268					
98	X	-	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	7	0	0	3	4	-	1	3009	47					
99	X 1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	123	370774	6013					
91-99	X 1000	992	867	478	129	35	27	17	22	28	29	62	304	750	462	1392593	23461						
11-99	X#1000	999	1000	1000	998	1000	1001	1000	1000	1001	999	1001	1001	1000	1001	3016071	50115						
PEPS.DST/000#		123	140	128	101	80	78	65	64	48	44	37	28	64	0	1000	XXX	XXX					
EST.																							
PEAS. (UQ)		370774	421187	386670	305597	242120	236467	195167	192424	143295	133681	111196	85078	192219	196	3016071	XXX	XXX					
SAMPLE PERSON		6013	6939	6540	5096	4040	3870	3237	3169	2515	2225	1840	1407	3214	10	50115	XXX	XXX					
# THE DIFFERENCE OF ESTD. PEPSOME																							

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.																		
ALL-INDIA																	FEMALE	
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822																	RURAL	
CUL. WEEKLY ACT.																	ESTD. SAMPLE	
AGE-GROUP IN YEARS																	PERSONS PERSONS	
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL GROUPS	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11,21,61&62	0	-	6	47	132	138	157	177	202	211	203	193	201	113	-	110	308927	5519
	1-5	-	0	5	11	12	11	11	18	12	15	15	6	4	-	8	21793	309
	6-9	-	-	2	9	8	10	16	14	19	13	19	6	9	-	8	21956	346
	0-9	-	6	54	152	158	178	204	234	242	231	227	213	124	-	126	352676	6174
31,71&72	0	-	0	1	3	3	4	4	7	6	4	1	2	2	-	2	7005	126
	1-5	-	-	1	2	3	2	2	2	-	1	1	-	0	-	1	2863	51
	6-9	-	0	0	3	4	8	10	7	11	9	3	3	2	-	4	10730	227
	0-9	-	0	2	8	10	14	16	16	17	14	5	5	4	-	7	20598	404
41&51	0	-	1	32	99	119	153	150	183	161	153	157	117	52	-	87	243655	3558
	1-5	-	0	6	12	11	13	17	16	13	16	17	2	6	-	9	24041	366
	6-9	-	0	2	6	4	2	4	2	6	12	6	1	5	-	3	9989	161
	0-9	-	1	40	117	134	168	171	201	180	181	180	120	63	-	99	276685	4084
11-72	0	-	7	80	234	260	314	331	392	378	360	351	320	165	-	199	559587	9203
	1-5	-	0	12	25	26	26	30	36	25	32	33	8	10	-	18	48697	725
	6-9	-	0	4	18	16	20	30	23	36	34	28	10	16	-	15	41675	734
	0-9	-	7	96	277	302	360	391	451	439	426	412	338	191	-	232	649559	10662
81	X	-	1	0	6	9	4	2	3	1	0	1	-	1	-	2	5252	103
82	X	-	-	0	2	2	2	1	0	-	-	4	-	0	-	1	2035	29
81&82	X	-	1	0	8	5	6	3	3	1	0	5	-	1	-	3	7287	132
11-82	X	-	8	96	285	307	366	394	454	440	426	417	338	192	-	235	657246	10794
91	X	-	467	496	210	29	5	5	3	4	3	4	8	4	151	140	393671	7249
92	X	-	27	165	369	501	473	433	403	397	402	401	411	351	196	285	806571	13094
93	X	-	8	58	111	150	144	154	133	150	157	149	164	100	-	95	267268	4523
94-97	X	-	490	185	25	13	11	13	7	9	11	29	78	350	653	119	332978	5353
98	X	-	0	-	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	-	1	3	-	1	1590	23
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	126	353598	5709
91-99	X	1000	992	904	715	693	634	606	546	560	574	583	662	808	1000	765	2155676	35981
11-99	X&	1000	998	999	1000	999	1000	1000	999	1000	1000	999	999	1000	1000	1002	2812922	46745
PERS.DIST/0000		126	130	114	95	94	84	74	58	52	46	40	29	68	0	1000	XXX	XXX
EST.PERS.(00)	353598	365776	321015	239748	264980	235081	209181	163370	145313	128632	113168	82303	190475	282	2812922	XXX	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSON	5709	6056	5459	4108	4376	3915	3464	2861	2414	2144	1813	1308	3108	10	46745	XXX	XXX	

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST.(/000) FROM 1000(ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

ALL-INDIA

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.
NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822 RURAL PERSONS

CUR. WEEKLY ACT.		AGE-GROUP IN YEARS													ESTD. SAMPLE			
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL PERSONS GROUPS	PERSONS (00)	PERSONS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11, 21, 61 & 62	0	-	5	56	178	254	285	288	310	333	337	338	347	291	102	182	1059945	18325
	1-5	-	0	5	15	26	23	23	29	27	38	27	27	12	-	15	88423	1212
	6-9	-	0	5	26	35	45	49	52	45	45	40	41	26	-	25	145239	2247
	0-9	-	5	66	219	315	353	360	391	405	420	405	415	329	102	222	1293607	21784
31, 71 & 72	0	-	0	2	5	7	8	9	10	13	11	4	5	3	-	5	28831	545
	1-5	-	-	1	5	10	15	13	13	10	9	10	7	2	-	6	34699	484
	6-9	-	0	1	5	16	29	33	36	39	36	34	30	5	-	15	86426	1671
	0-9	-	0	4	15	33	52	55	59	62	56	48	42	10	-	26	149956	2700
41 & 51	0	-	1	36	128	158	199	205	236	196	191	195	160	89	-	111	648288	9828
	1-5	-	0	7	25	30	36	34	39	31	21	27	18	11	-	18	105471	1683
	6-9	-	0	2	12	16	13	12	12	12	13	10	6	6	-	8	44091	785
	0-9	-	1	45	165	204	247	251	287	239	225	232	184	106	-	137	797850	12296
11-72	0	-	6	94	311	419	492	502	556	542	539	537	512	383	102	298	1737064	28698
	1-5	-	0	13	45	66	73	70	81	68	68	64	52	25	-	39	228593	3379
	6-9	-	0	8	43	67	87	94	100	96	94	84	77	37	-	48	275756	4703
	0-9	-	6	115	399	552	652	666	737	706	701	685	641	445	102	385	2241413	36780
81	X	-	1	2	16	22	11	5	4	0	2	2	2	1	-	6	32108	556
82	X	-	0	0	3	3	3	2	0	1	1	5	0	1	-	1	7212	112
81 & 82	X	-	1	2	19	25	14	7	4	1	3	7	2	2	-	7	39312	668
11-82	X	-	7	117	418	577	666	673	741	707	704	692	643	447	102	392	2280725	37448
91	X	-	516	590	322	63	9	3	2	4	2	2	6	5	255	179	1040619	18616
92	X	-	20	85	171	264	238	226	187	202	198	204	207	184	116	143	835095	13646
93	X	-	5	31	51	80	73	80	63	77	78	76	81	52	-	47	276593	4737
94-97	X	-	452	177	38	15	13	16	7	9	17	26	61	309	527	114	666990	10621
98	X	-	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	1	0	2	3	-	1	4599	70
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	124	724372	11722
91-99	X	1000	993	883	582	423	334	327	259	293	296	308	357	553	898	608	3548268	59412
11-99	X	1000	998	1000	1000	1002	1001	1000	1000	999	999	999	1000	1001	1000	1000	5828993	96860
PERS. DIST./000		124	135	121	94	87	81	69	61	50	45	38	29	66	0	1000	XXX	XXX
EST. PERS. (00)	724372	786961	707685	545345	507100	471548	404349	355795	288600	262313	224363	167381	382694	479	5828993	XXX	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSON	11722	12995	11999	9204	8416	7785	6701	6030	4929	4369	3653	2715	6322	20	96860	XXX	XXX	

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL. 3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL. 17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

ALL-INDIA			NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791														URBAN		MALE	
CUR. WEEKLY ACT.			AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. SAMPLE			
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL PERSONS GROUPS	PERSONS (00)	PERSONS		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
11,21,61&62	0	-	-	6	21	38	43	41	39	45	38	51	79	84	-	29	28658	968		
	1-5	-	-	8	32	80	78	91	79	71	78	76	83	62	-	47	46923	1191		
	6-9	-	1	10	60	159	229	239	218	198	213	202	179	172	-	119	117738	3497		
	0-9	-	1	24	113	277	350	371	336	314	329	329	341	318	-	195	193319	5656		
31,71472	0	-	0	1	3	3	6	5	7	6	7	11	7	3	-	4	3564	128		
	1-5	-	-	6	29	81	122	144	132	171	147	152	102	24	112	69	68060	1690		
	6-9	-	0	5	44	116	218	261	295	321	321	301	255	39	388	129	128453	3600		
	0-9	-	0	12	76	200	346	410	434	498	475	464	364	66	500	202	200077	5418		
41&51	0	-	-	2	20	28	25	19	32	24	30	41	30	23	-	17	17123	498		
	1-5	-	0	32	66	83	106	100	112	89	102	56	39	25	-	58	57381	1399		
	6-9	-	0	9	33	57	64	66	47	44	34	44	41	19	-	32	31489	967		
	0-9	-	0	43	119	168	195	185	191	157	166	141	110	67	-	107	105993	2864		
11-72	0	-	0	9	44	69	74	65	78	75	75	103	116	110	-	50	49345	1594		
	1-5	-	0	46	127	244	306	335	323	331	327	284	224	111	112	174	172364	4280		
	6-9	-	1	24	137	332	511	566	560	563	569	547	475	230	388	280	277680	8064		
	0-9	-	1	79	308	645	891	966	961	969	970	934	813	451	500	504	499389	13938		
81	X	-	0	7	37	81	50	16	8	6	3	7	4	3	-	20	19476	537		
82	X	-	-	0	7	12	5	2	0	1	-	1	2	-	-	3	2517	64		
81&82	X	-	0	7	44	93	55	18	8	7	3	8	6	3	-	23	21993	601		
11-82	X	-	1	86	352	738	946	994	969	976	973	942	821	454	500	527	521382	14539		
91	X	-	730	790	583	223	35	1	2	1	2	2	-	2	388	265	265221	7616		
92	X	-	7	16	13	11	7	1	4	5	2	10	13	20	-	8	8080	233		
93	X	-	1	2	6	1	1	1	1	-	-	0	0	3	-	1	1341	41		
94-97	X	-	260	105	45	27	10	12	23	17	22	44	166	517	112	89	88095	2380		
98	X	-	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	-	4	-	1	980	42		
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	109	107797	2939		
91-99	X	1000	999	914	648	262	54	16	31	24	27	58	179	546	500	473	471314	13251		
11-99	X#	1000	999	1002	999	999	1000	999	1000	1000	999	1002	1001	1004	1000	1002	992896	27790		
PERS. DIST/000#		109	116	120	105	98	83	77	72	58	47	37	26	52	0	1001	XXX	XXX		
EST. PERS. (00)		107797	115555	120456	103767	97354	82471	76182	71144	57520	46488	36787	25781	51325	269	992896	XXX	XXX		
SAMPLE PERSON		2939	3266	3374	2930	2662	2353	2067	1967	1604	1375	1020	738	1491	4	27790	XXX	XXX		

9: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (5): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.																	
ALL-INDIA																	
NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791																	
URBAN																	
FEMALE																	
AGE-GROUP IN YEARS																	
CUR. WEEKLY ACT.	STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ESTD. SAMPLE PERSONS (00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
11,21,61&62	0	-	0	2	9	8	12	20	15	13	24	33	25	10	-	10	8872
	1-5	-	-	9	19	25	10	25	17	24	28	22	15	14	-	14	12575
	6-9	-	0	1	9	17	22	26	24	29	27	20	27	21	-	14	12516
	0-9	-	0	12	37	50	44	71	56	66	79	75	67	45	-	38	33963
31,71&72	0	-	-	0	-	2	0	2	1	0	3	3	3	-	-	1	687
	1-5	-	-	1	9	8	8	10	10	7	8	3	1	2	-	5	4461
	6-9	-	0	3	11	27	44	60	65	70	56	90	35	6	-	28	26121
	0-9	-	0	4	20	37	52	72	76	77	67	96	39	8	-	34	30269
41&51	0	-	-	1	10	18	17	15	23	30	25	30	22	10	-	12	11029
	1-5	-	0	6	22	13	29	20	40	16	19	25	11	9	-	15	13026
	6-9	-	-	3	10	10	12	17	21	19	26	7	15	7	-	10	8502
	0-9	-	0	10	42	41	58	52	84	65	70	62	48	26	-	37	32557
11-72	0	-	0	3	19	28	29	37	39	43	52	66	50	20	-	23	20588
	1-5	-	0	16	50	46	47	55	67	47	55	50	27	25	-	34	30062
	6-9	-	0	7	30	54	78	103	110	118	109	117	77	34	-	52	46139
	0-9	-	0	26	99	128	154	195	216	208	216	233	154	79	-	109	96789
81	X	-	-	-	8	18	8	13	1	1	2	0	-	0	-	4	3971
82	X	-	-	-	3	6	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	1	829
81&82	X	-	-	-	11	23	9	13	1	1	3	2	-	0	-	5	4800
11-82	X	-	0	26	110	151	163	208	217	209	219	235	154	79	-	114	101589
91	X	-	677	768	488	133	14	3	4	5	7	4	32	11	-	229	204052
92	X	-	14	94	312	626	719	696	673	667	661	638	655	501	500	410	365986
93	X	-	1	15	56	79	84	83	100	82	92	81	75	60	-	54	47801
94-97	X	-	307	95	33	10	19	10	6	37	21	42	84	348	500	61	72489
98	X	-	1	2	1	1	1	-	0	-	0	-	0	1	-	1	524
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	111	98845
91-99	X	1000	1000	974	890	849	837	792	783	791	781	765	846	921	1000	886	789697
11-99	X#	1000	1000	999	1000	1000	1000	1002	1001	999	999	1000	1000	999	1000	1001	891286
PERS. DIST/000#		111	115	112	97	99	93	80	71	53	46	33	29	61	0	1001	XXX
EST. PERS. (00)		98845	103129	99984	86349	88012	82469	71524	63433	47573	40577	29188	26021	53974	208	891286	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		2647	2893	2911	2466	2460	2307	2007	1808	1370	1146	845	754	1547	2	25163	XXX

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL. 3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000(ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (5): PER 100) DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

ALL-INDIA

NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS:

URBAN

PERSONS

CUR. WEEKLY ACT.		AGE-GROUP IN YEARS															ESTD. SAMPLE PERSONS PERSONS	
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL GROUPS	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11,21,61&62	0	-	0	4	16	24	27	31	28	30	32	43	52	46	-	20	37530	1321
	1-5	-	-	8	26	51	44	59	50	50	55	52	49	37	-	32	59498	1522
	6-9	-	1	6	37	92	125	136	126	122	126	121	102	94	-	69	130254	3914
	0-9	-	1	18	79	170	196	226	204	202	213	216	203	177	-	121	227282	6757
31,71&72	0	-	0	0	2	3	3	3	4	3	6	7	5	1	-	2	4252	159
	1-5	-	-	4	20	46	65	79	74	96	83	86	51	13	63	38	72521	1820
	6-9	-	0	4	29	74	131	163	186	207	197	208	145	22	218	82	153573	4362
	0-9	-	0	8	51	123	199	245	264	306	286	301	201	36	281	122	230346	6341
41&51	0	-	-	2	16	24	21	17	28	27	28	36	26	16	-	15	28151	799
	1-5	-	0	20	46	50	68	61	78	56	63	42	25	17	-	37	70408	1744
	6-9	-	0	6	22	35	38	43	35	33	31	27	28	13	-	21	39991	1203
	0-9	-	0	28	84	109	127	121	141	116	122	105	79	46	-	73	138550	3746
11-72	0	-	0	6	34	51	51	51	60	60	66	86	83	63	-	37	69933	2279
	1-5	-	0	32	92	150	177	199	202	202	201	180	125	67	63	107	202427	5086
	6-9	-	1	16	88	201	294	342	347	362	354	356	275	129	218	172	323818	9479
	0-9	-	1	54	214	402	522	592	609	624	621	622	483	259	281	316	596178	16844
81	X	-	0	4	24	51	29	15	4	4	2	4	2	1	-	12	23448	647
82	X	-	-	0	5	8	3	1	0	0	1	1	1	-	-	2	3346	92
81&82	X	-	0	4	29	59	32	16	4	4	2	5	3	1	-	14	26794	739
11-82	X	-	1	58	243	461	554	608	613	628	623	627	486	260	281	330	622972	17583
91	X	-	705	782	539	180	24	2	3	3	4	3	16	7	218	249	469272	13590
92	X	-	10	51	149	302	363	338	320	305	307	290	336	266	218	199	374066	10425
93	X	-	1	8	29	38	43	40	48	37	43	36	38	32	-	26	49142	1362
94-97	X	-	282	100	39	19	15	11	15	26	22	43	124	432	283	85	160584	4337
98	X	-	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	-	1	1504	70
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	110	206642	5586
91-99	X	1000	999	942	757	539	446	392	387	372	377	373	514	740	719	670	1261210	35370
11-99	X#	1000	1000	999	1000	1001	1000	1000	1000	999	1002	998	1000	1000	999	1000	1884182	52953
PERS.DST/000#		110	116	118	101	98	88	78	71	56	46	35	27	56	0	999	XXX	XXX
EST.PERS.(00)		206642	218684	220440	190116	185366	164940	147706	134577	105094	87064	65975	51803	105298	477	1884182	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		5586	6159	6285	5396	5122	4660	4074	3775	2974	2521	1865	1492	3038	6	52953	XXX	XXX

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST./1000 FROM 1000(ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

RURAL ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822														MALE		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY INDUSTRY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. ALL PERSONS GROUPS	SAMPLE PERSONS (00)	
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11621	0	-	4	62	211	377	426	413	402	453	466	490	501	469	250	248	753798	12925
	1-5	-	0	4	19	42	35	37	37	41	58	35	44	19	-	22	85191	875
	6-9	-	0	6	37	63	75	85	86	70	70	60	70	42	-	40	119761	1847
	0-9	-	4	72	267	482	536	535	525	564	594	585	615	530	250	310	938750	15647
31	0	-	1	3	7	11	11	14	13	18	19	6	5	4	-	7	21164	403
	1-5	-	-	1	7	17	28	26	22	21	17	19	14	9	-	11	31782	437
	6-9	-	0	1	6	28	47	60	61	69	63	64	51	8	-	25	74933	1407
	0-9	-	1	5	20	56	86	100	96	108	99	89	70	15	-	43	127879	2247
41451	0	-	2	38	159	212	252	275	286	247	244	240	216	142	-	141	624425	6558
	1-5	-	0	7	35	55	56	46	60	45	29	40	27	16	-	27	80821	1253
	6-9	-	0	2	16	25	24	22	19	19	14	15	11	6	-	11	33662	612
	0-9	-	2	47	210	292	332	343	365	311	287	295	254	164	-	179	538908	8423
11-51	0	-	7	103	377	600	689	702	701	718	729	736	722	615	250	396	1199387	19886
	1-5	-	0	12	61	114	119	109	119	107	104	94	85	38	-	60	177794	2565
	6-9	-	0	9	59	116	146	167	166	158	147	139	132	56	-	76	228356	3866
	0-9	-	7	124	497	830	954	978	986	963	980	969	938	709	250	532	1605537	26317
81	X	-	1	4	24	44	18	4	2	0	2	2	0	1	-	9	26163	450
11-81	X	-	8	128	521	874	972	982	988	983	982	971	939	710	250	541	1631700	26767
91	X	-	573	704	426	102	11	3	1	2	1	2	5	6	403	224	674231	11727
92	X	-	12	20	12	8	4	3	2	2	1	5	11	16	-	8	25349	498
93	X	-	3	8	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	3	-	2	7153	202
94-97	X	-	404	140	39	14	12	11	8	12	16	21	45	265	347	102	306864	4908
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	123	370774	6013
91-99	X	1000	992	872	479	126	28	18	12	17	18	29	61	290	750	459	1384371	23348
11-99	X#	1000	1000	1000	1000	999	999	999	1001	998	1000	1000	1000	999	1000	1002	3016071	50115
PERS.DIST/0000		123	140	128	101	80	78	65	64	48	44	37	28	64	0	1000	XXX	XXX
EST.PERS.(00)		370774	421187	386670	305597	242120	236467	195167	192424	143295	133681	111196	85078	192219	196	3016071	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		6013	6939	6540	5096	4040	3870	3237	3169	2515	2225	1840	1407	3214	10	50115	XXX	XXX

*1 THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST./0000 FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

RURAL ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4022														FEMALE		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. SAMPLE ALL PERSONS PERSONS GROUPS (00)	(18)	(19)
	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)		
11&21	0	-	7	48	130	144	166	169	205	224	212	205	213	113	-	113	317165	5767
	1-5	-	0	4	11	12	12	11	15	11	16	15	3	4	-	8	21452	297
	6-9	-	-	2	7	7	11	10	14	20	14	19	6	8	-	8	21943	347
	0-9	-	7	54	148	163	189	198	234	255	242	239	222	125	-	129	360560	6411
31	0	-	0	1	2	2	3	4	7	6	3	1	2	1	-	2	5970	119
	1-5	-	-	1	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	-	0	-	1	2908	53
	6-9	-	-	0	2	4	8	10	7	11	9	3	3	2	-	4	10355	203
	0-9	-	0	2	6	8	14	16	16	18	13	5	5	3	-	7	19233	375
41&51	0	-	1	31	105	131	172	168	189	169	159	175	131	57	-	94	263210	3848
	1-5	-	0	6	20	16	13	23	14	10	20	14	2	5	-	10	28085	358
	6-9	-	0	2	6	5	1	4	2	6	11	5	1	6	-	3	8990	167
	0-9	-	1	39	131	152	186	195	205	185	190	194	134	68	-	107	300285	4373
11-51	0	-	8	80	237	277	341	341	401	399	374	381	346	171	-	209	586345	9734
	1-5	-	0	11	33	30	28	36	31	22	37	30	5	9	-	19	52445	708
	6-9	-	0	4	15	16	20	32	23	37	34	27	10	16	-	15	41288	717
	0-9	-	8	95	285	323	389	409	455	458	445	438	361	196	-	243	680078	11159
81	X	-	2	0	8	6	6	9	-	1	-	-	3	1	-	2	6901	119
11-81	X	-	10	95	293	329	395	412	455	459	445	438	364	197	-	245	686979	11278
91	X	-	482	519	220	30	5	6	3	2	3	5	9	9	151	145	408715	7534
92	X	-	27	159	351	473	445	414	391	376	384	375	390	342	196	272	769361	12458
93	X	-	8	61	112	156	146	151	145	154	152	149	160	103	-	97	272033	4572
94-97	X	-	473	166	24	12	9	17	6	9	16	33	77	349	653	115	322236	5194
98	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	126	353598	5709
91-99	X	1000	990	905	707	671	605	588	545	541	555	562	636	803	1000	755	2125943	35467
11-99	X#	1000	999	997	1001	1000	999	1001	999	1001	1000	999	1000	1001	1000	1002	2812922	46745
PER 1000		126	130	114	85	94	84	74	58	52	46	40	29	68	0	1000	XXX	XXX
EST. PERS. (00)		353598	365776	321015	239748	264980	235081	209181	163370	145313	128632	113168	82303	190475	282	2812922	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		5709	6056	5459	4108	4376	3915	3464	2861	2414	2144	1813	1308	3108	10	46745	XXX	XXX

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL. 3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

RURAL ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822														PERSONS		
STATUS	ACTIVITY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. SAMPLE	PERSONS	
	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL PERSONS GROUPS	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11&21	0	-	5	56	175	255	296	288	313	337	342	348	361	292	102	184	1070964	18692
	1-5	-	0	4	15	27	24	23	27	26	37	25	24	12	-	15	86643	1172
	6-9	-	0	4	24	34	43	50	53	45	42	39	38	25	-	24	141704	2194
	0-9	-	5	64	214	316	363	361	393	408	421	412	423	329	102	223	1299311	22058
31	0	-	1	2	5	6	7	9	10	12	11	3	3	3	-	5	27134	522
	1-5	-	-	1	5	9	15	13	13	11	9	10	7	2	-	6	34691	490
	6-9	-	0	1	4	15	28	34	36	40	37	33	27	5	-	15	85267	1610
	0-9	-	1	4	14	30	50	56	59	63	57	46	37	10	-	26	147112	2622
41&51	0	-	1	35	135	170	212	220	241	207	203	207	174	100	-	118	687635	10405
	1-5	-	0	7	29	35	35	34	39	27	25	27	15	10	-	19	108906	1611
	6-9	-	0	2	12	14	12	13	11	12	12	10	6	6	-	7	42653	779
	0-9	-	1	44	176	219	259	267	291	246	240	244	195	116	-	144	839194	12796
11-51	0	-	7	93	315	431	515	517	564	556	556	558	538	395	102	307	1785733	29620
	1-5	-	0	12	49	71	74	70	79	64	71	62	46	24	-	40	230240	3273
	6-9	-	0	7	40	63	83	97	100	97	91	82	71	36	-	46	269644	4583
	0-9	-	7	112	404	565	672	684	743	717	718	702	655	455	102	393	2285617	37476
81	X	-	2	2	17	24	12	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	6	33063	569
11-81	X	-	9	114	421	589	684	687	744	718	718	703	657	456	102	399	2318680	38045
91	X	-	530	619	336	64	8	5	2	2	2	3	7	7	255	185	1082946	19261
92	X	-	19	83	161	251	223	216	180	191	189	191	197	178	116	136	794710	12956
93	X	-	6	32	50	83	74	78	67	78	74	76	79	53	-	48	279185	4774
94-97	X	-	436	152	32	13	11	14	7	11	16	27	50	306	527	108	629100	10102
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	124	724372	11722
91-99	X	1000	991	886	579	411	316	313	256	282	281	297	343	544	898	601	3510313	58815
11-99	X*	1000	1000	1000	999	1000	1000	999	999	1000	999	998	998	1001	1000	1001	5828993	96860
PERS.DST/000*		124	135	121	94	87	81	69	61	50	45	38	29	66	0	1000	XXX	XXX
EST.PERS.(00)		724372	786961	797685	545345	507100	471548	404349	355795	288608	262313	224363	167381	382694	479	5828993	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		11722	12995	11999	9204	8416	7785	6701	6030	4929	4369	3653	2715	6322	20	96860	XXX	XXX

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000(ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791													MALE			
USUAL ACTIVITY		AGE-GROUP IN YEARS													ESTD. SAMPLE PERSONS			
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL PERSONS GROUPS	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11&21	0	-	-	5	19	39	44	42	39	45	39	51	79	88	-	29	28852	967
	1-5	-	-	8	32	94	80	92	80	70	77	76	84	59	-	48	47361	1199
	6-9	-	1	9	58	161	227	240	220	198	211	206	175	175	-	119	117873	3494
	0-9	-	1	22	109	284	351	374	339	313	327	333	338	322	-	196	194086	5660
31	0	-	0	1	3	3	6	5	7	6	8	11	9	2	-	4	3501	122
	1-5	-	0	5	28	79	122	144	131	172	147	152	100	24	112	68	67673	1677
	6-9	-	0	5	44	114	218	261	294	319	320	301	258	40	388	129	128135	3598
	0-9	-	0	11	75	196	346	410	432	497	475	464	367	66	500	201	199309	5397
41&51	0	-	-	3	21	30	26	22	31	26	31	45	35	24	-	18	18188	520
	1-5	-	0	32	69	83	107	97	116	93	101	84	42	26	-	58	58005	1417
	6-9	-	0	8	34	58	64	69	50	43	37	47	40	20	-	33	32352	987
	0-9	-	0	43	124	171	197	188	197	162	169	146	117	70	-	109	108545	2924
11-51	0	-	0	9	43	72	76	69	77	77	78	107	123	114	-	51	50541	1609
	1-5	-	0	45	129	246	309	333	327	335	325	282	226	109	112	174	173039	4293
	6-9	-	1	22	136	333	509	570	564	560	568	554	473	235	388	281	278360	8079
	0-9	-	1	76	308	651	894	972	968	972	971	943	822	458	500	506	501440	13981
81	X	-	0	6	42	89	50	11	5	6	3	5	2	1	-	20	20034	573
11-81	X	-	1	82	350	740	944	983	973	978	974	948	824	459	500	526	521974	14554
91	X	-	755	819	597	226	36	1	3	1	4	1	-	1	388	275	273462	7856
92	X	-	7	14	14	12	7	2	4	3	2	10	10	21	112	8	8167	237
93	X	-	1	2	6	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	0	1	-	1	1289	40
94-97	X	-	236	83	33	21	12	13	19	18	20	40	166	518	-	81	80207	2164
98	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	109	107797	2939
91-99	X	1000	999	918	650	260	56	17	27	22	26	52	176	541	500	474	470922	13236
11-99	X#	1000	999	999	1000	1002	1000	999	1001	1001	1000	1000	998	1000	1000	1000	992896	27790
PER 1000	109	116	120	105	98	83	77	72	58	47	37	26	52	0	1001	XXX	XXX	
EST. PER. (00)	107797	115555	120456	103767	97364	82471	76182	71144	57520	46489	36787	25781	51325	269	992896	XXX	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSON	2939	3266	3374	2930	2662	2353	2067	1967	1604	1375	1020	738	1491	4	27790	XXX	XXX	

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL. 3, 17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL. 17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791													FEMALE			
USUAL	ACTIVITY	AGE GROUP IN YEARS													ESTD.	SAMPLE		
STATUS	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL PERSONS GROUPS	PERSONS (100)	PERSONS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11&21	0	-	1	2	9	10	15	23	14	17	32	36	21	13	-	11	10186	380
	1-5	-	-	10	20	24	11	23	16	23	29	21	15	14	-	14	12337	332
	6-9	-	0	1	8	18	23	23	25	29	27	21	28	21	-	14	12542	409
	0-9	-	1	13	37	52	49	69	55	69	87	78	64	48	-	39	35068	1121
31	0	-	-	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	3	2	3	-	-	1	661	33
	1-5	-	-	1	9	8	7	10	10	5	8	3	1	2	-	5	4317	125
	6-9	-	0	3	12	26	42	60	64	70	58	90	35	6	-	28	25023	759
	0-9	-	0	4	21	36	49	72	75	76	69	95	39	8	-	34	30001	917
41&51	0	-	-	2	12	21	21	19	23	31	30	35	19	11	-	14	12374	332
	1-5	-	0	6	23	12	33	21	42	19	26	28	11	8	-	16	14052	364
	6-9	-	-	3	8	13	13	16	21	19	24	6	16	7	-	10	8671	232
	0-9	-	0	11	43	46	67	56	86	69	80	69	46	26	-	40	35097	928
11-51	0	-	1	4	21	33	36	44	38	49	65	73	43	24	-	26	23221	745
	1-5	-	0	17	52	44	51	54	68	47	62	52	27	24	-	35	30706	821
	6-9	-	0	7	28	57	78	99	110	118	109	117	79	34	-	52	46236	1400
	0-9	-	1	28	101	134	165	197	216	214	236	242	149	82	-	113	100163	2966
61	X	-	0	0	9	20	8	12	1	2	1	2	-	0	-	5	4469	132
11-61	X	-	1	28	110	154	173	209	217	216	237	244	149	82	-	118	104632	3098
91	X	-	721	808	504	135	14	5	7	6	7	8	32	13	-	241	214557	6212
92	X	-	14	84	303	614	711	690	668	659	650	623	646	498	500	403	359955	10049
93	X	-	1	13	57	87	88	87	102	85	85	85	81	58	-	55	49071	1375
94-97	X	-	263	67	26	10	14	9	6	34	21	40	92	349	500	72	64226	1782
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	111	98845	2647
91-99	X	1000	999	972	890	846	827	791	783	784	763	756	851	918	1000	882	786654	22065
11-99	X*	1000	999	1000	998	1000	999	1001	1000	1000	998	1000	999	998	1000	1001	891286	25163
PERS. DIST./1000*		111	115	112	97	99	93	80	71	53	46	33	29	61	0	1001	XXX	XXX
EST. PERS. (100)		98845	103129	99984	86349	88012	82469	71524	63433	47573	40577	29188	26021	53974	208	891286	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		2647	2893	2911	2466	2460	2307	2007	1808	1370	1146	845	754	1547	2	25163	XXX	XXX

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL. 3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL. 17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/1000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (6): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791														PERSONS		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. SAMPLE	PERSONS	
	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL PERSONS GROUPS	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11&21	0	-	0	3	15	25	30	33	27	33	36	45	50	49	-	21	39038	1347
	1-5	-	-	9	26	55	45	59	50	49	54	52	50	36	-	32	59699	1531
	6-9	-	1	6	36	93	125	135	128	121	125	124	101	96	-	69	130415	3903
	0-9	-	1	18	77	173	200	227	205	203	215	221	201	181	-	122	229152	6781
31	0	-	0	0	2	2	3	3	4	3	6	7	6	1	-	2	4162	155
	1-5	-	-	3	19	45	65	79	74	97	82	86	51	13	63	38	71989	1802
	6-9	-	0	4	30	72	130	163	186	207	198	207	145	23	218	81	153158	4357
	0-9	-	0	7	51	119	198	245	264	307	286	300	202	37	281	121	229309	6314
41&51	0	-	-	3	17	26	23	21	27	28	31	40	27	17	-	16	30562	852
	1-5	-	0	20	48	49	70	60	81	59	66	43	26	17	-	38	72057	1781
	6-9	-	0	6	23	37	39	43	36	32	31	29	28	14	-	22	41023	1219
	0-9	-	0	29	88	112	132	124	144	119	128	112	81	48	-	76	143642	3852
11-51	0	-	0	6	34	53	56	57	58	64	73	92	83	67	-	39	73762	2354
	1-5	-	0	32	93	149	180	198	205	205	202	181	127	66	63	108	203745	5114
	6-9	-	1	16	89	202	294	341	350	360	354	360	274	133	218	172	324596	9479
	0-9	-	1	54	216	404	530	596	613	629	629	633	484	266	281	319	602103	16947
81	X	-	0	4	27	56	29	12	3	4	2	4	1	1	-	13	24503	705
11-81	X	-	1	58	243	460	559	608	616	633	631	637	485	267	281	332	626606	17652
91	X	-	739	814	553	184	25	3	5	3	5	4	15	7	218	259	488018	14058
92	X	-	10	46	145	299	359	336	318	300	304	281	329	264	283	195	368123	10286
93	X	-	1	7	29	42	44	42	48	39	40	38	41	30	-	27	50361	1415
94-97	X	-	249	75	30	15	13	11	13	25	20	40	129	432	218	77	144432	3946
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	110	206642	5586
91-99	X	1000	999	942	757	540	441	392	384	367	369	363	515	733	719	668	1257576	35301
11-99	X#	1000	999	1000	1001	999	1000	1000	999	1000	999	1000	1000	1000	999	1000	1884182	52953
PERC.DIST/000#		110	116	118	101	98	88	78	71	56	46	35	27	56	0	999	XXX	XXX
EST.PERS.(00)		206642	218684	220440	190116	185366	164940	147706	134577	105094	87064	65975	51803	105298	477	1884182	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		5586	6159	6285	5396	5122	4660	4074	3775	2974	2521	1865	1492	3039	6	52953	XXX	XXX

4: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST.(/000) FROM 1000(ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (7): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY
GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

RURAL ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822														MALE		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY INDUSTRY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. ALL PERSONS GROUPS	SAMPLE PERSONS	
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	(17)	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11421	0	-	7	85	248	391	432	413	403	453	467	492	503	484	250	260	784534	13469
	1-5	-	0	5	20	42	35	37	37	41	58	35	46	19	-	22	65945	887
	6-9	-	0	8	39	63	75	85	86	70	70	60	70	42	-	48	121527	1873
	0-9	-	7	98	307	496	542	535	526	564	595	587	619	545	250	322	972006	16229
31	0	-	1	3	7	11	11	14	13	18	19	6	5	4	-	7	21164	403
	1-5	-	-	1	7	17	28	26	22	21	17	19	14	3	-	11	31782	437
	6-9	-	0	1	6	29	47	60	61	69	63	64	51	8	-	25	75118	1411
	0-9	-	1	5	20	57	86	100	96	108	99	89	70	15	-	43	128064	2251
41451	0	-	2	40	164	217	252	275	286	247	245	240	218	142	-	142	428350	6620
	1-5	-	0	8	36	56	56	47	60	45	29	40	27	17	-	27	81583	1265
	6-9	-	0	2	16	26	24	22	19	19	14	15	11	6	-	11	33996	620
	0-9	-	2	50	216	299	332	344	365	311	288	295	256	165	-	180	543929	8506
11-51	0	-	10	128	419	619	695	702	702	718	731	738	726	630	250	409	1234048	20492
	1-5	-	0	14	63	115	119	110	119	107	104	94	87	39	-	60	179310	2589
	6-9	-	0	11	61	118	146	167	166	158	147	139	132	56	-	76	230641	3904
	0-9	-	10	153	543	852	960	979	987	983	982	971	945	725	250	545	1643999	26985
81	X	-	1	4	20	34	14	3	1	0	1	2	-	1	-	7	20781	351
11-81	X	-	11	157	563	886	974	982	988	983	983	973	945	726	250	552	1564780	27336
91	X	-	571	682	386	92	10	3	1	2	1	2	5	5	403	215	649287	11282
92	X	-	11	19	11	8	3	3	2	2	1	4	10	16	-	8	23710	473
93	X	-	3	7	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	3	-	2	6836	192
94-97	X	-	404	135	38	12	12	11	8	12	15	20	40	250	347	100	300684	4819
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	123	370774	6013
91-99	X	1000	989	843	437	114	26	18	12	17	17	27	55	274	750	448	1381291	22779
11-99	X*	1000	999	1000	1000	1001	999	1000	1001	999	999	999	1000	1000	1000	1000	3016071	50115
PERS. DIST./0000		123	140	128	101	80	78	65	64	48	44	37	28	64	0	1000	XXX	XXX
EST. PERS. (00)		370774	421187	386670	305597	242120	236467	195167	192424	143295	133681	111196	85078	192219	196	3016071	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		6013	6939	6540	5096	4040	3870	3237	3169	2515	2225	1840	1407	3214	10	50115	XXX	XXX

* THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR)
IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000
A - 21

TABLE (7): PER 1969 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791														MALE		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. ALL PERSONS ABOVE RECD. GROUPS (00)	ESTD. PERSONS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
11&21	0	-	0	5	24	41	46	43	39	46	39	51	79	91	-	30	30084	1019
	1-5	-	-	10	34	85	81	92	80	70	79	76	84	60	-	48	48072	1216
	6-9	-	1	9	63	165	229	240	220	199	212	206	177	180	-	120	119388	3544
	0-9	-	1	24	121	291	356	375	339	315	330	333	340	331	-	198	197544	5779
31	0	-	0	1	3	3	6	5	7	6	8	11	9	2	-	4	3501	122
	1-5	-	-	5	28	80	122	144	131	172	147	152	100	24	112	68	67782	1679
	6-9	-	0	5	45	115	219	260	294	318	320	301	263	40	388	129	128470	3607
	0-9	-	0	11	76	198	347	409	432	496	475	464	372	66	500	201	199753	5406
41&51	0	-	-	3	22	30	26	22	31	26	31	45	36	24	-	18	19287	522
	1-5	-	0	33	69	83	107	97	116	93	101	85	42	26	-	59	58156	1426
	6-9	-	0	8	35	60	65	69	50	43	37	47	40	20	-	33	32364	998
	0-9	-	0	44	126	173	198	188	197	162	169	147	117	70	-	110	109007	2946
11-51	0	-	0	9	49	74	78	70	77	78	78	107	123	117	-	52	51872	1663
	1-5	-	0	48	131	248	310	333	327	335	327	283	226	110	112	175	174010	4321
	6-9	-	1	22	143	340	513	569	564	560	569	554	480	240	388	282	280422	8149
	0-9	-	1	79	323	662	901	972	968	973	974	944	829	467	500	509	506304	14133
81	X	-	0	6	40	85	44	11	5	5	2	5	2	1	-	19	18780	536
11-81	X	-	1	85	363	747	945	983	973	978	976	949	831	468	500	528	525084	14669
91	X	-	755	817	586	220	35	1	3	1	2	1	-	1	388	274	271624	7779
92	X	-	7	14	14	12	7	2	4	3	2	10	10	21	112	8	8057	229
93	X	-	1	2	6	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	0	1	-	1	1255	39
94-97	X	-	236	82	31	20	12	13	19	18	20	39	159	509	-	80	79079	2135
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	109	107797	2939
91-99	X	1000	999	915	637	253	55	17	27	22	24	51	169	532	500	472	467812	13121
11-99	X#	1000	999	1000	1001	1003	1001	1000	1001	1002	1000	1000	999	999	1000	1000	992896	27790
PERS. DIST./000#		109	116	120	105	98	83	77	72	58	47	37	26	52	0	1001	XXX	XXX
EST. PERS. (00)		107797	115555	120456	103767	97354	82471	76182	71144	57520	46488	36787	25781	51325	269	992896	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSON		2939	3266	3374	2930	2662	2353	2067	1967	1604	1375	1020	738	1491	4	27790	XXX	XXX

*: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (7): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY
GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791														FEMALE		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY INDUSTRY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS															ESTD. ALL PERSONS GROUPS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS
		0- 4	5- 9	10- 14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
11421	0	-	1	2	14	20	24	32	29	27	46	45	35	16	-	18	15632	
	1-5	-	-	12	25	34	12	30	23	26	36	27	18	16	-	18	15908	
	6-9	-	0	2	9	24	28	29	33	40	31	25	36	21	-	17	15564	
	0-9	-	1	16	48	78	64	91	85	93	113	97	89	53	-	53	47104	
31	0	-	-	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	3	2	3	-	-	1	661	
	1-5	-	-	1	9	8	8	10	10	7	8	4	3	2	-	5	4552	
	6-9	-	0	3	12	26	43	60	64	71	58	90	37	6	-	28	25233	
	0-9	-	0	4	21	36	51	72	75	79	69	96	43	8	-	34	30446	
41451	0	-	-	3	13	22	23	22	25	33	36	39	25	11	-	15	13773	
	1-5	-	0	6	23	17	35	24	43	19	28	29	13	9	-	17	15186	
	6-9	-	-	3	9	15	19	18	24	21	25	8	16	9	-	11	9881	
	0-9	-	0	12	45	54	77	64	92	73	89	76	54	29	-	43	38840	
11-51	0	-	1	5	27	44	47	56	55	61	85	86	63	27	-	34	30066	
	1-5	-	0	19	57	59	56	64	76	52	72	60	34	27	-	40	36646	
	6-9	-	0	8	30	65	90	107	121	132	114	123	89	36	-	56	50678	
	0-9	-	1	32	114	168	192	227	252	245	271	269	186	90	-	130	116390	
81	X	-	0	-	9	19	7	12	1	2	1	2	-	0	-	5	4239	
11-81	X	-	1	32	123	187	199	239	253	247	272	271	186	90	-	135	120629	
91	X	-	721	804	499	134	14	5	6	5	7	8	32	13	-	240	213712	
92	X	-	14	84	298	590	691	665	641	633	621	600	619	491	500	390	347959	
93	X	-	1	13	54	79	82	82	94	81	80	81	73	58	-	52	46138	
94-97	X	-	263	67	26	10	14	9	6	34	20	40	90	348	500	72	64003	
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	111	98845	
91-99	X	1000	999	968	877	813	801	761	747	753	728	729	814	910	1000	865	770657	
11-99	X#	1000	999	1001	999	1000	1000	999	999	1001	999	1000	998	999	1000	1000	891286	
PERS. DIST./000#		111	115	112	97	99	93	80	71	53	46	33	29	61	0	1001	XXX	
EST. PERS. (00)		98845	103129	99984	86349	88012	82469	71524	63433	47573	40577	29188	26021	53974	208	891286	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSON		2647	2893	2911	2466	2460	2307	2007	1808	1370	1146	845	754	1547	2	25163	XXX	

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST. (/000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR)
IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (7): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY CATEGORY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY
GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORIZED NOT WORKING IN PRINCIPAL STATUS FOR EACH AGE-GROUP.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791														PERSONS		
USUAL STATUS	ACTIVITY	AGE-GROUP IN YEARS														ESTD. PERSONS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS	
	INDUSTRY	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & ABOVE	NOT RECD.	ALL GROUPS		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
11&21	0	-	0	4	19	31	35	38	34	37	42	48	57	52	-	24	45716	
	1-5	-	-	11	30	61	47	62	53	50	59	55	51	37	-	34	63981	
	6-9	-	1	6	39	98	129	138	132	127	128	126	106	99	-	72	134952	
	0-9	-	1	21	88	190	211	238	219	214	229	229	214	188	-	130	244649	
31	0	-	0	0	2	2	3	3	4	3	6	7	6	1	-	2	4162	
	1-5	-	-	3	19	46	65	79	74	97	82	87	52	13	63	38	72334	
	6-9	-	0	4	30	72	131	164	186	207	198	207	149	23	218	82	153703	
	0-9	-	0	7	51	120	199	246	264	307	286	301	207	37	281	122	230199	
41&51	0	-	-	3	18	26	24	22	28	29	33	42	30	18	-	17	32060	
	1-5	-	0	20	48	51	71	62	82	59	67	44	28	17	-	39	73343	
	6-9	-	0	6	23	38	42	44	38	33	32	30	28	14	-	23	42444	
	0-9	-	0	29	89	115	137	128	148	121	132	116	86	49	-	79	147847	
11-51	0	-	0	7	39	59	62	63	66	69	81	97	93	71	-	43	81938	
	1-5	-	0	34	97	158	183	203	209	206	208	186	131	67	63	111	209658	
	6-9	-	1	16	92	208	302	346	356	367	358	363	283	136	218	177	331099	
	0-9	-	1	57	228	425	547	612	631	642	647	646	507	274	281	331	622695	
81	X	-	0	4	26	54	26	11	3	4	2	4	1	1	-	12	23019	
11-81	X	-	1	61	254	479	573	623	634	646	649	650	508	275	281	343	645714	
91	X	-	739	811	546	181	25	3	4	3	5	4	16	7	218	257	485336	
92	X	-	10	46	143	267	348	323	304	289	289	269	315	261	293	189	356015	
93	X	-	1	7	28	38	41	40	45	37	37	37	37	30	-	25	47393	
94-97	X	-	249	75	29	15	13	11	13	25	20	40	124	427	218	76	143082	
99	X	1000	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	110	206642	
91-99	X	1000	999	939	746	521	427	377	366	354	351	350	492	725	719	657	1238468	
11-99	X#	1000	999	1000	1001	999	1001	999	1000	999	1001	1002	1000	999	999	1001	1884182	
PERS.DST/000#		110	116	118	101	98	88	78	71	56	46	35	27	56	0	999	XXX	
EST.PERS.(00)		206642	218684	220440	190116	185366	164940	147706	134577	105094	87064	66975	51803	105298	477	1884182	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSON		5586	6159	5285	5396	5122	4660	4074	3775	2974	2521	1865	1492	3038	6	52953	XXX	

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.3..17 FROM 1000 UNDER STATUS 11-99/ COL.17 UNDER PERSONS DIST./ (000) FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR)
IS ADJUSTED WITH THE ROW/ COLUMN HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE ROW-SUM/ COL-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (8): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY INDUSTRY.

ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822				RURAL	
INDUSTRY SECTION		MALE		FEMALE		PERSONS	
		PRINCIPAL STATUS WORKERS	ALL WORKERS INCL. SUBSID. STATUS WORKERS	PRINCIPAL STATUS WORKERS	ALL WORKERS INCL. SUBSID. STATUS WORKERS	PRINCIPAL STATUS WORKERS	ALL WORKERS INCL. SUBSID. STATUS WORKERS
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
AGRICULTURE ETC.	(0)	749	750	862	872	782	792
MINING ETC.	(1)	6	6	4	3	5	5
MANUFACTURING	(2)	45	44	39	40	43	43
MANUFACTURING	(3)	18	18	9	9	15	15
ELECTRICITY	(4)	4	4	1	1	4	3
CONSTRUCTION	(5)	37	37	24	21	33	31
WHOLESALE RETAIL TRADE ETC.	(6)	52	52	23	22	44	42
TRANSPORT, STORAGE ETC.	(7)	19	19	2	1	14	13
FINANCIAL, INSURANCE, ETC. SERVICES	(8)	4	4	1	1	3	3
COMMUNITY, ETC. SERVICES	(9)	66	66	35	30	57	53
ALL (0-9)		998	1001	1000	1000	999	1001
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)		1605538	1644000	680079	870791	2285617	2514791
SAMPLE PERSONS		26317	26985	11159	14258	37476	41243

TABLE (B): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF USUALLY WORKING PERSONS BY INDUSTRY.

ALL-INDIA		NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791				URBAN	
INDUSTRY SECTION		MALE		FEMALE		PERSONS	
		PRINCIPAL STATUS WORKERS	ALL WORKERS INCL. SUBSID. STATUS WORKERS	PRINCIPAL STATUS WORKERS	ALL WORKERS INCL. SUBSID. STATUS WORKERS	PRINCIPAL STATUS WORKERS	ALL WORKERS INCL. SUBSID. STATUS WORKERS
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
AGRICULTURE ETC.	(0)	101	102	232	258	123	132
MINING ETC.	(1)	13	13	8	8	12	12
MANUFACTURING	(2)	127	127	201	199	139	140
MANUFACTURING	(3)	96	96	43	48	88	87
ELECTRICITY	(4)	25	25	3	4	21	21
CONSTRUCTION	(5)	84	83	51	47	78	76
WHOLESALE RETAIL TRADE ETC.	(6)	198	199	91	93	180	179
TRANSPORT, STORAGE ETC.	(7)	96	95	22	19	84	81
FINANCIAL, INSURANCE, ETC. SERVICES (8)		39	38	24	21	36	35
COMMUNITY, ETC. SERVICES	(9)	221	222	325	303	239	237
ALL (0-9)		1001	999	1001	999	1000	999
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)		501941	506304	100162	116391	602103	622695
SAMPLE PERSONS		13981	14133	2966	3456	16947	17589

TABLE (9): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

RURAL ALL-INDIA		MALE									NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822		
USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS	CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS									PER 1000 DIST.OF PERSONS	ESTD. PERSONS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS	
	11-72	81-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) #	(11) #	(12)	(13)	
11 - 51	964	7	14	14	1	29	-	29	1000	545	1643999	26985	
81	24	956	6	14	-	20	-	20	1000	7	20781	351	
11 - 81	952	19	14	14	1	29	-	29	1000	552	1664780	27336	
91	5	0	954	40	1	995	-	995	1000	215	649287	11282	
92 - 97	11	1	13	973	2	988	-	988	1000	110	331230	5484	
91 - 97	7	0	637	355	1	993	-	993	999	325	980517	16766	
99	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	123	370774	6013	
91 - 99	5	0	462	258	1	721	274	995	1000	448	1351291	22779	
11 - 99	527	11	215	123	1	339	123	462	1001	1000	3016071	50115	
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)	1591453	32025	646948	371862	3009	1021819	370774	1392593	3016071	XXX	XXX	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSONS	26118	536	11367	6034	47	17448	6013	23461	50115	XXX	XXX	XXX	

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.10 FROM 1000/ COL.11 UNDER USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS 11-99 FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE COLUMN/ ROW HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE COL-SUM/ ROW-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 49TH ROUND : JANUARY 1993-JUNE 1993
TABLE (9): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO
CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

RURAL ALL-INDIA		FEMALE								NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822		
USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS		CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS								PER 1000 ESTD. SAMPLE DIST. OF PERSONS PERSONS		
		11-72	81&82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	PERSONS (00)	PERSONS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)#	(11)#	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	738	3	11	247	1	259	-	259	1001	310	870791	14258
81	1	753	23	223	-	246	-	246	1000	2	6297	104
11 - 81	734	8	11	246	1	258	-	258	1000	312	877088	14362
91	1	0	955	44	-	999	-	999	999	142	399572	7323
92 - 97	5	0	3	991	1	995	-	995	1001	420	1182664	19351
91 - 97	4	0	243	752	1	996	-	996	1001	562	1582236	26674
99	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	126	353598	5709
91 - 99	3	0	199	615	0	814	183	997	1000	688	1935834	32383
11 - 99	231	3	140	499	1	640	126	766	1001	1000	2812922	46745
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00) 649960	7287	393671	1406816	1590	1802077	353598	2155675	2812922	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSONS	10662	132	7249	22970	23	30242	5709	35951	46745	XXX	XXX	XXX

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.10 FROM 1000/ COL.11 UNDER USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS 11-99 FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE COLUMN/ ROW HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE COL-SUM/ ROW-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (9): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

RURAL ALL-INDIA	PERSONS									NO. OF SAMPLE VILLAGES: 4822			
USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS	CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS									PER 1000	ESTD.	SAMPLE	
	11-72	81&82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	DIST. OF PERSONS	(00)	PERSONS	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)#	(11)#	(12)	(13)	
11 - 51	885	6	13	95	1	109	-	109	1001	431	2514791	41243	
81	19	908	10	63	-	73	-	73	1000	5	27078	455	
11 - 81	877	15	13	94	1	108	-	108	1000	436	2541869	41698	
91	3	0	955	42	0	997	-	997	999	180	1048859	18605	
92 - 97	6	0	5	988	1	994	-	994	1000	260	1513893	24835	
91 - 97	5	0	393	601	1	995	-	995	999	440	2562752	43440	
99	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	124	724372	11722	
91 - 99	4	0	307	468	1	776	220	996	1000	564	3287124	55162	
11 - 99	384	7	179	305	1	485	124	609	1001	1000	5828993	96860	
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)	2241413	39312	1040619	1778678	4599	2823896	724372	3548268	5828993	XXX	XXX	XXX	
SAMPLE PERSONS	36780	668	18616	29004	70	47690	11722	59412	96860	XXX	XXX	XXX	

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.10 FROM 1000/ COL.11 UNDER USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS 11-99 FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE COLUMN/ ROW HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE COL-SUM/ ROW-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (9): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		MALE								NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791		
USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS	CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS									PER 1000 DIST. OF PERSONS PERSONS	ESTD. PERSONS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS
	11-72	81&82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) #	(11) #	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	983	6	3	7	1	11	-	11	1000	509	506305	14133
81	14	980	3	3	-	6	-	6	1000	19	18780	536
11 - 81	949	40	3	7	1	11	-	11	1000	528	525085	14669
91	2	1	967	30	0	997	-	997	1000	274	271624	7779
92 - 97	6	7	11	968	6	985	-	985	1000	89	88390	2403
91 - 97	4	2	732	260	2	994	-	994	1000	363	360014	10182
99	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	109	107797	2939
91 - 99	3	2	564	200	1	765	230	995	999	472	467811	13121
11 - 99	503	22	267	98	1	366	109	475	1000	1001	992896	27790
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)	499390	21994	265219	97516	980	363715	107797	471512	992896	XXX	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSONS	13938	601	7616	2654	42	10312	2939	13251	27790	XXX	XXX	XXX

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.10 FROM 1000/ COL.11 UNDER USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS 11-99 FROM 1000(ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE COLUMN/ ROW HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE COL-SUM/ ROW-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (9): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

URBAN ALL-INDIA		FEMALE								NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791		
USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS	CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS									PER 1000 DIST. OF PERSONS	ESTD. PERSONS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS
	11-72	81-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) #	(11) #	(12)	(13)
11 - 81	827	3	6	164	0	170	-	170	998	131	116391	3456
81	-	974	5	21	-	26	-	26	1001	5	4239	124
11 - 81	798	37	6	159	0	165	-	165	998	136	120630	3580
91	1	0	946	52	1	999	-	999	1001	240	213712	6186
92 - 97	1	1	2	995	1	998	-	998	1000	513	458099	12750
91 - 97	1	0	303	695	1	999	-	999	1000	753	671811	18936
98	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	111	98845	2647
91 - 99	1	0	264	606	1	871	128	999	1000	864	770656	21583
11 - 99	109	5	229	545	1	775	111	886	1001	1001	891286	25163
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)	96789	4800	204052	486276	524	690852	98845	739697	891286	XXX	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSONS	2906	138	5974	13470	28	19472	2647	22119	25163	XXX	XXX	XXX

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.10 FROM 1000/ COL.11 UNDER USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS 11-99 FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE COLUMN/ ROW HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE COL. SUM/ ROW-SUM EQUALS TO 1000

TABLE (9): PER 1000 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY FOR EACH USUAL ACTIVITY TAKING ALSO INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF PERSONS CATEGORISED NOT WORKING IN THE PRINCIPAL STATUS.

URBAN ALL-INDIA	PERSONS									NO. OF SAMPLE BLOCKS: 2791		
	CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS									PER 1000 DIST. OF PERSONS	ESTD. PERSONS (00)	SAMPLE PERSONS
	USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS	11-72	81&82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) #	(11) #	(12)	(13)
11 - 51	953	5	4	37	1	42	-	42	1001	330	622695	17589
81	11	979	4	6	-	10	-	10	1000	12	23019	660
11 - 81	919	40	4	36	1	41	-	41	1001	342	645714	18249
91	2	0	958	39	1	998	-	998	1000	258	485336	13965
92 - 97	2	2	3	991	2	996	-	996	1000	290	546490	15153
91 - 97	2	1	452	544	1	997	-	997	999	548	1031826	29118
99	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	1000	1000	1000	110	206642	5586
91 - 99	2	1	377	452	1	830	167	997	1001	658	1238468	34704
11 - 99	316	14	249	310	1	560	110	670	1000	1000	1884182	52953
ESTIMATED PERSONS (00)	596178	26794	469272	583792	1504	1054568	206642	1261210	1884182	XXX	XXX	XXX
SAMPLE PERSONS	16844	739	13590	16124	70	29784	5586	35370	52953	XXX	XXX	XXX

#: THE DIFFERENCE OF ENTRY IN COL.10 FROM 1000/ COL.11 UNDER USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS 11-99 FROM 1000 (ROUNDING OFF ERROR) IS ADJUSTED WITH THE COLUMN/ ROW HAVING MAXIMUM ENTRY MAKING RESPECTIVE COL-SUM/ ROW-SUM EQUALS TO 1000