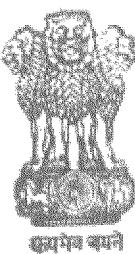


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भारत सरकार  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण संगठन  
**NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY ORGANISATION**

चौदालिसवां दौर  
**FORTY FOURTH ROUND**

(जुलाई 1988 – जून 1989)  
(JULY 1988 – JUNE 1989 )

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जनजाति क्षेत्रों में जनजातियों एवं गैर-जनजातियों के रहन-सहन की स्थिति पर रिपोर्ट  
**A REPORT ON LIVING CONDITIONS OF TRIBALS AND  
NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS**

फरवरी, 1991  
**FEBRUARY, 1991**

सांख्यिकी विभाग  
**DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS**

नई दिल्ली  
**NEW DELHI**

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A REPORT ON LIVING CONDITIONS OF TRIBALS AND  
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SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.0.1 Tribal life is a subject of wide range of studies. In India a very large ethnographic literature now exists mainly on the socio-cultural aspects of traditional societies of different tribes. But, the findings of the social anthropologists presented in these literature are mostly based on in-depth micro studies of few purposively selected villages and are, therefore, not amenable to wider generalisation.

1.0.2 The decennial population census is one of the main sources of information on a few demographic and occupational aspects of tribal population. The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) also covers tribal population as a part of the general population in its regular household surveys and provides estimates of some key characteristics of the relevant subject of enquiry separately for scheduled tribe population as a whole. Besides, the NSSO carried out a few special surveys in its 32nd (1977-78) and 33rd (1978-79) rounds for the North-Eastern region, covering aspects relating to the life of its people, who are mostly tribals. While the results of the regular NSS surveys and the Population Census are limited in their scope and contents, those from the special surveys of NSS are limited in their geographical coverage. Naturally, the available statistics on the socio-economic-cultural aspects of the tribal population is not satisfactory enough for getting a fuller view of the tribal scenario.

1.0.3 In this back ground, a comprehensive survey on the living conditions of tribals was conducted by the NSSO in its 44th round (July 1988-June 1989) with a view to providing estimates on various characteristics relating to the living conditions of some major tribes and of tribal population as a whole.

1.1.1 Population coverage : The 'tribal population' covered in this survey refers to the members of the scheduled tribes declared under Article 342 of the Constitution of India. The tribe of the head of the household was considered as the tribe of the household and also of all its members. Whether the household belonged to a scheduled tribe community or not was decided on the basis of the list of scheduled tribes as notified under the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes orders (Amendment) Act, 1976 and other relevant Acts and Orders for the state in which the household was enumerated. Thus a household whose tribe name did not appear in the notified list of the state/u.t. where the household was enumerated, was not regarded as a tribal household even if the tribe name was found in the notified list of another state/u.t. Consequently, the survey would not throw any estimate of scheduled tribe population for Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir,<sup>1</sup> Punjab, Chandigarh, Delhi and Pondicherry as no tribes were notified as scheduled tribe according to the relevant Acts and Orders in those states/union territories. This is a departure from the procedure adopted in the regular NSS surveys for identifying the social group (scheduled caste, scheduled tribe and others) of a household. In those surveys, the social group of a household was decided on the basis of the response of the informant to a simple question as to whether the household belonged to a scheduled caste/scheduled tribe community or not. No attempt was made to check whether the name of the caste/tribe was appearing in the notified list of the concerned state/u.t. or not.

1.2.1 Tribal Area : The scheduled tribe population is distributed unevenly over different regions of the country. As high as 85 per cent of the tribal population of the country is concentrated in the "central belt" extending from Gujarat and Rajasthan in the west to West Bengal in the east, through the states of Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Orissa and Bihar. Most of the remaining 15 per cent of the tribal population is accounted for by Sikkim and the north-eastern states of Assam, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland and Arunachal Pradesh.

1. A notification was issued by the President of India on 10.7.1989 which specified certain communities of Jammu & Kashmir as scheduled Tribe. The survey period of the 44th round, however, was over on 30th June, 1989.

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1.3.2 Except in the north-eastern region, the tribal population is generally concentrated in some districts within the states and even in those districts they are found to be unevenly distributed geographically. With a view to netting a sufficient number of tribal households in the sample and to providing reliable estimates through the tribal enquiry, some tribal concentration strata were formed in the rural sector such that together they accounted for bulk of the tribal population. (The details of stratification are given in section two). The area covered under these tribal concentration strata is referred to as tribal area.

1.3.1 Subject Coverage : The objective of the survey was to study the living condition of the tribals, covering mainly the aspects relating to their 'level of living' and 'economic activities'. The concept of 'level of living' ~~and~~ <sup>itself</sup> comprises a number of items viz. household consumption, housing condition, social consumption, inventory of household assets and liabilities, education, morbidity etc. For forming a comprehensive view of the 'economic activities' of the tribes, information on particulars of enterprise accounts, agricultural operations, land holdings, alienation of land, marketing of produce/products, dependence on forest and employment and unemployment are considered necessary. The survey also aimed to measure the disparity in living conditions between the tribals and non-tribals and to explore the problems stemming from migration of non-tribals to tribal areas in the rural sector.

1.3.2 Three household schedules numbered 29.1, 29.2 and 29.3 were designed to collect the above items of information. From the point of view of analysis, it would have, probably, been ideal to collect all the necessary household level information from the same set of sample tribal households in an integrated manner. But, owing to practical difficulties of collecting data on a large number of items from a single household, the items relating to which information was to be collected were set out in two separate schedules of enquiry meant to be canvassed in two separate sets of sample tribal households. The set of items relating to 'level of living of tribals' was

noused in schedule 29.1, while the items relating to 'economic activities' of the tribals were kept in schedule 29.2. The third schedule (schedule 29.3) was designed to collect comparable data on 'living conditions of non-tribals' residing in the tribal areas.

1.3.) The tribal areas present considerable degree of environmental diversity. The majority of tribal areas have remained isolated and backward. I village schedule 29.1 was, therefore, designed to collect necessary data from the tribal areas for providing estimates of availability of facilities like communication, education, medical care, drinking water etc., developmental infrastructure, existence of community land and forest resources, and attitude and practices of the tribals in respect of settled and shifting cultivation etc.

1.4.1 Geographical Coverage : The survey was conducted in the whole of India, except in Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir. However, there is no scheduled tribe in this state according to Article 342 of the Constitution. <sup>before 10.7.79</sup> The exclusion of these two districts from the coverage of NSS 44th round will, therefore, not affect the results of the results of the tribal enquiries.

1.4.2 The rural areas of Nagaland was covered by the NSSO for the first time in this round. But, owing to the presence of large tracts of inaccessible area, it was not considered desirable to adopt probability sampling for the rural areas of the state. In view of the above, the estimates of Nagaland are not presented along with the estimates for rural areas of other states. These are also not included in the estimates for all-India. A separate brochure for rural areas of Nagaland may be brought out subsequently.

1.5.1 Contents of the report : The present report is the fourth in the series of reports on 'Tribal survey' conducted in the NSS 44th round (July 1988-June 1989). While the first report<sup>1)</sup> in the series was based on the data collected through the village schedule 3.1 in the 'tribal areas' of the states only, the second<sup>2)</sup> and third<sup>3)</sup> reports, which provided estimates relating to living conditions and economic activities of the tribals residing in the rural areas, were based on the data collected in the household schedule 29.1 and 29.2 respectively from whole of the states. The present report gives a comparative picture of the living conditions and economic activities of the tribals and the non-tribals residing in the tribal areas. While the estimates for the non-tribals are built up from the data collected through schedule 29.3 canvassed in the tribal areas of the states, the comparative estimates for the tribals are based on the data collected in schedule 29.1 or 29.2 from the sample tribal households of stratum type-1, i.e. 'tribal areas' of the states. The report which presents the state and all-India level estimates pertaining to rural areas only and is based on the data of the central sample only.

1.5.2 The report consists of three sections of text and two appendices. Apart from the general outline and background of the tribal survey given above, Section one also contains the concepts and definitions of important terms used in the survey and are relevant to the present report. The sample design and estimation procedure adopted for the enquiry are described in Section Two. The third section provides some summary findings emphasising the comparative status of the tribals and non-tribals residing in the tribal areas in respect of various characteristics relating to the living conditions of the population. Appendix I and II respectively give the detailed tables and list of districts in which tribal areas were formed for coverage under stratum type-1.

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- 1/ NSS Report No. 375 : A report on some important characteristics of villages in tribal areas (mimeo.).
  - 2/ NSS Report No. 376 : A report on living conditions of some major tribes of India
  - 3/ NSS Report No. 379 An economic profile of some major tribes of India.

1.5.3 The tables given in Appendix-I do not provide estimates for the states of Goa, Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Nagaland and Punjab and the union territories of Chandigarh, Dadra & Diu, Delhi and Pondicherry. As stated in para 1.4.2, estimates for Nagaland are not presented in this report and, thus, the all-India estimates given in the table of Appendix-I do not account for Nagaland. In the case of Manipur, only 3 non-tribal households were surveyed. Owing to the inadequacy of sample size, the estimates for the state are not presented, although the all-India estimates are built up taking into account the contribution of the states. In the rest of the states and union territories mentioned above, the survey for non-tribal households was not conducted as no stratum type 1 was formed in those states.

1.6.1 Concepts and Definitions : The concepts and definitions of important terms used in the survey and relevant to this report are explained below :

1.6.2 Tribal and non-tribal population : The statutory list of scheduled tribe is notified in pursuance of Article 342 of the constitution. The members of the tribes appearing in the respective state-schedule, as notified under the scheduled castes and scheduled tribe, Orders (Amendment) Act, 1976, and other relevant Acts and Orders, constituted the tribal population. However, in case of Arunachal Pradesh, an amalgamated list of tribes appearing in the state-schedule was prepared. Persons who were not treated as belonging to scheduled tribe as per the definition given above were considered as non-tribal population.

1.6.3 Household A household was a group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen. However, a boarding house, a hotel or a hostel was treated as a cluster of households where each individual boarder formed a separate household. If, however, a group of persons among them normally pooled their income for spending, they together were treated as forming a single household. Barracks of military and para-military forces, orphanages and vagrant houses were excluded from the scope of the survey.

1.6.4      Household member : Any person who was a normal resident of the household was considered to be a member of the household. The members of a household might or might not be related by blood to one another. The total number of members of a household including temporary stay-aways but excluding temporary visitors was considered to be the size of the household. The members who report their age at last birth day as 14 or less were considered as children.

1.6.5      Household consumer-expenditure :

- (a) The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period of 30 days preceding the date of survey was the household consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure was the total of monetary values of consumption of various items.
- (b) The estimates of consumer expenditure presented in this report are based on the data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3. In both the schedules, information was collected only on total household consumer expenditure, taking into account consumption made out of
  - (i) commodities and services purchased in cash or on credit;
  - (ii) commodities and services received in exchange of goods and services;
  - (iii) home grown/ home produced stock;
  - (iv) transfer receipts such as borrowings, gifts etc.; and
  - (v) free collection.

1.6.6      Level of education : In this report, the estimates on educational particulars of individuals are presented in terms of the nine levels of education given below :

- (i) not literate,
- (ii) literate without formal education,
- (iii) literate but below primary,
- (iv) primary,
- (v) middle,
- (vi) secondary,
- (vii) higher secondary,
- (viii) certificate or diploma in any subject, and
- (ix) graduate and above.

'Literacy' was defined as the capacity to read and write a simple message in at least one language. Those incapable of reading and writing any simple message were considered 'not literate'. Among the literates who had never attended any school were assigned the level 'literate without formal education'. The rests of the literates were assigned one of the standard educational levels, depending upon the successful completion of successive higher standard of education. Generally, classes I to IV or I to V were considered as the 'primary' level. The 'middle' level meant classes VI to VIII, and the higher classes leading to matriculation or school final examination were considered as 'secondary'. Courses, taken after matriculation to appear in pre-university, higher secondary or intermediate examinations were considered as 'higher secondary'. Persons who obtained certificate or diploma in any subject, after passing the secondary or higher secondary standard examination were classified under 'certificate or diploma in any subject'. A degree holder on any subject was classified under 'graduate and above'.

1.6.7 Migrant: A person was considered as migrant if his/her place of enumeration (village/town) was different from the last (previous) usual residence (village/town). The usual residence, for the purpose of this survey, was defined as a place (village/town) where the person stayed continuously for a period of six months or more. However, the visit of married women (staying sometimes more than six months) to their parent's house for child birth or for any other reason

was not considered as migratory movement. Again, movement from one locality to another within the same town/village was not considered as migration.

1.6.8      Gainful activity : Gainful activity (or work) is the activity pursued by persons for pay, profit or family gain, or in other words, the activity which adds value to the national product. Normally, it is an activity which results in production of 'goods and services' for exchange. However, the activities in 'agriculture' (i.e. all activities relating to industry division 'O') of which a part or the whole of the agricultural production is used for own consumption and does not go for sale, are also considered 'gainful'. Execution of household chores or social commitments etc., however, are not considered 'gainful activities'. The activities, such as, prostitution, begging etc., though provide earnings, are, by convention, not considered 'gainful'.

1.6.9      Activity status : The activity status of an individual was the activity situation obtaining for the person in respect of his/her participation in gainful and also non-gainful activities during the specified reference period. Various activity categories (along with the corresponding codes) used in the 44th round survey are as under.

<u>description</u>	<u>code</u>
<u>situation of working (or employed)</u>	
<u>worked in household enterprise in-</u>	
(i) hunting, trapping and gathering of forest products. ...	11
(ii) shifting cultivation ...	12
(iii) livestock and poultry raising ...	13
(iv) settled cultivation ...	14
(v) other agricultural activities ...	15
(vi) non-agricultural activities ...	16

	<u>description</u>	<u>code</u>
(vii)	worked as regular salaried/wage employee ...	31
(viii)	worked as casual wage labour in public works	41
(ix)	worked as casual wage labour in other types of work ...	51
(x)	had work in household enterprise but did not work due to (a) sickness ... (b) other reasons ...	61 62
(xi)	had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to (a) sickness ... (b) other reasons ...	71 72

situation of not working but available for work

(xii)	did not work but was seeking and/or available for work ...	81
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situation of being neither working nor available for work

(xiii)	attended educational institutions	91
(xiv)	attended domestic duties only	92
(xv)	attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods, sewing, tailoring, weaving etc., for household use	93
(xvi)	rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients	94
(xvii)	not able to work due to disability	95
(xviii)	others ... ...	97
(xix)	did not work due to temporary sickness (for casual workers only) ...	98
(xx)	infants of age 0-4 years ...	-

In the tribal survey of NSS 44th round, the activity status of an individual was determined adopting two different approaches. The two approaches are :

- (i) usual status approach with a reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey; and,
- (ii) current weekly status approach with a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey.

For usual status classification, activity status codes 61, 62, 71, 72 and 98 were not applicable.

#### 1.6.10 Classification according to usual status approach

The status of activity on which a person spent relatively longer time of the preceding 365 days prior to the date of survey was considered the principal usual status of the person. Accordingly, a person's broad principal usual activity status was considered 'working' or 'employed', if he / she was engaged in anyone or more work activities (activity codes 11 to 51) or 'seeking or available for work' or 'unemployed', if he/she was not working but was either seeking or was available for work (activity code 81) or 'not in labour force' if he/she was engaged in any one or more of the non-gainful activities (activity codes 91 to 95, 97 and 98), for a relatively longer time (among the broad three activity status) during the reference period of 365 days. Within the two broad activity categories, 'working' and 'not in labour force', the detailed activity category was determined on the basis of time spent criterion. A non-worker (on the basis of principal usual activity status) who pursued some gainful activity in a subsidiary capacity was considered to be usually working in a subsidiary capacity. Persons, thus, categorised as 'working' in the principal status and subsidiary status together constitute 'all workers' according to the usual status classification.

1.6.11      Classification according to current weekly

status approach : For classification of persons according to current weekly status, they had to be initially assigned a unique activity status with reference to a period of 7 days preceding the date of survey. A unique status was assigned to persons pursuing more than one activity during the week by adopting a priority-cum-major time rule. Under the priority rule, the status of 'working' got priority over the status of 'not working but seeking/available for work' and the status of 'not working but seeking/available for work' got priority over the status of 'not working and not seeking/not available for work'. But, within the broad category of 'working' or 'not working', the detailed activity category was assigned by major time criterion, i.e., the activity category in which major part or time was spent was considered the current weekly status. Thus, a person was considered 'working' (or employed) if he/she was engaged in any one or more of the gainful activities (codes 11 to 72) for at least one hour on any one day of the reference week. Further, he/she was assigned that gainful activity category (codes 11 to 72) on which he/she spent major part of the working time during the reference week. A person who had not worked for even one hour on any one day of the week, but had been seeking work or had been available for work (although not seeking) at any time during the week was considered 'seeking/available for work' (or unemployed). Others were considered 'not available for work' (or not in labour force).

1.6.12      Livelihood class : One of the following livelihood classes was assigned to a household on the basis of the source of household's income during a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey from gainful activities, as defined in paragraph 1.6.8 :

- (i) hunting, trapping and gathering of forest produces for household consumption only;
- (ii) shifting cultivation
- (iii) livestock and poultry raising;

- (iv) settled cultivation;
- (v) collection of minor forest produces;
- (vi) other agricultural activities;
- (vii) self-employment in non-agriculture;
- (viii) agricultural labour
- (ix) mining and quarrying labour
- (x) manufacturing and construction labour; and
- (xi) others.

Of these, the source which contributed the most in the combined income of the members of the household (excluding the household's employees and paying guests) from gainful activities during the 365 days preceding the date of survey was considered the livelihood class of the household. A household reporting no income (from gainful activity) was classified under 'others'. It should be noted that a household deriving its maximum income from hunting, trapping and gathering of forest produces for household consumption only was put in class (i), while that derived its maximum income from collection of minor forest produces meant mainly for 'selling' was counted in class (V).

1.6.13 Wage and salary earnings : Wages and salaries receivable for the work done by a person during 7 days preceding the date of survey were considered as the wage and salary earnings of the person, irrespective of whether the payment was received or not. The payment could be in cash or in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind. The wages and salaries in kind were evaluated at retail price. Amount receivable as 'over time' for the additional work done beyond normal working time during the reference week was also counted. Bonus (expected or paid) and perquisites, evaluated at retail prices, and duly apportioned for the reference week was also considered as wage and salary earnings.

1.6.14        Ownership of land :    A plot of land was considered to be owned by the household if permanent heritable possession with or without the right to transfer the title was vested in a member or members of the household. Land held in ownerlike possession under long-term lease or assignment was also considered as land owned. In the tribal area, a plot might be possessed by a tribal household according to traditional tribal rights. Generally, a plot of land was given to the household by local chieftans/district council. The holder of such land might or might not possess a title of ownership. Even if the household did not possess a little of ownership, it was deemed to have ownerlike possession without title provided the household had the right of long term use of the land.

1.6.15        Household assets :    Household assets were defined to include all items of physical assets owned by the household which had money values, such as, land, trees building, livestock, agricultural implements, non-farm business equipments, all transport equipments, household durable goods, etc. However, crops standing in the field and stock of commodities held by the household were not considered as assets, for the purpose of tribal survey of NSS 44th round. A physical asset owned by the household on the date of survey if acquired by purchase during 365 days preceding the date of survey, the purchase price was considered as the value of the asset. In all other cases, the value of the asset was ascertained on the basis of the current market price prevailing in the locality on the date of survey, taking into account the condition of the assets.

1.6.16        Loan + cash and kind :    All claims against the household held by others were considered as loans of the household. Unpaid bills of grocers, doctors etc. also constituted the liability of the household. Sometimes, payments were made regularly to shopkeepers, doctors etc. once in a month or after a fixed period of interval. In all such cases, dues were considered payable only after the expiry of the due date. However, such small loans which remained outstanding

for a period of less than 3 months or loans which were less than 3 months or loans which were less than Rs.100 were ignored. All loans taken in cash were considered 'cash' loans irrespective of whether the repayment was made in cash or kind. Similarly, all loans taken in kind irrespective of whether repayment was made in cash or kind were treated as 'kind' loans.

1.6.17      Credit agency : Credit agency was the agency from which a loan had been taken. For the purpose of the 'tribal survey' of NSS 44th round, the following credit agencies were considered :

Government, Co-operative society, Commercial bank, Landlord, Money lender - tribal, Moneylender - Non-tribal, Trader, Relatives & friends and others.

The credit agency 'Landlord' was applicable only when the loan was given by a landlord to his tenant. When the loan was taken from a person who belonged to landlord class but the borrower was not a tenant of that landlord, the appropriate credit agency was moneylender, tribal or non-tribal as the case might be. Again, credit agency was 'relatives & friends' only when a loan was received from a relative or a friend free of interest. If the loan bore interest, it was considered as taken from the 'Moneylender', 'Trader', etc. depending upon the type of business carried out by the lender.

1.6.18      Purpose of loan : The purpose of loan is defined as the occasion which prompted the household to contract the loan. Even if the loan was utilised for a purpose other than that for which the loan had been contracted, the purpose for which the loan was originally taken was considered. If more than one purpose has involved, the purpose for which the major amount had been planned to be spent was considered. The purposes considered for the survey are as follows :

- (i) capital expenditure in farm business
- (ii) current expenditure in farm business
- (iii) capital expenditure in non-farm business
- (iv) current expenditure in non-farm business
- (v) expenditure relating to marriage
- (vi) expenditure relating to other social ceremonies
- (vii) repayment of debt
- (viii) others.

## SECTION TWO

### SAMPLE DESIGN AND ESTIMATION PROCEDURE FOR RURAL SECTOR.

2.0.1 Broad design : The sampling design adopted in this survey was a stratified two stage one with census village as the first stage units. Second stage units were tribal households for schedules 29.1 and 29.2 and non-tribal households for schedule 29.3. The sample villages were selected systematically with probability proportional to total population in the form of two independent interpenetrating samples (IPNS) from each stratum. In the case of Nagaland, however, the sample villages were selected in a purposive manner. The sample households were selected circular systematically with a random start from among the scheduled tribe households for schedules 29.1 and 29.2 and from among the non-tribal households for schedule 29.3. The sample households for schedule 29.3 were selected only from the sample villages/<sup>or</sup> stratum type-1 (designated as tribal areas).

2.1.1 Demarcation of strata ; rural sector : In Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Chandigarh, Delhi, Goa, Daman & Diu and Pondicherry where there was no tribal population, and also in Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep where the scheduled tribe population was more or less evenly spread, each district with 1981 census population less than 1.8 million formed a single stratum. The districts with larger population were divided into two or more strata, depending on population, by grouping contiguous tehsils similar, as far as possible, in respect of rural population density and crop pattern.

2.1.2 In the remaining states, all districts accounting for the bulk of the state's tribal population were selected for formation of strata with concentration of tribal population. Besides these districts, a few other districts with less tribal population were also earmarked for formation of tribal concentration strata with a view to ensuring coverage of as many ethnic

groups as possible. Within each district so identified for formation of tribal concentration strata, the tehsils with relatively high concentration of tribal population together constituted one stratum. These tehsils were selected in such a way that together they accounted for bulk (70% or more) of the district tribal population. The proportion of tribal to total population in these strata were significantly higher than those of the corresponding districts as a whole. The tehsils grouped together to form such stratum were not always geographically contiguous. These tribal concentration strata were called 'STRATUM TYPE - 1' or 'TRIBAL AREAS'. In each of these districts, the remaining tehsils were grouped together to form separate stratum designated as 'STRATUM TYPE - 2'. All the strata of Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Lakshadweep and Sikkim were also considered as stratum type - 1 because of high percentage of ST population in those strata. Each of the remaining districts which were not identified for formation of stratum type-1 formed separate stratum. All the strata which were not designated as stratum type - 1 were called stratum type - 2. The districts in which stratum type-1 were formed are given in Appendix-II.

2.2.1     General and special sample villages : There were two types of samples in this round. The first type was a 'general' sample selected from the entire universe, in which enquiries on consumer expenditure, housing condition and construction were carried out along with the tribal enquiry. The second type which was confined only to the 'tribal areas' was designated as 'special' sample villages. The special samples were intended for augmenting the general samples for the tribal enquiry and, therefore, in these villages only the schedules of the tribal enquiry were canvassed.

2.3.1     Allocation of sample villages :   The state allocations of general and special sample villages as well as urban blocks were done considering the investigator strength, rural-urban distribution of population and the size of the tribal population of each state/u.t.   The total number of general sample villages and special sample villages were 7776 and 1128 respectively.   This is as regards the central sample\*.

2.3.2     The general sample of villages (of a state/u.t.) were allocated to the different strata in proportion to total rural population.   The allocations were adjusted such that, in general, the region-wise sample sizes were multiples of 8 in order to have equal number of villages in the 2 sub-sample x 4 sub-round combinations, and stratum allocations were multiple of at least.

2.4.1     Selection of sample villages :   Sample villages of both types (general and special) were selected systematically with probability proportional to total population in the form of two independent sub-samples from the list of 1981 census villages in all states/u.ts. except in Assam (where 1981 census was not done) and a few districts of some other states (where the available list of villages were not satisfactory). In those cases, 1971 census villages lists were used. In the case of Nagaland, sample villages were selected in a purposive manner. The sample consisted of 120 villages each for the central and state samples. All the 164 villages connected by bus were equally divided between the central and state samples. The remaining 76 villages required were chosen from among the 186 villages that fell within 5 km. of a bus route.

2.5.1     Selection of hamlet-groups   To minimise the work load at the listing stage hamlet-groups were formed in the large villages. In the case of the general sample villages requiring hamlet-group formation, a village was divided into a certain number of hamlet-groups with roughly equal population content and one of them was selected for survey at random. The same procedure was adopted for the special sample village where the tribal

\*Most of the states participate in the NSS surveys. Two independent set of samples are selected to be surveyed and tabulated by the Central Agency and different State Agencies. The former is referred to as Central sample and the latter as state sample.

population was more or less evenly distributed. But in the remaining special sample villages requiring hamlet-group formation, a village was divided into a number of hamlet-groups in such a way that the population of a hamlet-group so formed was about half of population of a hamlet-group generally formed. The hamlet-group having largest tribal population was selected with certainty (called area type 1) and one more hamlet group from the remaining hamlet-groups (area type 2) was selected at random for survey.

2.6.1      Selection of sample household (rural) : In a sample village, the households were first classified as scheduled tribe (ST) and others (non ST) and then by the means of livelihood class such as (1) permanent cultivation, (2) shifting cultivation, (3) wage paid manual labour and (4) others. The households were then arranged in the order : ST with means of livelihood (1), (2), (3) and (4) ; and non-ST with means of livelihood (1), & (2), (3) and (4).

2.6.2      A combined sample of a specified number of households was selected circular systematically with a random start for schedules 29.1 and 29.2 from among the arranged frame of ST households only and schedules 29.1 and 29.2 were canvassed in odd and even order sample household respectively. An independent sample of households was selected in the same manner from among the arranged frame of non-ST households only for schedules 29.3.

2.7.1      Survey period and sub-round : The field work for the survey started in July 1988 and was completed in June 1989. The entire survey period of one year was divided into four sub-round periods of three months duration each coinciding approximately with the four climatic seasons. The sub-round periods were July to September 1988, October to December 1988, January to March 1989 and April to June 1989. The sample villages were distributed over the four sub-rounds in a manner so as to provide valid estimates separately for each of the sub-round periods.

2.8.1 Estimation procedure : The estimates of any aggregate at the region/state/all-India level was obtained as the sum of estimates of the aggregates of all the constituent strata of stratum type - 1. The formula for obtaining the estimates of the aggregates at the stratum level is given below :

Schedules 29.1, 29.2 and 29.3

$$\hat{Y}_S = \frac{P_S}{n_S} \sum_{i=1}^{n_S} \frac{\hat{y}_{Si}}{c_{Si} p_{Si}}$$

where

$$\hat{y}_{Si} = \frac{D_{Si} H_{Si}}{h_{Si}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{Si}} y_{Sij} \quad \text{in villages with no area type - 1.}$$

and

$$\hat{y}_{Si} = \frac{H_{Si1}}{h_{Si1}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{Si1}} y_{Sij} + D_{Si} \frac{H_{Si2}}{h_{Si2}} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{Si2}} y_{Sij}$$

in villages with area type - 1.

where a cap (^) placed over any sample denote the estimates obtained from the sample ;

s, i and j are suffixes and stand for stratum, village and household respectively ;  $P_S$  and  $n_S$  give the stratum values of population and number of sample villages respectively,  $c_{Si}$  and  $p_{Si}$  stand respectively for number of census villages contained in a large revenue village actually surveyed and the selection population of the sample village.  $H_{Si1}$  and  $h_{Si1}$  denote respectively the listed and sample number of households in area type - 1 for respective schedule ;  $H_{Si2}$  and  $h_{Si2}$  denote the same for area type - 2

and  $D_{s1}$  denote the number of hamlet groups formed in area type-2;  $y_{sij}$  is the observed value of the variate of a sample household.

2.8.2      Estimates of ratios :      The estimates of the ratio of the form  $R = Y/X$  is given by  $\hat{R} = \hat{Y}/\hat{X}$  where  $\hat{Y}$  and  $\hat{X}$  are obtained by using the formula already given at the level at which  $R$  is required.

SECTION THREE

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

3.0.1 This section presents a discussion on various aspects of living condition of the tribals and non-tribals of the "tribal areas", as defined for the survey. To examine the relative status of these two sections of the population, a comparison between their levels of living and economic activities is made in terms of some important characteristics, such as, literacy, employment, migration, household consumer expenditure, household assets and indebtedness. An attempt is also made to study disposal of land by the tribal and non-tribal households of "tribal areas", in the states/u.ts where the survey could not adequate number of sample households reporting disposal of land during last three years. The estimates given here, as well as those given in Appendix-I, are based on central sample only.

3.0.2 In the NSS 44th round, enquiry on living conditions of non-tribals was conducted in the sample villages falling under the tribal-concentration strata (stratum type - 1) formed for this round and referred to as tribal areas. Thus, the results for a particular state/u.t. pertain only to the part of the area covered under the tribal-concentration strata and not necessarily to the state as a whole.

3.1 Population in tribal areas :

3.1.1 Distribution of tribal population : The distribution of the tribal population over the states and union territories was discussed in an earlier report\* of the Tribal Survey, NSS 44th round. The results reveal that the scheduled tribe population was distributed unevenly over different regions of the country. As high as 88 per cent of the tribal population of rural India was concentrated in the region constituted of Rajasthan, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Orissa,

\*Report No. 378 : A Report on living condition of some major tribes of India (mimeo.)

Bihar, West Bengal, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu. This region is, henceforth, referred to as the "Central tribal belt". According to the survey estimates, the seven North-Eastern states of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim and Tripura accounted for a little over 9 per cent of the total tribal population. The remaining 3 per cent of the tribal population of rural India was distributed over Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh, Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep. These seven states/u.ts are henceforth referred to as "other states/u.ts."

3.1.2 Statement - 1 gives the proportion of tribal population residing in the tribal areas for each state and union territory. It is seen that the share of tribal areas in the total tribal population of rural India was as high as 80 per cent. In the North-East region, the tribal area accounted for 88 per cent of the tribal population, and in each of the other two regions the proportion was about 79 per cent. In fact, the tribal areas of each of the state/u.t., given in the statement, covered more than 70 per cent of the tribal population of its rural area. For Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep, the entire state/u.t. was considered as tribal areas. The tribal areas covered over 90 per cent of the tribal population of the respective states/u.ts in Gujarat, Manipur, Himachal Pradesh, and Andaman & Nicobar Is.

3.1.3 Composition of tribal areas : Statement - 1 also provides the percentage of tribal population to total population residing in the tribal areas of different states and union territories. It is seen that in the tribal areas, the tribals constituted ~~also~~ about 31 per cent of the total population at the all-India level. The said proportion varied widely over the regions. The tribals were in majority (54 p.c.) only in the North-East region. In the Central tribal belt, the tribals constituted about 35 per cent of its population in tribal areas and in Other states/u.ts it was only about 5 per cent.

Statement (1) : Percentage of tribal population residing in the tribal areas to the tribal population of a state and percentage of tribal population to total population of tribal areas

srl. no.	state/u.t./ region	p.c. of tribal population residing in tribal areas	Rural
			p.c. of tribals in total popula- tion of tribal areas
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	74.2	15.3
2.	Bihar	86.3	40.6
3.	Gujarat	91.7	58.6
4.	Madhya Pradesh	76.0	48.7
5.	Maharashtra	76.5	25.8
6.	Orissa	78.8	39.3
7.	Rajasthan	74.4	32.9
8.	West Bengal	77.3	22.9
9.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	100.0	84.5
10.	Central tribal belt	79.4	35.2
11.	Arunachal Pradesh	100.0	89.4
12.	Assam	80.3	38.2
13.	Manipur	92.5	97.3
14.	Meghalaya	100.0	94.0
15.	Mizoram	100.0	99.5
16.	Sikkim	100.0	26.1
17.	Tripura	82.2	54.3
18.	North East region	88.3	54.1
19.	Himachal Pradesh	98.0	14.1
20.	Karnataka	76.7	2.4
21.	Kerala	83.6	4.8
22.	Tamil Nadu	70.4	4.1
23.	Uttar Pradesh	77.6	9.4
24.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	98.9	64.4
25.	Lakshadweep	100.0	95.6
26.	Other states/u.ts.	78.9	4.5
27.	All India	80.2	30.7

Note : The estimates are based on Schedule 29.1,  
NSS 44th round.

3.1.4 In the North-East region, the tribals were in majority in all the states except in Assam (38 p.c.) and Sikkim (26 p.c.). In Tripura, the tribals constituted 54 per cent of the population in tribal areas. In the rest of the states of the region, the proportion varied from 89 per cent in Arunachal Pradesh to 99 per cent in Mizoram. Among the states/u.ts of central tribal belt, the tribals were in majority only in Dadra & Nagar Haveli (84 p.c.) and Gujarat (59 p.c.). In the remaining states, the proportion varied from 15 per cent in Andhra Pradesh to 49 per cent in Madhya Pradesh. In general, the tribal areas of other states/u.ts had very low proportion of tribals. Leaving aside the union territories of Andaman & Nicobar Is. (64 p.c.) and Lakshadweep (96 p.c.), the proportion varied from 2 per cent in Karnataka to 14 per cent in Himachal Pradesh.

### 3.2. Demographic characteristics

3.2.1 The demographic characteristics like household size, sex-ratio, age-composition of a population, have a bearing on the general level of living. A comparison of these characteristics between the tribals and the non-tribals of the tribal areas is made in Statement (2). The statement provides average household size, number of females per thousand males (sex-ratio) and number of children (aged 0-14 years) per thousand persons separately for the tribal and non-tribal populations of tribal areas in different states/u.ts and regions.

3.2.2 Average household size : It is seen that average size of a tribal household was in general smaller than that of a non-tribal household. The difference between the average household size of the two groups was however small at the all-India level, the average sizes of a tribal and non-tribal household being 4.83 and 4.95 respectively. The pattern is, however, not uniform in all the regions.

**STATEMENT (2) : AVERAGE SIZE OF A HOUSEHOLD, NUMBER OF FEMALE PER 1000 MALES AND NUMBER OF CHILDREN PER 1000 PERSONS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBAL POPULATION OF TRIBAL AREAS IN DIFFERENT STATES/U.T. RURAL**

state/u.t./region	household size(0.00)		no.of female per 1000 males		no.of children per 1000 persons	
	tribals	non-tribals	tribals	non-tribals	tribals	non-tribals
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	4.44	4.42	971	967	416	376
Bihar	4.94	5.00	970	907	402	424
Gujarat	4.95	5.16	981	1056	399	365
Madhya Pradesh	4.89	5.07	951	934	399	401
Maharashtra	4.53	5.14	989	924	408	374
Orissa	4.55	4.88	1027	962	363	357
Rajasthan	5.26	5.31	928	970	425	417
West Bengal	4.48	4.96	972	964	389	358
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	4.81	3.98	991	684	419	294
Central tribal belt	4.82	4.94	970	951	399	384
Arunachal Pradesh	4.96	3.90	947	804	381	452
Assam	5.59	5.68	882	839	428	413
Meghalaya	5.10	4.05	1072	724	433	451
Minoram	4.91	4.10	924	892	418	510
Sikkim	4.58	4.74	971	845	416	391
Tripura	4.64	4.44	860	1031	384	371
North East Region	5.22	5.43	935	852	420	410
Himachal Pradesh	5.25	5.46	1068	1027	386	411
Karnataka	3.93	5.48	779	995	390	388
Kerala	4.45	4.84	1104	1041	356	328
Tamil Nadu	3.80	4.24	950	1010	386	328
Uttar Pradesh	8.09	4.91	884	857	441	417
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	8.42	2.92	1087	579	355	412
Lakshadweep	5.69	2.13	1107	767	416	222
Other state/u.t.	4.62	4.92	935	990	398	362
All India	4.83	4.95	967	959	400	380

3.2.3 The statement reveals that in all the states of the central tribal belt except the union territory of Dadra & Nagar Haveli, the tribals had a smaller household size. In <sup>the</sup> case of Dadra & Nagar Haveli, the household size was much larger for the tribals than that for the non-tribals. Among the remaining states of the region, the difference in the household size between the two groups was most pronounced in Maharashtra and West Bengal. In the rest of the states, the average sizes differed little. For the region as a whole, the average sizes of the two groups were very close to the respective all-India averages.

3.2.4 As compared to the all-India averages, both the tribal and non-tribal households of the North-East region had reported fairly high average household size. The inter-group differential in household size was also more pronounced in this region. The average size of a household of the region as a whole was 5.27 for tribals, as against 5.43 for the non-tribals. Though the average household size was larger for the non-tribal households than that for the tribal households at the regional level, the said average was found to be smaller for the non-tribals than that for the tribals in all the states except Assam & Sikkim. In fact, in Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, and Mizoram, the average size of a tribal household was larger than that of a non-tribal household by 1.06, 1.05 and 0.81 respectively.

3.2.5 Among the states/u.ts of the region - Other states/u.ts, a wide variation in the inter-group differential of the average household size was observed. The average size of a tribal household of Uttar Pradesh, Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep was larger by 3.18, 5.50 and 3.56 than those of non-tribal households of the respective states. Altogether a different picture was depicted by Karnataka. In this state, the average household size was found to be as high as 5.48 for the <sup>non</sup> tribal households as against 3.93 for the ~~non~~ tribal households.

3.2.6      Sex Ratio : The estimates of sex-ratio, i.e., number of females per thousand males, given in Statement (2), indicate that among both the social groups, the males were proportionately more in number than the females. The sex-ratio for the tribal population was, in general, higher than that for the non-tribals. At the all-India level, however, the ratio for the two groups were more or less of the same order - 967 and 959 for the tribal and non-tribal population respectively.

3.2.7      Almost in all the states/u.ts, the sex ratio was less than 1000 for both the social groups. The ratio was favourable to female for tribals as well as non-tribals only in Himachal Pradesh and Kerala. However, for the tribals, the ratio was higher than 1000 in the states of Orissa (1027) and Meghalaya (1072), and the union territories of Andaman & Nicobar Is. (1087) and Lakshadweep (1107) also. In the two union territories mentioned above, the difference in sex-ratio between the tribals and non-tribals was most pronounced. There were only 579 and 767 females per 1000 males among the non-tribals of Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep respectively.

3.2.8      Contrary to the generally observed feature of relatively higher sex-ratio among the tribals, the non-tribals of Gujarat, Rajasthan, Tripura, Karnataka and Tamil Nadu exhibited higher sex-ratio than their respective tribal population. Among these states, the inter-group differential was most pronounced in Tripura, where sex-ratio for the tribals and non-tribals were 860 and 1031 respectively. In Karnataka also, the difference in the sex-ratio was fairly large. While sex-ratio of its tribal population was only 779, that of its non-tribal population was 995.

3.2.9      Number of children per thousand persons : The children constitute a large part of the population who are economically dependent on its work force. It is seen from Statement (2), that at the all-India level, the number of children per thousand persons among the tribals was a little

higher than that among the non-tribals. There were respectively 40 and 38 per cent children in the tribal and non-tribal population of the tribal areas of India. In general, the proportion of children among the tribals and non-tribals of different states/u.ts were by and large of the same order. Pronounced inter-group variation in the proportion was observed only in the union territories of Dadra & Nagar Haveli & Lakshadweep. There were about 42 per cent children among the tribals of both the union territories, while those among the non-tribals were only 29 and 22 per cent in Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Lakshadweep respectively. Inter-group differential in the proportion of children was also observed to be comparatively high in Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh and Andaman & Nicobar Is.<sup>Mizoram</sup>. In the two latter states/u.ts., however, the proportion was found higher among the non-tribals than that among the tribals.

### 3.3. Consumer Expenditure :

3.3.1 The standard of living of population obviously depends on its level of Income. In absence of reliable data of household income, household expenditure is taken as a close proxy for income, especially for the poorer sections of the population. The monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE) is, therefore, regarded as a measure of "level of living". With this in view, the MPCE of the tribals and non-tribals of the tribal areas are examined here to study the inter-group disparity in the levels of living. The average MPCE and percentage of population with MPCE Rs.125 or less for tribal and non-tribal population are presented in Statement (3) for different states/u.ts and regions.

3.3.2 The statement indicates that, in the tribal areas of India, the non-tribals were generally better off than the tribals. The average MPCE among the tribals was only Rs.140, as against that of Rs. 172 among the non-tribals. Again, about two-thirds of the tribal population had a MPCE of Rs.125 or less, while only a half of the non-tribals reported MPCE of Rs.125 or less.

STATEMENT(3) : AVERAGE MPCE AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS WITH MPCE Rs.125 OR LESS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS IN  
DIFFERENT STATES/U.T.S.

RURAL

rl. no.	state/u.t./region	average MPCE(Rs.) of		percentage of persons with MPCE Rs.125 or less	
		tribals	non-tribals	tribals	non-tribals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	Andhra Pradesh	129	157	66.0	53.2
2	Bihar	129	206	58.0	49.2
3	Gujarat	144	179	65.6	33.0
4	Madhya Pradesh	123	224	76.5	62.3
5	Maharashtra	142	156	68.0	49.4
6	Orissa	124	131	79.9	58.6
7	Rajasthan	148	206	63.3	31.8
8	West Bengal	134	153	60.9	42.8
9	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	127	232	62.7	31.8
10	Central tribal belt	132	175	69.1	49.3
11	Arunachal Pradesh	302	217	26.2	31.0
12	Assam	142	149	34.1	33.7
13	Meghalaya	201	199	39.9	39.1
14	Mizoram	292	381	0.3	-
15	Sikkim	330	175	31.3	28.6
16	Tripura	416	271	20.5	23.5
17	North East Region	211	162	31.0	32.7
18	Himachal Pradesh	238	258	24.9	18.3
19	Karnataka	112	142	81.2	54.2
20	Kerala	158	308	59.3	43.5
21	Tamil Nadu	112	134	66.5	60.5
22	Uttar Pradesh	155	165	44.0	65.7
23	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	226	272	15.1	13.4
24	Lakshadweep	178	315	35.7	-
25	Other state/u.t.	145	168	58.4	54.1
26	All India	140	172	65.1	49.8

3.3.3 The Statement, however, exhibits a picture of sharp regional contrast in inter-social group disparity in the level of living. In all the states/u.ts of central tribal belt and Other States/u.ts, the average MPCE of the tribals was less than that of the non-tribals. In contrast, the tribal population was considerably better off than the non-tribals in the North-East region. The average MPCE of the tribals and non-tribals of North-east region were respectively Rs. 211 & <sup>Rs.</sup> 162 as against Rs. 132 and Rs. 175 respectively for tribals and non-tribals of the central tribal belt and Rs. 145 and Rs. 168 respectively for these two social groups in Other states/u.ts.

3.3.4 In the Central tribal belt, the average MPCE of tribals of different states/u.ts of the region varied from Rs. 123 in Madhya Pradesh to Rs. 148 in Rajasthan. In stark contrast the MPCE of the non-tribals was more than Rs. 150 in all the states of the region except Orissa. The average MPCE of the non-tribals, in different states/u.ts of the other two regions also was mostly above Rs. 150. Only in Assam (Rs. 149), Karnataka (Rs. 142) and Tamil Nadu (Rs. 134), it was found to be less than Rs. 150. But unlike the States/u.ts of Central tribal belt, the tribals of North-east Region were found to have fairly high MPCE. Except in Assam where the average was estimated as Rs. 142, MPCE ~~discrepancy~~ in the States/u.ts of this region ranged from Rs. 201 in Meghalaya and Rs. 416 in Tripura.

3.3.5 In the North-East region, although MPCE of tribals was higher than that of non-tribals, the proportion of under-privileged persons (those with MPCE Rs. 125 or less) among the tribals was as high as that among the non-tribals. The proportion of such persons among the tribals and non-tribals of the region were 31 & 33 per cent respectively. The figure quoted above were, however, much smaller than the respective proportions observed in the other two regions. About 69 per cent and 49 per cent of the tribal and non-tribal population of the Central tribal belt respectively were constituted of persons with MPCE Rs. 125 or less. In the other States/u.ts where the inter-group differential in the proportion of under-privileged persons was far less pronounced, as high as 58 & 54 per cent of the tribal and non-tribal population respectively were with MPCE Rs. 125 or

3.3.6 It is seen that the state of deprivation was most severe among the tribals of Orissa and Karnataka. About four-fifths of the tribals of each of these states reported MPCE of Rs. 125 or less. Other states/u.ts. with over two-thirds of its tribal population subsisting with MPCE of Rs. 125 or less were Madhya Pradesh (77 p.c.), Maharashtra (68 p.c.) and Tamil Nadu (67 p.c.). In Madhya Pradesh and Tamil Nadu, the proportions of under-privileged persons were very high among the non-tribals also. About 62 and 61 persons <sup>cent</sup> of the non-tribals of Madhya Pradesh and Tamil Nadu respectively had MPCE of Rs. 125 or less. Uttar Pradesh also reported to have about two-third of the non-tribals population with MPCE of Rs. 125 or less.

#### 3.4 Literacy :

3.4.1 Per capita consumer expenditure, used as a yardstick of standard of living, fails to capture fully the dimensions of the standard of living of a population. General level of education of a population is ranked very high as a component of standard of living. But, since the opportunities for higher education are still confined among a fortunate few, literacy rate is considered as an indicator of level of living. For the purpose of the survey literacy is defined as the ability to read and write a simple message in any language. Literacy rates i.e., the proportion of literate persons, are derived for the population in the age-group 5 years and above. For comparison among the tribals and non-tribals of tribal areas, the estimates of literacy rates of the two social-groups are presented in Statement (4) for different states/u.ts and regions.

3.4.2 The statement reveals that, in the tribal areas of India, the literacy rate among both the males and females of tribal population was considerably lower than those of their counterparts of non-tribal population. The overall literacy rate among the non-tribals was a moderate 48 per cent. It was 60 and 36 per cent among their males and females respectively. As against these, only 37 and 14 per cent of the male and female tribal population respectively were reported as literates, the overall literacy-rate being a poor 26 per cent.

STATEMENT (4) : NUMBER OF LITERITES PER 1000 PERSONS AGED 5 YEARS AND ABOVE  
BY SEX FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS OF EACH  
STATE AND UNION TERRITORY.

RURAL

sr. no.	state/u.t./region	male		female		persons	
		tribal	non-tribal	tribal	non-tribal	tribal	non-tribal
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Andhra Pradesh	218	443	69	243	145	345
2	Bihar	393	517	126	225	262	376
3	Gujarat	434	774	186	559	311	664
4	Madhya Pradesh	258	579	92	279	178	435
5	Maharashtra	391	701	151	436	272	574
6	Orissa	321	664	94	361	206	515
7	Rajasthan	354	481	41	183	202	331
8	West Bengal	350	630	109	412	231	523
9	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	414	887	175	579	296	769
10	Central tribal belt	311	585	112	326	226	459
11	Arunachal Pradesh	399	722	260	581	331	658
12	Assam	645	752	376	561	522	667
13	Nagaland	539	504	418	334	476	428
14	Mizoram	827	985	771	838	800	908
15	Sikkim	570	681	358	431	465	565
16	Tripura	498	850	233	682	375	766
17	North East Region	597	752	392	562	517	666
18	Himachal Pradesh	589	714	277	418	427	563
19	Karnataka	589	560	329	332	474	446
20	Kerala	598	884	515	739	559	808
21	Tamil Nadu	320	694	141	424	235	559
22	Uttar Pradesh	477	361	113	99	303	241
23	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	662	749	506	548	581	679
24	Lakshadweep	838	976	752	959	791	969
25	Other state/u.t.	505	630	273	402	390	515
26	All India	368	605	145	355	259	482

3.4.3 It is apparent from the statement that the sex differential in the spread of literacy was quite high for both the social groups. The findings relating to variations in literacy-rates in different states/u.ts are briefly stated below :

(a) Spread of literacy among the tribals of the Central tribal belt was perceptibly lower than that among the tribal population of the North-East region. While the overall literacy rate among the tribals of the Central tribal belt ranged between 14 per cent in Andhra Pradesh to 31 per cent in Gujarat, that of the North-East region varied from 33 per cent in Arunachal Pradesh to 80 per cent in Mizoram. Among the Other states/u.ts, the lowest and highest literacy-rates among tribals were observed in Tamil Nadu (24 p.c.) and Lakshadweep (79 p.c.) respectively.

(b) In all the states/u.ts excepting Uttar Pradesh and Meghalaya, the overall literacy rate among the non-tribals was higher than that among the tribals. It is seen that relatively low literacy rate among the tribals was accompanied by high inter-group differential in literacy rates. In the Central tribal belt, only about a quarter of the tribal population was literate, while the literacy rate among the non-tribals was estimated to be 46 per cent at the region level. Among the states/u.ts of this region, pronounced inter-group differential in literacy was observed in Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Gujarat and Madhya Pradesh. <sup>Over West Bengal & Maharashtra,</sup> The inter-group differential in the North-East region was far less pronounced. Over 52 per cent of its tribals and 67 per cent of its non-tribal population were literate. Among the states of this region, Arunachal Pradesh and Tripura exhibited high difference in literacy rate between tribals and non-tribals.

(c) The gender bias in literacy rates is quite high among both the social groups in different states/u.ts. Of the two social groups, the sex differential in literacy rate was more pronounced among the tribals in the states/u.ts. of the Central tribal belt and the region comprising Other states/u.ts. But, it was more or less of the same order in the states/u.ts. of the North-East region.

### 3.5. Employment and Unemployment :

3.5.1 The ultimate purpose of pursuing any gainful activity by a person is to provide the household members with goods and services for their consumption. Besides, the forced idleness of the population belonging to the working age-group is a social deprivation. The employment and unemployment situation of the tribals and non-tribals has been studied here with a view to examining inter-group and regional disparities.

3.5.2 The usual activity status of a person indicates how the person was engaged during a relatively longer period of the 365 days preceding the date of survey and, therefore, represents an activity which a person was, by and large, chronically engaged in. As mentioned earlier, this is referred to as the 'principal usual activity status' of a person. The estimate of employed persons built up on this basis gives the number or proportion of the 'usually employed' or 'working' in principal status( p.s. workers). Number of such employed per thousand persons is henceforth referred to as 'work force participation rate' (WFPR). Usually unemployed in the principal status are those who were seeking or available for work for a relatively longer period during the reference period of preceding 365 days. The 'labour force' is constituted of principal usual status 'workers' and the 'unemployed'. Number of persons unemployed per thousand persons in labour force is defined as 'unemployment rate'.

3.5.3 Statement (5) gives estimates of the key characteristics of 'employment' and 'unemployment' for the tribals and non-tribals of tribal areas of India. The estimates discussed here, as well as in the subsequent paragraphs, relate to principal usual status only.

Statement (5) : Some key characteristics of employment and unemployment for the tribal and non-tribal population of tribal areas of India

srl. no.	sex	W F P R		no. of persons in labour force per 1000 persons		unemployment rate		Rural
		tribal	non- tribal	tribal	non- tribal	tribal	non- tribal	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. male		569	544	572	553	5	17	
2. female		419	305	421	308	5	10	
3. person.		495	427	497	433	5	14	

3.5.4 The statement reveals that the WFPR was higher for the tribals than that for the non-tribals in the case of male as well as female. The inter-group disparity was more pronounced in the case of female. The WFPR for the male and female of the tribal population were respectively 569 and 419, as compared to the respective rates of 544 and 305 for the non-tribals. The unemployment rate among the latter social-group was, however, considerably higher than that among the former. It was 5 per thousand persons in the labour force for the tribal male and also for the tribal female. As against this, unemployment rates were 17 and 10 respectively for the non-tribal male and female. It is also seen that the sex-differential in rate of participation in labour force was much more pronounced among the non-tribals than among the tribals.

**Statement (6) : Work force participation rate (WFPR) and unemployment rate by sex for tribal and non-tribal population of tribal areas in each state/u.t.**

Rural

srl. no.	state/u.t.	W F P R				unemployment rate			
		male		female		male		female	
		tribal	non- tribal	tribal	non- tribal	tribal	non- tribal	tribal	non- tribal
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	607	576	523	433	7	14	21	25
2.	Bihar	555	505	307	192	5	18	3	-
3.	Gujarat	550	556	470	152	4	9	4	1
4.	Madhya Pradesh	592	540	443	349	1	6	-	1
5.	Maharashtra	579	516	483	418	10	6	-	-
6.	Orissa	627	568	401	195	6	24	5	10
7.	Rajasthan	555	497	547	347	2	2	1	1
8.	West Bengal	549	551	417	119	7	30	17	18
9.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	548	588	351	127	2	33	-	-
10.	Central tribal belt	578	556	472	302	4	13	4	8
11.	Arunachal Pradesh	571	509	485	272	2	14	2	25
12.	Assam	478	477	29	72	20	30	-	53
13.	Meghalaya	506	483	389	210	-	-	3	-
14.	Mizoram	491	400	275	189	-	-	-	-
15.	Sikkim	464	477	320	230	-	4	-	9
16.	Tripura	509	562	218	59	2	46	5	48
17.	North East Region	495	499	200	83	10	30	1	46
18.	Himachal Pradesh	526	489	411	422	6	12	-	-
19.	Karnataka	569	565	370	364	1	14	3	5
20.	Kerala	538	514	306	185	24	60	16	147
21.	Tamil Nadu	587	597	523	431	2	23	2	5
22.	Uttar Pradesh	519	579	320	162	1	1	-	-
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	531	553	252	55	4	-	4	1
24.	Lakshadweep	424	743	58	210	103	18	370	340
25.	Other state/u.t.	552	566	393	348	6	21	5	16
26.	All India	569	544	419	305	5	17	5	10

3.5.5 For studying the employment patterns among the tribals and non-tribals of different states/u.t.s and regions, the WFPR according to principal status and unemployment rate for both the social groups are presented in Statement (6) for each state/u.t. The features emerging from the estimates presented in the statement are briefly discussed below :

- (a) In general, for both the male and female population, WFPR was larger among the tribals than the non-tribals in each of the three regions. Only in the North-East region, the rate for the male population among the two social groups were more or less of the same order.
- (b) The inter-group differential in the WFPR was more pronounced for female as compared to that for the males.
- (c) The contrast between the two social groups in WFPR for female was found to be quite high in the states of Gujarat, West Bengal, Orissa and Tripura. The female WFPR for tribals was higher than that for the non-tribals in all the states/u.t.s. except Assam, Himachal Pradesh and Lakshadweep. In Assam, female participation in the work force was marginal both in the case of tribals and non-tribals.
- (d) The unemployment rate among the male population of the tribals was, in general, considerably lower than that of the non-tribals, in all the three regions and in almost all the states and union territories. Only in Maharashtra and Lakshadweep, it was higher among the tribals than among the non-tribals. The inter-group differential was very pronounced in Tripura, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Tamil Nadu, Lakshadweep and Kerala.
- (e) In respect of unemployment rates among the female population, the two social-groups do not differ much in many states. The rate was generally higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals and the difference was substantial in Kerala, Arunachal Pradesh and Tripura.

### 3.6 Migration of Population :

3.6.1 The in-migration rate presented in this report represents the proportion of the population who have spent a continuous period of at least six months during their life time outside the place (village) of their enumeration. These rates, therefore account not only for those migrating from outside tribal areas but also those migrating from one village/town of the tribal areas to another village. Nevertheless, the in-migration rates for non-tribal population are expected to reflect to some extent the flow of non-tribal population from other areas to tribal areas.

3.6.2 Statement (7) gives the percentage of in-migrants in the tribal and non-tribal population of tribal areas of India separately for each sex and reason for migration.

Statement (7) : Percentage of tribals and non-tribals by sex and reason of migration

All-India, Rural

srl. no.	social group	sex	reason for migration			(6)
			on marriage	other reasons	any reason	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)
1.	tribal	male	0.8	7.3	8.1	
		female	36.4	4.5	40.9	
		person	18.3	5.9	24.2	
2.	non- tribal	male	1.0	10.2	11.2	
		female	36.8	8.9	45.7	
		person	18.5	9.6	28.1	

3.6.3 The statement reveals that the persons who in-migrated on marriage constituted the major share in the female in-migration population. The feature was not only common to both the social-groups, but also the inter-group differential in the percentage of migrated on marriage was negligible. It is seen that about 41 and 46 per cent respectively of the tribal and non-tribal females were in-migrants. Out of them, about 37 per cent of each of the two social groups had migrated on marriage.

3.6.4 The statement also indicates that in the tribal areas of India, the rate of in-migration among the non-tribals was higher than that among the tribals. While about a tenth of the non-tribal population reported in-migration for reasons other than marriage, only about 6 per cent of tribals did so. A clear sex-differential in the rate of in-migration for other reasons is also observed. The feature is more pronounced for the tribal population. The rate of in-migration for other purposes was over 7 per cent among the tribal males as against little less than 5 per cent among their females. For the non-tribals, the said rate was 10 and 9 per cent respectively for the male and female population.

3.6.5 The migration of females due to marriage is a common phenomenon. The overall rate of migration including migration on marriage may not reveal the pattern of migration in different states. Therefore, for studying the variation in migratory movements of the two social-groups of different regions and states/u.ts., the sex-wise rates of in-migration for reasons other than marriage are only presented separately for the tribal and non-tribal population of tribal areas of all the states/u.ts and the regions in Statement (8).

3.6.6 It is observed that the rates of in-migration for reasons other than marriage varied considerably from state to state although almost always they were higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals. The features relating to migratory behaviour of the two social groups emerging from the results presented in the statement are briefly discussed below :-

- (a) In general, the in-migration rates for both the social groups were relatively low in the North-East region compared to the other two regions. Besides Mizoram, where no in-migrated tribal was reported in the sample, the rate for the tribal population varied from 2 to 5 per cent among the states of North-East region. As for the non-tribals of the region, though the in-migration rates in Arunachal Pradesh (31 p.c.), Meghalaya (17 p.c.) and Tripura (16 p.c.)

STATEMENT (8) : PERCENTAGE OF TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS WHO HAVE MIGRATED FOR REASONS OTHER THAN MARRIAGE BY SEX AND SOCIAL GROUPS FOR EACH STATE/U.T.

RURAL :

sr. no.	state/u.t./region	tribal			non-tribal		
		male	female	person	male	female	pers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Andhra Pradesh	14.2	8.1	11.2	14.3	13.2	13.8
2	Bihar	1.8	1.8	1.6	5.8	5.1	5.4
3	Gujarat	1.3	1.7	1.5	7.2	7.6	7.4
4	Madhya Pradesh	12.0	5.5	8.8	9.3	8.5	8.9
5	Maharashtra	9.9	8.6	9.2	11.8	9.9	10.9
6	Orissa	6.6	5.0	5.8	9.1	6.3	7.7
7	Rajasthan	4.1	2.9	3.6	8.6	8.8	8.7
8	West Bengal	41.5	6.1	8.8	10.9	8.1	9.6
9	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	4.8	0.3	2.6	59.9	45.7	54.2
10	Central tribal belt	7.6	4.7	6.1	10.3	9.0	9.6
11	Arunachal Pradesh	6.0	4.4	5.2	34.6	25.6	30.6
12	Assam	2.7	1.7	2.2	3.2	2.0	2.7
13	Meghalaya	2.1	1.6	1.9	17.6	16.2	16.9
14	Mizoram	-	-	-	12.5	1.7	7.5
15	Sikkim	6.5	3.1	4.9	13.7	9.2	11.6
16	Tripura	4.9	2.3	3.7	19.9	11.3	15.5
17	North East Region	2.7	1.7	2.2	5.6	2.7	4.8
18	Himachal Pradesh	5.9	3.8	4.8	5.4	3.3	4.4
19	Karnataka	15.9	13.1	14.7	7.1	6.3	6.7
20	Kerala	7.0	7.6	7.3	23.3	21.6	22.5
21	Tamil Nadu	25.3	17.6	21.6	11.7	10.4	11.0
22	Uttar Pradesh	4.0	3.0	3.6	9.3	7.6	8.6
23	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	12.2	9.3	10.7	67.7	43.0	58.6
24	Lakshadweep	17.5	11.3	14.2	100.0	87.4	94.5
25	Other state/u.t.	13.7	10.2	12.0	10.6	9.5	10.1
26	All India	7.3	4.5	5.9	10.2	8.9	9.6

were relatively high, it was only about 6 per cent for the region as a whole. In Assam, which accounted for about 80 per cent of the non-tribal population of the region, the rate was as low as 3 per cent among the non-tribals.

(b) Almost in all the states/u.ts., the in-migration rate was higher among the non-tribals than that among the tribals. The most pronounced inter-group differential was observed in the Lakshadweep where over 94 per cent of the non-tribal population was constituted of migrants, while only 14 per cent of the tribals reported to have in-migrated. Pronounced inter-group differential was observed in two union territories, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Andaman & Nicobar Is. The in-migration rates for the non-tribal and tribal population were respectively 54 and 3 per cent in the former and 59 and 11 per cent in the latter. Contrary to the generally observed feature of relatively high in-migration among the non-tribals, the tribals of Karnataka and Tamil Nadu reported higher in-migration rates than their respective non-tribal population. Among the tribals of Karnataka and Tamil Nadu, the rate was estimated at 15 and 22 per cent respectively, as against the corresponding estimates of 7 and 11 per cent for the non-tribal population.

### 3.7 Livelihood of households :

3.7.1 The tribals set apart by social and cultural barriers from the mainstream of the population often have distinctive sources of livelihood. To examine the livelihood patterns of the tribals and non-tribals of the tribal areas, the distribution of households by broad livelihood classes are discussed here separately for the two social groups. Households were classified into twelve "livelihood classes", according to the nature of gainful activity that fetched the maximum income to the household during a period of one year. To compare between the livelihood patterns of the two social groups, the twelve classes are appropriately combined to form four broad livelihood classes as given below :

- (i) The households falling in any one of the "livelihood classes" representing self-employment in agriculture, viz. "hunting, trapping and collection of minor forest produce for own consumption", "shifting cultivation", "settled cultivation" and "other agricultural activities", is designated as the broad livelihood class of "self-employment in agriculture".
- (ii) The livelihood class "self-employment in non-agricultural activities" itself formed the second broad livelihood class.
- (iii) The third broad livelihood class "rural labour" is constituted of households reporting any of the four livelihood classes representing wage paid manual labour, viz., "agricultural labour", "plantation labour", "labour in mining & quarrying" and "labour in manufacturing and construction".
- (iv) The remaining livelihood classes together form the last broad class "others".

3.7.2 Statement (9) gives the percentage distribution of tribal and non-tribal households by broad livelihood classes for each state/u.t. and the three regions. It is seen that the proportion of tribal households earning major part of their income from self-employment in any of the activities stated above differed little from that of the non-tribal households. In the tribal areas of India, about 47 and 49 per cent of the tribal and non-tribal households respectively derived their livelihood from "self-employment". But the breakdown of the self-employed category into two groups - agriculture and non-agriculture reveals that compared to non-tribal households, tribal households earning their livelihood from agriculture were proportionately more whereas the percentage of households earning their livelihood from non-agriculture was higher for the non-tribals than that for the tribals. While only about 2 per cent of the tribal households depended <sup>on</sup> self-employment

STATEMENT (9) : PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY BROAD LIVELYHOOD CLASS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLD IN EACH STATE/UT

state / UT	RURAL									
	broad livelyhood class									
	self-employed in		<i>labour</i>							
	agriculture	non-agriculture	all rural	urban	others					
	tribal	non-tribal	tribal	non-tribal	tri- bal	non-tribal	tri- bal	non-tribal	tri- bal	non-tribal
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	48.1	30.7	2.7	10.8	50.8	41.5	39.4	47.0	9.5	11.3
Bihar	60.1	34.5	2.0	11.4	62.1	45.9	28.7	43.2	8.8	9.9
Gujarat	25.7	35.0	0.8	7.0	26.5	42.0	69.3	33.7	4.2	24.2
Madhya Pradesh	50.6	46.9	1.3	11.5	51.9	58.4	43.4	34.3	4.7	7.3
Maharashtra	30.6	38.4	1.8	7.9	32.4	46.3	55.4	39.4	12.2	14.3
Orissa	40.7	35.5	5.6	15.1	46.3	50.6	47.4	31.5	6.3	17.8
Rajasthan	48.4	52.4	0.9	6.1	49.3	58.5	44.7	20.2	6.0	21.2
West Bengal	20.8	34.1	2.9	12.5	23.7	46.6	68.2	38.9	8.1	14.6
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	17.4	18.5	1.5	24.3	18.9	42.8	56.9	19.8	23.1	37.4
Central tribal belt.	41.9	38.2	2.1	10.6	44.0	48.8	49.1	37.4	6.9	13.8
Arunachal Pradesh	87.5	28.6	2.5	19.6	90.0	48.2	1.2	3.5	8.5	48.3
Assam	76.4	56.5	2.7	10.4	79.1	66.9	11.8	23.5	9.0	9.5
Meghalaya	81.6	34.5	1.5	6.6	83.1	41.1	3.9	26.0	12.9	32.3
Mizoram	77.5	16.9	6.5	19.3	84.0	36.2	4.6	-	11.3	63.8
Sikkim	62.2	62.4	1.5	1.8	63.7	64.2	11.5	11.7	24.7	24.1
Tripura	54.5	29.5	1.5	6.6	56.0	36.1	17.9	12.8	25.9	51.1
North East Region	76.1	53.1	2.4	9.6	78.5	62.7	8.5	21.5	13.0	15.8
Himachal Pradesh	61.9	57.3	1.6	4.5	63.5	61.8	5.1	20.0	31.4	18.2
Karnataka	10.1	37.5	6.4	6.9	16.5	44.4	51.1	45.4	32.5	10.2
Kerala	32.7	25.9	1.1	11.1	33.8	37.0	60.3	45.1	5.8	17.7
Tamil Nadu	27.4	25.6	0.9	8.9	28.3	34.5	52.8	49.3	15.5	16.2
Uttar Pradesh	83.4	66.2	2.5	6.4	85.9	72.6	8.0	22.1	6.1	5.3
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	84.6	7.4	1.0	0.1	85.6	7.5	1.7	15.6	12.6	77.0
Lakshadweep	41.6	-	1.3	4.6	42.9	4.6	29.7	30.1	26.7	65.3
Other state / UT.	33.4	34.9	2.8	8.0	36.2	42.9	43.8	42.8	20.3	13.3
All India	45.1	37.9	2.2	9.8	47.3	48.7	45.0	38.4	7.7	13.8

in non-agriculture, about a tenth of the non-tribal households belonged to this livelihood class. The percentages of households self-employed in agriculture were 45 and 38 respectively for tribals and non-tribals. The statement also reveals that compared to the non-tribal households, larger proportion of the tribal households were dependent on wage-employment. About 45 per cent of the tribal households belonged to the broad livelihood class "rural labour", as against the corresponding proportion of 38 per cent among the non-tribal households.

3.7.3 The estimates given in the statement depicts a sharp regional contrast in livelihood patterns of the social groups. In the Central tribal belt, the proportion of self-employed households among the non-tribals was about 49 per cent, while that among the tribals was only 44 per cent. On the other hand, among the tribals of the North-East region 78 per cent derived their livelihood from "self-employment" as against a corresponding proportion of 63 per cent among the non-tribal households of the region. Again, the estimates of proportion of households under the broad livelihood class "rural labour", reflect contrasting pictures in the two regions. The proportion of "rural labour" households was larger among the tribals (49 p.c.) than among the non-tribals (37 p.c.) in the Central tribal belt. In the North-East region, on the other hand, the non-tribals were more dependent on wage employment than the tribals of the region.

3.7.4 The proportion of households in the livelihood class "self employed in non-agriculture" was higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals in all the states/u.ts., except Andaman & Nicobar Is.

### 3.8 Land Holding

3.8.1 Ownership of land : In a land based economy control over land, either in the form of permanent heritable possession or possession under long term lease, represents economic power. Among the tribes, especially those in the North-East region, land rights vary from community ownership to individual ownership. Sometimes a plot of land is given to a household by the local chieftain or the village/district council. Generally, the ownership title of the plot in such cases, is not vested with any member of the household. Such plots of land were deemed to be under ownerlike possession of the household and were considered as owned land, <sup>provided</sup> the household had the right of long term use of the land.

3.8.2 For comparison between the two social groups, the percentages of households with no land or land less than 0.01 hectares and of households with marginal holdings (0.01 hectares to 1.00 hectares) and average area owned per household are given separately for the tribal and non-tribal population of tribal areas of each state/u.t. and the regions in Statement (10). The statement shows that there was negligible difference at the all-India level in respect of average area owned between the two social groups. On an average, a tribal and a non-tribal household of tribal areas of India had 1.15 and 1.16 hectares of owned land respectively. The proportion of landless labour was, however, relatively more among the tribals than among the non-tribals. While over a fifth of the households were found to own no land or land less than 0.01 hectares, the corresponding proportion for the non-tribal households was 16 per cent. Although the percentage of landless households were less among the non-tribals than among the tribals, the percentage of households with marginal holdings of less than one hectare was larger for the non-tribals than that for the tribals. About 41 and 51 per cent households reported marginal holdings among the tribal and non-tribal households respectively. The combined share of landless and marginal holders in the total number of non-tribal households was a little higher than that among the tribal households.

**STATEMENT(10) : PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO LAND OR LAND LESS THAN 0.01 HA.  
WITH MARGINAL HOLDINGS(0.01 HA-1.00HA.) AND AVERAGE AREA OWNED  
HOUSEHOLD SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS IN DIFFERENT**

**RURAL**

srl.	state/u.t./region	average area owned	p.c.of landless		p.c.of hhs. wi		<b>RURAL</b>
			tribals	non-tribals	tribals	non-tribals	
			(0.00 ha.)	(0.00 ha.)	(0.00 ha.)	(0.00 ha.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Andhra Pradesh	1.01	0.98	10.0	17.9	53.9	56.3
2	Bihar	1.27	0.75	3.7	12.2	53.2	63.4
3	Gujarat	0.65	1.00	46.9	42.3	50.0	22.3
4	Madhya Pradesh	1.58	1.94	23.4	15.0	26.0	39.8
5	Maharashtra	1.11	1.58	40.0	21.0	23.5	36.7
6	Orissa	0.96	0.78	7.7	12.5	57.1	59.4
7	Rajasthan	1.40	2.15	4.1	13.3	44.6	39.3
8	West Bengal	0.46	0.55	23.4	10.0	63.7	71.4
9	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.81	0.99	14.6	54.7	46.7	22.3
10	Central tribal belt	1.20	1.24	21.7	16.6	39.8	50.0
11	Arunachal Pradesh	4.02	0.38	10.1	68.5	26.0	13.5
12	Assam	1.20	0.91	3.6	10.6	45.9	51.5
13	Meghalaya	1.16	0.24	6.3	43.9	36.6	51.8
14	Mizoram	0.76	0.25	9.2	58.3	67.1	39.6
15	Sikkim	1.09	0.87	14.6	30.2	42.9	29.3
16	Tripura	0.59	0.42	13.3	16.8	70.6	71.7
17	North East Region	1.54	0.83	6.6	14.1	45.7	51.7
18	Himachal Pradesh	0.88	0.76	4.2	10.8	69.2	60.8
19	Karnataka	0.44	1.52	41.7	15.7	37.6	42.1
20	Kerala	0.61	0.43	11.6	11.1	66.6	74.4
21	Tamil Nadu	0.60	0.54	38.0	18.5	41.0	65.0
22	Uttar Pradesh	2.24	0.92	3.6	13.9	20.8	57.9
23	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	2.10	0.37	6.1	92.2	29.7	0.3
24	Lakshadweep	0.18	0.12	11.6	67.2	86.3	32.3
25	Other state/u.t.	0.75	0.95	27.4	15.8	45.5	56.2
26	All India	1.15	1.16	20.5	16.3	40.6	51.7

3.8.3 The prevailing inequality in land holding among the tribal and non-tribal households of tribal and non-tribal households of tribal areas of India are amply reflected by the cumulative distributions of area and households by ownership holding classes, set out separately for the two social groups at the all-India level in Statement (11).

Statement (11) : Cumulative percentage distribution of households and area owned over size classes of household ownership holding separately for tribal and non-tribal households - All India

size class of household ownership holdings (hectares)	Rural			
	tribal		non-tribal	
	cumulative percentage of house- holds	land owned	cumulative percentage of house- holds	land owned
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
0.00	20.5	-	16.3	-
below 0.21	34.7	0.7	43.6	1.0
" 0.41	39.3	1.9	48.7	2.0
" 1.01	61.1	14.6	68.0	12.5
" 2.03	81.6	39.3	82.9	30.7
" 4.05	94.8	69.3	93.2	54.7
" 10.13	99.6	91.6	98.7	82.5
all sizes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gini's Coefficients	0.6231		0.7162	

3.8.4 It is seen that the distribution of land among the households of both the social groups was extremely uneven. Among the tribals, the landless and those with land less than 0.40 hectare together constituted 39 per cent of the households but their share was only 2 per cent of the total land owned by all the tribal households. On the other hand, 31 per cent of the total land owned by the tribals was held by only 5 per cent of the households, belonging to the size class 4.05 ha. & above. The non-tribal households of the tribal areas had a

similar distribution of land among themselves. About 49 per cent of the non-tribal households, who belonged to the lower size-classes (up to 0.40 ha.), owned only 2 per cent of the total land under the ownership of non-tribal households, while those belonging to the upper size-classes (4.05 ha.& above) constituted only 7 per cent of the households but they owned as high as 45 per cent of the total area. However, to the extent the Gini's coefficient reflects inequality in distributions, it appears that, land was comparatively less unevenly distributed among the tribal than among the non-tribal households. The Gini's coefficient worked out from the cumulative percentage distribution given in Statement (11) was found to be 0.6231 and 0.7162 respectively for the tribals and non-tribals of tribal areas of India.

3.8.5 Statement (10) given earlier indicates considerable regional variation in the average area owned by the households of both the social groups. It also reveals that the nature of disparity in the land holding between the two social groups was distinctively different in the North-East region from <sup>the other</sup> two regions. Unlike the other two regions, the average land owned by a tribal household was larger than that owned by a non-tribal household in the North-East region. The average land owned was respectively 1.54 and 0.83 hectares for the tribal and non-tribal households of this region. In fact, on an average land owned by a tribal household was more than that owned by a non-tribal household in all the states/u.ts of the region. The inter-group disparity was most pronounced in Arunachal Pradesh, where area owned per tribal household was as high as 4.02 hectares, while the average area owned by a non-tribal household was only 0.38 hectares. It is to be noted that these were the states where shifting cultivation among the tribals was prevalent. In the other two regions, relatively higher average area owned by the tribal households was observed in Orissa, Himachal Pradesh, Kerala and Tamil Nadu.

3.8.6 Statement (10) also exhibits that the inter-group differential in the proportions of landless and marginal holders varied widely across the regions, as well as the states/u.ts. While there were larger number of landless households among the tribals than among the non-tribals of the Central tribal belt and Other states/u.ts, the situation was just the reverse in the North-East region. The proportion of landless households among the tribals of the Central tribal belt and Other states/u.ts were respectively 22 and 27 per cent, while the corresponding estimates for the non-tribals were 17 and 16 per cent respectively. In contrast, only 7 per cent of the tribal households of the North-East region were reported as landless, as against the corresponding proportion of 14 per cent for the non-tribals. In all the states/u.ts of the North-East region, the proportion of landless was higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals. The states/u.ts of the other two regions which reported higher proportion of landless among the non-tribals in comparison to that of the tribals were Orissa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Himachal Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep.

3.8.7 All the regional level estimates indicate that proportion of households with marginal holdings was generally higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals. However, contrary to this general feature, the tribals of Gujarat, Rajasthan, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Sikkim, Himachal Pradesh, Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep, reported higher proportions of marginal holders than the non-tribals of the respective states. In respect of the percentage of households with larger holdings, it is seen that comparatively the non-tribal households were the privileged group in the two regions of Central tribal belt and Other states/u.ts. In contrast, the tribals were better off than the non-tribals in this respect in the North-East region. About 54 per cent of the tribal households of the region had holdings of more than 1 hectare of land under their ownership, while the households with such holdings constituted 48 per cent of the non-tribal households of the region.

### 3.9 Land tenure :

3.9.1 Inspite of various measures taken by the government, the practices of leasing in and leasing out of land is still prevalent in rural India. The proportions of households reporting leasing-in and leasing-out of land, given in Statement (12), indicates the extent of tenurial practices prevailing among the tribal and non-tribal households of the tribal areas. It should however be borne in mind that data on tenancy suffer from under reporting, particularly on account of protective tenancy legislations. The extent of underreporting is usually larger for the data on leasing-out than for the data on leasing-in.

3.9.2 The statement reveals that, compared to the tribal households, larger proportion of the non-tribal households participated in the lease market. As against 5 and 13 per cent the non-tribal households reporting leasing-out and leasing-in respectively only 3 and 9 per cent of the tribal households reported to have leased out and leased in respectively.

3.9.3 The statement depicts a substantial regional variation in the prevalence of tenurial practices among both the social groups. It shows that the magnitudes of inter-group differential in the proportions of lessee as well as lessor households were distinctively different in the three regions. Like the all-India level estimates, the proportion of lessee households was higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals in all the three regions. Among the tribals, the proportions of lessee households were respectively 9, 11 and 4 per cent in the Central tribal belt, North-East region and Other states/u.ts. As against this, the respective proportions of the lessee households were 13, 22 and 11 per cent among the non-tribal households of the three regions. The proportion of lessor households was, in general, less than that of the lessee households among both the social groups.

STATEMENT (12) PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING OUT AND  
LEASING IN OF LAND SEPARATELY FOR THE TRIBALS AND  
NON-TRIBALS IN EACH STATE /U.T.

RURAL

1. state/u.t./region	p.c. of hhs. reporting leasing-out		p.c. of hhs. leasing-in	
	tribal	non-tribal	tribal	non-tribal
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	3.1	6.4	12.0	19.9
Bihar	4.8	5.0	9.5	12.6
Gujarat	1.4	2.3	2.6	1.6
Madhya Pradesh	1.8	3.7	6.5	10.3
Maharashtra	2.5	5.3	5.8	7.9
Orissa	2.9	7.4	19.5	20.5
Rajasthan	4.0	5.5	7.4	15.7
West Bengal	5.0	2.9	21.1	11.4
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.6	-	2.7	3.2
Central tribal belt	2.9	5.0	9.4	13.3
Arunachal Pradesh	0.6	11.7	3.3	5.6
Assam	6.6	2.4	9.7	22.8
Meghalaya	2.7	3.5	10.3	54.0
Mizoram	0.2	-	14.3	19.3
Sikkim	2.1	0.3	3.6	9.9
Tripura	4.5	2.4	22.3	21.7
North East Region	4.1	2.5	10.8	22.4
Himachal Pradesh	1.4	1.2	2.7	7.5
Karnataka	2.5	6.5	4.3	8.4
Kerala	0.4	0.9	3.6	9.2
Tamil Nadu	3.5	4.2	4.8	13.4
Uttar Pradesh	5.2	7.1	4.8	18.3
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	3.9	0.1	5.8	29.3
Lakshadweep	-	14.4	7.2	41.1
Other state/u.t.	2.6	4.8	4.3	11.0
All India	2.9	4.9	9.3	13.1

The percentage of households reporting leasing-out was more or less of the same order in the Central tribal belt and Other states/u.ts. but was distinctly different in the North-East region. The proportion of households reporting leasing-out was higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals in the regions of Central tribal belt and Other states/u.ts. In each of these two regions about 3 and 5 per cent of the tribal and non-tribal households respectively reported leasing out of land. In contrast, the proportion of lessors among the tribals of the North-East region was about 4 per cent, as against 2.5 per cent among the non-tribals of the region.

3.9.4 It is seen that the proportion of lessee households among the tribals of different states and union territories varied from about 3 per cent in Gujarat to 22 per cent in Tripura. Relatively high proportions <sup>were</sup> also observed among the tribals of West Bengal (21 p.c.) and Orissa (20 p.c.). Among the non-tribals, the percentage was lowest again in Gujarat (2 p.c.) and was exceptionally high in Meghalaya (54 p.c.) and Lakshadweep (41 p.c.). Besides these two states/u.t., it was relatively high in Andaman & Nicobar Is. (29 p.c.) Assam (23 p.c.), Orissa (21 p.c.) and Andhra Pradesh (20 p.c.). In fact, the proportion of lessee households among the non-tribals was higher than that among the tribals in all the states and union territories, except in West Bengal, Tripura and Gujarat.

3.9.5 It is seen from the statement that the survey failed to net any lessor household among the tribals of Lakshadweep and the non-tribals of Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Mizoram. Leaving aside these states/u.ts., the proportion of lessor households is found to vary from a very low 0.2 per cent in Mizoram to 6.6 per cent in Assam among the tribals and from an exceedingly low 0.1 per cent in Andaman & Nicobar Is. to 14.4 per cent in Lakshadweep among the non-tribals. In general, the percentage was higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals. But in Assam, Tripura and Andaman & Nicobar Is. it was considerably higher among tribals as

compared to the non-tribals. Besides these states, pronounced inter-group differential in proportion of lessor households was observed in Arunachal Pradesh, Lakshadweep and Orissa, where it was substantially higher among the non-tribals than that among the tribals.

3.9.6      Leasing-in of land by non-tribals : It is evident from the foregoing discussion on the prevalence of tenurial practices among households of tribal areas that leasing-in of land is more a practice among the non-tribals than among the tribals. The subsequent paragraphs provide details on the nature of tenurial contracts the non-tribal lessees enter into. Statement (13) presents the percentage of non-tribal households reporting leasing-in of land by type of lessor. It may be noted that the estimates for Gujarat, West Bengal, Arunachal Pradesh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Mizoram and Andaman & Nicobar Is. are not given in the statement, since the number of non-tribal lessee households in the sample of these states were too small (less than 20) to generate reliable estimates on proportion of lessee households by detailed classification. The all-India estimates however take into account all these states and union territories. Since the number of sample tribal households reporting leasing-in of land is quite small for many states, the detailed breakdown of proportion of lessee households set out in this statement are not presented in the Appendix for any of the social groups.

3.9.7      Detailed particulars of leased-in land, viz., area, type of lessor, and duration since leased-in, were collected from each sample household reporting leasing-in of land. The lessors were classified into six categories, viz. (i) tribal council, (ii) tribal chief, (iii) tribal household of the same village, (iv) tribal household of other village, (v) any non-tribal household and (vi) others. But, owing to small sample size, the estimates on lessee households under such detailed breakdown do not appear to be very reliable. Hence, the estimates were presented for only the following three types of lessors :

STATEMENT (13). PERCENTAGE OF NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING  
LEASING IN OF LAND BY TYPE OF LESSOR

state/u.t./ region	lessor type			
	any tribal	non- tribal	others	any les
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	0.9	15.0	4.1	19.9
Bihar	2.2	8.0	2.3	12.6
Madhya Pradesh	1.0	4.6	4.5	10.3
Maharashtra	1.3	4.7	1.7	7.9
Orissa	2.5	11.9	8.9	20.5
Rajasthan	1.9	8.6	5.6	15.7
Central tribal belt	1.3	8.3	4.0	13.3
Assam	2.0	12.9	7.3	22.8
Meghalaya	28.3	14.1	11.6	54.0
Sikkim	5.0	4.6	0.3	9.9
Tripura	5.5	6.7	9.5	21.7
North East Region	2.7	11.6	7.2	22.4
Himachal Pradesh	0.1	5.3	2.2	7.5
Karnataka	0.2	5.1	2.9	8.4
Kerala	-	3.2	6.0	9.2
Tamil Nadu	0.3	11.0	2.1	13.4
Uttar Pradesh	1.0	12.4	4.9	18.3
Lakshadweep	7.8	-	33.3	41.1
Other state / u.t.	0.3	7.5	3.2	11.0
All India	1.1	8.2	3.7	13.1

Note : \* Estimates of col. (6) also include lessor households which did not report lessor type

- (i) any tribal lessor
- (ii) any non-tribal lessor and
- (iii) others.

The first type of lessors, viz., "any tribal lessor", refer to the combined group of all tribal lessors, and was constituted of 'tribal council', 'tribal chief', 'tribal household of the same village' and 'tribal household of other village'.

3.9.8 The statement reveals that while 13.1 per cent of the non-tribal households reported leasing-in of land, only a meagre 1.1 per cent had leased-in from a tribal lessor. It appears that the non-tribal lessees mostly leased-in land either from non-tribal lessors or from 'other' lessors. About 8.2 and 3.7 per cent of the non-tribal households reported leasing-in of land from 'non-tribal' and 'other' lessors.

3.9.9 Among the states and union territories, relatively high proportion of non-tribal households reporting leasing-in of land from tribal households were observed only in Meghalaya (28.3 p.c.), Lakshadweep (7.8 p.c.), Tripura (5.5 p.c.) and Sikkim (5.0 p.c.). Judging by the overall proportion of lessee households of 54 per cent in Meghalaya and about 10 per cent in Sikkim, it appears that leasing-out of land by the tribals to the non-tribals was common practice in these two states. In Tripura and Lakshadweep, on the other hand, the non-tribal lessee depended more on the lessor of the other two types. Leasing-in of land by the non-tribals from the tribals was least evident in Andhra Pradesh, Assam and Orissa. In these states, while there were over 20 per cent lessee households among the non-tribals, the proportion of non-tribal households reporting leasing-in of land from any tribal lessor ranged from 0.9 per cent to 2.5 per cent only. Again, the proportion of non-tribal households reporting leasing-in of land from any tribal lessor in Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and Uttar Pradesh were as low as 0.3/0.3 and 1.0 per cent respectively, while the proportions of lessee households among the non-tribals of these states were 13.4/17.4 and 18.3 per cent respectively.

### 3.10 Disposal of land.

3.10.1 The influx of non-tribals to tribal areas from other parts of the country, especially during the post-independence period, is considered to have effected wide-spread alienation of tribal land. A large part of the land traditionally held by the tribals had been encroached upon by the non-tribals. The Government, however, has instituted legislations to protect the interest of the tribals on Land in the tribal areas, and has sought to prevent alienation of tribal land by prohibiting its ~~sales~~ to non-tribals by law. To form an idea about the prevailing rate of alienation of tribal land, the data on land disposed of during last 5 years was collected from tribal as well as from non-tribal sample households. But, buying and selling of land is, in general, relatively a rare event in rural India. The survey could catch only a small number of sample households reporting disposal of land during last 5 years. Statement (14) provides the percentage of tribal and non-tribal households reporting disposal of land and the number of such households in the sample of tribal areas for each state and union territory. It is seen that in most of the states/u.ts., the number of sample households reporting disposal of land was so small for both the social groups that the estimates relating to detailed classification by buying agency will be far from reliable. Hence, instead of presenting the estimates on disposal of land by detailed classification for all the states/u.ts in the Appendix, only those expected to be fairly reliable are given in Statement(15)

3.10.2 Statement (14) reveals that a larger proportion of non-tribal households of tribal areas of India had disposed of land during last five years than the tribals of these areas. The proportion of tribal households reporting disposal of land was only 1.4 per cent, compared to 4.4 per cent for the non-tribals at the all-India level. The proportion of households reporting disposal of land, low as they were, varied widely from state to state. Among the tribal households, besides Karnataka and Andaman & Nicobar Is. (where no such household was reported), the proportion ranged from 0.2 per cent in

STATEMENT (14) PERCENTAGE OF TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING DISPOSAL OF LAND BY STATE/ U.T.

RURAL

state/u.t./region	percentage of households reporting disposal of land		no. of sample reporting disposal of land	
	tribal	non-tribal	tribal	non-tribal
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	0.8	3.8	8	35
Bihar	1.3	6.1	20	41
Gujarat	1.3	0.6	17	5
Madhya Pradesh	0.5	2.5	14	31
Maharashtra	1.0	4.2	13	35
Orissa	2.3	9.3	27	59
Rajasthan	1.0	1.7	6	12
West Bengal	4.7	9.8	34	62
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.8	-	2	0
Central tribal belt	1.7	4.9		
Arunachal Pradesh	2.0	-	9	0
Assam	1.3	1.2	7	4
Meghalaya	1.7	7.1	6	3
Mizoram	0.2	-	1	0
Sikkim	0.2	0.6	1	2
Tripura	1.3	0.1	5	1
North East Region	1.4	1.2		
Himachal Pradesh	1.7	3.6	3	7
Karnataka	-	1.7	0	11
Kerala	5.3	8.7	8	35
Tamil Nadu	4.8	3.6	4	16
Uttar Pradesh	3.9	4.3	6	7
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	-	0	0	0
Lakshadweep	3.0	2.4	3	1
Other state/u.t.	2.9	3.5		
All India	1.4	4.4	194	367

Mizoram and Sikkim to 5.3 per cent in Kerala. It was relatively high also among the tribals of Tamil Nadu (4.8 p.c.), West Bengal (4.7 p.c.), Uttar Pradesh (3.9 p.c.) and Lakshadweep (3.0 p.c.). At the other end, only 2 per thousand tribal households of Mizoram and Sikkim and 5 per thousand of those of Madhya Pradesh reported disposal of land. Among the non-tribals, the proportions was, in general, relatively high and its variation over the states was more pronounced. In Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram and Andaman & Nicobar Is., no non-tribal household reported disposal of land. Leaving aside these states/u.ts., the proportion was found to vary from 0.6 per cent in Gujarat and Sikkim to as high as 9.8 per cent in West Bengal. Relatively high proportion was also observed in Orissa (9.3 p.c.), Kerala (8.7 p.c.), Meghalaya (7.1 p.c.) and Bihar (6.1 p.c.).

**3.10.3** The number of households reporting disposal of land during last five years to tribal households, non-tribal households and others, expressed as percentage of total number of households reporting disposal is presented in Statement(15), separately for the social groups in the states and union territories where 20 or more sample households reported disposal of land. The estimates for all-India given in the statement, however, were built up taking into account data of all the states and union territories.

**3.10.4** The estimates given in the statement tend to show that land in tribal areas were mostly disposed of to tribal households. Among the households reporting disposal of land during last five years, at the all-India level, about 58 and 78 per cent of the tribal and non-tribal households respectively reported disposal of land to tribal households, and 28 and 14 per cent respectively to 'others'. The agency-group 'others' represents the non-household sector including the Government and local administrative bodies. It is noteworthy that disposal of land by tribals to non-tribal household, though rare, is still in evidence. Of the 1.4 per cent tribal households reporting disposal of land, over 13 per cent had

disposed it of to non-tribal households. In other words, laws prohibiting sale of tribal land to non-tribals notwithstanding, about one in every 500 tribal households in the tribal areas of rural India had disposed of land to non-tribal households during the five years period.

Statement (15) : Number of households disposing land to various agencies per 1000 households reporting disposal of land

Rural

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	p.c. of hh. report- ing disposal of land	agency to which disposed of	no. of sample households reporting disposal of land			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	non-tribal	38	665	76	259	1000	35
2.	Bihar	tribal non-tribal	13 61	121 787	67 104	812 109	1000 1000	20 41
3.	Kerala	non-tribal	87	907	29	64	1000	35
4.	Madhya Pradesh	non-tribal	25	997	3	-	1000	31
5.	Maharashtra	non-tribal	42	733	143	159	1000	35
6.	Orissa	tribal non-tribal	23 93	729 789	77 115	194 96	1000 1000	27 59
7.	West Bengal	tribal non-tribal	47 98	822 758	107 71	71 171	1000 1000	34 62
8.	All-India	tribal non-tribal	14 44	583 776	134 95	281 138	1000 1000	194 367

3.10.5 It is seen that in the states presented in the statement, at least 66 per cent of the households of a social group, reporting disposal of land had given it to tribal households. The tribals of Bihar <sup>were</sup> the only exception. In this state, it appears, tribals disposed of land mostly to "others". Relatively high proportion of tribal households disposing of land to non-tribals was reported in West Bengal (11 p.c.).

### 3.11 Asset and Liabilities

3.11.1 Stock of assets of a household is a measure of its wealth and has a direct bearing on its level of living. In order to make a comparative assessment of the wealth of the tribals and non-tribals of tribal areas, particulars of physical assets, including the household durables, were collected from each household as on the date of survey. A very small proportion of households, however, did not report the particulars of their asset-holdings. Needless to say, the estimates relating to asset-holding presented in this report are based on the data collected from the households reporting particulars of physical assets owned by them. The average value of assets owned by the tribal and non-tribal households of tribal areas are given separately for each state/u.t. and the three regions in Statement (16). The statement also provides the percentage of indebted households and debt-asset ratios worked out separately for the two social groups of each state/u.t. and region. These estimates are based on the details of all loans, both in cash and kind, collected from each household.

3.11.2 The statement exhibits a marked difference between the average value of assets owned by a tribal and a non-tribal household. In the tribal areas of India, the average value of assets owned by a tribal household was only about Rs. 28 thousand, as against the corresponding figure of Rs. 51 thousand for the non-tribal households. Among the regions, the inter-group differential in the Central tribal belt was as pronounced as that observed at the all-India level. In all the states/u.ts of this region, the average value of assets held by a non-tribal household was substantially higher than that held by a tribal household. In fact, the average for the non-tribal households was more than twice of that for the tribal households in Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Dadre & Nagar Haveli, and about twice in West Bengal and Gujarat.

**STATEMENT (16) : AVERAGE VALUE OF ASSETS PER HOUSEHOLDS PERCENTAGE OF INDEBTED HOUSEHOLDS AND DEBT-ASSET RATIO IN DIFFERENT STATES/U.Ts SEPARATELY FOR EACH SOCIAL GROUP**

state/u.t./region	av. asset holding in p.c. of indebt households		debt-asset ratio			
	tribal	non-tribal	tribal	non-tribal		
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	17.2	43.8	40.1	41.7	7.07	12.04
Jharkhand	39.7	56.1	16.2	21..	0.72	1.81
Gujarat	30.9	59.9	10.7	10.0	2.45	0.69
Madhya Pradesh	22.6	57.4	18.6	22.5	1.69	1.63
Maharashtra	22.4	59.0	21.0	33.2	1.99	3.24
Rajasthan	17.7	27.9	21.2	30.1	1.73	3.63
Bihar	51.6	61.8	42.2	41.1	5.56	4.93
West Bengal	18.2	35.8	20.5	26.4	0.73	1.41
Uttara & Nāgar Havelli	27.4	57.3	12.0	9.6	0.29	0.89
Central tribal belt	27.0	49.4	21.5	31.1	2.58	3.52
Manipur Pradesh	51.0	18.0	2.3	2.9	*	*
Nagaland	40.8	42.8	7.8	4.1	1.81	0.47
Arunachal Pradesh	28.6	12.2	0.4	1.8	*	*
Sikkim	27.4	12.5	-	-	-	-
Assam	70.7	61.5	0.1	0.3	*	*
Mizoram	17.1	24.7	14.1	11.7	6.33	1.13
North East Region	35.2	40.8	4.8	4.6	1.34	0.46
Uttarakhand	75.6	11.6	8.6	25.9	0.37	2.05
Karnataka	13.8	53.3	15.6	29.0	9.11	4.0
Tamil Nadu	81.6	109.9	36.5	34.4	1.11	2.71
Uttar Pradesh	144.4	50.2	45.0	16.7	1.15	0.51
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	182.3	14.8	16.1	19.2	0.19	*
Lakshadweep	142.3	27.5	4.4	8.5	*	*
Other state/u.t.	49.6	56.7	29.2	33.6	2.08	3.8
All - India	28.4	51.0	20.2	30.6	2.33	3.51

\* The asterisks (\*) in cols.(7) and (8) indicate inadequate number of indebted households, in the sample, to generate reliable estimate of average debt per household.

3.11.3 The disparity in average asset-holding between the two social groups was relatively less pronounced in the other two regions. The average value of assets owned by a tribal and a non-tribal household was respectively Rs. 35 thousand, Rs. 41 thousand in the North-East region and Rs. 50 thousand and Rs. 57 thousand in the Other states/u.ts. In the North-East region, in fact, the average for the tribals was more than that for the non-tribals in all the states/u.ts, except Assam and Tripura. In Arunachal Pradesh, the average value of assets among the tribals was Rs. 51 thousand, which was substantially higher than that of Rs. 18 thousand observed for the non-tribals. In Uttar Pradesh, Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep also the average value of asset among the tribals was extremely high. The respective averages for the tribals of these three states were Rs. 144 thousand, Rs. 182 thousand and Rs. 142 thousand, while those for the non-tribals were Rs. 50 thousand, Rs. 15 thousand and Rs. 28 thousand respectively. In the rest of the states of this region, however, the non-tribals were better off than the tribals, in this respect.

3.11.4 Statement (16) reveals that there were larger proportion of indebted households among the non-tribals than among the tribals. At the all-India level, while only 20 per cent of the tribal households were found to be indebted, the proportion of indebted non-tribal households was over 30 per cent. In terms of proportion of indebted households, the incidence of indebtedness was the least in the North-East region, among both the social groups. Only about 5 per cent of the households of each social-group were found to be indebted in this region. In sharp contrast, the proportion of indebted households in different states/u.ts. of the Central tribal belt varied from about 10 per cent to over 40 per cent for both the social groups. The proportion was, in general, higher among the non-tribals than among the tribals of the respective states/u.ts. Only in Gujarat, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Rajasthan, it was higher among the tribals than among the non-tribals. The inter-group differential, however, was small in these cases. Among the other states of the region, the

inter-group differential was most pronounced in Maharashtra. The states/u.t.s of the third region exhibited a similar feature of relatively higher incidence of indebtedness among the non-tribals. There is however a striking exception. In Uttar Pradesh, the proportion of indebted households among the non-tribals was about 17 per cent, while that among the tribals was as high as 45 per cent.

5.11.5 The debt-asset ratio represents the amount of debt of a household per 100 rupees worth assets owned by it. It is seen that in general the greater the proportion of indebted households the larger was the value of debt-asset ratio. The inter-group disparity in the incidence of indebtedness measured in terms of debt-asset ratio, therefore, resembled closely to the features revealed by the proportion of indebted households. The statement reveals that, in the tribal areas of India, the total amount of debt of the tribal households was 2.33 per cent of the assets held by them, while that of the non-tribal households was 3.52 per cent of their assets. Except for the states/u.t.s. of the North-East region, the debt-asset ratio was generally higher among the non-tribals than that among the tribals. Among the states of different regions the ratio for the non-tribals was considerably higher than that for the tribals in Andhra Pradesh. The inter-group differential in the debt-asset ratio was also pronounced in Tripura and Karnataka. But, in those two states, contrary to the general feature, the ratio was higher for the tribals than that for the non-tribals. In Gujarat and Rajasthan also, the tribals had higher debt-asset ratio than the non-tribals. The ratio was of the same order for the social-groups of Madhya Pradesh. The debt-asset ratios observed in all the other states/u.t.s. indicate that incidence of indebtedness was higher among the non-tribals than that among the tribals.

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37	Per thousand distribution of amount of loans by purpose of loan for tribals and non-tribal of tribal areas.
38	Number of households reporting loans per thousand households by rates of interest for tribals and non-tribals of tribal areas.
39	Per thousand distribution of amount of loans out standing by rates of interest for tribals and non-tribals of tribal areas.

TABLE (1) : NUMBER OF TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS ESTIMATED FROM SCHEDULES 29.1 & 29.2 BY STRATUM TYPE AND NUMBER OF NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS ESTIMATED FROM SCHEDULE 29.3 FOR STRATUM-I.

RURAL

srl. no.	state / u.t.	estd. no. of households (00)				
		tribal		non-trib		
		schedule 29.1		schedule 29.2		sch. 29.3
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	5270	1973	5553	2204	29246
2.	Assam	3621	881	3461	786	5760
3.	Bihar	9778	1793	9775	1792	14149
4.	Gujarat	11511	1076	11511	1076	7816
5.	Himachal Pradesh	347	14	345	13	2035
6.	Karnataka	716	172	812	186	20918
7.	Kerala	369	78	374	78	6715
8.	Madhya Pradesh	21870	7088	22206	7256	22211
9.	Maharashtra	9261	2893	9493	2977	23447
10.	Neghalaya	2070	0	2070	0	163
11.	Orissa	10468	2544	9837	2672	15110
12.	Rajasthan	7424	2747	7345	2894	15046
13.	Sikkim	143	0	152	0	391
14.	Tamil Nadu	385	391	901	396	18048
15.	Tripura	826	185	826	194	727
16.	Uttar Pradesh	266	135	266	135	4223
17.	West Bengal	6567	1305	6607	1307	19954
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	20	1	21	1	33
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	828	0	827	0	125
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	170	0	170	0	38
21.	Lakshadweep	35	0	35	0	4
22.	Nizoram	647	0	647	0	4
23.	All-India	93744	23835	93946	24423	206183

TABLE (2) : NUMBER OF TRIBAL PERSONS ESTIMATED FROM SCHEDULES 29.1 AND  
29.2 BY STRATUM TYPE AND NUMBER OF NON-TRIBAL PERSONS ESTIMATED  
FROM SCHEDULE 29.3 FOR STRATUM-1.

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	estimated number of persons (00)					
		schedule 29.1		schedule 29.2		non-tribal	
		str-1	str-2	str-1	str-2	str-1	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	23382	8142	24678	8075	129342	
2.	Assam	20238	4954	20436	4808	32711	
3.	Bihar	48271	7683	48212	9496	70724	
4.	Gujarat	52137	5155	54999	5207	40313	
5.	Himachal Pradesh	1823	37	1756	45	11103	
6.	Karnataka	2810	855	2991	953	114580	
7.	Kerala	1645	326	1808	367	32527	
8.	Madhya Pradesh	106896	33676	113874	35148	112577	
9.	Maharashtra	41972	12886	44402	13837	120554	
10.	Meghalaya	10563	0	10545	0	673	
11.	Orissa	47679	12830	46334	11438	73713	
12.	Rajasthan	39081	13469	39340	14480	79873	
13.	Sikkim	655	0	706	0	1857	
14.	Tamil Nadu	3288	1384	3844	1575	76487	
15.	Tripura	3835	833	3806	867	3226	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	2153	620	1982	850	20717	
17.	West Bengal	29433	8656	30542	9291	98930	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	172	2	209	1	95	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	4102	0	4163	0	486	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	817	0	843	0	150	
21.	Lakshadweep	197	0	225	0	9	
22.	Mizoram	3174	0	3239	0	15	
23.	All-India	452751	111346	462346	116795	1020754	

TAB

TABLE (3) : NUMBER OF SAMPLE TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS FOR SCHEDULES 29.1 AND  
29.2 BY STRATUM TYPE AND NUMBER OF SAMPLE NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS  
FOR SCHEDULE 29.3 FOR STRATUM-1.

RURAL

sr. no.	state / u.t.	number of sample households					
		tribal				non-tribal	
		schedule 29.1		schedule 29.2		sch.29.3	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	744	230	713	182	862	
2.	Assam	338	62	365	49	341	
3.	Bihar	1070	66	1064	62	874	
4.	Gujarat	850	39	850	38	440	
5.	Himachal Pradesh	187	5	177	4	249	
6.	Karnataka	167	27	146	19	672	
7.	Kerala	144	18	167	14	362	
8.	Madhya Pradesh	2102	235	2036	222	1415	
9.	Maharashtra	1198	218	1164	197	965	
10.	Meghalaya	500	0	494	0	64	
11.	Orissa	1029	67	1027	63	786	
12.	Rajasthan	833	111	809	99	642	
13.	Sikkim	305	0	293	0	308	
14.	Tamil Nadu	162	51	153	46	540	
15.	Tripura	334	63	333	57	191	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	141	6	140	5	207	
17.	West Bengal	804	86	790	81	727	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	106	9	106	3	59	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	396	0	387	0	112	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	144	0	143	0	76	
21.	Lakshadweep	96	0	96	0	55	
22.	Mizoram	528	0	528	0	36	
23.	All-India	12506	1307	12306	1166	9949	

TABLE (4) : NUMBER OF SAMPLE TRIBAL PERSONS FOR SCHEDULES 29.1 AND 29.2  
BY STRATUM TYPE AND NUMBER OF SAMPLE NON-TRIBAL PERSONS FOR  
SCHEDULE 29.3 FOR STRATUM TYPE 1

RURAL

srl. no.	state / u.t.	number of sample persons					
		tribal		non-tribal		schedule 29.3	
		str-1	str-2	str-1	str-2		str-1
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	3317	961	3129	632	3851	
2.	Assam	2100	291	2118	295	1881	
3.	Bihar	5357	287	5329	308	4503	
4.	Gujarat	4121	177	4121	189	2143	
5.	Himachal Pradesh	972	19	911	16	1214	
6.	Karnataka	795	151	702	96	3663	
7.	Kerala	852	73	825	63	1717	
8.	Madhya Pradesh	10664	1104	10706	1047	7321	
9.	Maharashtra	5532	1012	5485	938	4894	
10.	Meghalaya	2586	0	2584	0	269	
11.	Orissa	4764	311	4801	269	3613	
12.	Rajasthan	4395	592	4420	534	3432	
13.	Sikkim	1551	0	1495	0	1460	
14.	Tamil Nadu	645	194	616	183	2277	
15.	Tripura	1522	247	1510	244	856	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	1131	31	1087	30	976	
17.	West Bengal	3782	393	3767	412	3709	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	941	28	1081	5	204	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	2044	0	1980	0	369	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	718	0	746	0	314	
21.	Lakshadweep	566	0	633	0	127	
22.	Mizoram	2607	0	2678	0	131	
23.	All-India	62414	6008	62216	5460	48949	

TAB

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS PER THOUSAND PERSONS AND  
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

rl. state/u.t.	household group	no. of females per thousand males	no. of children per thousand persons	average no. of persons per household (0.00)			number				
							estd.(00)	sample			
				male	female	total	house-holds	per-sons			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	971	416	2.25	2.19	4.44	5270	23382	744	3317	
	NT	967	376	2.25	2.17	4.42	29246	129342	862	3851	
2. Assam	T	882	428	2.97	2.62	5.59	3621	20238	368	2100	
	NT	839	413	3.09	2.59	5.68	5760	32711	341	1881	
3. Bihar	T	970	402	2.51	2.43	4.94	9776	48271	1070	5357	
	NT	907	424	2.62	2.38	5.00	14149	70724	874	4503	
4. Gujarat	T	981	399	2.50	2.45	4.95	11511	57137	850	4121	
	NT	1056	365	2.51	2.69	5.16	7816	40313	440	2143	
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	1068	386	2.54	2.71	5.25	347	1823	187	972	
	NT	1027	411	2.69	2.76	5.46	2035	11103	249	1214	
6. Karnataka	T	779	390	2.21	1.72	3.93	716	2810	156	795	
	NT	995	388	2.75	2.73	5.48	20918	114580	672	3663	
7. Kerala	T	1104	356	2.12	2.34	4.45	369	1645	174	852	
	NT	1041	328	2.37	2.47	4.84	6715	32527	352	1717	
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	951	399	2.50	2.38	4.89	21870	106896	2102	10664	
	NT	934	401	2.62	2.45	5.07	22211	112577	1415	7321	

TABLE (5) : NUMBER OF FEMALES PER THOUSAND MALES, NUMBER OF CHILDREN PER THOUSAND PERSONS AND NUMBER  
 (contd.) OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

sl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of females per thousand males	no. of children per thousand persons	average no. of persons per household (0.00)			number estd.(00)	number sample		
			male	female	total						
			house- holds	per- sons	house- holds	per- sons					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1.	Maharashtra	T	969	408	2.28	2.25	4.53	9261	41972	1198	5532
		NT	924	374	2.67	2.47	5.14	23447	120554	965	4894
1.	Meghalaya	T	1072	433	2.46	2.64	5.10	2070	10566	500	2586
		NT	724	451	2.35	1.70	4.05	166	673	64	269
1.	Orissa	T	1027	363	2.25	2.31	4.55	10468	47679	1029	4784
		NT	982	357	2.49	2.39	4.88	15110	73713	755	3613
1.	Rajasthan	T	928	425	2.73	2.53	5.26	7424	39081	833	4395
		NT	970	417	2.69	2.61	5.31	15046	79875	642	3432
1.	Sikkim	T	971	416	2.32	2.26	4.58	143	655	305	1551
		NT	845	391	2.57	2.17	4.74	391	1857	308	1460
1.	Tamil Nadu	T	950	386	1.95	1.85	3.80	865	3288	162	645
		NT	1010	328	2.11	2.13	4.24	18048	76487	540	2277
1.	Tripura	T	860	384	2.50	2.15	4.64	826	3835	334	1522
		NT	1031	371	2.19	2.25	4.44	727	3226	191	856
1.	Uttar Pradesh	T	884	441	4.30	3.80	8.09	266	2153	141	1131
		NT	857	417	2.64	2.26	4.91	4223	20717	207	976

NUMBER OF FEMALE CHILDREN PER THOUSAND MALES, NUMBER OF CHILDREN PER THOUSAND PERSONS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of females per thousand males	no. of children per thousand persons	average no. of persons per household (0.00)			number			
								estd.(00)			
					male	female	total	house- holds	per- sons	house- holds	per- sons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
17.	West Bengal	T	972	389	2.27	2.21	4.48	6567	29433	804	2782
		NT	964	358	2.52	2.43	4.96	19954	98930	727	3709
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	1087	355	4.03	4.39	8.42	20	172	108	941
		NT	579	412	1.85	1.97	2.92	33	95	59	204
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	947	381	2.54	2.40	4.96	828	4102	396	2044
		NT	804	452	2.16	1.74	3.90	125	486	112	369
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	991	419	2.42	2.40	4.82	170	817	144	718
		NT	684	294	2.37	1.62	3.98	38	150	76	314
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	1107	416	2.70	2.99	5.69	35	197	96	566
		NT	767	222	1.21	0.92	2.13	4	9	55	127
22.	Mizoram	T	924	418	2.55	2.36	4.91	647	3174	528	2607
		NT	892	510	2.17	1.93	4.10	4	15	36	131
23.	All-India	T	967	400	2.46	2.37	4.83	93744	452751	12505	62414
		NT	959	380	2.53	2.42	4.95	206183	1020754	9949	48949

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

Narayan/

TABLE (6) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	age - group										number							
			0-4	5-9	10-14	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	n.r.	to- tal	estd. sam- ple (00)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
1.	Andhra Pra- desh	T	170	149	103	81	78	86	77	62	53	34	35	17	56	-	1000	11862	1668	
2.	Assam	NT	140	144	107	76	92	79	75	60	50	41	40	32	64	-	1000	65709	1937	
3.	Bihar	T	134	174	126	91	80	75	67	82	46	36	43	15	31	-	1000	10748	1105	
4.	Gujarat	NT	130	132	168	140	91	61	51	68	67	58	28	20	36	-	1000	17784	1009	
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	139	147	128	88	68	70	69	70	49	51	44	31	46	-	1000	24502	2714	
6.	Karnataka	NT	157	169	112	72	63	91	72	70	46	49	27	19	54	-	1000	36887	2310	
7.	Kerala	T	127	134	151	127	81	62	100	76	72	50	43	30	22	52	-	1000	28791	2108
8.	Madhya Pra- desh	NT	133	144	113	92	65	57	56	62	43	44	45	39	34	62	-	1000	19608	1095
		NT	143	131	151	98	85	59	52	44	47	49	38	33	69	107	-	1000	882	470
		T	121	165	118	117	87	88	64	63	32	24	52	39	31	-	1000	5477	617	
		NT	136	130	119	115	77	83	67	58	54	48	38	23	55	-	1000	1580	423	
		T	96	111	135	92	60	106	66	95	41	31	49	42	75	-	1000	57429	1850	
		NT	114	122	115	107	104	81	68	50	52	47	32	41	67	-	1000	782	418	
		T	139	140	117	89	69	105	70	54	37	49	52	29	47	-	1000	15939	859	
		NT	131	153	132	91	76	75	70	65	41	37	38	27	65	-	1000	54775	5363	
																			3759	

TABLE (6) CONTD. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	age-group												estd. total (00)	sam- ple (20)			
			0-4	5-9	10- 14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
9. Maharashtra	T	135	151	130	95	71	80	77	61	50	46	38	26	41	-	1000	21106	2793	
	NT	129	125	129	107	78	67	67	62	51	44	37	29	72	-	1000	62648	2553	
10. Meghalaya	T	155	149	118	87	88	76	81	60	58	45	40	18	46	-	1000	5099	1248	
	NT	214	161	150	32	25	103	96	55	62	24	44	10	24	-	1000	390	153	
11. Orissa	T	139	125	102	94	95	95	76	56	49	50	47	36	41	-	1000	23525	2355	
	NT	113	115	134	97	83	90	77	59	44	40	43	45	61	-	1000	37573	1823	
12. Rajasthan	T	155	153	128	94	78	74	63	53	45	45	34	26	51	-	1000	20270	2284	
	NT	162	141	128	79	85	67	66	65	46	35	38	19	70	-	1000	40544	1797	
13. Sikkim	T	103	167	152	96	88	69	48	80	27	55	33	29	56	-	1000	332	815	
	NT	114	139	146	112	69	87	65	71	52	28	19	46	-	1000	1006	798		
14. Tamil Nadu	T	169	157	75	112	32	70	107	43	8	62	84	25	55	-	1000	1686	324	
	NT	115	120	91	105	89	80	79	63	48	45	47	41	75	-	1000	38025	1137	
15. Tripura	T	110	162	132	99	46	79	66	86	45	67	28	25	54	-	1000	816	435	
	NT	107	139	93	78	51	109	67	116	76	61	22	14	67	-	1000	1589	435	
16. Uttar Pra- desh	T	167	142	146	79	79	67	67	39	39	52	12	59	-	1000	1143	601		
	NT	124	154	135	87	73	82	78	57	51	32	26	65	-	1000	19156	525		

TABLE (6) : CONDYS PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.l. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	age - group	age - group										n.r.	to- tal	estd. • (00)	sam- ple		
				0-4	5-9	10-	15-	20-	25-	30-	35-	40-	45-	50	55- & above	n.r.			
1	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
17.	West Bengal	T	136	155	119	82	77	92	78	68	44	43	33	30	44	-	1000	14927	1919
		NT	111	129	104	109	93	101	87	62	50	41	28	30	56	-	1000	50374	1583
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	100	138	106	117	72	110	73	66	41	55	34	36	53	-	1000	82	452
		NT	91	129	138	100	99	54	38	100	61	108	19	14	-	1000	60	115	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	140	134	127	96	68	98	58	71	46	46	38	26	53	-	1000	2102	1041
		NT	149	204	104	45	37	163	116	81	14	17	25	15	27	-	1000	270	215
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	137	124	158	101	72	80	84	63	50	44	33	21	32	-	1000	410	359
		NT	182	114	69	58	276	144	82	60	4	40	16	3	52	-	1000	89	173
21.	Laksha deep	T	167	127	147	83	105	83	45	62	48	52	42	12	26	-	1000	93	269
		NT	10	111	61	89	164	133	75	81	77	83	42	-	1000	5	75	-	
22.	Mizoram	T	143	162	120	90	50	95	79	82	74	30	23	20	33	-	1000	1650	1355
		NT	328	56	117	38	-	40	82	254	54	13	19	-	-	1000	8	74	
23.	All India	T	140	147	120	89	73	89	72	62	46	42	27	47	-	1000	230145	31637	
		NT	130	135	119	97	83	81	71	64	49	43	36	29	63	-	1000	20786	25210

Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

2) T & NT stand for Tribal and Non-Tribal respectively.

TABLE (6.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	age-group															number estd. sample (00)	
			0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	n.r.	total		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	174	157	80	82	102	101	75	50	43	40	28	32	34	-	1000	11520	1649
		NT	132	131	96	102	93	91	68	52	47	53	43	23	68	-	1000	63574	1912
2	Assam	T	166	140	115	82	116	85	83	49	42	31	34	19	36	-	1000	9477	994
		NT	121	150	182	82	76	69	63	87	59	25	32	24	30	-	1000	14928	872
3	Bihar	T	149	148	93	77	90	83	78	58	54	51	34	30	55	1	1000	23769	2643
		NT	139	167	103	70	98	90	83	51	54	38	30	29	44	-	1000	33640	2180
4	Gujarat	T	121	126	137	81	92	94	88	69	52	34	35	23	48	-	1000	28244	2009
		NT	125	185	96	94	96	52	113	42	55	24	39	31	47	-	1000	20704	1049
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	114	150	118	86	67	82	71	60	53	39	45	20	56	-	1000	942	502
		NT	130	149	118	117	99	82	58	49	36	44	25	22	71	-	1000	5626	597
6	Karnataka	T	100	111	162	103	86	102	80	37	56	62	27	18	57	-	1000	1231	372
		NT	139	144	108	89	108	85	56	58	48	44	34	26	61	-	1000	57151	1813
7	Kerala	T	143	100	124	77	107	85	64	86	42	35	22	27	86	-	1000	863	434
		NT	83	106	117	106	92	92	72	76	50	54	27	45	79	-	1000	16588	858
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	154	141	107	73	99	91	65	51	48	58	31	26	55	-	1000	52101	5299
		NT	137	133	116	77	104	85	68	49	50	50	34	28	68	-	1000	54361	3558

TABLE (6.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.l. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	age-group															RURAL	
			0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Maharashtra	T	147	146	107	86	98	91	69	55	53	40	31	25	53	-	1000	20866	2739	
	NT	116	125	124	85	98	86	64	58	50	48	43	35	70	-	1000	57906	2341	
Meghalaya	T	177	148	120	88	101	90	64	61	37	33	29	17	38	-	1000	5467	1338	
	NT	121	167	62	45	141	77	133	64	54	24	28	45	38	-	1000	283	116	
Orissa	T	129	140	91	96	110	97	58	56	60	52	41	29	42	-	1000	24154	2409	
	NT	105	129	118	102	89	95	63	55	47	51	51	37	58	-	1000	36140	1790	
Rajasthan	T	139	157	116	93	104	77	67	50	45	41	42	19	48	-	1000	18811	2111	
	NT	135	161	105	57	107	95	71	52	37	37	27	38	76	-	1000	39329	1635	
Sikkim	T	105	118	186	108	107	49	66	88	55	28	32	17	42	-	1000	323	736	
	NT	101	138	143	96	100	89	77	64	51	37	32	35	37	-	1000	850	662	
Tamil Nadu	T	203	118	48	66	145	77	41	53	57	66	41	17	83	-	1000	1601	321	
	NT	120	110	100	98	96	93	68	57	39	72	48	37	64	-	1000	38434	1139	
Tripura	T	108	147	106	104	109	88	71	106	43	41	23	16	39	-	1000	1773	706	
	NT	141	139	121	83	100	92	82	73	38	17	6	29	79	-	1000	1638	421	
Uttar Pradesh	T	140	168	117	116	79	68	63	46	43	61	24	21	52	-	1000	1010	530	
	NT	135	156	131	65	85	96	55	72	45	52	32	22	53	-	1000	9562	451	

TABLE (6.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	age-group														number estd. sample (00)		
			0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	n.r.	total		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
17	West Bengal	T	131	123	114	112	108	89	74	62	43	32	40	30	42	-	1000	14506	1863
		NT	118	147	108	94	119	99	52	60	42	42	42	35	43	-	1000	48556	1826
18	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	T	110	112	143	105	116	115	70	56	41	47	29	22	34	-	1000	89	488
		NT	173	131	203	57	46	111	72	77	50	58	22	-	1	-	1000	35	89
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	131	129	102	94	97	103	78	72	52	47	37	18	42	-	1000	1990	997
		NT	141	189	114	38	97	181	81	23	30	23	24	7	51	-	1000	217	151
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	155	138	125	80	89	100	70	59	38	50	27	27	43	-	1000	407	359
		NT	161	79	96	42	154	165	97	5	30	47	6	16	104	-	1000	61	136
21	Laksha Dweep	T	104	140	149	124	109	34	48	96	78	40	20	24	35	-	1000	103	297
		NT	129	47	97	58	131	147	73	76	39	73	50	42	37	-	1000	4	52
22	Mizoram	T	139	139	131	74	86	110	87	76	47	32	23	24	32	-	1000	1524	1252
		NT	169	261	91	20	21	177	120	66	63	11	-	-	-	-	1000	7	57
23	All India	T	144	141	108	85	100	90	71	57	50	46	34	25	49	-	1000	222457	30762
		NT	126	139	111	88	100	88	67	56	47	47	38	31	61	-	1000	499644	23719

Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

2) T & NT stand for Tribal and Non-Tribal respectively.

TABLE (6.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	age-group													number			
			0-4	5-9	10- 14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above n.r.	to- tal	estd. (00)	sample (20)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	172	153	92	81	90	94	76	56	48	37	31	24	46	-	1000	23382	3317
		NT	136	138	102	89	93	85	71	56	48	47	41	28	66	-	1000	129342	3851
2.	Assam	T	149	158	121	87	97	80	74	67	44	34	39	17	34	-	1000	20238	2100
		NT	98	140	175	114	84	65	56	77	64	43	30	21	33	-	1000	32711	1881
3.	Bihar	T	144	148	110	83	79	76	73	64	52	51	39	30	51	-	1000	48271	5357
		NT	148	168	108	71	80	91	77	61	49	43	29	24	50	-	1000	70724	4503
4.	Gujarat	T	128	139	132	81	78	97	82	70	51	38	32	23	50	-	1000	57137	4121
		NT	126	141	98	101	94	76	85	74	54	35	29	33	54	-	1000	40313	2143
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	123	147	116	89	66	70	64	61	48	42	45	29	101	-	1000	1823	972
		NT	136	140	134	108	92	71	55	47	41	47	31	28	70	-	1000	11103	1214
6.	Karnataka	T	112	141	137	110	86	94	71	51	42	41	41	30	42	-	1000	2810	795
		NT	137	137	114	102	92	84	62	58	50	46	36	24	58	-	1000	114580	3663
7.	Kerala	T	121	105	129	84	84	95	65	90	42	33	35	34	81	-	1000	1645	852
		NT	98	114	116	107	98	87	70	63	51	50	30	43	73	-	1000	32527	1717
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	146	141	112	81	83	98	68	52	43	54	43	27	51	-	1000	106896	10664
		NT	134	143	124	84	90	80	69	58	45	43	36	27	66	-	1000	112577	7321

TABLE (6.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

rl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	age-group															RURAL		
			age-group															number		
			0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	n.r.	tot. al	estd. (00)	sam- ple (20)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
1.	Maharashtra	T	141	149	118	90	84	85	73	58	51	43	34	25	47	-	1000	41972	5532	
		NT	123	125	126	96	87	77	66	61	50	46	40	32	71	-	1000	120554	4894	
2.	Meghalaya	T	166	148	119	88	85	83	72	60	47	39	34	17	42	-	1000	10566	2586	
		NT	175	164	113	37	74	92	111	59	59	24	37	25	30	-	1000	673	269	
3.	Orissa	T	134	133	97	92	103	96	67	56	54	51	44	33	42	-	1000	47679	4764	
		NT	109	122	126	100	86	92	70	57	46	45	47	41	59	-	1000	73713	3613	
4.	Rajasthan	T	147	155	122	94	91	76	65	52	45	43	38	22	50	1	1000	39081	4395	
		NT	149	151	117	68	96	81	68	58	41	36	32	20	74	-	1000	79873	3432	
5.	Sikkim	T	104	143	169	102	96	59	56	34	40	42	32	23	49	-	1000	655	1551	
		NT	108	138	145	105	83	88	71	68	51	46	29	27	42	-	1000	1857	1460	
6.	Tamil Nadu	T	186	138	62	89	87	73	75	38	32	64	63	21	71	-	1000	3288	645	
		NT	117	115	96	101	93	86	73	60	43	59	47	39	70	-	1000	76487	2277	
7.	Tripura	T	109	155	120	101	75	83	68	95	44	55	25	21	47	-	1000	3835	1522	
		NT	124	139	107	81	76	100	75	94	57	39	14	21	73	-	1000	3226	856	
8.	Uttar Pradesh	T	154	154	133	96	79	68	65	48	41	49	39	17	56	-	1000	2153	1131	
		NT	129	155	133	77	78	88	66	64	42	51	32	24	59	-	1000	20717	976	

TABLE (6.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY AGE GROUP SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

pl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	age-group														RURAL			
			0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	n.r.	to- tal	estd. (00)	sam- ple	
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
7.	West Bengal	T	133	139	117	97	92	91	76	65	43	38	36	30	43	-	1000	29433	3782	
		NT	114	138	106	102	106	100	70	61	46	42	35	32	50	-	1000	98930	3709	
8.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	126	125	125	111	95	113	71	61	41	51	31	29	43	-	1000	172	941	
		NT	121	130	161	84	79	75	82	92	57	90	20	9	-	-	1000	95	204	
9.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	136	132	115	95	82	100	67	71	49	46	38	22	47	-	1000	4102	2044	
		NT	145	198	109	42	64	174	100	55	21	19	24	11	37	-	1000	486	369	
10.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	146	131	142	91	80	90	77	61	44	47	30	24	38	-	1000	817	718	
		NT	114	99	80	51	226	152	88	38	14	43	12	8	73	-	1000	150	314	
11.	Laksha dweep	T	134	134	148	104	107	57	47	80	64	46	31	18	31	-	1000	197	566	
		NT	62	83	76	75	149	139	74	75	63	76	68	42	16	-	1000	9	127	
12.	Mizoram	T	141	151	125	82	67	102	83	79	61	31	23	22	32	-	1000	3174	2607	
		NT	253	153	105	30	10	104	100	166	58	12	10	-	-	-	1000	15	131	
All India			T	142	144	114	87	86	90	72	59	48	46	38	26	48	-	1000	452751	62414
			NT	128	137	115	93	91	85	69	60	48	45	37	30	62	-	1000	1020754	48949

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

(2) T & NT stand for tribal and Non-Tribal respectively.

TABLE (7) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CLASS AND  
TOTAL OF PERSONS, IF NOT SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

Srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	monthly per capita consumer expenditure class (Rs.)														no. of persons	
			less than 65	65- 80	80- 95	95- 110	110- 125	125- 140	140- 160	160- 180	180- 215	215- 280	280- 385	385- n.r. & above	total	estd. (00)	sample (00)	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	51	132	178	149	150	135	114	52	18	8	1	12	-	1000	24678	3129
		NT	23	86	115	159	149	151	126	57	70	38	19	6	-	1000	129342	3851
2	Assam	T	-	3	66	152	120	254	157	119	107	20	2	0	-	1000	20436	2118
		NT	-	13	92	117	115	152	206	116	120	62	6	1	-	1000	32711	1881
3	Bihar	T	20	65	154	186	155	160	136	58	35	16	9	6	1	1000	48212	5329
		NT	25	72	127	159	109	171	131	81	46	45	7	27	-	1000	70724	4503
4	Gujarat	T	131	158	105	136	126	129	97	44	29	10	5	31	-	1000	54999	4121
		NT	17	28	62	59	164	134	201	122	80	58	57	17	-	1000	40313	2143
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	50	28	12	129	30	150	147	80	115	102	97	60	-	1000	1756	911
		NT	3	6	9	77	88	97	198	114	202	116	51	38	-	1000	11103	1214
6	Karnataka	T	68	265	90	167	222	61	75	9	19	18	5	-	-	1000	2991	702
		NT	60	82	149	148	105	132	110	59	85	42	17	11	-	1000	114580	3663
7	Kerala	T	59	120	193	124	97	142	70	77	60	30	9	20	-	1000	1808	825
		NT	40	98	99	151	47	76	119	67	111	47	52	93	-	1000	32527	1717
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	112	160	204	182	107	98	73	21	23	7	3	11	-	1000	113874	10706
		NT	35	95	117	203	113	103	88	63	60	18	13	32	-	1000	112577	7321

TABLE (7) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CLASS  
I. SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	monthly per capita consumer expenditure class (Rs.)														no. of persons estd. (00)	sample (00)
			less than 65	65- 80	80- 95	95- 110	110- 125	125- 140	140- 160	160- 180	180- 215	215- 280	280- 385	385 & above	n.r.	total		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
9.	Maharashtra	T	149	130	148	148	105	108	88	47	45	14	6	5	5	1000	44402	5485
		NT	34	56	118	169	117	132	122	67	88	58	33	5	-	1000	120554	4894
10.	Meghalaya	T	5	64	124	79	127	75	66	63	238	90	54	14	2	1000	10545	2584
		NT	68	34	182	15	92	71	79	61	157	76	133	32	-	1000	673	269
11.	Orissa	T	177	202	222	144	54	84	60	24	20	7	1	5	-	1000	46334	4801
		NT	65	130	107	175	111	108	135	60	69	21	15	3	-	1000	73713	3613
12.	Rajasthan	T	90	127	142	191	83	106	54	51	82	53	13	8	0	1000	39340	4420
		NT	5	35	54	141	83	95	152	90	132	97	54	63	-	1000	79873	3432
13.	Sikkim	T	-	5	92	125	91	61	100	147	208	128	29	13	-	1000	706	1495
		NT	-	47	104	45	90	111	214	98	152	95	34	10	-	1000	1857	1460
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	216	151	93	152	53	193	100	15	12	9	0	5	2	1000	3844	616
		NT	73	119	140	147	126	98	108	55	77	34	19	4	-	1000	76487	2277
15.	Tripura	T	9	16	26	78	76	110	222	77	155	141	36	54	-	1000	3806	1510
		NT	2	9	78	109	37	49	91	102	360	103	27	34	-	1000	3226	856
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	4	44	79	151	162	108	103	131	153	50	1	14	-	1000	1982	1087
		NT	60	169	154	123	151	88	81	100	27	30	10	8	-	1000	20717	976

TABLE (7) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CLASS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	monthly per capita consumer expenditure class (Rs.)													no. of persons			
			less than 65	65- 80	80- 95	95- 110	110- 125	125- 140	140- 160	160- 180	180- 215	215- 280	280- 385	385 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
17	West Bengal	T	30	92	182	149	156	110	140	61	46	23	7	2	1	1000	30542	3767	
		NT	27	48	127	115	111	101	131	112	115	54	46	13	-	1000	98930	3709	
18	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	-	-	-	57	94	20	181	104	285	152	95	13	-	1000	209	1081	
		NT	-	-	-	78	56	165	81	268	98	41	130	84	-	1000	95	204	
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	37	20	44	78	63	91	129	58	215	134	90	36	6	1000	4163	1980	
		NT	20	45	30	66	149	70	179	57	190	27	138	29	-	1000	486	369	
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	37	75	134	282	99	179	89	57	24	13	8	4	-	1000	843	746	
		NT	-	-	49	33	236	29	141	12	151	206	131	12	-	1000	150	314	
21	Laksha Dweep	T	-	35	59	108	157	78	141	122	137	101	60	3	-	1000	225	633	
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	241	104	480	157	-	1000	9	127	
22	Mizoram	T	-	-	-	-	-	3	29	20	69	294	298	230	54	3	1000	3239	2678
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	152	-	-	234	73	135	406	-	1000	15	131	
23	All India	T	93	128	159	159	112	118	94	46	49	22	9	11	1	1000	462346	62216	
		NT	36	76	120	151	115	121	127	75	86	47	26	19	-	1000	1020754	48949	

Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

2) T & NT stand for Tribal and Non-Tribal respectively.

TABLE (8) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CLASSES AVERAGE PER CAPITA MONTHLY CONSUMER EXPENDITURE SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	monthly per capita consumer expenditure class (Rs.)													RURAL			
			less ..													385	no. of households	average per capita monthly consumer expenditure (Rs.0.00)	
			than 65- 65	80- 80	95- 95	110- 110	125- 125	140- 140	160- 160	180- 180	215- 215	280- 280	& 385	to- above n.r.tal					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	48	101	155	157	127	150	143	53	40	10	3	12	-	1000	128.83	5553	713
		NT	19	64	87	142	130	141	158	72	86	43	39	19	-	1000	156.55	29246	862
2.	Assam	T	-	2	57	137	119	235	169	136	115	24	4	1	-	1000	141.86	3461	365
		NT	-	12	78	119	109	144	208	114	148	63	8	6	-	1000	149.22	5760	341
3.	Bihar	T	14	55	131	178	136	158	157	69	55	26	14	6	1	1000	128.94	9775	1064
		NT	20	66	119	153	93	159	131	80	68	58	12	40	-	1000	206.21	14149	874
4.	Gujarat	T	109	157	95	151	122	129	112	44	30	14	8	29	-	1000	143.94	11511	850
		NT	14	33	49	57	112	152	214	125	97	68	52	27	-	1000	179.41	7816	440
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	33	22	10	125	19	135	160	72	119	111	107	87	-	1000	237.51	345	177
		NT	2	10	9	64	74	92	174	106	207	127	62	72	-	1000	257.71	2035	249
6.	Karnataka	T	43	169	93	259	184	48	150	13	19	19	5	-	-	1000	111.99	812	146
		NT	46	75	117	147	102	121	127	74	88	55	28	20	-	1000	141.59	20916	672
7.	Kerala	T	43	96	168	115	94	132	108	83	68	58	12	21	-	1000	157.94	374	167
		NT	35	73	88	127	45	82	128	73	114	65	69	101	-	1000	307.63	6715	352
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	97	159	181	180	98	103	89	26	36	10	7	13	-	1000	122.83	22206	2086
		NT	32	82	154	203	100	106	104	66	75	27	18	32	-	1000	224.34	22211	1415

TABLE (8) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CLASSES AVERAGE PER CAPITA MONTHLY CONSUMER EXPENDITURE SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

rl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	monthly per capita consumer expenditure class (Rs.)													RURAL			
			less than 65- & 385													average per ca- pita monthly con- su- me ex- pendi- ture to- tal (Rs.00)	no. of households estd. (00)	sem- ple (20)	
			65- 65- 80	80- 80 95	95- 110	110- 125	125- 140	125- 140	140- 160	160- 180	180- 215	215- 280	& above n.r.	total (17)					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
9.	Maharashtra	T	118	111	129	132	99	115	123	55	48	39	23	6	2	1000	142.33	9493	1164
		NT	32	53	103	151	109	134	115	73	103	70	46	12	-	1000	155.77	23147	965
10.	Meghalaya	T	4	47	115	87	120	69	66	47	222	113	72	36	3	1000	200.78	2070	494
		NT	69	47	137	6	118	43	98	22	139	101	110	111	-	1000	199.15	166	64
11.	Orissa	T	170	186	211	143	62	92	69	25	24	9	2	8	-	1000	124.16	9887	1027
		NT	59	131	96	159	112	107	149	58	75	28	16	10	-	1000	131.17	15110	755
12.	Rajasthan	T	74	108	119	194	77	116	66	53	101	66	18	9	1	1000	147.83	7345	809
		NT	5	30	46	138	74	100	141	96	130	93	55	93	-	1000	205.94	15046	642
13.	Sikkim	T	-	4	71	122	87	52	91	100	212	138	78	45	-	1000	330.00	152	293
		NT	-	38	82	46	85	97	176	99	169	133	46	28	-	1000	175.35	391	308
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	122	118	94	136	121	199	134	18	43	8	0	4	2	1000	112.00	901	153
		NT	53	106	126	136	122	103	114	64	87	54	27	8	-	1000	134.16	18018	540
15.	Tripura	T	11	12	19	85	66	106	209	74	170	134	48	67	-	1000	416.15	826	333
		NT	2	6	59	93	26	58	102	104	337	92	37	82	-	1000	271.33	727	191
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	6	40	60	125	155	79	137	141	169	37	6	43	-	1000	154.59	266	140
		NT	54	145	136	155	122	94	89	97	37	36	24	12	-	1000	164.84	4223	207

TABLE (8) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CLASSES SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	household group	monthly per capita consumer expenditure class (Rs.)												average per ca- pita monthly consu- mer ex- pendi- ture to- tal (Rs.00)	no. of households (00)	RURAL			
			less than 65- 65 80 95 110 125 140 160 180 215 280 & 110 125 140 160 180 215 280 385 above n.r.																	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
17.	West Bengal	T	21	71	166	137	157	155	134	71	46	26	10	3	2	1000	134.39	6607	790	
		NT	22	45	111	121	102	109	143	98	114	58	56	22	-	1000	153.03	19954	727	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	-	-	-	33	51	15	147	95	242	180	188	48	-	1000	225.58	21	106	
		NT	-	-	-	32	32	69	34	131	115	89	292	205	-	1000	271.96	33	59	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	44	17	48	74	47	75	130	58	196	160	101	44	7	1000	301.89	827	387	
		NT	13	20	15	56	123	44	144	38	169	67	222	90	-	1000	217.43	125	112	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	24	67	104	251	96	166	109	110	30	17	17	10	-	1000	127.35	170	143	
		NT	-	-	24	19	180	38	87	8	164	210	243	27	-	1000	232.41	38	76	
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	-	25	35	106	128	67	130	117	151	154	69	19	-	1000	178.27	35	96	
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	146	83	519	214	-	1000	315.10	4	55	
22.	Mizoram	T	-	-	-	-	3	25	17	65	264	295	249	81	2	1000	292.35	647	528	
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	105	17	193	58	133	511	-	-	1000	380.54	4	36	
23.	All India	T	80	118	142	157	106	123	110	50	57	29	15	13	1	1000	140.34	93946	12306	
		NT	30	69	103	144	105	120	136	79	95	55	35	29	-	1000	172.44	206183	9949	

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

(2) T & NT stand for tribal and non-tribal respectively.

TABLE (9) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY LIVELIHOOD-CLASS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	livelihood class										RURAL			no. of hhs.	
			self employed in agriculture														
			hunting, trapping & gathering forest produces	shifting cultivation	live stock and poultry raising	settled cultivation	collection of forest products	other agricultural activities	total	self employment in non-agriculture	agr./plantation labour	other labour	others	n.f.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	16	40	1	379	43	3	481	27	391	3	95	4	1000	5270	744
		NT	6	3	15	272	-	11	307	108	402	68	113	1	1000	29246	862
2.	Assam	T	25	29	4	867	20	19	764	27	109	9	90	-	1000	3621	368
		NT	35	-	6	516	-	7	565	104	227	8	96	-	1000	5760	341
3.	Bihar	T	39	-	21	527	13	1	601	20	217	70	88	4	1000	9776	1070
		NT	55	-	19	251	3	17	345	114	319	113	99	10	1000	14149	874
4.	Gujarat	T	4	-	0	252	-	-	257	8	586	107	42	-	1000	11511	850
		NT	-	1	10	339	-	-	350	70	179	158	242	-	1000	7816	440
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	-	1	19	590	-	10	619	16	6	45	314	-	1000	347	187
		NT	8	5	4	546	-	10	573	45	63	137	182	-	1000	2035	249
6.	Karnataka	T	11	-	-	86	-	4	101	64	493	18	325	-	1000	716	156
		NT	11	8	13	327	2	14	375	69	394	60	102	-	1000	20918	672
7.	Kerala	T	3	-	8	308	8	-	327	11	552	51	58	-	1000	369	174
		NT	8	1	2	205	-	43	259	111	358	93	177	1	1000	6715	352
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	3	1	2	499	2	1	506	13	418	16	47	0	1000	21870	2102
		NT	10	1	9	445	2	2	469	115	313	30	73	1	1000	22211	1415

TABLE (9) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY LIVELIHOOD CLASS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	livelihood class										RURAL		no. of hhs.				
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
9.	Maharashtra	T	1	-	4	299	-	2	306	18	528	26	122	-	1000	9261	1198	-
		NT	2	-	3	370	2	7	384	79	360	34	143	0	1000	23447	965	A 30
10.	Meghalaya	T	237	5	574	-	1	816	15	37	2	129	-	1000	2070	500	-	
		NT	43	-	13	255	-	35	345	66	217	43	329	-	1000	166	64	-
11.	Orissa	T	8	26	-	349	19	4	407	56	397	77	63	-	1000	10468	1029	-
		NT	8	2	9	329	2	5	355	151	267	48	178	1	1000	15110	755	-
12.	Rajasthan	T	9	2	5	461	3	3	484	9	84	363	60	1	1000	7424	833	-
		NT	0	-	48	449	-	27	524	61	83	119	211	2	1000	15046	642	-
13.	Sikkim	T	-	-	-	622	-	-	622	15	35	80	247	1	1000	143	305	-
		NT	-	-	-	612	-	12	624	18	63	54	241	-	1000	391	308	-
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	12	1	252	5	4	274	9	506	22	155	35	1000	865	162	-	
		NT	4	2	11	226	3	12	256	89	413	80	162	-	1000	18048	540	-
15.	Tripura	T	18	203	-	296	13	16	545	15	177	2	259	1	1000	826	334	-
		NT	-	-	7	286	-	3	295	66	120	8	511	-	1000	727	191	-
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	4	-	-	824	-	10	834	25	64	16	61	-	1000	266	141	-
		NT	-	-	-	607	-	51	662	64	198	23	53	-	1000	4223	207	-

Bhaskar/

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	livelihood class										no. of hhs.				
			selfemployed in agriculture										total	estd. (00)	sample		
			hunting, trapping & gathering	forest products	shifting cultivation	live stock and poultry raising	settled cultivation	collection of forest products	other agricultural activities	total	selfemployment in non-agriculture	agr./plantation labour	other labour	others	n.r.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
17.	West Bengal	T	1	3	2	183	12	3	208	29	644	38	81	-	1000	6557	804
		NT	3	1	2	320	1	15	341	120	351	38	146	-	1000	19954	727
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	-	-	-	236	-	10	216	10	17	-	126	-	1000	20	108
		NT	-	-	-	74	-	-	74	1	51	105	770	-	1000	33	59
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	63	426	2	323	-	1	875	25	2	10	85	3	1000	828	396
		NT	-	-	-	286	-	-	286	196	6	29	482	-	1000	125	112
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	-	-	-	174	-	-	174	15	483	86	231	12	1000	170	144
		NT	-	-	3	182	-	-	185	243	13	185	374	-	1000	38	76
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	-	-	-	354	-	62	416	13	184	113	267	8	1000	35	96
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	301	653	-	1000	4	55
22.	Mizoram	T	3	717	-	52	-	1	775	65	24	22	113	-	1000	647	528
		NT	-	169	-	-	-	-	169	193	-	-	636	-	1000	4	36
23.	All India	T	10	26	4	399	9	3	451	22	381	69	77	1	1000	93744	12505
		NT	10	2	12	341	1	13	379	98	319	65	138	1	1000	206183	9949

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

(2) T & NT stand for tribal and non-tribal respectively.

TABLE (10) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

rl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	principal usual activity status									41 - 51	
									31 industry		41 & 51 division		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T N-T	35 28	33 0	22 25	238 165	5 6	16 61	32 16	9 32	214 204	3 38	607 576
2.	Assam	T N-T	60 56	15 -	0 1	279 203	7 14	15 42	6 16	19 34	53 94	22 17	478 477
3.	Bihar	T N-T	12 16	0 -	5 7	318 165	5 7	22 60	32 39	29 58	81 115	51 38	555 505
4.	Gujarat	T N-T	31 16	0 10	1 7	112 163	9 8	9 46	51 42	19 94	264 84	53 86	550 556
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T N-T	20 6	- -	23 10	251 267	20 2	21 30	- 2	37 46	2 32	153 93	526 489
6.	Karnataka	T N-T	27 45	- 5	10 19	65 184	22 12	86 49	49 5	37 29	257 189	16 28	569 565
7.	Kerala	T N-T	42 16	- -	- -	132 84	10 6	0 65	14 -	10 34	290 194	40 94	538 514
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T N-T	2 9	- -	5 8	330 263	3 3	8 71	50 22	10 25	177 126	7 12	592 540

TABLE (10) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION PRINCIPAL  
 (contd.) SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

state/ u.t.	household group	principal usual activity status										no. of males	no. of sample hhs.
		81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all			
											estd. sample (00)		
(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
Andhra Pradesh	T	4	87	0	4	132	164	388	1	1000	11702	1653	711
	N-T	8	163	2	-	113	137	415	0	1000	65449	1927	814
Assam	T	10	236	4	8	106	157	511	1	1000	10736	1104	361
	N-T	15	312	5	4	107	80	508	-	1000	17705	1006	338
Bihar	T	3	119	7	9	77	229	441	1	1000	24398	2706	1029
	N-T	9	142	6	5	78	254	486	1	1000	35594	2252	849
Gujarat	T	2	168	4	16	121	134	444	3	1000	28781	2107	832
	N-T	5	232	5	3	75	125	439	0	1000	19587	1094	429
Himachal Pradesh	T	3	143	3	3	46	273	469	2	1000	882	470	177
	N-T	6	199	4	0	38	264	505	-	1000	5472	616	242
Karnataka	T	0	210	-	0	97	121	428	2	1000	1580	423	149
	N-T	8	176	12	1	101	137	427	-	1000	57353	1845	634
Kerala	T	13	211	11	2	129	96	449	-	1000	782	418	165
	N-T	33	269	3	-	63	116	450	2	1000	15687	856	333
Madhya Pradesh	T	0	56	3	4	70	274	407	0	1000	54693	5356	2037
	N-T	3	125	4	3	48	275	456	1	1000	58048	3741	1364

TABLE (10) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	principal usual activity status										11-51 division	11-51		
			31						industry		41 & 51					
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)			
9.	Maharashtra	T N-T	20 11	-	12 8	176 197	9	15 49	18 17	21 47	288 153	20 28	579 516			
10.	Meghalaya	T N-T	35 7	105 10	2 29	268 78	7 15	16 95	2 -	43 103	21 65	8 81	506 483	1		
11.	Orissa	T N-T	21 33	18 0	4 4	246 191	2 1	39 92	6 8	18 49	233 155	42 34	627 568	2		
12.	Rajasthan	T N-T	11 8	0 -	52 55	272 226	3 10	11 54	2 3	18 53	33 35	153 53	555 497	1		
13.	Sikkim	T N-T	1 -	-	-	312 309	16 11	26 13	7 7	52 86	11 19	41 33	464 477			
14.	Tamil Nedu	T N-T	19 19	5 -	8 23	186 157	13 7	13 53	4 6	9 65	292 199	38 69	587 597			
15.	Tripura	T N-T	16 14	97 -	20 2	141 152	10 3	11 97	4 16	50 116	78 41	84 121	509 562			
16.	Uttar Práadesh	T N-T	3 23	-	25 25	394 317	- 13	6 66	17 3	35 10	26 111	16 12	519 579			

TABLE (10) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
 SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS  
 (contd.)

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	principal usual activity status										no. of males estd. sam- (00)	no. of sample hhs. (26)	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n. r.	all				
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
9. Maharashtra	T N-T	6 3	140 265	10 4	4 1	123 .81	136 130	413 481	1	-	1000 1000		21103 62555	2792 2549	1136 939
10. Meghalaya	T N-T	- -	192 108	7 -	11 36	91 157	186 216	487 517	7	-	1000 1000		5099 390	1248 153	481 63
11. Orissa	T N-T	4 14	53 125	3 10	6 4	44 52	263 227	369 418	0	0	1000 1000		23512 37391	2354 1817	999 729
12. Rajasthan	T N-T	1 1	100 117	- 5	3 -	39 78	302 302	444 502	-	-	1000 1000		20198 40513	2278 1796	813 626
13. Sikkim	T N-T	- 2	236 233	7 9	1 1	23 26	269 253	536 521	-	-	1000 1000		332 998	815 792	300 300
14. Tamil Nadu	T N-T	1 14	101 119	1 1	- 1	39 51	271 216	411 388	-	1	1000 1000		1686 37614	324 1124	156 502
15. Tripura	T N-T	1 27	151 182	1 -	2 -	132 58	203 168	488 409	1	2	1000 1000		2044 1565	805 430	326 187
16. Uttar Pradesh	T N-T	0 0	139 91	- 6	8 8	23 38	308 277	478 421	2	-	1000 1000		1142 11154	600 523	141 201

TABLE (10) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	principal usual activity status						31 industry		41 & 51 division		11-51 A-36		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9			
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
17.	West Bengal	T	14	-	2	143	18	9	27	12	302	22	549	A	36
		N-T	15	-	2	192	13	68	20	44	165	31	551		
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	12	-	-	373	3	3	2	123	-	16	531		
		N-T	-	-	-	11	-	45	117	308	-	71	553		
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	24	194	107	180	15	1	5	30	-	14	571		
		N-T	-	-	-	145	8	50	6	224	-	75	509		
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	26	-	5	107	21	3	2	11	250	122	548		
		N-T	52	-	-	102	-	132	5	250	7	40	588		
21.	Lakshadweep	T	12	-	-	55	36	5	16	96	119	85	424		
		N-T	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	417	-	287	743		
22.	Mizoram	T	4	354	24	26	1	15	-	41	3	23	491		
		N-T	25	97	-	-	-	113	5	164	10	65	480		
23.-	All-India	T	18	13	11	243	6	15	29	18	177	39	569		
		N-T	22	1	15	194	8	60	15	44	147	38	544		

TABLE (10) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION  
 (contd.) SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

sr. no.	state/ v.t.	household group	principal usual activity status										no. of males	no. of sample hhs.
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n. r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
17. West Bengal	T	4	115	2	9	158	163	447	-	1000	14912	1916	772	
	N-T	17	180	3	6	122	119	432	-	1000	50341	1882	700	
18. Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	2	252	1	-	113	101	467	-	1000	82	452	107	
	N-T	-	331	-	-	22	94	447	-	1000	57	106	55	
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T	1	118	24	4	56	222	424	4	1000	1948	953	374	
	N-T	7	129	-	-	7	348	484	-	1000	265	207	106	
20. Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	1	165	12	-	138	137	452	-	1000	410	359	143	
	N-T	20	231	3	-	77	82	393	-	1000	89	178	75	
21. Lakshadweep	T	49	302	-	-	58	167	528	-	1000	93	269	89	
	N-T	14	201	-	-	31	101	242	-	1000	5	74	51	
22. Mizoram	T	-	242	3	7	91	165	508	2	1000	1632	1339	520	
	N-T	-	187	-	-	5	327	520	-	1000	8	74	36	
23. All India	T	3	112	4	7	88	216	427	1	1000	229322	31416	12066	
	N-T	9	173	5	2	81	185	447	0	1000	518082	25055	9582	

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.1 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (10.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS  
RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	principal usual activity status						31 industry	41 & 51 division			11-51	
			11	12	13	14	15	16		0	1-9	0	1-9	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	36	34	3	217	3	17	2	9	209	3	523	
		NT	17	-	16	113	3	26	1	4	220	31	433	
2.	Assam	T	4	-	-	5	4	2	-	5	9	1	29	
		NT	1	-	0	3	2	2	10	1	42	10	72	
3.	Bihar	T	4	-	3	189	18	9	22	5	50	7	307	
		NT	4	-	4	61	9	16	29	5	61	5	192	
4.	Gujarat	T	26	-	4	50	30	3	48	7	253	50	470	
		NT	6	-	3	25	12	5	3	4	62	32	152	
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	6	-	36	307	25	15	-	1	4	16	411	
		NT	6	-	70	319	4	10	-	2	9	3	422	
6.	Karnataka	T	8	-	2	7	-	2	49	3	203	96	370	
		NT	19	4	10	80	12	9	2	4	194	29	364	
7.	Kerala	T	16	2	2	38	-	2	-	-	200	46	306	
		NT	15	-	1	18	3	107	-	15	91	32	185	
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	2	0	2	248	4	4	10	1	167	5	443	
		NT	6	0	3	165	6	36	8	3	119	2	349	

TABLE (10.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	principal usual activity status									no. of persons estd. (00)	no. of females sample size	no. of sample hhs.
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99*	91-99	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1. Andhra Pradesh		T	11	37	75	29	155	169	465	1	1000	11364	1636	707
		NT	11	83	188	22	128	132	555	1	1000	63343	1903	829
2. Assam		T	-	170	227	282	109	183	971	-	1000	9448	991	361
		NT	4	278	190	209	126	121	924	-	1000	14853	869	320
3. Bihar		T	1	37	61	251	95	247	691	1	1000	23667	2629	1021
		NT	-	50	260	135	104	258	807	1	1000	31715	2095	806
4. Gujarat		T	2	88	73	77	166	121	527	1	1000	28236	2008	834
		NT	0	238	213	186	84	126	848	-	1000	20704	1048	414
5. Himachal Pradesh		T	-	73	94	77	76	266	588	1	1000	942	502	178
		NT	-	111	44	108	38	276	578	-	1000	5601	594	207
6. Karnataka		T	1	172	260	18	89	100	629	-	1000	1231	372	148
		NT	2	113	231	27	124	139	633	0	1000	56748	1800	650
7. Kerala		T	5	173	266	22	83	143	688	1	1000	863	434	170
		NT	32	240	362	29	68	83	782	1	1000	16575	857	336
8. Madhya Pradesh		T	-	21	127	47	73	288	566	0	1000	51951	5288	2038
		NT	0	62	202	56	70	260	649	2	1000	54109	3539	1355

TABLE (10.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	principal usual activity status						31 industry		41 & 51 division		11-51
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
9.	Maharashtra	T	13	-	5	130	9	6	3	3	303	11	483
		NT	7	-	1	169	8	13	1	5	201	11	418
10.	Meghalaya	T	27	124	1	195	6	13	-	8	14	3	389
		NT	29	3	3	41	-	14	-	10	86	23	210
11.	Orissa	T	16	8	3	94	1	39	1	3	209	29	401
		NT	5	1	1	53	2	31	0	3	89	11	196
12.	Rajasthan	T	7	-	124	259	19	0	-	1	26	109	547
		NT	5	-	70	171	19	13	-	14	27	27	347
13.	Sikkim	T	-	-	-	238	9	19	6	15	4	30	320
		NT	-	-	3	176	14	-	8	11	8	10	230
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	9	7	25	160	12	1	-	-	291	16	523
		NT	11	1	29	83	6	33	1	22	222	23	431
15.	Tripura	T	12	79	16	35	7	4	-	8	28	29	218
		NT	-	-	1	4	-	7	-	7	13	28	59
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	-	-	19	292	-	4	-	-	5	-	320
		NT	4	-	7	108	14	4	-	0	24	-	162

TABLE (10.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	principal usual activity status									no. of persons	no. of sample hhs.	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sam- ple	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
9. Maharashtra	T	-	82	121	24	141	148	516	1	1000	20828	2736	1148	
	NT	-	193	163	59	81	116	582	-	1000	57854	2338	915	
10. Meghalaya	T	1	176	60	63	111	198	608	2	1000	5467	1338	480	
	NT	-	156	378	23	99	135	791	-	1000	283	116	46	
11. Orissa	T	2	17	91	155	68	265	597	-	1000	24049	2402	994	
	NT	2	71	325	86	85	234	802	0	1000	36026	1736	716	
12. Rajasthan	T	0	14	45	46	57	292	453	-	1000	18787	2108	793	
	NT	0	46	171	47	92	297	652	1	1000	39166	1629	608	
13. Sikkim	T	-	185	101	120	50	223	680	-	1000	323	736	285	
	NT	2	178	183	132	35	239	768	-	1000	841	655	280	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	1	43	49	32	95	247	465	11	1000	1601	321	155	
	NT	2	72	168	63	52	211	565	1	1000	37808	1120	519	
15. Tripura	T	1	96	292	51	151	192	781	-	1000	1754	696	307	
	NT	3	138	387	38	87	239	938	-	1000	1623	418	172	
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	-	38	92	191	52	308	680	-	1000	1010	530	138	
	NT	-	12	171	284	77	294	838	-	1000	9481	449	181	

TABLE (10.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	principal usual activity status						31 industry		41 & 51 division		11-51
		11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
17. West Bengal	T	7	1	5	72	4	17	24	1	280	6	417
18. Andaman & Nicobar Island	NT	3	-	-	223	3	10	1	9	52	13	109
19. Arunachal Pradesh	NT	7	-	-	52	-	-	-	13	12	-	252
	T	28	180	102	152	18	-	-	3	-	1	485
	NT	-	-	-	193	18	-	-	24	-	37	272
20. Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	15	-	1	115	1	7	-	-	211	8	351
	NT	66	-	-	28	-	6	-	27	-	-	125
21. Laksha dweep	T	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	12	4	8	58
	NT	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	173	-	-	210
22. Mizoram	T	2	207	16	24	2	15	-	6	-	3	275
	NT	-	97	-	4	-	91	-	-	-	-	169
23. All-India	T	12	11	15	157	11	10	13	3	165	24	419
	NT	9	1	13	98	7	18	4	7	129	18	305

Nareyan/

Note : T and NT stand for 'tribal' and 'not tribal' respectively.

TABLE (10.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	principal usual activity status									no. of females		no. of sample hhs.
			SI	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.e.	all	estd. (00)	sam- ple	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
17.	West Bengal	T	7	54	77	147	139	158	575	-	1000	14498	1860	774
		NT	2	141	231	263	121	133	889	-	1000	48410	1822	701
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	1	234	114	150	119	110	727	20	1000	89	488	102
		NT	0	226	308	128	106	177	945	-	1000	34	83	31
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	1	78	68	75	77	212	510	4	1000	1811	889	354
		NT	7	83	212	66	39	319	620	1	1000	210	144	58
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	-	122	192	23	157	155	649	-	1000	407	359	134
		NT	-	188	466	-	59	161	373	-	1000	61	136	59
21.	Laksha dweep	T	34	285	443	33	43	105	908	-	1000	103	296	90
		NT	108	165	388	-	-	129	682	-	1000	4	52	27
22.	Mizoram	T	-	233	100	157	86	150	725	-	1000	1487	1220	506
		NT	-	227	43	244	129	169	811	-	1000	7	57	29
23.	All-India	T	2	55	99	100	104	220	579	1	1000	221484	30510	11983
		NT	3	113	216	84	95	183	691	1	1000	495506	23521	9263

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.1 and 29.3 respectively.

T and NT stand for 'tribal' and 'non-tribal' respectively.

Narayan/

TABLE (10.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

1.	state/u.t.	household group	RURAL											
			principal usual activity status						31 industry			41 & 51 division		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	11-51	
1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	35	33	13	228	4	17	17	5	211	3	566	
		NT	23	0	21	140	5	41	9	19	212	35	506	
2	Assam	T	34	8	0	151	6	8	3	12	32	12	267	
		NT	31	-	1	112	8	24	13	19	70	14	292	
3	Bihar	T	8	0	4	254	11	16	27	17	66	29	432	
		NT	10	-	5	116	7	39	34	33	89	22	356	
4	Gujarat	T	28	0	3	81	20	6	50	13	260	51	511	
		NT	11	5	5	92	10	25	22	48	73	58	349	
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	13	-	30	280	23	18	-	19	3	82	466	
		NT	6	-	41	293	3	20	1	24	20	47	454	
6	Karnataka	T	19	-	6	40	12	49	49	22	234	51	482	
		NT	32	5	14	132	12	29	4	17	192	28	465	
7	Kerala	T	29	1	1	83	5	1	7	5	243	43	417	
		NT	26	-	0	50	4	37	-	24	141	62	346	
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	2	0	4	290	3	6	31	5	172	6	519	
		NT	8	0	5	215	4	54	15	14	122	7	447	

TABLE (10.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY  
 (Contd.) STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	principal usual activity status										no. of persons	no. of sample hhs.	RURAL	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	estd.	sample (00)			
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	8	63	37	16	143	167	426	1	1000	23382	3317	744		
		NT	10	125	93	11	120	135	484	1	1000	129342	3851	862		
2	Assam	T	5	205	109	136	108	169	727	-	1000	20238	2100	368		
		NT	10	296	90	97	115	99	698	-	1000	32711	1881	341		
3	Bihar	T	2	79	34	128	86	238	565	1	1000	48271	5357	1070		
		NT	5	98	126	66	90	258	639	1	1000	70724	4503	874		
4	Gujarat	T	2	129	38	46	143	128	484	2	1000	57137	4121	850		
		NT	2	235	112	97	80	126	649	0	1000	40313	2143	440		
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	1	107	50	41	63	269	530	2	1000	1823	972	187		
		NT	3	154	24	55	38	271	543	-	1000	11103	1214	249		
6	Karnataka	T	0	193	114	8	89	112	516	1	1000	2810	795	156		
		NT	5	144	121	14	112	138	529	0	1000	114580	3663	672		
7	Kerala	T	9	191	145	13	105	121	574	0	1000	1645	852	174		
		NT	32	254	186	15	65	100	620	2	1000	32527	1717	352		
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	0	39	63	25	72	281	480	0	1000	106896	10664	2102		
		NT	2	94	99	28	59	269	550	1	1000	112577	7321	1415		

TABLE (10.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. (1)	household group (3)	principal usual activity status										RURAL			
									31 industry		41 & 51 division					
			11 (4)	12 (5)	13 (6)	14 (7)	15 (8)	16 (9)	0 (10)	1-9 (11)	0 (12)	1-9 (13)	11-51 (14)			
9	Maharashtra	T	17	-	9	153	9	10	11	12	295	15	531			
		NT	9	-	5	183	8	32	9	27	176	20	469			
10	Meghalaya	T	30	115	2	230	6	14	1	25	17	5	446			
		NT	16	7	18	62	9	61	-	64	74	57	368			
11	Orissa	T	49	13	2	169	1	39	3	10	221	35	512			
		NT	19	1	3	123	1	62	4	27	123	23	386			
12	Rajasthan	T	2	0	87	266	11	6	1	10	30	132	551			
		NT	7	-	63	199	15	34	1	34	31	40	423			
13	Sikkim	T	0	-	-	275	12	2	6	34	7	35	393			
		NT	-	-	1	248	12	7	7	52	14	22	364			
14	Tamil Nadu	T	14	6	16	173	12	7	2	5	292	28	556			
		NT	15	1	26	120	6	43	3	43	210	46	513			
15	Tripura	T	14	88	18	92	9	8	2	31	55	58	375			
		NT	7	-	1	77	1	51	8	61	27	73				
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	2	-	22	345	-	5	9	18	16	8	426			
		NT	15	-	17	220	13	37	1	5	71	6	386			

TABLE (10.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY  
 (Contd.) STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	household group	principal usual activity status										no. of persons	no. of sample hhs.	RURAL
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	estd.			
			(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	
(1)	(2)	(3)													
9	Maharashtra	T	3	111	65	14	132	142	464	1	1000	41972	5532	1198	
		NT	1	231	90	5	81	123	530	-	1000	120554	4894	965	
10	Meghalaya	T	0	184	35	38	101	192	549	5	1000	10566	2586	500	
		NT	-	128	159	31	133	182	632	-	1000	673	269	64	
11	Orissa	T	3	35	47	81	57	264	434	0	1000	47679	4764	1029	
		NT	8	99	165	44	68	231	606	0	1000	73713	3613	755	
12	Rajasthan	T	1	59	21	24	47	297	448	-	1000	39081	4395	833	
		NT	1	82	87	23	84	301	576	0	1000	79873	3432	642	
13	Sikkim	T	-	211	54	60	36	246	607	-	1000	655	1551	305	
		NT	2	208	88	61	30	247	634	-	1000	1857	1460	308	
14	Tamil Nadu	T	1	73	24	15	66	259	438	5	1000	3288	645	162	
		NT	8	95	85	32	52	214	477	1	1000	76487	2277	540	
15	Tripura	T	1	125	135	24	141	198	624	1	1000	3835	1522	334	
		NT	15	185	196	19	73	206	679	1	1000	3226	856	191	
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	0	92	43	94	37	308	573	1	1000	2153	1131	141	
		NT	0	54	82	134	55	288	614	-	1000	20717	976	207	

TABLE (10.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY  
 (Contd.) STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

sr.no.	state/u.t..	household group	principal usual activity status										31 industry			41 & 51 division		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	(10)	(11)						
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
17	West Bengal	T	11	1	3	108	11	13	25	7	291	14	484					
		NT	9	-	1	103	8	40	11	27	113	22	334					
18	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	6	-	-	295	1	3	2	65	6	8	385					
		NT	-	-	-	26	-	28	73	194	-	44	366					
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	26	187	105	167	16	1	3	17	-	8	529					
		NT	-	-	-	166	13	28	4	135	-	58	404					
20	Dedra and Nagar Haveli	T	21	-	3	111	11	2	1	5	231	65	450					
		NT	58	-	-	72	-	81	3	159	4	24	400					
21	Laksha Dweep	T	6	-	-	44	17	2	8	52	59	45	232					
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	310	-	161	510					
22	Mizoram	T	3	284	20	25	1	15	-	24	1	14	388					
		NT	13	96	-	-	-	103	3	87	5	34	342					
23	All India	T	15	12	13	200	8	13	21	11	171	31	495					
		NT	16	1	14	147	7	40	10	26	138	28	427					

TABLE (10.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY PRINCIPAL USUAL ACTIVITY  
 (Contd.) STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	household group	principal usual activity status										no. of persons estd.	no. of sample hhs. (00)	RURAL	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all					
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
17	West Bengal	T	6	85	39	77	148	161	510	-	1000	29433	3782	804		
		NT	10	161	115	132	122	126	656	-	1000	98930	3709	727		
18	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	2	243	60	78	116	105	603	10	1000	172	941	108		
		NT	0	292	115	48	54	125	634	-	1000	95	204	59		
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	1	99	45	38	66	218	466	4	1000	4102	2044	396		
		NT	7	109	94	29	21	336	589	0	1000	486	369	112		
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	0	144	101	12	147	146	550	-	1000	817	718	144		
		NT	12	213	191	-	70	114	588	-	1000	150	314	76		
21	Laksha Dweep	T	41	293	232	17	50	134	727	-	1000	197	566	96		
		NT	55	185	171	-	17	62	435	-	1000	9	127	55		
22	Mizoram	T	-	238	49	78	89	158	612	1	1000	3174	2607	528		
		NT	-	206	20	115	63	253	658	-	1000	15	131	36		
23	All India	T	2	84	51	53	96	218	502	1	1000	452751	62414	12505		
		NT	6	144	108	42	88	185	567	1	1000	1020754	48949	9949		

Note : 1. Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.1 and 29.3 respectively.

2. T & NT stand for Tribal & Non-Tribal respectively.

TABLE (11) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT  
WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group							31 industry		41 & 51 division		11-51
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T N-T	35 30	33 -	22 26	242 170	5 6	16 62	32 16	9 32	217 207	3 41	615 591
2.	Assam	T N-T	60 56	15 -	- 2	284 211	7 15	15 42	16 16	19 34	54 98	22 16	483 491
3.	Bihar	T N-T	13 18	- -	5 7	342 177	5 7	22 62	33 39	30 60	82 117	38 28	570 516
4.	Gujarat	T N-T	33 16	- 10	4 7	121 170	10 8	9 46	52 42	19 94	265 86	53 86	564 565
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T N-T	20 6	- -	27 33	257 284	20 2	21 30	- 2	37 46	2 32	153 93	536 529
6.	Karnataka	T N-T	27 47	- 5	10 19	66 191	22 12	87 49	60 5	37 29	257 189	16 28	582 575
7.	Kerala	T N-T	56 38	- -	- 2	133 91	11 6	- 66	14 -	10 34	291 196	46 95	561 528
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T N-T	4 10	- -	6 9	338 272	3 3	8 74	50 22	10 25	178 127	7 13	604 555

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and  
schedule 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (11) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group											RURAL	
			no. of males										no. of sample hhs.	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	estd.	sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1. Andhra Prades	Tribal	0	87	0	4	129	164	385	-	1000	11702	1653	711	
	Non-Tribal	4	154	2	-	112	137	405	-	1000	65449	1927	814	
2. Assam	Tribal	9	235	4	5	106	157	507	1	1000	10736	1104	361	
	Non-Tribal	12	303	4	3	107	80	497	-	1000	17705	1006	338	
3. Bihar	Tribal	2	107	7	7	74	232	427	0	1000	24398	2706	1029	
	Non-Tribal	7	133	6	5	76	257	476	1	1000	35594	2252	849	
4. Gujarat	Tribal	1	158	4	16	120	134	432	3	1000	28781	2107	832	
	Non-Tribal	4	224	5	3	74	126	432	0	1000	19587	1094	429	
5. Himachal Prades	Tribal	1	137	3	3	46	273	462	-	1000	882	470	177	
	Non-Tribal	0	168	4	0	35	264	471	-	1000	5472	616	242	
6. Karnataka	Tribal	0	199	-	0	95	121	415	2	1000	1580	423	149	
	Non-Tribal	7	171	10	1	99	137	418	-	1000	57353	1845	634	
7. Kerala	Tribal	13	209	7	2	112	96	427	-	1000	782	418	165	
	Non-Tribal	27	267	3	-	58	116	444	2	1000	15887	856	333	
8. Madhya Pradesh	Tribal	-	51	2	3	67	273	396	0	1000	54693	5356	2037	
	Non-Tribal	2	115	4	3	45	276	442	1	1000	58048	3741	1364	

TABLE (11) Contd. : FER THOU LAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSTANTIALLY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

state/t.t.	household group	RURAL											
		31 industry						41 & 51 division					
		0	1-9	0	1-9	11-51							
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
Maharashtra	T N-T	20 11	-	12 8	179 202	9 8	15 50	18 17	21 47	289 155	20 29	583 527	
Meghalaya	T N-T	35 8	107 10	2 31	285 80	11 15	16 98	2 -	43 106	22 68	8 53	530 470	
Orissa	T N-T	22 34	18 -	2 4	254 195	2 1	39 93	6 8	18 49	233 156	42 34	637 575	
Rajasthan	T N-T	11 9	-	58 59	285 232	3 10	11 54	2 3	18 53	34 36	155 53	578 509	
Sikkim	T N-T	1 -	-	-	318 316	16 11	26 13	7 7	52 86	11 19	41 33	470 484	
Tamil Nadu	T N-T	19 19	5 -	8 27	186 166	13 8	13 55	4 6	9 65	292 199	38 69	587 612	
Tripura	T N-T	16 14	97 -	20 2	141 155	11 4	11 100	4 16	50 116	78 41	84 121	510 568	
Uttar Pradesh	T N-T	3 23	-	31 28	419 331	- 13	7 66	20 5	35 10	26 119	16 13	556 606	

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (11) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION  
 (contd.) THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR  
 TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	RURAL										no. of sample hhs.	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	no. of males		
			(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
(1)	(2)	(3)												
9. Maharashtra	T	8	137	10	4	122	136	410	1	1000	21103	2792	1136	
	NT	2	257	4	1	80	130	471	-	1000	62555	2549	939	
10. Meghalaya	T	-	172	6	9	90	186	463	7	1000	5099	1248	481	
	NT	-	111	-	37	160	222	530	-	1000	390	153	63	
11. Orissa	T	3	52	2	5	41	261	361	-	1000	23512	2354	999	
	NT	10	123	10	4	50	227	414	0	1000	37391	1817	729	
12. Rajasthan	T	1	81	-	2	36	302	421	-	1000	20198	2278	813	
	NT	1	110	5	-	74	302	490	-	1000	40513	1796	628	
13. Sikkim	T	-	230	7	1	23	269	530	-	1000	332	815	300	
	NT	0	231	9	1	22	253	515	-	1000	998	792	300	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	1	101	1	-	39	271	411	-	1000	1686	324	156	
	NT	13	106	1	1	49	216	373	1	1000	37614	1124	502	
15. Tripura	T	1	150	1	1	132	203	488	1	1000	2044	805	326	
	NT	26	178	-	-	58	168	404	2	1000	1565	430	187	
16. Uttar Pre- desh	T	-	113	-	3	20	307	442	2	1000	1142	600	141	
	NT	-	74	3	5	34	277	394	-	1000	11154	523	201	

TABLE (11) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT  
WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	RURAL											
			31 industry						41 & 51 division			11-51		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
17.	West Bengal	T	14	-	2	149	18	9	27	12	303	22	558	
		N-T	16	-	2	205	13	72	20	44	169	32	573	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	14	-	-	391	3	3	2	123	-	16	550	
		N-T	-	-	-	34	-	45	117	308	-	71	575	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	24	194	107	180	15	1	5	30	-	14	571	
		N-T	-	-	-	146	9	51	6	225	-	70	506	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	26	-	5	107	21	3	2	11	250	102	548	
		N-T	52	-	-	102	-	132	5	250	7	40	588	
21.	Lakshadweep	T	12	-	-	69	41	5	16	96	119	85	443	
		N-T	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	417	-	287	743	
22.	Mizoram	T	4	365	24	26	1	15	-	43	3	13	492	
		N-T	27	103	-	-	-	120	5	174	11	8	449	
23.	All-India	T	19	13	12	251	7	15	29	18	178	37	581	
		N-T	23	1	16	202	8	61	15	44	149	38	557	

TABLE (11) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBAL AREAS  
 (contd.)

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	no. of males	no. of sample
			(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
17. West Bengal	T		2	111	2	8	156	163	440	-	1000	14912	1916
	N-T		12	169	3	4	119	119	415	-	1000	50341	1882
18. Andaman & Nicobar Island	T		2	230	1	-	113	101	448	-	1000	83	470
	N-T		-	309	-	-	22	94	425	-	1000	57	106
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T		1	118	24	4	56	222	424	4	1000	1948	953
	N-T		7	130	-	-	7	350	487	-	1000	265	207
20. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T		1	165	12	-	138	137	452	-	1000	410	359
	N-T		20	231	3	-	77	82	393	-	1000	89	178
21. Laksha Dweep	T		36	296	-	-	5	167	521	-	1000	93	269
	N-T		14	201	-	-	31	10	242	-	1000	5	74
22. Mizoram	T		-	242	3	6	91	165	507	2	1000	1632	1339
	N-T		-	199	-	-	5	347	551	-	1000	8	74
23. All India	T		2	105	4	6	86	215	416	1	1000	229322	31416
	N-T		7	165	5	2	79	185	436	0	1000	516082	25055

SB.

Note : T & NT stand for tribal & non-tribal respectively.

TABLE (11.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group							31 industry		41 & 51 division		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	11-51
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	40	35	7	226	5	20	2	0	231	3	570
		NT	18	1	30	131	4	28	2	4	239	32	489
2.	Assam	T	20	-	-	47	40	5	-	5	19	1	136
		NT	1	-	0	41	18	4	10	1	67	12	155
3.	Bihar	T	7	1	3	305	19	15	23	5	70	10	457
		NT	9	-	6	100	8	20	33	5	76	9	264
4.	Gujarat	T	36	-	15	60	32	3	49	7	273	51	525
		NT	9	-	12	37	16	6	3	4	69	46	203
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	6	-	69	330	25	19	-	1	4	17	471
		NT	6	-	127	348	4	10	-	2	9	3	508
6.	Karnataka	T	9	-	3	23	-	4	59	3	225	104	430
		NT	24	4	16	89	13	11	2	4	201	30	395
7.	Kerala	T	16	2	.9	89	6	2	-	-	210	51	385
		NT	27	-	33	35	5	18	-	15	92	36	260
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	25	0	5	306	6	6	10	1	181	5	545
		NT	15	0	4	231	6	46	8	3	131	4	448

TABLE (11.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION/FEMALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OR TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl no.	state/ u.t..	household group								n. r.	all	no. of females	no. of sample hhs.	
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	. 91-99					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	-	37	49	21	154	169	430	1	1000	11364	1636	707	
	N-T	2	82	147	19	123	132	508	1	1000	63343	1903	829	
2. Assam	T	-	168	219	184	109	183	864	-	1000	9448	991	361	
	N-T	4	274	174	146	126	121	841	-	1000	14853	869	320	
3. Bihar	T	1	32	48	121	94	246	542	1	1000	23667	2629	1021	
	N-T	-	49	230	97	101	259	735	1	1000	31715	2095	806	
4. Gujarat	T	1	84	57	47	165	121	473	1	1000	28236	2008	834	
	N-T	-	236	176	175	84	126	797	-	1000	20704	1048	414	
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	-	70	90	26	77	266	527	1	1000	942	502	178	
	N-T	-	97	42	39	38	276	492	-	1000	5601	594	207	
6. Karnataka	T	1	169	205	18	78	100	570	-	1000	1231	372	148	
	N-T	2	112	207	26	119	139	603	0	1000	56748	1800	650	
7. Kerala	T	3	172	197	17	83	143	612	0	1000	863	434	170	
	N-T	29	240	301	18	68	83	709	1	1000	16575	857	336	
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	-	20	55	22	71	288	455	0	1000	51951	5288	2038	
	N-T	0	59	126	37	68	260	551	0	1000	54109	3538	1355	

TABLE (11.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
 (contd.) CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORK-  
 ING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold groups							31 industry		41 & 51 division		11-51
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
9.	Maharashtra	T	13	-	5	135	10	6	3	3	311	12	498
		NT	8	-	2	184	10	14	1	5	206	12	442
10.	Meghalaya	T	29	132	1	229	12	13	-	8	15	3	440
		NT	30	3	10	45	-	14	-	11	92	-	204
11.	Orissa	T	47	11	3	145	6	43	1	3	251	30	541
		NT	18	2	4	76	4	43	0	3	110	13	273
12.	Rajasthan	T	8	-	139	289	19	0	-	1	28	113	599
		NT	5	-	87	186	22	13	-	14	32	35	394
13.	Sikkim	T	-	-	-	241	10	19	6	15	5	30	326
		NT	-	-	3	193	14	-	8	11	17	18	264
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	9	7	26	162	12	1	-	-	293	16	527
		NT	18	1	43	98	8	39	1	22	238	23	490
15.	Tripura	T	23	90	16	37	15	11	-	8	29	29	257
		NT	3	-	1	20	2	9	-	7	14	30	86
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	-	-	29	388	-	5	-	-	5	-	428
		NT	21	-	16	212	19	14	-	0	57	-	340

TABLE (11.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
 (contd.) CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

sr. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n. r.	all	no. of females	no. of sample hhs.	estd. sample (00)	
														(15)	(16)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	
9. Maharashtra	T	-	80	107	24		141	148	500	1	1000	20828	2736	1148	
	NT	-	191	162	8		81	116	558	-	1000	57854	2338	915	
10. Meghalaya	T	-	162	41	46		111	198	558	2	1000	5467	1338	480	
	NT	-	160	384	13		101	138	796	-	1000	283	116	46	
11. Orissa	T	1	16	59	57		64	262	459	-	1000	24049	2402	994	
	NT	2	71	297	40		82	234	724	0	1000	36026	1786	716	
12. Rajasthan	T	0	12	31	14		54	289	401	-	1000	18787	2108	798	
	NT	-	46	150	22		91	297	605	1	1000	39166	1629	606	
13. Sikkim	T	-	182	98	120		50	223	674	-	1000	323	736	285	
	NT	1	171	168	123		34	239	735	-	1000	841	655	280	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	-	43	49	28		95	247	462	11	1000	1601	321	155	
	NT	2	70	137	36		52	211	507	1	1000	37808	1120	519	
15. Tripura	T	1	96	282	21		151	192	742	-	1000	1754	696	307	
	NT	3	188	381	17		86	239	911	-	1000	1623	418	172	
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	-	34	84	95		52	308	572	-	1000	1010	530	138	
	NT	-	12	150	127		76	294	660	-	1000	9481	449	181	

TABLE (11.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT  
WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	31 industry								41 & 51 division			11-51
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
17.	West Bengal	T	7	1	6	109	9	21	24	1	309	7	493	
		NT	4	-	1	34	7	28	1	9	70	16	168	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	2	-	-	281	2	8	1	13	12	1	320	
		NT	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	3	-	-	55	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	28	180	102	156	18	-	-	3	-	1	488	
		NT	-	-	-	193	61	-	-	25	-	37	316	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	33	-	8	163	1	2	-	-	280	8	495	
		NT	111	-	56	47	-	18	-	27	-	-	258	
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	-	-	4	59	4	17	-	12	4	8	109	
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	173	-	-	210	
22.	Mizoram	T	2	221	17	24	2	16	-	6	-	-	288	
		NT	-	109	-	-	-	91	-	-	-	-	200	
23.	All-India	T	23	12	19	199	14	12	13	3	182	25	502	
		NT	13	1	21	123	9	24	4	7	141	20	365	

TABLE (11.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES OF AGES 15 AND ABOVE IN RURAL AREAS  
 (contd.) CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORIES NOT WORKING  
 SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

rl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	RURAL											
			81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n. r.	all	no. of females	no. of sample hhs.	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
17.	West Bengal	T NT	6 2	53 139	61 216	90 220	139 121	158 133	501 830	- -	1000 1000	14498 48410	1860 1822	774 701
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T NT	1 0	225 226	91 308	114 128	119 106	110 177	650 945	20 -	1000 1000	90 34	498 83	102 31
19.	Arunachal- Pradesh	T NT	1 7	78 83	64 212	75 23	77 39	212 319	507 677	4 -	1000 1000	1811 210	889 144	354 58
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T NT	- -	117 188	59 334	16 -	157 59	155 161	505 742	- -	1000 1000	407 61	359 136	134 59
21.	Laksha Dweep	T NT	28 108	285 165	407 388	25 -	43 -	105 129	864 382	- -	1000 1000	103 4	296 52	90 27
22.	Mizoram	T NT	- -	233 227	98 43	146 233	87 129	151 169	712 800	- -	1000 1000	1487 7	1220 57	506 29
23.	All India	T NT	1 2	53 112	69 183	53 61	103 94	219 183	497 632	1 0	1000 1000	221484 495506	30510 23521	11983 9263

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and 29.3 respectively.

SB. Note : N and NT stand for 'tribal' and 'non-tribal' respectively.

TABLE (11.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group							31 industry		41 & 51 division		
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1	0	1-9	11-51
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	38	34	15	234	5	18	17	5	224	3	592	
	NT	24	0	28	151	5	45	10	19	222	37	541	
2. Assam	T	41	8	0	173	22	10	3	12	38	12	320	
	NT	31	-	1	134	17	25	13	19	84	14	337	
3. Bihar	T	10	1	4	323	12	18	28	17	76	24	514	A-62
	NT	13	-	6	140	8	42	36	34	97	19	395	
4. Gujarat	T	34	0	9	90	21	6	50	13	270	52	545	
	NT	13	5	10	101	12	25	22	48	77	65	379	
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	13	-	49	295	23	20	-	19	3	83	503	
	NT	6	-	80	316	3	20	1	24	20	47	517	
6. Karnataka	T	19	-	7	47	12	51	59	22	243	54	515	
	NT	36	5	18	140	12	30	4	17	195	29	485	
7. Kerala	T	35	1	5	110	8	1	7	5	248	48	469	
	NT	32	-	18	62	5	42	-	24	143	65	391	
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	14	0	6	322	4	7	31	5	180	6	575	
	NT	12	0	7	252	4	60	15	14	129	9	502	

TABLE (1.12) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.r.	all	no. of persons estd. (00)	no. of sample sam- ple	no. of sample hhs.		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1. Andhra Pradesh		T	0	62	24	13	141	167	407	0	1000	23382	3317	744		
		NT	3	119	73	9	119	135	455	0	1000	129342	3851	862		
2. Assam		T	5	203	105	89	108	169	674	1	1000	20238	2100	368		
		NT	8	290	82	68	115	99	654	-	1000	32711	1881	341	341	341
3. Bihar		T	1	70	27	63	84	240	484	0	1000	48271	5387	1070		
		NT	4	92	112	48	88	260	600	1	1000	70724	4503	874		
4. Gujarat		T	1	121	30	31	142	128	452	2	1000	57137	4121	850		
		NT	2	230	93	91	79	126	619	0	1000	40313	2143	440		
5. Himachal Pradesh		T	1	102	48	15	62	269	496	1	1000	1823	972	187		
		NT	0	131	24	20	37	271	483	-	1000	11103	1214	249		
6. Karnataka		T	0	186	90	8	88	112	483	1	1000	2810	795	156		
		NT	4	142	108	13	109	138	510	0	1000	114580	3663	672		
7. Kerala		T	7	190	107	10	96	121	524	0	1000	1645	852	174		
		NT	28	253	155	9	63	100	580	1	1000	32527	1717	352		
8. Madhya Pradesh		T	-	36	28	12	69	281	425	0	1000	106896	10664	2102		
		NT	1	68	63	19	57	269	496	1	1000	112577	7321	1415		

TABLE (11.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
 (contd.) CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED ' NOT WORK-  
 KING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group							31 industry	41 & 51- division		11-51	
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
9.	Maharashtra	T	17	-	9	157	9	10	11	12	300	16	541
		NT	9	-	5	193	9	33	9	27	179	21	486
10.	Meghalaya	T	32	120	2	256	11	14	1	25	18	5	484
		NT	17	7	22	65	9	62	-	66	78	31	358
11.	Orissa	T	35	15	2	198	4	41	3	10	242	36	588
		NT	26	1	4	137	3	69	4	27	134	23	427
12.	Rajasthan	T	10	-	97	287	11	6	1	10	31	135	588
		NT	7	-	73	209	16	34	1	34	34	44	452
13.	Sikkim	T	-	-	-	280	13	22	6	34	9	35	399
		NT	-	-	1	259	12	7	7	52	18	26	383
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	14	6	17	174	12	7	2	5	293	28	558
		NT	18	1	35	132	8	47	3	43	218	46	550
15.	Tripura	T	19	94	18	93	13	11	2	31	55	58	394
		NT	8	-	1	86	3	53	8	61	27	74	322
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	2	-	30	404	-	6	10	18	16	8	496
		NT	22	-	23	275	16	42	1	5	90	7	482

TABLE (11.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS.

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. (1)	house- hold group (2)	81 (3)	91 (15)	92 (16)	93 (17)	94-95 (18)	99 (19)	91-99 (20)	n.4. (21)	no. of persons estd. (00) (23)		no. of sample vhs. (26)
											sample size (24)	sample (25)	
9. Maharashtra	T	3	109	58	14	132	142	455	1	1000	41972	5532	1198
	NT	1	225	80	4	80	123	513	-	1000	120554	4894	965
10. Meghalaya	T	-	167	24	28	101	192	512	5	1000	10566	2586	500
	NT	-	132	162	27	135	187	642	-	1000	673	269	61
11. Orissa	T	2	34	31	32	53	262	411	-	1000	47679	4764	1023
	NT	6	98	151	21	66	231	566	0	1000	73713	3613	755
12. Rajasthan	T	1	48	15	8	45	296	411	-	1000	39081	4395	833
	NT	1	78	76	11	82	301	547	0	1000	79873	3432	642
13. Sikkim	T	-	206	52	60	36	246	601	-	1000	655	1551	305
	NT	1	203	82	57	28	247	616	0	1000	1857	1460	308
14. Tamil Nadu	T	1	73	24	14	66	259	436	5	1000	3288	645	162
	NT	8	88	69	19	51	214	441	1	1000	76487	2277	540
15. Tripura	T	1	125	131	10	141	198	605	1	1000	3895	1522	334
	NT	14	182	193	9	72	206	663	1	1000	3226	856	191
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	-	76	39	66	35	308	503	1	1000	3153	1131	141
	NT	-	45	70	61	53	288	518	-	1000	20717	976	207

TABLE (11.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS TAKING INTO  
 (contd.) CONSIDERATION THE SUBSIDIARY GAINFUL STATUS OF THOSE CATEGORISED 'NOT  
 WORKING' SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group							31 industry		41 & 51 division		11-51
			11	12	13	14	15	16	0	1-9	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
17.	West Bengal	T	11	1	4	129	14	15	25	7	306	14	526
		NT	10	-	1	121	10	50	11	27	120	24	374
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	8	-	-	333	2	5	2	65	6	8	430
		NT	-	-	-	40	-	28	73	194	-	44	380
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	26	187	105	168	16	1	3	17	-	8	543
		NT	-	-	-	167	32	28	4	136	-	55	421
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	30	-	7	135	11	2	1	5	265	65	521
		NT	76	-	23	80	-	86	3	158	4	24	454
21.	Lakshadweep	T	6	-	2	64	22	11	8	52	59	45	267
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	310	-	161	510
22.	Mizoram	T	3	297	21	25	1	15	-	25	1	7	395
		NT	14	105	-	-	-	106	3	90	6	4	327
23.	All-India	T	21	12	15	226	10	14	21	26	180	31	542
		NT	19	1	19	163	9	13	18	26	145	30	463

## RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	81	91	92	93	94-97	99	91-99	n.s.	all	no. of persons estd.	no. of sample hhs. sam- (00) ple	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(11)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
17. West Bengal	T	4	82	31	48	147	161	470	-	1000	29433	3782	804	
	NT	7	153	108	110	120	126	619	-	1000	98930	3709	727	
18. Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	2	229	48	59	116	105	558	10	1000	173	969	108	
	NT	0	278	115	48	54	125	620	-	1000	95	204	59	
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T	1	99	44	38	66	218	464	4	1000	3763	1845	396	
	NT	7	109	94	10	21	337	572	-	1000	486	369	112	
20. Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	0	141	35	8	147	146	488	-	1000	817	718	144	
	NT	12	213	137	-	70	114	535	-	1000	150	314	76	
21. Laksha Dweep	T	32	290	213	13	50	134	701	-	1000	196	565	96	
	NT	55	185	171	-	17	62	435	-	1000	9	127	55	
22. Mizoram	T	-	239	48	73	90	159	604	1	1000	3119	2559	528	
	NT	-	213	21	113	65	261	673	-	1000	15	131	36	
23. All-India	T	1	80	36	29	94	217	456	1	1000	452751	62414	12505	
	NT	5	139	92	31	87	185	532	0	1000	1020754	48949	9949	

Note : Estimates of tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

2. T & NT stand for tribal & non-tribal respectively.

Narayan/

TABLE (12) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	current weekly activity status										RURAL		
			11-15 61(0) & 62(C)					16 61(1-9) 62(1-9)		31, 71 & 72			41 & 51		
			11	12	13	14	15	0	1-9	0	1-9	11-72	0	1-9	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
1. Andhra Pra- desh	T N-T	46 29	29 0	19 25	146 128	5 7	503 386	16 53	25 13	8 27	122 120	11 36	654 635		
2. Assam	T N-T	43 45	9 -	- 1	202 148	5 18	529 427	14 35	4 13	14 25	31 72	16 13	610 587		
3. Bihar	T N-T	24 13	- -	6 13	219 128	13 12	523 334	13 51	12 27	24 50	55 88	26 22	653 571		
4. Gujarat	T N-T	26 13	- 8	2 10	143 150	11 11	365 384	9 37	44 34	9 78	173 64	19 41	620 640		
5. Himachal Pradesh	T N-T	15 1	- 1	25 53	166 138	42 14	495 415	17 28	- 3	30 36	4 17	96 88	642 587		
6. Karnataka	T N-T	23 32	- 4	8 20	117 136	14 9	323 410	14 37	36 4	31 23	176 136	12 22	592 631		
7. Kerala	T N-T	39 32	- -	0 4	101 63	24 6	328 211	1 62	11 -	8 30	187 136	34 78	570 518		
8. Madhya Pradesh	T N-T	12 11	2 -	7 8	217 177	10 10	501 420	9 55	41 18	8 21	95 76	11 16	665 606		

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	current weekly activity status										no. of males		
			81	91	92	93	94-98	99	91-99	n. r.	all	estd.	sample (00)		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T		6	58	4	9	109	125	305	5	1000	11702	1653		
	N-T		16	120	6	1	103	111	342	6	1000	65449	1927		
2. Assam	T		8	162	7	4	74	115	362	20	1000	10736	1104		
	N-T		11	246	5	3	85	63	402	-	1000	17705	1006		
3. Bihar	T		9	87	7	12	61	170	337	1	1000	14398	2706		
	N-T		16	104	4	4	66	212	391	22	1000	35594	2252		
4. Gujarat	T		18	124	4	13	101	110	352	11	1000	28781	2107		
	N-T		5	171	6	2	75	102	355	0	1000	19567	1094		
5. Himachal Pradesh	T		4	104	3	1	34	205	347	8	1000	882	470		
	N-T		6	153	5	4	28	209	398	8	1000	5472	616		
6. Karnataka	T		14	142	2	-	132	101	378	16	1000	1580	423		
	N-T		13	126	11	2	89	109	336	19	1000	57353	1845		
7. Kerala	T		31	133	23	3	121	80	360	39	1000	782	418		
	N-T		51	205	9	-	90	104	408	23	1000	15887	856		
8. Madhya Pradesh	T		8	37	10	12	60	205	325	3	1000	54693	5356		
	N-T		8	88	10	9	57	218	383	3	1000	58048	3741		

TABLE (12) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ ut.	household group	current weekly activity status												RURAL		
								11-15 61(0)& 62(0)		16 61(1-9) 62(1-9)		31, 71 & 72			41 & 51		
			11	12	13	14	15					industry		division			
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
9.	Maharashtra	T N-T	12 8	-	11 12	145 141	6 9	353 348	16 42		17 15	17 37	184 110	32 30	619 583		
10.	Meghalaya	T N-T	33 6	73 9	1 27	177 85	6 13	581 280	12 100		2 -	28 91	21 41	7 30	652 543		
11.	Orissa	T N-T	45 33	11 1	3 5	139 138	7 3	417 366	30 75		6 8	14 40	143 92	42 29	652 609		
12.	Rajasthan	T N-T	5 6	0 -	57 55	221 150	3 13	583 456	5 37		1 4	13 40	20 26	51 31	672 594		
13.	Sikkim	T N-T	0 -	-	1 -	240 235	13 10	508 489	20 10		5 5	39 65	5 12	30 26	607 608		
14.	Tamil Nadu	T N-T	15 18	3 -	6 29	115 114	10 7	296 341	12 51		3 5	8 52	269 141	24 50	612 641		
15.	Tripura	T N-T	17 13	45 -	24 -	93 118	8 2	376 265	23 101		4 12	38 104	67 46	88 81	595 608		
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T N-T	2 21	-	18 26	267 203	- 28	581 556	4 46		14 2	25 9	15 50	13 8	652 671		

TABLE (12) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS  
 (contd.) SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	current weekly activity status									RURAL	
												no. of males	
			81	91	92	93	94-98	99	91-99	n.r.	all	estd.	sample (00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
9. Maharashtra	T N-T		18 11	105 193	19 7	5 2	114 80	112 107	356 389	7 17	1000 1000	2103 62555	2792 2549
10. Meghalaya	T N-T		1 -	130 96	7 -	7 32	69 138	132 191	345 457	2 -	1000 1000	5099 390	1248 153
11. Orissa	T N-T		18 26	41 102	7 18	19 5	53 54	208 186	328 364	2 1	1000 1000	23512 37391	2354 1817
12. Rajasthan	T N-T		11 12	62 85	1 7	3 -	37 67	214 233	317 393	- 1	1000 1000	20198 40513	2278 1796
13. Sikkim	T N-T		- 0	169 168	5 8	1 -	17 25	201 191	393 392	- -	1000 1000	332 998	815 792
14. Tamil Nadu	T N-T		10 24	86 85	10 3	- 1	52 59	231 179	378 327	1 7	1000 1000	1686 37614	324 1124
15. Tripura	T N-T		3 27	116 87	1 0	1 -	109 39	165 146	392 271	10 93	1000 1000	2444 1565	805 430
16. Uttar Pradesh	T N-T		3 29	98 58	2 4	6 2	21 31	219 200	345 295	1 5	1000 1000	1142 11154	600 523

TABLE (12) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	current weekly activity status												
			11-15					16	31, 71 & 72			41 & 51			
			11		12		13	14	15	61(0) & 62(0)	61(1-9) 62(1-9)	industry		division	
			0	1-9	0	1-9						0	1-9		11-72
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
17.	West - Bengal	T	13	-	3	105	11	269	14	22	10	218	31	563	
		N-T	12	-	1	135	19	337	69	14	36	110	34	601	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	12	-	-	257	2	545	8	4	90	-	14	660	
		N-T	-	0	-	11	-	22	45	116	305	-	70	558	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	29	116	62	33	29	639	1	4	20	4	12	679	
		N-T	-	9	-	83	26	235	45	6	198	-	58	542	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	42	-	2	112	15	345	3	1	9	159	100	618	
		N-T	47	-	-	95	-	285	95	4	229	1	33	646	
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	7	-	-	29	46	161	8	19	89	109	69	455	
		N-T	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	417	-	287	743	
22.	Mizoram	T	2	252	17	19	2	584	10	-	30	2	9	636	
		N-T	-	93	-	-	-	186	134	5	158	10	7	500	
23.	All India	T	22	10	12	176	9	462	13	22	14	107	25	643	
		N-T	19	1	17	140	11	382	50	12	35	98	31	608	

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	current weekly activity status										no. of males			
			81	91	92	93	94-98	99	91-99	n. r.	all		estd. (00)	sam- ple		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
17.	West- Bengal	T N-T	39 30	97 149	2 7	13 6	127 106	141 99	381 368	17 1	1000 1000	14912 50341	1916 1882			
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T N-T	- -	146 199	4 -	4 -	93 22	73 93	319 314	21 128	1000 1000	82 57	452 166			
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T N-T	2 6	75 115	21 -	14 13	46 16	151 309	307 452	12 -	1000 1000	1948 265	953 207	A 73		
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T N-T	1 17	120 197	12 -	2 -	109 66	114 71	358 334	24 3	1000 1000	410 89	359 178			
21.	Laksha Dweep	T N-T	51 14	265 201	4 -	- -	56 31	154 10	379 142	15 -	1000 1000	93 5	269 74			
22.	Mizoram	T N-T	- -	171 180	2 -	5 -	64 5	118 315	360 500	4 -	1000 1000	1632 8	1339 74			
23.	All India	T N-T	13 17	79 128	8 8	10 3	75 77	166 150	338 366	6 9	1000 1000	229322 518082	31416 25055			

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and 29.2 respectively.

SB.

2. T & NT stand for tribal & non-tribal respectively

TABLE (12.1) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY  
OF TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

1. state/ u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status										RURAL					
							11-15 61(0) &62(0)					16 61(1-9) 62(1-9)		31,71 & 72 industry		41 & 51 division	
		11 (2)	12 (3)	13 (4)	14 (5)	15 (6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	48	30	9	123	4	436	13	2	0	129	4	584				
	NT	10	-	25	85	3	250	25	4	3	138	28	447				
2. Assam	T	18	-	-	10	8	76	1	-	4	10	1	93				
	NT	1	-	0	12	11	49	3	10	1	50	11	125				
3. Bihar	T	9	0	3	155	21	378	8	9	8	37	5	444				
	NT	7	-	4	49	16	151	14	20	6	51	5	248				
4. Gujarat	T	24	-	8	80	33	289	3	42	1	151	19	505				
	NT	8	-	6	37	28	153	5	3	4	40	16	222				
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	7	-	61	146	65	559	12	-	1	3	10	585				
	NT	5	1	113	161	18	600	7	6	1	5	2	621				
6. Karnataka	T	7	-	1	64	-	144	2	48	3	111	95	404				
	NT	12	3	12	62	11	201	9	1	5	156	23	394				
7. Kerala	T	14	2	4	60	2	165	2	-	-	114	39	320				
	NT	10	-	10	16	3	78	9	-	12	69	38	205				
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	19	1	9	173	7	421	5	7	0	82	8	524				
	NT	7	-	5	123	6	288	31	7	4	67	9	406				

TABLE (12.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES IN CURRENT  
TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

state/ dist.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status										RURAL	
		81	91	92	93	94- 98	99	91- 99	n.r.	all	no. of females	estd. (00)	sample (26)
(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	
Andhra Pradesh	T	6	31	73	42	123	133	402	8	1000	11364	1636	
	NT	20	68	182	26	129	115	520	13	1000	63343	1903	
Assam	T	-	155	196	239	102	176	869	38	1000	9448	991	
	NT	3	275	184	173	121	118	871	1	1000	14853	869	
Bihar	T	1	30	52	192	80	198	552	3	1000	23667	2620	
	NT	2	39	217	108	95	239	698	52	1000	31715	2095	
Gujarat	T	29	68	68	72	142	104	453	13	1000	28236	2008	
	NT	8	184	194	191	84	116	769	1	1000	20704	1048	
Himachal Pradesh	T	-	48	66	38	56	191	399	16	1000	942	502	
	NT	-	73	26	45	27	193	364	15	1000	5601	594	
Karnataka	T	2	135	187	18	95	93	529	66	1000	1231	372	
	NT	7	88	208	28	108	125	557	42	1000	56748	1800	
Kerala	T	14	132	255	27	67	132	612	54	1000	863	434	
	NT	38	195	330	27	88	80	719	37	1000	16575	857	
Madhya Pradesh	T	3	15	102	60	66	228	470	3	1000	51951	5288	
	NT	2	47	176	63	79	222	586	6	1000	54109	3538	

TABLE (12.1) (CONT'D.) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status										RURAL			
								11-15 61(0)			16 61(1-9) &62(0)		31, 71 & 72 industry 0		41 & 51 industry 0	11-12
			11	12	13	14	15	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
9.	Maharashtra	T	8	-	5	104	8	259	7	6	3	159	12	445		
		NT	5	-	2	129	0	284	13	2	5	129	16	450		
10.	Meghalaya	T	19	92	1	144	11	534	8	1	6	9	3	561		
		NT	15	3	2	13	-	94	13	-	10	114	-	232		
11.	Orissa	T	62	5	2	60	4	267	37	2	2	105	19	432		
		NT	21	1	2	37	2	127	30	0	3	48	11	219		
12.	Rajasthan	T	6	-	106	189	10	632	1	-	1	13	24	671		
		NT	4	-	72	112	15	421	8	1	11	16	8	465		
13.	Sikkim	T	2	-	1	187	42	464	15	4	15	1	23	522		
		NT	-	-	2	147	49	396	2	5	10	7	8	427		
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	10	4	21	118	9	326	1	-	-	194	15	535		
		NT	11	1	38	61	7	236	33	1	18	155	15	458		
15.	Tripura	T	8	36	28	16	4	198	12	0	9	24	31	263		
		NT	-	-	-	4	-	9	10	-	7	8	20	54		
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	-	-	19	204	-	445	4	-	-	1	1	452		
		NT	-	-	17	102	14	266	4	-	0	16	-	287		

TABLE (12.1) : FIVE THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS  
 (contd.)

RURAL

1. P*state/ 2. house- hold group		current weekly activity status										no.of persons estd. (00)
		81	91	92	93	- 94- 98	99	91- 99	n.r.	all		
1) (2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)		(25)
9. Maharashtra	T	24	65	165	20	144	128	522	10	1000		20828
	NT	5	149	196	7	80	100	522	23	1000		57854
10. Meghalaya	T	0	128	40	43	80	145	436	3	1000		5467
	NT	-	145	372	16	104	131	766	-	1000		283
11. Orissa	T	11	16	118	117	69	229	549	7	1000		24049
	NT	8	67	334	62	86	219	769	4	1000		36026
12. Rajasthan	T	6	8	43	30	43	199	323	-	1000		18787
	NT	6	34	151	31	77	235	529	1	1000		39166
13. Sikkim	T	-	139	77	51	40	171	477	1	1000		323
	NT	-	136	148	66	29	192	571	-	1000		841
14. Tamil Nadu	T	21	36	53	24	105	206	425	19	1000		1601...
	NT	26	58	145	51	63	186	502	13	1000		37808
15. Tripura	T	2	90	244	68	134	174	711	24	1000		1754
	NT	3	95	257	10	40	238	541	303	1000		1623
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	-	38	75	154	41	239	548	1	1000		1010
	NT	4	10	156	211	68	255	701	9	1000		9481

TABLE (12,1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status												RUPAL	
			11-15			16			industry			division				
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
17.	West Bengal	T	7	1	5	70	5	162	19	24	1	191	6	404		
		NT	3	-	1	12	4	43	17	1	9	39	16	125		
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	-	-	-	189	-	377	6	3	9	2	2	399		
		NT	-	-	-	49	-	98	-	-	3	-	-	101		
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	18	116	61	70	39	607	1	1	1	1	2	612	A-78	
		NT	-	22	-	-	114	19	311	3	-	-	20	363		
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	47	-	5	127	-	358	-	-	1	-	135	10	504	
		NT	98	-	-	41	-	273	7	-	-	-	-	-	280	
21.	Laksha dweep	T	-	-	-	4	19	-	47	16	4	11	4	8	91	
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	173	-	-	-	210	
22.	Mizoram	T	2	162	13	18	2	395	11	-	5	-	-	-	411	
		NT	-	78	-	-	-	156	84	-	-	-	-	-	240	
23.	All India	T	21	8	17	122	12	365	9	10	2	90	12	489		
		NT	3	1	18	75	9	224	18	4	6	87	16	355		

Note : - T and NT stand for "Tribal" and "Non-tribal" respectively.

## RURAL

rl.	states u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status									no. of estd. (00)	
			81	91	92	93	94- 98	99	91- 99	n.r.	all	sample	
1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
7.	West Bengal	T	29	47	60	167	133	145	552	16	1000	14498	1860
		NT	10	13 <sup>a</sup>	222	247	126	130	864	2	1000	48410	1822
8.	Andaman & Ni- cobar Is.	T	1	153	117	115	109	89	584	16	1000	89	488
		NT	0	212	227	91	41	168	740	159	1000	34	83
9.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	1	52	62	54	57	149	374	13	1000	1811	889 <sup>b</sup>
		NT	6	70	177	52	46	270	614	17	1000	210	144 <sup>c</sup>
10.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	-	95	112	24	126	128	485	11	1000	407	359 <sup>f</sup>
		NT	-	159	339	-	73	139	710	10	1000	61	136 <sup>f</sup>
11.	Laksha Dweep	T	33	275	419	22	47	102	865	12	1000	103	296
		NT	108	165	388	-	-	129	682	-	1000	4	52
12.	Mizoram	T	-	181	81	125	68	121	575	14	1000	1487	1220
		NT	-	210	50	226	119	156	760	-	1000	7	57
13.	All India	T	10	43	92	87	91	179	492	8	1000	221484	30510
		NT	10	92	198	72	94	162	618	17	1000	495506	23521

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and 29.3 respectively.

Note T and NT stand for "tribal" and 'non-tribal' respectively.

TABLE (12.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srly. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status												31,71 & 72		
									11-15 61(0) & 62(0)		16 61(1-9) 62(1-9)		industry		41 & 51		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	47	29	14	135	5	470	14	14	4	125	7	635			
		NT	20	0	25	107	5	322	40	9	15	128	32	546			
2	Assam	T	33	6	-	125	6	347	9	3	10	23	10	402			
		NT	27	-	1	93	15	274	22	12	16	63	12	400			
3	Bihar	T	17	-	4	189	17	454	11	11	15	46	16	554			
		NT	10	-	9	92	14	252	34	24	31	1	14	426			
4	Gujarat	T	25	-	5	112	22	328	6	43	5	163	19	563			
		NT	10	4	8	95	19	273	22	19	43	52	29	439			
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	11	-	44	155	54	529	14	-	14	4	51	612			
		NT	3	1	85	150	16	513	16	5	18	10	42	605			
6	Karnataka	T	18	-	5	95	8	249	9	41	19	149	47	514			
		NT	22	4	16	101	10	312	24	3	14	145	22	521			
7	Kerala	T	26	1	2	81	13	246	1	6	4	150	36	444			
		NT	21	-	7	40	4	145	36	-	21	103	58	364			
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	15	1	8	196	8	463	7	25	4	89	10	598			
		NT	9	-	7	152	8	358	44	13	13	72	13	513			

\* T = TRIBAL

NT = NON-TRIBAL

TABLE (12.2) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status										RURAL	
			81	91	92	93	94-98	99	91-99	n.r.	all	no. of persons	estd. (00)	sample
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(26)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	8	45	37	25	116	129	352	7	1000	23382	3317	
		NT	13	96	89	13	115	113	426	10	1000	129342	3851	
2	Assam	T	5	159	83	99	86	140	566	27	1000	20238	2100	
		NT	8	258	77	72	99	86	592	0	1000	32711	1881	
3	Bihar	T	6	60	28	97	70	184	438	2	1000	48271	5357	
		NT	10	75	99	50	79	226	529	35	1000	70724	4503	
4	Gujarat	T	25	97	35	42	120	107	400	12	1000	57137	4121	
		NT	7	177	96	93	79	109	554	1	1000	40313	2113	
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	2	75	36	20	45	198	375	12	1000	1823	972	
		NT	3	110	16	26	27	202	381	12	1000	11103	1214	
6	Karnataka	T	9	139	79	8	117	98	440	36	1000	2810	795	
		NT	10	108	103	14	98	116	439	30	1000	114500	3663	
	Kerala	T	22	133	139	15	94	106	487	47	1000	1645	852	
		NT	45	200	167	13	89	92	562	30	1000	32527	1717	
	Madhya Pradesh	T	5	27	54	35	63	216	394	3	1000	106896	10664	
		NT	5	69	86	34	67	221	477	5	1000	112577	7321	

T = TRIBAL

NT = NON-TRIBAL

TABLE (12.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status											
									31,71 & 72		41 & 51			
			11-15 61(0) & 62(0)		16 61(1-9) 62(1-9)		industry		division					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
9	Maharashtra	T	10	-	8	126	7	307	12	12	10	172	22	535
		NT	8	-	7	131	9	318	28	9	22	119	23	520
10	Meghalaya	T	26	83	1	160	9	557	10	1	17	15	5	606
		NT	10	7	17	56	8	206	66	-	59	70	18	419
11	Orissa	T	53	8	3	100	5	344	33	4	8	125	31	545
		NT	28	1	4	92	3	257	55	4	23	42	20	431
12	Rajasthan	T	6	0	81	206	6	607	3	1	7	17	38	672
		NT	5	-	64	132	14	439	23	3	26	21	20	531
13	Sikkim	T	1	-	1	215	27	487	17	5	27	3	27	566
		NT	-	-	1	196	27	448	6	6	41	9	18	528
14	Tamil Nadu	T	13	3	13	116	10	310	7	2	4	232	19	574
		NT	15	0	33	88	7	290	42	3	36	148	33	552
15	Tripura	T	13	41	25	60	7	294	18	3	25	48	63	451
		NT	7	-	-	64	1	143	57	6	58	28	52	344
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	1	-	19	239	-	521	4	8	14	9	8	562
		NT *	12	-	22	160	22	435	28	1	5	36	5	510

\* T = TRIBAL  
NT = NON-TRIBAL

TABLE (12.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	house-hold group	current weekly activity status .									RURAL	
			81	91	92	93	94-98	99	91-99	n.r.	all	no. of persons	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(25)
9	Maharashtra	T	21	86	90	12	129	120	436	8	1000	41972	5532
		NT	8	72	92	4	80	103	452	20	1000	120554	4894
10	Meghalaya	T	0	129	23	25	75	139	391	2	1000	10566	2586
		NT	-	115	148	26	125	168	581	-	1000	673	269
11	Crissa	T	15	29	61	66	61	219	435	5	1000	47649	4764
		NT	18	86	162	31	69	201	549	2	1000	73713	3613
12	Rajasthan	T	8	35	22	16	40	207	320	-	1000	39081	4395
		NT	9	61	77	15	72	235	459	1	1000	79873	3432
13	Sikkim	T	-	154	40	25	28	186	434	-	1000	655	1551
		NT	1	154	70	29	27	192	472	-	1000	1857	1460
14	Tamil Nadu	T	15	61	31	12	78	219	401	10	1000	3288	645
		NT	25	72	72	25	61	183	413	10	1000	76487	2277
15	Tripura	T	2	105	107	30	120	169	531	16	1000	3835	1522
		NT	16	91	122	5	39	191	448	192	1000	3226	856
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	1	72	34	72	30	228	435	1	1000	2153	1131
		NT	18	38	67	88	46	226	465	7	1000	20717	976

\* T = TRIBAL  
NT = NON-TRIBAL

TABLE (12.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	current weekly activity status												RURAL		
									31,71 & 72			41 & 51					
			11		12		13		14		15		11-15 61(0)	16 61(1-9)	17 62(1-9)	industry	division
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
17	West Bengal	T	10	1	4	84	8	219	16	23	6	205	19	487			
		NT	8	-	1	80	12	205	46	8	24	78	26	387			
18	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	6	-	-	223	1	462	7	3	50	1	8	531			
		NT	-	0	-	26	-	51	27	72	189	-	43	383			
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	24	116	62	77	34	623	1	2	11	2	7	647			
		NT	-	15	-	97	22	269	24	3	117	-	46	460			
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	45	-	4	120	7	532	1	1	24	147	55	561			
		NT	67	-	-	73	-	280	59	3	137	0	19	498			
21	Lakshadweep	T	3	1	2	24	22	103	12	11	49	56	38	269			
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	310	-	161	510			
22	Mizoram	T	2	212	15	18	2	399	11	-	18	1	5	535			
		NT	-	86	-	-	-	172	110	3	82	5	4	375			
23	All India	T	21	9	14	151	10	416	11	16	8	99	19	570			
		NT	14	1	18	109	10	308	35	8	22	93	24	490			

\* T = TRIBAL

NT = NON-TRIBAL

TABLE (12.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY CURRENT WEEKLY ACTIVITY STATUS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house - hold group	current weekly activity status						RURAL						
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
17	West Bengal	T	34	73	30	87	130	144	463	16	1000	29433	3782		
18	Andaman & Nicobar Island	NT	21	144	103	114	116	114	591	1	1000	98930	3709		
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	1	150	60	59	101	81	451	18	1000	172	941		
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	NT	0	204	87	35	30	122	477	140	1000	95	204		
21	Laksha Dweep	T	1	64	41	33	51	150	340	13	1000	4192	2044	A	
22	Mizoram	NT	6	94	80	31	29	292	526	8	1000	486	369		
23	All India	T	10	182	137	-	69	117	121	421	18	1000	817	718	85
		NT	42	270	215	11	52	127	576	13	1000	6	1000	150	314
		T	55	185	171	-	17	62	435	-	1000	9	1000	197	566
		NT	-	175	37	59	66	119	456	9	1000	9	1000	15	127
		T	12	62	48	47	83	173	412	7	1000	3174	2607		
		NT*	14	111	96	35	85	152	484	13	1000	452751	62414		
												1000	1020754	48949	

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

\* T = TRIBAL

NT = NON-TRIBAL

TABLE (13) : AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PER REPORTING HOUSEHOLD FROM WAGES AND SALARIES SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of hhs. reporting wage/salary per thou- sand hhs.	no. of persons reporting wage/salary per report- ing hhs.	average weekly earnings (Rs.0.00) <u>per reporting household</u>			estimated weekly earnings from wage/salary (Rs.0.00)		
					cash	kind	total	cash	kind	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	tribal	442	1.99	79.19	16.13	95.32	16459	3760	22219
		non-tribal	539	1.82	106.53	9.52	118.05	171203	15018	186221
2.	Assam	tribal	252	1.45	185.96	30.78	216.73	16976	2809	19786
		non-tribal	446	1.56	167.58	25.01	192.59	43060	6425	49486
3.	Bihar	tribal	366	1.60	130.67	18.21	148.79	46695	6477	53172
		non-tribal	510	1.53	142.34	44.71	187.04	102753	32275	135029
4.	Gujarat	tribal	618	2.19	106.49	20.73	127.22	75774	14753	90528
		non-tribal	564	1.54	265.56	3.77	269.32	117091	1660	118752
5.	Himachal Pradesh	tribal	412	1.24	217.56	-	217.56	3112	-	3112
		non-tribal	472	1.48	197.89	30.57	228.46	19006	2936	21942
6.	Karnataka	tribal	591	1.95	106.25	4.72	110.97	4496	199	4696
		non-tribal	551	2.21	126.08	5.53	131.61	145302	6367	151670
7.	Kerala	tribal	594	1.72	121.55	18.13	139.68	2666	397	3064
		non-tribal	599	1.61	166.73	10.56	177.30	67013	6245	71258
8.	Madhya Pradesh	tribal	439	1.85	93.10	24.44	117.54	89325	23451	112777
		non-tribal	389	1.76	96.27	25.84	122.11	83131	22313	105444

TABLE (13) : AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PER REPORTING HOUSEHOLD FROM WAGES AND SALARIES SEPARATELY  
 (contd.) FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of hhs. reporting wage/salary per thou- sand hhs.	no. of persons reporting wage/salary per report- ing hhs.	average weekly earnings (Rs.0.00)			estimated weekly earnings from wage/salary (Rs.0.00)		
					cash	kind	total	cash	kind	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
9.	Maharashtra	tribal	584	1.99	118.50	15.11	133.60	64132	8175	72308
		non-tribal	602	1.81	139.11	6.39	145.50	196230	9013	205244
10.	Meghalaya	tribal	231	1.46	222.82	34.97	257.79	10672	1674	12346
		non-tribal	648	1.38	221.55	1.73	223.28	2304	18	2402
11.	Orissa	tribal	510	1.84	72.74	16.21	88.95	38811	8650	47461
		non-tribal	477	1.45	97.60	16.10	113.69	70329	11600	81930
12.	Rajasthan	tribal	314	1.49	116.43	3.37	119.80	27117	784	27902
		non-tribal	349	1.31	162.21	4.79	167.00	85243	2519	87762
13.	Sikkim	tribal	230	1.63	319.59	0.38	319.97	1052	1	1053
		non-tribal	359	1.35	288.72	1.02	289.74	4051	14	4065
14.	Tamil Nadu	tribal	571	2.02	82.16	24.05	106.20	4061	1188	5250
		non-tribal	653	1.71	102.07	14.90	116.97	120301	17565	137866
15.	Tripura	tribal	623	1.58	195.77	3.57	199.35	10081	184	10265
		non-tribal	653	1.24	226.57	1.33	227.89	10757	62	10829
16.	Uttar Pradesh	tribal	251	1.68	186.76	11.55	198.31	1248	77	1326
		non-tribal	248	1.33	79.93	20.55	100.47	8363	2150	10514

TABLE (13) : AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PER REPORTING HOUSEHOLD FROM WAGES AND SALARIES SEPARATELY  
 (contd.) FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of hhs. reporting wage/salary per thou- sand hhs.	no. of persons reporting wage/salary per report- ing hhs.	average weekly earnings (Rs.0.00) per reporting household			estimated weekly earnings from wage/salary (Rs.0.00)		
					cash	kind	total	cash	kind	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
17.	West Bengal	tribal	691	1.91	116.87	22.31	139.18	53004	10117	63121
		non-tribal	534	1.54	128.55	26.45	154.99	136872	28159	165032
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	tribal	441	1.48	362.18	19.63	381.81	339	18	358
		non-tribal	925	1.06	245.02	15.34	260.36	739	48	785
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	tribal	266	1.80	117.97	111.49	229.46	2592	2450	5043
		non-tribal	686	1.26	207.83	5.49	213.32	1778	47	1825
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	tribal	621	2.00	140.91	0.14	141.06	1485	1	1487
		non-tribal	517	1.42	290.33	-	290.33	566	-	566
21.	Lakshadweep	tribal	676	1.40	261.80	26.89	288.69	612	63	675
		non-tribal	949	1.07	380.05	20.16	400.21	148	8	156
22.	Mizoram	tribal	335	1.40	228.10	99.55	327.65	4939*	2156	7045
		non-tribal	667	1.12	443.41	63.57	506.98	197	15	122
23.	All-India	tribal	471	1.88	108.65	19.81	128.46	48000	87509	567513
		non-tribal	514	1.71	130.77	15.32	146.09	1386437	162464	1348901

TABLE (14) PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ATTAINED  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	highest level of education attained												RURAL		sample							
			not literate		literate with out formal education		literate be- low primary		primary		middle		secondary		higher sec- ondary		certificates or diploma		graduation & above		n.r.	all	estd. (00)	no. of males
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)						
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	219	11	93	37	24	6	1	1	-	2	1000	11862	1668	1684	1684	1684	1684	1684	1684	1684	1684	1684
		NT	619	33	138	80	69	35	15	4	0	1000	65709	1937										
2.	Assam	T	441	43	243	145	79	24	17	2	6	1000	10748	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105	1105
		NT	308	76	236	156	141	52	17	5	9	1000	17784	1009										
3.	Bihar	T	662	54	103	75	77	17	6	3	4	1000	24502	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714	2714
		NT	564	56	118	81	67	33	19	7	11	1000	36887	2310										
4.	Gujarat	T	624	14	179	112	44	17	6	1	1	1000	28791	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100
		NT	324	13	252	118	148	54	32	52	7	1000	19608	1095										
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	498	46	202	154	54	33	5	10	7	1000	882	470	470	470	470	470	470	470	470	470	470	470
		NT	303	44	190	219	74	61	6	6	11	1000	5477	617										
6.	Karnataka	T	482	13	210	118	98	28	8	20	2	1000	1580	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423
		NT	516	48	128	112	95	41	24	5	8	1000	57429	1350										
7.	Kerala	T	459	9	206	134	164	21	6	-	-	1000	702	418	418	418	418	418	418	418	418	418	418	418
		NT	217	32	222	229	188	84	12	6	10	1000	15939	859										
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	778	10	112	64	23	4	6	1	2	1000	54775	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363	5363
		NT	497	32	208	153	58	21	21	3	7	1000	58175	3759										

TABLE (14) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF MALES BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ATTAINED SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	highest level of education attained												RURAL no. of males		
			not literate	literate with- out formal ed- ucation	literate below primary	primary	middle	secondary	higher sec- ondary	certifica- te or diploma	graduation & above	n.r.	all	estd.	(%)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)		
9.	Maharashtra	T	662	23	149	101	46	13	3	1	2	1	1000	21106	2793	1	
		NT	339	31	163	201	129	53	16	2	10	1	1000	62643	2553	2	
10.	Meghalaya	T	545	40	163	139	73	30	7	-	3	-	1000	5099	1243	1	
		NT	604	15	86	124	121	25	26	-	-	-	1000	390	153	2	
11.	Orissa	T	724	35	122	46	57	11	2	-	1	1	1000	23525	2355	1	
		NT	411	75	202	122	127	37	12	2	11	-	1000	37373	1823	2	
12.	Rajasthan	T	701	25	128	81	43	9	4	1	4	4	1000	20270	2261	1	
		NT	597	38	135	118	54	12	15	5	26	0	1000	40341	1797	2	
13.	Sikkim	T	489	76	227	123	52	28	3	2	1	-	1000	332	815	1	
		NT	397	97	193	173	100	19	7	8	6	-	1000	1006	793	2	
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	734	9	169	46	22	10	1	4	-	6	1000	1676	324	1	
		NT	386	33	219	161	110	49	19	4	10	10	1000	30025	1137	2	
15.	Tripura	T	557	132	173	93	34	7	1	1	1	-	1000	2061	916	1	
		NT	241	74	257	180	93	37	46	13	35	23	1000	1589	435	2	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	603	33	204	109	31	9	2	5	5	-	1000	1143	601	1	
		NT	634	32	125	75	32	21	11	-	8	12	1000	11155	525	2	

Serial no.	State/U.T.	Household group	Highest level of education attained										Rural no. of persons		
			Not literate	Literate without formal education	Literates below primary	Primary	Middle	Secondary	Higher secondary	Certificate or diploma	Graduation & above	N.T.	All	std. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
17.	West Bengal	T	698	35	101	98	44	13	3	2	1	0	1000	14927	1919
		NT	440	56	131	165	125	46	15	4	16	3	1000	50374	1883
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	404	38	227	176	94	26	29	6	1	-	1000	82	452
		NT	319	56	216	250	112	27	7	-	13	-	1000	60	115
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	657	27	96	101	51	35	9	2	2	21	1000	2102	1041
		NT	386	64	135	126	143	19	56	15	57	-	1000	270	215
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	643	2	189	130	45	10	-	1	-	-	1000	410	359
		NT	186	10	98	292	151	156	5	74	27	-	1000	89	178
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	302	17	250	192	132	80	8	11	7	-	1000	93	269
		NT	34	-	114	281	301	135	22	52	60	-	1000	5	75
22.	Mizoram	T	291	35	179	227	191	47	19	1	4	6	1000	1650	1355
		NT	338	-	154	233	145	64	37	-	29	-	1000	8	74
23.	All India	T	684	26	135	85	48	13	5	1	2	2	1000	230145	31637
		NT	474	43	167	137	99	40	18	6	11	6	1000	520786	25210

Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

Bhaskar/ 2) T and NT stand for "Tribal and Non-Tribal" respectively

TABLE (14.1) . PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION  
ATTAINED SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	liter- ate atc	highest level of education attained										no. of female (00)	estd. samp (00)
				not liter- ate	liter- ate with- out formal edu- cation	pri- ate below pri- mary	middle dary	secon- dary	higher secon- dary or diplo- ma	certi- ficate & duate	n.r.	all			
				(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	943	14	33	6	4	2	-	-	-	-	3	1000	11520	1649
	NT	789	16	90	49	33	15	7	-	1	1	1000	63574	1912	
2. Assam	T	686	33	133	94	43	8	3	-	0	-	1000	9477	994	
	NT	507	83	165	117	80	40	6	-	1	1	1000	14928	872	
3. Bihar	T	893	12	36	21	32	4	1	-	0	-	1000	23769	2643	
	NT	806	35	56	25	33	7	-	-	1	36	1000	33640	2180	
4. Gujarat	T	836	8	71	55	17	8	1	0	2	3	1000	28244	2009	
	NT	511	7	270	110	65	28	3	4	2	-	1000	20704	1048	
5. Himachal Pra- desh	T	755	16	161	47	12	7	-	-	1	-	1000	942	502	
	NT	636	14	133	134	56	15	10	-	-	3	1000	5626	597	
6. Karnataka	T	704	4	121	115	33	11	1	-	-	12	1060	1231	372	
	NT	714	38	91	58	42	17	9	3	3	26	1000	57151	1813	
7. Kerala	T	555	4	175	123	125	12	-	-	-	5	1000	863	434	
	NT	322	21	180	207	166	70	22	10	2	-	1000	16586	858	
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	922	3	53	15	3	1	1	-	0	2	1000	52101	5299	
	NT	759	12	123	71	20	7	4	0	1	2	1000	54361	3558	

## highest level of education attained

no. of person

sri. state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	not literate	liter- ate with- out formal educa- tion	liter- ate below primary	primary	middle	secon- dary	higher secnon- dary	certi- ficate dmatu & above	n.r.	all	estd.	sample (00)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
9. Maharashtra	T	871	12	66	37	10	2	0	-	0	1	1000	20866	2739	
	NT	615	21	132	132	75	19	3	1	2	1	1000	57906	2341	
10. Meghalaya	T	656	35	112	108	60	25	3	-	1	-	1000	5467	1338	
	NT	706	55	35	114	65	25	-	-	-	-	1000	283	116	
11. Orissa	T	919	11	40	12	16	2	0	-	0	-	1000	24154	2409	
	NT	677	33	139	82	52	8	6	-	3	-	1000	36140	1790	
12. Rajasthan	T	965	5	16	10	1	1	0	-	-	2	1000	18811	2111	
	NT	842	14	60	27	14	2	2	0	38	-	1000	39329	1635	
13. Sikkim	T	680	35	156	69	39	7	1	1	-	12	1000	323	736	
	NT	613	64	141	102	51	12	12	3	3	-	1000	650	662	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	888	-	64	28	15	1	-	-	-	4	1000	1601	321	
	NT	627	16	162	110	45	18	5	2	4	11	1000	38434	1139	
15. Tripura	T	792	48	93	49	14	1	-	0	0	2	1000	1773	706	
	NT	414	98	199	188	56	5	6	2	9	23	1000	1638	421	
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	903	11	52	27	7	0	-	-	-	-	1000	1010	530	
	NT	914	4	26	18	10	2	0	1	0	25	1000	9562	451	

TABLE (14.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALES BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION  
ATTAINED SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	highest level of education attained										n.r.	all estd. sample (00)	no. of females
			not liter- ate	liter- ate with- out formal educa- tion	liter- ate below pri- mary	pri- mary	middle dary	secon- dary	higher secon- dary	certi- ficate or diplo- ma	gra- duate				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
17. West Bengal	T	905	5	48	29	8	11	1	1	-	3	1000	14506	186	
	NT	637	46	123	108	55	11	5	3	9	2	1000	48556	182	
18. Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	550	25	189	145	83	10	-	-	-	-	1000	389	481	
	NT	547	1	151	219	58	23	1	-	-	-	1000	35	89	
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T	774	14	60	82	25	5	-	1	0	38	1000	1990	991	
	NT	501	90	173	93	75	28	17	-	24	-	1000	217	154	
20. Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	852	1	56	77	12	2	-	-	-	-	1000	407	359	
	NT	514	2	220	129	36	95	-	-	4	-	1000	61	136	
21. Laksha Dweep	T	326	56	244	179	145	42	4	3	-	-	1000	103	297	
	NT	165	37	11	71	304	268	47	37	6	-	1000	4	52	
22. Mizoram	T	336	50	176	251	151	24	4	1	-	6	1000	1524	1252	
	NT	304	-	147	519	30	-	-	-	-	-	1000	7	57	
23. All-India	T	876	10	57	33	16	4	1	0	0	2	1000	22457	30762	
	NT	690	26	119	82	47	15	5	1	5	7	1000	499644	23719	

TABLE (14.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ATTAINED  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	highest level of education attained										sq.of persons estd. sample (00)		
			not lite- rate	litor- ate without formal educa- tion	liter- ate below primary	primary	middle	secon- dary	higher secon- dary or diploma	certi- ficate tion & above	gradua- n.r.	n.r.	all diploma	estd. sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	880	8	69	22	14	4	0	0	-	3	1000	23732	3317
		NT	702	24	115	65	51	25	11	2	5	0	1000	129342	3851
2.	Assam	T	556	38	191	121	62	17	10	1	3	-	1000	20238	2100
		NT	398	79	203	138	113	47	12	3	6	0	1000	32711	1881
3.	Bihar	T	776	33	70	49	55	10	4	2	2	0	1000	48271	5357
		NT	680	46	88	54	61	20	10	4	6	30	1000	70724	4503
4.	Gujarat	T	729	11	125	84	30	12	3	1	1	3	1000	57137	4121
		NT	420	10	261	114	105	41	17	27	4	-	1000	40313	2143
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	626	31	181	99	32	20	2	5	4	-	1000	1823	972
		NT	514	29	161	176	65	37	8	3	5	2	1000	11103	1214
6.	Karnataka	T	579	9	171	117	69	21	5	11	1	17	1000	2810	795
		NT	615	43	109	85	68	29	17	4	6	24	1000	114580	3663
7.	Kerala	T	509	6	191	128	143	17	3	-	-	3	1000	1645	852
		NT	271	26	201	217	177	77	17	8	6	-	1000	32527	1717
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	848	6	83	40	13	2	4	0	1	1	1000	106896	10664
		NT	623	22	167	114	40	14	13	1	4	2	1000	112577	7321

TABLE (14.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ATTAINED SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	highest level of education attained												RURAL	
			not literate rate	literacy rate without formal education	literacy rate below primary	primary	middle dary	secon- dary	higher secon- dary or diploma	certi- ficate	gradua- tion & diploma	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
9	Maharashtra	T	766	18	103	69	28	8	2	0	1	1	1000	41972	5532	
		NT	497	26	148	168	103	39	10	2	6	1	1000	120554	4894	
10	Meghalaya	T	603	38	136	123	66	27	5	-	2	-	1000	10566	2586	
		NT	647	32	64	120	97	25	15	-	-	-	1000	673	269	
11	Orissa	T	822	23	81	29	36	7	1	-	1	0	1000	47679	4764	
		NT	541	54	171	103	90	23	9	1	7	-	1000	73713	3613	
12	Rajasthan	T	828	15	74	47	23	5	2	0	2	3	1000	39081	4395	
		NT	718	26	98	73	34	7	8	3	32	0	1000	79873	3432	
13	Sikkim	T	583	56	192	96	46	18	2	1	1	6	1000	655	1551	
		NT	496	32	170	140	78	16	9	6	4	-	1000	1857	1460	
14	Tamil Nadu	T	809	14	118	37	18	6	1	2	-	5	1000	3288	645	
		NT	507	24	190	136	77	33	12	3	7	10	1000	76487	2277	
15	Tripura	T	666	94	136	73	25	4	0	1	0	1	1000	3835	1522	
		NT	329	86	227	184	74	21	26	8	22	23	1000	3226	856	
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	744	23	133	70	20	4	1	3	3	-	1000	2153	1131	
		NT	790	19	79	49	22	12	6	0	4	18	1000	20717	976	

**TABLE (14.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ATTAINED  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS**

RURAL

srl.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	highest level of education attained										no. of persons		
			not lite- rate	lite- rate without formal educa- tion	lite- rate below primary	primary	middle	secon- dary	higher secon- dary	certi- ficate or diploma	gradua- tion & above	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample (00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
7	West Bengal	T	800	20	75	64	26	7	2	1	0	4	1000	29433	3782
		NT	537	51	127	137	91	29	10	3	13	2	1000	98930	3709
8	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	480	31	207	160	88	17	14	3	1	-	1000	182	941
		NT	403	36	192	239	92	25	5	-	8	-	1000	95	204
9	Arunachal Pradesh	T	714	21	79	92	38	20	5	2	1	29	1000	4102	2044
		NT	437	75	152	111	113	23	39	8	42	-	1000	486	369
0	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	747	1	113	103	29	6	-	0	-	-	1000	817	718
		NT	319	6	148	226	104	131	3	44	18	-	1000	150	314
1	Laksha Dweep	T	315	38	247	186	139	60	6	7	3	-	1000	197	566
		NT	91	16	70	191	303	192	33	45	61	-	1000	9	127
2	Mizoram	T	313	43	178	238	172	36	12	1	2	6	1000	3174	2607
		NT	322	-	151	367	92	34	20	-	15	-	1000	15	131
3	All India	T	778	18	97	59	32	8	3	1	1	2	1000	452751	62414
		NT	580	34	143	110	74	28	12	4	8	7	1000	1020754	48949

TABLE (15) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY REASON FOR MIGRATION  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	no.of in- migrants per 1000 persons	MALE										RURAL		
				in search of food resources	in search of employment	due to natural calamity	displacement caused by deve- lopment project	on marriage	due to diffe- rence of parent earning number of the hh.	other reasons	n.	r.	t	a	no. of immigrants estd. sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
1.	Andhra Pradesh	tribal	148	116	190	-	105	39	314	169	66	1000	1758	281		
		non-tribal	153	95	300	-	5	65	207	292	37	1000	10023	290		
2.	Assam	tribal	33	420	173	-	-	192	132	55	28	1000	349	41		
		non-tribal	33	146	454	16	-	34	122	228	-	1000	590	66		
3.	Bihar	tribal	23	-	282	-	-	203	104	411	-	1000	563	74		
		non-tribal	65	42	292	24	37	115	231	121	138	1000	2405	128		
4.	Gujarat	tribal	21	45	190	24	103	392	116	120	10	1000	609	67		
		non-tribal	79	6	505	63	-	87	246	92	-	1000	1546	113		
5.	Himachal Pradesh	tribal	62	-	342	-	-	56	263	309	31	1000	55	48		
		non-tribal	62	35	219	1	59	128	231	286	40	1000	339	71		
6.	Karnataka	tribal	159	17	192	1	1	-	100	691	-	1000	251	50		
		non-tribal	84	59	173	1	1	158	309	283	18	1000	4851	166		
7.	Kerala	tribal	85	-	139	-	131	176	99	455	-	1000	67	48		
		non-tribal	259	17	148	26	1	100	315	372	20	1000	4128	237		
8.	Madhya Pradesh	tribal	128	299	202	2	3	61	353	73	8	1000	7009	379		
		non-tribal	101	111	249	4	13	75	344	192	13	1000	5851	438		

## MALE

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold	no. of inmigra- nts per ch of persons resour- ces	no. of ch of employment	reason for leaving last sear-in natural calami- ty	displa- ce- ment by deve- lopment project	on mar- riage	due to other migra- tion- reas- on of pa- rent/ earning member of the hh.	n. r. all	no. of immigrants (00)	estd.	sample		
											(10)	(11)	(15)	
9.	Maharashtra	tribal	106	98	266	3	29	70	197	335	2	1000	2233	342
		non-tribal												
10.	Meghalaya	tribal	120	81	309	20	17	14	241	244	74	1000	7536	337
		tribal	32	11	165	-	-	341	36	442	5	1000	166	43
		non-tribal												
11.	Orissa	tribal	176	28	388	-	-	-	243	341	-	1000	68	29
		tribal	74	183	235	9	32	105	158	277	-	1000	1743	202
		non-tribal												
12.	Rajasthan	tribal	109	86	128	52	118	168	156	281	12	1000	4080	210
		tribal	46	16	141	18	58	100	320	348	-	1000	941	115
		non-tribal												
13.	Sikkim	tribal	94	75	418	7	-	86	160	217	36	1000	3816	133
		tribal	66	-	112	-	8	13	243	623	-	1000	22	57
		non-tribal												
14.	Tamil Nadu	tribal	138	26	398	18	-	9	352	179	19	1000	139	114
		tribal	270	73	126	-	15	63	432	221	70	1000	456	93
		non-tribal	131	16	293	-	19	108	279	253	32	1000	4976	177
15.	Tripura	tribal												
		tribal	52	191	198	-	-	52	194	338	27	1000	108	74
		non-tribal												
16.	Uttar Pradesh	tribal	199	111	218	-	-	-	269	339	66	1000	316	112
		tribal	47	-	406	-	-	141	93	359	-	1000	54	28
		non-tribal												
		tribal	103	68	130	33	-	93	233	360	82	1000	1153	120

TABLE (15) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY REASON FOR MIGRATION  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREA

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	MALE										RURAL	
			no.of in-mi- grants per 1000 persons res- ources	in sea- rch of food	in sea- rch of employment	due to natural calami- ty	displace- ment	on mar- riage	due to caused by deve- lopment project	other n.r.	all	estd.	sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
17.	West Bengal	tribal	136	90	162	-	-	153	266	324	5	1000	2032	248
		non-tribal	121	76	206	6	4	96	236	358	19	1000	6107	235
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	tribal	143	-	33	-	133	145	116	534	38	1000	12	61
		non-tribal	677	-	200	-	-	-	178	621	1	1000	41	86
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	tribal	60	-	223	310	-	-	112	311	44	1000	127	62
		non-tribal	346	115	286	-	55	-	287	246	11	1000	93	101
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	tribal	85	-	-	-	-	268	-	732	-	1000	27	17
		non-tribal	599	33	450	10	43	-	158	114	191	1000	53	105
21.	Laksha Dweep	tribal	175	-	18	-	-	-	391	512	80	1000	16	50
		non-tribal	1000	-	245	-	-	-	241	513	-	1000	5	75
22.	Mizoram	tribal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
		non-tribal	125	82	286	-	41	-	-	551	41	1000	1	15
23.	All India	tribal	81	176	203	6	25	96	272	209	13	1000	18610	2387
		non-tribal	112	70	263	13	17	88	246	267	36	1000	58117	3358

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively

## FEMALE

## RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	no. of immigr- ants per 1000 persons	reason for leaving last usual place of residence								no. of immigrants		
				in sear- ch of food reso- urces	in sear- ch of employment resolu- tions	due to natu- ral calam- ity	dis- plan- mer- cement by devel- lopment project	on migra- tion caused ge	other reasons of parent/ earning member of the hhs.	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1. Andhra Pradesh	tribal	378	2	26	-	19	767	123	25	16	1000	4354	678	1
	non-tribal	471	13	22	2	-	720	154	84	4	1000	29961	878	2
2. Assam	tribal	114	48	25	-	-	855	42	31	-	1000	1082	147	1
	non-tribal	89	16	-	5	-	778	122	79	-	1000	1328	107	2
3. Bihar	tribal	339	4	5	6	-	958	4	19	3	1000	8064	915	1
	non-tribal	440	12	-	4	4	884	54	24	18	1000	14811	835	2
4. Gujarat	tribal	471	3	2	1	6	963	18	6	2	1000	13315	970	1
	non-tribal	487	-	27	6	-	844	64	60	-	1000	10081	523	2
5. Himachal Pradesh	tribal	341	8	15	-	-	888	53	36	-	1000	321	171	1
	non-tribal	416	9	11	-	8	920	22	28	2	1000	2343	265	2
6. Karnataka	tribal	400	-	23	-	-	672	99	206	-	1000	492	152	1
	non-tribal	388	20	10	-	-	838	66	60	6	1000	22151	698	2
7. Kerala	tribal	181	-	48	-	62	581	251	47	10	1000	156	104	1
	non-tribal	384	3	16	34	1	437	361	130	19	1000	6372	337	2
8. Madhya Pradesh	tribal	480	15	12	2	-	885	66	17	3	1000	25009	2548	1
	non-tribal	544	19	11	-	3	843	87	27	9	1000	29588	1881	2

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (15.1) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IMMIGRANTS BY REASON FOR MIGRATION SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t. group	house- hold no.	no. of immigr- ants per 1000 persons	FEMALE								RURAL				
				(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
9.	Maharashtra	tribal	434	16	27	7	1	802	88	56	3	1000	9049	1261	-	-
		non-tribal	518	7	20	7	4	808	110	40	4	1000	29996	1185	-	-
10.	Meghalaya	tribal	20	81	55	-	-	195	75	594	-	1000	107	36	102	-
		non-tribal	185	-	-	-	-	127	873	-	-	1000	52	18	-	-
11.	Orissa	tribal	479	11	10	5	1	896	51	27	3	1000	11580	1146	-	-
		non-tribal	492	9	5	5	11	871	66	34	-	1000	17768	901	-	-
12.	Rajasthan	tribal	521	4	4	2	5	944	36	6	-	1000	9792	1096	-	-
		non-tribal	525	8	24	1	-	832	115	17	2	1000	20641	884	-	-
13.	Sikkim	tribal	142	7	8	-	-	779	60	143	3	1000	46	125	-	-
		non-tribal	236	6	23	-	-	612	330	22	7	1000	201	160	-	-
14.	Tamil Nadu	tribal	340	-	39	-	1	482	322	121	36	1000	544	133	-	-
		non-tribal	403	8	20	2	3	741	148	72	6	1000	15484	471	-	-
15.	Tripura	tribal	89	19	-	-	-	736	177	68	-	1000	158	94	-	-
		non-tribal	188	33	-	-	-	401	468	75	24	1000	308	106	-	-
16.	Uttar Pradesh	tribal	493	15	24	-	-	939	6	17	-	1000	498	263	-	-
		non-tribal	530	6	8	6	-	856	78	27	19	1000	5063	245	-	-

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and 29.3

## FEMALE

## RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	no. of immigr- ants per 1000 persons	reason for leaving last usual place of residence										no. of immigrant		
				in search of rich food	in sea- resourc- es	due to natu- ral calamity	dis- pla- ce- ment	on marr- age	due to migra- tion	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample			
				sea- resourc- es	empl- oyment	caused by devel- opment project	parent/ earning member of the hhs.									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
17.	West Bengal	tribal	419	16	14	3	-	854	50	62	1	1000	6073	790		
		non-tribal	450	12	7	3	-	819	105	53	-	1000	21848	843		
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	tribal	108	-	-	-	-	140	683	123	54	1000	10	48		
		non-tribal	569	-	3	-	-	244	683	70	-	1000	20	65		
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	tribal	66	-	25	312	-	337	196	102	28	1000	132	72		
		non-tribal	321	-	108	-	13	204	435	241	-	1000	70	50		
20.	Badrak & Nagar Haveli	tribal	389	-	-	8	-	992	-	-	-	1000	158	141		
		non-tribal	755	2	-	8	11	394	532	54	-	1000	46	93		
21.	Lakshadweep	tribal	113	-	25	-	-	-	607	261	107	1000	12	35		
		non-tribal	929	-	79	-	-	59	743	119	-	1000	4	50		
22.	Mizoram	tribal	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0		
		non-tribal	17	667	333	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	3		
23.	All-India	tribal	409	10	11	3	3	890	54	26	3	1000	90963	10930		
		non-tribal	457	11	15	4	2	805	109	49	6	1000	228136	10598		

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (15.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY REASON FOR MIGRATION SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/ut.	household group	PERSONS												RURAL	
			reason for leaving last usual place of residence												no. of in-migrants estd. (00) persons	sample persons
			no. of in-migrants per 1000 persons	In search of food resources	In search of em- ployment	due to natural calamity	displacement ca- used by develop- ment project	on marriage	due to migra- tion of parent/ earning member of the hhs.	other reasons	n.r.	all	estd. (00)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	"	"
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	261	35	74	-	44	572	178	67	30	1000	6111	959	1	
		NT	310	33	92	2	1	555	168	136	12	1000	40043	1170	2	
2.	Assam	T	71	139	61	-	-	693	64	36	7	1000	1431	188	3	
		NT	59	56	140	8	-	549	122	125	-	1000	1918	173	4	
3.	Bihar	T	179	4	23	6	-	989	10	45	3	1000	8627	989	5	
		NT	244	16	41	7	8	777	79	38	34	1000	17227	964	6	
4.	Gujarat	T	245	5	10	2	10	938	22	11	2	1000	13972	1039	7	
		NT	288	1	90	14	-	743	88	64	-	1000	11627	636	8	
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	206	7	63	-	-	767	83	75	4	1000	375	219	9	
		NT	242	12	36	-	15	820	48	61	7	1000	2682	336	10	
6.	Karnataka	T	264	6	80	-	-	445	99	370	-	1000	743	202	11	
		NT	236	27	40	-	-	716	110	100	8	1000	27003	864	12	
7.	Kerala	T	135	-	76	-	83	460	205	169	7	1000	223	152	13	
		NT	323	8	68	31	1	304	343	225	19	1000	10500	574	14	
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	300	77	53	2	1	705	129	29	4	1000	32030	2928	15	
		NT	315	34	50	1	5	716	131	94	10	1000	35477	2322	16	

TABLE (15.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY REASON FOR MIGRATION SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of in-migrants per 1000 persons	PERSON										RURAL	
				reason for leaving last usual place of residence						no. of in-migrants					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
9.	Maharashtra	T	269	33	74	6	6	657	110	112	3	1000	11282	1603	
		NT	311	22	78	9	6	649	136	81	18	1000	37532	1522	
10.	Meghalaya	T	26	33	122	-	-	284	51	502	3	1000	273	79	
		NT	179	16	220	-	-	55	516	194	1	1000	121	47	
11.	Orissa	T	279	33	40	2	5	793	65	60	3	1000	13324	1348	
		NT	296	23	28	14	31	740	83	80	2	1000	21848	1111	
12.	Rajasthan	T	275	5	16	3	10	870	61	36	-	1000	10733	1211	
		NT	306	19	86	2	-	716	122	48	7	1000	24457	1017	
13.	Sikkim	T	104	5	41	-	3	532	119	298	2	1000	68	182	
		NT	183	14	175	7	-	366	339	86	12	1000	339	271	
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	304	33	79	-	7	291	372	167	51	1000	1000	226	
		NT	267	10	86	2	7	587	180	116	12	1000	20460	648	
15.	Tripura	T	69	89	80	-	-	458	184	178	11	1000	266	166	
		NT	193	72	109	-	-	198	367	209	45	1000	624	218	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	256	13	61	-	11	861	14	50	-	1000	552	291	
		NT	300	18	31	11	-	714	107	89	31	1000	6216	365	

TABLE (15.2) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY REASON FOR MIGRATION SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	PERSON										RURAL		
			reason for leaving last usual place of residence										'no. of in-migrants		
			no. of in-migrants per 1000 persons	In search of food resources	In search of employment	due to natural calamity	displacement caused by development project	on marriage	due to migration of parent/caring member of the hhs.	other reasons	n.r.	sl	estd. (00) persons	sample persons	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
17.	West Bengal	T	275	34	51	2	1	679	104	128	2	1000	8106	1038	-
		NT	283	26	51	4	1	661	133	119	4	1000	27955	1078	-
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	125	-	18	-	73	143	371	349	45	1000	21	109	-
		NT	637	-	135	-	-	80	344	440	1	1000	61	151	-
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	63	-	122	311	-	172	155	204	36	1000	259	134	-
		NT	335	66	210	-	37	87	350	244	6	1000	163	151	-
20.	Dadra Nagar & Haveli	T	226	-	1	7	-	887	-	106	-	1000	185	158	-
		NT	662	19	242	9	28	182	331	86	103	1000	99	198	-
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	142	-	20	-	-	-	461	408	91	1000	28	85	-
		NT	969	-	176	-	-	25	449	349	-	1000	9	125	-
22.	Mizoram	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	-
		NT	75	153	288	-	36	-	-	486	36	1000	1	18	-
23.	All India	T	242	38	44	3	6	755	91	57	5	1000	109631	13320	-
		NT	281	23	65	6	5	659	137	93	12	1000	286362	13962	-

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (16) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY TYPE OF LAST USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE SEPARATELY  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	RURAL						n.r. to- tal	number of in-migrants estd. sample (00)			
			rural areas of the same dis- trict	rural areas of the same dis- trict	urban areas of ano- ther dis- trict	urban areas of ano- ther dis- trict	other count- ries	type of last usual place of residence					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	897	11	46	8	7	0	1	30	1000	6111	959
		NT	753	53	129	2	10	11	-	12	1000	40043	1170
2.	Assam	T	859	38	103	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1431	188
		NT	608	23	169	9	52	6	-	133	1000	1918	173
3.	Bihar	T	868	7	80	7	37	7	-	2	1000	8627	989
		NT	707	8	174	17	54	7	-	35	1000	17227	964
4.	Gujarat	T	914	6	34	1	32	10	-	3	1000	13972	1039
		NT	823	26	112	10	20	5	-	4	1000	11627	636
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	850	9	118	-	13	3	-	7	1000	375	219
		NT	914	5	53	1	19	0	-	9	1000	2682	336
6.	Karnataka	T	868	17	68	41	8	-	-	8	1000	27003	864
		NT	666	66	119	47	91	2	-	1000	743	202	
7.	Kerala	T	718	0	160	60	62	-	-	1000	223	152	
		NT	614	23	247	5	56	24	-	30	1000	10500	574
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	858	11	96	7	20	3	1	4	1000	32030	2928
		NT	730	24	122	31	39	45	0	9	1000	35477	2322

TABLE (16) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF IN-MIGRANTS BY TYPE OF LAST USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE  
SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	RURAL												number of in-migrants (13)	sample (14)
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
9.	Maharashtra	T NT	819	14	56	13	87	4	-	-	7	1000	<b>11232</b>	1603		
			724	42	133	28	45	11	-	-	17	1000	<b>37532</b>	1522		
10.	Meghalaya	T NT	680	24	181	-	93	-	-	-	22	1000	273	79		
			559	42	25	53	275	-	-	-	40	1000	121	47		
11.	Orissa	T NT	822	10	78	2	23	0	-	-	5	1000	<b>13324</b>	1348		
			611	13	65	27	56	11	-	-	17	1000	<b>21848</b>	1111	A	
12.	Rajasthan	T NT	776	21	156	3	36	7	-	-	2	1000	<b>10733</b>	1211		
			588	61	188	23	46	84	-	-	10	1000	<b>24457</b>	1017	108	
13.	Sikkim	T NT	563	66	297	11	29	3	-	-	30	1000	68	182		
			456	26	192	32	215	53	-	-	25	1000	339	274		
14.	Tamil Nadu	T NT	768	6	75	19	11	-	-	-	121	1000	<b>1000</b>	226		
			654	49	146	47	23	40	-	-	41	1000	<b>20480</b>	648		
15.	Tripura	T NT	865	13	58	10	21	19	-	-	14	1000	266	168		
			524	64	130	19	56	32	-	-	176	1000	624	218		
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T NT	892	22	18	3	20	1	-	-	45	1000	552	291		
			654	26	194	17	53	14	-	-	42	1000	<b>6216</b>	365		

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	type of last usual place of residence									RURAL		NUMBER OF IN MIGRANT	
			rural areas of the same district	urban areas of the same district	rural areas of ano- ther district	urban areas of ano- ther district	rural areas of another district	urban areas of another district	other countries	n.r.	to- tal	estd. (00)	sample		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
17.	West Bengal	T	786	10	88	3	86	3	-	24	1000	8106	103		
		NT	760	17	118	10	32	3	-	61	1000	27955	107		
18.	Andaman & Nico- bar Island	T	667	-	62	145	77	5	-	45	1000	21	10		
		NT	290	10	30	254	324	92	-	-	1000	61	15		
9.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	954	14	12	-	-	1	9	11	1000	259	134		
		NT	172	8	15	83	272	121	-	328	1000	163	131		
10.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	705	1	-	-	290	-	-	3	1000	185	158		
		NT	70	15	2	1	471	339	-	103	1000	99	196		
	Lakshadweep	T	616	290	-	-	9	22	-	62	1000	28	85		
		NT	145	464	32	2	246	111	-	-	1000	9	125		
	Mizoram	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0		
		NT	-	36	73	73	491	291	-	36	1000	1	18		
<hr/>															
	All-India	T	852	12	82	6	36	4	0	8	1000	109631	13320		
		NT	714	37	135	27	42	22	0	23	1000	286362	13962		

Note. : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.1 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

2. T & NT stand for tribal & non-tribal respectively.

TABLE (17) • PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF (1) HOUSEHOLDS (H) AND (2) AREA OWNED (A) BY  
HOUSEHOLD OWNERSHIP HOLDING FOR TRIBALS & NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	type of est.	ownership holding group (0.00 ha.)										estd. total (00/00 ha)	no. of sample house- holds
				nil	0.01- 0.21	0.21- 0.40	0.41- 1.00	1.01- 2.02	2.03- 4.04	4.05 10.12	10.13 & above	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
1. Andhra Pradesh		tribal	H	100	273	25	241	171	142	46	3	1000	5553	713	
			A	-	6	6	158	235	343	216	35	1000	5622	-	
2. Assam		non-tribal	H	179	352	50	181	108	85	54	11	1000	29246	862	
			A	-	13	13	118	152	222	334	149	1000	28585	-	
3. Bihar		tribal	H	36	107	87	265	341	141	24	-	1000	3461	365	
			A	-	11	21	153	403	303	111	-	1000	4153	-	
4. Gujarat		non-tribal	H	106	171	62	282	301	63	14	-	1000	5760	341	
			A	-	18	22	209	483	183	84	-	1000	5222	-	
5. Himachel Pradesh		tribal	H	37	110	77	345	249	138	37	7	1000	9775	1064	
			A	-	6	18	179	262	277	152	105	1000	12392	-	
6. Karnataka		non-tribal	H	122	363	53	218	143	65	27	8	1000	14149	874	
			A	-	21	22	188	250	222	195	101	1000	10643	-	
7. Kerala		tribal	H	469	72	20	208	147	67	16	1	1000	11511	850	
			A	-	8	9	205	308	257	123	91	1000	7484	-	
8. Maharashtra		non-tribal	H	423	91	30	102	190	109	49	5	1000	7816	440	
			A	-	7	9	60	274	302	262	85	1000	7793	-	
9. Odisha		tribal	H	42	210	118	364	154	102	4	5	1000	345	177	
			A	-	32	42	260	279	300	23	65	1000	303	-	
10. Rajasthan		non-tribal	H	108	149	102	357	193	86	5	-	1000	2035	249	
			A	-	19	38	287	333	290	34	-	1000	1555	-	
11. Tamil Nadu		tribal	H	417	238	5	133	160	47	-	-	1000	812	146	
			A	-	15	3	235	482	266	-	-	1000	354	-	
12. Uttar Pradesh		non-tribal	H	157	233	14	174	193	136	73	19	1000	20918	672	
			A	-	5	3	76	176	245	280	215	1000	31816	-	

**HOUSEHOLD OWNERSHIP HOLDING FOR TRIBALS & NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS**

**RURAL**

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	type of est.	ownership holding group (0.00 ha.)										estd. total all (00/00 ha.)	no. of sample house- holds
				nil	0.01- 0.20	0.21- 0.40	0.41- 1.00	1.01- 2.02	2.03- 4.04	4.05- 10.12	10.13 & above				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
7.	Kerala	tribal	H	116	296	43	327	157	59	3	-	1000	374	167	
			A	-	21	19	333	381	229	17	-	1000	226	-	
8.	Madhya Pradesh	tribal	H	234	101	21	138	197	200	103	7	1000	22206	2086	
			A	-	2	4	60	175	335	353	71	1000	35039	-	
9.	Maharash- tra	tribal	H	234	101	21	138	197	200	103	7	1000	22211	1415	
			A	-	2	4	60	175	335	353	71	1000	43172	-	
10.	Meghalaya	tribal	H	400	110	5	120	173	134	46	12	1000	9493	1164	
			A	-	5	1	69	218	319	240	149	1000	10552	-	
11.	Orissa	tribal	H	210	161	23	183	154	163	90	17	1000	23447	965	
			A	-	3	4	79	136	269	346	163	1000	37033	-	
12.	Rajasthan	tribal	H	63	74	22	270	432	129	9	1	1000	2070	494	
			A	-	6	5	168	507	269	31	15	1000	2410	-	
		non-tribal	H	439	258	47	213	34	9	-	-	1000	166	64	
			A	-	134	55	548	176	87	-	-	1000	40	-	
		tribal	H	77	251	81	259	207	115	30	1	1000	9887	1027	
			A	-	17	18	181	291	314	165	13	1000	9514	-	
		non-tribal	H	125	274	74	244	177	81	24	-	1000	15110	755	
			A	-	21	27	209	311	271	161	-	1000	11738	-	
		tribal	H	41	82	96	268	303	164	41	5	1000	7345	809	
			A	-	3	22	135	310	320	159	51	1000	10288	-	
		non-tribal	H	133	128	68	187	190	149	105	39	1000	15046	642	
			A	-	-	-	62	125	186	249	378	1000	32412	-	

Contd.... 3/-

TABLE (17) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF (1) HOUSEHOLDS (H) AND (2) AREA OWNED (A) BY  
HOUSEHOLD OWNERSHIP HOLDING FOR TRIBALS & NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

sr.l. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	type of est.	ownership holding group (0.00 ha.)										estd. total (00/00 ha)	no. of sample house- holds		
				nil	0.01- 0.20	0.21- 0.40	0.41- 1.00	1.01- 2.02	2.03- 4.04	4.05- 10.12	10.13 & above	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
13.	Sikkim	tribal	H	146	201	14	214	287	99	33	6	1000	152	293			
			A	-	25	4	140	369	215	182	65	1000	166	-			
14.	Tamil Nadu	tribal	H	380	181	75	154	129	55	24	2	1000	901	153			
			A	-	22	31	182	298	247	162	57	1000	539	-			
15.	Tripura	tribal	H	133	202	137	367	114	46	1	-	1000	826	333			
			A	-	29	71	433	271	188	8	-	1000	487	-			
16.	Uttar Pradesh	tribal	H	36	17	7	184	314	336	105	-	1000	266	140			
			A	-	1	1	49	214	451	284	-	1000	596	-			
17.	West Bengal	tribal	H	139	128	71	380	179	61	41	-	1000	4223	207-			
			A	-	12	21	268	265	198	230	9	1000	3867	-			
18.	Andaman & Niçobar Island	tribal	H	234	296	102	239	95	22	12	1	1000	6607	790			
			A	-	42	66	337	283	144	102	27	1000	3070	-			
		non-tribal	H	100	441	79	194	112	63	11	-	1000	19954	727			
			A	-	39	40	224	289	321	86	-	1000	11068	-			
		non-tribal	H	922	3	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	1000	33	59		
			A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	999	-	1000	12	-		

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	type of est.	ownership holding group (0.00 ha.)									estd. total (00/00 ha)	no. of sample house- holds
				nil 0.20	0.01- 0.40	0.21- 1.00	0.41- 2.02	1.01- 2.04	2.03- 4.04	4.05- 10.12	10.13 & above	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	tribal	H	101	87	8	165	251	215	147	26	1000	627	387
		non-tribal	H	-	2	1	27	84	138	218	530	1000	3326	-
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	tribal	H	146	92	45	330	334	35	18	-	1000	170	143
		non-tribal	H	-	10	18	267	490	114	100	-	1000	137	-
21.	Lakshadweep	tribal	H	116	604	163	97	20	-	-	-	1000	35	96
		non-tribal	H	-	294	250	296	160	-	-	-	1000	6	-
22.	Mizoram	tribal	H	92	289	16	366	207	27	-2	2	1000	647	526
		non-tribal	H	-	29	7	317	369	89	18	171	1000	492	-
23.	All-India	tribal	H	583	103	11	282	21	-	-	-	1000	4	36
		non-tribal	H	-	29	13	816	142	-	-	-	1000	1	-
		tribal	A	205	142	46	218	205	132	48	5	1000	93946	12306
		non-tribal	A	-	7	12	127	247	300	223	83	1000	107798	-
		tribal	H	163	273	51	193	149	103	55	13	1000	206181	9949
		non-tribal	A	-	10	10	105	182	240	278	175	1000	238259	-

Note : 1) The households reporting ownership of land less than 0.002 h.a. are included in the ownership holding group "nil".  
 2) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (18) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNERSHIP, LEASING OUT AND LEASING-IN OF LAND PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS AND CORRESPONDING AVERAGE AREA FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	RURAL											
			no. of hhs. per 1000 area per household				no. of sample hhs. reporting				no. of hhs.			
			hhs. reporting	(0.00 ha.)	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	estd. (00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
17	West Bengal	T	766	50	211	0.46	0.02	0.06	609	40	182	6607	790	
		NT	900	29	114	0.55	0.02	0.04	615	23	133	19954	727	
18	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	939	39	58	2.10	0.08	0.00	94	1	7	21	106	
		NT	78	1	293	0.37	0.00	0.04	9	1	17	33	59	
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	899	6	33	4.02	0.02	0.00	344	3	8	827	387	
		NT	315	117	56	0.38	0.09	0.07	24	6	4	125	112	
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	854	6	27	0.81	0.00	0.00	127	1	3	170	143	
		NT	453	-	32	0.99	-	0.01	36	-	9	38	76	
21	Laksha Dweep	T	884	-	72	0.18	-	0.00	84	0	8	35	96	
		NT	328	144	411	0.12	0.11	0.00	20	10	23	4	55	
22	Mizoram	T	908	2	143	0.76	0.00	0.11	485	1	70	647	528	
		NT	417	-	193	0.25	-	0.02	19	-	4	4	36	
23	All India	T	795	29	93	1.15	0.03	0.06	10215	393	1226	93946	12306	
		NT	837	49	131	0.06	0.07	0.07	8037	419	1379	9949		

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and schedule 29.3 respectively

TABLE (18) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNERSHIP, LEASING OUT AND LEASING-IN OF LAND PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS AND CORRESPONDING AVERAGE AREA FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of hhs. per 1000 hhs. reporting				area per household (0.00 ha.)				no. of sample hhs. reporting				no. of hhs.	
			land owned	land leased out	land leased in	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	estd. (00)	sample			
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
9	Maharashtra	T	600	25	58	1.11	0.04	0.07	685	41	61	9493	1164			
		NT	790	53	79	1.58	0.07	0.07	719	45	73	23447	965			
10	Meghalaya	T	937	27	103	1.16	0.02	0.04	466	17	50	2070	494			
		NT	561	35	540	0.24	0.03	0.15	24	1	33	166	64			
11	Orissa	T	923	29	195	0.96	0.02	0.10	933	38	207	9887	1027			
		NT	875	74	205	0.78	0.04	0.07	659	43	165	15110	755			
12	Rajasthan	T	959	40	74	1.40	0.02	0.07	774	29	75	7345	809			
		NT	867	55	157		0.09	0.11	595	43	86	15046	642			
13	Sikkim	T	854	21	36	1.09	0.02	0.01	250	5	13	152	293			
		NT	698	3	99	0.87	0.00	0.07	217	1	31	391	308			
14	Tamil Nadu	T	620	35	48	0.60	0.01	0.01	70	3	10	901	153			
		NT	815	42	134	0.54	0.03	0.03	428	25	85	18048	540			
15	Tripura	T	867	45	223	0.59	0.03	0.13	281	20	75	826	333			
		NT	832	24	217	0.42	0.01	0.07	155	5	51	727	191			
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	964	52	48	2.24	0.01	0.02	135	6	6	266	140			
		NT	861	71	183	0.92	0.03	0.10	158	13	36	4223	207			

TABLE (18) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNERSHIP, LEASING OUT AND LEASING-IN OF LAND PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS AND CORRESPONDING AVERAGE AREA FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	area per household (0.00 ha.)						no. of sample hhs. reporting			RURAL		
			no. of hhs. per 1000 hhs. reporting		land owned	land leased out	land leased in	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	land owned	land leased out	land leased in	estd. (00)
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	900	31	120	1.01	0.03	0.07	620	28	86	5553	713	
		NT	821	64	199	0.98	0.06	0.09	727	54	166	29246	862	
2	Assam	T	96	66	97	1.20	0.02	0.07	345	15	58	3461	365	
		NT	894	24	228	0.91	0.01	0.10	302	11	77	5760	341	
3	Bihar	T	963	48	95	1.27	0.03	0.05	1013	63	99	9775	1064	
		NT	878	50	126		0.07	0.05	793	50	101	14149	874	
4	Gujarat	T	531	14	26	0.65	0.06	0.03	469	15	21	11511	850	
		NT	577	23	16	1.00	0.02	0.04	276	5	9	7816	440	
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	958	14	27	0.88	0.00	0.02	167	4	6	345	177	
		NT	892	12	75	0.76	0.01	0.04	200	3	22	2035	249	
6	Karnataka	T	583	25	43	0.44	0.03	0.01	106	7	11	812	146	
		NT	843	65	84	1.52	0.13	0.09	568	38	65	20918	672	
7	Kerala	T	884	4	36	0.61	0.01	0.01	148	1	6	374	167	
		NT	889	9	92	0.43	0.01	0.00	307	3	34	6715	352	
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	766	18	65	1.58	0.02	0.07	1735	51	159	22206	2086	
		NT	850	37	103	1.94	0.05	0.11	1182	39	155	22211	1415	

TABLE (19) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LAND OWNED PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LAND OWNED PER THOUSAND  
 SAW HOUSEHOLDS BY (1) TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND (2) MODE OF ACQUISITION FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS  
 OF TRIBAL AREAS

enr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	type of ownership								mode of acquisition								no. of hhs. r porting owner ship of land			
			without title				with title				purchased from				allotted by				alienated land restored			
			tribals	non-tribals	government village cou- ncil/dist. council etc.	gift	n.r.	all	Inherited	tribals	n.r.	all	tribals	non-tribals	government village cou- ncil/dist. council etc.	gift	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)		
1. Andhra pradesh	T	750	49	101	140	1	900	578	107	71	263	1	6	13	119	1	900	4995	620	117		
	NT	753	20	40	58	13	821	625	6	182	121	1	10	-	36	12	821	24000	727			
2. Assam	T	828	29	114	14	22	964	833	21	6	47	2	5	1	75	23	964	3336	345			
	NT	768	69	26	29	20	894	640	34	84	66	1	-	-	112	2	894	5150	302			
3. Bihar	T	869	6	19	56	2	963	938	8	7	14	4	0	-	8	2	963	9410	1013			
	NT	760	10	73	40	18	878	772	2	66	16	5	11	-	53	19	878	12419	793			
4. Gujarat	T	484	16	10	28	2	531	497	6	1	23	0	2	-	9	3	531	6115	469			
	NT	541	6	12	25	1	577	532	0	12	8	6	0	-	14	7	577	4507	276			
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	879	2	13	86	0	958	824	9	91	49	17	2	4	-	5	958	330	167			
	NT	702	30	30	186	14	892	770	-	83	137	-	24	-	67	14	892	1614	200			
6. Karnataka	T	557	16	10	15	-	583	259	10	10	271	24	-	-	44	-	583	473	106			
	NT	769	27	27	44	9	843	660	-	68	94	9	5	-	70	9	843	17630	568			
7. Kerala	T	562	14	141	171	-	834	609	5	18	234	-	8	-	46	-	884	330	148			
	NT	832	25	37	7	6	889	495	6	303	82	-	25	-	84	6	889	5972	307			
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	683	8	55	49	3	766	639	31	12	88	23	7	2	39	2	766	17019	1735			
	NT	744	26	59	61	2	850	712	10	115	58	12	11	-	30	3	850	18875	1182			

Bhaskar/

TABLE (19) . NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LAND OWNED PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNED LAND  
THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY (1) TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND (2) MODE OF ACQUISITION FOR TRIBALS AND  
NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	type of ownership						mode of acquisition									no. of hhs. reporting own ship of lan		
			without title			with title			purchased from			allotted by			alienated land			sample		
			for appli-	and not appli-	ed for	but applier ed for	customer title	n.r.	at	inherited	tribals	non-tribals	government	village coun-	council etc.	gift	restored	others	n.r.	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
9.	Maharashtra	T	514	28	11	50	10	600	509	30	16	61	3	7	2	6	4	600	5693	685
		NT	649	32	23	111	9	790	665	8	116	59	1	3	-	28	4	790	18530	719
10.	Meghalaya	T	361	12	38	592	20	937	632	22	0	5	108	9	1	302	20	937	1938	466
		NT	302	2	47	257	-	561	386	110	26	-	37	6	1	47	-	561	93	24
11.	Orissa	T	714	35	78	139	8	923	791	33	18	45	9	11	0	88	7	923	9128	933
		NT	745	17	50	97	7	875	759	16	82	43	1	9	1	49	7	875	13223	659
12.	Rajasthan	T	563	30	66	401	6	959	914	32	20	52	1	1	1	69	2	959	7042	774
		NT	608	13	38	272	18	867	684	8	49	105	10	16	-	107	17	867	13042	595
13.	Sikkim	T	746	30	18	62	-	854	678	82	4	42	-	26	-	32	-	854	130	250
		NT	673	4	17	-	-	698	583	16	80	6	-	-	-	16	-	698	273	217
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	556	-	69	7	-	620	517	182	10	47	-	1	8	6	-	620	558	70
		NT	692	13	46	88	6	815	616	-	201	79	-	13	-	22	8	815	14706	428
15.	Tripura	T	693	49	103	57	16	867	652	79	12	92	40	13	-	75	10	867	716	281
		NT	560	180	73	26	19	832	287	181	241	73	-	26	-	107	19	832	604	155
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	809	-	14	61	-	964	930	22	13	32	-	4	-	19	-	964	256	135
		NT	854	2	16	2	-	861	735	3	122	73	18	1	-	4	-	861	3635	158

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LAND OWNED PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS ACCORDING TO TRIBAL GROUP  
THROUGHOUT INDIA BY (1) TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND (2) MODE OF ACQUISITION FOR TRIBALS AND  
NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	type of ownership						mode of acquisition									no. of hhs. reporting ownership of land				
			without title			customerary title	n.r.	all	inherited	tribals	non-tribals	purchased from			allotted by			others	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
			with title	but applied for	and not applied for							government	village co-uncil/dist. council etc.	gift	alienated land restored							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)		
17.	West Bengal	T	659	62	61	30	7	766	554	79	50	154	8	29	0	51	6	766	5064	609	A 119	
		NT	775	44	100	23	10	900	718	6	197	77	11	32	-	51	10	900	17957	615		
18.	Andaman & Nico-bar Island	T	64	2	13	860	-	939	832	-	-	-	94	-	-	21	-	939	19	94		
		NT	76	-	-	1	1	78	2	-	-	75	-	-	-	-	1	78	2	9		
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	169	111	58	551	19	899	595	14	2	10	2	-	-	258	27	899	743	344		
		NT	201	18	53	42	-	315	40	24	-	186	22	-	-	42	-	315	39	24		
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	832	8	19	5	7	854	770	-	4	173	-	-	-	20	-	854	144	127		
		NT	443	5	3	2	-	453	312	35	103	-	-	-	-	5	-	453	17	36		
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	592	-	279	13	-	884	875	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	884	30	84		
		NT	308	-	-	19	-	328	182	-	73	-	-	46	-	27	-	328	1	20		
22.	Mizoram	T	609	140	146	86	18	908	239	47	3	12	651	4	-	53	15	908	587	465		
		NT	265	144	66	1	-	417	69	66	-	105	207	22	-	11	-	417	1	19		
23.	All India	T	650	25	50	107	6	795	668	35	18	74	17	7	2	52	5	795	74729	10215		
		NT	723	24	46	76	10	637	669	7	126	74	5	11	-	48	9	837	172515	8037		

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

(2) T & NT stand for tribal and non-tribals respectively.

TABLE (20) NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-OUT OF LAND BY TERMS OF LEASE PER THOUSAND REPORTING LEASING-OUT OF LAND FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl no	state/u t	house- hold group	no of hhs leasing-out land per 1000 hhs	terms of lease						no of hhs reporting leasing-out		
				for fixed money	for produce	for share of produce	produ- ce with other term	under usufr- uctuary mortgag e	under other terms	n r	estd (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1 Andhra Pradesh	T	T	31	104	207	424	150	-	85	31	169	28
	N-T	N-T	64	359	166	308	42	20	104	-	1872	54
2 Assam	T	T	66	287	-	117	74	253	107	163	230	15
	N-T	N-T	24	427	5	454	5	87	-	27	140	11
3 Bihar	T	T	48	591	45	262	3	82	20	20	466	63
	N-T	N-T	50	188	29	489	4	68	102	187	705	50
4 Gujarat	T	T	14	295	20	400	199	-	-	85	166	15
	N-T	N-T	23	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	177	5
5 Himachal Pradesh	T	T	14	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	4
	N-T	N-T	12	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	25	3
6 Karnataka	T	T	25	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20	7
	N-T	N-T	65	284	107	491	72	-	42	27	1369	38
7 Kerala	T	T	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	1
	N-T	N-T	9	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	63	3
8 Madhya Pradesh	T	T	18	403	66	341	13	33	133	47	393	51
	N-T	N-T	37	251	49	337	7	95	286	-	820	39

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs reporting leasing-out of land was less than 10

THOUSAND REPORTING LEASING-OUT OF LAND FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF  
TRIBAL AREAS

S. I.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	no. of hhs. leasing- out land per 1000 hhs.*	terms of lease								no. of hhs. reporting leasing-out	
				for fixed money	for produce	pro- duce	produce with other terms	under usufruct- uary mort- gage	under other n.r.	estd.	sample	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
9.	Maharashtra	T N-T	25 53	530 527	192 87	201 281	2 63	30 15	46 44	- 13	235 1236	41 45	1
10.	Meghalaya	T N-T	27 35	173 *	157 *	266 *	42 *	136 *	226 *	- *	57 6	17 1	2
11.	Orissa	T N-T	29 74	400 56	204 173	346 525	- 80	30 57	38 109	34 -	287 1124	38 43	1
12.	Rajasthan	T N-T	40 55	438 170	95 52	260 506	5 40	155 205	113 106	66 -	294 832	29 43	
13.	Sikkim	T N-T	21 3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3 1	5 1	
14.	Tamil Nadu	T N-T	35 42	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	32 753	3 25	
15.	Tripura	T N-T	45 24	490 *	176 *	240 *	14 *	- *	80 *	- *	37 17	20 5	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T N-T	52 71	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	14 301	6 13	

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land was less than 10.

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and 29.3

TABLE (20) Contd. : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-OUT OF LAND BY TERMS OF LEASE PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-OUT OF LAND FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of hhs. leasing- out land per 1000 hhs.	terms of lease							no. of hhs. report- ing leasing-out	
				for fixed money	for produce	for share of product	produce worth other terms	under usufr- uctuary mortgage.	under n.r.	estd.: (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
17.	West Bengal	T N-T	50 29	315 289	6 25	541 568	14 -	102 -	15 118	21 -	330 569	40 23
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T N-T	39 1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1 0
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T N-T	6 117	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5 15
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T N-T	6 -	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1 0
21.	Lakshadweep	T N-T	- 144	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0 1
22.	Mizoram	T N-T	2 -	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1 0
23.	All-India	T N-T	29 49	399 289	88 104	312 385	36 59	82 47	67 121	46 20	2759 10026	393 419

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land was less than 10.

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (20.4) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASING-OUT BY TERMS OF LEASE FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

S. No.	State/U.L.	Household group	per thousand distribution of area leased-out by terms of lease						no. of hhs. reporting leasing-out			estd. (00)	sample
			for fixed money		for share of produce		under usufructuary	under other terms	all				
			produce	with other terms	produce	pro- duce with other terms	mort- gage						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T N-T	56 573	229 151	573 160	133 97	- 12	7 7	2 -	1000 1000	169 1872	28 54	
2.	Assam	T N-T	315 159	- 7	139 798	44 3	195 25	254 -	53 8	1000 1000	230 140	15 11	
3.	Bihar	T N-T	408 64	23 26	435 441	- -	128 28	2 8	4 433	1000 1000	466 705	63 50	
4.	Gujarat	T NT	61 *	26 *	38 *	18 *	- *	- *	857 *	1000 *	166 177	15 5	
5.	Manipur	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	4
6.	Maharashtra	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20	7
7.	Karnataka	T NT	241	136	504	115	-	3	1	1000	1369	38	
8.	Kerala	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	1
9.	Madhya Pradesh	T NT	335 111	86 114	377 479	3 1	17 119	182 176	- -	1000 1000	593 820	51 39	

\* Per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land was less than 10.

TABLE (20.1) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASING-OUT BY TERMS OF LEASE FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	per thousand distribution of area leased-out by terms of lease								no. of hhs. reporting leasing-out		
			for fixed money		for share of pro- duce		under usufr- uctu- ary mort- gage		under other terms	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
5.	Maharashtra	T	406	254	274	-	42	24	-	1000	235	41	
		NT	332	83	255	61	7	41	221	1000	1236	45	
10.	Meghalaya	T	89	189	212	39	99	372	-	1000	57	17	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	1	
11.	Orissa	T	274	280	377	-	21	47	1	1000	287	38	
		NT	7	179	528	29	29	228	-	1000	1124	43	
12.	Rajasthan	T	356	42	500	1	34	65	2	1000	294	29	
		NT	35	21	820	1	100	23	-	1000	832	43	
13.	Sikkim	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	5	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1	
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	32	3	
		NT	54	125	186	73	482	66	14	*	753	25	
15.	Tripura	T	325	127	529	7	-	12	-	1000	37	20	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	17	5	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	6	
		NT	33	33	250	387	-	297	-	1000	301	13	

\* Per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land  
was less than 10.

TABLE (20.1) Contd. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASING-OUT BY TERMS OF LEASE FOR TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

1. no.	state/u.t.	household group	per thousand distribution of area leased-out by terms of lease								no. of hhs. reporti ng leasing-out	sample
			for fixed money	for share pro- duce	of produce	under usufr- eue with other terms	under product ary other terms	n.r.	all			
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
17.	West Bengal	T	277	1	610	3	98	2	4	1000	330	40
		NT	50	6	844	-	-	100	-	1000	569	23
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15	6
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21.	Lakshadweep	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		NT	-	-	929	-	-	71	-	1000	1	10
22.	Mizoram	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
		NT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23.	All-India	T	243	108	295	20	11	55	237	-	2759	393
		NT	223	109	429	61	54	56	68	-	10026	419

\* Per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land was less than 10.

Note: i) Estimates for tribal and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and schedule 29.3 respectively.

ii) T and NT stand for "tribal" and "Non-tribal" respectively.

TABLE (21) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND BY TERMS OF LEASE PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t. group	no. of hhs. leasing- in land per 1000 hhs.	terms of lease				no. of hhs. reporting leasing-in			
			for fixed		for share of usufr- uctuary terms		under other mortgage with other terms		estd. (00)	
			money	produce	produce	produce	with other terms			
1.	Andhra Pradesh T N-T	120 199	193 558	20 136	181 133	62 16	12 - 199	536 -	13 -	668 5813
2.	Assam T N-T	97 228	192 117	143 157	455 338	91 50	54 47	124 282	24 -	357 1311
3.	Bihar T N-T	95 126	199 241	181 114	318 461	32 -	37 33	233 137	19 -	932 1786
4.	Gujarat T N-T	26 16	556 *	132 *	188 *	100 *	- *	24 *	*	299 126
5.	Himachal Pradesh T N-T	27 75	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	9 152
6.	Karnataka T N-T	43 84	54 158	71	382	143 50	15	803 282	69 43	35 1764
7.	Kerala T N-T	36 92	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11 1764
8.	Madhya Pradesh T N-T	65 103	136 171	71 127	303 241	8 20	67 39	438 404	29	6 34
										1453 159 2283 155

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-in of land was less than 30.

TABLE (21) Contd. : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND BY TERMS OF LEASE PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.l. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	no. of hhs. leasing- in land per 1000 hhs.	terms of lease							no. of hhs. reporting leasing-in	
				for fixed money	for produce	for share of produce	pro- duce w.th other terms	under usufr- uctuary terms	under mortgage	n.r.	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
9. Maharashtra	T N-T	58 79	445 304	212 97	127 386	52 -	31 -	181 222	-	17	551 1846	61 73
10. Meghalaya	T N-T	103 540	87 386	72 79	417 247	117 -	56 -	251 367	-	-	214 90	50 33
11. Orissa	T N-T	195 205	147 183	35 103	70 269	36 -	112 80	627 392	12	-	1923 3099	207 165
12. Rajasthan	T N-T	74 157	265 177	61 38	428 311	3 50	105 18	175 417	-	-	544 2367	75 86
13. Sikkim	T N-T	36 99	110 68	- 199	485 592	81 -	- -	324 140	-	-	6 39	13 31
14. Tamil Nadu	T N-T	48 134	756 367	- 57	42 131	- -	- 29	140 418	62	-	43 2426	10 85
15. Tripura	T N-T	223 217	53 160	- 268	42 63	6 24	173 50	711 405	15	30	185 157	75 51
16. Uttar Pradesh	T N-T	48 183	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13 772	6 36

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-in of land was less than 10.

TABLE (21) Contd. : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND BY TERMS OF LEASE PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	no. of hhs. leasing- in land per 1000 hhs.	terms of lease								no. of hhs. reportin leasing-in	estd. (00)	sample
				for fixed money	for share of produce	produce with other terms	produce with other terms	under usufr- uctuary terms	under other mortgage	n.r.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		
17.	West Bengal	T	211	3	9	326	8	8	691	5	1392	182		
		N-T	114	37	32	507	41	8	335	-	2276	133		
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	56	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	7		
		N-T	293	-	-	118	-	-	661	222	10	17		
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	33	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	27	8		
		N-T	56	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	4		
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	27	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	3		
		N-T	32	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	9		
21.	Lakshadweep	T	72	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	8		
		N-T	411	47	-	-	-	-	953	-	2	23		
22.	Mizoram	T	143	184	-	-	-	22	97	696	93	70		
		N-T	193	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	4		
23.	All-India	T	93	172	72	236	34	61	443	12	8760	1226		
		N-T	131	273	99	280	22	24	304	10	26944	1379		

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-in of land was less than 10.

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

per thousand distribution of area leased-in  
by terms of lease

no. of hhs. reporting  
leasing-in

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	household group	for fixed		for share of		under use with- er terms	under fractua- lly mort- gage	n.r. all	estd. (00)	sample	
			money	produce	produce	produce						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	249	45	484	46	1	146	29	1000	668	86
		NT	481	244	209	17	0	49	0	1000	5813	166
2.	Assam	T	128	130	601	74	39	28	0	1000	337	58
		NT	70	203	475	38	87	75	52	1000	1311	77
3.	Bihar	T	173	255	395	141	12	24	0	1000	932	99
		NT	55	243	662	0	8	28	4	1000	1786	101
4.	Gujarat	T	668	45	213	54	0	20	0	1000	299	21
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	126	9
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	6
		NT	0	2	551	118	0	277	52	1000	152	22
6.	Karnataka	T	0	0	0	673	0	327	0	1000	35	11
		NT	64	114	716	139	51	3	13	1000	1761	65
7.	Kerala	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	6
		NT	45	0	113	0	0	842	0	1000	617	34
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	64	128	371	6	58	373	0	1000	1453	159
		NT	119	170	308	16	51	332	4	1000	2283	155

Table (21.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASING-IN BY TERMS OF LEASE FOR TRIBALS AND  
(contd.) NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	per thousand distribution of area lease-in by terms of lease								no. of houses reporting leasing-i		
			for fixed		for share of		under with oth- er terms	usu- fruc- tuary mort- gage	under n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample size (00)	
			money	produce	produce	produce							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
9.	Maharashtra	T	287	318	231	74	8	82	0	1000	551	61	
		NT	205	121	532	0	0	134	8	1000	1846	73	
10.	Meghalaya	T	122	137	500	116	4	121	0	1000	214	50	214
		NT	167	34	706	0	0	93	0	1000	90	33	33
11.	Orissa	T	133	59	98	46	80	584	0	1000	1923	207	
		NT	114	192	508	0	24	162	0	1000	3099	165	
12.	Rajasthan	T	157	49	738	5	10	41	0	1000	544	75	
		NT	86	37	551	242	9	75	0	1000	2367	86	
13.	Sikkim	T	193	0	622	22	0	163	0	1000	6	13	
		NT	104	229	622	0	0	45	0	1000	39	31	
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	834	0	166	0	0	0	0	1000	43	10	
		NT	254	197	409	0	14	126	0	1000	2426	85	
15.	Tripura	T	38	0	24	8	235	688	7	1000	185	75	
		NT	149	345	98	79	54	260	4	1000	157	51	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13	6	
		NT	21	392	350	79	0	79	79	1000	772	36	

per thousand distribution of area lease-in  
by terms of lease -

no. of hhs.  
reporting  
leasing-in

srl.	state/ u.t.	household group	per thousand distribution of area lease-in by terms of lease -									estd. (00)	sample
			for fixed		for share of								
			money	produce	produce	produce	under	under	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
17.	West Bengal	T	6	11	767	17	0	184	15	1000	1392	182	
		NT	37	31	773	57	30	72	0	1000	2276	133	
18.	Andaman Nico- bar	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	7
		NT	0	0	755	0	0	0	245	1000	10	17	
19.	Arunachal Pra- desh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	27	9
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	4
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	3
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	9
21.	Lakshadweep	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	8
		NT	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	1000	2	23	
22.	Mizoram	T	352	0	0	0	49	255	344	1000	93	70	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	4	
23.	All India	T	168	120	364	44	39	250	14	1000	8760	1226	
		NT	181	156	462	46	34	114	6	1000	26944	1379	

\* per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-in was less than 10.

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedule 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (22) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-OUT OF LAND PER THOUSAND REPORTING HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF LEASEE FOR TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	no. of tribal hhs. leasing- out land per 1000 tribal hhs.	number of tribal hhs. leasing-out by type of leasee per 1000 reporting hhs.						number of hhs. reporting leasing-out	
			own tribe of the same vill- age	own tribe of the other village	other tribe of the other village	non- tribe tribals	others	n.r.	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	31	823	95	-	52	-	31	169	28
2.	Assam	66	726	-	5	107	-	167	230	15
3.	Bihar	48	733	89	32	140	-	40	466	63
4.	Gujarat	14	620	-	158	137	10	85	166	15
5.	Himachal Pradesh	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4
6.	Karnataka	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	7
7.	Kerala	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
8.	Madhya Pradesh	18	440	81	49	307	109	47	393	51
9.	Maharashtra	25	603	48	52	236	6	56	235	41
10.	Meghalaya	27	958	42	-	-	-	-	57	17
11.	Orissa	29	722	59	57	102	43	34	287	38
12.	Rajasthan	40	668	-	85	82	184	-	294	29
13.	Sikkim	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5
14.	Tamil Nadu	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	3
15.	Tripura	45	673	116	103	321	-	-	37	20
16.	Uttar Pradesh	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	6
17.	West Bengal	50	396	52	16	431	48	69	330	40
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
21.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22.	Mizoram	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
23.	All-India	29	630	52	48	189	47	54	2759	393

\* per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing out of land was less than 10.

## HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF LEASER FOR NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	no. of non- tribal hhs. leasing- out land per 1000 non-tribal hhs.	number of non-tribal hhs. leasing out by type of leasee per 1000 reporting hhs.						no. of hhs. reporting leasing-out		
			tribal council	tribal chief	tribal hh. of the same village	tribal hh. of other village	non- oth- ers	n.r.	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)*	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	64	-	-	52	21	796	112	20	1872	54
2.	Assam	24	-	-	77	-	827	95	-	140	11
3.	Bihar	50	5	-	58	-	693	82	187	705	50
4.	Gujarat	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177	5
5.	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	3
6.	Karnataka	65	29	-	-	22	598	323	27	1369	38
7.	Kerala	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	3
8.	Madhya Pradesh	37	-	2	60	-	648	290	-	820	39
9.	Maharashtra	53	-	-	-	77	766	144	13	1236	45
10.	Meghalaya	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	1
11.	Orissa	74	-	-	96	3	859	41	-	1124	43
12.	Rajasthan	55	59	-	105	74	807	67	-	832	43
13.	Sikkim	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
14.	Tamil Nadu	42	-	-	-	70	842	143	13	753	25
15.	Tripura	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	5
16.	Uttar Pradesh	71	-	-	-	-	550	450	-	301	13
17.	West Bengal	29	-	-	189	86	760	-	-	569	23
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	6
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21.	Lakshadweep	144	-	-	-	-	119	881	-	1	10
22.	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23.	All-India	79	9	-	50	33	748	154	23	10026	419

\* per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land was less than 10.

TABLE (23) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASED-OUT BY TYPE OF LESSEE FOR TRIBALS  
OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	per thousand distribution of area leased-out by type of lessee							estd. area leased out (00 ha.)	no. of sample hhs.
		own tribe of same vill.	own tribe of other vill.	other tribe	non- tribals	others	n. r.	all.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	878	98	-	22	-	2	1000	176	28
2.	Assam	815	-	6	126	-	53	1000	77	15
3.	Bihar	827	22	41	100	-	10	1000	303	63
4.	Gujarat	76	-	25	35	8	856	1000	744	15
5.	Himachal Pradesh	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	4
6.	Karnataka	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	25	7
7.	Kerala	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	1
8.	Madhya Pradesh	464	125	30	228	152	1	1000	390	51
9.	Maharashtra	761	1	12	171	3	52	1000	411	41
10.	Meghalaya	969	31	-	-	-	-	1000	32	17
11.	Orissa	887	26	37	47	2	1	1000	164	38
12.	Rajasthan	811	-	27	145	17	-	1000	160	29
13.	Sikkim	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	5
14.	Tamil Nadu	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	3
15.	Tripura	477	141	35	347	-	-	1000	24	20
16.	Uttar Pradesh	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	6
17.	West Bengal	327	44	16	453	46	114	1000	160	40
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	1
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	3
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	1
21.	Lakshadweep	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	
22.	Mizoram	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	1
23.	All-India	530	33	29	126	30	252	1000	2723	393

Note : Estimates are based on data collected through schedule 29.2

\* Per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-out of land was less than

TABLE (23.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASED-OUT BY TYPE OF LESSEE FOR NON-TRIBALS  
OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	per thousand distribution of area leased-out by type of lessee									estd. area leased-out (00 ha.)	no. of sample hhs.
		tribal council	tribal chief	tribal hh. of same village	tribal hh. of other village	non-tri- bal hh.	others	n. r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	417	7	480	91	5	1000	1773	54	
2.	Assam	-	-	67	-	671	262	-	1000	64	11	
3.	Bihar	-	-	18	-	666	11	305	1000	978	50	
4.	Gujarat	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*188	5
5.	Himachel Pradesh	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*16	3
6.	Karnataka	9	-	-	-	573	416	2	1000	2627	38	
7.	Kerala	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	35	3
8.	Madhya Pradesh	-	2	47	-	725	226	-	1000	105	39	
9.	Maharashtra	-	-	-	11	612	156	221	1000	1599	45	
10.	Meghalaya	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	1
11.	Orissa	-	-	51	-	755	194	-	1000	674	43	
12.	Rajasthan	7	-	122	68	785	18	-	1000	1337	43	
13.	Sikkim	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1
14.	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	115	853	17	14	1000	555	25	
15.	Tripura	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	5
16.	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	-	593	407	-	1000	138	13	
17.	West Bengal	-	-	479	57	464	-	-	1000	0	23	
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11	1
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	6
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0
21.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	908	92	-	1000	0	10	
22.	Mizoram	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0
23.	All-India	3	0	102	19	642	177	58	1000	11429	419	

TABLE (24) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND PER THOUSAND REPORT HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF LESSOR FOR TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	no. of tribal hhs. leasing-in land per 1000 tribal hhs.	no. of tribal hhs. leasing-in by type of lessor per 1000 reporting hhs.						number of reporting leasing-in	
			own tribe of the same village	own tribe of other village	other tribe	non-tribals	others	n.r.*	estd. (co)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	Andhra Pradesh	120	260	22	50	213	470	3	668	86
2	Assam	97	580	191	154	113	93	-	337	58
3	Bihar	95	511	56	72	222	151	-	932	99
4	Gujarat	26	562	-	-	24	345	69	299	21
5	Himachal Pradesh	27	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	6
6	Karnataka	43	143	-	54	77	726	-	35	11
7	Kerala	36	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	6
8	Madhya Pradesh	65	349	36	15	138	464	6	1453	159
9	Maharashtra	52	577	50	28	163	201	6	551	61
10	Meghalaya	103	681	107	135	-	77	-	214	50
11	Orissa	195	240	37	56	100	585	8	1923	207
12	Rajasthan	74	394	47	7	374	184	4	544	75
13	Sikkim	36	148	374	72	145	260	-	6	13
14	Tamil Nadu	48	795	-	-	182	22	-	43	10
15	Tripura	223	156	10	5	3	817	9	185	75
16	Uttar Pradesh	48	*	*	*	*	*	*	13	6
17	West Bengal	211	159	27	13	277	567	9	1392	182
18	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	58	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	7
19	Arunachal Pradesh	33	*	*	*	*	*	*	27	8
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	27	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	3
21	Laksha Dweep	72	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	8
22	Mizoram	143	12	-	-	-	925	63	93	70
23	All India	93	344	44	40	170	420	9	8760	1226

\* Per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-in of land was less than 10.

Note : Estimates are based on data collected through schedule 29.2.

TABLE (24.1) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LEASING-IN OF LAND PER THOUSAND REPORTING HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF LESSOR FOR NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

state/u.t.	no. of non-tribal hhs. leasing in land per 1000 non-tribal hhs.	no. of non-tribal hhs. leasing in by type of lessor per 1000 reporting hhs.								no. of hhs. reporting leasing-in	
		tribal council	tribal chief.	tribal hhs. of the sample village.	tribal hh. of other village.	non-tribal hhs.	others	n.r.	estd. (00)	sample	
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
Andhra Pradesh	199	-	-	46	28	753	204	-	5813	166	
Assam	228	23	-	64	2	566	320	24	1311	77	
Bihar	126	7	-	158	5	635	180	19	1786	101	
Gujarat	16	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	126	9
Himachal Pradesh	75	-	-	8	-	703	290	69	152	22	
Karnataka	84	19	-	-	-	604	345	31	1764	65	
Kerala	92	-	-	-	-	345	655	-	617	34	
Madhya Pradesh	103	5	12	69	9	444	442	29	2283	155	
Maharashtra	79	7	-	84	76	600	215	17	1846	73	
Meghalaya	540	65	15	369	75	261	215	-	90	33	
Orissa	205	35	-	68	20	579	334	-	3099	165	
Rajasthan	157	15	8	72	23	549	359	-	2367	86	
Sikkim	99	12	69	186	251	460	35	-	39	31	
Tamil Nadu	134	2	-	18	2	822	156	-	2426	85	
Tripura	217	-	-	221	33	309	440	30	157	51	
Uttar Pradesh	183	-	-	8	48	677	267	-	772	36	
West Bengal	114	1	-	56	16	646	284	-	2276	133	
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	293	-	-	-	-	118	883	-	10	17	
Arunachal Pradesh	56	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	4
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	32	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	9
Laksha Dweep	411	-	-	189	-	-	811	-	2	23	
Mizoram	193	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	4
All India	131	10	2	53	20	630	285	926944	1379		

\* Per thousand distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting leasing-in of land was less than 10.

TABLE (25) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASED-IN BY TYPE OF LESSOR FOR TRIBAL OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u. t.	per thousand distribution of area leased-in by type of lessor							estd. area leased-in (00 ha.)	no. of sample hhs.
		own tribe of same vill.	own tribe of other vill.	other tribe	non- tribals)-	others	n. r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.	A. P.	279	101	54	190	376	-	1000	368	86
2.	Assam	411	135	260	92	102	-	1000	252	58
3.	Bihar	667	23	54	253	3	-	1000	451	99
4.	Gujarat	357	-	-	8	620	15	1000	354	21
5.	H. P.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	6
6.	Karnataka	666	-	-	-	334	-	1000	6	11
7.	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6
8.	M. P.	361	33	17	139	443	7	1000	1488	159
9.	Maharashtra	682	53	44	85	136	-	1000	657	61
10.	Méghalaya	695	158	141	-	6	-	1000	84	50
11.	Orissa	111	16	40	118	715	-	1000	986	207
12.	Rajasthan	174	24	33	747	19	3	1000	517	75
13.	Sikkim	206	510	82	51	151	-	1000	2	13
14.	Tamil Nadu	832	-	-	167	1	-	1000	13	10
15.	Tripura	79	3	1	7	908	2	1000	109	75
16.	U. P.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	6
17.	W. B.	104	69	27	542	240	13	1000	367	182
18.	A & N. Island	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	7
19.	Arunachal P.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	0
20.	D. N. H.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	3
21.	Lakshadweep	*	*	*	*	*	*	**	0	0
22.	Mizoram	6	-	-	-	937	57	1000	75	70
23.	All-India	341	42	41	205	365	6	1000	5743	1226

Note : Estimates are based on data collected through schedule 29.2

\* Per thousand distribution not given as sample hhs. was less than 10

TABLE (25.1) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AREA LEASED IN BY TYPE OF LESSOR FOR NON-TRIBALS  
OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	per thousand distribution of area leased-in by type of lessor								estd. area leased in (00 ha.)	no. of sample hhs.
		tribal council	tribal chief	tribal hh. of same village	tribal hh. of other village	non-tribal hh.	others	n. r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1. A. P.	-	-	30	23	685	262	-	1000	2627	166	
2. Assam	24	-	70	7	623	223	53	1000	586	77	
3. Bihar	2	-	281	5	548	160	4	1000	722	101	
4. Gujarat	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	328	9
5. H. P.	-	-	0	-	421	526	53	1000	82	22	
6. Karnataka	9	-	-	-	686	305	0	1000	1911	65	
7. Kerala	-	-	-	-	413	587	-	1000	19	34	
8. M. P.	30	5	48	5	582	327	4	1000	2439	155	
9. Maharashtra	-	-	63	41	672	216	8	1000	1619	73	
10. Meghalaya	9	12	227	182	492	78	-	1000	25	33	
11. Orissa	6	-	.52	33	771	138	-	1000	1708	86	
12. Rajasthan	20	6	88	21	835	30	-	1000	28	31	
13. Sikkim	7	14	152	284	528	15	-	1000	552	85	
14. Tamil Nadu	-	-	13	0	960	27	-	1000	52	51	
15. Tripura	-	-	385	12	334	265	4	1000	408	36	
16. U. P.	-	-	7	74	746	173	-	1000	846	133	
17. W. B.	2	-	48	35	731	184	-	1000	1	17	
18. A & N. Island	-	-	-	-	783	217	-	1000	9	4	
19. Arunachal P.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	9	
20. D. N. H.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	23	
21. Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	1000	0	4	
22. Mizoram	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	
23. All-India	11	2	56	19	678	230	4	1000	15008	1379	

\*Per thousand distribution not given as sample hhs. was less than 10.

TABLE (26) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY HOUSEHOLD ASSET HOLDING GROUP FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	holding group (Rs.000)									RURAL	
			up to 1.5	1.5- 7.5	7.5-15	15-30	30-75	75- 150	150- 750	750 & above	all groups	est. (00)	sample (00)
			(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	103	288	254	189	138	21	6	-	1000	5553	713
		NT	114	294	159	157	189	88	-	-	1000	29246	862
2	Assam	T	0	85	126	287	374	104	23	-	1000	3461	365
		NT	35	127	151	205	398	84	-	-	1000	5760	341
3	Bihar	T	27	148	161	227	295	118	25	-	1000	9775	1064
		NT	70	262	171	197	197	104	-	-	1000	14149	874
4	Gujarat	T	4	187	317	251	151	59	31	-	1000	11511	850
		NT	28	131	112	238	277	214	-	-	1000	7816	440
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	9	22	87	195	358	215	114	-	1000	345	177
		NT	19	24	97	164	375	321	-	-	1000	2035	249
6	Karnataka	T	327	157	186	154	153	13	9	-	1000	812	146
		NT	46	162	143	225	288	134	-	-	1000	20918	672
7	Kerala	T	47	216	60	113	218	148	197	-	1000	374	167
		NT	71	112	146	216	292	163	-	-	1000	6715	352
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	153	178	177	246	202	39	6	-	1000	22206	2086
		NT	62	203	161	212	250	112	-	-	1000	22211	1415

TABLE (26) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY HOUSEHOLD ASSET HOLDING GROUP FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	holding group (Rs.000)									RURAL		
			up to 1.5	1.5- 7.5	7.5-15	15-30	30-75	75- 150	150- 750	750 & above	all groups	no. of hhs.		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	est. sample (00)	(13)	(14)
(1)	(2)	(3)												
9	Maharashtra	T	123	273	184	165	203	42	11	-	1000	9493	1164	
		NT	51	170	150	211	293	125	-	-	1000	23447	965	
10	Meghalaya	T	17	85	229	370	240	53	6	-	1000	2070	494	
		NT	220	318	203	129	130	-	-	-	1000	166	64	
11	Orissa	T	85	297	251	203	132	29	4	-	1000	9887	1027	
		NT	72	263	195	185	220	65	-	-	1000	15110	755	
12	Rajasthan	T	27	56	149	277	294	137	59	1	1000	7345	809	
		NT	48	82	153	203	366	148	-	-	1000	15046	642	
13	Sikkim	T	56	85	87	163	160	354	94	-	1000	152	293	
		NT	62	102	112	90	223	332	-	-	1000	391	308	
14	Tamil Nadu	T	216	227	187	121	193	19	36	-	1000	901	153	
		NT	102	291	169	174	188	75	-	-	1000	18048	540	
5	Tripura	T	134	267	235	192	133	38	1	-	1000	826	333	
		NT	104	263	221	201	131	80	-	-	1000	727	191	
6	Uttar Pradesh	T	28	4	17	22	202	412	295	21	1000	266	140	
		NT	38	106	112	251	315	177	-	-	1000	4223	207	

TABLE (26) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY HOUSEHOLD ASSET HOLDING GROUP FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	holding group (Rs.000)										RURAL		
			up to 1.5	1.5- 7.5	7.5-15	15-30	30-75	75- 150	150- 750	750 & above	all groups	est. (00)	sample (00)		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)		
17	West Bengal	T	157	257	213	215	121	35	2	-	1000	6607	790	A 1 43	
		NT	46	300	160	174	225	95	-	-	1000	19954	727		
18	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	20	33	-	28	210	334	335	39	1000	21	106		
		NT	389	509	53	3	0	46	-	-	1000	33	59		
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	34	99	147	287	251	136	46	-	1000	827	387		
		NT	116	414	205	96	121	49	-	-	1000	125	112		
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	12	43	196	443	266	34	7	-	1000	170	143		
		NT	104	363	63	84	258	129	-	-	1000	38	76		
21	Laksha Dweep	T	8	53	46	50	216	209	404	12	1000	35	96		
		NT	386	214	75	82	145	99	-	-	1000	4	55		
22	Mizoram	T	22	248	257	288	152	14	15	4	1000	647	528		
		NT	-	464	274	203	59	-	-	-	1000	4	36		
23	All-India	T	-	87	194	205	231	203	61	19	0	1000	93946	12306	
		NT	67	214	157	196	253	114	-	-	1000	206183	9949		

Note :Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (27) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUE OF ASSETS BY HOUSEHOLD ASSET HOLDING GROUP  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	household asset holding (Rs.000)									estd. value of assets (Rs. 000 000)	no. of sample house- holds
			up to 1.5	1.5- 7.5	7.5- 15	15- 30	30- 75	75- 150	150- 750	750 & above	all groups		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	3	73	152	227	361	120	63	-	1000	9565	713
		NT	55	253	95	108	273	216	-	-	1000	128223	862
2.	Assam	T	0	11	35	155	420	247	132	-	1000	14133	365
		NT	1	13	51	267	442	227	-	-	1000	24387	341
3.	Bihar	T	1	16	44	126	346	292	175	-	1000	38855	1064
		NT	4	64	88	183	458	203	-	-	1000	79391	874
4.	Gujarat	T	0	31	107	169	220	184	290	-	1000	35624	850
		NT	0	53	52	205	273	416	-	-	1000	46844	440
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	0	1	14	61	234	295	396	-	1000	2607	177
		NT	0	1	17	173	420	388	-	-	1000	23693	249
6.	Karnataka	T	7	39	118	209	434	85	109	-	1000	1123	146
		NT	31	48	133	143	325	320	-	-	1000	111587	672
7.	Kerala	T	0	11	8	28	150	193	610	-	1000	3052	167
		NT	46	73	184	148	289	260	-	-	1000	73820	352
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	2	35	87	232	402	178	65	-	1000	50139	2086
		NT	91	129	79	149	297	255	-	-	1000	127474	1415

TABLE (27) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUE OF ASSETS BY HOUSEHOLD ASSET HOLDING GROUP  
 (contd.) FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	household group	household asset holding (Rs. 000)						estd. value of assets (Rs. 000 000)	no. of sample house- holds			
			up to 1.5	1.5- 7.5	7.5- 15	15- 30	30- 75	75- 150	150- 750	750 & above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
9.	Maharashtra	T NT	2 12	51 94	87 76	157 190	416 363	181 265	106 -	-	1000 1000	21252 138461	1164 965
10.	Meghalaya	T NT	1 16	13 119	91 163	284 222	382 479	173 -	57 -	-	1000 1000	5929 203	494 64
11.	Orissa	T NT	4 19	70 51	153 129	239 179	328 380	169 242	36 -	-	1000 1000	17475 42139	1027 755
12.	Rajasthan	T NT	0 17	5 23	33 76	118 121	266 453	266 311	286 -	25	1000 1000	37926 93052	809 642
13.	Sikkim	T NT	0 1	6 11	14 65	45 31	106 219	556 673	273 -	-	1000 1000	1075 2406	293 308
14.	Tamil Nadu	T NT	4 71	35 80	88 137	98 209	370 290	83 214	322 -	-	1000 1000	2148 64425	153 540
15.	Tripura	T NT	4 3	65 101	147 93	232 172	333 290	205 341	15 -	-	1000 1000	1416 1795	333 191
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T NT	0 44	0 15	1 51	3 142	78 330	330 418	471 -	117 -	1000 1000	3842 21230	140 207

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TABLE (27) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUE OF ASSETS BY HOUSEHOLD ASSET HOLDING GROUP  
(contd.) FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL													
srl.	state/ u.t.	household group	household asset holding (Rs. 000)									estd. value of assets (Rs. 000 000)	no. of sample house- holds
(1)	(2)	(3)	up to 1.5	1.5- 7.5	7.5- 15	15- 30	30- 75	75- 150	150- 750	750 & above	all groups	(13)	(14)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
17.	West Bengal	T	3	58	126	250	310	187	66	-	1000	12035	790
		NT	13	130	102	125	346	285	-	-	1000	71448	727
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	0	0	-	3	65	183	577	170	1000	383	106
		NT	17	514	41	12	1	415	-	-	1000	49	59
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	0	9	33	118	239	259	343	-	1000	4224	387
		NT	6	84	125	106	250	428	-	-	1000	225	112
20.	Dadra and Nager Haveli	T	0	7	81	312	399	114	88	-	1000	466	143
		NT	1	63	79	34	569	254	-	-	1000	218	76
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	0	2	4	8	69	156	698	64	1000	498	96
		NT	5	24	136	46	403	386	-	-	1000	11	55
22.	Mizoram	T	1	43	100	219	249	49	220	120	1000	1773	528
		NT	-	187	224	384	206	-	-	-	1000	5	36
23.	All India	T	1	30	78	173	326	213	173	6	1000	267467	12306
		NT	35	95	97	157	343	273	-	-	1000	1051139	9949

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (28) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING ASSET HOLDING PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY ITEM-GROUPS  
OF ASSETS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	item-groups of assets										no. of hhs.	
			house- hold site	other land	trees	live- stock & poultry	build- ings	agricul- tural imple- ments	non- farm busi- ness equip- ments	trans- port equip- ments	house- hold durab- les	any asset	estd. (00)	RURAL
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	888	656	234	684	900	760	77	163	967	982	5553	713
		NT	818	563	137	568	871	649	122	330	994	998	29246	862
2	Assam	T	961	824	912	940	972	797	160	508	982	993	3461	365
		NT	893	746	702	901	925	697	228	537	981	1000	5760	341
3	Bihar	T	943	907	719	885	980	876	217	336	997	997	9775	1064
		NT	917	688	379	704	902	670	132	343	980	1000	14149	874
4	Gujarat	T	992	501	422	765	993	759	12	194	1000	1000	11511	850
		NT	875	566	453	604	890	560	103	481	993	1000	7816	440
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	976	958	633	876	976	855	20	15	1000	1000	345	177
		NT	947	885	735	837	949	863	41	87	993	996	2035	249
6	Karnataka	T	614	380	216	430	632	462	31	22	898	898	812	146
		NT	785	665	296	614	905	675	100	240	987	995	20918	672
7	Kerala	T	937	834	601	616	966	877	49	8	931	1000	374	167
		NT	873	865	716	547	892	694	101	69	969	998	6715	352
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	922	686	491	741	855	719	51	298	984	996	22206	2086
		NT	902	892	432	740	935	670	107	505	989	1000	22211	1415

TABLE (28) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING ASSET HOLDING PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY ITEM-GROUPS  
OF ASSETS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

ser. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	item-groups of assets										RURAL	
			house- hold	other land	trees	live- stock	build- ings & poultry	agri- cultu- ral im- plements	non- farm busi- ness	trans- port equip- ments	house- hold equip- ments	any asset	estd. (00)	sample
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
9	Maharashtra	T	819	500	312	628	863	642	40	208	967	968	9493	1164
		NT	893	657	436	631	907	704	113	455	998	1000	23447	965
10	Meghalaya	T	946	906	605	933	953	829	-	58	1000	1000	2070	494
		NT	490	421	206	518	640	275	-	130	1000	1000	166	64
11	Orissa	T	893	803	471	772	967	817	75	304	984	997	9887	1027
		NT	881	725	404	652	928	659	99	494	991	996	15110	755
12	Rajasthan	T	970	920	682	849	968	910	51	300	994	996	7345	809
		NT	860	757	538	734	859	720	131	411	996	996	15046	642
13	Sikkim	T	347	820	555	773	861	713	-	3	1000	1000	152	293
		NT	706	664	492	751	755	663	2	15	997	1000	391	308
14	Tamil Nadu	T	568	518	475	607	832	636	29	11	927	940	901	153
		NT	794	504	263	488	871	724	128	342	957	1000	18048	540
15	Tripura	T	882	714	623	623	966	391	20	133	902	995	826	333
		NT	803	824	461	632	887	424	26	206	999	1000	727	191
16	Uttar Pradesh	T	970	943	806	937	970	950	53	462	1000	1000	266	140
		NT	941	861	407	850	970	873	136	462	897	1000	4223	207

TABLE (28) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING ASSET HOLDING PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY ITEM-GROUPS  
OF ASSETS SEPARATELY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t. no.	house- hold group	item-groups of assets										RURAL	
			house- hold site	other land	trees	live- stock & poultry	build- ings & culti- poultry	agri- cultu- ral im- plements	non- farm busi- ness equip- ments	trans- port equip- ments	house- hold dura- bles	any asset	estd. (00)	sample
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
17	West Bengal	T	717	592	480	775	849	659	73	301	985	1000	6607	790
		NT	910	653	489	753	945	587	84	480	992	1000	19954	727
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	919	929	937	904	888	635	8	715	990	990	21	106
		NT	77	75	76	511	75	109	-	328	893	893	33	59
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	858	851	421	880	823	770	85	89	808	972	827	387
		NT	626	293	15	541	531	339	114	174	933	994	125	112
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	885	811	763	767	905	816	-	242	918	927	170	143
		NT	500	397	366	316	492	391	29	459	1000	1000	38	76
21	Laksha Dweep	T	857	853	814	431	886	414	16	698	905	1000	35	96
		NT	194	208	185	46	194	30	31	319	958	958	4	55
22	Mizoram	T	962	704	419	942	874	550	24	17	934	999	647	528
		NT	429	393	334	379	468	451	95	79	1000	1000	4	36
23	All-India	T	903	702	502	769	914	756	70	261	981	992	93946	12306
		NT	861	661	389	656	903	673	114	390	986	998	206181	9949

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (29) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUE OF ASSETS BY ITEM-GROUPS OF ASSETS FOR TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	item-groups of assets									estd. value of assets (Rs. 000000)	SECTOR	RURAL no. of hhs.	
			house site	other land	trees	livestock & poultry	buildings	agricultural implements	non-farm business equipments	transport equipments	household durables				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	59	664	8	66	149	15	2	11	27	1000	9565	5553	713	1
	NT	59	642	2	29	220	7	3	10	28	1000	128223	29246	862	2
2. Assam	T	120	473	44	106	198	7	0	12	39	1000	14133	3461	365	3
	NT	132	512	23	60	208	6	2	11	46	1000	24387	5760	341	4
3. Bihar	T	49	728	24	67	106	6	1	7	14	1000	38855	9775	1064	5
	NT	271	484	19	43	133	10	1	20	20	1000	79391	14149	874	6
4. Gujarat	T	92	440	42	78	263	20	2	17	45	1000	35624	11511	850	7
	NT	82	384	16	65	323	16	3	24	87	1000	46844	7816	410	8
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	31	487	42	78	307	7	0	2	46	1000	2607	345	177	9
	NT	31	536	33	44	294	11	0	17	32	1000	23693	2035	249	10
6. Karnataka	T	91	377	24	40	405	11	0	1	51	1000	1123	812	146	11
	NT	55	499	16	38	261	17	2	69	42	1000	111587	20916	672	12
7. Kerala	T	21	760	115	9	81	3	0	0	11	1000	3052	374	167	13
	NT	33	647	77	6	187	3	2	2	43	1000	73820	6715	352	14
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	41	563	48	114	176	12	0	14	31	1000	50139	22206	2086	15
	NT	60	601	20	61	184	15	3	20	36	1000	127474	22211	1415	16

TABLE (29) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUE OF ASSETS BY ITEM-GROUPS OF ASSETS FOR TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	item-groups of assets										sector	rural no. of khs.	sample
			house site	other land	trees	livestock & poultry	buildings	agricultural implements	non-farm busi- ness equipments	transport equipments	household du- tables	total	estd. value of assets (Rs. 000000)	estd. (%)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
9. Maharashtra	T	69	567	33	84	187	13	1	14	31	1000	21252	9493	1164	1054
	NT	62	627	33	38	174	13	2	10	33	1000	138461	23447	965	965
10. Meghalaya	T	72	402	95	87	261	7	-	15	61	1000	5929	2070	494	494
	NT	122	324	30	140	174	7	1	50	152	1000	203	166	64	64
11. Orissa	T	45	627	29	91	170	6	1	11	22	1000	17475	9887	1027	1027
	NT	74	577	16	48	224	6	5	16	35	1000	42139	15110	755	755
12. Rajasthan	T	31	612	13	81	180	30	1	9	42	1000	37926	7345	809	809
	NT	55	527	13	65	210	25	2	16	87	1000	93052	15046	642	642
13. Sikkim	T	108	553	38	61	193	3	1	1	44	1000	1075	152	293	293
	NT	96	578	30	58	181	3	0	2	52	1000	2406	391	308	308
14. Tamil Nadu	T	45	517	42	74	222	7	1	1	91	1000	2148	901	153	153
	NT	89	535	16	30	246	10	4	10	61	1000	64425	18048	540	540
15. Tripura	T	118	482	78	73	192	8	0	6	44	1000	1416	826	333	333
	NT	157	444	27	73	163	22	0	9	104	1000	1795	727	191	191
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	31	613	11	43	233	23	0	25	20	1000	3842	266	140	140
	NT	62	600	22	60	206	16	2	10	22	1000	21230	4223	207	207

TABLE (29) ; PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUE OF ASSETS BY ITEM-GROUPS OF ASSETS FOR TRIBAL AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	item-groups of assets									estd. value of assets(Rs. 000000)	SECTOR estd. (00)	RURAL no. of hhs. sample	
			house site	other land	trees	Livestock & poultry	buildings	agricultural implements	non-farm business equipments	transport equipments	household durables				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
17. West Bengal	T	169	504	24	79	179	0	0	12	25	1000	12035	6607	790	1
	NT	113	505	17	48	243	11	13	15	36	1000	71448	19954	727	2
18. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	25	235	611	28	48	0	0	31	16	1000	383	21	106	1
	NT	54	537	161	37	66	1	-	9	134	1000	49	33	59	2
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T	28	259	133	158	323	19	0	14	65	1000	4224	827	367	1
	NT	63	136	9	55	257	4	2	6	450	1000	225	125	112	2
20. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	79	290	115	66	391	9	-	15	36	1000	466	170	143	1
	NT	61	268	63	39	365	7	0	94	101	1000	218	38	76	2
21. Laksha Dweep	T	33	455	274	1	178	0	0	9	49	1000	498	35	96	1
	NT	47	393	74	1	324	0	1	13	147	1000	11	4	55	2
22. Mizoram	T	126	85	46	133	317	21	0	1	272	1000	1773	647	528	1
	NT	106	20	89	44	279	18	2	5	438	1000	5	4	36	2
23. All India	T	63	564	38	87	187	14	1	12	36	1000	267467	93946	12306	1
	NT	82	561	22	43	213	12	3	21	43	1000	1051139	206183	9949	2

Note : Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

TABLE (30) : NUMBER OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY OWNED PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNERSHIP OF DIFFERENT SPECIES OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS FOR TRIBAL & NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group												SECTOR					
		cattle		buffalo		other large head		wine		pigs		any live- stock			poul- try			any live- stock and/or poultry	no. of hhs. reporting
		N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	P	N	P	P	estd. (00)	sample (19)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	2131	461	178	119	136	41	179	39	182	43	557	1492	351	684	3798	418		
	NT	849	313	671	277	125	35	334	26	16	13	490	955	249	568	16606	500		
2. Assam	T	5137	793	51	26	216	81	31	14	1800	476	891	7586	812	940	3254	342		
	NT	3290	744	54	21	152	54	320	97	433	107	805	4377	582	901	5222	297		
3. Bihar	T	2697	745	179	86	207	63	995	282	285	133	817	3913	592	885	8647	917		
	NT	1658	552	3813	108	754	85	417	137	937	16	649	5080	202	704	9989	669		
4. Gujarat	T	1023	416	399	254	204	75	346	135	15	2	619	2361	370	765	8811	643		
	NT	1137	403	973	380	256	78	157	44	-	-	570	682	101	604	4723	292		
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	2500	718	605	231	247	104	9010	604	60	4	869	114	50	876	303	149		
	NT	2780	681	843	414	237	105	3006	486	6	2	837	263	109	837	1702	181		
6. Karnataka	T	369	226	179	99	75	40	169	49	45	19	289	1262	358	430	349	85		
	NT	1189	433	417	238	582	82	332	55	28	12	554	893	193	614	12848	420		
7. Kerala	T	572	339	125	72	73	27	1	0	4	4	376	2399	488	616	230	87		
	NT	607	311	28	20	74	39	43	15	31	21	365	1661	388	547	3671	190		
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	2853	655	375	121	167	64	532	160	89	41	702	1889	388	741	16461	1649		
	NT	2953	654	400	178	125	52	375	92	28	5	711	785	136	740	16448	1092		

TABLE (30) : NUMBER OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY OWNED PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNERSHIP OF DIFFERENT SPECIES OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS FOR TRIBAL & NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	stat / u.t.	house- hold group	SECTOR												RURAL			
			cattle		buffalo		other large head		ox/pig		pigs		any live- stock		poul- try		any live- stock and/or poultry	no. of hhs. reporting
			N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	estd. sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
9. Maharashtra	T	1464	459	162	97	148	63	609	51	53	18	542	1494	325	628	5963	673	
	NT	1665	463	206	112	149	61	512	37	24	3	534	713	155	631	14784	597	
10. Meghalaya	T	230	449	4	2	28	8	62	23	1584	559	748	10150	888	933	1932	451	
	NT	1954	258	-	-	6	6	213	37	15	15	301	3386	467	518	86	30	
11. Orissa	T	2160	577	311	88	363	97	591	26	223	76	656	2830	525	772	7634	754	
	NT	1865	519	130	55	384	68	389	90	13	5	594	959	221	652	9896	509	
12. Rajasthan	T	2158	722	886	393	173	103	2355	16	4	1	837	909	164	819	6233	664	
	NT	1815	527	865	353	250	119	2152	56	1	0	730	184	32	734	11042	512	
13. Sikkim	T	2380	581	3	1	46	12	14	8	722	425	697	5576	642	773	118	239	
	NT	1920	595	-	-	476	95	19	3	233	144	671	4665	650	751	294	234	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	2508	441	117	50	267	44	102	80	160	118	524	1448	383	607	546	58	
	NT	976	320	251	134	255	40	165	21	47	24	453	822	127	488	8816	253	
15. Tripura	T	860	238	4	4	64	11	271	67	4261	307	466	8673	459	623	515	210	
	NT	2572	400	10	5	19	7	395	117	-	-	457	2822	320	632	459	120	
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	3744	879	676	417	757	247	3865	259	240	81	903	1708	384	937	249	124	
	NT	1831	626	529	324	480	241	573	240	-	1	843	181	33	850	3590	154	

TABLE (30) : NUMBER OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY OWNED PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING OWNERSHIP OF DIFFERENT SPECIES OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS FOR TRIBAL & NON-TRIBAL HOUSEHOLDS OF TRIBAL AREAS

rl. no.	stat/ u.t.	house- hold group	SECTOR												RURAL									
			cattle				buffalo				other large head				sheep		pigs		any live- stock		poul- try		any live- stock and/or poultry	no. of hhs. reporting ownership of livestock/ poultry
			N		P		N		P		N		P		N		P		N		P	estd. (00)	sam- ple	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)						
17. West Bengal	T	1529	534	106	39	192	63	401	130	591	250	679	2896	519	775	5118	619							
	NT	1842	533	84	42	261	79	427	134	23	13	651	2876	400	753	15016	552							
18. Andaman & Nico- bar Islands	T	805	253	-	-	45	10	986	214	8017	614	804	12586	210	904	19	93							
	NT	426	169	141	54	-	-	217	98	-	-	286	2143	444	511	17	25							
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T	4956	560	40	23	938	239	1279	74	2988	726	854	17978	751	880	728	339							
	NT	3212	309	-	-	90	43	86	68	325	160	391	3752	454	541	67	42							
20. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	1830	638	66	35	14	14	172	50	-	-	688	2738	545	767	130	116							
	NT	1313	310	225	91	-	-	86	6	-	-	312	881	158	316	12	21							
21. Laksha Dweep	T	208	116	-	-	406	180	31	16	-	-	304	1330	285	431	15	43							
	NT	53	7	-	-	101	34	101	34	-	-	40	58	40	46	0	3							
22. Mizoram	T	373	180	40	14	39	13	18	2	1108	691	759	13748	863	942	609	499							
	NT	64	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	119	98	98	3041	357	379	1	18							
23. All India	T	2327	576	304	135	219	70	741	163	403	103	685	3167	441	769	72268	9428							
	NT	1789	476	420	175	280	70	508	99	51	13	598	1366	207	656	135305	6715							

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

(2) T & NT stand for tribal and non-tribal respectively.

TABLE (314) : NUMBER OF INDEBTED HOUSEHOLDS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS AND AVERAGE AMOUNT OF DEBT PER HOUSEHOLD FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

state/u.t.	household group	no. of indebted hhs. per 1000 hhs.			average amount of dues in (Rs.)			no. of sample hhs. reporting loans in		
		in cash	in kind	in cash or kind	cash	kind	total	cash	kind	cash or kind
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Andhra Pradesh	T	386	25	401	1181	38	1281	271	21	283
	NT	429	40	447	5159	119	5278	360	33	375
Assam	T	51	28	78	716	25	741	17	7	24
	NT	30	10	41	193	5	199	15	4	19
Bihar	T	62	108	162	114	171	285	76	121	188
	NT	147	85	215	459	141	601	120	56	167
Gujarat	T	63	45	107	511	248	759	65	41	105
	NT	71	29	100	365	51	416	30	15	44
Himachal Pradesh	T	85	1	86	279	1	280	17	1	18
	NT	190	95	259	2252	189	2442	41	20	54
Karnataka	T	135	22	156	1211	48	1260	42	8	49
	NT	263	44	290	2002	152	2154	172	29	190
Kerala	T	349	16	365	855	47	902	52	2	54
	NT	340	19	344	3046	27	3072	120	4	121
Madhya Pradesh	T	119	82	186	238	142	381	267	199	433
	NT	161	89	225	541	401	942	208	139	311

TABLE (31) Contd. : NUMBER OF INDEBTED HOUSEHOLDS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS AND AVERAGE AMOUNT OF DEBT  
PER HOUSEHOLD FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

Srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	no. of indebted hhs. per 1000 hhs.			average amount of dues in (Rs.)			no. of sample hhs. reporti ng loans in			RURAL
			in cash	in kind	in cash or kind	cash	kind	total	cash	kind	cash or ki	
			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
9.	Maharashtra	T	135	105	210	289	159	448	166	120	255	
		NT	265	134	332	1534	380	1914	239	117	297	
0.	Meghalaya	T	4	-	4	12	-	12	2	-	2	
		NT	18	13	18	61	16	77	3	1	3	
1.	Orissa	T	146	84	212	183	122	305	166	100	244	
		NT	266	76	301	843	170	1258	177	73	221	
2.	Rajasthan	T	315	197	422	2286	587	2874	259	153	345	
		NT	366	159	411	2539	541	3080	221	89	253	
3.	Sikkim	T	1	-	1	10	-	10	1	0	1	
		NT	3	-	3	2	-	2	1	0	1	
	Tamil Nadu	T	419	24	430	1024	5	1030	42	12	50	
		NT	417	48	442	2168	71	2239	217	25	230	
	Tripura	T	76	69	141	487	599	1086	32	29	59	
		NT	80	40	117	236	37	274	19	15	33	
	Uttar Pradesh	T	389	93	450	1468	187	1656	59	8	64	
		NT	122	57	167	210	57	267	32	15	42	

TABLE (31) Contd. : NUMBER OF INDEBTED HOUSEHOLDS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS AND AVERAGE AMOUNT OF DEBT PER HOUSEHOLD FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

state/u.t.	household group	no. of indebted hhs. per 1000 hhs.			average amount of dues yr (Rs. 0.00)			no. of sample hhs. reporting dues in			RURAL
		in cash	in kind	in cash or kind	cash	kind	total	cash	kind	cash or kind	
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
West Bengal	T	139	79	205	110	23	133	121	85	191	
	NT	228	55	264	458	47	505	150	48	184	
Andaman & Nicobar Is.	T	19	142	161	106	245	351	2	12	14	
	NT	104	113	192	320	76	397	4	4	7	
Arunachal Pradesh	T	18	5	23	138	3	141	8	1	9	
	NT	2	27	29	1	15	16	1	2	3	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	116	4	120	78	1	79	17	1	18	
	NT	94	2	96	495	18	513	11	1	12	
Lakshadweep	T	8	35	44	11	62	73	1	3	4	
	NT	85	46	85	1117	451	1567	3	1	3	
All-India	T	139	81	202	510	168	678	1686	924	2411	
	NT	269	72	308	1844	197	2042	2144	691	2570	

Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported any "Dues".

TABLE (32) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY CREDIT AGENCIES FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS IN TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	c r e d i t a g e n c y												RURAL no. of house- holds repor- ting loans		
			g o v e r n m e n t	c o o p e r a t i v e s o c i e t y	c o m m e r c i a l b a n k	a n y i n s t i t u- t i o n a l a g e n c y	l a n d l o r d	t r i b a l	n o n - t r i b a l	t r a d e r	r e l a t i v e s & f r i e n d s	o t h e r s	a n y n o n - i n- s t i t u t i o n a l	n.r.	a n y a g e n c y	e s t d . ( 0 0 )	s a m p l e
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	10	28	79	111	28	93	156	26	18	14	315	-	401	2263	283	1
	NT	14	45	87	141	37	12	242	36	39	30	369	2	447	13085	375	V
2. Assam	T	12	4	6	22	7	1	1	4	25	21	57	-	78	271	24	19
	NT	4	8	2	14	-	-	-	3	13	15	31	-	41	233	19	89
3. Bihar	T	60	19	54	130	2	11	5	4	9	4	34	-	162	1591	188	1
	NT	52	27	48	120	24	6	30	37	25	3	106	0	215	3089	167	V
4. Gujarat	T	7	9	20	37	8	15	4	41	4	-	71	-	107	1261	105	1
	NT	10	17	30	57	16	-	0	18	9	-	43	-	100	781	44	V
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	8	4	24	35	26	4	12	1	12	-	55	-	86	30	18	1
	NT	28	20	63	111	18	3	34	69	65	6	168	-	259	526	54	V
6. Karnataka	T	32	9	69	109	19	1	8	3	14	2	46	-	156	126	49	1
	NT	25	83	89	187	32	-	26	19	38	22	126	1	290	6063	190	V
7. Kerala	T	48	71	120	233	-	13	-	94	25	15	143	-	365	136	54	1
	NT	36	160	118	274	4	-	22	26	68	16	115	3	344	2309	121	V
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	15	39	59	110	7	14	27	15	12	7	81	0	186	4122	433	1
	NT	12	63	86	159	6	2	18	25	12	12	74	-	225	4995	311	V

TABLE (32) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY CREDIT AGENCIES FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	credit agency												RURAL			no. of house-holds report-ing loans
			government	co-operative society	comercial bank	any institu-tional agency	landlord	tribal	non-tribal	trader	relatives & friends	others	any non-institutional	n.r.	any agency	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
9. Maharashtra	T	15	68	31	110	11	5	11	60	35	4	119	3	210	1997	255	651 V -	
	NT	11	140	91	229	13	2	17	85	61	11	153	-	332	7773	297		
10. Meghalaya	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	3	
11. Orissa	T	21	54	74	142	16	4	15	21	11	17	76	1	212	2102	245		
	NT	21	86	117	214	6	3	42	30	32	10	113	2	301	4545	221		
12. Rajasthan	T	34	84	84	186	9	81	85	177	26	15	311	2	422	3112	345		
	NT	46	57	69	162	28	37	116	116	52	49	297	1	411	6188	253		
13. Sikkim	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	1	
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	42	21	86	148	39	178	44	25	12	3	282	1	430	388	50		
	NT	8	77	69	145	28	6	238	42	67	15	358	2	442	7975	230		
15. Tripura	T	24	4	28	55	5	-	3	66	8	3	84	3	141	120	59		
	NT	36	-	19	55	-	-	-	35	32	-	67	-	117	85	33		
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	51	60	149	238	55	6	-	163	19	31	258	-	450	126	64		
	NT	20	29	19	68	6	-	15	19	45	33	108	-	167	705	42		

TABLE (32) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY CREDIT AGENCIES FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	T R I B A L						N O N - T R I B A L						R U R A L		
			govern-	co-operative	comerical	any institu-	landlord	tribal	non-tribal	trader	relatives &	others	any non-in-	n.r.	any agency	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
17.	West Bengal	T	11	27	47	84	14	4	16	61	29	20	127	-	205	1354	191
		NT	9	63	56	117	15	1	32	60	53	20	160	0	264	5273	184
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	34	122	5	161	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	161	3	14
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	7
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	9
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	3
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	46	1	1	46	16	1	1	1	66	1	82	1	120	20	18
		NT	56	6	1	62	2	1	1	2	71	1	75	1	96	4	12
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	4
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	3
22.	All India	T	20	36	51	103	10	21	28	39	16	9	111	1	202	19052	2412
		NT	19	70	76	156	20	6	80	45	41	18	185	1	308	63593	2570

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

(2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no household reported "Loans".

TABLE (33) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS BY CREDIT AGENCIES  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	credit agency												RURAL			
			government	co-operative society	commercial bank	all institutional agency	landlord	tribal	non-tribal	trader	relatives friends	others	all non-institutional	n.n.	total	estd. value of loans (\$. <sup>000)</sup>	estd. (130)	no. of hhs. reporting loans
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	13	51	173	239	25	170	486	33	22	25	761	-	1000	676528	2263	283	1
	NT	9	55	118	182	366	6	333	36	35	40	816	1	1000	10727985	13085	375	7
2. Assam	T	115	11	322	948	2	1	-	0	19	30	52	-	1000	256333	271	24	1
	NT	385	184	14	583	-	-	-	7	378	32	417	-	1000	114535	233	19	191
3. Bihar	T	365	89	441	894	1	39	7	15	42	2	106	-	1000	279226	1591	188	1
	NT	178	82	392	652	16	5	211	33	38	45	348	0	1000	949895	3039	167	1
4. Gujarat	T	26	27	851	904	6	26	4	52	7	-	95	-	1000	873656	1261	105	1
	NT	19	289	467	775	48	-	1	86	91	-	225	-	1000	325455	781	44	1
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	29	49	501	579	273	16	60	4	69	-	421	-	1000	9660	30	18	1
	NT	26	22	491	549	56	3	201	45	133	13	451	-	1000	496811	526	54	1
6. Karnataka	T	74	6	856	937	14	-	5	8	43	0	63	-	1000	102306	126	49	1
	NT	113	291	371	775	61	-	61	15	43	42	222	4	1000	4505200	6063	190	1
7. Kerala	T	118	268	525	912	-	17	-	21	25	26	88	-	1000	33729	136	54	1
	NT	131	317	289	737	1	-	37	92	104	17	250	13	1000	2063113	2309	121	1
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	95	215	314	623	26	47	136	35	103	28	375	2	1000	845866	4122	433	1
	NT	43	310	440	793	21	2	47	44	48	44	207	1	1000	2073746	4995	311	1

TABLE (33) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS BY CREDIT AGENCIES  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t. <sup>1</sup>	household group	credit agency												RURAL			
			government	co-operative society	commercial bank	all institutional agency	landlord	tribal	non-tribal	trader	relatives friends	others	all non-institutional	n.r.	total	estd. value of loans (Rs.000)	estd. no. of hhs. reporting loans	sample size
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
9. Maharashtra	T	87	316	254	657	57	30	52	82	105	15	342	1	1000	424928	1997	255	
	NT	21	384	333	738	53	3	41	41	104	22	262	1	1000	4439098	7773	297	
10. Meghalaya	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	3
11. Orissa	T	94	147	455	696	207	2	23	11	13	47	303	1	1000	301612	2102	245	
	NT	27	142	486	657	6	10	153	68	73	31	343	1	1000	1530918	4545	221	
12. Rajasthan	T	25	51	143	219	8	190	290	244	29	17	778	4	1000	2110900	3112	345	
	NT	144	57	209	410	79	62	214	112	32	91	589	0	1000	4591972	6188	253	
13. Sikkim	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	62	1	1	
14. Tamil Nadu	T	266	34	420	720	27	223	15	11	2	1	280	—	1000	92766	388	50	
	NT	21	163	172	356	56	0	420	13	144	11	644	0	1000	4040460	7975	230	
15. Tripura	T	183	1	94	278	35	—	282	397	4	1	719	3	1000	89709	120	59	
	NT	510	—	310	820	—	—	—	142	38	—	180	—	1000	19905	85	33	
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	140	95	317	552	125	5	—	228	27	64	448	—	1000	44061	126	64	
	NT	163	80	302	550	59	—	65	40	166	120	450	—	1000	112785	705	42	

TABLE (33) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS BY CREDIT AGENCIES  
FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	credit agency												RURAL			
			government	co-operative society	commercial bank	all institutional agency	landlord	tribal	non-tribal	trader	relatives friends	others	all non-institutional	n.e.	estd. value of loans (Rs.000)	no. of hhs. reporting loans	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
17.	West Bengal	T	154	135	325	615	33	49	42	127	90	44	385	-	1000	87665	1354	191
		NT	56	255	328	639	14	0	85	76	132	53	361	0	1000	1008328	5273	194
18.	Andaman & Ni- cobar Islands	T	\$27	459	14	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	746	3	14
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1294	6	7
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11695	19	9
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	200	4	3
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	397	11	-	397	20	11	11	-	582	11	603	-	1000	1337	20	18
		NT	411	48	-	460	3	11	11	7	531	11	540	-	1000	1936	4	12
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	254	2	4
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	646	0	3
22.	All India	T	72	93	354	519	27	100	180	114	41	18	480	2	1000	6246809	19052	2412
		NT	58	177	255	490	139	10	202	48	69	40	508	1	1000	36955629	63593	2570

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

(2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans".

TABLE (34) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF SECURITY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	type of security								no. of households reporting loans	
			no secu- rity or guaran- tee by third party	secu- rity or pro- duce	crop/ forest	mortgage of immo- vable prop- erty	orna- ments	other types of secu- rity	n.r.	any	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	215	85	16	45	4	55	1	401	2263	283	
	NT	260	63	16	82	21	64	1	447	13085	375	
2. Assam	T	74	2	-	-	-	2	-	78	271	24	
	NT	39	-	-	-	-	1	-	41	233	19	
3. Bihar	T	99	6	1	41	1	17	1	162	1591	188	
	NT	148	25	2	21	0	19	5	215	3039	167	
4. Gujarat	T	64	17	10	15	-	1	-	107	1261	105	
	NT	58	5	0	31	1	5	-	100	781	44	
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	72	8	-	-	-	10	-	86	30	18	
	NT	198	15	-	6	-	25	21	259	526	54	
6. Karnataka	T	89	12	7	12	6	23	6	156	126	49	
	NT	145	30	38	72	4	34	2	290	6063	190	
7. Kerala	T	206	37	-	68	38	30	3	365	136	54	
	NT	133	68	2	149	64	40	3	344	2309	121	
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	116	20	5	29	3	16	4	186	4122	433	
	NT	120	26	1	62	7	13	1	225	4995	311	

TABLE (34) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF SECURITY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREA

RURAL

srl. no.	state; u.t.	house- hold group	type of security								no. of households reporting loans	
			no secu- rity or guaran- tee by third party	secu- rity or guaran- tee by third party	crop/ forest pro- duce	mortgage of immo- vable proper- ty	orna- ments	other types of secu- rity	n.r.	any	estd. (00)	sample *
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
9.	Maharashtra	T	125	26	16	45	-	12	2	210	1997	255
		NT	167	30	9	153	3	26	-	332	7773	297
10.	Meghalaya	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	8	2
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18	3	3
11.	Orissa	T	167	6	0	35	1	4	1	212	2102	245
		NT	187	8	-	79	13	30	3	301	4545	221
12.	Rajasthan	T	305	114	-	43	16	4	1	422	3112	345
		NT	340	53	2	43	3	14	2	411	6188	253
13.	Sikkim	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	0	1
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	1	1
14.	Tamil Nadu	T	264	51	-	77	31	26	2	436	388	59
		NT	275	34	10	58	52	91	5	442	7975	230
15.	Tripura	T	125	1	8	3	-	4	0	141	120	59
		NT	102	9	-	11	-	-	-	117	85	33
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T	272	40	-	77	43	23	5	450	126	64
		NT	137	-	-	25	20	20	-	167	705	42

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TABLE (34) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF SECURITY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	type of security									no. of households reporting loans	
			no secu- rity or guaran- tee by third party	secu- rity	crop/ forest produce	mort- gage of immo- vable proper- ty	orna- ments	other types of secu- rity	n.r.	any	estd. (00)	sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
17.	West Bengal	T	134	15	2	46	6	8	1	205	1354	191	
		NT	179	12	1	62	6	18	1	264	5273	184	
18.	Andaman & Nico- bar Island	T	132	12	17	-	-	-	-	161	3	14	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	7	
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	9	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	3	
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	94	21	-	13	-	-	*	120	20	18	
		NT	75	62	-	-	-	-	-	96	4	12	
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	4	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	3	
22.	All-India	T	131	27	5	32	3	12	2	202	19052	2412	
		NT	186	31	8	71	13	33	2	368	63593	2570	

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans".

TABLE (35) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS OUTSTANDING BY TYPE OF SECURITY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL

srl. no.	state/ u.t.	group hold group	no. secu. or gu- arantees by third party	no. cor- porate by third party	no. of immo- uble property	no. marks of se- curity	no. n.r. or se- curity	no. tot- tal	value of loans (Rs.000)	no. of hhs. (00)	no. of hhs. reporting loans	sample size	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	579	234	27	94	65	1	1000	676528	2263	283	
		NT	630	98	6	171	16	0	1000	10727985	13085	371	
2.	Assam	T	187	798	-	-	-	15	1000	256333	271	24	
		NT	992	-	-	-	-	8	1000	114535	233	19	
3.	Bihar	T	505	43	2	303	10	122	15	1000	278226	1591	188
		NT	593	146	7	80	64	98	13	1000	849895	3039	167
4.	Gujarat	T	80	383	2	564	-	21	1	1000	873656	1261	105
		NT	252	23	12	650	1	62	-	1000	873656	781	44
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	633	219	-	-	-	148	-	1000	9660	30	18
		NT	465	434	-	8	-	57	35	1000	496811	526	54
6.	Karnataka	T	179	5	14	27	11	763	0	1000	102306	126	49
		NT	339	128	71	393	10	58	2	1000	4505200	6063	190
7.	Kerala	T	335	87	-	387	98	83	10	1000	33729	136	54
		NT	182	93	5	381	109	97	133	1000	2063113	2309	221
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	545	145	21	155	13	99	23	1000	845866	4122	433
		NT	330	190	3	416	38	23	0	1000	2073746	4995	311

TABLE (35) CONTD. : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS OUTSTANDING BY TYPE OF SECURITY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS.

RURAL

Srl. no.	state/ u.t.	house- hold group	no secu- rity by third party	surty or gu- arantee by third party	type of security				n.r. of security	to- tal loans (Rs. 00)	estd. value of loans (Rs. 00)	no. of hhs. reporting loans estd. sample (00)		
					(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
9.	Maharashtra	T NT	362 263	171 101	63 20	323 525	- 10	79 80	1 -	1000 1000	424928 4489098	1997 7773	255 297	
10.	Meghalaya	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
11.	Orissa	T NT	642 561	30 20	1	900 323	1 21	23 72	5	1000 1000	301612 1530918	2102 4545	245 221	
12.	Rajasthan	T NT	749 595	125 70	4	89 214	9 2	23 111	6	1000 1000	2110900 4591972	3112 6188	345 253A	
13.	Sikkim	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	168
14.	Tamil Nadu	T NT	215 389	232 66	- 45	204 139	116 76	234 284	1	1000 1000	92766 4040460	388 7975	50 230	
15.	Tripura	T NT	967 632	1 128	18 -	7 241	- -	7 -	1	1000 1000	89709 19905	120 85	59 33	
16.	Uttar Pradesh	T NT	608 751	48 -	- -	234 43	71 183	36 23	3	1000 1000	44061 112785	126 705	64 42	

TABLE (35) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS OUTSTANDING BY TYPE OF SECURITY FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

RURAL										
srl.	state/ house- hold group	no secu- rity	surity or gu- arantee	crop for- est	mortgage of immo- vable property	orna- ments	other types of sec- urity	n.r.	to- tal	value of loans (Rs. 0/-)
									estd.	no. of hhs. reporting loans estd. sample (00)
17.	West Bengal	T NT	421 397	153 50	2 3	271 356	43 81	61 111	48 1	1000 1000
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T NT	926 *	49 *	25 *	- *	- *	- *	1000 *	87665 1008320
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	746 *
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T NT	635 540	126 460	- -	239 -	- -	- -	1000 1000	1337 1936
21.	Laksha Dweep	T NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20 4
22.	All-India	T NT	523 463	188 100	204 19	60 279	7 28	102 9	1000 1000	6246809 36955629

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10. Note : 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans"

3) T & NT stand for Tribal and Non-tribal respectively.

1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans"

3) T & NT stand for Tribal and Non-tribal respectively.

TABLE (36) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY PURPOSE OF LOAN FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl.	state/u.t. no.	house- group	purpose of loan												RURAL		no. of hhs. reporting loans
			capital expendi- ture in farm business	current expendi- ture in farm business	capital expendi- ture in non- farm business	current expendi- ture in non- farm business	productive purposes	marriage	social ceremonies	religious ceremonies	repayment of debt	other	non-productive purposes	n.r.	any purpose estd. (00)	sample size	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1	Andhra Pradesh	T	60	119	14	2	185	12	31	-	9	177	228	1	401	2263	283
		NT	81	102	27	11	205	45	16	9	12	225	293	1	447	13084	375
2	Assam	T	23	3	-	4	30	-	4	3	-	41	49	-	78	271	24
		NT	6	2	6	3	17	3	4	1	4	20	23	-	41	233	19
3	Bihar	T	99	26	18	4	143	1	5	-	5	12	23	1	162	1591	188
		NT	50	17	40	9	114	11	7	3	4	82	98	5	215	3039	167
4	Gujarat	T	15	14	7	4	38	4	2	5	3	58	71	-	107	1261	105
		NT	24	14	12	2	53	4	3	5	3	32	47	-	100	781	44
5	Himachal Pradesh	T	22	15	19	10	66	3	-	-	-	39	41	-	86	30	18
		NT	16	36	33	11	92	53	16	-	-	118	184	5	259	526	54
6	Karnataka	T	13	9	35	10	67	7	-	8	-	72	83	6	156	126	49
		NT	56	87	26	21	183	31	8	13	4	80	125	2	290	6063	190
7	Kerala	T	115	24	21	-	156	7	8	-	3	202	217	-	365	136	54
		NT	81	61	48	28	188	21	-	-	17	153	185	-	344	2309	121
8	Madhya Pradesh	T	61	37	18	8	121	20	10	3	1	36	70	2	186	4122	433
		NT	77	49	39	15	176	14	4	-	1	40	57	-	225	4995	311

TABLE (36) :- NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY PURPOSE OF LOAN FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	house- hold group	purpose of loan												no.of hhs reporting loans			
			capital expendi- ture in farm business	current expendi- ture in farm business	capital expendi- ture in non- farm business	current expendi- ture in non- farm business	productive purpose	marriage	social ceremonies	religious ceremonies	repayment of debt	other	non-productive purposes	n. r.	any purpose estd.(00)	sample		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
9		T	37	60	19	11	124	16	10	8	1	70	103	1	210	1997	255	
		NT	93	118	26	37	250	18	9	8	8	97	123	1	332	7773	297	
Meghalaya		T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	3
11		T	86	33	21	10	143	7	13	1	1	57	76	1	212	2102	245	
		NT	72	73	22	43	200	27	5	1	1	88	112	3	301	4545	221	
12		T	145	71	35	35	253	60	31	5	13	156	236	1	422	3112	345	
		NT	123	41	24	64	221	52	17	2	4	207	262	1	411	6188	253	
13		T	*	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	1	
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1	
Tamil Nadu		T	201	41	18	6	267	7	6	6	31	136	164	1	430	388	50	
		NT	97	84	42	16	214	57	26	6	18	184	274	2	442	7975	230	
15	Tripura	T	24	9	12	20	64	2	7	6	-	62	77	1	141	120	59	
		NT	31	18	11	29	83	23	-	-	-	14	36	1	117	85	33	
Uttar Pradesh		T	155	93	22	25	251	42	-	-	8	185	236	12	450	126	64	
		NT	42	52	2	5	101	9	7	-	-	50	67	-	167	705	42	

TABLE (36) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY PURPOSE OF LOAN FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

		RURAL																			
srl.	state/u.t.	household group	purpose of loan	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
17	West Bengal	T	capital - business	50	32	7	13	101	3	4	1	107	114	-	205	1354	191				
		NT	capital - ture in farm	41	40	27	30	132	18	12	2	9	118	149	-	264	5273	184			
18	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	T	capital - business	22	-	17	-	39	-	-	-	-	122	122	-	161	3	14			
		NT	capital - ture in non-farm	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	7		
19	Arunachal Pradesh	T	current expenditure	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	9		
		NT	current expenditure	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	3		
20	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	current expenditure	31	-	15	-	46	-	-	-	-	66	16	82	-	120	20	18		
		NT	current expenditure	2	3	46	-	52	9	-	2	2	73	85	-	96	4	12			
21	Laksha Dweep	T	current expenditure	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	4		
		NT	current expenditure	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	3			
22	All India	T	any purpose	62	39	16	9	120	14	10	3	3	66	93	1	202	19052	2412			
		NT	any purpose	71	67	29	24	117	28	11	5	7	119	159	1	308	63592	2570			

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

Note: 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.  
2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans".

TABLE (37) : (contd.) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS BY PURPOSE  
OF LOAN FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

sr.no.	state/u.t.	household group	purpose of loan												RURAL			
			capital expenditure in farm business	current expenditure in farm business	capital expenditure in non-farm business	current expenditure in non-farm business	productive purposes	marriage	social ceremonies	religious ceremonies	repayment debt	other	non-productive purposes	n.r.	estd. no. of hhs. reporting loans	estd. value of loans (Rs.000)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
1. Andhra Pradesh	T	163	258	48	3	482	47	60	-	12	399	518	-	1000	673528	2261	283	
	NT	209	142	42	3	396	346	9	14	13	223	605	-	1000	10727985	13085	375	
2. Assam	T	860	81	-	1	944	-	10	1	-	43	54	-	1000	256333	271	24	
	NT	399	5	11	7	123	355	1	-	101	120	577	-	1000	114535	233	19	
3. Bihar	T	631	107	172	8	919	1	11	-	14	40	67	15	1000	278226	1591	188	
	NT	353	114	239	30	736	24	75	2	3	151	255	8	1000	849895	3039	176	
4. Gujarat	T	252	80	22	297	651	3	3	12	4	327	349	-	1000	873656	1261	105	
	NT	422	272	93	2	789	30	19	24	3	134	211	-	1000	325455	781	44	
5. Himachal Pradesh	T	249	175	256	22	701	48	-	-	-	251	299	-	1000	9560	30	18	
	NT	45	32	460	25	562	214	16	-	-	186	416	22	1000	496811	526	54	
6. Karnataka	T	40	10	70	16	136	20	-	3	-	841	863	-	1000	102306	126	49	
	NT	352	233	87	31	703	72	7	12	11	193	291	1	1000	4505200	6063	190	
7. Kerala	T	440	58	139	-	645	41	9	-	8	297	355	-	1000	33729	136	54	
	NT	230	117	200	28	575	47	-	-	54	324	425	-	1000	2063113	2309	121	
8. Madhya Pradesh	T	333	253	86	69	741	128	16	7	1	101	253	6	1000	845866	4122	433	
	NT	512	213	128	32	885	50	5	-	1	58	115	-	1000	2073746	4995	311	

TABLE (37) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS BY PURPOSE OF  
LOAN FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	purpose of loan												RURAL no. of hhs. reporting loans	estd. value/ of loans (Rs.000)	estd. (00)	sample
			capital expen- iture in farm business	current expen- iture in farm business	capital expen- iture in non- farm business	current expen- iture in non- farm business	productive pu- rposes	marriage	social cere- monies	religious ceremonies	repayment of debt	other	non-producti- ve purposes	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
9. Maharashtra	T	330	251	128	26	735	88	31	21	-	125	265	-	1000	424928	1997	255	
	NT	317	364	39	48	768	35	22	12	36	126	232	-	1000	4489098	7773	297	
10. Meghalaya	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	3
11. Orissa	T	490	79	91	43	703	11	14	-	4	267	296	-	1000	301612	2102	245	
	NT	132	179	164	92	566	135	5	-	-	291	431	2	1000	1530918	4545	221	
12. Rajasthan	T	362	92	72	58	584	172	76	20	25	124	417	-	1000	2110900	3412	345	
	NT	270	46	83	164	563	148	41	1	3	243	437	-	1000	4591972	6188	253	
13. Sikkim	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	1
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1
14. Tamil Nadu	T	513	134	129	4	780	8	2	6	85	119	220	-	1000	92766	388	50	
	NT	228	164	127	43	561	133	33	6	23	244	439	-	1000	4040460	7975	230	
15. Tripura	T	90	309	48	360	807	1	3	4	-	185	193	-	1000	89709	120	59	
	NT	503	232	161	62	957	16	-	-	-	24	41	2	1000	19905	85	33	
16. Uttar Pradesh	T	367	121	42	36	566	119	-	-	47	253	419	15	1000	44061	126	64	
	NT	490	189	54	4	737	51	47	-	-	164	263	-	1000	112785	705	42	

TABLE (37) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS BY PURPOSE OF  
 LOAN FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS  
 (contd.)

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	purpose of loan												RURAL no. of hhs. reporting loans	estd. (00)	sample		
			capital expendi- ture in farm bu- siness	current expendi- ture in farm bu- siness	capital expendi- ture in non-farm business	current expendi- ture in non-farm business	productive pur- poses	marriage	social cere- monies	religious cere- monies	repayment of debt	other	n.p.	all					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
17. West Bengal	T	387	171	51	42	652	10	33	-	1	298	348	-	1000	87665	1354	191		
	NT	317	138	116	116	737	51	25	3	41	144	263	-	1000	1008328	5273	184	I	
18. Andaman & Nico- bar Islands	T	134	-	407	-	541	-	-	*	*	459	459	-	1000	746	3	14		
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	7	
19. Arunachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	9	
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	**	*	4	3	
20. Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	243	-	154	-	397	-	-	-	173	430	603	-	1000	1337	20	18		
	NT	23	143	237	-	403	36	-	35	3	523	597	-	1000	1936	4	12		
21. Laksha Dweep	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	4	
	NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	3	
22. All India	T	353	144	72	81	650	90	39	11	12	196	348	2	1000	6246809	19052	2412		
	NT	271	175	93	47	586	164	18	8	17	206	413	1	1000	3695569	63592	2570		

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

Note : (1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

(2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans".

TABLE (38) : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS OUTSTANDING PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS BY RATES OF INTEREST FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS AREAS

SECTOR : RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	rate of interest (% per annum)					no. of hhs. reporting loans		
			nil	less than 6	6-12	12-20	20 & above	any loan	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	tribal	46	13	29	65	281	401	2263	283
		non-tribal	84	30	39	106	280	447	13085	375
2.	Assam	tribal	39	9	9	8	14	78	271	24
		non-tribal	25	4	3	4	8	41	233	19
3.	Bihar	tribal	30	29	42	45	20	162	1591	186
		non-tribal	78	46	42	48	35	215	3039	167
4.	Gujarat	tribal	48	14	13	17	19	107	1261	105
		non-tribal	50	19	6	20	5	100	781	44
5.	Himachal Pradesh	tribal	18	46	11	16	-	86	30	18
		non-tribal	120	98	29	60	5	259	526	54
6.	Karnataka	tribal	41	69	46	9	7	156	126	49
		non-tribal	70	50	74	101	44	290	6063	190
7.	Kerala	tribal	188	18	100	67	13	365	136	54
		non-tribal	99	36	93	198	23	344	2309	121
8.	Madhya Pradesh	tribal	29	22	48	49	51	186	4122	433
		non-tribal	40	22	39	101	39	225	4995	311

TABLE (38) Contd. : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS OUTSTANDING PER THOUSAND HOUSEHOLDS  
BY RATES OF INTEREST FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBAL AREAS

SECTOR : RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	rate of interest (% per annum)						no. of households reporting loans	
			nil	less than 6	6-12	12-20	20 & above	any loan	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
9.	Maharashtra	tribal	94	19	30	83	22	210	1997	255
		non-tribal	131	43	28	186	38	332	7773	297
10.	Meghalaya	tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
		non-tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	3
11.	Orissa	tribal	40	19	60	73	37	212	2102	245
		non-tribal	80	63	69	119	42	301	4545	221
12.	Rajasthan	tribal	68	25	19	157	266	422	3112	345
		non-tribal	114	39	26	134	226	411	6188	253
13.	Sikkim	tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	1
		non-tribal	*	*	*	-*	*	*	1	1
14.	Tamil Nadu	tribal	77	64	35	72	216	430	388	50
		non-tribal	135	36	44	96	239	442	7975	230
15.	Tripura	tribal	85	17	13	13	17	141	120	59
		non-tribal	76	17	21	12	-	117	85	33
16.	Uttar Pradesh	tribal	98	141	54	115	113	450	126	64
		non-tribal	81	60	4	15	35	167	705	42

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

TABLE (38) Contd. : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS REPORTING LOANS OUTSTANDING PER THOUSAND AND HOUSEHOLDS BY RATES OF INTEREST FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBAL AREAS

SECTOR : RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	rate of interest (% per annum)						no. of households reporting loans	
			nil	less than 6	6-12	12-20	20 & above	any loan	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
17.	West Bengal	tribal	109	43	42	23	20	205	1354	191
		non-tribal	144	67	26	58	30	264	5273	184
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	tribal	122	7	32	-	-	161	3	14
		non-tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	7
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	9
		non-tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	tribal	107	15	6	-	-	120	20	18
		non-tribal	83	41	6	6	-	96	4	12
21.	Lakshadweep	tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	4
		non-tribal	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	3
22.	All-India	tribal	50	22	34	54	64	202	19052	2412
		non-tribal	92	41	40	102	100	308	63593	2570

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs. reporting loans was less than 10.

Note : i) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.

ii) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "loans".

TABLE (39) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS OUTSTANDING BY RATES OF INTEREST FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

SECTOR : RURAL

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	rate of interest (percentage per annum)						estd. value of loans Rs. ( <sup>0</sup> 00)	no. of hhs. reporting loans	
			all	less than 6	6-12	12-20	20 & above	all		estd. (00)	sample
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	T	42	1	84	117	757	1000	676528	2263	283
		NT	66	27	36	173	698	1000	10727985	13085	375
2.	Assam	T	30	800	123	21	27	1000	256333	271	24
		NT	408	6	17	385	184	1000	114535	233	19
3.	Bihar	T	123	154	243	414	57	1000	278226	1591	188
		NT	112	104	301	257	225	1000	849395	3039	167
4.	Gujarat	T	348	17	363	243	29	1000	873656	1261	105
		NT	209	99	62	458	171	1000	325455	781	44
5.	Himachal Pradesh	T	163	691	37	109	-	1000	9660	30	18
		NT	181	224	29	560	7	1000	496811	526	54
6.	Karnataka	T	58	843	76	6	15	1000	102308	126	49
		NT	72	50	230	527	122	1000	4505200	6063	190
7.	Kerala	T	208	22	419	334	17	1000	33729	136	54
		NT	215	69	206	472	38	1000	2063113	2309	121
8.	Madhya Pradesh	T	158	117	213	304	208	1000	845866	4122	433
		NT	110	83	116	597	89	1000	2073746	4995	311

TABLE (39) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS OUTSTANDING BY RATES OF INTEREST FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREAS

SECTOR : RURAL

sr. no.	state/u.t.	household group	rate of interest (percentage per annum)						estd. value of loans (Rs. 000)	no. of hhs. reporting loans	
			nil	less than 6	6-12	12-20	20 & above	all		estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
9. Maharashtra	T		232	27	160	489	92	1000	424928	1997	255
	NT		162	19	50	6079	91	1000	4489096	7773	297
10. Meghalaya	T		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	2
	NT		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	3
11. Odisha	T		86	31	252	405	225	1000	301612	2102	245
	NT		199	101	140	415	145	1000	1530918	4545	221
12. Rajasthan	T		47	21	17	244	672	1000	2110902	3112	345
	NT		101	10	85	368	437	1000	4591972	6188	253
13. Sikkim	T		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	1
	NT		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1
14. Tamil Nadu	T		81	240	126	316	237	1000	92766	388	50
	NT		198	15	105	257	426	1000	4040460	7975	230
15. Tripura	T		564	46	36	67	287	1000	89709	120	59
	NT		181	224	310	285	-	1000	19905	85	33
16. Uttar Pradesh	T		209	240	164	245	150	1000	44061	126	64
	NT		251	426	26	164	133	1000	112785	705	42

TABLE (39) : PER THOUSAND DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNT OF LOANS OUTSTANDING BY RATES OF  
INTEREST FOR TRIBALS AND NON-TRIBALS OF TRIBAL AREA

SECTOR : RURAL

srl. no.	state/u.t.	household group	rate of interest (percentage per annum)						estd. value of loans (₹ 000)	no. of hhs. reporting loans (00)	no. of hhs. sample (00)
			nil	less than 6	6-12	12-20	20 & above	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
17.	West Bengal	T	302	157	294	164	83	1000	87665	1354	191
		NT	255	128	98	393	127	1000	1008328	5273	184
18.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	T	459	175	366	-	-	1000	748	3	14
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	7
19.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	9
20.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	T	761	113	126	-	-	1000	1337	20	18
		NT	576	224	151	48	-	1000	1936	4	12
21.	Laksha Dweep	T	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2	4
		NT	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	3
22.	All India	T	136	93	144	256	371	1000	6246809	19052	2412
		NT	124	43	101	378	354	1000	36955629	63593	2570

\* Distribution is not given as sample hhs.  
reporting loans was less than 10.

- Note :- 1) Estimates for tribals and non-tribals are based on data collected through schedules 29.2 and 29.3 respectively.
- 2) Estimates for Mizoram state is not given as no households reported "Loans".

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APPENDIX-II

LIST OF DISTRICTS IN WHICH TRIBAL AREAS WERE FORMED

State/U.T.	districts in which type 1 strata(i.e. tribal areas) have been formed
Andhra Pradesh	Vizianagaram, Vishakhapatnam, E.Godavari, Nellore, Mehboobnagar, Adilabad, Warangal, Khammam, Nalgonda, Srikakulam, West Godavari, Krishna, Guntur, Prakasam, Rangareddy, Medak, Nizamabad and Karimnagar.
Assam	Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang, Lakhimpur, Dibrugarh, Karbi Anglong and North Cachar Hills.
Bihar	Bhagalpur, Singbhumi, Dhanbad, Giridih, Hazaribagh, Palamau, Ranchi, Gumla, Lohardanga, Dumka, Deoghar, Sahebganj, Godda, Paschim Champaran, Purnea, Katihar, Rohtas and Munger.
Gujarat	Banas Kantha, Sabar, Kantha, Panch Mahals, Vadodara, Bharuch, Surat, Valsad, The Dangs and Kachchh.
Himachal Pradesh	Chamba, Lahul and Spiti, Kinnaur, Bilaspur, Mandi, Kullu and Sirmaur.
Karnataka	Bellary, Bijapur, Chitradurga, Daskshin Kannad, Dharwad, Kolar, Mysore, Raichur, Tumku, Kodagu, Shimoga, Belgaum, Bidar and Gulbarga.
Kerala	Cannanore, Kasargod, Wayanad, Palghat, Idukki, Kottayam and Trivandrum.
Madhya Pradesh	Siddhi, Jhabua, Dhar, W. Nimar, Betul, Shahdol, Mandla, Chhindwara, Seoni, Surguja, Bilaspur, Raigarh, Durg, Raipur, Bastar, Raj Nandgaon, Sagar, Damoh, Sehore, Raisen, Ratlam, Dewas, Jabalpur, Balaghat, East Nimar and Hoshangabad.
Maharashtra	Thane, Nasik, Dhule, Jalgaon, Amaravati, Yavatmal, Nagpur, Bhandara, Chandrapur, Raigarh, Ahmednagar, Nanded, Wardha, Pune, Aurangabad and Parbhani.
Manipur	Manipur North, Manipur East, Manipur West, Manipur South and Tengnoupal.
Orissa	Sambalpur, Sundargarh, Keonjhar, Mayurbhanj, Kalahandi, Koraput, Baleswar, Cuttack, Ganjam, Phulbani, Dhenkanal and Bolangir.
Rajasthan	Sawai Madhopur, Jaipur, Tonk, Udaipur, Chittaurgarh, Dungarpur, Banswara, Sirohi, Bundi, Kota, Jhalawar, Pali, Barmer, Jalore, Alwar, Bharatpur and Bhilwara.
Tamil Nadu	Chengalpattu, North Arcot, South Arcot, Dharmapuri, Salem, Tiruchirapalli, Periyar, Coimbatore and Nilgiri.
Tripura	North Tripura, South Tripura and West Tripura

Contd.....

APPENDIX II

LIST OF DISTRICTS IN WHICH TRIBAL AREAS WERE FORMED

State/U.T.	Districts in which type 1 strata (i.e. tribal area have been formed
15. Uttar Pradesh	Chamoli, Dehra Dun, Pithoragarh, Nainital, Kheri, Bahraich and Gonda.
16. West Bengal	Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling, West Dinajpur, Malda, Medinipur, Bankura, Purulia, Barddhaman, Birbhum, Twenty Four Parganas (North) and Hugli.
17. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Nicobar

In case of some districts with high proportion of tribal population, the whole district was taken as one stratum viz. stratum type 1.