## **HIGHLIGHTS**

### 5. Availability

### 5.1 Availability of coal and lignite

The total availability of raw coal in India during 2009-10 stood at 586.07 MTs and that of lignite at 33.96 MTs (Table 5.1). The availability of coal in the year 2009-10 increased by 6.6% compared to 2008-09, the availability of lignite also increased by 6.6% during the same period. The availability of coal has increased at a CAGR of about 5.4% during the period from 1970-71 to 2009-10. This increased availability might be attributed to the secular increase in the coal production (72.95MTs during 1970-71 to 532.06 MTs during 2009-10) supplemented by imports.(Table 5.2).

The availability of lignite during 2009-10 increased by 6.6% compared to 2008-09(Table 5.3). The availability of lignite has increased at a CAGR of about 3.17% during the period from 1998-99 to 2009-10.

#### 5.2 Availability of Natural Gas

The availability of natural gas has steadily increased from a mere 0.65 BCMs during 1970-71 to 46.49 BCMs during 2009-10, registering a CAGR of 11.3%. Most of this increase in the indigenous production is due to discovery of new reserves. (Table 5.1)

# 5.3 Availability of Electricity

Since thermal electricity is not a primary source of energy, being produced either from coal or natural gas in India, electricity availability is considered only for that electricity which is generated from Hydro and Nuclear sources. Without taking into account the transmission and distribution losses, the total availability is equal to the total generation, and this figure increased from 27,666 GWh during 1970-71 to 1,42,576 GWh during 2008-09 and then decreased to 1,25,316 GWh during 2009-10, registering a CAGR of 3.9% over the period (Table 5.1).

# 5.4 Availability of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products

The availability crude oil in the country increased from 18.51MTs during 1970-71 to 106.52 MTs during 2000-01 and then to 192.95 MTs during 2009-10(Table 5.4). During this period crude oil production increased from 6.82MTs to 33.69 MTs and the net import increased from 11.68 MTs to 159.26 MTs. There was 16% increase in availability of crude oil during 2009-10 over 2008-09

Table 5.1 :Trends in Availability of Primary Sources of Conventional Energy in India

Year	Coal	Lignite	Crude Petroleum	Natural Gas	Electricity	
	(Million Tonnes)	(Million Tonnes)	(Million Tonnes)	(Billion Cubic Metres)	Hydro & Nuclear (GWh)*	
1	2		3	4	5	
1970-71	71.24	-	18.51	0.65	27,666	
1975-76	92.17	-	22.07	1.12	35,928	
1980-81	109.32	-	26.76	1.52	49,543	
1985-86	155.54	-	44.78	4.95	56,003	
1990-91	214.99	-	53.72	12.77	77,782	
1995-96	284.04	-	62.51	20.93	80,561	
2000-01	325.45	24.59	106.52	27.86	91,264	
2005-06	432.27	30.24	131.60	31.33	1,18,818	
2006-07	462.35	30.81	145.49	30.79	1,32,304	
2007-08	502.82	34.65	155.79	31.48	1,37,344	
2008-09	549.57	31.85	166.28	31.77	1,42,576	
2009-10(p)	586.07	33.96	192.95	46.49	1,25,316	
Growth rate of 2009-10 over 2008-09(%)	6.64	6.64	16.04	46.32	-12.11	
CAGR 1970-71 to 2009-10(%)	5.41	-	6.04	11.28	3.85	

(p) - Provisional

GWh = Giga Watt hour = 10<sup>6</sup> x Kilo Watt hour

Sources: 1. Office of Coal Controller, Ministry of Coal

- Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas.
- 3. Central Electricity Authority.

<sup>\*</sup> Thermal electricity is not a primary source of energy

Table 5.2 : Trends in Availability of Raw Coal for Consumption in India

( Million tonnes)

			1		1	( Million tonnes)
Year	Production	Changes in	Change in	Imports	Exports	Availability for
	(Coking + Non-	Stock at	Industrial			Consumption
	coking)	Pit-heads	Stock			
	<u>.</u>	(Closing -				
		Opening)				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7=2-3+4+5-6
1970-71	72.95	2.48	1.24	0.00	0.47	71.24
1975-76	99.63	4.28	-2.74	0.00	0.44	92.17
1980-81	113.91	4.25	-0.78	0.55	0.11	109.32
1985-86	154.30	-1.25	-1.83	2.03	0.21	155.54
1990-91	214.06	4.83	0.96	4.90	0.10	214.99
1995-96	273.42	-1.85	-	8.87	0.09	284.04
2000-01	313.70	7.89	-	20.93	1.29	325.45
2005-06	407.01	10.28	-	36.87	1.33	432.27
2006-07	430.83	10.01	-	43.08	1.55	462.35
2007-08	457.08	34.65	-	49.79	1.63	502.82
2008-09	492.76	0.54	-	59.00	1.66	549.57
2009-10(p)	532.06	16.80	-	73.26	2.45	586.07
Growth rate of						
2009-10 over 2008-09(%)	7.98	3023.42	-	24.16	48.04	6.64

Note: Figures in brackets are in negative. Source: Office of the Coal Controller, Ministry of Coal

Table 5.3: Trends in Availability of Lignite for Consumption in India

( Million tonnes)

						( Million tonnes)
Year	Production	Changes in	Change in	Imports	Exports	Availability for
		Stock at	Industrial			Consumption
		Pit-heads	Stock			
		(Closing -				
		Opening)				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7=2-3+4+5-6
1998-99	23.42	0.14	-	-	-	23.28
1999-00	22.48	0.44	-	-	-	22.03
2000-01	24.25	-0.34	-	-	-	24.59
2001-02	24.81	0.00	-	-	-	24.81
2002-03	26.02	-0.01	-	-	-	26.03
2003-04	27.96	-0.52	-	-	-	28.48
2004-05	30.41	0.32	-	-	-	30.09
2005-06	30.23	-0.01	-	-	-	30.24
2006-07	31.29	0.48	-	-	-	30.81
2007-08	33.98	-0.67	-	-	-	34.65
2008-09	32.42	0.57	-	-	-	31.85
2009-10(p)	34.07	0.11	-	-	-	33.96
Growth rate of 2009-10 over 2008-09(%)	5.09	-80.70	-	-	-	6.64
CAGR 1998-99 to 2009-10(%)	3.17	-2.22	-	-	-	3.20

Source : Office of the Coal Controller, Ministry of Coal

Table 5.4 : Trends in Availability of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products in India

(Million tonnes)

Year		Crude Oil		Petroleum Products			
	Production	Net Imports	Gross	Production	Net Imports	Gross	
			Availability	@		Availability	
1	2	3	4=2+3	5	6	7=5+6	
1970-71	6.82	11.68	18.51	17.11	0.75	17.86	
1975-76	8.45	13.62	22.07	20.83	2.05	22.88	
1980-81	10.51	16.25	26.76	24.12	7.25	31.38	
1985-86	30.17	14.62	44.78	39.88	1.90	41.78	
1990-91	33.02	20.70	53.72	48.56	6.01	54.57	
1995-96	35.17	27.34	62.51	55.08	16.90	71.98	
2000-01	32.43	74.10	106.52	95.61	0.90	96.52	
2005-06	32.19	99.41	131.60	119.75	-10.02	109.73	
2006-07	33.99	111.50	145.49	135.26	-15.96	119.30	
2007-08	34.12	121.67	155.79	144.93	-18.32	126.61	
2008-09	33.51	132.78	166.28	150.52	-18.25	132.27	
2009-10(p)	33.69	159.26	192.95	149.65	-36.31	113.34	
Growth rate of							
2009-10 over	0.55	19.95	16.04	-0.57	-99.02	-14.31	
2008-09(%)							

.@ Excludes LPG Production from Natural Gas Source: Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas.